

# Bench and bar of northern Ohio

William B. Neff





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BENCH AND BAR  
OF  
NORTHERN OHIO  
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HISTORY AND BIOGRAPHY

**Illustrated with Half-Tone Engravings**

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## A WORD IN ADVANCE

HERE is perennial interest in stories of the achievements of jurists and members of the Bar. This is true because both are engaged in the transaction of matters that are more or less of a public nature. One can not read the history of the various constitutional conventions without coming upon stories of the members of the Bench and Bar. No other profession has contributed so many of its members to offices of trust and honor in state and nation as has the Bar. Lawyers have written some of the most brilliant pages of our country's history. They are peculiarly qualified by education and experience for public service, and it is but natural that politics should have an attraction and appeal for members of the profession.

A history of the Bench and Bar of Northern Ohio is closely interwoven with the history of the development of that half of our glorious commonwealth. The pioneer lawyer and the pioneer judge were busy in the difficult task of establishing a system of jurisprudence, while the pioneer laymen were clearing the forests, tilling the soil and laying foundations for the erection of the structure of business. The lawyer's task was just as difficult and just as necessary as that of the pioneer, and it might well be argued that the task of establishing a system of jurisprudence was the more important, for the law is the cornerstone on which is reared the structure of civilization.

Without law and order men can not congregate and live in villages and cities, and so it was that while the great Northwest Territory—of which our state was a part—was still a primeval country, with savages making up the majority of population—an all-wise body in Washington, provided the great Ordinance of 1787, for the government of the territory embracing the present middle west. The ordinance was one of the forerunners to the rapid settlement of the country to the west of the Alleghenies. Up to the passage of that measure, it had been the tendency to discourage immigration to the west and to encourage the whites to live along the eastern coast, where they were more accessible. Under the ordinance a simple but effective system of jurisprudence was established, and the people of the East feeling the security it granted, and further prompted by the advantages to be gained by taking up residence in a new country, flocked across the Alleghenies into Ohio. The establishment of a system of laws for the new territory alone exerted a great influence toward populating it. That first organic law of the new territory to the west of Pennsylvania was written by a Congress, in which members of the legal profession held commanding positions.

The present day lawyer can not imagine the struggles that the pioneer lawyer endured. He frequently was before courts that were

without law books, and the early day lawyer was indeed fortunate if he had a library. The lawyer of those days was a circuit rider. The population was not sufficient to keep the member of the Bar engaged throughout the year in a single court, and so he rode about from court to court with the judges. He carried his briefs in his saddle bags and was careful to purchase a saddle horse that could swim streams, for there were no bridges.

The judges of the state supreme court, in the early days of the state, went about from county to county holding court—a task that required a prodigious amount of travel and broke into the home life of the jurists. The annual compensation in those days for a jurist of the Ohio supreme court was but \$800.

There were no specialists in the law. Every member of the Bar was a general practitioner, and woe be to the man who entered the court room without full possession of his wits, and without a clear knowledge of the law. The jurists allowed more latitude to the lawyer and he used the limit of the court's patience to expose slowness of thought or lack of knowledge of law by the counsel across the trial table. The lawyer developed an individuality and he was known far and wide on account of it.

There are many other facts that could be set forth in a summary of a history of this sort, but the reader is kindly referred to the more detailed account that follows. In the task of chronicling the development of the Bench and Bar of Northern Ohio, the editor acknowledges with appreciation, contributions from the pens of Hon. John M. Killits, Judge of the District Court of the United States, Northern District of Ohio; Ben W. Johnson, Esq., of the Toledo Bar; James H. Robertson, Esq., of the Stark county Bar; A. V. Abernethy, Esq., of the Cleveland Bar; Joseph B. Doyle, Esq., of the Jefferson county Bar; and those others whose co-operation has been of great value.

THE EDITOR.

# THE BENCH AND BAR

BY HON. WILLIAM B. NEFF

LAWS are rules of action. Courts are instrumentalities charged with the function of enforcing laws. Lawyers are officers of the courts, and aid the courts in the enforcement of laws. Laws prescribe and regulate rights, and redress wrongs. Rights are divided into two classes: rights to property, and personal rights. The genesis of property rights is this: take two savages, in a state of nature; one kills game, and brings it home, eats part of it, and secretes the rest; the other steals it. The other one brings home what he kills, secretes it, and is, in turn, robbed by his neighbor. After repeated experiences of this kind, they both come to the conclusion that the only way for them to reap the highest rewards of their labors is for each to respect the property rights of the other. This, in the last analysis, is undoubtedly the origin of the right of property.

Personal rights owe their origin to a like course of evolution and experience. Primitive men could enjoy no personal security, until they were brought to a realization that they owed their own personal safety to a general recognition of the right to personal security. This law gradually enlarged until it embraced communities and states.

These simple laws, thus evolved from human experience, are at once the origin, the inspiration and the life of civilization. No society, polity, state or nation can long endure which does not write into its organic law, recognition and enforcement of these primal elements of social organization. As Fisher Ames, in his great speech on the Jay Treaty, says: "If all who have suffered death for the crime of murder, were brought to resurrection, placed upon an island, and bidden to form the structure of a state, which should endure for a single generation, they would be impelled, by the very nature of things, to prescribe the sanctions for murder, for the violation of which they had, themselves, forfeited their lives."

Primitive men settled their differences by force. The strong were forever in the right, the weak, forever in the wrong.

"Truth forever on the scaffold,  
Wrong forever on the throne."

Civilized communities substitute courts as arbiters, for appeals to force. It is true that all disputes are not settled by arbitrations of courts, but the fact that courts exist, where differences *may* be tried out, restrains men, in a thousand ways, from transgressions against their neighbors. The courts serve as a sort of balance wheel, to regulate, to restrain, and to prescribe the activities of men.

Men, in general, fail to realize that, in the last analysis, they hold their property, and their very lives, by dint of the fact that they can appeal to the courts for the protection of both. The courts are the only



shield which protects the individual from the aggressions of the state, the only shield which protects the minority from the aggressions of the majority. It has been suggested that there should be a recall of judicial decisions. This would inevitably bring ruin to the state. Suppose this rule were applied to the game of baseball. Suppose that the crowd could recall, or revise, a "rotten" decision of an umpire. This popular game could not possibly survive a single season, under such a system. How, then, could a civil polity survive, under a dispensation that would spell ruin to a mere game? Courts are as old as civilization, as necessary as justice. Lawyers are as necessary as courts.

"Can a lawyer be honest?" I have often been asked. I have usually countered by asking, "Can a lawyer be dishonest?" In other walks of life, and notably in many of the so-called learned professions, men may achieve noteworthy success, without a high degree of personal integrity, but at the bar, it is absolutely impossible for a dishonest lawyer to attain the highest success.

"Can a lawyer espouse a cause he knows to be wrong?" I practiced law for a goodly number of years, and never, once, so far as I can now recall, encountered such a situation, or such a question. A client comes into your office, states his case, brings his neighbors, who confirm his statements; you believe what your client and his witnesses say, and become convinced of the justice of his cause, and it is very rare that a conviction is ever forced upon you, that your client is in the wrong.

This question of casuistry is seldom more than merely academic, for the practicing lawyer seldom meets it, in the actual course of his business.

An old doctor once put this question to me, and I answered him, substantially, as I have answered here. I then put this question to him: "Doctor, you say you have practiced medicine for forty years." He answered that he had. "You know more, now, about diseases and remedies than you knew when you began to practice, do you not?" "Oh, undoubtedly, sir." "Well, then, can you not recall cases where you were required to act in critical junctures, and sudden emergencies, and adopted courses of treatment which resulted fatally to your patients—courses of treatment which maturer experience demonstrated to be wrong?" "Oh, yes." "Well," I said, "what does your conscience do about such cases?" "Oh," he says, "I don't allow myself to think about them!"

I believe that there is a finer spirit of fraternity, or chivalry, among lawyers, than among any other class of professional men, and I attribute this to the fact that lawyers fight out their differences, in the open forum of the courts. Feelings of jealousy, or bitterness, or asperity, thus find a vent, and do not lurk, and fester, and corrode, as they would do, were they not afforded ready means of open expression. I remember that, before coming to Cleveland to practice my profession, I went to Toledo to ascertain if that might be an eligible place to locate, and I was surprised at the unanimity with which lawyers there said, "Yes, come here, for you cannot possibly find a better place than right here!" I doubt whether members of any other profession would have responded so generously and so disinterestedly to such a suggestion.

There is another fact, connected with the practice of the law, that is unique. Preachers reach a dead line, at forty, and seldom grow,

after attaining that age. Lawyers will continue to develop and improve up to seventy, and beyond. Some years ago, when Chief Justice Fuller, Justices Harlan, Brewer and Field, were on the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States, I read that the average age of the members of that court was seventy-four! This, I think, is due to two primary facts: first, because no two cases are ever just alike; second, the fellow on the other side of the trial table is a lynx-eyed nemesis, and remorselessly exposes your shortcomings and thus keeps you alert, vigilant and cautious, to the last degree. The minister may proclaim any doctrine, however fallacious, and escape challenge, but the trial lawyer knows that no blunder of *his* can hope to escape a merciless castigation, then and there, and in open court.

Edmund Burke says that the study of the law will do more to render the mind acute than all other kinds of learning, but he adds that it cannot be said to enlarge and liberalize the mind, in the same proportion.

Another thing which tends to give unusual acuteness to the lawyer, is cross-examination. Cross-examination is an art, and requires, for its highest exercise, the faculty of analysis and recombination, to such a degree as perhaps no other form of mental exertion involves. In direct-examination you have, as the word implies, a simple, unqualified, and straightforward process. Cross-examination, on the contrary, is like a kaleidoscope, and consists in turning side lights upon the subject in hand, such as will serve to illuminate it, from all sides. It is clear, therefore, that, to a successful cross-examiner, there is needed a power of analysis, discernment, acuteness, and resourcefulness, combined with a breadth of vision, almost unlimited.

Every law suit is a tragedy to the parties engaged in it, yet in spite of this fact there is no theater of activity among men that abounds to such an extent in ludicrous and amusing situations. As Lord Byron says,

"Man is a pendulum, swaying from a sigh to a tear."

To properly discharge the functions of a judge, it is necessary that the judge should be possessed of a thorough knowledge of the law, be possessed of sound judgment, be endowed with great patience, and have a sort of genius for investigation: but he must also be gifted with something almost akin to a sixth sense. Let me illustrate. An old king had in his cabinet a prime minister upon whose advice and assistance he relied for many years. Finally, the premier died. The king decided that he would not select a prime minister from among the petty lordlings and sycophants of the court, but would choose some one, wholly unconnected with his court. So, one day he stood upon a bridge, and, as different men came along he asked, "What is that object floating on the water over there?" and every one to whom he put the question, said, "An orange, sire," and passed on. At last an old man came along, to whom the king addressed the same question; whereupon the old man went down to the side of the river, picked up a stick, and turned the floating object over, and answered, "A half of an orange, sire!" Thereupon the old king said, "I want you for my prime minister!"

Another illustration: "A young student was so poor that he could not afford to buy enough to eat, yet he had a towering ambition to secure an education. He found, however, that if he sat near the open

window of a bakery, where bread was baking, and inhaled the odor of the baking bread, it would, in some measure, assuage his hunger. After he had been accustomed to sit there, for several weeks, on an occasion, the baker discovered it, and demanded a pound sterling, as compensation, from the poor student. An argument arose, and while they were disputing the town fool came along, and they agreed to submit the case to him. The town fool heard their statements, and, turning to the baker, said, "Have you a marble slab for testing the genuineness of the coin of the poor student?" The baker said he had. "Then bring it here." The baker brought the marble slab, whereupon the town fool took a guinea from the poor student, and, addressing the baker, said, "Now, listen!" Whereupon he jingled the coin on the marble slab. "Did you hear that?" Said the baker, "Yes, I heard that." "Well, now, listen again;" and he sounded the guinea the second time, upon the marble slab. "Did you hear that?" "Yes, I heard that; undoubtedly." "Very well, sir; the student has inhaled the odor of your baking bread, and you have heard the jingle of his coin; the account is therefore settled, and I keep the pound for my services, as judge!"

What I seek to call attention to, by means of the first of these illustrations, is that a judge should be gifted with such a genius for investigation as would make him distrust mere appearances, and, therefore, turn the orange over to get at the real facts. By the second illustration I wish to emphasize an appreciation in a judge, of judicial and ethical equivalents.

In 1905 I stood on the Strand, in London, directly opposite where Temple Bar was located. It will be remembered that it was at Temple Bar that the king gave to the newly-elected Lord Mayor of London, the keys of the city. That ceremonial was practiced for generations in London. As I stood there I realized that being one of the limits of the old London town, how small, territorially, the historic London really was—scarcely more than a village; and yet, village as it was, it wrought tremendous influence upon civilization throughout the world. In fact, England now controls perhaps a sixth or a seventh of the habitable globe. And I believe, much as the law of primogeniture has been challenged and criticized for its injustice, because it gives to the oldest son all of the vast baronial estates of England, it is yet one of the prime sources of the tremendous influence of England upon the history of the world, and for this reason: the eldest son took all the wealth, all the property of the family. The younger sons, however, were given the finest education available in England. They were brought up to habits of study, to habits of life which fitted them to fill places of large responsibility in public life; and for well nigh three hundred years England has drawn from these sources for her great publicists, and I solemnly believe that much of the splendid influence that England has been permitted to exercise upon the life and the civilization of the world, is due to the fact that it has had this almost inexhaustible supply from which to draw its statesmen and public men. Of course, latterly, the evolution has stopped, because, in an evil hour, the younger sons of the noble houses of England discovered that ambitious heiresses of America could supplement and supply their lack of fortune; and so, instead of the evolution going toward the development of statesmen, it has tended, rather, to go to the development of loafers, dudes, and ineffectives.

However, resuming our place at Temple Bar, let us step across the street and through that archway, and go into what I could call the sacred precincts of the Inner Temple, the Middle Temple—called "Temple," because the old Templar Church was built there more than a thousand years ago, and still stands. As you go in, you see an object at the left, a stone, six or seven feet long, lying upon the ground. I walked over to it, and as I reached it, I read, "Here lies Oliver Goldsmith." I took off my hat. Poor "Noll," "who wrote like an angel and talk'd like Poor Poll," was one of the most gifted of the sons of men, and he enjoys the unique distinction of having written the one perfect poem in the English language, and that is "The Deserted Village." I have, myself, tried, time and again, to see if I could not possibly substitute some word of my own, in place of the word used by him, but in every instance I failed, because I found that such attempted substitution would either mar the sense, or spoil the rhythm. As I stood by the grave of Goldsmith, I remembered of reading how, that one Sunday afternoon, in the rain, the members of his club stood about his open grave. There was Doctor Samuel Johnson, the most masculine intelligence of his time, and by his side stood Edmund Burke, whose orations are at once the eloquence of philosophy, and the philosophy of eloquence, and by his side stood David Garrick, the most versatile actor of all time, and by him stood Sir Joshua Reynolds, artist, poet, man of letters, and on the other side, James Boswell, who has given to literature its finest biography. In his "Life of Dr. Samuel Johnson," he has enabled any one, as he has, indeed, enabled me, to know Dr. Samuel Johnson perfectly. I know that man, today, better than I know any other man, because in the biography of Dr. Samuel Johnson, that is, in the life picture, the roots of the word meaning "life picture," he has given, with such a nicety of detail, the daily life of Dr. Samuel Johnson, that you know the man thoroughly if you study the book. There is no other biography in existence that gives so fine a life picture as does this.

Leaving the grave of Goldsmith, let us step over to the Temple Church. There is not a window in it. It is conical in shape, and there lie the effigies of Lord Pembroke, and ten others of the Crusaders. Those who died in battle have their legs crossed. Those who died in their beds lie straight out.

Let us step out of the church, and right here was the little flower garden, where the Duke of York plucked a white rose, and the Duke of Lancaster a red rose, and thus began the Wars of the Roses that ravaged England through several reigns, and make up the substance of those marvelous histories of Shakespeare, in many senses the most majestic compositions in any language. They almost excel his inimitable tragedies.

But, I have come here, more especially to have you step with me around into Brick Court, still in the Temple—No. 2 Brick Court; an old building, I don't know how old, but certainly very old, and three stories high. On the first floor, Thackeray once lived, and wrote some of his finest works. Charles Lamb was born within a stone's throw of Brick Court. When Oliver Goldsmith projected his "History of Animated Nature," he took it to his publishers, and they were so delighted with it that they advanced him 500 pounds. This made the thriftless, the thoughtless, the gay and the giddy Oliver suddenly rich; to him,

rich almost "beyond the dreams of avarice," to quote Sam Johnson's expression. And so he rented the second story of this building, fitted up the rooms in regal state, and in celebration of his sudden access of good fortune, invited in the members of his club, Johnson, Burke, and the rest, and they came. And in the night they made merry up until eleven o'clock when, at eleven o'clock there was a rap at the door. Goldsmith went to the door and opened it. A gentleman bowed. "Good evening, gentlemen. My name is Sir William Blackstone. I live below. I am engaged in the preparation of a book to be entitled, 'Commentaries on the Laws of England.' Your hilarity, gentlemen, disturbs me in my work. I wish you would abate, somewhat, from the excess of your joyousness;" and bowed himself out. They were more quiet after that, and Blackstone went on with his immortal work.

It may seem beside the purpose of this article, but I cannot resist the temptation to call attention to what, perhaps, is the latest development in the Shakespeare-Baconian controversy. A professor of Harvard college has recently discovered, in Somerset House, where the archives of England, for hundreds of years, are kept, a deposition, given by William Shakespeare. From that deposition, it appears that a haberdasher who had his place of business just across from the old Globe Theater, where Shakespeare played, and wrote, and almost lived, for twenty years—the haberdasher had a daughter; and I am almost tempted to quote from Polonius, and say, "Still harping on my daughter." Shakespeare says, in his deposition, that he heard a conversation, in which the haberdasher said to the young man, "If you will marry my daughter I will take you into my business, and give you a half interest." Shakespeare says, "I lived in the room above the shop, just across from this theater, from a certain year to another"—some three or four years; and it turns out that that is the very time when he wrote his magnificent trilogy of masterpieces, "*Lear*," "*Macbeth*" and "*Othello*." Mary Fitton, the black-eyed siren of the Sonnets, with whom Shakespeare had fallen desperately in love, jilted him, broke his heart, and he wrote those masterpieces out of his very heart's blood. He never could have written them, otherwise. Cruel to the last degree, but the cruelty of fate was kindness itself to the race. As someone said, "If you wish to hear a nightingale sing sweetly, thrust a hot needle into its eye." A writer said, of a certain actress, "There is only one way in which she can ever become great, and that is for some man to marry her and break her heart, and then, out of a broken heart, she will develop into a great artist."

The Globe Theater. Let us linger here a moment; a place redolent of historic interest, fascinating, to me. It was open at the top, without a roof in the center. The pit was where the ordinary theater-goer stood—not sat, but stood; the galleries, where sometimes people sat, but usually not; and down in the pit, the theater-goers smoked a dried weed that had just shortly theretofore been brought over from Virginia, and they called it "tobacco." Of course, it has so completely gone out of use now that perhaps any person reading this article would have to go to an encyclopedia to find what that weed was (?). The lordlings about the court, and the idlers, and rich chaps, young bloods, generally stood up on the stage. Female characters were impersonated by boys; as Cleopatra says:

"And have some one boy my greatness,  
In likeness of a prostitute."

and no scenery at all. A board, rudely written upon, "This is Venice," would answer for Venice. But, do you know, Emerson says, "Nature hides her sweetest fruits under richest covers"; and to the very fact that there was no scenery we owe the most magnificent prologues ever written in the world. Take two examples:

"O, for a muse of fire, that would ascend  
The brightest heaven of invention,  
A kingdom for a stage, princes to act,  
And monarchs to behold the swelling scene!  
Then should the warlike Henry, like himself,  
Assume the port of Mars, and at his heels  
Leashed in like hounds, should famine, sword and fire  
Crouch for employment."

Take that other prologue, in the beginning of Henry V:

"Hung be the heavens with black, yield day to night!  
Comets, importing change of times and states,  
Brandish your crystal tresses in the sky,  
And with them scourge the bad, revolting stars,  
That have consented unto Henry's death."

Had the theater been replete with scenery, as it now is, no such drafts would have been made upon the marvelous invention of Shakespeare. And I cannot now resist, although perhaps it is not germane, to quote what I think is the finest sentence ever written on this side of the Atlantic ocean. Emerson is telling of Shakespeare, the winsomeness, the witchery, the wonder, of Shakespeare's diction, its magical suggestiveness. He is trying to wreak his thought upon expression, to body forth his conception of Shakespeare's unrivaled command of the sources of English expression, and he uses this sentence, which, in my judgment, is the finest ever written by anybody, this side of the Atlantic: "The recitation begins. One golden word leaps out, immortal, from all that painted pedantry, and sweetly torments us with invitations to its own inaccessible homes."

It has been suggested to me that in this article I should relate some incidents that have occurred at the bar, and upon the bench, during the course of my experience, both as a lawyer and as a judge.

When the city had not yet assumed metropolitan proportions, while yet it was scarcely more than a village, men seemed to possess more individuality than they do now. At present, in this metropolis of well-nigh a million people, men are mere units, or members; but in the days of old, "the days of gold," men's characters were differentiated, and the personal equation bulked larger than it does now.

When I first came to Cleveland, Judge Sherlock J. Andrews was accounted the most eloquent lawyer at the bar. He was a man of rare scholarship, wide reading, a typical gentleman of the old school, and gifted with a magnetic eloquence that was almost irresistible. He was also possessed of a rare sense of humor. On one occasion he was trying a case in which his client was suing for the use and occupation of certain premises. The defense that was set up was that the property was untenable, for many reasons, one of which was that it was infested with vermin; in other words, it was lousy. In his argument,

Judge Andrews, referring to this suggestion, said: "Gentlemen of the jury, this little suggestion is entitled to no weight in this case. It is utterly insignificant and unworthy of consideration, and has crept into this case through the head of counsel."

Judge Rufus P. Ranney was a commanding figure at the bar, in those early days. He had sat upon the supreme bench of the state, and his reported opinions are classics, are judicial literature of the highest order. His diction was copious, elegant and exact, while his knowledge of the law was profound.

Judge Finnefrock, of Fremont, told me that he was once sitting in the district court. The old district court, being composed of three common pleas judges, was sitting here, in Cleveland, and they were hearing a chancery case, in which Judge Ranney was on one side and Judge Robert Payne was on the other side. Judge Ranney argued that the plaintiff was seeking to enforce a stale equity, that he had slept on his rights for such a length of time that a court of equity should refuse to grant him the relief which he sought. Judge Ranney went on, in his suave and plausible manner, multiplying examples of stale equity. Judge Finnefrock said that he noticed that Judge Payne was profoundly angered and aroused by Judge Ranney's argument. He was so much angered that his chest heaved, his face paled, and his lips were livid. When Judge Ranney, at last, sat down, Judge Payne jumped to his feet, and in a voice tremulous with emotion said, "Your Honors, I admit that lapse of time may sometimes disentitle a plaintiff to relief to which he would otherwise be entitled; but I deny—I deny that any mere lapse of time, however great, can sanctify a G—— D—— lie!" Judge Finnefrock says he almost fell out of his chair, at the fulmination of that sudden and abrupt statement, almost like a cata-pult.

Judge Ranney was once arguing a demurrer before Judge Barber. While Ranney was speaking, Judge Barber beckoned to his bailiff, and the bailiff came up, and Judge Barber whispered to the bailiff, and the bailiff brought a volume of the supreme court reports. Judge Barber opened it, and was reading it, and Judge Ranney went on with his argument. Finally, Judge Barber said, "But, Judge Ranney, I notice that in this decision, in the supreme court," citing it "that you held just the opposite of what you are now arguing to me. What do you say about that?" Nothing daunted, the judge responded, "Well, if your Honor please, I have learned lots of law since then!"

Judges Robert Payne and Daniel R. Tilden, the latter of whom was probate judge for thirty-three years, were very devoted friends. Some time before the death of Judge Payne, they sat down and drew up a written agreement, and signed it, the agreement being that the one who should die first would, by every possible means, endeavor to communicate with his surviving friend. Long, long after the death of Judge Payne, Judge Tilden went to spiritualistic seances, in an effort to hear from his old friend, but, strain his eyes as much as he might, he could trace the shadow of no form, or, strain his ears however intently, he could hear the flutter of no wing; for out of the vast silence there came no voice, there issued no sound.

Judge R. P. Spalding was a conspicuous figure, in those early days; tall, grave, stately, he was a majestic figure of a man. The newspapers dubbed him "Resolutionary P. Spalding," because, at every Democratic

convention, he was always loaded with a set of resolutions, which were uniformly adopted with enthusiasm. One morning Judge Spalding, walking down Euclid avenue, was met by a friend, and his friend said to him, "Judge, I don't see why you keep a law office. You don't do much business, you are rich, and I don't see what need you have of an office." The Judge said, "Why, my friend, I have been going down to my office every morning for fifty years. Do you suppose I could stop now?"

When I came to Cleveland, I heard this, of Judge Foote, who had passed out before I came. He was a candidate for re-election to the common pleas bench, and while crossing the public square a man stepped up to him and said, "Judge, I am of opposite politics to you, but I am going to vote for you for re-election as judge." To which the Judge unceremoniously responded, "I don't give a damn whether you do or not!"

John Crowell was a prominent figure here in those early times. He was the head of a law school, gave lectures to students, as well as engaged in general practice. One morning John came into court to try a case. There were three prominent lawyers lined along the other side of the trial table. John serenely looked from one to another, until he had taken into his vision all of the three, and said, "Well, here is Ranney, here is Burke, here is Ingersoll; truly, a combination; but not to be feared, by a damn sight!"

Judge Samuel F. Prentiss was a spare, meager sort of man, physically, but gifted with a judicial acumen and poise beyond that of anyone who has ever sat upon the common pleas bench in this county. He was the fourth in a succession of judges, in his family. Severe, however, as was his judicial makeup, he still had a fine sense of humor, and enjoyed a quiet joke. One day he had a petition which had been written by "Bob" Davidson, as we called him. "Bob" was a gruff old Scotchman, genial and hearty, and a good lawyer, too, well grounded in legal principles, but not carefully educated. Judge Prentiss looked up, holding "Bob's" petition in his hand, and he said, "Why, Mr. Davidson, I see that you have spelled the word 'petition' three different ways in this paper." "Bob" said, "Oh, if your Honor please, a man is a mighty poor scholar that can't spell a word more than one way!"

In those early days the courts did not limit arguments by lawyers to juries. One morning "Bill" Robison was holding the stage, when the judge came down off the bench, and stepped out into the corridor and lighted his pipe. He smoked a clay pipe, with a very much abbreviated stem. A lawyer who happened to have a case next to the one on trial asked Judge Prentiss, "Judge, about how soon do you think you will be ready for my case?" The judge said, "Well, you see, 'Bill' is talking to the jury; he commenced at nine o'clock this morning, it is now half-past eleven, and he has now got down to Noah and his ark; I think he will close about half-past two, this afternoon."

Some wag wrote up a petition, the effect of which was that his honor, Judge Prentiss, should be taken into custody by the county sheriff, and conducted to the center of the public square, and there, at high noon, be hanged by the neck until he was dead. The wag had no trouble in getting signatures, because he could rush into a lawyer's office and say, "Here's a petition I would like for you to sign." "I



haven't got any time to talk." "Well, put your name down"—and he did, and he got quite a large number of signatures to that petition.

William Robison was as finely endowed with gifts of imagination and originality as any man I have ever known. He seemed to view all subjects from odd angles. He would seem, somehow, to grip a sort of fourth dimension of everything, and he abounded in all sorts of original ideas and expressions. He was a very eloquent man, fluent, poetical, oftentimes magnetic in his speech. One morning Judge Cadwell opened court; and, in those days, each judge called his own calendar. There were very few people in the court room. Some distance away from the bench there was a bevy of lawyers, standing conversing; and Judge Cadwell called a case. Nobody responded. He said, "Mr. Robison, I see you are in this case." "Yes, your Honor." "Well, are you ready?" "Bill" asked, "Is the other side ready, your Honor?" "No, they don't seem to be." "Then, I'm ready, your Honor."

"Bill" was sent by some mayor down to the police court to fill a temporary vacancy, caused by the fact that the judge sitting there was taking a short vacation, and the first case that came up before "Bill" was a case in which a great, broad-shouldered, stalwart fellow, over six feet, charged a little, shriveled up, weakened old woman, with assault and battery, claiming that she had struck him with a broom stick. The proof was clear. There was practically no denial on the part of the defendant of the fact of the assault and battery, but this was "Bill's" summing up: "The evidence tends almost conclusively to establish that the defendant committed assault upon the person of the prosecuting witness; but," he said, "in the course of the trial it has been developed that this old lady is seventy-six years old. Now, the Holy Scriptures tell us that the natural age of man is three score years and ten. This being apparent, upon the face of the record, and undisputed, I hold that, inasmuch as the defendant on this record is seventy-six years of age, she has outlived the jurisdiction of this court for the full term of six years, and is therefore discharged."

A. J. Marwin had a great reputation, and great skill, in breaking wills. He seemed to be almost invincible. No will seemed to be able to stand under the terrific onslaughts that he was able to make on it. He would stand up and cry, and the jury would cry, and the court would join in the general chorus of sobs. The flood was almost enough to wash the furniture out of the court room. Well, he had a case on trial, one day, in which "Bill" was on the opposite side. "Bill" realized that unless he could break the effect of Marwin's tears he would lose his case. So, as usual, Marwin had everybody crying, himself included, when "Bill" arose to answer Marwin's argument. "Gentlemen of the jury," he said, "I perceive that you are visibly affected by the very pathetic appeal which Brother Marwin has addressed to you, and I see he has even moved you to tears, and he has appeared to be crying, himself. Now, I used to weep with him, until I discovered the real facts in the case." Just then, Marwin, who was a very short man, with broad shoulders, but very short, stepped over to the bailiff's desk, with his back to the jury, poured out a glass of water and took a drink. "Bill" turned to him and he said, "Gentlemen, see how short Marwin is. The trouble about Marwin's makeup is that his bladder was put too close to his eyes: so you see, gentlemen, he was not crying at all." That will stood.

One day Justice Goddard had a justice shop at about No. 222 Superior street, and I remember, to get to his office, you went up a rickety old stairway. One day I was going up, and as I got to the top of the stairs I heard, in sonorous tones, these words: "Gentlemen, in the name of God and country." "Well," I said to myself, "by George, I mustn't miss that." So I hurried to the room, and Mr. W. S. Kerruish stood by the doorway, listening. It was "Bill" Robison, addressing a jury of six, in a justice court, and I said to Mr. Kerruish, "This must be a case of some magnitude, to justify such rhetoric as that." "Oh, pshaw!" he said, "nothing but an old cow case!"

Jeff Stewart was a character, in those days, when characters abounded at this bar. He had a great long mustache like a Texas ranger. He had eyes like a Chinaman, arms almost as long as a gorilla, which he would swing wildly to and fro as he talked; and a voice of thunder. A divorce case had been tried in the common pleas court, and the wife was granted divorce and alimony. The husband took an appeal to the old district court, composed of three common pleas judges, on the alimony feature of the case. The husband claimed that she was a woman of bad character, and therefore should have no alimony at all. Jeff got up and began to talk; got up very close to where the judges were, and got himself wrought up to a tremendous pitch of enthusiasm, and suddenly he turned, stepped back to the trial table, grasped his client's right wrist and marched her up to the bench, opened out her palm and held it right under the very noses of the judges, and it bore marks of hard work, and he said, "Gentlemen judges, does this look like the hand of a woman of bad character? No, by G——." You could have heard him, Judge Finnefrock said, a mile, he thundered it with such tremendous energy.

Sam Eddy was easily the prince of good fellows, always smiling, genial, kindly. He would come up to you and take a nickel out of his pocket and say, "Well, I guess I'll accept your invitation to dinner"—and he would. But whatever Sam had was as much yours as it was his. He was trying a case one day, and General Meyer was on the other side. General Meyer was just the reverse of Sam Eddy, unsmiling, stern, and austere, always earnest, energetic, and eloquent, too. At one juncture of the trial General Meyer could stand Sam Eddy's effusive smiles and good humor no longer, and he jumped up in a great rage and smote the table, and said to Judge Hamilton, "If your Honor please, I don't propose to allow Sam Eddy to laugh my case out of court." The judge looked down benignantly over his spectacles, and said, "Mr. Eddy, are you trying to laugh General Meyer's case out of court?" "Oh, no, your Honor," he said, "I didn't think I could quite succeed in laughing it out, but I thought it might help some."

In those early days it was the custom, when a lawyer died, to hold memorial services in the court-house, speeches were made, and I think the finest eulogy, certainly the finest eulogy I have ever heard at a bar meeting of that kind; was delivered by L. A. Russell, upon the death of Sam Eddy. Russell got up, in his erratic fashion, and said, "Well, Sam's dead. Now," he said, "some people tell me that when a man dies he goes to heaven. Some say that many go to hell. Now," he said, "Sam didn't belong to any church, and so I don't know where Sam went, but this thing I do know, that wherever Sam is, he is trying to help some poor fellow who is worse off than he is, himself."

And the beauty of it was that it fitted Sam exactly, fitted him like a glove.

Judge Jackson, who came up here from Bucyrus, was a very powerful jury orator. I remember a juror's saying to me once, after hearing one of Jackson's terrific outbursts of eloquence, "Why, Mr. Neff, Judge Jackson lifts a feller right out of his boots." The judge had made one of his characteristic speeches, and L. A. Russell rose to answer him, in defense, and said: "Gentlemen, I went down to Annapolis, Maryland, not long ago, and went out to the navy-yard, and there I saw a great gun, the largest gun that, up to that time, had ever been cast anywhere in the world, which was called 'The Swamp Angel.'" I have forgotten how large it was, but it was very large. "And I was thinking, while Judge Jackson was talking, what would be the effect, if, instead of the judge's coming in here, he had brought the 'Swamp Angel,' and had filled it full of powder, and stamped it down with a ram rod, as hard as he could, and then touched a match to it; what would have been the result? Why, it would have shivered the glass of every window in this room; it would have caused the plastering to fall; it would have created a general commotion; but, gentlemen of the jury, how much effect would it have had upon the issues of this case? It would have had precisely as much effect as the terrific outburst of eloquence that you have listened to from Judge Jackson."

One day General Durbin Ward came up from Cincinnati to attend the races, and the local Democracy, learning that he was here, improvised a sort of reception, got a brass band, and started a procession down to the Weddell House, and when they got down there they called, "General Ward, General Ward, speech, speech!" The general came out, and bowed very ceremoniously and said, "Fellow Democrats, I have come up from the grimy city of Cincinnati to your beautiful metropolis by the inland sea, to enjoy the hos—, the hos—, the hospitality of your citizens."

At the Kennard House, on its western front, there are little iron balconies. In 1866 Andrew Johnson, then President of the United States, while "swinging around the circle," stood in the little middle balcony, and made a speech, which was the principal article in his impeachment trial.

And, while I am indulging in reminiscences of locations, I might add that General Cass, running as a candidate for the presidency, made his great, historic break, in speaking of "the sweet, German accent, and rich, Irish brogue." The Know-Nothings turned against him, and it cost him his election. This speech was delivered from a little balcony or porch just above the main entrance of the American House.

We had a firm, known as Mix, Noble & White. Mr. John White is the only survivor of that firm. Mr. Mix was commonly known as "Bob" Mix. He lived to be 82 years old. He always had a florid complexion, and seemed to be in the possession of the very best of good health. Somebody said to him, "Mr. Mix, what is the secret of your good health?" "Secret? There isn't any secret about it. Any man can be healthy, if he will keep his bowels open, and vote the Democratic ticket."

Mr. W. S. Kerruish, who is now, I think, eighty-nine years old, a ripe scholar, who reads his Cicero in the original, with the utmost facility, has always been distinguished for his ability to coin new

phrases. I remember, once, he put a peculiarly characteristic question, to which the other side objected, and I sustained the objection. Mr. Kerruish arose and said, "Upon what ground does the court sustain this objection?" I told him. "No," he said, "if your Honor please, this question cuts a thicker shaving than that."

At another time, he and Judge Jones, who had recently retired from common pleas bench, were trying an alimony case before me—the Gayton case. Mr. Kerruish offered some letters, which Gayton had written to his wife. Judge Jones objected to their introduction, claiming they were not relevant. I said, "Gentlemen, I shall have to commit the seeming absurdity of reading the letters, to determine their competency." I read them. I said to Mr. Kerruish, "I don't see, Mr. Kerruish, how these letters are relevant upon any issue in this case." "Well," he said, "I don't exactly offer them as being pertinent to any issue of the case, but I do offer them as specimens of the defendant's intellectual output."

Somebody asked, "Mr. Kerruish, what did Judge Stone do with your motion for a new trial?" He said, "Oh, pshaw! he sat up on the furniture, and overruled it."

He was cross-examining a witness once, and said to the witness, "You're a fiddler, aren't you?" "No, sir," indignantly responded the witness, "I am a violinist." "Well," he said, "what is the difference between a fiddler and a violinist? I would like to know." "Well, Mr. Kerruish, there is the same difference between a 'fiddler' and a 'violinist' as there is between you and a real lawyer."

There was once, many years ago, a firm known as Heisley & Kerruish. "Bill" Heisley was, himself, a character. There had lived on Hicks street, on the south side, a maiden lady, who had no near relatives, except some nephews and nieces. Suddenly, one morning, she disappeared, and was not heard from for over seven years. At the end of seven years, she not having been heard from, the nephews and nieces went into the probate court, and, in proper proceedings, secured a judgment of the court, to the effect that the old lady was dead; her property was ordered sold, and, upon sale, the proceeds of the sale were distributed among her impecunious nephews and nieces. Shortly thereafter, she came back, and finding other people in the house, they claiming to own it, she came over to consult "Bill" Heisley. She and "Bill" went over to the probate court, and "Bill" went over the record very carefully, and said, "Madam, you are dead." "No, but Mr. Heisley, I am not. I deny it. I am not dead." "Ah, but, Madam, you are dead." "Well, who says that I am dead?" "Why, *Stare Decisis*." "*Stare Decisis*? I don't know any such man. Well, I do know one thing, that whatever else he may be, he is an awful liar, because I ain't dead." "Bill" says, "Madam, you are dead, and I can do nothing for you."

One night, at the old Vincent street armory, the man who was to speak at a Democratic meeting was late, and "Sir William Heisley," as they called him, happened to step into the hall, when certain people in the audience began to call out, "Heisley, Heisley, speech, speech!" The presiding officer stepped to the front of the platform and said, "Will our friend, Mr. Heisley, step to the platform?" "Bill" went up. "Ladies and gentlemen," said the presiding officer, "I have the pleasure

of presenting to you our venerable friend, Sir William Heisley, who will now speak to you." "Bill" arose, very solemnly, and came forward and said, "I don't like that word, 'venerable.' Now," he said, "it is currently reported in this community that I am 177 years old. There is no truth in the statement. The fact is, ladies and gentlemen, I am only 144."

There was a lawyer, whose name was Sullivan. I think it was John Sullivan. Across the hall from his office was the office of Tom Lavin. They had a case before a justice of the peace. They were on opposite sides, and one day Sullivan's client happened to go into Lavin's office, and he was utterly appalled and amazed by the number of books that Lavin had. The walls of his office were literally plastered with law books. He went over into Sullivan's office, and saw no books, at all. He said, "Mr. Sullivan, how is this? I go into Tom Lavin's office and there I see hundreds, hundreds of books. I come into your office and I don't see a damned book. How is this?" Sullivan replied, in this manner. I don't know where he got it. I don't know whether it was original; I never saw it in print anywhere. "I pluck me quill from the goose's wing, and with me knife I carve me pen, and with me pen I write me law!"

Speaking of original expressions, there was a lawyer by the name of Porter, who was defending a woman who was resisting payment of a real estate commission, and while he was seeking to impress the jury with the fact that the plaintiff was a sharper who was taking undue advantage of this helpless woman, he used this expression (where he got it, I don't know): "Ah," he said, "gentlemen, this plaintiff is a dandy; tap him, and he runs sand; bore him and he runs saw-dust."

Judge Jones was a very irascible, quick, percussive, little Welshman, a very bright lawyer, and a capital judge—but very irritable. Soon after he retired from the common pleas bench he took desk room in the office of Foran & Dawley, in the Blackstone building, and they had the only telephone in the building. Across the hall, Sol Schwab had his office. Judge Noble was sitting in court room No. 5, and he said to his bailiff, Sam Brown, "Mr. Bailiff, I wish you would notify Sol Schwab that I would like for him to come into court, at once." Sam, intending that his head should save his heels, remembered Foran & Dawley, just across the hall from Schwab's office, had a telephone; so he went to the telephone, called up Foran & Dawley's office, and Judge Jones, happening to be the only one in, went to the phone. The bailiff said, "Is this Foran & Dawley's office?" "Yes." "Well, can you step across the hall and tell Sol Schwab that Judge Noble would like to have him come into court, at once?" "Yes, I *can*—but I'll be damned if I will," and he rang off. He *could*, all right.

I will never forget another occasion. Judge Jones came into court with a new plug hat, and being in a great hurry, somewhat late, he rushed over with that plug, tried, in a very violent way, to put it over a peg, and, of course, it fell to the floor, and he pulled back his foot and kicked it clear across the room, uttering a terrific oath—his own plug hat!

To go outside of our particular bailiwick, Judge David Davis, whom Lincoln afterward appointed associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, was holding common pleas court, out in Illinois, when Lincoln, "the sweetest memory of the century," as "Bob" Ingersoll

called him, came into the court room, walked over to the clerk's desk, leaned over the clerk, and told him a story. It was so funny that the clerk went into convulsions, and guffawed in such a boisterous way as to disturb the proceedings of the court. When silence had been sufficiently restored for the judge to do it, he said, "Mr. Clerk, you may enter up a fine against yourself of \$10 for contempt of court." When the court adjourned, at noon, Judge Davis said to the clerk, "What was that story that 'Abe' told you?" The clerk told him. The judge simply went into convulsions, and when he could get himself in a condition where he could speak, he said, "You may erase that entry."

Helen Nicolay, whose father, in collaboration with John Hay, wrote the completest life of Lincoln that we have, says that when Lincoln would get a new story he would tell it, and at another opportunity would tell it again, but would vary it somewhat. Finally, when he would get it to suit him exactly, after that, he would tell that story the same way; showing that Lincoln, although a perfect master of the art of telling stories, would practice upon his stories until he got them perfect.

I cannot resist the temptation of saying that the art of telling a story effectively is to reserve the crucial word to the very last. Hobbes, the old English philosopher, says that "laughter" is a sudden sense of eminence coming to us; we discover the point, suddenly, and, in our own self-gratulation, we break into laughter."

Now let me illustrate, by a single example, a story that I heard John B. Gough tell, more than forty years ago, while I was in college. A farmer had a very eccentric hired man, who was always doing strange things. One morning the farmer went out to the barn, and there he saw the hired man had hung himself; and he said, "Well, what on earth will that fellow do *next*?" That illustrates the art of telling a story. The point of a joke should be a sudden flash, like the spark from a flint.

John B. Gough was the finest master of that art, with the possible exception of Tom Corwin, we have ever had in this country. He was a consummate master of facial expression. I once saw "Alf" Burnett, the elocutionist, laugh on one side of his face and cry on the other side, at the same time. Tom Corwin could literally do that, so mobile were his features.

The French actress, Rachel, in playing a certain role, would stand up before an audience and the tears would run down her cheeks. Somebody asked her how she could do that. "Why," she said, "there are certain tones of my voice that always make me cry, and when I utter those tones I can't help crying."

Henry Clay had a marvelous voice. It was the real secret of his tremendous power as a popular speaker. He had a voice of such compass and power and music that John Randolph, the eccentric senator from Virginia, who had been his political enemy for thirty years, when he was being taken back to Roanoke, Virginia, to die, as he passed through the city of Washington, rose, partly, from his couch and said, "Those lips! those lips! the most eloquent that speak the English language in my day! That voice! that voice! I want to hear that voice again before I die!"—referring to the voice of Henry Clay.

The richest voice I have ever heard was that of Lawrence Barrett. It combined a quality of music, with compass, and power, that was

almost marvelous; rich, sonorous, mellifluous. It was "musical as is Apollo's lute, strung with his hair."

The criminal court room, in the court house, on Seneca street, had a very high ceiling and dome, the dome filled with frescoes, and a magnificent chandelier. During the trial of the Moran case, which occupied a whole month, I was arguing a question of the admissibility of certain evidence, to Judge Stone. Mr. Dawley, who was very short of stature, standing near a very large cuspidor, turned to me, disgustingly, and said, "Awe, you talk to the chandelier." I said, "Yes, Mr. Dawley; you talk to the spittoon." Dawley often told me that ought to go into a book.

A man was arrested for shooting a policeman, and was indicted on a charge of shooting with intent to kill. As soon as the jury were sworn, Judge Babcock leaned across the table and said, "Neff, I have got you." "How is that, 'Bab'?" I said. "Well," he said, "you will see, presently." The bullet struck the large brass buckle of the belt which the policeman wore, struck it so hard that it left a red spot, directly under it, but the bullet did not penetrate the skin. Babcock claimed to Judge Sherwood that inasmuch as the missile did not penetrate the body of the policeman, the utmost that could be done would be to convict the defendant of assault and battery. Judge Sherwood so held, but when he sentenced him he gave him the full extent of the law; and, when he did that, I went up and whispered to the judge, and said, "Judge, you didn't shoot at him—you shot him!"

"Bob" Avery, as we called him, had many cases in criminal court, and was, on one occasion, defending a colored man who was charged with picking a woman's pocket, just at night-fall. I said to him, "'Bob,' I can tell you how you can win your case and clear your man." "Why," he said, "I would like to know that." "Well," I said, "now, suppose you have Sam Moore and his colored quartette sit up in the gallery; you go on and enlarge to the jury upon the uncertainty of evidence of identification, in general, and of the difficulty and almost impossibility of identifying a colored man in twilight. Then, at a given signal, strike a highly dramatic attitude, and pause, and in that pause, let Sam Moore and his colored quartette rise up and sing, 'All coons look alike to me!' and you will win your case."

I had a case in criminal court, many years ago, that smacked very strongly of the Arabian Nights. My client represented to a woman on the west side that he was a magician; that, as the implements of his office, he had his twin brother in a bottle of alcohol, an ox-tail cane, and that, by adjusting a key to the text of the Scripture, "I say unto you, Lazarus, arise," he could not only locate, but could secure buried treasure; that, 100 years ago, or more, a Spanish galleon was hotly pursued by a British vessel, near the mouth of the Cuyahoga river; that in the Spanish galleon there was \$100,000,000 of minted Spanish gold; being hotly pursued, and realizing that they could not escape, they scuttled the ship, hurriedly took the treasure out of its hold, and hastened over to the west side, but, seeing then that they were still pursued, they buried the treasure "in your back yard." "But it can be gotten out, only at the stroke of midnight, on the 25th of August." So, on the 25th of August, just as the clock struck the midnight hour, they went out into the yard; he shook his twin brother, in the bottle of alcohol, he twirled his ox-tail cane, he adjusted his key to the Scripture, and

then he went on pronouncing a Spanish incantation. All at once he stopped. "Oh, that's too bad," he said. "We are checkmated, at last, for the devil sits cross-legged over the money, and refuses to get off, unless we pay him \$550.00. I haven't got the money." "Neither have I," said she. "Oh, but you own this property?" "Yes." So, next morning, they came over to Wick's bank and borrowed the \$550.00. She gave it to him, and he skipped to Milwaukee. He was indicted, extradited, tried, and it took the jury just six minutes to convict him.

Hon. Martin A. Foran, now upon our common pleas bench, represented this district in Congress for three terms. I remember that, one morning, a half tipsy Irishman, passing Southworth's store, could no longer restrain his enthusiasm, and he burst out into "Hurrah! hurrah! for Martin A. Foran, for he's the friend of the working man."

While in Congress, Mr. Foran wrote a letter to "Dick" O'Rourke, who was one of his political managers. The letter puzzled Dick, as he began to read it. It was a very learned dissertation upon economics, generally, and in the first sentence of it he struck "social statics." "Ah, devil take ye, Martin," says "Dick"; "what is 'social statics'? I have got Tom and Jerry, I have got Holland gin, and Manhattan cocktails, but devil a drop have I got of the strange mixed drink you call—what is it? 'social statics'? And, begorra, here's this 'Industrial Dynamics.' Ah, the devil fly away wid ye, Martin! where did ye ever hear of that new drink?" So, he called the office boy, and he said, "Hurry down to Weideman's and get two bottles of 'Social Statics,' and two bottles of 'Industrial Dynamics,' because, as soon as the boys read this letter they will be rushing in here for it, and devil a drop will I have of ayther of them."

Kline & Goff were once defending in a case where a poor fellow had had both of his feet taken off. An engine, left unattended in the yards, started out on its own account, went down the track, and came into collision with a train, and caused the accident. Mr. Goff was cross-examining the first of plaintiff's witnesses, and on the jury there was a colored man by the name of Milligan, and he sat just two chairs away from the witness stand. The witness had made a statement to the defendant, and Goff confronted him with the statement, and compelled him to admit that he had made a statement which was contrary to what he was testifying to on the stand. Goff struck a dramatic attitude, and he stood not more than two feet away from the colored man, and he said, "Well, there! we have chased that nigger out of the wood pile!" Well, the silence was so intense you could feel it. Nobody breathed for two or three minutes. Finally, Virgil P. Kline came around to the bench and said, "Judge, I have practiced law for thirty years, but I'll be damned if I ever made such a break as that."

Newton D. Baker, now secretary of war, was defending a prisoner in the criminal court. An old spinster, who was on the off side of sixty, hideous old creature, who, when she tried to smile and look pleasant, was simply ghastly, was under cross-examination by Mr. Baker, and he tried the *fortiter in re* severe method of cross-examination, but made little headway. Finally he thought he would change his tactics. Mr. Baker was then unmarried, and an eligible bachelor. He began to try the softer methods, the *suaviter in modo*, and he smiled very genially, and kept that up, and finally he said, "Madam, you never have been married?" "No, sir; but, judging by the winsome way in



which you have been smiling at me, I shouldn't be at all surprised if I received a proposal in the very near future." Well, it brought down the house.

Not long ago, a woman came from the Hay Market region who was seeking a divorce on the ground of desertion. During the recital of her tale of woe, she turned to me, very confidentially, and said, "Judge, that man didn't love me. He married me for my money, and when he got that he deserted me." I said, "How much money did you have?" "Six dollars, your Honor." "Oh," I said, "the mercenary wretch!" and gave her a divorce.

I saw in the paper, some time ago, in a legal publication, what I regard as the best pun that I have ever seen. An old Irishwoman went into a lawyer's office and said, "I want to get a divorce from my husband, Patrick." The lawyer took down the statutes, and read: "Drunkenness?" "No, Patrick doesn't get drunk." "Extreme cruelty?" "No, Patrick doesn't beat me." "Incompatibility?" "Begorra," she said, "that's it—incompatibility. Pat never had any ability to bring an income."

We had an eccentric old gentleman, whom we called Squire Colby. He had long, white hair, a long beard, which, as Goldsmith says, "low descending, swept his aged breast," and he was a character, indeed. He could have taken Joe Jefferson's place, without any makeup at all, and nobody would have discovered the difference. He came into my office one day and said, "Neff, I can prove to you, by the Bible, that women don't go to heaven." I said, "Squire, to your proofs." "Well," he said, "if you will open your Bible, at Revelations, you will see that when the seventh seal was broken, that there was silence in heaven for the space of half an hour." I said, "Squire, you have made your case."

Squire went with a client over to the west side to have a woman sign a deed that her husband had executed. When they got there, she declined to sign, unless her husband would promise to get her a silk dress—which he very promptly and emphatically refused to do; whereupon they got into a row, and in the course of the engagement she grabbed a broom stick and went at him, and he took refuge under a table, and she, jabbing him with the broom stick, said, "Come out of there! come out of there!" "Madam," he said, "I won't come out; I'll show you who is the boss of this house."

The old law required that in taking an acknowledgment of a married woman to a deed, or mortgage, the notary or justice should certify that he had examined the wife, separate and apart from the husband, and that, upon such examination, she acknowledged the deed to be her free act and deed. This was to preclude any possibility of coercion by the husband. An old justice of the peace, having no blanks, and being called suddenly to write out a deed, did very well. He got the *habendum* clause, and other clauses, all right, but he made a slip when he came to the acknowledgment. After certifying the general acknowledgment, he said, "And I do further certify that I did take the said Mary Jones apart and examine her, separately."

Judge Dustin, of Dayton, told me that an old farmer in his neighborhood was elected justice of the peace, and the very first case he had involved a question under the federal constitution; but he took it under advisement, and finally decided it. The case was carried further, clear through the state courts, to the supreme court of the United States.

Three years after its trial before the justice, one of the lawyers went into the justice's office and said, "Well, Squire, I see that the supreme court of the United States has decided that case," naming the case, "and," he said, "do you know, they decided just as you did?" "Well," he said, "it makes no difference; I still think I was right."

I think the best charge I have ever read was delivered by a justice of the peace, out west, somewhere. He said, "Gentlemen of the jury, this is an action brought for the recovery of the sum of \$300.00, for the sale of a certain device. Now, gentlemen of the jury, if you find that the device in question was a device for tanning skins, you will return a verdict for plaintiff; but if, on the contrary, you should find that the device in question is a device for skinning tanners, you will return a verdict for the defendant."

When the Dorsey case was on, in Washington, a friend of Bob Ingersoll wrote: "Dear Bob: I think you are doing wrong in defending the Dorseys, because I know they are guilty." Bob sat down and wrote, acknowledging receipt of the letter, and saying: "You have told me what I ought to do; now, let me tell you what I think you ought to do. Inasmuch as you know that the Dorseys are guilty, you ought to come down here and tender your evidence to the government." About a week after that he got a letter from his friend, which was very short, but very expressive: "Dear Bob: I am a damned fool."

I met an old gentleman, some years ago, in New York. We called him Major Tyler. Incidentally, he happened to remark that he had heard Rufus Choate address a jury. I said to him, "Now, Major, sit right down here and tell me about that. You are the first man I have ever met who ever heard Rufus Choate." "Well," he said, "I went into the court-house, in Boston, one day. A lawyer was speaking, and presently that lawyer sat down, when a rather tall and very slender, dark-complexioned man arose, and I noticed that he had very piercing eyes. His hair was very black, and hung in ringlets almost down to his shoulders. He had long, bony hands. When he rose he stepped right over to the foreman, and with that long, skinny forefinger, held it almost under the nose of the juror, and said, 'Free on board delivery'; and he went from juror to juror, repeating that, holding that index finger close up to the face of the juror, and when he had got through, he had hypnotized that jury to such an extent that, as he moved, they followed him with their eyes." He acquitted a man once on the ground of somnambulism, and after he had secured the acquittal of the defendant, of a murder charge, they said, "Choate somnambulized the jury."

It is unfortunate, however, that none of his speeches at the bar have been preserved. We have only traditions, and they are very meager. His argument in the Rhode Island boundary case is interesting, but it has little of the flash or fire or genius of Choate, because it was inadequately reported, but there is one thing in the report that is entirely worthy of him. Speaking of the uncertainty of the boundaries of Rhode Island, he said, "As well might we say, 'beginning at a hole in the middle of a twenty-acre field, thence southwesterly to a blue-jay on the fence, thence by a line described by 40,000 foxes with fire-brands tied to their tails.'"

Choate was a man of undoubted genius. He went with his daughter to attend an opera. He said to his daughter, "Read the libretto, please, lest I dilate to the wrong emotion."

He had a very nervous, quick, magnetic delivery. Wendell Phillips once likened his style to that of a monkey in convulsions, but Wendell Phillips was a master of satire, and said the most clever, brilliant things that has ever been spoken, I think, in the way of satire, in this country. Speaking of Wm. H. Seward, who was a consummate politician, he said, "Seward is like the celebrated Blade of Toledo, the temper of whose steel was so fine that it could be thrust into a cork-screw scabbard without breaking." A delicate piece of sarcasm.

I read an incident, connected with Webster's great Reply to Hayne, not long since, when the brilliant young southerner, only about thirty-five years old, arose and delivered that terrific arraignment of Massachusetts. Of course, the whole discussion was beside the subject-matter of the resolution which was under consideration, but Hayne made, as I say, an onslaught upon Massachusetts, and it threw the whigs into dismay. Webster was not present. On the evening of that day, a committee, headed by Edward Everett, waited upon Mr. Webster, and Everett tells the story. He says they found Mr. Webster in his room, and he had apparently been drinking. He says, "I said to him, 'Mr. Webster, a crisis is on in the history of the Whig party. The speech of Senator Hayne must be answered, and we have agreed that you are the man to answer it.'" "Well," he says, "Webster treated the subject with great levity. He told some stories of rather doubtful character, laughed and joked, and did not seem to be penetrated by any very acute sense of the crisis, as we felt it to be. 'Oh,' he says, 'Gentlemen, I think you exaggerate the importance of that speech, and the necessity of its being answered; but, however, if you think I ought to reply to it, I will do so in the morning.'" He says, "The committee left Mr. Webster, very much disgusted, feeling that he did not appreciate the gravity of the situation, but next morning, when 'Black Dan' came downtown, with his accustomed buff vest and blue coat, which always meant a speech, we began to feel reassured, and he rose very solemnly and delivered that wonderful masterpiece, his Reply to Hayne."

Senator Everett says, "After a few days, I met Mr. Webster. I said, 'Mr. Webster, why did you treat our committee with so much levity when we waited on you?' 'Why,' he said, 'Senator, I had been studying that subject for more than forty years. If, in the light of forty years' study, I was still unable to answer that argument, is it conceivable, sir, that I could have made any preparation over night that would have prepared me to reply to it?'"

Looking back over the course of forty years of experience, both as a lawyer and as a judge, I am convinced that, almost without exception, the men who have practiced law at this bar have succeeded according to the measure of their ability, industry and integrity. This, I imagine, is something which can be said of very few professions or walks of life. The profession is eminently just, to those who engage in it, and the courts perform an indispensable function in the affairs of the state.

I happened to get into a discussion with some ministers, some years ago, and we were discussing the relative benefits resulting from the activities of the ministry and the bar, including, of course, the courts. I said to them, this, and it seemed radical, and rather startled them, at the time; I said, "Gentlemen, we could close all the churches in Cleveland for six months, and Cleveland would go on very much the

same as it does now; but do you know that if we were to close all of the criminal courts of Cleveland for six months, and that fact should be generally known, it would be impossible to live in Cleveland?"

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*Thoughts on Law, Lawyers and Courts*

In early life, "in the liquid dew and May morn of youth, when hope is young, and life, itself, is new," we are absorbed completely by things about us. When we reach the meridian of manhood, we stand squarely upon our shadows, with the sun beating upon our heads. But when we pass fifty, the shadows slowly lengthen toward the east, and it is then that the mind becomes a sort of picture gallery of the past, and this is the treasury from which reminiscences must be drawn.

I recall very vividly Judge Henry White, for some years probate judge of this county. He was, in some senses, unique. He was like the secretary, he stood alone. To him, for the doing of acts of kindness, all places were temples, and every season summer. To illustrate Judge White's generosity of disposition, I remember that a person from the East End came to me, and said that Judge White had indorsed a note for him, that the note was then due, but that the holder of the note had said that if another indorser besides Judge White could be gotten upon the note, he would extend its payment. Judge White suggested that the maker of the note should get me to join him in indorsing the note. I went to Judge White, and I said "Judge, I am requested to indorse a note for \$300.00, which you indorsed, at the time the note was made; and I have come to see you, as to whether you think I ought to indorse it." He studied a moment, and he said, "Neff, don't do it, because if you do, you will have to pay it." "Oh, but," I said, "Judge you are already bound to the extent of \$300.00 on the note, and if I indorse with you, I would divide the burden." "Well," he said, "my advice to you, Neff, is, don't do it!"

When I was prosecuting attorney, my office, as prosecutor, was directly across the hall from Judge White's office, as probate judge. People with all sorts of petitions, seekers after subscriptions, would go in there, and the judge would take his pen and subscribe fifty, seventy-five or one hundred dollars without much regard to the merits of the subscription. Then, the parties having his subscription would come directly across to me. Well, I was so poor that I could not afford to give such munificent sums, and so I would put down a small subscription, five or ten dollars. Finally, that thing became so burdensome to me that I went in to the judge's office one day, and said, "Judge, I am going to sue out an injunction against you. I am going to enjoin you from your prodigality in subscribing ridiculously munificent sums for all sorts of schemes. I can't afford to give away money in that way, neither can you, but so long as you do it, and I am compelled to give such small sums, I am put to a serious disadvantage before the public, so I have decided to enjoin you from doing that any more." The judge laughed, and said, "Well, Neff, I see where you stand, and I will try to protect you in the future." But he never did!

I have taken pains, at various times, to inquire into the historical

origins of various formulas and symbols that prevail in the law, and in that way have run upon matters that I think perhaps will be of interest to members of the profession. I find that the historical origin of the jury—that is, more especially, of the number of jurors—is this: There are twelve signs in the zodiac; there were, therefore, twelve tribes in Israel; there were, therefore, twelve apostles; there were, therefore, twelve men on the jury. The number twelve was a number of magic among the Hebrews. Of course, the origin of trial by jury is well known, and, so far as the common law is concerned, a trial by jury owes its origin and inspiration to an effort on the part of the common people to protect themselves against the aggressions of the baronial lords, and, therefore, a right of trial by jury of one's peers, arose. Of course, the immediate exigency that gave rise to jury trial has long since ceased to exist, but the trial by jury has survived. I think that the concurrence of twelve minds, where the life or liberty of the citizen is involved, is of prime importance, as a matter of protection, but I have never been able to see the propriety of requiring the concurrence of twelve minds in the trial of civil cases. We govern one hundred millions of people by a well ascertained majority of one. A majority of one is as efficient to give control to one party or the other, as a larger majority is, and it has therefore seemed to me to be the very attar of roses of absurdity, to require the concurrence of twelve minds, to determine an issue involving only rights of property; but, until very recently we have required unanimity of the jury in all matters involving more than three hundred dollars. Of course, now in Ohio, we have a jury of nine men. This is the entering wedge, in Ohio. We still have the unwieldy jury of twelve men, but only nine need concur in the verdict. But why should nine men be required? As I say, this is an instrumentality that is both unwieldy and very expensive, and I am unable to see that the mere logic of numbers can be efficient in itself. My deliberate conviction is, that a jury of much less than twelve might properly be substituted for the old, historic twelve of the Hebrews, and I think that the evolution of the future jury will be in the line of the reduction of the number of jurors. The prime source of whatever virtue there lies in jury trials, lies in the fact that the jury, in their findings, are controlled by the inerrancy of instinct or intuition, as distinguished from the more formal processes of reasoning, or induction. I am convinced that if the average jury were called upon to state the reasons upon which their findings are based, very few verdicts would stand.

I am heretical enough to believe that our canon which forbids the compelling of any citizen to testify against himself is founded neither in the dictates of reason nor the teachings of experience. I think this canon runs counter to both. More than two thousand years ago Socrates called attention to the fact that it is as much the duty of a citizen to tell of his own offenses, as of the offenses of his neighbor. Practically our system does not produce good results. A man is arrested on a charge of murder, put into a cell, sends for a lawyer, his lawyer tells him, usually, "Say nothing." After considerable delay, a trial is had, and his guilt or innocence becomes manifest. In many parts of Europe, the very reverse takes place. Upon the instant of a man's arrest, he is summoned before a magistrate, subjected to cross-examination, and, if he is innocent, his innocence at once becomes appar-

ent. They thus avoid the useless, annoying and irksome delays incident to our method of practice. I may be sinning against the ancient and venerable traditions of the common law, but I am convinced that our methods of procedure in this respect are radically wrong.

I was much interested, not long ago, to learn that, during the Middle Ages, the money changers of the Rialto bridge, in Venice, sat upon small benches, or "bancos," as they were called, and from that word "banco" we get our modern words, "bank" and "bench." When a money changer was unfortunate, and he became insolvent, they broke his bench, and he became "banco ruptum," hence our modern word "bankrupt."

The history of the bill of exchange is of interest. During medieval times, if a Hebrew wished to transmit money from one country into another he did not take it himself; he did not dare to, because, if he had, and the authorities of the other country found he had money, they would confiscate it. So, to avoid such disaster, the Hebrew would write a letter to a correspondent, another Hebrew, in another country, deliver the letter to a third person, and, upon presentation of that letter, the amount of money would be paid. This is the origin of the bill of exchange.

In swearing witnesses we require them to raise their right hand, with the palm spread out, uplifted. I find that the origin of this custom was that it was conceived that the open palm, thus held up, was a direct appeal to the Deity, and hence the binding obligation of an oath.

Our word "indenture," rarely used now, but frequently used in the text books of the law, has an interesting origin. If a person desired to make a draft upon a distant bank, he would go to a local bank, and they would draw the draft, and then cut it in the center, indenting it; cutting it in a zigzag sort of way. One half they would transmit to their correspondent, and the other they would deliver to the person to whom the money was to be paid. Such person would present it to the bank, and, if his side fitted into the interstices of the half sent to the correspondent, they would pay the draft.

The impression is quite general in this country, that in Europe their methods of judicial administration are much slower and more elaborate than ours. Such, however, is not the case. While we were going through the solemn farce of trying Thaw for the murder of Stanford White, a trial which occupied well nigh three months, while that case was in progress, a man went into a drygoods store in London and shot the proprietor, killing him instantly. He was arrested, indicted, arraigned, tried, convicted, and sentenced, the same day; while we were enacting that solemn farce of the trial of Thaw. In this country, under such circumstances, that case would have occupied the courts, in one way or another, for months; so that, when we plume ourselves upon our expeditious methods, on this side of the water, and condemn the methods of the older world as effete and outworn, we are, in some instances, at least, reckoning without our host.

Some years ago, when in London, I went to the Old Bailey. I found it difficult to get in, the court room being crowded, but I told the guard that I was an American lawyer, and had been reading about the Old Bailey for many years; and that statement seemed to appeal to the guard, and he said, "I could get you into the witness room, and from there you can edge your way into the trial room." A German

and an American were on trial for obtaining 17,000 pounds by false pretences from Lord Somebody, and I remember that the florid faces of the young barristers looked almost uncannily under their grey wigs. The trial was presided over by Judge Bosanquet, who had the reputation of being the ablest criminal judge in England. During the course of three hours not a single objection to the admission of evidence was interposed, nor did the court have to pass upon a question of the admission of evidence, and I remember that I was amazed when the venerable judge wheeled in his chair, and, looking toward the witness, who stood in the witness dock, said: "Sir, did you conceive that you had authority to make that representation?" a question to which instant objection would be made in any criminal court here, and the objection would be promptly sustained.

Rome is the mother of law, and, of course, when I got to Rome, I went to the Roman courts. I went into one room, which would answer to our conception of Room No. 1, where miscellaneous business was transacted. I expected to be subdued by the solemnity and decorum of the court, but imagine my amazement when I found that half a dozen beavies of lawyers were gathered together in different parts of the room, all of them engaged in conversation in the usual tone of voice, and the hubbub was so great that I did not see how it was possible for the court to do business, yet the court did transact business, amid that infinite babel of confused noises of conversation; so that I had to abandon my preconceived notions of the solemnity of judicial procedure in the "Eternal City."

I remember that in Granada, Spain, I spoke to the proprietor of our hotel, and inquired of him where I could find the court house. I was unable to make him understand what I meant. At last his eyes lighted up. "Yes; yes, sir," he said: "Palacio Justicia (Palace of Justice)!" I went into the courts there. I saw them swearing witnesses upon the crucifix. They invested the administration of the oath with every imaginable religious ceremonial.

Some time ago, I delivered an address to the Cleveland Bar Association, parts of which have been incorporated in this article. The close of that address was more or less admired, and I have been requested to include it here:

Westward the course of empire takes its way;

The first four acts already past,

The fifth shall close the drama with the day;

Time's noblest effort is the last.

The fifth shall close the drama with the day!

America holds the key of the future. Gone, and gone forever, is the glory that was Greece! Gone, and gone forever, is the grandeur that was Rome! The shuttles of fate ply back and forth through the many colored threads of destiny, weaving out the splendid tapestry of the future, of free institutions in America. "No pent-up Utica confines our powers, but the whole vast continent is ours."

"Happy, proud America! The lightnings of heaven yielded to your philosophy; the temptation of earth cannot seduce your patriotism."

"America," says Emerson, "is another word for opportunity." The social strata of the old world are like the geologic strata in the formation of the crust of the earth. Way down at the bottom stand the peasant and the laborer, and upon their work-weary, bowed and burdened shoulders rest the other strata—First, that of the artisan and the mechanic, and upon that the merchant and the manufacturer, and upon that the gentry; and higher still, the nobility, and last, royalty—all resting at last upon the tired shoulders of the bowed and burdened peasant and laborer; and so hard, granitic, immovable and hopeless are the conditions there that but little hope can be entertained by one in the lowest stratum of their social order ever to rise beyond that caste in which his fortunes may have fallen by the decrees of chance. Here, however, the conditions are reversed; for here everything is as fluid as the sea, for every drop may rise, and a drop in the profoundest depths of the sea may rise and rise until it sparkles on the crest of the highest wave. Take an illustration: Over in Geauga county a farmer who had cleared a few acres in the wilderness reclaimed it and put upon it the stamp of civilization, a farmer who had a wife and four sons; he was stricken with sudden illness, and as he lay upon his bed of death, he called his wife and said: "I am dying, Eliza, dying. I have planted four saplings (referring to his four sons) in these woods, and, dying, I leave them to your care." There was a gasp of stifled breathing, a shudder, and the glassy stare of the newly dead, and the brave soul of the man passed to the beyond. Broken-heartedly but courageously, the mother took up the task of rearing those four sons, tending those four saplings in the woods, and by and by people began to say, "Look, see how that sapling is beginning to grow," and from year to year it waxed stronger and stronger. The milder ministries of nature, sunshine and shadow, the dew and the rain, touched its leaves to a livelier tint of green, and the harsher ministries, the stress of the tempest, the lash of the tornado, and the pulse of the storm, served only to send its roots deeper and deeper into the soil, until by and by that sapling stood a mighty oak, and seventy millions of the freest people on the great round globe—seventy millions of uncrowned kings—were proud, proud, proud to bask under the name and fame, the genius and the high renown of James A. Garfield of Ohio.



## OHIO'S FIRST ORGANIC LAW— THE ORDINANCE OF 1787

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A HISTORY of the Bench and Bar of the Northern District of Ohio has its inception back in that distant past, when the country was inhabited by savages, and was one vast forest dotted here and there with streams well stocked with fish and uncultivated plains that are now either fertile farms or the sites of thriving and prosperous municipalities.

Such a history in fact may be said to date back to that memorable date, July 13, 1787, when Congress enacted the law, which we know as the Ordinance of 1787. That measure is further known as "the most notable law ever enacted by the representatives of the American people." It is the first organic law of the Western Reserve; it has stood the test of time, and still endures in spirit in the constitution of Ohio, and the constitutions of the other states that were carved out of the great Northwest Territory.

That ordinance marked the beginning of one of the most extraordinary growths ever known in territorial expansion. The measure is especially noted for three great provisions of all good government—its guarantee of freedom of worship; its perpetual prohibition of human slavery, and the great prominence given to schools and education in these words: "Religion, morality and knowledge being necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind, schools and the means of education shall forever be encouraged."

Three more important provisions for the government of mankind could hardly be devised, and it is to be noted that the ordinance settled the slavery question for the Northwest Territory in precisely the same manner that it was settled many years later in the United States, after four years of bitter and destructive warfare.

Before the enactment of the Ordinance of 1787, conditions were such as to discourage the hardy settlers of the east from crossing the Appalachian mountains and entering the great primeval country that stretched out for miles to the west. At the close of the French and Indian war, while the outcome of Pontiac's conspiracy was still uncertain, the policy of the English royal government was defined in a proclamation that was designed clearly to placate the Indians, and to prevent the English colonies spreading to the west.

Under this proclamation, governments were arranged for Quebec and for east and west Florida, and then it was announced: "It is our royal will and pleasure that no governor or commander-

in-chief of our colonies, or plantations in America do presume for the present to grant warrants of survey or pass patents for any lands beyond the heads or sources of any of the rivers that fall into the Atlantic ocean from the west or northwest; or upon any lands whatsoever, which have not been ceded or purchased by us," etc.

The American Indians had found the Northwest Territory a happy hunting ground indeed, and they viewed with alarm and with considerable anger the gradual westward march of Anglo-Saxons despite no general effort on the part of the mother government across the waters to colonize the section. While the first object of the proclamation was to assure the Indian that the royal government did not wish to invade the Indians' happy hunting grounds, another design of the government was to maintain the Mississippi valley a wilderness.

From other sources it would appear that the English government desired to curb the roaming instincts of the colonists, and to keep them along the Atlantic Seaboard, where they could be handled with less difficulty than if they were scattered about the length and width of the great American continent.

Then was passed the Ordinance of 1787 and the dam, which had stood as a barrier against the whites, broke. Immediately after the enactment of the measure The Ohio Company purchased 1,500,000 acres of land on the Ohio river from the Muskingum west, and the black, canvas-topped wagons started for the Ohio country. On April 7, 1788 the emigrants landed at the mouth of the Muskingum river, pinned a code of laws for the colony to a tree, and named the settlement Marietta, after Marie Antoinette, one of the last acts of reverence vouchsafed that unhappy queen. That was but the vanguard for a rush of settlers from the east and for hundreds of settlements that combined to make the north and eastern part of Ohio one of the richest and most populous sections of the United States.

But this is not to be a history of the settlement of northern Ohio, but rather a story of the development of the Bench and Bar in that territory. Co-related with such a history are the organic laws under which the country has been governed since that early day when white men and women flocked into it in such numbers that laws and courts were necessary to obtain justice and fair treatment for all.

The very first constitution, so to speak, that Ohio had, was the Ordinance of 1787. The first section of it is the enacting clause and it is well to notice the wording. It does not say "Be it enacted," but it says "Be it ordained by the United States in Congress assembled that said territory, for the purposes of temporary government, be one district, subject, however, to be divided into two districts, as future circumstances may, in the opinion of Congress, make it expedient."

The section quoted before is the first section of this great state document, and it is followed by thirteen other sections, making fourteen in all. The first twelve of these provide for the conduct of the government of the territory.

Particular attention was given in the ordinance to property rights and the disposition of estates. If a man died without will, one third of his estate was given to his widow, and the remainder in equal shares to his children, but if he died without such heirs, the property was divided equally among next of kin in equal degrees. Provisions were made also for the recording of wills and deeds so that legal titles could be established.

Congress was given power to appoint a governor for a term of three years and a secretary for a term of four years. The former must have a freehold estate of 1,000 acres of land, and the latter of 500 acres, while holding office. The secretary was required to report to Congress every six months about conditions in the territory, and he also was obliged to keep a record of all acts and laws passed by the legislature, and all proceedings of the government and his department.

A court of three judges was to be appointed by Congress to serve during good behavior. As qualifications for officeholding they were required to have residence in the district, and freehold estate of 500 acres of land so long as they were in office.

Legislative functions were to be exercised by a general assembly, to be chosen by the people as soon as there should be 5,000 free male inhabitants in the district. The apportionment was one member for each 500 population of free male inhabitants. The governor and the judges had power to select such laws from the original states as might be necessary and administer them in the territory until the legislature provided for was chosen. The general assembly, when it came into existence, after the necessary 5,000 free males had taken up their residence in this wide expanse of territory, was to have authority to alter and eliminate such laws promulgated by the governor and judges.

This tribunal of three judges and the governor of the territory, which was known as the territorial legislative council, continued to make laws and the judges to construe them until 1798, when Governor St. Clair issued a proclamation that the territory contained the requisite number of inhabitants, and called on the people to elect a general assembly. The first legislative body to assemble in the state of Ohio came together in the city of Cincinnati on September 16, 1799, at which time the authority of the governor and judges to promulgate laws ceased.

Under the Ordinance of 1787, the representatives for the legislature, as soon as they were chosen, were required to meet and name ten men residing in the district, each owning 500 acres of land, and to report the names to Congress. From these names five were to be selected by Congress to form a territorial council.

The general assembly for the district was to consist of this council, the house of representatives and the governor, and this body had authority to make all laws for the territory and the government of it, provided such measures were not in conflict with the ordinance. The governor's right of veto in Ohio dates back to this ordinance, and although that executive was deprived of it for a while, yet the experience did not prove satisfactory, and the

check on legislative function, which was so wisely written into the ordinance, was restored in later years.

The Northwest Territory was given representation in Congress, the council and legislature having power to elect a delegate, but the representative had no power to vote, although he could participate in debates.

The great purpose of this remarkable state document was thus set forth, after the few necessary matters before related were provided for: "And, for extending the fundamental principles of civil and religious liberty, which form the basis where these republics, their laws and constitutions, are erected; to fix and establish those principles as the basis of all laws, constitutions and governments, which forever hereafter shall be formed in said territory; to provide also for the establishment of states, and permanent government therein, and for their admission to a share in the federal councils on an equal footing with the original states, at as early periods as may be consistent with the general interest; it is hereby ordained and declared by the authority aforesaid that the following articles shall be considered as articles of compact between the original states and the people and states in the said territory and forever remain unalterable, unless by common consent."

Article I in substance provided that no one should ever be disturbed or molested on account of his religious belief or mode of worship so long as he conducted himself in a peaceable and orderly manner.

Article II obtained security for property and person for all inhabitants in the territory. The right of habeas corpus was given, and no man could be imprisoned for debt or be imprisoned and refused bail, except in the event that the charge constituted a capital crime. No cruel or inhuman punishment was to be permitted within the territory and all fines for offence were to be moderate. Neither liberty nor property could be taken from any one within the district except by due process of law and by judgment of his peers. As a further safeguard it was provided that if it ever became necessary in the public interest to take possession of a man's time or his property, he should have full pay for the same.

Article III contained a strong declaration for the necessity of establishing and maintaining adequate educational facilities for the people. This article also reflected the sense of justice of the men who framed the ordinance, as it provided for the security of the land and property of the Indians and for laws, founded on humanity and right, to protect the Red Men in every way.

Article IV made it plain that secession was not to be tolerated, the framers of the ordinance taking the position so staunchly maintained by President Abraham Lincoln many years later. That the indissolubility of the Union was in the mind of the statesmen of those early days of the American Republic is evident from these words quoted from Article IV: "Shall forever remain a part of the Confederacy of the United States," the reference being to the states formed out of the territory.

At the time this ordinance was adopted the United States

was then a confederacy operating under the Articles of the Confederation, which, for two years after this period, was the supreme law of the land. The people of the territory were to pay a just portion of the public debt already created, or to be made; and taxes for this purpose were to be levied by the same measure that was supplied to the original states.

To the United States was preserved the right to dispose of the soil, and to give clear title to the same. In the interest of commerce between the states and the public, the Ordinance specifically provided that the navigable waterways should be kept open and free from all taxes or duty to all citizens of the United States, and a prohibition was levied against taxing non-residents more heavily than those who resided within the territory.

Article V provided for the formation of states by Congress when the new country had been settled to an extent warranting such action. Provision was made for the forming of three or five states from the Northwest Territory, and Congress even went so far in the ordinance, as to fix the boundary lines of each. The right of statehood was preserved in a clause, which authorized admittance to the Union when any of the sections bounded in the ordinance should have 60,000 inhabitants, a permanent constitution and state government to be formed; provided that such government be republican in form and in conformity to the ordinance. Latitude was given Congress, however, to admit a section of the territory to statehood before the population reached 60,000 if it was deemed wise. Ohio, being the section that lay nearest to the English colonies in the east, settled up quickly and was the first to ask for admission, obtaining statehood before it acquired 60,000 inhabitants.

Article VI settled the slavery question for all time in the territory by prohibiting every form of human slavery except such as might be imposed as a punishment for crime, for which the party had to be duly convicted. The institution of slavery in the southern states was recognized, however, and it was provided in the ordinance that if a slave should escape from his master and seek refuge in the territory, he might lawfully be reclaimed, and be taken to the domicile of his master.

Although the ordinance contains many principles that are to be found in the constitution of Ohio and a number of other states, it might be stated that two of the principal features of the measure have been discarded in Ohio—namely, the provision which bestowed extraordinary powers in different ways on the governor, and also that which made property-owning a qualification for holding public office in the territory, as well as for all who should be allowed to vote for members of the legislature.

The great power of the governor had become obnoxious to the people when the time arrived for the formation of the first state, and the property qualification also was not regarded with popular favor. By the first constitution, that of 1802, the governor was shorn of about all the power he had ever had, and he was left with little but the name and honor. The property qualification for holding office also was discarded and it has remained a dead issue in this state ever since.

## THE FIRST COURT IN OHIO

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THE first court in Ohio was created under a provision of the Ordinance of 1787, the section on this subject reading as follows: "There shall be appointed a court to consist of three judges, two of whom to form a court, who shall have a common law jurisdiction, and reside in the district, and have each therein a freehold estate in 500 acres of land, while in the exercise of their offices, and their commissions shall continue in force during good behavior. The governor and judges, or a majority of them, shall adopt and publish in the district, such laws of the original states, criminal and civil, as may be necessary, and best suited to the circumstances of the district, and report them to Congress from time to time, which said laws shall be in force in the district until the organization of the general assembly therein unless disapproved of by Congress; but afterward, the legislature shall have authority to alter them as they shall see fit."

It will be noted from the above section that the ordinance did not confer on the governor and the judges authority to enact laws, but to adopt and promulgate measures that were in force in the original states; but this power in practice really amounted to a grant to legislate and so the judges of the first court in the territory, which embraced Ohio and several others of the present states, in conjunction with the governor, legislated for the country as well as administered justice. The laws from 1781 to 1799 were thus enacted.

Acting under the provision of the ordinance, Congress, on October 16, 1787, appointed Samuel H. Parsons, John Armstrong and James Varnum, judges for the new territory. Judge Parsons was born in Connecticut and he was an alumnus of Harvard university. In 1759 he was admitted to the bar and he became one of the foremost lawyers of his time before he took a seat on the bench of the new court. Following the course pursued by so many lawyers, Judge Parsons entered politics and he served many years as a member of the Connecticut legislature. In his biography, credit is given him for having "Originated the plan of forming the first Congress" which was the forerunner of the Continental Congress. In the Revolutionary war he was a conspicuous figure, conducting himself with great gallantry on the field of battle, and, when he retired at the close of the long struggle, he was a major-general.

The legal talents of Judge Parsons were recognized when it came to the selection of the military court, which tried the notorious Major Andre on the charge of being a British spy. Returning to civil life from the Revolutionary war, Judge Parsons engaged

in the practice of law, but the government again called him and in 1785 he was appointed by Congress a commissioner to treat with the Miami Indians. His appointment to the new court in the Northwest Territory followed two years later.

Judge Armstrong, who was born in Carlisle, Pennsylvania, and was a student at Princeton college at the outbreak of the Revolutionary war, resigned from the court after a few months' service. The judge, then a young man of scholarly attainments, left his studies at Princeton to enter the American army. His military record was marred by the charge that he wrote the famous Newburg letters for the purpose of stirring up and fanning the flame of discontent then existing in the minds and hearts of officers in the American army. The feeling became so widespread and had such a bad influence on the gallant soldiers who were fighting the struggling young nation's battles that it required the personal efforts of the great General Washington to adjust the matter. Agriculture appealed strongly to the judge and after resigning from the bench he spent many years on his farm. Subsequently he was elected a United States senator and chosen minister to France. He was the author of several standard works.

Judge Varnum, according to history, was the ablest and most brilliant of the three judges who sat on this first bench. Like his associates on the bench, Judge Varnum was a veteran of the Revolutionary war, a native of Massachusetts, and a graduate of Brown university. Laying aside his musket at the close of the war, Judge Varnum turned to the law and it was not long until he was known as the leading lawyer of this state. His colleagues in the Continental Congress now and then referred to him as a man of "uncommon talents and of most brilliant eloquence." The truth of this assertion is borne out in a copy of an oration which he delivered at Marietta, Ohio, July 4th, 1788, while he was a member of the first territorial court. This oration sustains fully his reputation as a man of scholarly attainments and one possessing extraordinary oratorical powers.

The men who sat on this bench were all scholars. They had been educated in the best universities in the land. They already were known as men of probity and were learned in the law before they went on the bench. No men better equipped for the discharge of their high duties could be found, and it is to be noted that the revolutionary soldiers, like those gallant men who bore arms for their government in subsequent struggles, exercised a guiding, if not controlling, influence in public affairs.

Under the judicial system provided for the territory, the supreme court was required to hold a term of court in Marietta, Cincinnati, Vincennes and Detroit, each year. The judges made their journeys on horseback, usually accompanied by members of the bar, and the travelers had some merry times, despite the hand-caps under which they traveled. These journeys served to cultivate intimate friendships and lasting good will. There were few law books in those days, the judges and lawyers carrying most of the law in their heads.

Judge Cleves Symmes was appointed by Congress to succeed

Judge Armstrong. Judge Symmes was a distinguished jurist in New Jersey at the time of his appointment to the territorial court, and he had served as a delegate to the Continental Congress. He was a native of New York and his educational attainments matched those of his distinguished colleagues on the bench.

The first appointments to the bench were, as has been stated, made by Congress, under the articles of confederation, and the tenure expired upon the election and induction into office of the first president, George Washington. Judge Varnum had died in the meantime, and President Washington re-appointed Judges Parsons and Symmes and chose William Barton to fill the vacancy on the bench caused by the death of Judge Varnum. Judge Barton declined the position and George Turner was appointed to take his place. Shortly thereafter, Judge Parsons died, and it was then that a great revolutionary hero, General Rufus Putnam, was appointed as his successor. The general resigned from the bench after serving several years to become surveyor general, and he was succeeded by Joseph Gillman.

The resignation of Judge Turner in 1798 paved the way for the appointment to the court of Return Jonathan Meigs, a graduate of Yale college, and who subsequently became one of the most illustrious sons of the Buckeye state—in fact his career is one of the most distinguished to be found in the accomplishments of a list of men who made history in the days of the Northwest Territory. Judge Meigs became a judge of the Ohio supreme court when that tribunal came into being after the adoption of the first constitution. He served also as governor of Ohio, United States judge in a Michigan district, a general in the war of 1812, a United States senator and a member of the cabinets of Presidents Madison and Monroe. A county in southern Ohio bears his name, and this man's name has been written into the history of Ohio and the Northwest Territory in deeds the memory of which will never be eradicated.

The laws under which the hardy pioneers of this territory lived were drastic and harsh in the extreme. The settlers were a religious people on the whole. They lived plainly and simply and close to nature, and inconsequential fractures of the law or misconduct were, in those days, regarded as much more serious than law violations of equal degree would be in this day. Deeds that were punishable in those days are not now in the criminal codes. Each new generation had certain new standards and beliefs that it proceeded to have written into law for the courts to construe, and while the pendulum may be said to now and then swing backward and forward, yet in great moral and religious movements the advance has been steadily forward. The same has been true of America, and back of this progress can be seen the principle that a great majority of the men and women of this country are well intentioned and right thinking people.

That the laws of early Ohio were harsh and severe, that the settlers often took the administration of the law into their own hands can not be held against the men in those days. The human timber was as good in those days as it is today; the environment



was different. The sparsely settled country, the presence of Indians, the primeval manner of living and the rough and hardy life were reflected in the harsh and drastic laws.

The judges and justices of those early days were, as a rule, men of ability, energy and of profound common sense. In fact the latter quality was needed to a large degree, for with the scarcity of law the justices frequently had to resort to their sense of right and wrong to settle controversies. Every justice had to be a sort of traveling Solomon, and the pioneers, with their love of justice and respect for governmental authority, respected and obeyed these curbstone opinions and decisions.

The duties of the pioneer judges were arduous and varied, and they were poorly compensated. They shared their discomforts with the lawyers in traveling about by primitive methods from county seat to county seat, and the distances in those days between settlements were far greater than they are today. There were none of the conveniences that have come in later days to comfort the traveler, and the judges had to accept any manner of accommodation that could be found. Law books and precedents were few; but oratory abounded and it was marked by directness and force. The lawyer was allowed a latitude in his remarks that would not be countenanced today, and the pleas were featured by acting and demonstrations that all tended to develop the individuality of the lawyer. The successful attorney on account of this latitude became a figure of renown; he was crowned with a halo and when he came to town he was greeted as an illustrious character. Men and women flocked to the courtroom in those days, when they could spare the time from their work of clearing the forest or tilling the soil, to hear the lawyer talk and the judge expound his theories of jurisprudence.

Rough wit and bald logic were relied on largely to win the juries, and results were usually reached much more quickly than today, and with, no doubt, as much justice. This training was exceedingly fruitful of talent and the Bench and Bar of that early period contained names that enriched history and careers were achieved that stand forth as enduring monuments of fame.

The territorial court, as it was organized under the provisions of the Ordinance of 1787, endured until 1799, and while many of the acts promulgated in that period were designed to meet the peculiar conditions that existed, yet many of them have been adopted in substance or in toto and today are in the general code of our state or in the constitution.

The very first law published by this territorial court bears the date of July 25, 1788, and it was promulgated at Marietta, the oldest city in Ohio. The settlers early recognized the need of a military force to be available at all times for the support of organized government. The doctrine of "military preparedness" was indeed an issue in those days and there were no delays or procrastinations in preparing, although the country had just emerged from one long and bloody struggle that tried men's souls and made them weary of warfare.

The very first law that was enacted by the territorial court was

entitled "A law for regulating and establishing the militia in the territory of the United States, northwest of the Ohio river." The measure was enacted at Marietta, Ohio, by Governor Arthur St. Clair, the first executive of the territory, and by the Honorables Samuel Holden Parsons and James Mitchell Varnum, judges of the court.

Men of brains and learning in those days had their differences and clashes as they do today, and a difference of opinion arose between Governor St. Clair and the judges concerning the extent of their power in adopting laws. The governor maintained that the council could only adopt such laws as were in effect in other states in the Union, while the judges insisted that their authority was not so limited, and they outvoted the executive. The matter finally was referred to Congress and the governor was sustained.

Inferior to the territorial or supreme court were courts of common pleas for each county, and the courts of general quarter sessions of the peace. The former consisted of any number of judges, not less than three nor more than seven and had a general common-law jurisdiction, concurrent in the respective counties, with that of the supreme court; the general quarter sessions of the peace consisted of a number of justices for each county, to be determined by the governor, who were required to hold three terms in every year. This court had a limited criminal jurisdiction. Single judges of the common pleas and single justices of the quarter sessions were clothed with certain civil and criminal powers to be exercised out of court. In addition to these tribunals, each county had a judge of probate, clothed with the ordinary jurisdiction of a probate court.

These courts, the first of the kind in the Northwest Territory and in Ohio also—the ground work on which our whole judicial system was built—were authorized in a law promulgated on August 23, 1788. The first court to function in the territory was the court of common pleas, which convened in Marietta on the first Tuesday of September, 1788.

An account is given of this event, as follows, by one who is said to have been an eye witness of the ceremony of convening court:

"On that memorable first Tuesday of September, 1788, the citizens, Governor St. Clair and the other territorial officers and military from Fort Harmar being assembled at the Point, a procession was formed, and, as became the occasion, with Colonel Ebenezer Sproat, sheriff, with drawn sword and wand of office, at the head, marched up a path which had been cut through the forest, to the hall in the northwest block house of Campus Martius, where the whole countermarched, and the judges, General Rufus Putnam and General Samuel Tupper, took their seats on the high bench. Prayer was fittingly offered by Reverend Manasseh Cutler, who was on a visit to the new colony, after which the commissions of the judges, clerks and sheriff, were read, and the opening proclaimed in deep tones by Colonel Sproat in these words:

"Oyez! a court is opened for the administration of even-handed justice to the poor and rich, to the guilty and the innocent,

without respect of persons; none to be punished without trial by their peers, and then in pursuance of the laws and evidence in the case."

This was the opening of the first court of common pleas in the state of Ohio, and the words are far different from those now used when all present are commanded to arise and the bailiff speaks the words that brings the court to order and opens the session.

It will be seen that the people of those days expected much of the court of common pleas. They clothed it with exalted dignity, looked up to, and revered it, as a source from whence would flow justice for all.

The Indian chiefs of the territory, who had been invited to the ceremony by Governor St. Clair, were curious witnesses of the establishment of the first court, and, as they are a people who like pomp and ceremony, they undoubtedly were much impressed at this introduction of a strange custom and institution into the territory that had so long been their home.

One week later, on the second Tuesday of September, 1788, the first session of the court of quarter sessions was held. According to record that has been left, it was convened in the southeast block house that was occupied by Colonel E. Batelle, a name that is influential to this day in southeastern Ohio. The usual proclamation of the sheriff preceded the opening of the court and the clerk of the court read the commissions of the judges; General Rufus Putnam and General Samuel Tupper were appointed justices of the quorum, and Isaac Pearce, Thomas Lord and R. G. Meigs, assistant justices. Meigs was clerk of the court.

The first lawyer admitted to the practice of law in the Northwest Territory was Paul Fearing, of Marietta, and he also was appointed, by the court, attorney for the United States in Washington county. Although he was at the time without competition in all the territory that at that time made up Washington county he was able to take care of all the business that arose, including private practice and to take care of his duties as legal representative in the county for the United States Government.

The ceremony of admission took place at Marietta in 1788. He received a certificate which was signed by Judges Mitchell and Varnum. The following oath was subscribed to by the attorney: "I swear that I will do no falsehood nor do any in the courts of justice; and if I know of any intention to commit any I will give knowledge thereof to the justices of said courts, or some of them, that it may be prevented. I will not willingly or wittingly promote or sue any false, groundless or unlawful suit, nor give aid or consent to the same, and I will conduct myself in the office of attorney with the said courts according to the best of my knowledge and discretion, and with all good fidelity, as well to the courts as to my clients, so help me, God." The records disclose that Mr. Fearing must have been considerably impressed with the dignity of his profession and the obligations he had assumed, for in his first effort in argument before the supreme court, he said: "May it please your honors—May it please your honors—I have forgotten what I intended to speak." That was the beginning and end of

his argument, but this unsuccessful attempt at oratory should not be accepted as an indication of his ability as an attorney-at-law. For later Mr. Fearing became a successful lawyer, practicing in all the courts of the territory. He was reliable in his dealings with his clients and opponents. He was known as a safe and conservative man and he was honored several times by the electorate of his congressional district and county. He served in the Ohio legislature in 1799-01 and in 1804 he was elected to Congress. He served one term as a probate judge and in 1810 he was an associate judge. Born in Massachusetts, Mr. Fearing graduated from Harvard, read law in Windham, Connecticut, and he came to Marietta in June, 1788.

Then came the empaneling of the first grand jury and although the matters that came to the attention of this first body required but little of the time of the members, yet the jurors were impressed with the dignity of their position and the obligation that rested on them. They listened quietly and intently to the charge that was given with much dignity and propriety by Judge Putnam and at one o'clock the members filed slowly out of the court room to commence their investigation. The court adjourned for a half hour, and at one-thirty o'clock the grand jurors, having completed their investigation, entered the court room and presented to the judges a written report, which, after being read, was ordered filed in the public records. Judge Putnam, after the custom now followed, made suitable reply to the jurors, in the course of which he thanked them for their service. There being no further business the court adjourned *sine die*.

The members of this first grand jury in the state of Ohio were: William Stacy, Nathaniel Cushing, Nathaniel Goodale, Charles Knowled, Aselm Tupper, Jonathan Stone, Oliver Rice, Ezra Lunt, John Matthews, George Ingersol, Jonathan Devol, Samuel Stebbins, Jethro Putnam and Jabez True.

One week after the publication of the law creating the court of quarter sessions, the act establishing a probate court was promulgated. On September 6, 1788, there was published a "Law respecting crimes and punishments." That measure presents a study in what is regarded today as curious legislation. The drastic character of the provisions would indicate that while the great majority of the pioneers were respecters of the law, those who stepped outside the bounds of conduct provided by the law were very bad indeed, and that only the most severe laws and forms of punishment would operate to restrain the lawless and careless.

One section of this measure provided a fine of \$500 and flogging of not to exceed thirty-nine stripes for one who was convicted on a charge of participating in mob violence. The culprit in such cases was placed in a straight-jacket, it would seem, as he was required by law to give security for good behavior, and in default of security he was to be imprisoned in jail for not exceeding three years.

Burglary, as it is today, was considered a heinous offense and the law provided that if any violence to the person was committed or attempted in perpetrating the burglary, the offender's property,

upon conviction, real and personal, was to be forfeited to the territory, the injured person to be recompensed from it, and a jail sentence of not to exceed forty years was added.

The law of September 6, 1788, in addition to punishing burglary, provided penalties for murder, manslaughter, treason, arson, riots, robbery, unlawful assemblies, perjury, subordination of perjury and a host of other offenses. Although those were the days when stimulants in the form of alcoholic beverages were passed about at socials and corn huskings, and men at work stopped now and then to take a nip from the jug, drunkenness was punished by a fine of five dimes for the first offense, and for every succeeding offense the sum of one dollar, and "in either case upon the offender's refusal or neglect to pay the fine, he was to be set in the stocks for the space of one hour."

Although the pioneers were a hardy lot and lived amidst conditions that brought out the rough side of their natures, an act was published against improper and profane language in the following words:

"Whereas, idle, vain and obscene conversation, profane cursing and swearing, and more especially irreverently mentioning, calling upon or invoking the Sacred Name by any of the divine characters in which He had graciously consented to reveal His infinitely beneficent purposes to mankind, are repugnant to every moral sentiment, subversive of every civil obligation, inconsistent with the ornaments of polished life, and abhorrent to the principles of the most benevolent religion, it is expected therefore, if crimes of this kind should exist, they will find no encouragement, countenance or approbation in this territory. It is strictly enjoined upon all officers and ministers of justice, upon parents and other heads of families, and upon others of every description that they abstain from practices so vile and irrational, and that by example and precept, to the utmost of their power, they prevent the necessity of adopting and punishing laws with penalty upon this head. And it is hereby declared that government will consider as unworthy its confidence all those who may obstinately violate these injunctions."

The people of these early days were religious, and they spent much more time at church on the Sabbath than do those of the present generation. Evidence of this religious inclination may be gathered from the following act relative to the observance of the Sabbath:

"Whereas, mankind in every stage of informed society has consecrated certain portions of time to the particular cultivation of the social virtues, and the public adoration and worship of the common parent of the universe; and whereas, a practice so rational in itself, and conformable to the divine precepts is greatly conducive to civilization and piety, and, whereas, for the advancement of such important and interesting purposes, most of the christian world have set apart the first day of the week as a day of rest from common labor and pursuits, it is, therefore, enjoined that all servile labor, works of necessity and charity only excepted, be wholly abstained from on that day."

The building and establishing of a court house, county jail, pillories, whipping post and stocks in every county was among the important acts adopted. Another section, subjecting real estate to execution for debt, was a part of the code of these early days before the state of Ohio was organized.

Although the litigants were few in those early days and the dockets were abbreviated, there evidently was considerable demand for elimination of delays in the trials of law suits, for one of the laws promulgated by the legislative council was designed for the purpose of avoiding unnecessary delays in hearing of cases after issues were joined. Still another, limiting the time for commencing civil actions was enacted December 28, 1788. This law was disapproved by Congress, May 8, 1792, and another measure on the same subject that was promulgated in 1795 was repealed by the territorial legislature as unconstitutional. No law on this subject was afterward promulgated until in 1803, when the general assembly of Ohio passed an act of limitation, and we have since had such measures in operation.

Although the conditions were far different in those days under the Ordinance of 1787 than at present, yet a perusal of the pages of history of the distant past reveal that the courts dealt with many subjects that are live issues in these days. For instance, there are sections of our general code that regulate the fees to be charged by attorneys-at-law, and so there were in those days.

One act on this subject that was promulgated under the Ordinance of 1787 regulated the fees of officers of the court, including attorneys. It allowed a judge of the general court, for allowing a writ of error, sixty-two and a half cents; for every supersedeas, thirty-seven and one half cents; the same fee was allowed for taking bail; for taking an affidavit, twelve and one half cents; admitting a counselor-at-law, or attorney, one dollar and twenty-five cents; licensing a counselor-at-law, or attorney, three dollars and seventy-five cents.

A retainer fee of three dollars and fifty cents was allowed an attorney in a general court, but where several suits were brought upon one note or bond, no more than one retainer fee was allowed; drawing warrant of attorney, twenty-eight cents; drawing of process and returns, twelve and a half cents; for argument on special motion, one dollar and twenty-five cents.

Attorneys in the court of common pleas were allowed twelve and a half cents for drawing a warrant of attorney; the fee for drawing each motion was twenty-five cents; drawing a declaration and other pleadings brought the compensation to twelve and a half cents per sheet, containing seventy-two words, and for every copy thereof, six cents additional was allowed. The attorney in these days would not be able to make both ends meet under such a schedule of fees, nor would he be able to pay his stenographer or office rent alone were he to make such charges. But wants were simple and there was plenty to be had so that the fees were quite acceptable, for no complaint is registered against them anywhere in the history of those days.

The attorney general was allowed these fees: Entering every

cessal processus or nolle prosequi for each defendant, sixty-two and one half cents; every indictment per sheet, eighteen cents; fee on trial, three dollars; for trial of every capital offense where life was concerned, eight dollars.

By the year 1790, the population of the territory had increased to such an extent, and the litigation grown to such a volume, that an act was passed increasing the number of terms of the common pleas court from two to four, and the number of common pleas judges to not less than three or more than seven.

It was about this time that the first law was enacted authorizing the judges to divide the counties into townships—the first recognition of that small political subdivision. The granting of divorces was regulated in another measure that was put into the legal code; the partition of lands was provided and an act regulating marriage also was promulgated.

In 1795 the judges and governor undertook to revise the territorial laws and to establish a complete system of statutory jurisprudence, by adoptions from the laws of the original states. They assembled for this purpose in Cincinnati in June and continued their efforts until late in August. Several changes were made in the judicial system and among them are these more important ones. The seat of the general court was fixed at Cincinnati and Marietta, and a circuit court was established with power to try, in the several counties, issues in fact pending before the superior tribunal, where alone causes could be decided finally. Orphans' courts were established, with jurisdiction along the line of that of the probate court. Laws were also adopted to regulate judgments and executions, for the limitation of actions, for the distribution of intestate estates and for other general purposes. Finally, in order to create some great general reservoir of law and to provide for certain principles and policies that might have been overlooked, the governor and judges adopted a law providing that the common law of England and all general statutes in aid of the said law, prior to the fourth year of James I., should be in full force within the territory. The law thus adopted was an act of the Virginia legislature, passed before the Declaration of Independence, when Virginia was a British colony, and at the time of its adoption had been repealed so far as it related to the English statutes. The other laws of 1795 that were thus enacted at Cincinnati were derived principally from the statute books of Pennsylvania. From this time to the organization of the territorial legislature in 1799, there were no acts of legislation, except ten laws that were adopted in 1798.

In the meantime, the population of Ohio had expanded greatly. From Marietta the settlers traveled westward. Thousands came over the Appalachian mountains and took up their abode in the territory that is now the state of Ohio. In October, 1788, John Cleves Symmes, in behalf of himself and associates, contracted with Congress for the purchase of a million acres of land adjoining the Ohio and between the Great and Little Miami rivers. Non-payment of the purchase price caused the land to revert to the government, but the matter was finally straightened out, and a patent was

issued for 311,682 acres, of which 248,540 acres became the property of the patentees. The residue consisted of grants for various purposes. Not many months later, Symmes sold the site of Cincinnati to Matthias Denman, of New Jersey, who entered into a contract with Colonel Patterson and Mr. Filson, of Kentucky, for laying out a town. Filson, however, was killed by the Indians before he became entitled to any proprietary rights under the contract, which was transferred to Israel Ludlow. On the twenty-sixth of December, Patterson and Ludlow, with a small party, arrived at the site of the projected settlement. In the course of the winter, a town was surveyed and laid out by Colonel Ludlow and the courses of the streets for the future city were laid through the forest. The name, Losantville, was first given the settlement, but afterward it was changed to Cincinnati. From this time on, settlements developed quickly. The region between the Miamis, from the Ohio far up toward the sources of the Mad river, became chequered with farms, and abounded in indications of the presence of an active and prosperous people.

In 1796 Wayne county was established, including all of the northwestern part of Ohio, a large tract in the northeastern part of Indiana, and the whole territory of Michigan. In July, 1797, Adams county was erected, and it included a large tract of land lying on both sides of the Scioto river and extending northward to Wayne. Other counties were formed out of those already set up. Before the end of 1798, the Northwestern Territory had 5,000 free resident males, and eight organized counties.

The time then—1798—appeared to be ripe for the election of a general assembly. The Ordinance of 1787 provided that as soon as it was established that 5,000 free male inhabitants resided in the territory they should be authorized to elect a legislative body. No method being provided for the establishing of proof of the necessary population, Governor St. Clair issued a proclamation on October 29, 1798, announcing that the territory contained the required number of inhabitants and calling on the people to elect representatives on the third Monday of December, 1798. The proportionment of representatives was one to every 500 voters; but it was provided that three years' citizenship in the United States and residence in the district should be qualifications of the representatives, and they should each be the owner in fee simple of 200 acres of land in the district.

Provision for a general assembly, consisting of a governor, a legislative council and a house of representatives was made in the ordinance. The council was to be made up of five members, who were to hold office for five years, unless removed before that time for cause. The council was selected in the following manner: The representatives, after being elected by the people, met at a designated place and time and nominated ten persons, each of whom also must be a freeholder of 500 acres of land. The names of the ten so nominated were sent to Congress, and the body then selected five men who sat as members of the council.

Prior to the assembling of the first general assembly of the territory the representatives chosen by the electors assembled



in Cincinnati on February 4, 1799, and proceeded to nominate ten men for the legislative council. The names so chosen were submitted to Governor St. Clair, and he forwarded them to the secretary of state, who, in turn, handed them over to President Adams. The latter, with the approval of the senate, appointed the following men to the first legislative council of the first territorial general assembly: Jacob Burnet and James Findlay, of Hamilton county; Henry Vanderburgh, of Knox county; Robert Oliver, of Washington county; and David Vance, of Jefferson county. The first territorial general assembly members assembled at Cincinnati on September 16, 1799, for the first session, but there was not a quorum in attendance, and it was not until eight days later that the two houses organized and were ready for business. On September 16, 1799, the authority of the governor and judges to make laws for the territory ceased, and thereafter the people of the territory were governed by measures enacted by the territorial legislature.

Edward Tiffin, of Ross county, was elected by unanimous vote, speaker of the house of representatives, and Henry Vanderburgh was chosen president of the council.

Judge Burnett, of Cincinnati, who was a member of this body, has given to history his impressions of the men who sat in the first legislative body, as follows:

"In choosing members to the first territorial legislature, the people, in almost every instance, selected the strongest and best men in their respective counties. Party influence was scarcely felt, and it may be said with confidence, that no legislature has been chosen under the state government which contained a larger proportion of aged, intelligent men than were found in that body. Many of them, it is true, were not acquainted with the forms and practical duties of legislation, but they were strong-minded, sensible men, acquainted with the conditions and wants of the country, and could form correct opinions of the operation of any measure proposed for their consideration."

The assembly, as one of its first acts, covered many subjects of necessary legislation by approving and declaring in force many acts which had been adopted previously by the judge and governor.

This legislation was followed by another measure on October 29, 1799, regulating the admission and practice of counselors-at-law and attorneys-at-law. The rule for admission was quite different than at the present time. First, the applicants produced to a judge of the general court a certificate showing that for a period of four years he had diligently and earnestly pursued the study of law under the direction of a general practitioner in the district and then he was examined. If he passed he was given a certificate signed by two or more judges of the general court, and then he obtained a license to practice from the governor of the territory. Under this he was authorized to appear and practice in all the courts according to the laws and customs and during good behavior. This act, following the outline of that adopted by the judges and governor before set forth, retained the distinction between counselor and attorney-at-law, and their admission to practice at the general court and the court of common pleas. The

judges of the court of common pleas were given authority to reprimand and punish attorneys and counselors, and every attorney or counselor-at-law, who received money for the use of client and refused to pay the same to the proper person, could be proceeded against summarily by the court. This authority is possessed by the courts today and it is known as disbarment proceedings.

The second session of the first territorial general assembly met at Chillicothe, then the seat of the government, on November 3, 1800, and it adjourned on the ninth day of December in the same year. The first session of the second general assembly of the territory was held at Chillicothe on November 23, 1801, and it ended on January 23, 1802. Edward Tiffin was again honored by being elected speaker of the house of representatives and Robert Oliver was chosen president of the legislative council. This assembly adjourned to meet again in the following November, but a second session was not held, because a census was taken of the eastern division of the Northwest Territory embracing the state of Ohio and it was found that the population exceeded 45,000 persons. The sentiment for statehood, on account of differences of certain officeholders with Governor St. Clair about the latter's authority under the Ordinance of 1787, had been growing in the territory. The smouldering flame blazed forth when the governor, on December 19, 1799, addressed the general assembly and announced his dissent to eleven of the acts that had been enacted by that body. The fight continued from that time on until an appeal was dispatched to Congress for authority to call a convention for the purpose of drafting a constitution and taking other steps necessary for the formation of a new state, and obtaining its admission to the union. Authority of Congress was given in a law entitled, "An act to enable the people of the eastern division of the territory northwest of the River Ohio to form a constitution and state government, and for the admission of such state into the union on equal footing with the original states, and for other purposes." This measure received the approval of the president and became a law April 30, 1802.

## UNDER THE CONSTITUTION OF 1802

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THE convention which drafted the first constitution of the state of Ohio was a business-like body of men. The members certainly can not be accused of procrastinating, for the delegates met at Chillicothe November 1, 1802, and notwithstanding the importance of the work entrusted to them and the fact that they had to set up an entire new organic law, so expeditiously did the delegates work that they were able to turn aside from their labors and adjourn on the twenty-ninth day of November, just twenty-eight days after the session convened. The constitution was not submitted to the people for ratification.

The preparation of the third article of this constitution produced long discussion and many differences of opinion before an adjustment was reached. This article related to the judiciary of the infant state and the original draft came from the pen of Charles Willing Byrd, who was one of the representatives from Hamilton county. He also was secretary of the territory and afterwards the temporary successor of Governor St. Clair. The article provided for the establishment of a supreme court to sit at the capital only. This provision was objected to by delegates, who wanted justice brought to the different counties in the state, and a compromise was reached whereby the supreme court justices were to meet once a year in each county of the state. Such a provision would, under the existing means of transportation, and with the conveniences of the modern day, mean a vast amount of endeavor on the part of the supreme court justices and would cause them to make many sacrifices in home life; but it will have to be left to the imagination for one to estimate the work done and the hardships endured by those early-day supreme court justices as they traveled about the state.

The provision did not prove satisfactory in operation for it required the judges to be traveling half of the year, and then in the counties that were far removed from the capital, law books were scarce, and the judges did not have recourse to the decisions and precedents. Members of the court traveled separately and as a result, different decisions were made in different counties on the same points. In 1821, the legislature remedied this situation to a certain extent by providing for a special session of all judges of the supreme court in the state capitol, at which time cases reserved in the counties were passed upon.

One of the weakest points in the Constitution of 1802, was that section which made the judiciary subservient to the general as-

sembly. Judges of the supreme court, the presidents and associate justices of the court of common pleas were to be elected by joint ballot of the general assembly. The provision was but one of the many manifestations of democracy, with which the people, after the experiences under the rule of England, were strongly imbued. The judges in many instances became the victims of politicians, and the system, in after years, gave rise to scandal and intrigues. Antagonism and rivalry between the legislative and judicial branches of the state government were engendered. After a number of years the people of Ohio saw the need for an independent judiciary and in the Constitution of 1851, provision was made for the election of the judiciary by the people.

The Constitution of 1802, in addition to providing for a supreme court, also decreed that there should be established a court of common pleas for each county in the state, and that justices of the peace be named, and such "Other courts as the legislature may, from time to time, authorize," were provided.

The common pleas courts under this constitutional provision were made up of one president judge, and of not less than two or more than three associate judges, who were required to be residents of the county in which they held office. The president judge was a lawyer and was chosen by the electorate of the common pleas district, which was made up of a large number of counties. The associate judges were laymen, and were named for the bench on the theory that they would assist the president judge in arriving at conclusions on facts that were presented, while the president judge, being learned in the law, would determine and apply the law in the case. The system appears unwieldy at this date, but it was continued until the adoption of the Constitution of 1851, when the state was divided into common pleas districts, from which the judges were elected, while the office of associate judge was abolished.

The first general assembly, under this constitution, which met at Chillicothe on Tuesday, March 1, 1803, enacted, on April 15th, following, a measure providing for the organization of "judicial courts" and abolishing all courts, which had been established during the existence of the territorial government.

At this session of the legislature Return Jonathan Meigs, Jr., Samuel Huntington and William Spriggs were chosen justices of the supreme court, and Francis Dunlavey, Wyllys Sillman and Calvin Pease, judges of the district courts.

The second general assembly, which convened on December 5, 1803, passed an act regulating the duties of justices of the peace and constables in criminal cases, making their jurisdiction co-extensive with their counties in criminal matters and with their townships in civil causes. This measure is still in spirit in our general code. Forms also were prescribed for justices in their practice and with little change, if any, they are still used.

A grave conflict between the legislative and judicial branches of the state government created the first serious trouble of the new state, and it was caused by a disagreement about the power of the judiciary to pass on the acts of the general assembly. Men

who sat in the latter body were jealous of their authority, and they argued that if the courts could pass on the constitutionality of legislative enactments, the judges would be supreme to the members of the general assembly.

The crisis in the disagreement came in 1805, when the general assembly enacted a measure defining duties of justices of the peace and constables and repealing all former laws in force on that subject. Among other things, the act provided that justices of the peace should have jurisdiction in civil cases to the amount of fifty dollars without jury trial. The constitutionality of this act was before several courts of the state and the matter aroused great interest throughout Ohio, as well as in the other sections of the new commonwealth.

The court of common pleas for the third circuit, of which Calvin Pease was the presiding judge, and Judges Huntington, of Cuyahoga county, and George Tod, of Trumbull county, constituting a majority of the supreme court of the state, in different cases, decided that the section of the law giving justices of the peace jurisdiction in cases exceeding twenty dollars without jury trial and that the part of the twenty-ninth section preventing plaintiffs recovering costs in actions commenced by original writ from the court of common pleas for amounts between twenty and fifty dollars were unconstitutional.

The opinion was received with much opposition on the part of members of the general assembly, and the flames of opposition were fanned by the fact that the Jeffersonian idea of vesting the power of the people in the legislature was the chief idea of the constitution. So pronounced became the feeling against the ruling that at the next session of the general assembly, in 1807-08, a resolution for the impeachment of the offending judges was offered, in the house of representatives, but it was not acted upon before adjournment. Judge Huntington was elected governor of Ohio before the next general assembly convened and he resigned his judicial seat before the law-makers reassembled. The impeachment proceedings were not allowed to drop, however, and shortly after the general assembly re-convened, a committee was appointed to inquire into the official conduct of Judges Huntington, Tod and Pease, with authority to return impeachment proceedings, or to report otherwise. This committee reported articles against Judges Tod and Pease.

Against Judge Pease the three charges in substance were:

First: That on appeal from the judgment of a justice of the peace for a sum exceeding twenty dollars, he had reversed the judgment on the ground that the justice was without constitutional authority in such a case.

Second: That he had allowed the plaintiff his costs in an action for a sum between twenty and fifty dollars commenced on original writ from the court of common pleas upon the plaintiff's recovering judgment.

Third: That sitting as presiding judge he had on several occasions ruled that the court had authority to pass on the constitutionality of acts of the general assembly and that he had set

aside and rendered null and void a section of the act regulating the duties of justices of the peace. The articles against Judge Tod contained a single charge—that in substance made in the first charge against Judge Pease.

Both jurists were summoned before the bar of the senate and forced to plead on the issues joined. The records show that on December 24, 1808, the following message was sent from the house of representatives:

"The house of representatives having instructed the managers appointed to conduct the impeachment against Calvin Pease, Esquire, president of the third circuit court of the court of common pleas of this state, to proceed to the bar of the senate with the articles of impeachment against the said Calvin Pease, Esquire, and there demand that the said Calvin Pease, Esquire, be put to answer the said articles of impeachment exhibited against him." Committees then were formed to prepare and report the method for proceeding in the conduct of the trial.

On December 27th, the managers having taken the seats within the bar of the senate, that were set aside for them, the sergeant-at-arms made proclamation of the trial in the following words: Oyez, Oyez, Oyez, all persons are commanded to keep silence under the pain of punishment, while the grand inquest of the state is exhibiting to the senate of Ohio, articles of impeachment against Calvin Pease, president of the court of common pleas of the third circuit. The articles were read next, and in the course of the trial, the sergeant-at-arms was directed to call Calvin Pease, Esquire, three times in the following manner, to appear and answer: "Hear ye, Hear ye, Hear ye, Calvin Pease, president of the court of common pleas of the third circuit, come forward and answer the articles of impeachment exhibited against you by the house of representatives."

Several days were spent in the trial, while the people of the state who were without news of the proceedings except such as was brought in by horseback by men who had been in attendance, awaited eagerly for the outcome. In the senate journal of 1808-09 appears this short but interesting record: "High court of impeachment, Monday, February 6th. The state of Ohio vs. Calvin Pease. The court was opened by proclamation. Ordered, that the clerk notify the house of representatives that the senate is in their public chamber and ready to proceed further with the trial of impeachment of Calvin Pease, president of the courts of common pleas of the third circuit of this state. The managers accompanied by the house of representatives, attended. The respondent with his counsel, also attended on the first article of impeachment. The clerk took the opinion of the members of the court, respectively, in the following form: "Mr.—, how say you, is the respondent, Calvin Pease, guilty or not guilty of the high crime of misdemeanor as charged in the first article of impeachment?" The respondent was unanimously acquitted on the first charge. The clerk then took the opinion in the same way of each member of the second article of impeachment. Fifteen members voted "not guilty." Whereupon the speaker declared that "Calvin Pease, president of

the courts of common pleas of the third circuit of this state, is acquitted of all charges contained in the articles of impeachment exhibited against him by the house of representatives" and the court adjourned without delay. The proceedings against Juge Tod were conducted with the same formality and dignity and he also was acquitted.

This conflict was by no means ended with this formal proceeding which ended in a victory for the judges. Under the constitution, the term of office of the judges was fixed at seven years. That period had elapsed since the first session of the general assembly under the new constitution and now the argument was advanced that the time had come for a new general election of judges. Under this argument it was held that the judges who had been elected to fill vacancies could only serve out the residue of the original term of seven years, and the argument was used to enable the general assembly to make a clean sweep of the judiciary and to fill the offices with men of their own choosing.

The plan was opposed by many strong men of the state as being arbitrary and revolutionary, as well as violent. They contended that every judge elected to fill a vacancy was chosen in effect to serve a full term of seven years. In support of this construction the law regulating commissions was cited, and by it it was proven that it was customary to commission newly elected judges for a full term.

Members of the general assembly were not to be denied, however, and on January 18, 1810, a resolution was adopted that declared all judicial places vacant and the same pronouncement was made with respect to the secretary of state, treasurer of state and auditor of state. Thus by this single measure the most important office holders in the state government were removed, and in the same session another act was passed, which vacated the offices of justices of the peace and provided for the election of their successors.

The measure that brought about this drastic exercise of authority was called the "Sweeping Resolution" and the whole state was thrown into confusion. Some of the judges declined to relinquish their offices on the theory that the general assembly's construction of the constitution was wrong; others who held unexpired commissions and had again been elected refused to accept their new commissions and claimed their seats under the old ones. Respect for law was decreased; administration of justice was delayed and the whole proceedings had a most demoralizing effect. Probably the most serious phase of the whole controversy was the attempt that was made to intimidate the judiciary by impeachment. The legislature did not retrace its steps, however, and elected new judges of the supreme court and common pleas courts. In time acquiescence in the revolution thus produced became general.

Plainly stated, the question was: The federal constitution guaranteed trial by jury in cases involving more than twenty dollars, while the Ohio general assembly provided by law that there should be no jury trial unless the amount involved exceeded fifty dollars. There was no question about the facts, and the duty of the court appeared to be plain. The right of the judiciary to

pass on the constitutionality of legislative acts had been established by the United States Supreme Court in 1803, five years before the impeachment proceedings were started. Chief Justice Marshall wrote the decision in the case of *Marbury vs. Madison* and it is one of the most learned and masterly pronouncements handed down by that former great jurist.

The new state expanded rapidly before 1810. Settlements had been commenced on the Maumee river, near its mouth, over which the government of Michigan claimed and exercised jurisdiction, though they were within the boundary of the state as described by the constitution. The Ordinance of 1787 had provided that Congress might erect one or two states north and east of the west line to the southern bend of Lake Michigan; but this provision did not definitely establish that line as a southern boundary. The convention of the eastern division of the Northwest Territory assembled at Chillicothe and it was ordained, that, with the consent of Congress, a line drawn from the southern extremity of Lake Michigan to the northern cape of Maumee bay, should be established as the northwestern boundary of the new state. The assent of Congress was not given and this caused a notable controversy before the boundary was finally established.

The courts kept progress with the development of the state. Many problems created disputes between the settlers, and the courts were kept busy. The members of the state supreme court in those days were required to travel about the state, and the position meant much hard work and many sacrifices. The steam locomotive was not dreamed of. The justices were required to travel about from county to county on horse-back, and so were the early-day lawyers. There were no systems of highways, in fact the routes frequently traveled or laid out were but mere trails. Good roads were unknown, and as a result, the travels of the supreme court justices were undesirable and frequently hazardous.

The annual salary of the supreme court judges was \$800 for many years, and neither the small compensation nor the rigors of travel quite extinguished the social side of the court. There is plenty of evidence, on the contrary, that judicial dignity and the lofty position that the justices held in the new commonwealth were not permitted to retard the development of friends nor to hold back prankish desires.

In the year of 1816, the seat of government was established permanently at Columbus. In the course of the legislative session, commenced in December, 1816, an appropriation for contingent expenses was placed at the disposal of the governor and with a part of this that executive laid the foundation for the state library by purchasing a large number of books.

In 1819, the general assembly, in response to popular clamor, undertook to impose a tax upon branches of the national bank. The statute provided for a tax of \$50,000.00 on each branch of the national bank established in Ohio and under authority of this act, the officer of the state entered the vaults of the branch at Chillicothe, levied a tax of \$100,000.00 and deposited the money in the



state treasury at Columbus. The act was held unconstitutional, finally, and the money was restored.

In January, 1817, the general assembly first considered the development of the canal system between Lake Erie and the Ohio. Many measures were adopted on this subject, surveys and estimates were made and finally, in February, 1825, an act was passed providing for the internal improvement of the state of Ohio, by navigable canals. A canal board of seven members was created and it had authority to do the necessary construction work.

In the preface to Wright's reports is the following statement made by that judge, about the labor of the supreme court of these early days: "The supreme court of Ohio is now composed of four judges, the largest number the constitution permits. The constitution requires a court to be holden once a year in each county, and makes any two of the judges a quorum. A legislative act imposes upon the judges the duty of holding every year a court in banc at the seat of government. The principal result of this organization of the court is that the supreme court is generally held in the several counties by two judges. The judges relieve one another to suit their own convenience, so dividing their labor that each may perform one half of the circuit duty. The duties imposed on this court were so great as to make this relief necessary, for it would be difficult to find men of sufficient physical ability to participate in all of them. These judges now hold court in seventy-two counties each year, requiring 2,250 miles to travel. The number of cases on their trial dockets in 1834 was 1,459. The judges were occupied in banc from three to four weeks annually. If that time and Sundays are deducted from the year and the usual allowance is made for travel, the court, to clear its docket, would be under the necessity of deciding on an average of about seven cases a day, for each remaining day of the year."

This pressure upon the courts was relieved in part by the enactment of legislation increasing the number of supreme court judges and to establish new courts of common pleas throughout the state. There were thirty judges of the supreme court under the old Constitution of 1802, which covered a period of forty-nine years, and it was as important an era as the great state of Ohio ever had. The decisions of the court were not published by legislative authority and in permanent form until 1823, when the first volume of the Ohio reports was issued.

The judges under the old constitution were all able men, but many of them were especially eminent, and their decisions made the Ohio supreme court distinguished throughout the country. But the reputation of the bar at this time equaled that of the bench, for many of the greatest lawyers in the history of the state practiced under the old constitution.

William Creighton, of Chillicothe, a graduate of Dickinson college, where he was a fellow student of the great Rufus B. Ramey, afterwards chief justice of the Ohio State supreme court, was known as an illustrious member of the bar of those days. He was especially powerful before a jury. Mr. Creighton served many years in Congress, and he was an intimate friend of Daniel

Webster. Benjamin Leonard was another great member of the Chillicothe bar. Then came a cluster of famous names, men who elevated the bar of their state, men who will forever remain unsurpassed for their eloquence, wit, and scholarly attainments.

Among the foremost on this list of the illustrious is the name of Samuel F. Vinton. He was born in New England, of good, sturdy stock, and after graduating from Williams college he went west and settled at Gallipolis in 1816. He was elected a representative in Congress in 1823, and he served in that body fourteen years. He was again elected in 1843 and he served eight years, in all a period of twenty-two years. The lawyers of those days did not confine their practice largely to one county, as is now the case, where the dockets are large enough to occupy the time of trial judges and the attention of members of the bar throughout the year. The early-day lawyer, especially if he was known as a successful pleader, and a tactful man at the trial table, was called upon to go about the state and represent clients. Mr. Vinton was known all through the northern district of Ohio in his day. His greatest legal effort, no doubt, was his argument in the famous case of the commonwealth against Garner and others, before the supreme court of the state of Virginia.

This legal battle, which was watched throughout the nation, was fought in 1845, and it resulted from the fact that in July, 1845, some slaves, intending to escape from John H. Harwood, who resided in Wood county, Virginia, crossed the Ohio river in a canoe to the Ohio shore, where they were met by Peter M. Garner, Mordecai Thomas and Graydon J. Loraine, citizens of Ohio.

The trio of Buckeyes were in the act of assisting the slaves up the bank of the Ohio river when they were all arrested and taken into Virginia, imprisoned and subsequently indicted. The arrest was made on the Ohio side of the river, and Mr. Vinton raised the question of Virginia's jurisdiction. Mr. Vinton, in his argument, which has been proclaimed a masterpiece of legal sequence and logic, maintained that the jurisdiction of the state of Virginia did not extend on the north side of the river beyond low water mark. He argued that Virginia never had an ownership in any part of the Northwest Territory; first, because the charter which King James granted in 1609, and which was claimed as the source of Virginia's title, did not include land which lay beyond the Ohio, or west of the Allegheny mountains; and second, if the grant was originally broad enough to embrace the land lying within the Northwest Territory, the charter which the king granted to Virginia had been revoked by the court of king's bench in 1721, "when a judgment was rendered against the corporation, cancelling the patent and ordering the franchises of the charter resumed by the crown."

As an historical production the argument was overwhelming and unanswerable. Twelve judges heard the lawyer plead his case and by a bare majority of one, the decision was in the favor of Mr. Vinton's client, and this, too, in the state of Virginia, where slavery was an established institution. Simeon Nash was another great lawyer in the early days of Gallipolis, but his reputation chiefly rests on his authorship of Nash's pleadings. William Allen,

of Chillicothe, was another lawyer who achieved great distinction at the bar and was known all over northern Ohio. He became a United States senator and governor of Ohio.

No history of the bar of those days under the first constitution would be complete without a mention of the great Thomas Ewing, Rufus B. Ranney, Tom Corwin and N. B. Stanbury. Perhaps they were the greatest of all lawyers ever produced in the state. Each was without a peer in this especial field.

Ewing was a man of extraordinary intellectual attainments. He was a born lawyer. His mind was a legal one, and he would have been a great lawyer, it has been said, had he never opened a law book.

There were three judges of the first Ohio supreme court under the Constitution of 1802. They were Return Jonathan Meigs, Jr., of Washington county, who had served five years on the bench of the first supreme court of the territory; Samuel Huntington, of Cuyahoga county; and William Spriggs, of Jefferson county. The northern district of Ohio thus furnished two of the three judges of the first supreme court, and this section of the state has always produced its share of the men who have written brilliant pages in the history of the judiciary and bar of the commonwealth.

Judges Meigs and Huntington were appointed by the general assembly on March 1, 1803, while Judge Spriggs was named, April 2, the same year. Daniel Symmes, of Hamilton county succeeded Judge Meigs after he had served two years. George Tod, of Trumbull county, went on the bench February 1, 1807, when Judge Spriggs resigned.

Samuel Huntington was born in Coventry, Connecticut, October 4, 1765. He was a nephew of a signer of the Declaration of Independence, by whom he was adopted and raised. He was graduated from Yale in 1785, and eight years later he was admitted to the bar in Norwich. He practiced with considerable success in his native state until 1800, when he caught the fever to travel and he started west to make a tour of the Northwest Territory, which was a magnet for many young men of the east in those days, as it always has been. He first looked over the settlements in the western reserve and then visited Marietta, Ohio. There he met Governor St. Clair. But his desire for travel had not been satisfied and he journeyed to Youngstown. After stopping there a few days he went to Cleveland, where he settled in 1801. He took up the practice of law, and it was not long until he was known as a man of scholarly attainment and the possessor of superior talents. The newcomer was possessed of considerable more property than the average frontiersman of those days and he lived quite comfortably and luxuriously in his log cabin. Mr. Huntington was enterprising and thrifty; affable in social intercourse and correct in business methods. The electorate of his county honored him by sending him as a delegate to the constitutional convention in 1802, and when the state legislative body convened he sat in the upper house as a senator from Cuyahoga county. His colleagues further honored him by choosing him speaker of the senate. He was ambitious and his aspirations met with the proper response from the

electorate. After serving four years on the supreme court bench he resigned to accept the governorship of Ohio. In that position he displayed rare executive capacity, and his ability and tireless energy left a distinct impression on the state.

Another son of the western reserve who achieved distinction as a lawyer and then served on the state supreme court with credit was George Tod, of Trumbull county. He was born in Suffield, Connecticut, December 11, 1773, and he was a graduate of Yale. He taught school at New Haven to finance himself while he studied law at the school conducted by Judge Reeves, at Litchfield, and after being admitted to the bar he came to Ohio and settled in Trumbull county. During the same year he prosecuted the pleas of the United States government in the first court of quarter sessions in Warren. For a time he was secretary of the territory. Judge Tod's scholarship, his eminent place in the ranks of lawyers of northern Ohio, his experience and prominence in affairs gave him exceptional qualifications for the bench and during the three years that he served on the Ohio supreme court bench he won the respect and confidence of the bar and the people of Ohio. After the war of 1812, he served in the state senate, was prosecuting attorney of Trumbull county and he was president judge of the court of common pleas. The Tod family has long been prominent in Ohio politics and a son of the judge, David Tod, afterward was known as Ohio's war governor, as he served in the gubernatorial chair during the first years of the great civil war conflict, 1861-65.

Trumbull county contributed another man who occupies a prominent place in the history of the Ohio judiciary—Calvin Pease, who was appointed to the state supreme court in 1815. Although he did not possess the educational advantages of some of his eminent associates of those days, yet Judge Pease was not surpassed by any of them in discernment nor in his ability to apply the law to the case in hand. He was born in Suffield, September 9, 1776, and after being admitted to the bar he commenced the practice of law in New Hartford, in 1798. In 1800 he migrated to the west and settled in Warren, while the first courts of common pleas and quarter sessions were being held. Shortly after his arrival he was appointed clerk of the court. His talents were recognized in 1803 when he was named presiding judge of the third circuit. After serving seven years on that bench he resigned and took up the practice of law and was quite successful. Efforts were made to impeach the judge on account of his decisions bearing on the constitutionality of acts of the general assembly, but the attempt did not succeed, as has been told before. The judge was an excellent story teller and he loved a joke, provided it was not on himself. In the early days of his residence in Warren he coached a young justice of the peace on his duties in performing the marriage ceremony and then walked to Ravenna, twenty-five miles distant, that he might be present to prompt the justice in the event that he made a mistake in performing the wedding ceremony for a young couple. The bride and groom stepped up to the justice, the relatives and friends of the contracting parties crowded about, and the magistrate proceeded to pronounce the words that made the two man

and wife. He closed the invocation with "May God have mercy on your souls,"—as he had been coached by Judge Pease. There was a suppressed giggle to be heard in the gathering and the justice realized that he had been victimized, but he passed it off as a joke. Judge Thurman, in reciting a reminiscence of his first visit to the court room of the supreme judges, wrote: "There sat presiding one of the finest specimens of manhood I ever saw, Calvin Pease, then chief judge of the supreme court, dressed in a way that would make a dude faint, the most perfect dress I ever saw on a man, and the nicest ruffles to his shirt bosom, looking the very beau ideal of a gentleman of the old times. By his side sat Peter Hitchcock: What a team it was! Woe unto the man who had a bad cause and attempted to palm it off on them! What great men they were! Hitchcock was on the bench longer than Pease, though Pease achieved a wonderful reputation and deserved one, so much so that Thomas Ewing once said to me that of all the judges he ever appeared before, in his opinion, Calvin Pease was the greatest."

The name of Peter Hitchcock reflects distinction on the judiciary of Ohio, and it also adds lustre to the history of Geauga county, where the judge settled on land in 1806. He cleared a farm and built a home and at the same time practiced law in the sparsely settled community. His early life was a struggle for existence, as the forest had to be cleared and the settlers were so few that clients were scarce. His fees were not sufficient to keep the wolf from the door and he taught school several terms. But his talents were such and his will to succeed so strong that he was called into public service, first in 1810, when he was sent to the lower house of the general assembly, and two years later when he was elected to the Ohio senate. His talents were recognized by his colleagues in the law-making branch of the state government and he was a leader in both houses. The electorate of his district sent him to Congress in 1816 and three years later he was to be found on the supreme court bench. He was a member of the tribunal twenty-eight years and in all but seven of these he was the chief justice. The judge was a man of great physical and mental capacity and these led him to undertake prodigious tasks and to assume great obligations. He was a man of tireless industry and it was but natural that he should become a leader. He was possessed of a wonderful memory and was so well versed in the statutes that he frequently exhibited impatience when attorneys quoted sections wrongly. He was a master of the law and had a keen analytical mind.

Jefferson county contributed John M. Goodenow to the supreme court in 1830, but he resigned the following year on account of ill health and removed to Cincinnati, where, in 1833, he became president judge of the court of common pleas. He resigned this position also because of inability to preserve harmonious relations with the members of the bar. Mr. Goodenow came to Ohio from Massachusetts where he was born in 1782. He was of a fiery disposition and this led him into many controversies with judges and attorneys. One of the bitterest controversies that he engaged in was with Judge Tappan, before whom he urged a habeas corpus

case. He insisted in his argument that the common law applicable to the punishment of crimes had never been in force in Ohio. Judge Tappan did not agree with the attorney and the controversy reached the point where Mr. Goodenow finally brought action for slander against the jurist. The lawyer's conviction on the subject was so strong that it led him to write a book on it, in which his views were set forth with clearness and precision. It was published under the title, "American Jurisprudence in contrast with English Common Law." The supreme court of the state afterward sustained Mr. Goodenow's contention in *Smith vs. State*, 12 O. S. 466, and later in *Mitchell vs. State*, 42 O. S. 382.

Judge Wright was a lawyer-editor and he published the reports of the supreme court at the time he was a member of the tribunal, 1830 to 1835. He was a resident of Steubenville for many years, where he practiced law and occupied several public offices. He was managing editor of *The Cincinnati Gazette* in later life, and he was known as a fluent and forceful writer. He also served in Congress with distinction.

Reuben Wood went to the supreme court bench in 1832, from Cuyahoga county, and he served one full term. Mr. Wood had but twenty-five cents when he settled in Cuyahoga county in 1818; but his stock of industry, resourcefulness and ability was limitless. He was born in Vermont in 1792, and it was twenty-six years later that he started west. Mr. Wood served a term as state senator before he was a judge of the common pleas court, and he was chosen governor ten years after he retired from the state supreme court. His term was cut off almost at its beginning by the Constitution of 1851, but he was re-elected in 1852 by a good vote. This administration was very successful, Governor Wood displaying not only administrative qualities of a high degree, but executive capacity which enabled him to carry on the duties of his high office to the satisfaction of his Ohio constituency. At the democratic national convention in 1852, he was a candidate for the nomination for president and he was known as the "Cuyahoga Chief." The candidate received a respectable vote, which indicated that his talents were recognized in many states outside of Ohio. Political ambitions carried Mr. Wood away from law, but he was known as a man of ripe legal attainments and his work on the supreme court bench was characterized by a high degree of ability and discernment. The personal appearance of Mr. Wood was striking, and it served as an asset in his fights for political preferment, as well as for law business in his early days. A giant in stature, erect as an Indian, with the bearing of a soldier and the presence of a chief, he was genial in intercourse, and so affable that he soon made friends wherever he went.

Matthew Birchard was elected to the supreme court by the legislature in 1842. He resided, at the time, in Trumbull county, and while he served but one term on the bench, he was known as a judge of more than average ability. Born in Becket, Massachusetts in 1803, he came, with his parents, at the age of eight, to Ohio, and settled with them in Trumbull county, near Warren, then a village. Six years after he was admitted to the bar he was

made a judge of the common pleas court. That was in 1827. He had long been an admirer and supporter of President Andrew Jackson and he was a personal friend of the president. This friendship caused him to step aside from the law for awhile and accept the commissionership of the general land office, which was tendered him by the president. The opinions of Judge Birchard were characterized by fluency of expression and clearness of logic. He was known as a man of strong convictions, great will power, and possessing pertinacity of the sort that causes one juror out of twelve to dissent from the opinion of his colleagues.

Wayne county contributed another judge to the bench under the Constitution of 1802, when Edward Avery was elected by the general assembly in 1846. He resigned in 1851. Before going to the supreme court he served as prosecuting attorney of Wayne county, and subsequently was a state senator.

Although Rufus Pain Spaulding, a son of the Western Reserve, was appointed to the supreme court by the general assembly in 1849 for a term of seven years, his tenure was cut short by the intervention of the constitution of 1851. His service, historians say, would have continued longer had he consented to become a candidate for re-election. Mr. Spaulding was the son of a Massachusetts physician, and he was born in the Bay State in 1798. With his family, Mr. Spaulding removed to Norwich, Connecticut, and in that state his early opportunities for acquiring an education being good, he took advantage of them. Graduating from Yale when but nineteen, he read law in the office of Judge Swift, chief justice of the state. When a young man he commenced the practice of law in Little Rock, Arkansas, but after a few years there he came to Ohio and practiced with considerable success in Warren. Subsequently he resided in Portage, Summit and Cuyahoga counties. He represented Portage and Summit counties in the upper house of the general assembly at different times. One term of the assembly saw him in the speaker's chair in the house. At the close of his judicial service, Cleveland attracted him and there he practiced law for a number of years. Success only comes after long, hard, patient work by men of ability, and back of this usually may be found a strong will, and strong convictions. This was especially true of Judge Spaulding. So strong was his antipathy to slavery that his conviction led him, at the age of fifty, to break away from the political party that had commanded his allegiance throughout his life, renounce the institution of slavery and to support the Free Soilers in 1850. He became an aggressive member of the Republican party and was elected as its candidate for Congress in 1862, where he quickly attained the rank of a leader.

Judges Rufus P. Ranney and William P. Caldwell served on the supreme court bench under the constitution of 1802 and 1851. Judge Ranney, a notable character in the history of the judiciary and bar of Ohio, was one of Cuyahoga county's foremost sons in his day. In fact he will always rank as one of the most brilliant lawyers ever produced in the county, and the noteworthy traditions of the bar of that county were bound around the honored name of Rufus P. Ranney. His biography will be dealt with in

other pages of this history. Judge Caldwell went on the bench from Cincinnati.

So far, short sketches have been given of the men who went on the supreme court bench from the northeastern district of Ohio. Others who served in similar capacity in the days when the state was but a stripling and under a constitution that appears in these modern days rather crude, were: Daniel Symmes, of Hamilton county, 1805; Thomas Morris, of Clermont county, 1809; Thomas Scott, of Ross county, 1809; William R. Irvin, of Fairfield county, 1810; Eathan Allen Brown, of Hamilton county, 1810; John McLean, of Warren county, 1816; Jessup Nash, 1816; Jacob Burnet, of Hamilton county, 1821; Charles R. Sherman, of Fairfield county, 1823; Joshua Collet, of Warren county, 1829; Elijah Hayward, of Hamilton county, 1830; Gustavus Swan, of Franklin county, 1830; Frederick Grimke, of Ross county, 1836; Nathaniel C. Read, of Hamilton county, 1846.



# THE THIRD ERA IN OHIO

## THE CONSTITUTION OF 1851

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THE northern district of Ohio contributed two of her most distinguished sons to the first supreme court of the state under the Constitution of 1851. This tribunal was made up of five jurists, and the names of the men who sat on the bench at this time still stand out in the history of the judiciary of the state.

From Trumbull county, Rufus P. Ranney, the great lawyer, went to this first supreme court, while Richland county contributed her most distinguished son in Thomas W. Bartley. The other judges came from the southern part of Ohio, and in the number were: William B. Caldwell, of Hamilton county; John A. Corwin, of Champaign county; and Allen G. Thurman, of Ross county. All five names are to this day illustrious, and the decisions of the jurists placed the Ohio supreme court on a high standard. Judges Ranney and Caldwell had served under the first constitution, and their experience proved valuable to them when they took up the duties of justice under the constitution of 1851. Judge Caldwell was chosen chief justice of the court, and he served on the bench until 1854, when he resigned.

Those of the present generation will remember the popular demand for a change in the state constitution that swept the country just prior to the constitutional convention of 1912. The people of Ohio wanted something new. They had read considerable of innovations of government in some of the western states, measures that broadened the powers of the people and restricted the authority of their representatives in office. The change demanded called for steps nearer pure democracy and further away from the representative form of government.

This demand may be said to have come from the natural evolution of the generations. In the first days of the government, the states' constitutions lodged a rather autocratic power in men in office, while many of the requisites for office holding that were a feature of the monarchical form of government were retained in this country. The territorial government, for instance, was autocratic in form; but it proved effective and efficient, and officers of the law were given obedience and respect in unstinted measure. The power that the territorial governor possessed would not be tolerated by the electorate in these days, nor would the people think for a minute of vesting in a single body such authority as was possessed by the judges and the governor comprising the legislative council of the territory. As the years pass and the American people experiment with administrations of governmental measures, the tendency has been to drift further and further away

from the idea of a strong federal government, with a centralization of power in a few, that was espoused by President Washington and Alexander Hamilton. The Jeffersonian idea has for many years remained the dominant one in governmental reform, although, in late years, there has been noticed a tendency to "about face" and go back to the old idea of centralizing power in order to fix responsibility. Such a policy has been sensed in the demand for the city manager form of government, and although the advocates of this plan have at this time limited their activities to the cities, agitation in favor of applying the doctrine to the state government may be expected in the event the cities of Ohio go under this sort of management. In all individuals there is a feeling of restlessness, of the sort that exists in the wild animal. We all have seen the caged tiger pace untiringly back and forth in his cage, stopping now and then to paw the iron bars that stand between him and freedom, and to ferociously stare at the spectators on the outside of his prison.

Years of civilization have greatly curbed the restlessness in man, but it is by no means extinct. It is this that prompts a demand every so often for a change in the form of government. It is the same element in man that causes him to work hard and diligently in his position that he may be advanced, and, in fact, generates the power for all big reforms in society and government. Trace the history of Ohio and it will be found that every twenty to forty years the people always demanded some changes in their state constitution. Such demands may be expected in the future and at this time it is hard to anticipate in just what direction the pendulum will move next.

This feeling of unrest that now and then takes hold of the individual and moves him, existed throughout Europe and America before the constitution of 1851 was adopted. Discontent and revolution stalked abroad in Europe, and the people across the water were more or less successful in obtaining new concessions that broadened the power of the electorate and restricted the authority of rulers. While these manifestations were being given in Europe, there was an entirely different kind of activity in America, although the public mind was more or less affected by the feeling in Europe. Gold had been discovered in California and the announcement, slow as it was in being made in the east, gave a new impetus to business and commerce. Stories of the fabulous wealth of the gold fields and the large fortunes to be made were circulated freely in the middle west and east and there was a great rush across the Mississippi valley. The white-topped wagon became a familiar object and at the same time it helped greatly to increase population in the Northwest Territory. Thousands of men and women bound for the gold fields saw opportunities in the states through which they traveled and they abandoned their dreams of sudden wealth in the gold fields. The increases in population, the change in business and commercial conditions that came, made it necessary for the people of the states that had been created out of the Northwest Territory to change their organic laws. Illinois was the first state to have a constitutional convention, and the change was made

in 1848. Indiana and Michigan followed with new constitutions in 1850, while the Ohio constitutional convention assembled in 1851. That convention framed an organic law that made many radical changes in the organization of courts.

The general assembly had for a number of years under the constitution of 1802, been electing judges of the supreme court, but the organic law of 1851 took that authority away from the legislative body and lodged it in the electorate. The number of judges of the supreme court was fixed at five, the terms were limited to not less than five years, a majority of the five was pronounced a quorum of the court, and a session of the judges was required to be held in the state capital not less than yearly. The general assembly was given authority to increase the number of supreme court justices, in recognition of the fact that the commonwealth was growing fast. Power also was given the legislative body to lessen the number of justices, but in the event that was done, it was provided that the term of a member of the bench duly elected should not be decreased.

The further provision was made that when the number of supreme court justices was increased the state might be divided into three circuits and an equal number of justices should be assigned to hold court in each division. A majority of the judges sitting as an undivided court could make decisions and pronounce opinions that were accepted as expressions of the Ohio supreme court. When the justices sat in divisions a unanimous opinion was required before it could be regarded as the word of the supreme court. In the event that justices in division courts could not agree the subject was referred to all the justices of the state supreme court, who had exclusive consideration of causes that involved the constitutionality of acts of the general assembly and of Congress.

The five judges were unable to keep up with the docket and by a constitutional amendment, adopted October 12, 1876, a commission of five members was created for a term of three years to hear and determine appeals. The amendment gave the general assembly authority, after application had been made by the supreme court, to create not oftener than once in ten years, a like commission to sit for a term of two years. Under the amendment two commissions were created, and their work greatly facilitated the administration of justice. In the event of a vacancy in the supreme court occurring thirty days prior to a general election, the governor was authorized to fill it by appointment.

The first supreme court commission was created in February, 1876, and the members embraced some of the most distinguished lawyers in the commonwealth. After working three years the members laid down their task, with the docket practically empty, and the supreme court justices in condition to handle all matters remaining with dispatch. The members of this commission that were originally appointed included: Josiah Scott, of Crawford; William W. Johnson, of Lawrence; D. Thew Wright, of Hamilton; Richard A. Harrison, of Franklin; Luther Day, of Portage; and Judge Whitman, of Hamilton. In the first year of the work of the commission Judge Whitman resigned, and Thomas Ashburn, of

Clermont, was named to succeed him. The second commission was named in 1883 for a term of two years and it consisted of the following well known men of that period: Moses W. Granger, of Muskingum; George K. Nash, of Franklin; Franklin J. Dickman, of Cuyahoga; Charles D. Martin, of Fairfield; and John McCauley, of Seneca. A codifying commission commenced its labors in 1874 and completed them in 1879, and the members included: Michael A. Daugherty, of Fairfield; John B. Okey, of Franklin; and Luther Day, of Portage. Judge Okey resigned in 1877 to accept a place on the supreme bench, while Judge Day resigned in 1876 to take his place on the supreme court bench. It is to the credit of the state that the supreme court has always maintained a scrupulous standard of morality and integrity. The men who have been called from the legal profession to places on the bench have always shown a keen appreciation of the honor and dignity that attach to their position. In all the years that the court has been functioning there never has been a rumor of bribery or corrupt practices raised against a single member of the court. The published volumes containing reports of decisions by the court take high rank and the opinions have always been regarded as sound expositions of the law.

The northern district of Ohio contributed many sons to the supreme court while the constitution of 1851 endured, and it may be said that they enriched the tribunal with their learning, and their wisdom in applying the law to problems that were presented.

One of the most distinguished jurists that sat on this bench was Judge Thomas W. Bartley, of Richland county. He was born in Jefferson county, February 11, 1812, and he was the son of Mordecai Bartley and Elizabeth Wells. His collegiate course was taken at Jefferson college, Pennsylvania, and after studying law in Washington, D. C., and being admitted to the bar, he took up the practice in Mansfield in 1834. The young lawyer was not long destined to remain in the ranks of struggling barristers, for his ability and industry was such that he soon became a leader of the Richland county bar. His reputation traveled outside of that county, and he was called to the position of attorney general. For four years he was United States district attorney and for several years he was one of the leaders in the general assembly. He served as acting governor after the resignation of Governor Shannon in 1844 and the man who succeeded him after the election in 1844 was the father of the judge. Judge Bartley took up the practice of law upon retiring from the supreme court bench and then he subsequently removed to Washington.

Jacob Brinkerhoff was another jurist contributed by Richland county. He was elected to the bench in 1855 and was re-elected in 1860 and 1865, serving fifteen years in all. He was born in New York, August 31, 1810, of an old Dutch family, the first of which came to New York in 1638 and settled in New Netherlands, now New York. Judge Brinkerhoff was educated in the public schools, attending them until he was fifteen, then he moved with his parents to Steuben county, in the same state. There he worked on a farm until he was in the full bloom of young manhood, when he com-

menced the study of law in the offices of Howell & Howell, at Bath. He also read law with Rogers & Neaston and Henry Wells, in Pennyan, where he resided until 1835. A year later he took up his residence in Mansfield, where he became a partner of Thomas B. Bartley. Three years later he was elected prosecuting attorney, serving two terms. The judge was a Democrat, and in 1843 he was elected to Congress from the Mansfield district. After two terms in the house of representatives he returned to Mansfield and took up the practice of law. He was a keen student of the law, made friends and held them, was in demand on the stump at this time, and it was not long until he had picked up a lucrative practice in the law. The judge, early in his political career, opened a fight on the institution of slavery, and he joined the Free Soil party while serving in Congress. While a member of that body, he wrote the so-called Wilmot provision, which was an amendment to a pending bill, appropriating money for the purpose of permitting the president to negotiate peace with Mexico. The military invasion of the little country to the south of the Rio Grande had brought about the possession of California and New Mexico by the federal forces, and it was agreed that they should be part of the territory of this government. Representatives from the southern states were, in the interest of their slave-holding constituents, working to have slavery established in the new territory, while the Free Soilers were vigorously opposing such a course. They wanted the newly acquired territory dedicated to human liberty and this movement attracted the allegiance of many northern Democrats. The Whigs, who had opposed the war with Mexico, were ready for alliance, which would defeat the object back of the war. Judge Brinkerhoff drew up the amendment to the appropriation bill and then submitted it to his friend, Judge Vinton, a member of the house of representatives from Ohio, and a Whig. The proposed amendment provided that neither slavery nor involuntary servitude should exist in the acquired territory, except as punishment for crime, and Judge Vinton promised to support it. Judge Brinkerhoff looked about for some influential member of the house to offer his amendment, and he selected Mr. Wilmot because of his popularity with the national administration and the southern congressmen. Congressman Wilmot agreed to do so, and the measure was adopted. Other members of Congress, many of them influential ones, had been preparing proposals along the same line, but the original draft of the Wilmot amendment, which is on exhibition in the congressional library, is in Judge Brinkerhoff's handwriting. So strong was his convictions on the slavery question that they prompted his independent actions in Congress. When his brother, General R. Brinkerhoff, suggested to the judge that he restrain his convictions on the anti-slavery subject and remain in the Democratic party, as he could not otherwise expect political preferment, he replied: "That may do for some, but not for me. I have made my bed and I shall lie in it. It is true that I may not live to see liberty granted the slaves in my time, but as sure as God lives it will come some time, and I would rather my children and grandchildren should remember that

I lived in the faith and died in obscurity than to obtain preferment by the abandonment of my convictions or even by silence."

William Sutliff, of Warren, was elected in 1857, to succeed Judge Bowen, and he was re-elected in 1862, and in 1868 he retired from the bench after a distinguished service of ten years. He was one of the six sons of Daniel Sutliff, a revolutionary war veteran, all of whom, but two, became lawyers. He was graduated from Western Reserve college in 1834, and in the same year he took up the practice of law in Warren. The judge was a pronounced abolitionist, and he was a man of action. He advocated the abolition of slavery with all the fervor that seemed a part of the makeup of those men and women who spread the propaganda that later resulted in the Emancipation Proclamation. The judge made many enemies by his course, for slavery was an old established institution, and it was able to deliver some hard blows through its agents. But the judge was always respected as a man of honor and integrity, and his motives were never impugned.

The first resident of Ashtabula county to take a seat on the supreme court bench was Hon. Horace Wilder, who was appointed by the governor, December 12, 1863, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Gholson. In October, following, he was elected for the term expiring in February, 1865. On August 20, 1802, Judge Wilder was born in Connecticut, and at the age of twenty-one, he was graduated from Yale. Three years later he was admitted to the practice of law in Virginia. In 1827 he settled in Geauga county, and the following year he was admitted to the practice of law in this state. Immediately afterward he went to East Ashtabula where he engaged in the practice of law. The electors of his county honored him by choosing him to serve as their prosecuting attorney, and in 1834 he was sent to the general assembly. Judge Wilder held no other office in his early career until in 1855, when he was elected to the common pleas bench. He was very successful in his practice and was known for his kind disposition and toleration in dealing with the young and inexperienced members of the bar.

Now comes a name that occupies a prominent space in the history of the Ohio Bench and Bar—that of Luther Day, of Portage county, who went on the supreme court bench in October, 1864, was re-elected in 1869 and then retired after ten years of fruitful and useful service. On July 15, 1813, he was born in Washington county, New York. He entered a well known academy in the east, but the necessities of his family caused his retirement and his return home to work upon the farm. Not long after, the death of his father, who was hopelessly in debt, forced Judge Day, temporarily, to give up his ambition for an education and to support the young members of his family and his widowed mother. He was but sixteen years of age at the time, and the tremendous responsibilities thus put upon him gave him those qualities that were the foundation for his rise and success later in his life. Taking up the burden of supporting the family, he worked tirelessly and ceaselessly for the next six years, and he was not only able to support those dependent upon him, but to save the family home. The judge had

not quite given up his ambition for a college education, and so, at the age of twenty-two, he entered Middlebury college, Vermont, where he spent two years in study, paying his expenses by teaching. Then he came to Ohio and took up the study of law in the office of Hon. Rufus Spaulding, at Warren. He was admitted to the bar in 1840, and soon afterward he formed a partnership for practice of his profession with Darius Lyman, an old practitioner of the city. This association continued for three years. He served one term as prosecuting attorney and in 1849 he was the Democratic candidate for Congress. Two years later he was elected judge of the common pleas court. Like many other Democrats of just before the war he did not like the attitude of his party on the slavery question and so he broke away from his old political affiliations. He became a Republican and in 1863 he was elected to the Ohio senate as a Republican.

Judge Walter F. Stone, a son of Wooster, where he was born, November 18, 1822, was appointed to the supreme court by the governor in 1873 to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge West. He was elected the following October for the remainder of the term. He was forced by ill-health to resign in 1874 and he went to California where he died on the following December. At the time of his appointment Judge Stone resided in Sandusky. His parents came to Wayne county from Vermont and he was educated in the district schools. Later he attended college at Pittsburgh, where he read law under the direction of Walter R. Lowry. After practicing law for twenty years he was elected to the common pleas court in 1865. He was chosen for a second term in 1870, and he served on that bench until he was promoted to a seat in the highest court of the state.

Upon the resignation of Judge Stone, the governor went to Wayne county to fill the vacancy and George Rex of that county was elevated to the bench. In October, 1874, he was elected to fill out the unexpired term. Service on the bench impaired his health and he was forced to decline a renomination. He entered the practice of law, but lived only two years. He was born at Canton, July 25, 1817, was educated in the common schools and at Capital university. He taught school for a time and after reading law was admitted to the bar in 1842. Taking up the practice of law at Wooster he soon found himself busy with clients. He was elected prosecuting attorney and served as a member of the state senate and was president pro tem. in 1851. He was chosen to go back to the senate in 1867 and also served two additional terms as prosecuting attorney.

Other men who sat on the supreme court bench under the Constitution of 1851 came from southern Ohio, and instead of setting forth their biographies as was done with the men who came from the northern district of Ohio, their names are listed for the historical value of this publication:

Robert B. Warden, 1854, Franklin county; William Kennon, 1854, Belmont county; Joseph R. Swan, 1854, Franklin county; Charles Cleveland Converse, Muskingum county; Ozias Bowen, 1855-1856, Marion county; Josiah Scott, 1856, Butler county;

William V. Peck, 1858, Scioto county; William Y. Gholson, 1859, Hamilton county; Hocking Hunter, 1863, Fairfield county; William White, 1864, Clark county; John Welch, 1865, Harrison county; George W. McIlvane, 1870-1885, Tuscarawas county; William H. West, 1871-73, Logan county; William Gilmore, 1874-79, Preble county; John W. Okey, 1877-1885, Franklin county; William W. Johnson, 1879-1886, Lawrence county; Nicholas Longworth, 1881-1883, Hamilton county; John H. Doyle, 1883-85, Lucas county; William Y. Upton, 1883, Summit county; Martin D. Follet, 1883-87, Washington county; Selwin N. Owen, 1883-89, Williams county; Gibson Atherton, 1886, Licking county; William T. Spear, 1885-1912, Trumbull county; Thaddeus Minshall, 1886-1902, Ross county; Franklin J. Dickman, 1886-1895, Cuyahoga county; Marshall J. Williams, 1887-1902, Fayette county; Joseph P. Bradbury, 1889-1900, Gallia county; Jacob F. Burket, 1893-1904, Hancock county; John A. Shauck, 1895-1914, Montgomery county; William Z. Davis, 1900-1912, Marion county; James L. Price, 1902-1912, Allen county; William B. Crew, 1902-1910, Morgan county; Augustus N. Summers, 1904-1910, Clark county; Maurice H. Donahue, 1911-1919, Perry county; James G. Johnson,\* 1911-, Clark county; Joseph W. O'Hara, 1912, Hamilton county; J. Foster Wilkin, 1913-1914, Tuscarawas county; R. M. Wanamaker,\* 1913-, Summit county; Oscar W. Newman, Scioto county, 1913-1918, Hugh L. Nichols, chief justice, 1912-20, Clermont county; Thomas A. Jones,\* 1915, Jackson county; Edward S. Matthias,\* 1915, Van Wert county; James E. Robinson,\* 1919, Union county; Stanley W. Merrell,\* 1919, Hamilton county and A. T. Marshall,\* Chief Justice Muskingum county.

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Note—\*Members of supreme court when this was written.



## THE CONSTITUTION OF 1912

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**T**HOMAS JEFFERSON, former president of the United States, and a thorough Democrat, once said that "as new discoveries are made, new truths disclosed, and manners and opinions change, with the change in circumstances, institutions also must advance and keep pace with the times."

These words accurately reflect the temperament of the Ohio people in the early years of the twentieth century. The Constitution of 1851, under which they had lived for many years, was framed in the days when many of the problems that in later days arose to bother the public and their official representatives did not exist. The old constitution was framed in the stage-coach days. Public utilities were operating, it is true, but they were so small and their number so inconsequential, that they presented no grave problems. The steam railroad was not unknown, but locomotives and freight cars were a great curiosity and little faith was reposed in either as a means for handling traffic that already was increasing in such quantities as to bother the government. Every ten or twenty years there were many radical changes in conditions and in the opinions of public-spirited citizens. New discoveries were constantly made. Modes and manner of living had changed since the days of 1851. The desire for a change in the organic law of the commonwealth became so strong that in 1870 a new constitution was framed, but it was rejected by the electorate. The demand continued, however, and in 1911 delegates to another convention were chosen. This assembled the following year in Columbus and it was known as the fourth constitutional convention.

The Ohio general assembly, in providing for the election of the delegates to this convention, required them to be elected on non-partisan ballots. This act alone reflects one of the strongest factors that brought about the convention—namely the demand for the restoration to the people of certain powers that had been delegated. The more conservative called the demand a radical one, and in writing of the work of the constitution, Honorable E. L. Lampson, a delegate from Ashtabula county, and one of the ablest men who sat in the convention, said in part:

"When the convention met, physical conditions were distinctly unfavorable to that calm consideration and thoughtful action essential to the best expression of the popular will in fundamental law.

"Unfortunately, a majority of the membership had been elected under pledges to support, even in detail, certain radical and revolutionary amendments, important among them being the I & R. Hence the talent of many of the best men in the convention could not be utilized in framing these radical proposals. How-

ever, as the convention progressed, the minority, perforce of the ability, logic, and parliamentary knowledge of its membership, compelled changes and modifications of great importance as against the power of numbers. Four times the I and R proposal was withdrawn by its friends and a substitute offered, but crudities still remained which, at the first trial before the people, resulted in scandal and defeated the submission of proposed legislation under it.

"It is quite common in legislative bodies, both state and national, for inexperience to distrust experience (especially when some outside influence is attempting to put something over), and this convention was no exception to the rule; but as the inexperienced became experienced, mutual trust and confidence increased and the work of the convention greatly improved. While members differed radically, warm personal friendships grew up between those of opposite views and much of the distrust which prevailed at the beginning, disappeared. It was a body of strong, virile men, convened in extraordinary times, when an enthusiastic reformer, with a broad, new banner of many colors, always got a hearing and the loyal veterans with the 'old flag' did well to keep it still afloat.

"In such a convention, heated parliamentary conflicts were inevitable. No other constitutional convention, in any of the states, ever witnessed such a scene as took place when President Herbert Bigelow, of the convention, desiring to prevent the attachment to the I & R of an inhibition against the single tax, summarily adjourned the convention. Whereupon, there came a roar of voices from all parts of the hall, demanding that Vice President Fess, now Congressman Fess, assume the chair. Mr. Fess responded, and the work of the convention continued from the point at which it had been interrupted by the action of President Bigelow. This was a bit of new experience, which taught that the master is greater than the servant in a parliamentary body which knows its power, and it cleared the atmosphere for more harmonious and better work."

The attitude of many of the delegates, to which Mr. Lampson refers in his words quoted before, is expressed in the words of Mr. Bigelow: "While there was no division in the convention according to political parties, there were, of course, two groups in the convention. These groups were described by McCauley, who observed that 'The minds of all mankind are so constituted as to fall in two roughly equal groups—those who cling to the past, distrusting change; and those who instinctively challenge precedent.'

"The great issues of the convention, which sharply distinguished these two groups of the so-called conservatives and progressives, were, taxation, reform of the judiciary, home rule for cities and the initiative and referendum. A dispassionate review of the work of the convention, must, I think, lead to the conclusion that this work was faithfully done, and while it displeased some people who are called reactionaries and disappointed others who are called radicals, it reasonably satisfied those who believe that orderly progress is the wisest conservation."

These two men are quoted to illustrate the conditions under which the convention convened, and the things that the delegates had to contend with. Prior to the election of the delegates a wave of reform swept the state of Ohio. The initiative and referendum suddenly became very popular. The man who denounced it was a cave man, and Governor Judson Harmon, who went before the delegates and advised them against submitting an I & R proposal, was branded in certain newspaper cartoons as a cave man, who was blinded by the light of modern progress. There was a restless feeling in the minds of the people, and it was fanned by the agitation of newspapers working in the interest of so-called governmental reforms. This feeling gave vent to denunciation of established and long-tried institutions of government. The judiciary system was pronounced cumbersome and autocratic by those advocating reforms, and, of course, was stoutly defended by others who were called reactionaries. Any man who was against taking up new issues was called a reactionary, while those who were challenging precedents were put in the more desirable class of progressive.

In the days of 1912, progressive and reactionary were two big words in American politics and they played a large part in shaping the machinery with which the Bench and Bar of the state were to work. The two words dominated the Democratic national convention in Baltimore in 1912 and the same was true of the Republican national convention which was held in Chicago a few days prior to the opening in Baltimore of the Democratic party conclave.

In Baltimore, William Jennings Bryan made his sensational fight against Hon. Champ Clark, Democratic candidate for the presidential nomination, then speaker of the national house of representatives, because, as the Commoner told the delegates, he did not measure up to the progressive specifications that the times demanded. Mr. Bryan was chosen a delegate to the convention from Nebraska under a law that pledged him to lend support to the victor in the Nebraska presidential preference primary, and Champ Clark, of Missouri, who was speaker of the national house of representatives, was the victor in the primary. In spite of this instruction, Mr. Bryan brought the convention into an uproar by switching his vote from Clark to Hon. Woodrow Wilson, afterwards president of the United States, then governor of New Jersey. The change came at a time when Clark appeared to be headed straight to a nomination, as he had a majority of the delegates, the two-thirds rule—an institution of Democratic national conventions—preventing the nomination. Mr. Wilson was nominated for president and elected in the election that followed.

Theodore Roosevelt, former president, espoused the progressive cause shortly after his return from the famous animal hunt into the heart of Africa, and he became a candidate for the Republican presidential nomination in opposition to President William Howard Taft, who was supported by Mr. Roosevelt in the previous national campaign and election. The alleged reactionaryism of Mr. Taft was the big issue in the pre-convention campaign, and when the president won the nomination, the so-called progressive dele-

gates left the convention and organized the Progressive party. Mr. Roosevelt was the party nominee, and in the election that followed, he polled more votes than did President Taft. In the skirmish in Ohio, Mr. Roosevelt polled a larger number of votes in the presidential preference primary than did his rival, President Taft, although the latter was a native Buckeye.

This digression into the realms of national and state politics of the year 1912 was done to more forcibly bring to the minds of the readers of this article, the state of the public mind in Ohio and throughout the nation. The period was one which witnessed another outburst of unrest on the part of the public, and the agitation went even so far as to include the federal constitution. But the great bulwark of freedom, that greatest of all bills of human rights, that instrument under which the American Republic has not only been held together but all of its progress made, withstood the waves of criticism that beat against it, and the great document escaped the hands of the reformers. While these criticisms were being voiced, derogatory statements were published about the morals and integrity of the eminent and revered men, who participated in the federal constitutional convention.

The result of all this popular agitation may be seen in the results of the convention and the proposals that were adopted, for the people undoubtedly took unto themselves a greater share in their government. A "progressive" program was put through and adopted. Among the more important measures were the following:

The adoption of the initiative and referendum.

The extension of the system of making nominations for public offices.

A modified form for the recall of public officers.

The abolishment of prison contract labor.

Municipal home rule.

Judicial changes.

Provision for a compulsory civil service system.

The regulation of corporations.

An amendment relating to the welfare of employees.

Workmen's compensation.

The delegates assembled in the hall of the house of representatives at Columbus, January 9, 1912, and they were called to order by the temporary chairman, Judge Dennis Dwyer, the oldest delegate that ever sat in an Ohio constitutional convention. He had reached his majority when the constitution of 1851 was adopted, and his review of the events covered by the long period of his life made a deep impression on all who heard him.

A spirited contest developed when the election of a president was taken up and Herbert S. Bigelow, of Cincinnati, was chosen. He was an independent Democrat and for years had been a leader of those who were working for direct action in the state. Simon D. Fess, Republican, president of Antioch college, was chosen vice president of the convention four days after the opening session under an amendment of the rules.

While the membership of the convention disclosed sixty-three Democrats, forty-nine Republicans, four Independents, two Social-

ists and one independent Republican, there never was such a division on any issue. Even the natural division of progressives and conservatives was not always marked in the voting.

The delegates submitted to the electorate forty-two proposals in the form of forty-two amendments to the constitution, and of these, thirty-six were approved by the Ohio electorate at a special election held on September 3, 1912.

One of the most important changes to lawyers in the constitution is in Section 5, Article I, which reads as follows: "The right of trial by jury shall be inviolate, except that, in civil cases, laws may be passed to authorize the rendering of a verdict by the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the jury."

This carried a departure from a long custom in jury trials, by which the unanimous consent of the twelve jurors was required to reach a verdict in civil as well as criminal cases, and while there has been some criticism of the change, as might be expected, yet it is generally accepted as a rule that will not be abrogated, and, therefore, it must be satisfactory to a majority.

The delegates submitted a proposal that capital punishment be abolished under the wording: "Until otherwise provided by law, persons convicted of crimes heretofore punished by death shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary during life." This was rejected, however, by a vote of 258,706 to 303,246.

Under Section 16 of Article I, of the new constitution, provision is made for suing the state, in such courts and in such manner as may be provided by law. This never before had been permissible.

Section 19-A of Article I, of the new constitution, contains another important departure in these words: "The amount of damage coverable by civil action in the courts for death caused by the wrongful act, neglect or default of another, shall not be limited by law." Prior to the approval of this amendment, the general assembly, by enactment, had placed a limit of \$10,000 in such actions, and the electorate approved the proposal by a vote of 355,605 to 195,216.

The I & R proposal consumed more of the time of the delegates probably than any other subject, and around it some of the most heated debates revolved. This amendment is embraced in Section 1, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, of Article II. In general terms the reservations of popular power was made as follows: "The legislative power of the state shall be vested in a general assembly consisting of a senate and a house of representatives, but the people reserve to themselves the power to propose to the general assembly laws and amendments to the constitution, and to adopt or reject the same at the polls on a referendum vote as hereinafter provided. They also reserve the power to adopt or reject any law, section of any law or any item in any law appropriating money passed by the general assembly, except as hereinafter provided; and independent of the general assembly to propose amendments to the constitution and to adopt or reject the same at the polls. The limitations expressed in the constitution on the power of the gen-

eral assembly to enact laws, shall be deemed limitations on the power of the people to enact laws."

The initiative was the first power reserved to the people and the signatures of ten per cent of electors are required upon a petition to propose an amendment to the constitution. When a petition, signed by the required number of electors, shall have been filed with the secretary of state, and verified as provided, proposing an amendment to the constitution, the full text of which shall have been set forth in the petition, the secretary of state shall submit, for the approval or rejection of the electors, the proposed amendment ninety days after the filing of such petition.

Provision also is made for the initiation of a law. This is done by filing with the general assembly a petition, signed by three per cent of the electors of the state, proposing a law. The full text of the proposed law must be set forth in the petition, which must be filed with the general assembly not less than ten days prior to the opening of the session. If the proposed law is enacted it shall be subject to a referendum. If it shall not be passed, or if it shall be passed in an amended form, or if action shall be taken thereon within four months from the time it is received by the general assembly, it shall be submitted by the secretary of state to the electors for their approval or rejection at the next succeeding regular or general election, if such submission shall be demanded by a supplemental petition signed by an additional three per cent of the electors of the commonwealth. The time for filing the supplemental petitions is limited to ninety days from the time the proposed law is decided by the general assembly, or ninety days after the expiration of such term of four months if no action has been taken on the proposed measure, or after the law, as enacted by the general assembly, has been filed with the secretary of state. A majority vote is required to carry a proposal at the polls.

The referendum is the second power reserved by the people, and the signatures of six per cent of the electors are required to a petition to order submission to the people of the state for their approval or rejection of any law, section of law, or any item of any law appropriating money passed by the general assembly. To enable the people to take advantage of the referendum no law passed by the Ohio general assembly takes effect until ninety days have elapsed from the time it was filed by the governor with the secretary of state. The petition for a referendum duly signed and verified must be presented to the secretary of state within ninety days after the law on which a popular expression is desired shall have been received by the secretary of state. And until the vote is taken, the law does not become operative. If a referendum petition is filed against any section of a law or any item of law appropriating money that has been passed, the remainder of the measure shall take effect.

Laws providing for tax levies, appropriations for the current expenses of the state government, and state institutions, and emergency laws necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, shall go into effect immediately.

Such emergency laws must receive the vote of two-thirds of all the members of the general assembly. Backers of many proposals have taken advantage of the emergency clause to prevent a popular expression on pet measures that the general assembly enacted, but, as a whole, the I & R amendment has operated without creating any general dissatisfaction throughout the state, although, of course, murmurs of disapproval might be expected.

Article IV relates to the judiciary, which underwent many changes at the hands of the convention. These changes were loudly heralded as the "Reform of the judiciary," and time alone will tell whether the new rules adopted are an improvement.

Section 1 puts the judicial power of the state in a supreme court, court of appeals (which took the place of the circuit courts), courts of common pleas, courts of probate, and such other courts inferior to the courts of appeals as may from time to time be established by law.

The number of supreme court justices was limited to six judges and a chief justice, and the judges in office at the time of the adoption of the amendment were continued in office until the expiration of the terms for which they were elected. A majority of the supreme court constitutes a quorum and it is sufficient to pronounce a decision. The court has original jurisdiction in quo warranto, mandamus, habeas corpus, prohibition and procedendo, an appellate jurisdiction in all cases arising under the constitution of the United States or of this state, in cases of felony on leave first obtained, and in cases which originated in the court of appeals, and such revisory jurisdiction of the proceedings of administrative officers as may be conferred by law. The court is required to hold at least one term annually at the seat of the state government, and such other terms, there or elsewhere, as may be provided by law. The judges of the supreme court are elected by the electors of the state-at-large for such term, not less than six years, as may be provided by law. The terms were fixed at six years by the general assembly that convened in the year following the adoption of the constitutional amendments. Whenever the judges of the supreme court shall be equally divided in opinion as to the merits of any case before them and they are unable, for that reason, to agree upon a judgment, that fact shall be entered upon the record and such entry shall be held to constitute an affirmance of the judgment of the court below. No law can be held unconstitutional and void by the supreme court without the concurrence of at least all but one of the judges, except in affirmance of a judgment of the court of appeals declaring a law unconstitutional and void.

The latter provision brought a heated argument in the debate, the so-called progressives taking the position that the judges had been too free in annulling legislative enactments, while others in the convention insisted that the provision constituted an intrusion on the judgment of the justices.

In cases of public or great general interest, the supreme court may, within such limitations of time as may be provided by law, direct any court of appeals to certify its record to the supreme

court, and may review, and affirm, modify or reverse, the judgment of the court of appeals. All cases pending in the supreme court at the time of the adoption of the amendment, were permitted to proceed to judgment under the laws that prevailed before the changes were made in the organic law of the state. The provision further was made that no law shall be passed whereby any person shall be prevented from invoking the original jurisdiction of the supreme court.

Prior to the convening of the constitutional convention there had been much agitation in certain newspapers against the so-called delays of the law. Records of the courts were closely scrutinized, and whenever a case was found that had been long in litigation or one that was not settled for several years after it was filed, the evidence was flaunted in the papers in bold type under black headlines. Such pounding in the papers and the oratory of the so-called reformers who seemed to get the ear of the public ahead of others, produced results, and soon there was a strong demand for cutting down the process of litigating through the state courts. This was accomplished by limiting the appellate jurisdiction of the supreme court and giving the intermediate court extensive final jurisdiction. The name of the intermediate court was changed from the circuit court to the court of appeals and the boundaries of the circuit court districts served the same purpose for the new tribunal. The judges of the circuit courts residing in their respective districts were continued judges of the court of appeals and were authorized to perform the duties thereof until the expiration of their respective terms. The terms of the judges were fixed at six years until otherwise provided by law, and the general assembly was given authority to alter the number of the districts or the boundaries thereof, providing that no such change affected the term of any jurists in office.

The judges of the court of appeals are required to hold at least one term annually in each of the counties of their respective districts, and such other terms at a county seat in the district as the judges may determine upon. Each judge was given authority to exercise judicial powers in any appellate district of the state. The court of appeals continued the work of the circuit courts and all cases pending in the latter were determined by the court of appeals and supreme court, as had been provided by law, and cases brought into the court of appeals after the amendment took effect, were subject to the provisions of the new constitution. The courts of appeals were given original jurisdiction in quo warranto, mandamus, habeas corpus, prohibition and procedendo, and appellate jurisdiction in the trial of chancery cases, and to review, affirm, modify, or reverse the judgment of the courts of common pleas, superior courts, and other courts of record within the district as may be provided by law. Judgments of the court of appeals shall be final in all cases, except cases involving questions arising under the constitution of the United States, or of this state, cases of felony, cases of which it has original jurisdiction, and cases of great general interest in which the supreme court may direct the court of appeals to certify its record to that



court. No judgment of a court of common pleas, a superior court or other court of record shall be reversed except by the concurrence of all the judges of the court of appeals on the weight of the evidence, and by a majority of the judges upon other questions; and whenever judges of a court of appeals find that a judgment upon which they have agreed is in conflict with a judgment pronounced upon the same question by any other court of appeals of the state, the judges shall certify the record of the case to the supreme court for review and final determination. The decisions in all cases in the supreme court shall be reported, together with the reasons therefor, and laws may be passed providing for the reporting of cases in the courts of appeals. The chief justice of the supreme court of the state shall determine the disability or disqualification of any judge of the court of appeals and he may assign any judge of the court of appeals to any county to hold court.

Section 3 of Article IV of the new constitution made an important change in the number of common pleas judges. The provision of this section was for one resident judge of the court of common pleas and such additional resident judge or judges as may be provided by law, to be elected in each county of the state by the electors of such county. As many courts or sessions of the court of common pleas as are necessary may be held at the same time in any county. Any judge of the court of common pleas may temporarily preside and hold court in any county; and until the general assembly shall make adequate provision therefor, the chief justice of the supreme court of the state shall pass upon the qualifications or desirability of any judge of the court of common pleas, and he may assign any judge to any county to hold court. Prior to the adoption of this amendment, there were common pleas districts throughout the rural sections of the state, with two and three and four counties making up the districts, the judges in these districts traveling from county seat to county seat and holding courts at stated intervals. The adoption of the amendment has, without doubt, quickened the transaction of court business, and the dockets, with few exceptions, are kept clean. In some of the smaller counties of the commonwealth the complaint is made, however, that there is not sufficient business to occupy the time of the jurist; but a decade after the adoption of the amendment there had not been a general demand made for the repeal of the system and the setting up of a new plan. In the larger counties of the state, notably Cuyahoga, there has been congestion in the docket, cases piling up. The chief justice of the supreme court, however, under authority conferred upon him, has delegated jurists from the small counties to devote some time to Cuyahoga county. At times there have been as many as five judges from outside counties sitting in the common pleas court at Cleveland.

Section 7 of Article IV provides for the establishment of a probate court, a court of record, open at all times, and holden by one judge elected by the electors of the county, who shall hold his office for four years. One such court is provided for in each county of the state. Whenever ten per cent of the electors of a

county having less than 60,000 population as determined by the next preceding federal census, shall petition the judge of the court of common pleas of any such county not less than ninety days before any general election for county officers, the judge of the court of common pleas shall submit to the electors of such county the question of combining the probate court with the court of common pleas, and such courts shall be combined and shall be known as the court of common pleas in case a majority of the electors voting upon such a question shall vote in favor of the proposed combination.

Under Section 12 of this article the judge of the court of common pleas is required to reside in the county in which his court is situated and his term is six years.

Laws may be passed to increase or diminish the number of judges of the supreme court, to increase beyond one or diminish to one the number of judges of the court of common pleas in any county, and to establish other courts, whenever two-thirds of the members elected to each house shall concur therein; but no change, addition or diminution shall vacate the office of any judge; and any existing court heretofore created by law shall continue in existence until otherwise provided.

The judges in office at the time of the adoption of the amendment relating to common pleas courts and the judges thereof were permitted to serve out their terms, and the additional judges were elected at the general election, 1914. It further was provided that each county shall continue as a part of its existing common pleas district and subdivision thereof, until one resident judge of the court of common pleas is elected and qualified therein.

Under Section 9, Article IV a sufficient number of justices of the peace is provided for. They are to be elected by the electors in each township in the several counties of the commonwealth, until otherwise provided by law. Their term of office shall be four years, and their duties and powers shall be regulated by law; provided that no justice of the peace shall be elected in any township in which a court other than a mayor's court, is, or may hereafter, be maintained with the jurisdiction of all cases of which justices of the peace have jurisdiction, and no justice of the peace shall have, or exercise jurisdiction, in such township.

The feeling among certain persons that the courts had been exercising too much power in certain matters that were of a personal nature was reflected in the proposal:

"Laws may be passed, prescribing rules and regulations for the conduct of cases and business in the courts of the state; regulating contempt proceedings, and limiting the power to punish for contempt. No order of injunction shall issue in any controversy involving the employment of labor, except to preserve physical property from injury or destruction; and all persons charged in contempt proceedings with the violation of an injunction in such controversies shall, upon demand, be granted a trial by jury." The vote on this proposal was: "Yes," 240,896; "No," 257,302.

When this book is published, the liquor traffic will have been completely outlawed by both amendments to the federal and state

constitutions, but it is interesting to note how the delegates to the constitutional convention of 1912, treated the liquor traffic. And it must be remembered that this decision of the delegates was recorded less than a decade before state and nation abolished the traffic completely.

For many years prior to the assembling of the delegates the power of the liquor traffic had been dwindling steadily. Each new session of the general assembly saw the wings of the traffic clipped to some extent. Men in the industry finally announced that they had a plan to "clean up" the traffic, to put it on a higher plane than it had been conducted. The plan was submitted to the constitutional convention in the form of a proposed amendment, and there the wet and dry interests and representatives fought it out, the delegates finally submitting a proposal. The controversy on this subject was one of the bitterest and hardest fought of any question considered by the delegates and it occupied a large part of the time of the delegates. In substance this proposal provided that licenses to traffic in intoxicating liquors shall be granted, and that license laws operative throughout the state shall be enacted with such restrictions and regulations as may be provided by law, and municipal corporations shall be authorized by general laws to provide for the limitation of the number of saloons. Not more than one license could be granted in each township or municipality of less than 500 population, or more than one saloon for each 500 of population in the more populous townships and cities. The traffic was not permitted under authority of a license in counties, municipalities, townships, residence districts, or other districts, in which prohibitive laws were in operation at the time of the adoption of the amendment. In other words, the saloons were not permitted under authority of the license to invade territory that had been voted dry under county, township and residence district option laws. Only persons who were citizens of the United States and of good moral character could obtain licenses and the licensee must reside in the county in which he conducts a saloon. Men convicted more than once on charges of violating the license law were to lose their privilege. In order to prevent trafficking in licenses it was provided that the applicant for the privilege of engaging in the traffic should be the only one financially interested in the saloon that was to be conducted.

New provisions were made for the submission of proposed constitutional amendments and for the calling of a constitutional convention, and as this is a subject of considerable importance to the legal profession, an outline of the amendment is given. The amendment on the subject is embraced in three sections under Article XVI. Either branch of the general assembly may propose an amendment and if the same shall be agreed to by three-fifths of the members elected to both houses, the amendment, after certain formalities are observed, shall be submitted to the electorate at the next general election. When two or more amendments are submitted, they shall be voted on separately and a majority vote is required for adoption. Under the second provision for amending the constitution, two-thirds of the members elected to each house

of the general assembly may recommend that the electors vote on a separate ballot for or against the holding of a constitutional convention, and if a majority of the election favor the proposal, the general assembly shall, at its next session, arrange for the holding of such a convention and provide for the election of delegates. The delegates shall be nominated by nominating petitions only and shall be placed on non-partisan ballots for the election. The manner for amending the constitution provides that in 1932, and every twentieth year thereafter, the question: "Shall there be a convention to revise, alter or amend the constitution?" shall be submitted to the electors of the state. If a majority of the electors vote in the affirmative, then provision shall be made for the convention by the general assembly, but no proposals adopted by the delegates shall become parts of the state constitution unless the electors, or a majority of these voting on the proposal, shall approve.

Home rule was a popular cry in the days that immediately preceded the electing of delegates to the convention, and adherents of this theory were strong in the body that assembled to revise the organic law of the commonwealth. Among the more important acts of the delegates was the adoption of a proposal extending the powers of municipal corporations. This is known as Article XVII and there are fourteen sections under it. In this proposal municipalities were divided into cities and villages, the former having a population of 5,000 or more, while municipalities having less population were designated villages. After making provision for the transition from one class to another, municipalities were given power to exercise all powers of local self-government and to adopt and enforce within their limits such local police, sanitary and other similar regulations as are not in conflict with general laws. The section relating to control and operation of public utilities precipitated a long battle, the advocates of public control of such organizations finally winning out. Under Section 4 any municipality is given the power to acquire, construct, own, lease and operate within the corporate limits, any public utility the product or service of which is to be supplied to the municipality or any of its inhabitants, and may contract with others for any such period or service. The acquisition of any such utility may be by condemnation or otherwise, and a municipality may acquire thereby the use of, or full title to the property and franchise of any company or person supplying to the municipality or its inhabitants the service or product of any such utility. The conservative delegates fought this proposal and failing to win, they had written into the proposals provision for a referendum election on any ordinance giving a municipality power to acquire and operate a public utility. Such an ordinance does not take effect for thirty days, and if, within that period, a petition signed by ten per cent of the electors shall be filed with the executive authority thereof demanding a referendum on such ordinance, the same shall be submitted to the electors at the next general election. If a majority approve the ordinance takes effect within a specified time.

Section 8 of Article XVII is the so-called home rule section of the new constitution. Under it the legislative authority of any city

or village may, by a two-thirds vote of its members, and upon petition of ten per cent of the electors, forthwith provide by ordinance for the submission to the electors, of the question, "Shall a commission be chosen to frame a charter?" Provision shall be made on the ballot for the election of fifteen delegates-at-large who shall constitute a commission to frame a charter, providing that a majority of the electors cast affirmative votes. The proposed charter shall then be submitted to the electorate within a specified time and a majority vote is required for its adoption by the electorate. The legislative authority, by two-thirds vote of the members, may submit proposed amendments or the same may be done upon the petition of ten per cent of the electors of a municipality.

One other important amendment is that contained in Section 12 of Article XVII and it provides that in the event a municipality acquires a public utility and desires to issue bonds for financing the deal, mortgage bonds may be issued therefor beyond the general limit of bonded indebtedness prescribed by law; provided, however, that such mortgage bonds issued beyond the general limit of indebtedness shall not impose any liability upon such municipality but shall be secured only upon the property and revenues of the public utility, including a franchise stating the terms upon which, in case of foreclosure, the purchaser may operate the same, which franchise shall, in no case, be for a longer term than twenty years from the date of sale of such utility and franchise foreclosure. The general assembly also was authorized to enact laws limiting the power of the municipalities to levy taxes and incur debts.

## OHIO'S CIRCUIT COURT

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THE circuit court of the state was established to give to the judicial system that completeness and thoroughness that is needed to give weight to the operation of what is commonly regarded as the bulwark of the nation—the judiciary. The law and its machinery moves slowly and deliberately so that ill-considered and immature decisions and opinions may be avoided. And so an intermediate court was established to give the lawyer an opportunity to have a tribunal of judges either to examine the records of the proceedings in the court below or to hear testimony anew in a case decided in lower court. The tribunal was established to clothe the judiciary with that circumspection and care that have operated to increase respect and confidence in the judiciary.

Under the Ordinance of 1787, a general court was created for the entire Northwest Territory, first by appointment of Congress and then by the president. Three judges sat on this bench, and in addition to judicial powers, the jurists, with the governor of the territory, were authorized to promulgate laws. By an act of Congress, on May 8, 1792, any one of the judges of this court was authorized to hold court in the territory in the absence of the others. This tribunal was the general court of the territory and it also had the power to review the proceedings and decisions in the lower tribunals. The general assembly later became vested with this jurisdiction. Under the system laid out for the territory no intermediate court was provided for, the cases going for review from the court of common pleas direct to the general court, which corresponded to our present supreme court, although the problems of those days were vastly different than those now presented to the august tribunal of our commonwealth. The judges of the general court and the governor, however, made provision, in an early day of the territory, for the circuit court. One or more of the jurists of the general court were to sit in the circuit court and to hear such issues as were joined in the general court or were removed by appeal from the court of common pleas. This, then, is the origin of the circuit court in the Northwest Territory and, of course, in the great state of Ohio. Later the general assembly of the territory divided the territory into judicial districts, each embracing one or more counties, provided that the circuit court should be held once a year instead of twice and that the circuit courts of Hamilton and Washington counties should not be held by less than two judges of the general court.

This system continued until the constitution of 1802 was adopted; but the intermediate court had proven its efficiency and the framers of the first constitution recognized the fact. Under

Article III of the constitution, provision was made for a supreme court of three justices, courts of common pleas, one for each county, justices of the peace, and such other courts as the general assembly might, from time to time, create. Any two of the three supreme court justices constituted a quorum and they were vested with such original and appellate jurisdiction as was directed by law. An additional judge might be added to the court by the legislature at the end of a five-year period, and the state was to be divided, if the justices so decided, into two districts, with two of the justices authorized to hold court in each.

Under the reorganization of the court of common pleas, the state, by the constitution of 1802, was divided into three districts, in each of which a president was elected. In each county not more than three or less than two associate justices were authorized. The associate justices, in their respective counties, and the president, any three of whom constituted a quorum, made up the court of common pleas, which had common law and chancery jurisdiction. Criminal jurisdiction was vested in the courts of common pleas and the supreme court.

Although no express provision was made for the circuit court in this constitution, yet the way was opened for the creation of the tribunal by the legislature under a provision authorizing "such other courts as the general assembly may authorize." Under an act of February 17, 1808, an additional judge of the state supreme court was established and the state was divided into two districts, within which, any two of the judges were authorized to hold court. For the purpose of hearing and determining cases that were reserved by the supreme court, the jurists of the supreme court were required to hold, annually, an extraordinary session, which at least three of their number were required to attend. These sessions were to take place in Warren, Ross, Fairfield and Columbiana counties. It was in this manner that the two branches of the state supreme court were established under the constitution of 1802. One was known as the supreme court on the circuit, and the other, the supreme court in bank. Only cases came before the court in bank in which there had been a disagreement on a question of law by the judges of the court on circuit, or a new and difficult question arose, or where in the trial the judges were hopelessly divided on the question of admitting or rejecting testimony, and were unable, for that reason, to decide a motion for a new trial. This law continued in operation until February 16, 1810, when it was repealed. But by the act of February 23, 1816, the number of supreme court justices was increased to four, and by act of January 20, 1823, it was made the duty of all justices of the court to meet annually in the state capital, immediately after the close of the circuit, to pass upon and decide all questions that were held by the judges on circuit for the high state tribunal. Thus in effect another intermediate court was established; but following the method that was used in the days of the territorial government, when members of the supreme tribunal exercised intermediate appellate jurisdiction. This law, however, was repealed by the act of March 8, 1831, which took effect June 1 of the same

year. Under an act of March 10, 1831, the entire body of supreme court judges was required to sit annually in Columbus as a court in bank to hear and determine cases that might be reserved in any county. The specific provision in the law on this subject was that when any difficult and complex question arises in any proceeding pending in any of the counties before the supreme court on circuit, the judges thereof might reserve the same decision at the court in bank, which was to be held next thereafter. The supreme court of the state continued to hold its sessions in bank and on the circuit until the constitution of 1851 was adopted. Then it was provided that the judicial power of the commonwealth should be vested in a supreme court, in district courts, courts of common pleas, courts of probate, justices of the peace, and such other inferior courts as the general assembly may, from time to time, create.

But the time had not come for the creation of the circuit court or intermediate court that we know today. Under the constitution of 1851, in the early days at least, the state was divided into nine common pleas districts, and each district was subdivided into three parts, in each of which a judge of the common pleas court was to be chosen. The general assembly was given authority to either increase or diminish the number of districts, the number of judges was under such a limitation, but two-thirds of the members of each house of the legislature must concur in the enactment. Districts courts were made up of the common pleas judges of the respective districts and one of the judges of the state supreme court, any three of whom constituted a quorum. The district court had original jurisdiction in mandamus, habeas corpus, quo warranto and procedendo, as did the supreme court, and such appellate jurisdiction as might be provided by law. One term of the district court was required to be held in each county of the district annually, while the district courts were held to be the successors of the supreme court on the circuit. All law suits pending in the supreme court from the several counties were transferred to the district court, and cases pending in the supreme court in bank were sent to the supreme court.

The lawyers had, for years, been in the habit of taking their appeals direct from the inferior courts to the supreme court on circuit, meeting there members of the supreme tribunal of the commonwealth. They looked with distrust on this new intermediate court, made up of men from their own counties acting with but one judge of the supreme court. This distrust was first manifested by law on February 19, 1852, when a measure was enacted that provided for an appeal from the district court to the state supreme court on proper motion. The state was divided into five circuits for the district court, and the supreme court judge in attendance was made the presiding officer. The measure also defined the jurisdiction of the district court, giving it power on cause shown to issue writs of error, writs of certiorari, supersedeas, ne exeat, and such other orders not provided by statute that may prove necessary. The court was given appellate jurisdiction from the court of common pleas in all cases in which the latter tribunal



had original jurisdiction. The appeals were to be given, tried and heard in the same manner as though the district court had original jurisdiction, and the same pleadings were used unless cause was shown for modifications. The district court was also given specific authority to reverse judgments in the lower courts, including the common pleas, the superior of Cleveland, and the superior or commercial of Cincinnati.

The number of appeals was so great under the existing law that by an act of April 12, 1858, a further limitation was levied on the right of appeal to the district court, only those litigants who did not have the right to demand a trial by jury being allowed to appeal. Under the provisions of the same law, the common pleas judge, who had decided a case in the lower court was barred from sitting in the district court on the same cause.

Now came a complication that caused considerable dissatisfaction. The business of the court in bank had grown to such an extent that the supreme court judges were required to devote practically all of their time to these reviews. By an act of March 29, 1865, the supreme court justices were relieved from duty in the district court during 1865, and again under an act of April 2, 1870, it was provided that if at the December session of any year the judges of the supreme court should deem it for the best interest of the state that they should remain in session in bank, they might so continue and be relieved of duty in the intermediate court for the remainder of that year, either in whole or part. This law was followed by a decision of the supreme court justices, to the effect that a district court made up of three or more common pleas judges and without a supreme court justice sitting, was a valid and legal tribunal. The absence of the supreme court justices from the district courts lessened the regard of lawyers for the opinions and decisions of the tribunal, which finally became regarded as only a necessary stopping place on the journey to the supreme court. The common pleas judges, finding that the task of holding the districts courts without extra compensation in addition to discharging their regular duties was too great, were forced by the growth of litigation in the court of common pleas to cut short the terms of district courts. This was but another demonstration of the soundness of the theory that good service requires adequate compensation. The dissatisfaction at this condition increased until in 1877, when a constitutional amendment was proposed, providing for an independent district court to be made up of certain common pleas judges, who would devote all of their time to the work, but it was voted down. An act of May 10, 1878, required the supreme court justices to designate three judges of the common pleas court in each district to sit as a district court, but the measure was declared unconstitutional.

Finally the members of the bar of the state decided to no longer tolerate such a condition, and the lawyers meeting in Cleveland on July 8, 1880, formed a state bar association. One of the first measures brought to the consideration of the new organization was a plan to facilitate the administration of justice in the commonwealth. Judge Rufus P. Ranney, one of the ablest lawyers and

judges ever produced in Ohio, speaking on this subject at the meeting of lawyers, said in part:

"The framers of our judicial system created an intermediate appellate court, called the district court, but they never contemplated that that court was going to be held exclusively by the very men who had tried the case in the first instance; that they were going to turn reviewers of themselves. It was an essential feature of their system, without which it never could have passed that convention, that a judge of the supreme court, with his knowledge and weight of character, should forever preside in the district court. What have we realized for years past in actual practice? That court is held by the judges who decided in the first instance and common pleas judges, doing as well as they can, but in nowise meeting the expectation of the public of an appellate court, and the consequence is that all the important litigation of the state finds its way right through this first appellate court in to the supreme court." This question was referred to the committee on judiciary and law reform of the association.

The committee met at Columbus in December, 1880, and through the chairman, Durbin Ward, proposed a constitutional amendment, which provided for the abolition of the district court. The number of supreme court judges were to be increased to nine; one term of that court was to be held annually at the seat of government; and special terms were to be held by not less than two justices of the supreme court in each county annually. The committee's report was adopted by the Ohio bar association, and the plan was presented to the general assembly at its next session for the submission of the question, but no action was taken. At the meeting of the state bar in Toledo, in 1881, the whole subject was referred to the same committee, and then at the meeting of the association, the following year, in Cincinnati, the committee reported the following plan:

Section 1. The judicial power of the state is vested in a supreme court, circuit courts, courts of common pleas, courts of probate, justices of the peace, and such other courts inferior to the supreme court as the general assembly may, from time to time, establish.

Section 2. The supreme court shall, until otherwise provided by law, consist of five judges, a majority of whom competent to sit, shall be necessary to form a quorum or to pronounce a decision, except as hereinafter provided. It shall have original jurisdiction in quo warranto, mandamus, habeas corpus, and procedendo and such appellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law. It shall hold at least one term in each year at the seat of government and such other terms, there or elsewhere, as may be provided by law. The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the electors of the state-at-large, for such terms, not less than five years, as the general assembly may prescribe, and they shall be elected and their official term shall begin at such time as may be fixed by law. In case the general assembly shall increase the number of judges, the first term of such additional judges shall be such, that in each year after their first election, an equal number of the supreme

court shall be elected, except in elections to fill vacancies; and whenever the number of such judges shall be increased, the general assembly may authorize the court to create divisions thereof, not exceeding three, each division to consist of an equal number of judges; for the adjudication of cases, a majority of each division shall constitute a quorum, and such an assignment of the cases to each division may be made as such court may deem expedient; but whenever all judges of either division hearing a case shall not concur as to the judgment to be rendered therein, or whenever a case shall involve the constitutionality of an act of the general assembly or of an act of Congress, it shall be reserved to the whole court for adjudication. The judges of the supreme court in office when this amendment takes effect, shall continue to hold their offices until their successors are elected and qualified.

Section 6. The circuit court shall have like original jurisdiction with the supreme court, and such appellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law. Such courts shall be composed of such number of judges as may be provided by law, and shall be held in each county, at least once in each year. The number of circuits and the boundaries thereof, shall be prescribed by law.

Such judges shall be elected in each circuit by the electors thereof, and at such time and for such term as may be prescribed by law, and the same number shall be elected in each circuit. Each judge shall be competent to exercise his judicial powers in each circuit. The general assembly may change from time to time the boundaries of the circuits. The circuits shall be the successors of the district courts, and all cases, judgments, records, and proceedings pending in said district courts, in the several counties of any district, shall be transferred to the circuit courts, in the several counties, be proceeded in as though said district courts had been abolished, and the district courts shall continue in existence until the election and qualification of the judges of the circuit courts.

This plan in the form of a proposed constitutional amendment was submitted on behalf of the state bar association to the general assembly in 1883, and in that year a joint resolution providing for the submission of the proposal was adopted. At the election which followed the electorate adopted the amendment, which became Sections 1, 2 and 6 of Article IV of the constitution.

This rather lengthy outline of the activities which led to the establishment of the circuit courts, which have been superseded by the courts of appeals, places the credit for the foundation of the intermediate court of appeals, such as we see it in operation today, on the state bar association. It required years of effort on the part of lawyers—and they applied themselves wholeheartedly to the cause—to bring about the adoption of the constitutional amendment providing for the court.

To carry out the mandate from the people, the Ohio general assembly, on April 18, 1884, enacted a measure dividing the state into the following circuit court districts:

The state shall be divided into seven circuits, of which the

counties of Hamilton, Clermont, Butler, Warren and Clinton, shall constitute the first circuit.

The counties of Preble, Darke, Shelby, Miami, Montgomery, Champaign, Clark, Greene, Fayette, Madison, and Franklin shall constitute the second circuit.

The counties of Mercer, Van Wert, Paulding, Defiance, Williams, Fulton, Henry, Putnam, Allen, Auglaize, Wood, Hancock, Hardin, Union, Seneca, Marion, Wyandot and Crawford, shall constitute the third circuit.

The counties of Brown, Adams, Highland, Pickaway, Ross, Pike, Scioto, Lawrence, Gallia, Jackson, Meigs, Vinton, Hocking, Athens, Washington and Monroe, shall constitute the fourth circuit.

The counties of Richland, Ashland, Knox, Licking, Fairfield, Perry, Morgan, Muskingum, Coshocton, Wayne, Holmes, Stark, Tuscarawas and Delaware, shall constitute the fifth circuit.

The counties of Lucas, Ottawa, Sandusky, Erie, Huron, Lorain, Medina, Summit and Cuyahoga, shall constitute the sixth circuit.

The counties of Lake, Ashtabula, Geauga, Trumbull, Portage, Mahoning, Columbiana, Carroll, Jefferson, Harrison, Guernsey, Belmont and Noble, shall constitute the seventh circuit.

By this same act it was provided that three judges should sit on the bench of the court, that two of the jurists should concur in an order or decision or opinion, and that the first election for judges should be held in 1884. After the election, the governor was to determine, by lot, the terms of the judges in each, so that one should serve two years, one for four and the other, six years. Thereafter the term of the circuit judge was to be six years. The constitution gave the court certain specific powers and in addition thereto, the right to issue writs of supersedeas and such other writs as were not specifically provided or prohibited and were necessary for the due administration of justice. Experience in the district courts caused a provision to be made for the holding of two terms of the circuit court in each circuit, annually. Cases pending in the district courts were transferred to the circuit courts, and in the appeal cases, new bonds were required, while all laws applicable to the district court were extended to include the new tribunals.

The first judges to sit on the new circuits follow: First, Joseph Cox, Cincinnati; James M. Smith, Lebanon; Peter F. Swing, Batavia.

Second, Marshall J. Williams, Washington court house; Gilbert H. Stewart, Columbus; and John A. Shauck, Dayton.

Third, Thomas Beer, Bucyrus; John J. Moore, Ottawa; and Henry W. Seney, Kenton.

Fourth, Thomas Cherrington, Ironton; J. P. Bradbury, Pomeroy; and Milton L. Clark, Chillicothe.

Fifth, John W. Allbaugh, Canton; Charles Follett, Newark; and John W. Jenner, Mansfield.

Sixth, William H. Upsen, Akron; Charles C. Baldwin, Cleveland; and George R. Haynes, Toledo.

Seventh, Peter A. Laubie, Salem; William H. Frazier, Caldwell; and Hamilton B. Woodbury, Jefferson.

At the next session of the general assembly the circuit courts were given new powers and their efficiency increased by enactment under date of February 7, 1885. This measure provided that the circuit judges should meet annually in Columbus to fix the terms of the circuit court for the next year, and to choose one of their number as chief justice. He was to preside at the annual meetings, have authority to transfer judges from one circuit to another as occasion arose, while another section granted the right of appeal from common pleas court in cases where the right to demand a jury trial did not exist, the lower court having original jurisdiction of the litigation. Appeals also were allowed from an interlocutory order dissolving an injunction in which the common pleas court had original jurisdiction, by causing notice to be entered on the record and giving a bond on appeal unless the party appealing was acting in a trust capacity and had given a bond to the state. Cases on appeal were heard on the same pleadings that were filed in common pleas court, unless they were amended on permission of the circuit judges. The circuit court was required to pass upon all errors alleged in the petition-in-error, and in every case where the judgment or order was reversed and the cause remanded for new trial, the circuit judges were required in their mandate to the court below to state the error or errors found in the record on which the reversal was made.

Judge Marshall Williams, of Washington Court House, was elected the first chief justice of the circuit courts at a meeting in Columbus on the 10th day of February, 1885.

The sixth circuit proved too cumbersome and the litigation too extensive for the three judges to handle it after two years of experience, and on March 21, 1887, the general assembly amended the act so as to provide for eight circuits instead of six. In the readjustment the counties of Cuyahoga, Summit, Lorain and Medina were taken from the sixth circuit to form the eighth and the counties of Williams, Fulton and Wood were taken from the third circuit and added to the sixth.

By the terms of the measure which authorized this change in the circuits the judge of the sixth circuit at the time of the enactment of the measure and residing in the circuit, should continue to be a judge of this circuit until the end of his term, and that the two judges of the sixth circuit theretofore elected but residing in the new eighth circuit should be judges of the eighth circuit until the end of their term. It further was provided that at the November election, 1887, there should be elected two circuit judges for the sixth circuit, one to serve five years and one for one year, and there should be elected in the eighth circuit one circuit judge for a term of three years. In this manner the terms were readjusted to conform with those of the other jurists in the circuit.

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Joseph Cox, Cincinnati, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1899.  
James M. Smith, Lebanon, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1901.  
Peter F. Swing, Batavia, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1909.  
William S. Giffin, Hamilton, Feb. 9, 1899 to Feb. 8, 1911.  
Ferdinand Jelke, Jr., Cincinnati, Feb. 9, 1901 to Feb. 8, 1907.  
Samuel W. Smith, Jr., Cincinnati, Feb. 9, 1907 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
Edward H. Jones, Cincinnati, Feb. 9, 1911 to Feb. 8, 1913.

### Second District

Gilbert H. Stewart, Columbus, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1895.  
Marshall J. Williams, Washington C. H., Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1887.  
John A. Shauck, Dayton, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1895.  
Charles C. Shearer, Xenia, Feb. 9, 1887 to Feb. 8, 1899.  
Augustus N. Summers, Springfield, Feb. 9, 1895 to Feb. 8, 1907.  
James I. Allread, Greenville, { Feb. 9, 1895 to Nov. 15, 1895.  
  { Feb. 9, 1909 to Feb. 9, 1913.  
Charles W. Dustin, Dayton, Feb. 9, 1904 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
Harrison Wilson, Sidney, Nov. 16, 1895 to Feb. 8, 1909.  
Theodore Sullivan, Troy, Feb. 9, 1899 to Feb. 8, 1911.  
William M. Rockel, Springfield, Nov. 21, 1910 to Feb. 8, 1911.  
H. L. Ferneding, Dayton, Nov. 9, 1911 to Feb. 8, 1913.

### Third Circuit

Thomas Beer, Bucyrus, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1893.  
John J. Moore, Ottawa, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1895.  
Henry W. Seney, Kenton, Feb. 9, 1885 to Sept. 7, 1896.  
James H. Day, Celina, Feb. 9, 1893 to Feb. 8, 1905.  
James L. Price, Lima, Feb. 9, 1895 to Feb. 8, 1901.  
John K. Rohn, Tiffin, Sept. 9, 1896 to Nov. 16, 1896.  
Ebenezer Finley, Bucyrus, Nov. 17, 1896 to Feb. 8, 1897.  
Caleb H. Noris, Marion, Feb. 9, 1897 to Feb. 8, 1909.  
William T. Mooney, St. Marys, Feb. 9, 1901 to Dec. 1, 1904.  
Edward Vollrath, Bucyrus, Dec. 3, 1904 to Feb. 8, 1906.  
Silas E. Hurin, Findlay, Feb. 9, 1905 to Feb. 8, 1911.  
Michael Donnelly, Napoleon, Feb. 9, 1906 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
Walter H. Kinder, Findlay, Feb. 9, 1909 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
Phil M. Crow, Kenton, Feb. 9, 1911 to Feb. 8, 1913.

**Fourth District**

Thomas Cherrington, Ironton, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1911.  
 J. P. Bradbury, Pomeroy, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1889.  
 Milton L. Clarke, Chillicothe, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1897.  
 Daniel A. Russell, Pomeroy, Feb. 9, 1889 to Feb. 8, 1901.  
 Hiram L. Sibley, Marietta, Feb. 9, 1897 to Feb. 8, 1903.  
 Thomas A. Jones, Jackson, Feb. 9, 1901 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
 Festus Walters, Circleville, Feb. 9, 1903 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
 E. D. Sayre, Athens, Feb. 9, 1911 to Feb. 8, 1913.

**Fifth District**

John W. Albaugh, Canton, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1893.  
 Charles Follett, Newark, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1895.  
 John W. Jenner, Manseld, Feb. 9, 1885 to Oct. 5, 1895.  
 Julius C. Pomerene, Coshocton, Feb. 9, 1893 to Jan. 5, 1898.  
 John J. Adams, Zanesville, Feb. 9, 1895 to Feb. 8, 1901.  
 George E. Baldwin, Canton, Oct. 5, 1895 to Nov. 17, 1895.  
 Charles H. Kibler, Newark, Nov. 18, 1895 to Feb. 8, 1897.  
 Silas M. Douglas, Mansfield, Feb. 9, 1897 to Feb. 8, 1903.  
 Martin L. Smyser, Wooster, Jan. 14, 1898 to Nov. 15, 1898.  
 John M. Swartz, Newark, Nov. 16, 1898 to Feb. 8, 1899.  
 Richard M. Voorhees, Coshocton, { Feb. 9, 1899 to Feb. 8, 1905.  
   { Feb. 9, 1909 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
 Maurice H. Donahue, New Lexington, Feb. 9, 1901 to Dec. 31, 1910.  
 Thomas J. McCarty, Canton, Feb. 9, 1903 to Feb. 8, 1907.  
 John W. Craine, Canton, Feb. 9, 1907 to Feb. 8, 1909.  
 Frank Taggart, Wooster, Feb. 9, 1905 to Feb. 9, 1911.  
 Frank M. Marriott, Delaware, Jan. 1, 1911 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
 Robert S. Shields, Canton, Feb. 9, 1911 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
 Louis K. Powell, Mt. Gilead, Feb. 9, 1911 to Feb. 8, 1913.

**Sixth District**

William H. Upson, Akron, O., Feb. 9, 1885 (transferred to 8th Dis.).  
 Charles C. Baldwin, Cleveland, Feb. 9, 1885 (transferred to 8th Dis.).  
 George R. Haynes, Toledo, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1909.  
 Charles S. Bentley, Bryan, Feb. 9, 1888 to Feb. 8, 1895.  
 Charles H. Scribner, Toledo, Feb. 9, 1888 to March 3, 1897.  
 Edmund B. King, Sandusky, Feb. 9, 1895 to Oct. 9, 1899.  
 Robert S. Parker, Bowling Green, March 11, 1897 to Feb. 8, 1911.  
 Linn W. Hull, Sandusky, Oct. 10, 1899 to Feb. 8, 1907.  
 Samuel A. Wildman, Norwalk, Feb. 9, 1907 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
 Silas S. Richards, Clyde, Feb. 9, 1911 to Feb. 8, 1913.

**Seventh District**

Peter A. Laubie, Salem, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1911.  
 William H. Frazier, Caldwell, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1901.  
 H. B. Woodbury, Jefferson, Feb. 9, 1885 to Dec. 20, 1895.  
 Jerome B. Burrows, Painesville, Dec. 30, 1895 to Feb. 8, 1909.  
 John M. Cook, Steubenville, Feb. 9, 1901 to Dec. 1, 1910.

Myron A. Morris, Youngstown, Feb. 9, 1911 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
Willis S. Metcalf, Chardon, Feb. 9, 1909 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
Charles Fillus, Warren, Sept. 10, 1910 to Feb. 8, 1911.  
John Polleck, St. Clairsville, Feb. 9, 1911 to Feb. 8, 1913.

#### **Eighth District**

William H. Upson, Akron, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1893.  
Charles C. Baldwin, Cleveland, Feb. 9, 1885 to Feb. 8, 1901.  
Hugh J. Caldwell, Cleveland, Feb. 9, 1888 to Feb. 8, 1903.  
John C. Hale, Cleveland, Feb. 9, 1893 to Feb. 8, 1905.  
Ulysses L. Marvin, Akron, Feb. 9, 1895 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
Louis H. Winch, Cleveland, Feb. 9, 1893 to Feb. 9, 1913.  
Frederick A. Henry, Cleveland, Feb. 9, 1905 to Feb. 9, 1911.  
Charles A. Niman, Cleveland, Jan. 2, 1912 to Dec. 2, 1912.

Judges of the court of appeals, their residences and terms of office follow:

#### **First District**

Peter F. Swing, Cincinnati, O., Feb. 9, 1913 to Feb. 8, 1915.  
Edward H. Jones, Hamilton, Feb. 9, 1913 to Feb. 8, 1917.  
Oliver B. Jones, Cincinnati, Feb. 9, 1913 to Dec. 31, 1918.  
Frank M. Gorman, Cincinnati, Feb. 9, 1915 to March 23, 1918.  
Francis M. Hamilton, Lebanon, Feb. 9, 1917 to .....  
Gideon C. Wilson, Cincinnati, April 3, 1918 to Nov. 20, 1918.  
Walter M. Shohl, Cincinnati, Nov. 20, 1918 to Feb. 8, 1921.  
Wade Cushing, Cincinnati, Feb. 9, 1919 to .....  
Robt. Z. Buchwalter, Cincinnati, Feb. 9, 1921 .....

#### **Second District**

James I. Allread, Greenville, Feb. 9, 1913 to .....  
H. L. Ferneding, Dayton, Feb. 9, 1913 to .....  
Albert H. Kunkle, Springfield, Feb. 9, 1913 to .....

#### **Third District**

Walter H. Kinder, Findlay, Feb. 9, 1913 to Feb. 8, 1921.  
Phil M. Crow, Kenton, Feb. 9, 1913 to .....  
Kent W. Hughes, Lima, Nov. 22, 1916 to .....  
Michael Donnelly, Napoleon, Feb. 9, 1913 to Dec. 14, 1914.  
T. T. Ansberry, Defiance, Jan. 9, 1915 to Jan. 10, 1916.  
James E. Robinson, Marysville, Jan. 10, 1916 to Nov. 22, 1916.  
Feb. 8, 1920 to .....  
E. N. Warden, Paulding, Feb. 9, 1921 to .....

#### **Fourth District**

Festus Walters, Circleville, Feb. 9, 1913 to Feb. 8, 1921.  
Edwin D. Sayre, Athens, Feb. 9, 1913 to .....  
Thomas A. Jones, Jackson, Feb. 9, 1913 to Dec. 31, 1914.  
Matthew Merriman, Gallipolis, Jan. 2, 1915 to Feb. 8, 1916.  
William H. Middleton, Waverly, Feb. 9, 1916 to .....  
Roscoe J. Mauck, Gallipolis, Feb. 8, 1921 to .....



### **Fifth District**

Richard M. Voorhees, Coshocton, Feb. 9, 1913 to July 21, 1915.  
 Robert S. Shields, Canton, Feb. 9, 1913 to .....  
 Louis K. Powell, Mt. Gilead, Feb. 9, 1913 to Feb. 8, 1919.  
 Frank M. Marriott, Delaware, Jan. 1, 1913 to Feb. 8, 1913.  
 Lewis B. Houck, Mt. Vernon, Feb. 9, 1915 to .....  
 Frank N. Patterson, Mt. Gilead, Feb. 9, 1919 to .....

### **Sixth District**

Reynolds R. Kinkade, Toledo, Feb. 9, 1913 to .....  
 Silas E. Richards, Clyde, Feb. 9, 1913 to .....  
 Charles E. Chittenden, Toledo, Feb. 9, 1913 to .....

### **Seventh District**

Willis S. Metcalf, Chardon, Feb. 9, 1913 to Feb. 8, 1921.  
 Myron A. Norris, Youngstown, Feb. 9, 1913 to June 20, 1914.  
 John Pollock, St. Clairsville, Feb. 9, 1913 to .....  
 W. H. Spence, Lisbon, Aug. 31, 1914 to Feb. 8, 1917.  
 Louis T. Farr, Lisbon, Feb. 9, 1917 to .....  
 James W. Roberts, Feb. 8, 1921 to .....

### **Eighth District**

Louis H. Winch, Cleveland, Feb. 9, 1913 to Feb. 8, 1915.  
 Walter D. Meals, Cleveland, Feb. 9, 1913 to March 5, 1917.  
 Charles R. Grant, Akron, Feb. 9, 1913 to Feb. 8, 1919.  
 Alfred G. Carpenter, Cleveland, Feb. 9, 1915 to Jan. 24, 1918.  
 P. L. A. Lieghley, Cleveland, March 5, 1917 to April 8, 1918.  
 Thomas S. Dunlap, Cleveland, Feb. 4, 1918 to Feb. 8, 1921.  
 Albert Lawrence, Cleveland, April 10, 1918 to Nov. 25, 1918.  
 Clarence G. Washburn, Elyria, Nov. 25, 1918 to .....  
 Willis Vickery, Cleveland, Feb. 9, 1919 to .....  
 Alvan F. Ingersoll, Feb. 8, 1921 to .....

# THE FEDERAL BENCH

BY HON. JOHN M. KILLITS

Judge of the District Court of the United States, Northern  
District of Ohio

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WHEN Ohio was admitted in 1802, of course it became a separate district for a federal court, and, March 3, 1803, Charles Welling Byrd entered his credentials as the first district judge, holding his first term in June of that year at the then capital of the state, Chillicothe. Judge Byrd served until his death, August 11, 1828. When Columbus was made the state capital, the seat of the court was removed thither. Judge Byrd issued the injunction in *Osborn vs. Bank of United States*, 9 Wheaton, 738, one of the series of cases Chief Justice Marshall employed to so interpret the Constitution of the United States as to make of that instrument a practical compact to the building of a great nation.

President John Quincy Adams appointed William Creighton to succeed Judge Byrd. His was a recess appointment. Under it he held court in November and December, 1828. At that time the senate was politically hostile to the president, and Judge Creighton was not confirmed. One of the first acts of President Jackson was to appoint to the judgeship, three days after his inauguration in 1829, John W. Campbell, who held office until his death, September 24, 1833. A recess appointment was then given to Benjamin Tappan, a distinguished state judge and statesman, who was permitted to hold but three days' court, December 23, 24, 25, 1833, not having been confirmed. The vacancy in the office thereafter continued for six months, when, July 24, 1834, Humphrey H. Leavitt entered upon the duties to which he had been appointed. Judge Leavitt was then thirty-eight years old. He served the court with great distinction for a period of thirty-seven years, retiring under the age provisions of the law. During his term of office, by act of Congress passed February 21, 1855, the state of Ohio was divided into two districts, the north forty-eight counties being assigned to the northern district. Judge Leavitt elected to remain in the southern district. Therefore Hiram V. Wilson, of Cleveland, was appointed in March, 1855, judge of the northern district. Judge Wilson was a very distinguished member of the Cleveland bar, and had been closely associated in the practice with several prominent lawyers, having been at one time a partner of Henry B. Payne, and at another time of Reuben Hitchcock. The tradition is that Judge Wilson distinguished the bench in every way. He was, however, in somewhat indifferent health, and died at the age of fifty-eight on the 11th of November, 1866.

March 18, 1867, Charles T. Sherman, of the Cleveland bar, son of the late Judge Sherman of the Supreme Court of Ohio, was appointed

district judge, holding office until his resignation, November 28, 1873. Up to this time Cleveland had been the only seat of the court, but the northwestern part of the state, later in its development than any other, had begun to reach out for the importance which it now has. Wherefore, in 1870, an Act was passed permitting, at the discretion of the judge, the holding of two terms, annually, of the district court in Toledo, leaving Cleveland as the one seat of the circuit court. In 1878, by the act of the 8th of June, the northern district was divided in the eastern and western division, naming the counties comprising the divisions, and providing that causes of action and crimes arising within the counties comprising the several divisions should be prosecuted within those divisions and at their respective places of holding court, namely, Cleveland and Toledo. In 1880, by an act of Congress, the counties of Union, Delaware, Morrow, Knox, Coshocton, Harrison and Jefferson were transferred to the southern district of Ohio, and in 1891, the county of Logan, leaving the Northern District and the several divisions to be as they are now constituted. The counties of Ashland, Ashtabula, Carroll, Columbiana, Crawford, Cuyahoga, Geauga, Holmes, Lake, Lorain, Mahoning, Medina, Portage, Richland, Stark, Summit, Trumbull, Tuscarawas and Wayne make up the Eastern Division, and the counties of Allen, Auglaize, Defiance, Erie, Fulton, Hancock, Hardin, Henry, Huron, Lucas, Marion, Mercer, Ottawa, Paulding, Putnam, Sandusky, Seneca, Van Wert, Williams, Wood and Wyandot the Western Division. The act of 1911, going into effect the 1st of January, 1912, abolishing the circuit court and transferring its jurisdiction to the district court also rearranged the times of holding court. A previous Act having designated Youngstown as an additional seat of holding court the terms, as now provided for, are as follows: Eastern division at Cleveland, first Tuesdays in February, April and October, and at Youngstown, first Tuesday after the first Monday in March; western division, at Toledo, last Tuesdays in April and October.

Martin Welker, of Wooster, was appointed district judge to succeed Judge Sherman, taking his seat as of the date December 2, 1873, and remaining in office until May 29, 1889, when he resigned as provided by law. He was succeeded by August J. Ricks, of Massillon, who had for several years been clerk of the circuit court and who had distinguished himself as master in chancery. The health of Judge Ricks failing and the work of the district getting into confusion in consequence, Francis J. Wing, a common pleas judge of Cuyahoga county, was appointed January 30, 1901, an additional judge by virtue of an act of Congress which provided that no successor to Judge Ricks should be appointed. Judge Ricks continued in office without being able to attend to his duties until his death, December 2, 1906. On the 31st of January, 1905, Judge Wing resigned, succeeded on the 1st of February by Robert W. Tayler, member of Congress from New Lisbon. Judge Tayler filled the position with very great acceptability until his sudden death, undoubtedly caused in some measure by the extraordinary burdens of the office, November 26, 1910. In addition to his work on the bench, Judge Tayler distinguished himself for his participation in the Cleveland street car settlement, being largely responsible for the so-called Tayler plan of street car operation, which has proven so successful.

It was long apparent that the northern district was growing so in population and commercial importance that the work on the bench was altogether too heavy for one man. Therefore, at the insistence of the bar and business interests of the district, Congress passed, February 24, 1910, an act creating an additional judgeship, to fill which position John M. Killits, of Bryan, then on the common pleas bench in the third judicial district of Ohio, the northwestern district of the state, was named June 24, 1910. From the sudden death of Judge Tayler in November a vacancy existed until May 13, 1911, when William L. Day, then district attorney, was appointed. He continued in office until the 30th of April, 1914, resigning to enter practice because of the inadequacy of the salary of the position. July 21, 1914, John H. Clarke was appointed to succeed Judge Day, holding the position until his promotion to the Supreme Court of the United States, resigning as district judge July 24, 1916. To succeed Judge Clarke, David C. Westenhaver, of Cleveland, was selected March 14, 1917.

The district's rapid growth in population and the extraordinary industrial expansion in both the divisions have given it rank, in amount of business transacted, both in quantity and importance, with the first half dozen districts in the country. During the past ten years the character of the work done before the courts in both divisions has undergone much change. The passage of the Employers' Liability Act and the Ohio Workmen's Compensation Act has relieved the court of very much personal injury litigation. Although the district is very largely maritime in its associations, there has been but a moderate amount of admiralty business which has not materially changed in quantity within the period named. Industrial expansion, however, has increased to an appreciable extent the amount of equity business, especially in patent litigation, so that the district has become an important one in that respect. Its position on the border and its relation to the great east and west trunk line railroads has thrust upon it, with the passage of the acts of February, 1913, conferring jurisdiction over thefts from interstate commerce, the act of December, 1914, giving federal courts jurisdiction of narcotic offenses, and the acts of 1917, 1918 and 1919, conferring jurisdiction in matters pertaining to intoxicating liquors, a great burden of criminal litigation. The greater part of the very large increase in population of Ohio in the last decade has been in this district, and the two judges have, as constituents, more than three million people. There is a promise of a great need in the near future of an additional judge if there should result the increase in business which the continuing growth of the district indicates.

The first session of court in this district was held at Cleveland March 20, 1855. The first entry on the journal was the recording of the commission of Judge Wilson, signed by President Franklin Pierce. The first entry in a case was the taking of the recognizance of a defendant charged with making, forging and counterfeiting coin of the United States. The district court first sat in Toledo, December 10, 1872, with Judge Sherman on the bench. The first act was to empanel a grand jury which immediately returned one indictment and was discharged. The party indicted was placed upon trial on the next day for passing counterfeit gold coin, was convicted and sentenced to five years in the Ohio penitentiary and given a thousand dollars' fine, whereupon the court adjourned, to hold its next session on the 10th of the follow-

ing June. The first session of the circuit court in Toledo was opened September, 1878, with Judge Welker on the bench. Thereafter continuously annual sessions of the district and circuit courts were held in Toledo until the circuit court went out of existence on the 31st of December, 1911. The illness of Judge Ricks, already referred to, and the heavy and steady increase of business in Cleveland, brought about of necessity much neglect of work in Toledo, and spasmodic efforts were had from time to time to clean it up, until Judge Killits was appointed, judges being brought in from different parts of the circuit. On one occasion Circuit Judge Lurton and District Judge Clark from Tennessee, District Judge Severens from Michigan and Judge Ricks held four courts at one time in the present federal building in Toledo, occupying the court room, the library, the clerk's office and the file room. Many other judges appeared for the relief of the Toledo situation, among whom were Judge John Baxter, of Knoxville, Tenn., whose career on the Toledo bench is one of the traditions of the older bar; Judge Eli S. Hammond, of Memphis, Tenn.; ex-President Taft, as circuit judge; Judge Wanty and his successor, Judge Knappen, now of the circuit court of appeals, from the western district of Michigan, and Judge Sater from the southern district of Ohio. Since the establishment of two judgeships in the district there has been no bringing in of outside judges except in the instance of Circuit Judge Julian W. Mack, of Chicago, who presided for three weeks in Cleveland, for the trial of damage suits, while the vacancy of 1916-17 was continuing, and except in cases where there were exchanges.

The importance of Toledo as a railroad center has made the Toledo court famous in the litigation of the country for its railroad receiverships and foreclosures, the principal ones being those of the Ohio Central Railroad, the Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad, known as the Clover Leaf, and the Wabash. The Ohio Central Railroad foreclosure case was commenced in January, 1884, and ran through varying phases, considering many issues, until the last entry, finally concluding the case, which was entered July 22, 1920. For over thirty-six years this case was on the docket of the Toledo court. The Clover Leaf Railroad experienced three foreclosures. One began in 1883, another in 1893, on which the road was sold in 1900, and the third is now pending, having been planted in October, 1914. It involves some exceedingly important and interesting litigation. On the reorganization resulting from the second foreclosure, the road having been sold in 1900, one bond entitled to dividends in the proceeds never was presented for payment, and its distributive share in the sum of \$1,331.46 was, under the law, subsequently turned into the Treasury of the United States. Out of the Wabash foreclosure came the famous Compton cases, 45 Ohio State, 592; 167 U. S. 1.

In 1887 the court at Toledo was flooded with a number of patent cases. In less than three months 286 equity cases were commenced, all but a handful distributed between the American Bell Telephone Company and those under the Driven Well patents. This was a great season for clerk's fees, but these cases resulted in no extensive litigation. One equity case of outstanding interest was that in Toledo of Anderson vs. Messenger, involving interesting questions of testamentary title to real estate. It was commenced in 1904, and occupied

the attention of both state and federal courts to the supreme courts of each jurisdiction. In its course forty judges participated. The state courts and the district court held with the Messenger interests who had been in possession for forty years, until, after the second reversal by the circuit court of appeals, the district court was forced to a judgment for Anderson claiming under the will of his grandfather, who died in Mississippi in 1847, and as sole heir of his uncle, who, as devisee of the grandfather, had died childless and intestate. The case appears in 79 Ohio State, 23; 146 Fed. 929; 158 Fed. 250; 171 Fed. 785; 222 U. S. 164; 225 U. S., 436. Messenger finally retained the property through the supreme court's judgment.

A case which not only established precedents in substantive law and practice, but also had some political effect arose in Toledo in 1893. It was that of the Toledo, Ann Arbor Railway Company vs. the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company, and others, under the Interstate Commerce Act to compel free interchange of traffic at Toledo which was impeded because of the sympathy of employees of the defendant companies with the striking employees of the complaining company. An injunction issued, substantially as prayed for, running against the defendant companies and their employees generally. James Lennon, an engineer for the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company, was attached for violation of this injunction which had been issued by Circuit Judge Taft and District Judge Ricks, sitting together. The various questions arising in this litigation involved and decided not only the absolute duty of connecting railroads to accommodate each other in facilitating traffic, but the responsibility of the employees of such roads, whatever might be their affiliations and obligations in labor associations, to perform their duties under the Interstate Commerce Act. Lennon was convicted by Judge Ricks and fined. The proceedings in their various phases are reported in 54 Fed (two cases) 730, 746; 64 Fed. 320; 150 U. S. 393; 166 U. S. 548. In the presidential campaign of 1908 Lennon's case was under much discussion. The authority of this case has been variously applied since, always to uphold its conclusions.

The eastern division has not been without heavy railroad litigation, probably the most important being that involving the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad which pended from 1908 to 1919. This company was a reorganization from the old Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway Company which was under receivership for eleven years expiring in 1908, prior to which time the Cleveland, Canton & Southern Railway had long been in the courts, becoming consolidated with the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway Company. Some of the district's criminal cases have gone into history, attracting the interest of the entire nation. Foremost of these were the cases from Oberlin, in Judge Wilson's time, involving the Fugitive Slave Law. Judge Wilson is said to have been a very impressive figure in the controversies growing out of this matter because of the dignified and impartial manner in which he administered very difficult situations in times of great passion and emotional stress. A negro slave named John, belonging to one Bacon of Kentucky, had escaped to Ohio. He was reclaimed by Bacon's agent and attorney at Oberlin, and was placed in the custody of a federal officer. Thirty-seven persons were indicted for their participation in a rescue of the slave, the indictments alleging that the act was

accomplished by the defendants and two hundred other persons. Twenty-seven indictments were found December 8, 1858. Some of the defendants were in jail for varying periods awaiting trial. Charles Langston and Simon Bushnell were separately tried and convicted. The former was given a sentence of twenty days in jail with a fine of \$100 and costs, and Bushnell sixty days in jail with a fine of \$600 and costs. The record shows that the fine and costs were not made in either case. Loren Wadsworth, John Mandeville, Matthew DeWolf, Abner Loveland and three others pleaded *nolle contendere*. In each case judgment was rendered against the defendant on this plea and each received a fine of \$20 and costs, and sentenced to be imprisoned twenty-four hours in the county jail. The other cases were dismissed. It is curious to note an error in the charge. The defendants were alleged to have unlawfully, knowingly and *willingly* rescued the slave. Any one knowing the temper of the people who lived about Oberlin at that time, or, in fact throughout the entire Western Reserve, need not be disturbed at the inaccuracy of the charge that they *willingly* rescued this unfortunate man. This case profoundly affected the thought of the north respecting the institution of slavery. A later case in the eastern division and one which not only furnished a great deal of amusement to the entire country, but created much interest because of its exhibition of extraordinary assurance and capacity to be persuasive on the part of the principal, was that of Cassie Chadwick, alias Madame DeVere. In 16 counts she was charged with conspiring to commit an offense against the United States in the borrowing of money from a national bank on the strength of two alleged notes for five hundred thousand dollars and two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, purporting to be signed by Andrew Carnegie with whom she claimed a close relationship. She was convicted on seven counts, and given a sentence of two years on each of five counts, and one year on each of the other two. She died in the penitentiary. Some of her unfortunate dupes in these transactions also suffered criminal judgments. One of the most noted cases growing out of the laws dealing with sedition during the late war was that of the United States vs. Eugene V. Debs, resulting in his conviction, confirmed by the supreme court, and a sentence of ten years' imprisonment. In the western division in the winter of 1909-1910 was tried the extremely interesting blackhand case of United States vs. Salvatore Lima and fifteen others. Upon conviction one of the defendants received a sentence of 16 years, two 10 years, one 6 years, two 4 years, four 2 years in the penitentiary, and one for 2 years in the New York State Reformatory.

A case which not only overturned an interpretation of the contempt section (268) of the federal judicial code which had existed for eighty years, but which has been very extensively followed to the protection of federal courts from newspaper attack upon interlocutory proceedings in pending cases is that of the Toledo News-Bee, decided in the Toledo court in 1915, and affirmed by both of the higher courts. 220 Fed., 458; 237 Fed. 986; 247 U. S., 402. The publishing company was fined \$7,500 for contempt and its editor \$200.

# THE EARLY BENCH AND BAR IN LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO

BY BEN. W. JOHNSON, Esq.  
Of the Lucas County Bar

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LUCAS COUNTY was organized in 1835. Until 1820 there was no local bench or bar. Until little more than a century ago the mound-builders and their descendants or successors, the Indians, possessed the valley of the Maumee, in which the county lies. On the map it appeared as part of French Louisiana, then as part of British Quebec, and finally as the "Northwest Territory of the United States." But it remained throughout this pre-history one small part, and that a very inaccessible, inhospitable and unhealthy part of a vast sleeping wilderness.

The Ordinance of 1787 not only changed the map, but at last prepared for the enormous task of redeeming the forests and swamps. Territorial courts were set on foot to bring them under the reign of human law, first a supreme court, then a court of common pleas. The latter was inaugurated at far-off Marietta with impressive ceremonies.

Out of the woods marched the citizens, the officers from Fort Harmar, the lawyers, the supreme judges, the governor, the clergy and lastly the newly appointed judges of the common pleas. The only spectators were Indians, silent and stolid as statues.

The high sheriff with a drawn sword, led the procession. In a loud voice he proclaimed: "Oh, yes; oh, yes; oh, yes! A court is opened for the administration of even-handed justice—to the poor as well as the rich, to the guilty and innocent, without respect of persons; none to be punished without a trial by jury of their peers, and then in pursuance of the laws and evidence in the case!"

This was the cock-crow that announced for the whole Ohio country the end of savagery and the hopeful dawn of civilization.

"A good Greek land shall be  
Your lasting home, not barbarism. You shall see  
Our ordered life and justice, and the long,  
Still grasp of law, not changing with the strong  
Man's pleasure."

However, "the long, still grasp of law" did not at once succeed in reaching across the dreaded "Black Swamp" to the lower course of the "Miami of the Lake," as the Maumee then was named.

Even after Ohio was admitted as a sovereign state, and so late as 1812, only a few American and French settlers were to be found there. They felt no great need of laws. Indeed, they did not know, nor did anyone else, to what laws they were really subject, whether those of the state of Ohio, or those of the territory of Michigan.



Congress had originally divided the future states by a line drawn due east from the southern tip of Lake Michigan, as shown on an old map. In 1802 the Ohio constitutional convention at Chillicothe was on the point of defining the boundary in accordance with that line, when a roving trapper drifted into town. He had not studied geography, but he had hunted and trapped for years in and about where Chicago now stands. He dropped the remark that Lake Michigan reaches miles further south than had been imagined. It had been supposed that the projected line would pass north of the fine harbor of Maumee bay. Now it was feared this harbor might go to Michigan. The boundary clause, therefore, was promptly amended so as to push the east end of the line north as far as "the most northerly cape of the Miami bay."

The Michigan territorial authorities still stood for the original line, and not knowing exactly where it was, laid claim as far south as the village of Maumee, though, as it turned out, the doubtful strip went south barely far enough to cover the site of the present city of Toledo.

The local public, what there was of it, was divided or indifferent. In 1812 they appeared to the collector of the port to want "the laws of Ohio extended over them," except "the few who hold office under the governor of Michigan and are determined to enforce their laws." The Michigan partisans, on the other hand, if few, were influential and determined. Thus Dr. Horatio Conant, a justice of the peace by appointment of the Michigan governor, reported the sentiment in his town of Maumee to be strongly in favor of the territory as against the state. Benjamin F. Stickney, living in the forest at what is now the corner of Summit and Bush streets, in Toledo, was another Michigan magistrate who was ready not only to argue, but if necessary to fight for the Wolverine cause.

The War of 1812 temporarily solved the difficulty by driving out the settlers of both parties, burning their cabins and laying their farms waste, but the return of peace restored the tide of immigration, revived the quarrel and gave it the proverbial bitterness of a line-fence dispute.

Across the Maumee river from Justice Conant, in the town of Perrysburg, dwelt Seneca Allen, who also came to be a justice of the peace, but he took his commission from the state of Ohio. He missed no chance of warning Dr. Conant against attempting to exercise his judicial office. In 1819, Justice Allen was called upon to marry a couple who lived on Dr. Conant's side of the river. Unfortunately, the wedding day broke upon a flooded stream, full of tumbling slabs of ice, making an impassable barrier between the young people and the official who was to marry them.

Spying his rival upon the opposite bank, Justice Allen hailed him and begged him to perform the ceremony. Conant reminded the Perrysburg magistrate that this would be a crime under the Ohio law, but the latter insisted that necessity knows no law. The worthy doctor finally yielded to these persuasions, united the bride and groom and received a jack knife for his fee.

From then on, by mutual understanding, the two justices exercised concurrent jurisdiction on the northerly or Maumee side of the river, while on the southerly side, Allen's jurisdiction was allowed to be exclusive. Their concordat did well enough for a time. In the early thirties, however, the boundary squabble almost reached the pitch of fighting.

The war spirit was assiduously stirred up on both sides. In 1835 Judge David Higgins, the successor of Judge Tod and Judge Lane, opening court one morning in Perrysburg, was amazed to hear the beating of a drum outside, so loud as to drown his voice. He shouted to the sheriff to "Go out and stop that drumming."

Outside the sheriff came upon a giant of a man, whose height was exaggerated by a tall, wide, felt hat. A wide paper hat band bore the legend, "RECRUITING FOR THE WAR!" A rifleman's coat of green, homespun pantaloons, dyed with oak bark and adorned with black lace down the legs, and a drum that looked like a tiny toy drum, completed his outfit. Thus equipped and attended by a man bearing the American flag, he marched up and down drumming with great vigor.

He told the sheriff that he was under orders and pay from his captain to drum for recruits for the war, and that as a military man he would obey his superior officer, until he was satisfied that the court had more authority. The captain was cited into court, but stood pat upon orders which he said he had received from his colonel, and which were approved, he said, by the Ohio governor himself.

At that Judge Higgins roared, "Mr. Sheriff, take Captain Scott and his music organ to jail and lock them up." The captain and his drummer followed the sheriff out of the court room, but refused to go further toward the jail, and gave the sheriff to understand that, if he persisted, martial law would be declared upon the spot, and the judge and sheriff would then become the prisoners.

"That is right; that is right, Cap.," said the big drummer, doubling his fists. "That's the way to talk. Bully for you, Cap. Stand off, Sheriff."

By that time the yeomanry of the town had gathered, showing much more inclination to join the forces of the captain than any sheriff's posse. The sheriff retreated, but the episode ended happily, for the able-bodied citizens of Perrysburg at once enlisted under the colors, and there was no further need of the spirit-stirring drum.

The military soon atoned for their unintended contempt of the civil power. In early September of the same year they aided the Ohio judiciary to hold its first session in Lucas county and in the disputed belt, and thus achieved a bloodless victory over the Michigan authorities.

The latter were awaiting the event, determined to prevent it. On the eve of the day set for holding court, a military expedition came down from Michigan, shouting a war song of which the first stanza was as follows:

"Old Lucas gave his order all for to hold a court,  
And Stevens Thomas Mason, he thought he'd have some sport.  
He called upon the Wolverines, and asked them for to go  
To get this rebel Lucas, his court to overthrow."

The Wolverines were said to number from 800 to 1,200, but some wags had spread among the recruits such horrid fables about Buckeye sharpshooters of deadly aim, that they half expected to be ambushed and massacred. Many deserted, and the rest were glad to make camp a safe distance from the town of Toledo, although within the present limits of that city.

Judge Higgins did not desire to have his court again flouted. He

wrote Governor Lucas that he was ready to undertake holding court in Toledo without regard to personal consequences, but would feel acutely the disgrace of capture and abduction by a Michigan mob of a branch of the judiciary of the state, while actually engaged in the performance of judicial functions.

Such a spectacle would, indeed, have shed no glory upon either the active or the passive participants. Finally, Colonel Van Fleet, in command of the Ohio forces, and the associate judges of the common pleas (Judge Higgins being absent), held a council at Maumee. The judges hesitated. Not so the colonel. "If you are women," he said, striking an attitude like that of an Indian chief, "go home. If you are men, do your duty as judges of the court! I will do mine!"

It was decided to piece together the skin of the lion and the skin of the fox. Since the day set for holding court commenced at midnight, the judges, the clerk-designate, and the sheriff-to-be, escorted by twenty picked soldiers, mounted horses and set out for Toledo. In a couple of hours they reached their destination—a frame school house on the outskirts of the "upper town" (now in the heart of the business district of Toledo).

The sheriff opened court, the judges appointed commissioners for the county and a clerk—the latter none other than our friend Dr. Horatio Conant, lately appointed a justice of the peace to enforce the laws of Michigan!

Following is the record of the brief and memorable session:  
"The State of Ohio, Lucas County, ss:

"At a court of common pleas, began and held at the court house in Toledo in said county, on Monday, the seventh day of September, Anno Domini, eighteen hundred thirty-five. Present, Honorable Jonathan H. Jerome, senior associate judge of said county; their Honors Baxter Bowman and William Wilson, associate judges. The court being opened in due form by the sheriff of said county, Horatio Conant being appointed clerk of said court, executed his bond, with sureties, accepted by the court agreeably to the statute in such case made and provided. The court appointed John Baldwin, Robert Gower, Cyrus Holloway, commissioners of said county. No further business appearing before the court, the court adjourned without delay.

(Signed) J. H. JEROME, Associate Judge."

The clerk deposited this precious document in his high hat and joined the judges, sheriff and military escort, who were celebrating their coup at a neighboring tavern. Suddenly, a would-be humorist burst in with the alarm that an overwhelming force of Michigan soldiery was almost upon them.

In the sudden and swift retreat that followed, a branch of a tree swept Clerk Conant's high hat from his head, and with it the record of the court. That Ohio's claim to jurisdiction in fact as well as in law should not rest *in pais*, a few picked volunteers slipped back and rescued the record and the hat.

It afterward transpired that the Michigan braves had slept soundly the whole night through and retired to their own territory the next day.

Soon afterward Congress, the ultimate authority, acted. Michigan lost the coveted harbor, but was solaced by becoming a state and by acquiring the upper peninsula.

In the course of this Ohio-Michigan war, some captives were taken by the Michigan people, notable among them the redoubtable Major Benjamin F. Stickney, who was a shining mark, having changed allegiance like Dr. Conant, and become a loyal Buckeye. He was captured in his home in Lower Town, placed on a horse and his feet tied under the horse's belly. Thus he was conveyed in triumph to the jail in Monroe, Michigan, then known as "Frenchtown."

The only casualty of the war occurred when an attempt was made to arrest one of Major Stickney's sons. A knife flashed in the air, and the officer fell, crying that he was mortally wounded. Young Stickney thereupon made his escape. It was afterward ascertained that Stickney had inflicted a slight cut with his penknife.

It was fifteen years before these events that the first court of common pleas for the northwestern part of Ohio was organized and held its first session. The jurisdiction of the court extended over the whole Maumee basin.

Court was held at Maumee in a room above Almon Gibb's store, rented for \$40.00 a year. During the next two or three years court sat at the now extinct village of Orleans, nearby. Then a commission, of whom one was the father of the renowned brothers, John and William Tecumseh Sherman, transferred the county seat to Perrysburg, where in 1823 a log court house was built at a cost of \$895.00.

The first presiding judge was George Tod, father of Ohio's second Civil War governor. A group of distinguished lawyers repaired to his court from other parts of the state. From Columbus came B. Daugherty; from Urbana, Jonathan Edwards Chapin, descended from the illustrious divine, and related to Aaron Burr. Ebenezer Lane, Judge Tod's successor to be, was there.

Some litigants evidently preferred Michigan counsel, for we find them represented at that first sitting by Charles J. Lanman, of Frenchtown, Michigan, son of a United States senator from Connecticut, and himself a polished gentleman.

When court adjourned, it is related that bench and bar betook themselves for a picnic to Roche de Boeuf, where the bridge of an inter-urban electric railroad now spans the stream.

One of the best known persons present was Mr. Cook, of Huron county. Born amid the enthusiasms of the eventful year 1787, he had been subjected to the given name "Eleutheros," which was Greek for "Freeman," and which was, indeed, Greek to his fellow-citizens. Although they usually succeeded in electing him when he was a candidate for office, at least once they failed—simply on account of the trouble they had with that name. Many voted for "Luther" Cook, some for "Lutheros," and a few for "Eilutheros," "Eilros," and other variations.

Among these imaginary competitors, there were scattering votes for the man himself, but not enough to carry.

Mr. Cook avoided his parents' mistake by naming his children for admired statesmen; one of his sons, Jay Cook, reached national eminence as the financier of the Civil War.

Eleutheros Cook was an orator of flowery eloquence, and was exhaustless in resourcefulness and vitality. Once, disputing a motion to set aside a faulty writ for the arrest of a refractory debtor, a steamboat captain, Mr. Cook staved off an adverse decision by talking for

sixteen hours. He traced the history of the human race from Genesis as far as the capture of Jerusalem by Titus, when an alias writ in proper form arrived from Norwalk, whereupon the filibuster ended, and the mariner paid the debt and departed.

Imprisonment for debt was still lawful, but was losing the support of public sentiment in that community, where many were borrowers. People rubbed their hands in glee, as they told of Jacob Wilkinson, who had his debtor arrested to answer to a claim of \$9.00. The constable and prisoner rode on horseback one hundred and fifty miles to the nearest jail at Urbana. There the sheriff refused the prisoner, in default of the price of a week's board. The debtor was thereupon turned loose, and Mr. Wilkinson had to pay cost and mileage taxed at over \$150.00.

Even lawyers sometimes found themselves in financial straits. One of them, William Stanbery, a brother of the distinguished Henry Stanbery of Cincinnati, and affectionately known as "Old Bill" Stanbery, was sometimes in this plight. On one occasion when confronted with a warrant for his arrest as a delinquent debtor, he sat down and wrote out a document certifying:

"William Stanbery, an attorney-at-law, and officer of the courts of the great state of Ohio, while engaged in the practice of his profession, has been wantonly and maliciously arrested on the steps of the court house, in violation of the constitution and in contempt of the majesty of the great state of Ohio."

To this certificate he affixed a notary's seal, and served it upon the sheriff as if it had been a writ. The latter turned a little pale, and retreated without executing the warrant.

"Old Bill" was a colossus physically and mentally. No danger and no difficulty could jar his confidence in his powers. He despised book law, preferring to rely upon his own powers of persuasion and logic.

During the trial of a certain case he was opposed by a youngster at the bar, who spent the night before the trial worshipfully looking up authorities to use against him in court the next day. When the novice had got well under way with his citations, "Old Bill" broke in upon him, "You young whipper-snapper!" he roared. "While your brethren at bar, after the labors of the day, are engaged in social intercourse and the exchange of those amenities that are so becoming to our noble profession, you sneak off and spend the night seeking precedents to overturn the great principles of jurisprudence."

No local bar existed. Robert A. Forsythe and Ambrose Rice, of Maumee, became lay judges, associates of Judge Tod, but they were not lawyers. Judge Forsythe was absorbed in the Indian fur trade, and Judge Rice was also a man of affairs. Both would have been prominent in any community at any time.

It was said of Judge Rice that even among the greatest men of our country there was none with so penetrating a judgment or so clear an intellect. Nor in simple truthfulness and stern integrity was he less distinguished.

It was his sagacity that detected the perpetrator of the first chronicled robbery in northwestern Ohio. Miscreants had taken \$400.00 in currency from Elijah Huntington's hut in Maumee, leaving him a ruined man. Judge Rice went to see his unfortunate neighbor. Just as he entered, he saw Mrs. Huntington throw into the burning fire place a hickory club with one end whittled down to a handle. She told

him it had been left outside their cabin at the time the robbers made away. Judge Rice quickly pulled the club out, only a little charred. Led by some subtle conjecture, he went to the home of one Stockwell, where under the floor he found a few scattered shavings. These he fitted to the club, as neatly as the reunited fragments of an ancient indenture. Confession followed, and the recovery of the money from a cache miles down the river near an Indian village.

Another citizen of primitive Maumee, who for a time acted as a lay associate judge of the court of common pleas, was Wolcott, who married a daughter of the Indian Chief Little Turtle.

Below Maumee, where now stands Toledo, in 1816 were just two white men, Major Benjamin F. Stickney, already mentioned, and Judge John T. Baldwin. To the credit of Toledo be it said that at that early date both of the made citizens of that place were convinced that a great city would sometime arise where they rambled through the woods and went marketing with rifles for venison, bear and wild turkey.

Perhaps the first practicing attorney to settle in this part of the state was Thomas W. Powell, who was admitted at Wooster, Ohio, in September, 1820, and thereupon he made his way to Maumee on horseback via Fremont. Between that town and the Maumee lay the jungle known as the Black Swamp, now one of the richest sections of the state, but then uninhabited, heavily wooded and destitute even of roads. Robert Lucas described it only eight years previously as "A tremendous swamp of 40 miles distance \* \* \* without intermission from knee deep to belly deep on our horses for 8 or 10 miles together."

Powell threaded the narrow, crooked, tortuous trail till the river valley came into view, a prairie land covered from hill to hill with Indian corn. In Perrysburg were a few houses, and the main street, Front street, had just been cut through the woods and cleared of stumps and brush. Maumee was a village of some consequence, boasting two good taverns, two or three stores, and an exceptionally intelligent, well-informed people.

In 1822 he became prosecuting attorney, an instance of the office seeking the man. He enjoyed the distinction of prosecuting the first murder case in this section. One Richardson, a handsome but graceless figure of a man, owed one Porter, whom he defied to collect the money. The creditor, himself in debt to others, became at last wrought beyond endurance, shot Richardson, and easily escaped into the wild.

Presently, however, Porter got religion, gave himself up, confessed his crime, and begged to make expiation. This was inadmissible without a trial, which must be had either before the supreme court, or the court of common pleas.

David Higgins, appointed to defend, elected to have his client tried before the higher tribunal. Judge Peter Hitchcock and Judge Frederick Grimke came to Maumee to try the case. When Judge Hitchcock learned that an acquittal was sought on the ground of insanity, he turned upon defendant's counsel, exclaiming, "What! What! Mr. Higgins, do you contend that it is evidence of the man's insanity that he chooses to be tried by us?"

Porter had his wish. He was convicted, sentenced, and duly hanged in a ravine across the river.

Powell, for about ten years, had his home at Perrysburg, where he was joined in 1824 by the Gage brothers. One of them, J. L. Gage,

is remembered as the husband of Fanny B. Gage. Solid people looked upon her a little askance, and upon her husband with some pity in their eyes, for she was a literary woman, and advocated "woman's rights." In those days a woman who sought a voice and vote in the republic was still likened to a dog walking on its hind legs. As always, it was the pioneer of opinion who sacrificed most.

Even as late as 1863 the late Judge John H. Doyle, then a youngster of nineteen, fell out with the trustees of "The Toledo Young Men's Association," by engaging for a lecture course under the auspices of that organization, Wendell Phillips and Anne E. Dickinson. The trustees considered that Phillips was a fiery abolitionist, and they did not approve of women on the platform under any circumstances. Young Doyle, nevertheless, carried out his program, and with a companion staged the lectures on his own responsibility. He had the satisfaction of presenting the two greatest attractions of the season.

Another early comer to the Maumee valley was John C. Spink, whose pilgrimage took him over the same hard route traveled by Powell, and indeed by all the immigrants from the east, except such as preferred the lake voyage. Mr. Spink resorted to a tavern about a mile west of Fremont to fortify himself by a good night's rest for his plunge into the Black Swamp. Going to the room assigned him, he discovered fourteen guests, ten of them women. Evidently, unable to pay the price exacted by the thrifty landlord for a bed, they were lying about on the floor.

Young Mr. Spink was better off, having purchased the privilege of the only bed in the room, but he was perplexed to know how to disrobe and get into it in the presence of this large, mixed audience. At the same time he considered that a gentleman and a lawyer must be equal to any and every emergency, whereupon he drew himself up at the foot of his bed and delivered himself as follows:

"Ladies! This is my bed, and there is nothing to screen me from your observation while I get into it. This is my first introduction to a new country life and probably it is yours, as you appear to be moving. I will therefore take it as a great favor if you will kindly duck your heads under the clothes while I get into bed."

The ladies in question had all been sound asleep, but being waked up by the persuasive tones of the young advocate, they obligingly hid their heads.

In 1830, Powell turned over his law practice to William V. Way, and went to Delaware, where he later went upon the bench. The Gage brothers and the eccentric Fannie Gage are also lost sight of. For a time, it is said that Way and one John C. Spink constituted the bar of Perrysburg. One day they happened to be on opposite sides of that swath through the woods which bore the name of Front street. It was *de jure* a street, but *de facto* it was a shallow canal of mud on that day. Way was lucky in having an Indian pony. Spink, wishing to cross, asked to be brought over on the pony. The pony with his double burden got just in mid-channel when he forgot his dignity as the upholder of the law, and could think of nothing but the irksomeness of his office, which he felt so intensely that the next instant the bar of Perrysburg lay sprawling in the mud. Way and Spink remained good friends, yet probably learned a new application of the old precept that, when two

lawyers find themselves on opposite sides of anything, they are well off to stay on opposite sides.

As the region grew more settled, other lawyers made their way thither, notwithstanding it was a hard place to reach and not a very healthful one to live in. A local contemporary poet thus sang its praises:

"On Maumee, on Maumee,  
It's ague in the fall;  
The fit will shake them so,  
It rocks the house and all."

"There's a funeral every day,  
Without a hearse or pall;  
They tuck them in the ground  
With breeches, coat and all."

By 1837 eight resident attorneys were advertising in the Perrysburg paper, while an equal or greater number practiced in Maumee.

The town of Toledo, some eight miles down the river from Maumee and Perrysburg, was formed in 1833, by the union of Port Lawrence, or "Uppertown," and Vistula, or "Lowertown," was incorporated in 1837, but had no local bar until 1835, when Lucas county was created. Toledo was made the county seat in the same year, and three lawyers, Richard Cook, Emery D. Potter and George B. Way, opened offices.

In 1836 came John Fitch, 1837 John R. Osborn and Myron H. Tilden, the latter moving to Cincinnati in 1850. Hezekiah D. Mason was in Toledo at that time, but did not practice. So was Tappan H. Wright during a portion of the year 1836.

In proportion to their scanty numbers, probably more lawyers of that day achieved a merited distinction than at any time since, as well in Toledo as in the larger towns of Maumee and Perrysburg.

Way brought with him from New York a printing press and type, with which he started a newspaper, "The Toledo Blade," as a side line.

A lawyer of extraordinary persuasive powers, he had at the same time a literary and artistic bent that sometimes led him to desert his office for days at a time, and give himself up to the society of the immortals.

Potter, the first attorney to practice in Toledo, was also the last of his generation to bid his fellow-townsmen farewell, when, in 1896, he died full of years and honors, and still in the running tide of life.

His office, with a long table down the middle of it and plenty of chairs, for four years was a favorite resort of people in and about town. In 1839 he was elected the first presiding common pleas judge in the newly organized second judicial circuit, consisting of counties taken from the district of Judge Ozias Bowen, of Marion, Ohio.

Judge Potter at once bought himself a magnificent saddle horse for riding the big circuit, which included a large part of the state.

In those early days it was the custom to administer what the late Judge Shauk has called "peripatetic justice."

When Judge Ebenezer Lane, Judge Potter's predecessor, was elected to the bench, he found that the northwestern part of this state was becoming peopled to such an extent that it was necessary for him to travel from county to county to hold court. He was attended by a



cavalcade of lawyers known as "circuit lawyers." They journeyed on horse-back, taking Maumee as a starting point. Attorneys carried their law libraries, with changes of linen, in their saddle bags. These working libraries usually consisted of Blackstone, Chitty on Pleadings, Coke on Littleton, and Starkie on Evidence.

Often these parties had to ford or swim their horses through creeks and rivers. Sometimes night would overtake them miles from any habitation. Then they camped out in the woods until morning. The journeys lasted weeks at a time.

When possible, the return trip was made by water. Judge Higgins, who occupied the bench from 1830 to 1837, described such a voyage in the "Good Pirogue 'Jurisprudence.'"

"A countryman agreed to take our horses through the Black Swamp to Perrysburg, and we purchased a canoe, and taking with us our saddles, bridles and baggage, proposed to descend Blanchard's fork and the Auglaize river to Defiance and then to Perrysburg. Our company consisted of Rodolphus Dickinson, J. C. Spink, Count Coffinberry, myself and a countryman whose name I forget. The voyage was a dismal one to Defiance, through an unsettled wilderness of some sixty miles. Its loneliness was only broken by the intervening Indian settlements at Ottawa Village, where we were hailed and cheered as justly by the Ottawa Indians as would be a foreign warship in the port of New York. From Defiance we descended to Perrysburg, where we found all well."

The most picturesque of the circuit riders in northern Ohio bore the inauspicious and misleading name of "Coffinberry," sometimes spelled "Coffinbury." So far from being a funereal soul, he was in reality the blithest, wittiest and most lovable of men. He was dubbed "Count" Andrew Coffinberry, or "The Count," partly by reason of his supposed resemblance to the renowned Count Puffendorf, and partly because of his supposed aristocratic tastes, evidenced by a weakness for spotless and fashionable raiment, and by an almost haughty bearing.

While following the circuit, Count Coffinberry had offices first at Mansfield, afterwards at Perrysburg, then at Findlay. In his later years he settled at Cleveland.

One mid-summer day, Judge Potter, ex-Judge Higgins, John C. Spink, James G. Haley, Count Coffinberry and some others left Defiance for Kalida to attend the opening there of the common pleas court. The Count had decked himself as for a parade, but during the journey of thirty-two miles the company had to pass through stretches of wet swale, so that when they reached Kalida they were spattered with mud from head to foot. The rest of the party forgot their own plight in the rapture of viewing the distress of the good Count Coffinberry, who was the sorriest specimen of them all. As soon as they reached the tavern at Kalida, however, he vanished with his saddle bags, and to the surprise of all emerged in a few minutes attired in a fresh outfit, for which he had found room in his portmanteau, perhaps at the expense of law books.

Among Judge Potter's traveling companions was the future chief justice of the United States, then the youngest member of the local bar, Morrison R. Waite, who practiced in Maumee, moving to Toledo in 1850. The two jurists became fast friends, yet no more intimate and inseparable than their horses, "Old Tom" and "Tam O'Shanter." While

the latter occupied neighboring stalls in a rude log barn, their masters were asleep under one quilt on a hickory bedstead in a log cabin as rude as the barn. It is said that Mr. Waite and Count Coffinberry were the only two lawyers admitted by Judge Potter to a tenancy in common of his bed.

The temple of justice in these outlying county seats was usually a log tavern, less commonly a school-house, very rarely a sure-enough court house. In Napoleon it consisted of an upper room in a storey and a half log tavern. The judge sat upon a dais or platform opposite the door. At his right the jurors, in one long line upon puncheon benches with their backs against the log wall.

One day in this court room Judge Potter and a jury were trying the title to a certain hog. Defendant's counsel was haranguing the jury. His spectacles hung perilously over the bridge of his nose, with one glass tilted up over an eye, the other on the opposite cheek. He was addressing himself to a juror down at the end of the row. As he turned to consult his notes, a tired by-stander sat down on the end of the bench next this juror. The room was dimly lighted and counsel's spectacles did not help his vision, so he returned to the attack without noticing the intrusion of the extra man. Upon this newcomer he fixed his naked eye and continued denunciations of his adversary. "Gentlemen of the jury," he shouted, "I want to know what this man has come into court for? Why is he here? Now, I repeat, gentlemen of the jury, why is he here?" The thirteenth juror slowly unfolded six feet or more of American citizen, and towering over the astonished orator retorted: "I'm around, sir, as a witness; have been here these three days waitin' for my fees and nary a dime can I git! *That's* what I'm here for! Pay me my witness fees, sir, and I'll git out."

After court adjourned, when out on circuit, the lawyers laid aside their professional dignity. They might chat about their cases, or engage in tilts of wit or argument, but soon they would be at cards or staging some impromptu entertainment in the tavern. Judge Potter always joined in and, indeed, was master of the revels. Sometimes he would open up the program by singing his favorite song, "Lord Lovel," and then respond to the encore with "Rosin the Bow." Then W. B. Way, Count Coffinberry and J. C. Spink would impersonate an orchestra, while the judge acted as conductor. The count would render the bassoon, Spink the violin and Way the trombone. Then they would have a theatrical performance.

Usually these entertainments were for the exclusive edification of the profession, but sometimes a privileged layman was allowed to be present. Major McMillan, mine host in one of the taverns, who was thus privileged, once remarked, "Scripture says 'Woe unto you lawyers,' but if this is the way you enjoy life in this world, you can afford to endure a little scorching in the next."

The scene of many of these frolics was a famous tavern called "The Lawyers Exchange," at Texas, where the Maumee river passes from Fulton county into Lucas county. Like a dozen other early settlements on the Maumee, this village has disappeared. Where this tavern stood are now four crumbling walls, roofless, doorless and windowless, waiting in stillness for the hour when they, too, shall vanish. Here, in the elder days, attorneys from Sandusky, Cleveland, Columbus and even Cincinnati, found shelter, good fare and jovial companionship.

The traveling bench and bar of that time needed no golf to make good the wear and tear of a sedentary life. Their circuit would kill or cure a dyspeptic or weakling in a year. Their robust bodies were fit tenements for vigorous minds and sane spirits. Hence, as Judge Doyle has well observed, they were gentle, good-natured and courteous, with rare and regretted exceptions.

# HISTORY OF THE BENCH AND BAR OF STARK COUNTY, OHIO

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IT has been said that "a history of a nation is made up of the biographies of its people;" likewise in the preparation of a history of the bench and bar of Stark county, the writer must necessarily confine himself to presenting but brief individual biographies and mention of those who have presided over its courts of justice, and have appeared in the legal forum.

Owing to the great numbers who, since the organization of the county, have appeared in its courts, either as judge or licensed practitioner, individual mention can not be given each and every practitioner, but the writer must be limited to some of the prominent figures, distinguished in the profession; and believing that the early history of the bench and bar of the county will be of greater interest to the reader than its more recent composition, the writer has endeavored to give its early history the more prominence.

The first court of common pleas held in the county took place on April 18, 1809, in the upper room of the tavern belonging to Philip Dewalt, with the Hon. Calvin Pease, of Trumbull county, as president judge; Thomas Latimer, James Campbell and George Bair, as associate judges. On April 19, the day following the opening of the court, an entry was made: "Ordered that John Harris be appointed clerk *pro tempore*, and Sampson S. King be appointed prosecuting attorney until a permanent appointment be made."

The first case entered on the docket of the court was that of James Pierce, et al., heirs and legal representatives of Andrew Pierce (for the use of Peter Pinney) vs. Isaac Van Meter.

Sumons was issued April 19, 1809, for debt, \$12.00; damages, \$40.00, returnable August term, 1809. After several continuances, judgment by default was rendered at the April term, 1810, for plaintiffs; debt, \$12.00 and damages, \$9.77½, with entry: "and defendant in mercy."

Counsel for plaintiffs, Horace Potter, of Columbiana county.

Counsel for defendant, Obadiah Jennings, of Jefferson county.

The second term of court held in the county was begun on the 15th day of August, 1809, with the same judges occupying the bench as in the April term, and at this term the first grand jury of the county was summoned and empaneled, William Nailor being appointed foreman. The grand jury finished its labors in one day's session, made no presentments, but made return of an indictment in the case of the State of Ohio vs. George Stidger, which was indorsed, "Not a True Bill."

The foreman of the grand jury, William Nailor, resided in Osnaburg, where he ran a public house, and he seems to have gained a double distinction, being the foreman of the first grand jury of the county, and being the first person within the county to be indicted, for at the court session on October 18, 1810, the first presentment made by a grand jury of the county, Nailor was indicted "for keeping a public house without a license." On the same day he appeared and on arraignment, pleaded "guilty," was sentenced to pay a fine of \$2.00 and the costs of prosecution.

The first traverse jury of the county was summoned to appear on the 15th day of August, 1809, but there being no business before the court requiring their services, the jury was discharged.

Under the Constitution of 1802, the common pleas courts were constituted of a president judge, and not less than two nor more than three associate judges, who were laymen.

The president judge was chosen from the common pleas district, which comprised a great number of counties of the state, and the associate judges were selected from the laity of the county in which they were residents.

This system of judicature prevailed until the adoption of the Constitution of 1851, when the system underwent a complete change: the state being divided into a number of common pleas districts from which was elected one judge of the common pleas court, the office of associate judge being abolished.

The president judges who held court in the county prior to the change made under the Constitution of 1851, were: Hon. Calvin Pease, of Trumbull county; Benjamin Ruggles; George Tod; Benjamin Tappan, of Jefferson county; Jeremiah H. Hallock, of Steubenville; George W. Belden, of Stark county, and John Pearce, of Carroll county.

So far as the writer is able to learn, but one of the president judges under the first constitution of the state, was a resident of the county, viz., Hon. George W. Belden, who was the youngest of all the able judges who held this important position of honor, but who so administered the duties of his office as to win the unbounded confidence of the bar and the public. Judge Belden being a resident of the county, it is proper that some brief account be given of him. His father was of New England birth, born in Massachusetts. The mother was born in Connecticut. George W. was their second son, and he was born in the state of New York, 1810, and died in Canton, 1868, being 58 years of age at the time of his decease. He read law in the office of Hon. David A. Starkweather, in Canton, and after his admission to the bar, formed a partnership in 1831 with John Harris.

In 1834, Governor Lucas appointed him lieutenant-colonel of the First Regiment of riflemen in Ohio, and the following year he was elected prosecuting attorney of his county. In 1836 he received the appointment from Gov. Lucas of brigadier general of the Sixth Division of the Ohio State Militia, and later he was appointed by Gov. Vance as district judge. After the expiration of his term on the bench, he formed a partnership with Louis Schaeffer, which continued but a short time until his election as common pleas judge under the Constitution of 1851. He also served as United States district attorney, and won distinction in the celebrated slave reserve case, tried in 1859. In politics, Judge Belden was of Democratic faith. After his retirement

from the bench he formed a partnership with his son-in-law, the late Hon. Joseph Frease, and upon the election of Joseph Frease to the common pleas bench, Judge Belden took into his office William McKinley, who had recently come to Stark county to engage in his chosen profession, the law, and who, after a short but brilliant career, entered the political field, became a distinguished member of Congress, governor of the state, and President of the United States.

The associate judges of the county appointed under the Constitution of 1802, were: Thomas Latimer, George Bair, James Campbell, John Harris, James Clarke, John Hoover, Samuel Coulter, William Henry, Thomas Hurford, George Stidger, William Christmas, John Kryder, Jacob Hostetter, John Everhard, Harmon Stidger, Eli Sowers, Peter Loutzenheiser and Jacob Miller, all of whom were representative men of the county and engaged in the various occupations—merchants, farmers and tradesmen. The associate judges had authority to come together as a "Called Court," and dispose of matters of probate and testamentary, appoint administrators, executors and guardians, thus facilitating the business before the court, which would otherwise have had to remain undisposed of until the stated terms of the court.

Under the Constitution of 1851, Stark county with Columbiana and Carroll, comprised the first sub-division of the ninth judicial district, and at the first election for a common pleas judge of the sub-division, Hon. George W. Belden, who had formerly served as president judge under the former judicial system, was elected for the term of five years, and after serving about two-thirds of the term, resigned, opened an office and immediately secured a large and lucrative practice. On Judge Belden's resignation from the bench, Hon. John Clarke, of New Lisbon, was appointed by Gov. Medill to fill the vacancy. At the succeeding election Hon. Lyman W. Potter, of Columbiana county, was chosen for a full term, but he resigned about 1858, when Hon. Jacob A. Ambler, of Salem, was appointed to fill the vacancy. At the next election Judge Ambler was elected for the unexpired term of Judge Potter, and in 1861, elected for a full term of five years, being succeeded in office by Hon. Joseph Frease, of Stark county, who served for two full terms with credit and honor.

By a special act of the legislature, the first sub-division of the ninth district, about 1857, was authorized to elect an additional common pleas judge, and at the succeeding election, Hon. John W. Church, of Canton, was chosen for the term, but the act being repealed before Judge Church's term had expired, no successor was chosen to succeed him. On account of an increase in the business before the court, a special act was again passed by the legislature some years after the end of Judge Church's term. The sub-division was again provided with an additional judge, and Hon. Peter A. Laubie, of Salem, was elected to the office, serving two full terms. At the end of Judge Frease's second term, he was succeeded by the Hon. Seraphim Meyer, who served a full term of five years, when he was elected to the office of probate judge of the county, resigning shortly before the expiration of the term, when he was succeeded by Hon. Jacob P. Fawcett, who was appointed.

Judge Meyer was succeeded by the Hon. Anson Pease, of Massillon, who served for two full terms, when Hon. Thomas T. McCarty, of Canton, was elected as his successor. He likewise served two

terms, and upon leaving the bench of the common pleas court, was elected one of the judges of the circuit court of the district.

The legislature having passed an act providing for an additional judge in the first sub-division, Hon. William R. Day, of Canton, was elected to the office, but he resigned after about a year's incumbency, leaving the common pleas bench in 1887, to re-enter upon the practice. Since the expiration of the terms of Hon. T. T. McCarty, and Judge Day, the following persons, residents of the county, have filled the office: Hon. Henry W. Harter, Hon. Ralph S. Ambler, Hon. Robert H. Day, Hon. Harvey F. Ake, and Hon. Hubert C. Pontius, the last three named being the present incumbents.

Hon. Isaac H. Taylor, of Carroll county, was elected as one of the judges of the sub-division, and removed to Stark county before the expiration of his term, being a resident when his last term expired.

Among the judges of the ninth common pleas district who have honored Stark county court with their presence in the dispensation of justice may be mentioned the names of Hon. Luther Day, of Ravenna, Conant, Woodbury, Hitchcock, Hoffman, Tuttle, Taylor, Canfield, Arrel, Sherman, Spear, Raley, Isaac H. Taylor and Fimple.

Never in the long line of distinguished services of the bench in Stark county can it be said that the finger of suspicion could be pointed, nor has the judicial ermine been tarnished or stained. Our courts have met the requirements of the judge as laid down by the great Socrates, "Four things belong to the judge: to hear courteously, to answer wisely, to consider soberly, and to decide impartially."

A history of the bench of Stark county would not be complete without some mention and notice of its court of probate, which as the reader will remember was one of the courts especially provided for under the Constitution of 1851. This court since its origin has always been presided over by judges learned in the law, and who discharged their duties with fidelity, and without fear or favor, and to the general satisfaction of the community. The first judge of the court elected was Hon. George W. Raff, a lawyer of eminent ability, especially fitted for the office. Judge Raff, upon assuming office, was confronted with many and intricate questions involving the proper procedure of the business before the court, chief of which was the rules and entries for the making of court records. He set to work in the framing and preparing of a set of rules and court entries for the use of probate judges, which were compiled and published under the title of "Raff's Guide," long acknowledged and in use as a standard work in the probate practice. Upon his retirement from office Judge Raff resumed the practice of the law for a time, but later engaged in the banking business, being one of the original organizers of the Central Savings Bank in Canton. Judge Raff at the end of his term of office, was succeeded by Hon. Isaac Hazlett, who served one term, to be followed by W. H. Burke, who served one term, and he in turn by James W. Underhill, who served for four successive terms, or twelve years; the term of office being three years as by law provided. Adam W. Heldenbrand was elected as the successor of Judge Underhill, and he was twice re-elected, but before the end of his third term died, and Hon. John C. Mong, who was his chief deputy clerk, was appointed to fill the unexpired term. He performed the duties of the office in a most acceptable manner. At the end of Judge Mong's service, Hon. Sera-

phim Meyer, who had served on the common pleas bench, was elected, and re-elected at the close of his first term; but, before the expiration of the term, resigned on account of poor health and removed to the state of California, where he died some years later. Hon. Jacob P. Fawcett was appointed to fill Judge Meyer's unexpired term and at the end of it he was elected for a term, and also chosen for a second term, being succeeded by Henry A. Wise for two terms, and he by Maurice E. Aungst for two terms. Charles E. Bow, the successor of Judge Aungst, was succeeded by Charles Krichbaum, the present incumbent of the office. Of the long list of ex-probate judges of the county, but one now remains, Hon. Henry A. Wise, who is actively engaged in manufacturing and in the banking business.

Subsequent to the adoption of the Constitution of 1851, the following members of the bar have served the county in the capacity of prosecuting attorney: W. F. Evans, Joseph Freese, James D. Brown, Seraphim Meyer, George E. Baldwin, Charles F. Manderson, William A. Lynch, William McKinley, Joseph J. Parker, Robert S. Shields, Henry W. Harter, John C. Welty, Charles C. Bow, Atlee Pomerene, Robert H. Day, Charles C. Upham, Charles Krichbaum, Hubert C. Pontius, A. Talmage Snyder, Frank N. Sweitzer, and Walter S. Ruff, the present incumbent.

As disclosed by the court records of the county, the earliest resident practitioner at the bar was one Roswell M. Mason, who, with one Sampson S. King, were the only resident lawyers of the county until about the year 1816, when John Harris was admitted to the practice and began a long and honored career of service in his chosen profession. Of the antecedents of both Mason and King, but little is known. Mason practiced for some years; he was the owner of a tract of some ten or eleven acres of land purchased in 1815 for the sum of \$163.50, and located west of what is now High street SW, and south of Tuscarawas street W. It would appear he met with financial reverses, for in the year 1816, a judgment was obtained against him in the court by some Philadelphia gentlemen, and, for want of personal property whereon to levy, the sheriff levied upon his real estate, which was subsequently sold under execution.

The country being new and litigation necessarily limited, the bar of the county did not increase greatly in numbers from 1816 to 1829, being represented by John Harris, Andrew W. Loomis, Orlando Metcalf, James W. Lathrop, Almon Sortwell, David A. Starkweather, Sanders Van Rensselaer, and Hiram Griswold.

John Harris, who can truthfully be called the Nestor of the Stark county bar, had a long and honored career covering a period of almost forty years of continuous practice. As a young man, he taught school east of the then village of Canton; was appointed clerk pro tempore of the first common pleas court; served as an associate judge of the common pleas court of the county; was admitted to the practice about 1816; served two years in the legislature, and was the law preceptor of many of the young men who aspired to the legal profession. By one yet living and who in his youth knew him, he is described as a man of strong physique, commanding presence, and the old school gentleman.

He had an extensive practice not only in the county court, but throughout the judicial district and before the supreme court of the



state. It was one of his traits, while on his way to and from his home and office, to recite to himself the points and questions involved in the cases under his consideration, making frequent gesticulations and talking aloud. On the admission of Geo. W. Belden to the bar, he formed a partnership with Harris, the name of the firm being, Harris & Belden, and on the election of Belden to the common pleas bench, the partnership was dissolved, Harris about that time forming a partnership with James D. Brown, who was his son-in-law, the firm being Harris & Brown.

About 1848, a partnership was formed with his son, John Harris, Jr., the style of the firm being J. Harris & J. Harris, Jr. This association did not long continue as the son always being of a delicate constitution, died of pulmonary disease shortly thereafter. About the time of the breaking out of the Civil War, James D. Brown removed to Omaha, Neb., and it was here that John Harris died; both Harris and Brown are buried in West Lawn Cemetery. Of the many young men who read law in the office of Mr. Harris, one in particular may be mentioned, John McSweeney, who acquired national distinction as a lawyer, and of whom later reference will be made.

Andrew A. Loomis and Orlando Metcalf, who formed a partnership under the firm name of Loomis & Metcalf, graduated at the same time from the Union college of Schenectady, N. Y., were admitted to practice at the same time, locating in Canton, and after many years practice, Mr. Metcalf moved to Pittsburgh, and Loomis to New Lisbon. Mr. Loomis later entered into partnership at Pittsburgh with Mr. Metcalf, which continued until the latter's death. Sanders Van Rensselaer came from the state of New York, belonged to the family of that name, one of the old Dutch. He did not remain in the practice many years, but is said to have been a man of fine attainments and a gentleman.

James W. Lathrop was prominent in the profession, took an active part in the establishment of the common school system of the state, dying in 1828 at Columbus while serving in the state legislature.

David A. Starkweather, long a conspicuous member of the bar, born at Litchfield, Conn., and a graduate of Williams college, located in Canton about 1828, after a short term of practice at Mansfield, Ohio. He was said to be a man of ease, fond of the chase, and kept a pack of hounds, and it was his fondest delight to gallop over the plains west of the town with pack in hot pursuit of the fox on a still morning just at break of the day. In 1831 a partnership was effected between Mr. Starkweather and Dwight Jarvis under the name of Starkweather & Jarvis. The firm immediately took a prominent lead in the legal business of the country, Mr. Jarvis being a most careful manager of the details of the office and business while Starkweather was attending the hunt and chase, and to the trial work of the firm.

Mr. Starkweather was popular as an orator and speaker and was given the name "Little Stark." He was a Democrat, was always courteous and agreeable, and was respected by his political opponents. He served four terms in the state legislature, three in the house and one in the senate; two terms in the national house of representatives, and in 1851 was appointed by President Pierce as minister plenipotentiary to Chile. He served as chairman of the national convention of his

party in 1852, at which Franklin Pierce was nominated for the presidency. Mr. Starkweather died at Cleveland, Ohio. The firm of Starkweather & Jarvis continued until 1842, when Alexander Bierce was taken into the firm, the style of the firm being Starkweather, Jarvis & Bierce.

Gen. Dwight Jarvis finished his legal studies at Canton about 1822, located for a time at Athens, Ohio, but returned to Canton in 1831 when he and Starkweather went into partnership as heretofore mentioned. On the dissolution of the firm of Starkweather, Jarvis & Bierce, Mr. Jarvis moved to Massillon, where he continued to reside until the time of his death.

While a resident of Massillon he was elected major-general of the sixth division of the Ohio militia, having theretofore been brigadier-inspector. In politics he was a federalist and admirer of Jay, Hamilton and the Federal leaders; and earnest in his dislike of the Republican leaders of the Jeffersonian school.

Hiram Griswold, who had taken his legal course of study in the office of Hon. V. R. Humphrey, of Hudson, Ohio, after his admission to the bar at Bucyrus in 1829, located in Canton, and immediately acquired a large and lucrative practice. He enjoyed the complete confidence of the people of the county by whom it has been said, had he remained there, he could have had any political preferment from the county or congressional district. He removed to the city of Cleveland about 1852, where he at once was elected to the state senate, shortly thereafter removing to the state of Kansas, locating at Leavenworth. While Hon. Hiram Griswold resided at Canton he served for six years as reporter for the Supreme Court of the state. He compiled Volumes 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19 of the Ohio Reports. At the time of the election of Hon. Benjamin F. Wade to the United States Senate, Mr. Griswold came within one or two votes of securing the election over Wade to the office.

Alexander Bierce, of whom mention has been made, was a native of Massachusetts, located first at Massillon where he practiced for about three years before coming to Canton to enter into partnership with Starkweather and Jarvis, and upon the dissolution of the firm, Mr. Bierce entered into partnership with the Hon. Anson Pease, of Massillon, which continued until Mr. Bierce's death, a period of about twenty-four years. It is said of him that few men who practiced in the courts of the state, commanded more attention than did Alexander Bierce. Of fine analytical mind, strictest integrity, with a thorough knowledge of the law, he was seldom over-ruled in the court of last resort. It was said of him by one who knew him well, "*he was a lawyer.*"

The opening of the Ohio canal, making it an artery of trade with the Great Lakes, gave great impetus to the town of Massillon as a business and commercial center, and for a long period there were perhaps as many practitioners of the bar of the county located at that town as at the county seat. Among the lawyers of that thriving city who took a prominent place at that bar was the Hon. Samuel Pease, who opened an office in 1831 and continued in active practice until his death in 1867. Not a strong advocate in the trial of jury cases, but as an office lawyer and counsellor, he had few equals.

Prior to 1840, Hon. James D. Brown came from the state of New

York, and, as before noted, formed a partnership with Hon. John Harris at Canton. He frequently served the county as prosecuting attorney, was prominent in his profession, and about the beginning of the Civil War moved to the city of Omaha, where he resided until his decease in the year 1880.

Hon. Samuel Lahm, born at Leitersburg, Md., a graduate of Washington college, Pennsylvania, completed his legal course at Hagerstown, Md., and located in Canton about 1834. As the law of the state required one year's residence before admission to the bar, Mr. Lahm spent the year in the office of Almon Sortwell, attorney, familiarizing himself with the statutes of the state, and modes of legal procedure. On his admission to the bar of the state, he immediately acquired a large practice, had all the business he could handle, and generally appeared on one side or the other of every prominent case in the court. Well grounded in the law, a most eloquent orator, of fine appearance, logical, forcible and persuasive, he was regarded as one of the most able lawyers at the bar, the most popular stump-orator in the district and among the best in the state. His voice was strong, and from much outdoor speaking became much impaired and caused him to retire from public speaking and politics. The following incident occurred in the court, which gained wide publicity in the press of the day: A witness was presented to the clerk to be sworn and inquired of: "How do you swear?" meaning, do you swear or affirm; to which the witness replied: "I swear by Sam Lahm."

He had a strong taste for military matters and was chosen brigadier-general. He served as prosecuting attorney of the county, three terms in the legislature—one in the house and two in the senate. He was defeated for a third term in the senate by the treachery of his pretended political friends; but forming a political coalition with the Whig party, was subsequently elected a member of the lower house of Congress, as an independent candidate against Hon. D. A. Starkweather, the regular nominee of the Democratic party. His course in Congress was not such as to meet with the approval of the Whig element that had contributed to his election, and being regularly nominated by the Democratic convention in 1856 for a second term, he was defeated by the opposition supported by the so-called Know-nothings. Gen. Lahm continued to be a Democrat of the radical kind, supported Breckenridge as against Douglas, and was bitter in denunciation against the abolitionists. At a largely attended union mass meeting held in the county in 1861, addressed by Hon. Luther Day, of Ravenna, who had previous to the war been a Democrat of the Douglas branch of the party as opposed to the Breckenridge following, but who on the breaking out of the war threw all his influence and powers in defense of the Union, Judge Day in the course of his address was interrupted by Gen. Lahm with the taunting remark, "The abolitionists caused the war." Without attempting to discuss the statement, Judge Day argued that the duty to preserve the Union was none the less imperative. "If my friend, General Lahm, returning to his home some evening, discovers fire breaking out in his neighbor's house, does he walk by without giving his aid, saying, 'Let the old thing burn; I didn't set it on fire?'"

The answer was effective, and General Lahm became a much changed man in his political attitude from that day to the end of his life, which closed in 1876. For some years before his death he had

gone to farming, owning a large tract of land west of the city of Canton, and where the growing town of Reedurban is now located.

General Lahm had a brother some years his junior, John Lahm, who practiced at the bar for many years, served as mayor of Canton, and as clerk of the court of the county, and who was of opposite politics from the general.

Among the early practitioners of the Stark county bar, and who came from Leitersburg, Md., was the Hon. Benjamin F. Leiter, born in the year 1813. Without a collegiate education, but of bright intellect, and widely read on many subjects, Mr. Leiter before coming to the county had been engaged for a short time in teaching school. Shortly after taking up a residence at Canton, he taught school in an adjoining district, and when the free school system went into operation was engaged as the first teacher in Canton under it. He soon made his entry into politics, was elected clerk of the township, and served as justice of the peace; read law under Hon. D. A. Starkweather, and after his admission to the bar, entered into partnership with Hon. G. W. Belden. During his practice at the bar he was a member of the firms of Belden & Leiter; Leiter & Pool; Leiter & Treat. Joseph Pool, after some years of practice, moved to Cleveland, went into the army, and later located in the City of New York and engaged in the business of banking. Mr. Leiter served two terms in the legislature, was speaker of the house during his second term, the contest for which was long and bitter. Mr. Leiter obtained possession of the chair by a coup de main, held possession during the day and a night, having his meals brought to him by a page, and after considerable filibustering was declared elected. It is said he became a popular presiding officer, being well versed in parliamentary law and procedure. In 1850 he was a candidate for the state senate, but met with defeat, the balance of the Democratic ticket being elected. Becoming much dissatisfied with his party, for some years he held aloof from his party's councils, joined the Know-nothing party, which formed an alliance with the dissatisfied elements of the Democrats, and was elected to the thirty-fourth Congress, at the close of which term, having won the approbation of the new Republican party, he was renominated and elected over his opponent, General Sam Lahm. It has been remarked that no congressman from the district was more thoughtful in remembering his constituents by the free distribution of documents and seeds.

Seraphim Meyer, mention of whom has already been made, was a native of Alsace, France, and the father and family came to Massillon about 1828, remaining but a few days before removing to Canton. He was admitted to the bar in 1838, had a long career as a barrister, and, as before mentioned, served as judge of both the probate and common pleas courts of the county.

He was well read in the law, a master of both the French and German languages, and versed in the best literature. Judge Meyer during his practice was a member of the firm of Dunbar & Meyer, Brown & Meyer; Meyer & Manderson, and Meyer & Piero. On the breaking out of the war, in 1861, Mr. Meyer and his two sons, Edward S. and C. Turenne, entered the army, the father as colonel of the 107th Regiment, O. V. I., with the son, Edward S. belonging to the same regiment. Col. Meyer was compelled to resign from the army on account of severe illness, in 1864.

The son, Edward S., a brave and fearless soldier, was severely wounded in the battle of Chancellorsville, won an enviable military record, and was brevetted brigadier general. After the close of the war, he located in Cleveland, was United States district attorney under the Garfield administration, and later he had a large practice. He died but a few years since. The other son, C. Turenne, practiced for a time at Canton after his military service, moved to Wichita, Kan., but later returned to Canton, where he formed a partnership with W. J. Piero.

General Charles F. Manderson, a native of Pennsylvania, born in the city of Philadelphia, was admitted to the bar in 1860, after the necessary studies under his preceptors, Lewis Schaeffer, and William K. Upham. He began the practice of law in Canton. Entering the army shortly after the beginning of the war, as lieutenant in Company A, 19th Regiment, O. V. I., his services continued until 1865, he having greatly distinguished himself through his valor and bravery. He was promoted through the different grades, and was brevetted brigadier general of volunteers. At the close of his military career he again resumed the practice, was elected prosecuting attorney of the county, and moved to the city of Omaha about 1869, where he had a long and honorable career both as a lawyer and public official. He served as general counsel for the Burlington & Quincy R. R. lines west of the Missouri river, was United States senator from Nebraska for several terms, and during his last term was president pro tem of that body. General Manderson's wife was a daughter of Hon. James D. Brown, and a granddaughter of Hon. John Harris. He died about two years since, aboard ship, while on his return from a European trip.

David K. Carter, a native of Jefferson county, N. Y., began life for himself as an apprentice in the printing office of Thurlow Weed, at Rochester, in that state. After the necessary preparation for his admission to the bar, he, after being admitted to practice, hung out his shingle in Rochester, but after several years, not having met with the success anticipated, came west to Ohio, locating for several years at Akron, and about 1845 settled at Massillon, where he formed a partnership with Hon. H. B. Hurlbut, the firm name being Carter & Hurlbut, which lasted until his election to the National House of Representatives in 1848.

He had aspired to congressional honor while a resident of Akron, but the district not being Democratic, it was charged by his political opponents that he had removed to Stark county (which was a rock-ribbed Democratic district) merely for the purpose of securing political honors. He took an active part in the councils of the Democratic party, was prominent in its conventions and one of its most popular speakers. In appearance he was commanding, his face marked with smallpox, a voice coarse, his manners at times somewhat rough, his language not always chaste and pure, and with an impediment of speech which it is said rather emphasized than detracted from the force of his oratory. He was always referred to as D. K. Carter, and the Whigs, by whom he was always feared, wrote him in their papers as "Decay" Carter. He served two terms, withdrew from politics, shortly thereafter removing to the city of Cleveland. On the organization of the Republican party he affiliated with that party, taking an active part in its affairs, and was delegated from the Cleveland district to the Republican national

convention at Chicago in 1860. He claimed the honor of Lincoln's nomination as the party's candidate. Whether true or not, he was recognized by an appointment as minister to Bolivia, but the office not being to his taste, he resigned, came back home, and received the appointment as chief justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, serving through all the exciting and trying times of the Civil War and the reconstruction period, when new and important questions were arising before the court. He had a judicial mind, a keen perception of the basic elements of the law, which he was ever ready to apply with peculiar aptness, and with strong will and courage undaunted, he cut through the entangling difficulties, reaching satisfactory conclusions. He made his impress upon the judicial proceedings of that court. In after life, it is said, he much regretted his rather coarse and brusque style in the trials of his causes when in his early practice at the bar. One who knew him has said that "had he been more of a student in his early life and had the suavity and culture of his contemporary, Chase, he would have been one of the foremost judges of the federal bench." Judge Carter died in 1887.

Among the practitioners at the bar in the first half of the last century may be mentioned the following, who resided at Canton: William Bryce, who had been a stone mason before coming to the bar. He had helped in building the Ohio canal; studied law and was admitted to the practice. He served one term as county recorder. Hon. Elijah P. Grant, an accomplished scholar and lawyer; a man of many genial qualities, and a believer and advocate of socialistic doctrines. Zerubabel Snow, who was at the bar in 1848, and said to be a close relative of Erastus Snow and Lorenzo Snow, both of whom were prominently connected with the Mormon church; the first being one of the advance party sent out by Brigham Young to spy out the land at Salt Lake, where Young and his band of followers located after crossing the plains; the other, traveling for some years as a missionary of the Mormon church in Europe, and later founding the town of Brigham, Utah.

No history of the bar of Stark county would be complete without some reference to the Hon. William K. Upham, who was regarded as one of the ablest lawyers of his day. He was a native of the state of Vermont, and a son of Hon. William Upham, who represented that state in the Senate of the United States.

William K. Upham first located at New Lisbon, where he practiced for about three years, coming to Canton about 1848, where he continued in active practice, not only at the bar of Stark county, but throughout eastern Ohio, until his death in 1867 at Canfield, the then county seat of Mahoning county, where he was attending court. He was a contemporary of Stanton, and met with the distinguished lawyers of his day in the trial of many important cases before the courts. He possessed the faculty of being able to cite the volume and page of most every case in the Reports of the State, as well as the legal principle involved in the court's decision. When the question of the constitutionality of the organization of the state of West Virginia came before President Lincoln, the president called in Stanton for a legal opinion on the subject. Stanton is said to have remarked to the president, "There is a lawyer out in Ohio whose opinion I would suggest you should get, Mr. President." "Who is he?" queried the president. "William K. Upham, of Canton," was Stanton's reply.

Mr. Upham, at the request of Lincoln, went to Washington, and after an extended conference with the president, set to work in the preparation of a brief setting forth his opinion, and which was regarded as one of the most able presentations in advocacy of the constitutional right of the government to admit the state as one of the members of the Union.

Horace P. Dunbar and William Dunbar, brothers, were among the early lawyers at the bar, William for a time being connected with the publication of *The Stark County Democrat*, and later removing to Mount Vernon, where he published a newspaper. Horace P. Dunbar practiced for many years at the bar of the county with success, and he obtained a wide influence in the community.

Among the members of the bar who located at Massillon in the latter part of the first half of the last century, the following may be given special mention: Hon. Anson Pease, who began the practice in 1844, and was for a time a partner with Hon. Alexander Bierce, under the firm name of Pease & Ricks. He served as common pleas judge for two terms, and after retiring from the bench formed a partnership with Frank Baldwin and Otto E. Young, under the name of Pease, Baldwin & Young. All three members of the partnership are now deceased. James W. Underhill, admitted to the practice in 1842, entered into a partnership which was known as Hurlbut & Underhill, later with Hon. Robert H. Folger under the firm name of Folger & Underhill, and for a time with F. M. Keith, under the firm name of Keith & Underhill. After Judge Underhill's term of service as probate judge of the county, he took up his residence as a practitioner at Canton.

Arvine Wales, George Miller, Leavitt L. Bowen, David M. Bradshaw and James Harsh, all practiced at the bar of the county while residents of Massillon. For a short period Mr. Wales entered mining and industrial pursuits; Mr. Harsh served in the army, attaining the rank of captain, and died in 1870 at the early age of 40 years.

It is highly fitting in presenting a history of the bar of Stark county that a brief mention should be made of one who though not a resident practitioner, was frequently engaged in some of the more important cases tried in the courts of the county, both in the civil and criminal branches of the court, and who had almost a nation-wide reputation as a criminal lawyer, the Hon. John McSweeney, who began the practice of his profession at Wooster, where he continued to reside until the time of his decease. Mr. McSweeney was the child of Irish parents, both of whom died at Bolivar, O., about the time of the building of the Ohio canal, of an epidemic generally understood in that day to be cholera. The child, John, was tenderly cared for and raised by a worthy Christian lady, Mrs. Grimes, of Canton. He was a law student of John Harris, and after his admission to practice, located at Wooster.

He was one of the leading lawyers of his day, a master of wit, sarcasm and irony; an orator of the foremost rank, and a tower of strength before the jury in the presentation of the cause of his client. As a criminal lawyer he was frequently employed before the courts of other states, and was one of the counsel assisting the government in the prosecution in the celebrated *Star Route* trial in the City of Washington.

One of the unique and distinguished lawyers of the Stark county bar for a great many years was the Hon. Robert H. Folger, of Massillon, born at Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1812, the son of Captain Mayhew and Mary (Joy) Folger, natives of the Island of Nantucket and of Quaker faith. Mayhew Folger was a sailor on the high seas, having circumnavigated the globe three times and serving in every position from cabin boy to master of a vessel. His last voyage was made in the ship "Topaz," of Boston, on the return of which, in 1810, he quit the life of a sailor and sought a home in the west.

While making his last cruise, Captain Folger discovered the surviving mutineers of the English ship "Bounty," who had founded a colony on Pitcairn Island in the south Pacific seas. After leaving Tahiti, the crew of the "Bounty" mutined, in 1789, under the lead of Fletcher Christian; the captain of the vessel, Bligh, and 18 of the crew, being set adrift in a small boat, but ultimately reaching England. The mutineers, led by John Adams, in 1790, settled on Pitcairn Island, mingled with the natives and founded a civilized community. Nothing was known of them by their home government, it being believed they had turned pirates or become lost, until their discovery by Captain Folger in 1810.

Capt. Mayhew Folger came to Ohio in 1813, settled at Kendal, now one of the wards of Massillon, the settlement of Kendal being made up of a society of Friends, known as the Kendal Society, most of whom came from Nantucket.

Robert H. Folger when a young man served for a time as captain on one of the packet boats running from Massillon to Cleveland on the Ohio canal, and was thereafter given the title of Captain Folger.

His son, William M. Folger, was educated at Annapolis naval academy, served through the different grades in the United States navy, and retired in 1915 with the rank of rear admiral. He died several years since.

Robert H. Folger claimed relationship with Benjamin Franklin, was a fluent speaker, possessed great literary attainments, and had stored his memory with the best poems of Burns, Byron and other great poets. In stature he was about five feet four inches, weighed about 180 pounds, and by reason of his being so short was often made the butt of many well-meant jokes by his brethren at the bar, no one enjoying the joke better than the captain himself. He lived and practiced law in Massillon when the Ohio canal, which passed through the city, was in its glory and was the great artery of trade and commerce. Mr. Folger, his father having been a sea captain, let it be known that he was an admiralty lawyer, and as a result had a large practice growing out of the commerce and business relating to the Ohio canal. It happened that Hon. John McSweeney and Hon. Robert H. Folger were arrayed on the opposite side of some litigation growing out of a contract for the building of a canal boat. In his opening argument to the jury Mr. McSweeney displayed some ignorance and want of knowledge as to nautical nomenclature; thereupon Mr. Folger, in his argument in reply, soundly berated McSweeney about his ignorance regarding maritime affairs. In his closing argument McSweeney, after making his points involved in his suit clear to the jury, turned upon Mr. Folger and in dramatic style described what he termed "Captain Folger in a storm on the Ohio canal." He spoke of how the storm spirit howled



in the air, how the winds whistled, lashed the waves of the placid waters of the canal into hellish foam, and how the hailstones fell like leaden bullets upon the deck of the rocking ship. Then, in the grand climax, Mr. McSweeney turned and said, "And all the while, where was the Little Captain? Standing on the quarter-deck crying to the driver, 'Scud the mules! Scud the mules!'"

One of the noted men of his day in the practice at the bar of the county was Hon. Louis Schaeffer, known as a profound lawyer, an active citizen who was always interested in the material development of his city, and noted for his ready wit on all occasions. Mr. Schaeffer was born in the Department of Moselle, France, 1815, and came to Canton in 1831. He pursued his legal studies under the direction of Griswold & Grant, and was admitted to the practice in March 1840, the day of his admission completing the exact two years required by law for the legal studies of the candidate. Mr. Schaeffer and Robert H. Folger, of Massillon, were admitted upon the same day, the examination taking place on the first day of March, at New Lisbon, before Justices Lane and Wood of the supreme court, the candidate having traveled by stage coach from Canton to the place of the court's session.

Mr. Schaeffer was not only well read in the law, but was a scholar and student of literature; had a good command of language, but spoke in broken accent, which, with his ready wit and repartee, and powers at mimicry, made him a humorous as well as entertaining speaker. He lived to a great age, and for many years before his decease was the owner and proprietor of an opera house in Canton, and was acquainted with many of the leading actors on the American stage during the latter part of the last century. He was the father of the wife of Justice William R. Day.

Hon. Joseph Frease, whose youth was spent in Sugar Creek township, Stark county, and a student under Hon. Hiram Griswold, came to the bar of the county about 1851, and after several years of practice was elected prosecuting attorney. After serving one term he was elected common pleas judge and was re-elected for a second term. After retiring from the common pleas bench, Judge Frease entered into the active practice of the law, for a time being associated with Frank E. Case, under the firm name of Frease & Case. This partnership continued until the retirement of Mr. Case, who went into the business of manufacturing, in which enterprise he is still actively engaged. Judge Pease continued in the practice until shortly before his decease in 1909. Judge Frease as a jurist and practitioner always commanded the esteem and confidence of the community.

William W. Clark, born on a farm near Hanoverton, Columbiana county, moved with his parents to Portage county, where he spent most of his youth on a farm. Always a close student, he spent his time industriously, acquiring a good education, and followed teaching for a time. He read law with the Hon. Alphonso Hart, of Ravenna, and after the necessary preparation was admitted to the bar in 1862, coming to Canton shortly thereafter, where he located. Shortly after the close of the Civil War, his brother, James J. Clark, who had served in the army and had been admitted to the bar, was taken into a partnership, which was continued about twenty years under the firm name of Clark & Clark, the firm having a large and lucrative practice. William W. Clark retired from the practice of the law, going into the manufactur-

ing business and engaging in banking, in both of which enterprises he met with great success, and at the time of his decease had acquired a considerable fortune.

One of the most prominent members of the Stark county bar, and one who had a long period of active service before its courts was Hon. George E. Baldwin; born near Rootstown, Portage county, his ancestry traced back to the famous Baldwin family of Connecticut. In his early life Mr. Baldwin was a teacher, read law, and after admission to the bar took up his residence at Canton in the early sixties. He served one term as prosecuting attorney, and later formed a partnership with Hon. Robert S. Shields. The firm of Baldwin & Shields for almost thirty years was one of the leading law firms in the county, having a large practice extending throughout northern Ohio.

Judge Baldwin served by appointment a short term on the bench of the circuit court of the district, and after the expiration of his term of service continued in the practice until his appointment by President McKinley as counsel to Nuremberg, Germany. He had been in poor health shortly before his appointment, and after several years' service abroad was granted leave of absence, returning to New York City, where his only son, a prominent attorney, was located and where he shortly thereafter died.

Judge Baldwin was noted as one of the best story tellers at the bar, always ready with some anecdote or story to entertain his hearers, and when the court was not in session would be surrounded by a bevy of lawyers in the court-room eagerly listening to his entertainment. As a lawyer he was forceful, a fluent and eloquent speaker, and on the political platform always able to hold the attention of his audience. In politics he was an ardent Republican, always in great demand as a local speaker in the political campaigns of his party. Judge Baldwin was also a strong advocate of the cause of temperance. As a lawyer he appeared in many of the leading civil and criminal causes before the courts.

One of the lawyers of the Stark county bar who had few peers and no superiors, was the Hon. William A. Lynch, born in Canton, August 4, 1844. The parents of William A. Lynch were both natives of Ireland, the father being a civil engineer, railroad builder, and had served his county as county recorder. William A. Lynch was educated in the public schools, graduating from the Canton high school at the age of sixteen, was a great student and well read on many subjects. He had a most brilliant intellect, was a natural logician, and possessed great argumentative powers, which made him one of the great lawyers of his day. His voice was most pleasing, his diction pure, and with a matchless presence, he was one of the most pleasing and convincing speakers in the legal forum and on the public platform. He began the study of the law at the early age of sixteen years in the office of Hon. Louis Schaeffer, at Canton, and was admitted to the bar on his arriving at his majority, in 1865.

He was for a while connected with his preceptor in the practice, and in the year 1872 formed a partnership with Hon. William R. Day, under the firm name of Lynch & Day, which immediately became one of the leading law firms in northern Ohio. The names, Lynch & Day, have had a long standing at the bar of the county, and have undergone many transpositions in the title of the firm name. Originally known as

Lynch & Day, upon the admission to the firm of Mr. Austin Lynch the firm name became Lynch, Day & Lynch; upon the retirement of William A. Lynch it became the firm of Day & Lynch; upon the admission of David D. Day into the firm, it became the firm of Day, Lynch & Day; upon the retirement of William R. Day the firm again assumed the original name of Lynch & Day, and upon the admission of the son of Austin Lynch into the firm, it again took the firm name of Lynch, Day & Lynch.

Mr. Lynch from the beginning of his practice at the bar demonstrated that he was destined to become the great lawyer he proved to be, for at the age of twenty-three he was trying cases against the most able lawyers of his day.

In the year 1866 he was elected prosecuting attorney of the county, defeating Gen. Charles F. Manderson, but in 1868 he was defeated by William McKinley, and in 1870 Mr. Lynch defeated McKinley for the office. From 1867 to 1874 he served as city solicitor for the city of Canton, serving during the period that the city was emerging from a village to a city, and when great municipal undertakings were being projected. After a most successful career at the bar, Mr. Lynch, about the year 1885, retired from the active practice and engaged in the business of operating a street railway in the city of Canton. He projected and constructed the interurban street railway between the cities of Canton and Massillon, said to be the first interurban line in the United States.

Mr. Lynch not only devoted his time to the street railway business, but specialized to some extent in the practice of steam railway litigation, being retained in many important cases throughout the country. Upon the failure of a large industrial manufactory which he had undertaken to rehabilitate, he again resumed the general practice and at once took a prominent position in the more important litigation before the courts. While attending court in New Lisbon as one of the counsels for the defense in an important criminal case, he was suddenly taken ill and died after a few hours' illness, February 6, 1907, at the age of sixty-two years.

In his political affiliations Mr. Lynch was a Democrat, but in the campaign of 1896 he was unable to support the doctrine of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, and he threw his whole strength in favor of the cause of sound money, making many speeches throughout the country against the free silver movement. His address, delivered at the old Tabernacle at Canton, was regarded as one of the best made in that campaign in support of a sound currency, and was largely circulated as a campaign document.

Shortly after his admission to the bar, in 1867, William McKinley located at Canton and at once secured a large practice before the courts, at first being associated with Hon. George W. Belden in the office of that distinguished lawyer and jurist, and later forming a partnership with his brother, Abner McKinley, under the firm name of W. & A. McKinley. William McKinley was born at Niles, Ohio, January 29, 1843, receiving his early education at the Poland academy at Poland, Mahoning county, supplemented by one year's study in the college at Meadville, Pa. He taught school for a short period, and at the early age of seventeen years enlisted as a private in the 23rd Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry, the regiment having as officers Stanley Matthews

and Rutherford B. Hayes, and was a part of the army of General Sheridan. He served on the staffs of General Hayes and General George Crook, who after the war became the great Indian fighter on the western frontier. He served to the close of the war with great distinction, and for meritorious conduct was brevetted a major. On his return from the army he took up the study of the law in the office of Judge Charles E. Glidden, and completed his legal course at the Albany Law School. In 1869, Major McKinley was elected prosecuting attorney of his county, defeating Hon. William A. Lynch, who at the succeeding election for that office defeated McKinley by a small majority. Had William McKinley continued in the profession of the law he had all the elements and qualities which would have placed him in the front rank of the lawyers and jurists of his day.

Elected in 1876 to the 45th Congress, he rose rapidly as a member of the lower house, and was re-elected to that body for the six succeeding terms; he was a candidate for the speakership, but was defeated by Hon. Thomas B. Reed, and placed at the head, as chairman, of the committee on ways and means.

A candidate for re-election in 1890, he was defeated by reason of the gerrymander of the district, by a small majority, only to be taken up by his party in 1891 as a candidate for governor of the state, to which office he was elected and at the end of his first term re-elected for a second. At the conclusion of his second term as governor of the state he was put forward by his party as its candidate for the presidency in 1896, and after one of the most spirited canvasses in the history of the nation was elected to the chief magistracy of his country.

Hon. William R. Day came to the bar of the county in 1872, shortly after his admission to the practice, entering into a partnership with the Hon. William A. Lynch, as heretofore mentioned. The firm at once took a leading place in the active litigation before the courts, not only in the county, but throughout the state, being retained in many of the leading cases both in the state and federal courts. After several years, the firm was enlarged by the admission of Austin Lynch, Esq., as before stated.

William R. Day was born at Ravenna, April 17, 1849, the son of Hon. Luther Day, of whom mention has already been made, his mother being a daughter of Hon. Rufus P. Spalding, who, like the father of Justice Day, was at one time judge of the supreme court of the state, and she was also the granddaughter of Chief Justice Swift of Connecticut. Justice Day graduated from the University of Michigan with his class in 1870, and at once took up the study of the law in the office of Hon. George F. Robinson of Ravenna. After one year of preparatory reading, he entered the law department of the University of Michigan, where he finished his course and was admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1872.

Judge Day was elected to the common pleas bench of the county in 1885, but served only a little over one year, resigning in 1887, because of the meager salary, which did not afford a sufficient competence for a man with a growing family. In 1889 he was tendered the judgeship on the federal bench for the northern district of Ohio, but on account of a threatened break of health, reluctantly declined to serve.

On the accession of William McKinley to the presidency, Judge Day was appointed assistant secretary of state, and on the resignation

of the Hon. John Sherman from the secretaryship of state, he was appointed his successor, serving through the period of the Spanish-American War, at the close of which Justice Day was appointed president of the Spanish peace commission and sent to Paris to negotiate the treaty of peace with Spain. Upon his return from his labors as one of the commissioners sent by his government on this mission, he was in 1899 appointed one of the circuit judges of the United States for the sixth judicial circuit, serving in that position until in February, 1903, when he was appointed by President Roosevelt as an associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Henry Ward Beecher in his eulogy on a great American once said: "Three elements enter into the career of a great citizen:

"That which ancestry gives;

"That which opportunity gives;

"That which his will develops."

Justice Day is a remarkable example of a strong combination of all these elements.

It was not until the beginning of the latter part of the last century that the city of Alliance assumed the character of a commercial and industrial center, the original town being known as Freedom. On the completion of the C. & P. and P. Ft. W. & C. railroads, the place became a railroad center, and its name changed to Alliance, when its growth as a manufacturing and commercial city at once became phenomenal.

Among the lawyers of the Stark county bar who were early residents of that thriving city may be mentioned A. L. Jones, Amos Burden and Harvey Laughlin, and, of a later day, Samuel Esseek, James Amerman, William C. Pippitt, Joseph J. Parker, J. M. Harrison, James A. Coulter, A. B. Hoover, Judson D. Lewis, James C. Stanley, Alonzo C. Strong, D. E. Rogers and David Fording, but recently deceased.

James Amerman was born in Genesee county, Mich., 1848, the son of John Laidler, who was born in the Highlands of Scotland, and who emigrated with his wife to the United States in 1842. On the death of the mother, the father was left with six small children, and in 1850, the son James was adopted by Daniel and Mary Amerman, of Thornville, Michigan.

Coming to Alliance with his adopted father in 1858, he resided there until his enlistment, April, 1862, in Co. B, 82nd O. V. I., and he served three years in the military service of his country, receiving a slight wound in the second Bull Run engagement. He was taken prisoner at Gettysburg, and endured three months confinement on Belle Island. Returning home after his discharge from the army in 1865, he took up the study of the law and was admitted to the practice in 1867, becoming at once a successful practitioner, and engaged in some of the most important civil and criminal causes before the courts of the county. He died after a short but brilliant career.

Among the prominent lawyers of Stark county bar, resident of the city of Alliance, and who had the longest career as a practitioner of the lawyers of that place, was the Hon. David Fording, who died quite recently, having practiced his profession over forty-nine years. Mr. Fording was born of Quaker parentage, at Salem, Ohio, July 3, 1842, the family removing to Mahoning county shortly thereafter, where the early life of David Fording was spent on the farm. Receiving his early education in the common schools, which was supplemented

with a preparatory course in Mount Union college, he began the study of the law in the office of Wm. C. Pippitt at Alliance. He was licensed to practice in 1870, at once entering into a partnership with Hon. Joseph J. Parker, under the firm name of Parker & Fording, on the dissolution of which he was associated with Hon. Wheaton W. Harris, the firm name being Fording & Harris, and which continued until the appointment of Mr. Harris by President McKinley as consul to one of the German consulates. After the severing of his professional relations with Mr. Harris, Mr. Fording continued alone in the practice until his decease, dying at the age of seventy-seven years, in 1919. Mr. Fording served his city as mayor, had a large and lucrative practice, and enjoyed the unbounded confidence of his fellow citizens.

Robert A. Pinn, the only resident lawyer of the colored race to practice before the courts of the county, was born in Perry township, 1843. The grandfather of Mr. Pinn was born a slave in Virginia, and while in servitude was known by the name of Briggs, the family residing in Fauquier county. The children being free-born, the father of Robert A., William Pinn, came to Ohio, following the occupation of blacksmith for a time at Steubenville, locating in Perry township about 1833. At the age of 18, Robert A. left the parental home and went into the army in the sutler's department, where he remained until 1863, when he was mustered into the service as a private in Co. I, 5th United States Colored Infantry, was later promoted to first sergeant, and acted as sergeant-major on the non-commissioned staff.

While in command of the company at the battle of New Market, he was severely wounded, receiving three bullet wounds. He refused to be taken to the rear, and while carried by his comrades executed his commands.

For bravery in the line of duty he was awarded two medals, one by Congress and one by Gen. B. F. Butler. After his discharge from the army he attended school for a short time at Oberlin college, later spending some years as a teacher at Newberry, South Carolina. Returning to Massillon, he entered the office of Hon. Robert H. Folger, where he pursued his legal studies, and was admitted to the bar in 1879, and began the practice at Massillon where he continued until his decease, early in January, 1911. As a citizen, lawyer and soldier, Mr. Pinn's career was one of credit and honor to his race.

Hon. Thomas T. McCarty, elected to the common pleas bench in 1891 and re-elected for a second term, was born in Carroll county, January 12, 1843; admitted to the bar August 26, 1865, and practiced for a short time at Niles, Ohio, from which place he removed to Malvern, Ohio, where he practiced for five years before coming to Canton in 1875. After coming to Canton he was associated for a time with Joseph J. Parker who had come from Alliance to the county seat. Judge McCarty, after severing his relations with Mr. Parker, formed a partnership with Hon. John C. Mong, the firm name being Mong & McCarty. This relationship continued until Judge McCarty assumed his duties on the common pleas bench in January, 1892. After leaving the common pleas bench Judge McCarty was elected to the circuit court of the district, but later in his term resigned on account of poor health, and died in June, 1909. Judge McCarty was a most efficient judge, and had the confidence of the bar, being most accommodating and respectful to young lawyers who were beginners in the practice.

Jacob P. Fawcett, who served the unexpired term of Judge S. Meyer as probate judge, and two terms as judge of that court by election, was born at Boyce Station in Allegheny county, Pa., January 21, 1851. After his graduation from Mount Union college, he read law with Wm. C. Pippitt, Esq., at Alliance, and after his admission to the bar practiced for several years at Alliance before his coming to Canton. Judge Fawcett was an able lawyer, and competent judge of the probate court; a useful citizen, always taking a great interest in matters concerning the welfare and upbuilding of the city of his residence. He died in 1912.

Hon. Charles C. Bow, who served two terms as prosecuting attorney of his county, and two terms as probate judge, was born at Atwater, Portage county, the son of Abraham Bow, a native of Connecticut. His youth was spent on a farm, and later the family moved to Alliance. Judge Bow was educated in the public schools of that city, and served as deputy clerk of the common pleas court. After his admission to the bar he formed a partnership with Judson A. Wann, the firm being Wann & Bow, which for many years was one of the leading law firms at Canton. Judge Bow died, June 12, 1915, after a successful career at the Bar, and as judge of the probate court of the county.

The bar of Stark county has had a singular distinction, in that covering a period of less than twenty-five years, there have come from its membership the following state and federal officers: A lieutenant-governor and governor of the state, two members of the lower house of Congress, a United States senator, and president of the United States; an assistant secretary, and secretary of state; a judge of the United States circuit court, and associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

"Law does not the least restraint  
Upon our freedom, but maintainst;  
Or if it does, 'tis for our good,  
To give us freer latitude;  
For wholesome laws preserve us free,  
By stinting of our liberty."

In the criminal annals of the Stark county courts, there have been nine convictions of murder in the first degree where the death penalty has been inflicted. The first five executions took place within the county; the first was the only public execution, the other four taking place within the confines of the county jail.

The first murder case within the county in which the death penalty was carried into execution, was the case of the state of Ohio vs. Christian Bachtle, indicted by a grand jury on the 22nd day of April, 1833, for the murder of his wife, Mary Bachtle, on the 1st day of April, 1833. The defendant, Bachtle, resided in Pike township, about a mile south of the present village of North Industry; was a man addicted to the use of liquor, and when under the influence of drink was quarrelsome and abusive to his wife, who was an industrious and excellent woman.

Coming home somewhat under the effects of drink, the defendant began to quarrel with his wife, who refused to engage in controversy with him, and retired to her bed for the night. Lying with her face

turned away from the defendant, and believing her to be asleep, the defendant procured an ax, struck her on the right side of the head, inflicting a mortal wound from which she immediately died. The defendant fled from the scene of his crime, wandering about for several days and was arrested near the town of Wooster.

D. A. Starkweather, prosecuting attorney, assisted by Gen. Dwight Jarvis, prosecuted the case on the part of the state, and the defendant was represented by John Harris and Orlando Metcalf. The defendant was convicted of murder in the first degree, and was sentenced to be hung on Friday, November 22, 1833, the execution taking place on what was then the "town commons," a space included within the square as now bounded by Rex avenue, Sixth street, Fifth street and Cherry avenue, N. E. The day before the execution was to take place, visitors began to arrive, and on the day of the execution, an assemblage of people estimated at about twenty-five thousand gathered to witness the event, coming from near and far.

From one who witnessed this execution, an uncle of the writer, the following account has been given as to the manner in which the sentence of the law was carried into effect:

"The sheriff of the county, George N. Webb, accompanied by a mounted troop called "The Light Horse," appeared with the prisoner shortly before eleven o'clock at the place of execution. The troop formed a hollow square about the gallows, and the sheriff with the prisoner, ascended the scaffold. After the prisoner's limbs were secured, and the noose adjusted, he was asked if he had anything to say before sentence of the law was carried into execution. His answer was that drink was the cause of his crime, and he warned others to desist from its use. Promptly at eleven o'clock, the sheriff announced: 'Christian Bachtle has one hour to live.' Until the last and final moment, the sheriff made announcements, as follows: 'Christian Bachtle has forty-five minutes to live; Christian Bachtle has thirty minutes to live; Christian Bachtle has twenty minutes to live; Christian Bachtle has ten minutes to live; Christian Bachtle has five minutes to live; Christian Bachtle has one minute to live; Christian Bachtle, your time has come.' The trap was sprung and the defendant was launched into eternity."

The second execution in the county took place within the walls of the present county jail, on June 25, 1880. Three men were the victims, Gustave Ohr, George Mann, and John Sammet, all being less than 21 years of age, two of them being under twenty years. This execution excited great public interest and concern throughout the nation, because of the youthfulness of the prisoners. Strong pressure was brought to bear upon the governor of the state to obtain executive clemency and have the sentence commuted to life imprisonment, but without avail, and the three youthful prisoners together paid the law's penalty.

Gustave Ohr and George Mann were in company with an old man, John Wattmaugh, with whom they had traveled along the railway from Chicago, and when nearing Alliance on the evening of June 27, 1879, they stopped for the night in a small grove where they built a fire and prepared something to eat. While the old man was lying asleep on the ground during the night, the defendants, having conceived the idea of robbing him of the small amount of money on his person, struck him



over the head with a railroad coupling-pin, took his money, shoes, and some articles of personal clothing. The old man was found shortly thereafter, unconscious, and he died from the injuries inflicted. The defendants were apprehended, jointly indicted by a grand jury of the county, separately tried, and convicted of murder in the first degree. Hon. Robert S. Shields, prosecuting attorney of the county, was assisted in the trial of both cases, by William A. Lynch and William R. Day. The defendant, Gustave Ohr, was represented by James Amerman and Joseph J. Parker, both eminent lawyers of Alliance; and the defendant, George Mann, was represented by Hon. Geo. E. Baldwin and Judson D. Lewis, of Alliance.

John Sammet resided in Massillon, where he shot a young man, Christian Spuhler, who had been called to testify in some minor criminal matter against Sammet. He was indicted by a grand jury of the county, on January 24, 1880, was placed on trial and was convicted of murder in the first degree on February 11, 1880, the state being represented by Hon. Henry W. Harter, prosecuting attorney, William A. Lynch and Wm. R. Day. The defendant, Sammet, was represented by Hon. Geo. E. Baldwin, and James Amerman.

George McMillan was executed in the present county jail, July 20, 1883, having been convicted by a jury of his peers, March 2, 1883, under an indictment for the murder of his wife, Augustine McMillan, by shooting her with a pistol through the head. McMillan and his wife lived in Cherry street, Canton, now Cherry street S.E. The defendant, just before being executed, maintained his innocence, naming a very close relative whom he claimed was the guilty person. The prosecution of George McMillan was conducted by Hon. Henry W. Harter as prosecuting attorney, assisted by Joseph J. Parker; and the defendant was represented by Hon. Geo. E. Baldwin, and Hon. Robert S. Shields.

The first prisoner from Stark county to be executed in the Ohio penitentiary was Henry Popp, executed on December 19, 1890, for the murder of Moritz Grether, by cutting and stabbing him in the throat.

The murder took place in daylight on East Tuscarawas street, close to the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., the victim having ejected the defendant out of his place of business. The defendant, after making some preparation, again appeared and, when ordered out, struck with a sharpened knife, cutting the throat of Grether, who died very shortly thereafter.

The prosecution was conducted by Hon. John C. Welty, as prosecutor; the defendant's counsel were A. L. Jones and J. S. Hudson.

The first Stark county prisoner convicted of murder in the first degree to pay the penalty by electrocution in the state penitentiary, was James W. Cornelius, executed June 28, 1907, for the murder of his wife, Estella Cornelius, on September 17, 1906.

County Prosecutor C. C. Upham, assisted by R. C. McCulloch, represented the state in the Cornelius case, and the defendant's counsel were John C. Welty and John W. Albaugh.

On the night of April 6, 1910, one Cletus Willaman, who was stopping for the night with Warren E. Koons and family, consisting of Mr. Koons, his wife and a small boy about ten years of age, murdered both Mr. Koons and his wife by shooting and by beating them with a brick.

The boy was beaten and evidently left for dead by the murderer, but about ten o'clock of the next forenoon he regained consciousness, made his way down stairs in his night clothes, reached the house of the next neighbor and informed him of what had taken place. The murder was one of the most brutal that ever took place in the county, as well as the most skilfully and cunningly planned.

Mr. Koons and his wife, who lived in Canton, had partially raised the wife of Willaman, and shortly before the murder Willaman and his wife resided in Jackson township. Willaman had become interested in some land venture in Montana, and was in need of money. He had given out that he was going to Montana to take up his land, and had made arrangements to leave on the morning of April 6, 1910. After bidding his wife good-bye, he was driven to Massillon where he purchased a ticket for Montana, and took the west bound train for Chicago. It developed upon investigation that instead of using his through ticket purchased at Massillon, he paid a cash fare to Crestline, where he left the train. The same evening he took a train eastward, reaching Canton about nine o'clock, and he immediately went to the Koons home where he was given his supper and bed for the night. After the commission of the deeds, he went to the west end of the city to a grove where he attempted to remove the blood stains from his garments. About day-break he took the early street car back into the city, going immediately to the Pennsylvania depot and taking the westbound Chicago train. It being daylight by this time, he was recognized by one or two persons in the car, but who at that time, of course, knew nothing about the murders.

The information given by the boy upon regaining consciousness was that Willaman had been at the house during the night and had shot Mr. Koons and killed Mrs. Koons, and that he struck at him with a brick. The trail was immediately taken up and Willaman arrested about the middle of the afternoon on the train a short distance out of Chicago. His baggage on being opened revealed his bloody garments. The motive of his crimes was robbery, as the trunks and places of keeping valuables in the Koons' home were all gone through by the defendant in the hope of securing money, which it was supposed Mr. Koons had in the house.

The defendant, Willaman, was indicted for murder in the first degree, there being two indictments returned. He was tried upon the indictment for the murder of Warren E. Koons, convicted, and electrocuted on July 28, 1911.

The prosecution of the defendant, Willaman, was conducted by Charles Krichbaum, prosecuting attorney, and his assistant, Hubert C. Pontius; the defendant was represented by C. C. Upham and M. J. Braucher.

The last conviction in Stark county for murder in the first degree was that of Charles Burnett, for the killing of one James O'Brien, at Brewster. Both Burnett and O'Brien were persons known in criminal parlance as "veggs." The murder took place at their camping place along the railroad, at night, the defendant striking his victim with a large board over the head, while he was asleep, killing him instantly. The defendant made little effort to excuse his act or secure conviction of a crime less than murder in the first degree. He was prosecuted by

Frank N. Sweitzer, representing the state, and was defended by M. J. Braucher.

The murder took place on June 19, 1917, and the defendant was electrocuted on February 1, 1918.

One of the more important murder cases tried before the courts of the county, was that of the State of Ohio vs. Amelia Richardson for the alleged murder of her husband, Edward Richardson, by shooting him with a pistol in the left temple, on the 16th day of January, 1876. The accused and her husband were residents of the city of Massillon. A special grand jury of the county returned an indictment against the accused and she was placed on trial November 28, 1876. The trial lasted until the 23rd day of December when a verdict of manslaughter was returned by the traverse jury. The state was represented by the prosecutor, Hon. Robert S. Shields, Wm. A. Lynch and Wm. R. Day; the defendant by Hon. John McSweeney, Hon. Seraphim Meyer, and Pease & Ricks, of Massillon. It was one of the most strenuously contested cases ever tried in the county court, much of the evidence being the testimony of medical experts.

Another important murder trial, and one that excited nation-wide interest, was that of the State of Ohio vs. Annie E. George, indicted for murder in the first degree, for the alleged shooting of George D. Saxton in the early evening of October 7, 1898. The accused and the deceased had for a long time been having alleged questionable relations, resulting in a separation of the accused from her former husband, and out of which grew much litigation in the courts of the county.

The deceased on the evening of the homicide had gone to the home of a woman who resided in the west end of the city of Canton, riding there on a bicycle, when, after dismounting from his wheel and about to step from the sidewalk, he was shot down, several balls entering his body and death resulting instantly. There were no known eye witnesses to the shooting. The accused was arrested the same evening of the murder, indicted for murder in the first degree, and placed on trial before a traverse jury of the county on April 3, 1899; the Hon. Isaac H. Taylor, presiding judge.

Owing to the prominence of the deceased, and his family relations, the trial was given wide publicity, all the great newspapers of the day were represented by the different press associations of the country. The trial lasted until the 28th day of April, when a verdict of "Not Guilty" was returned and the defendant discharged from custody.

The state was represented by Hon. Atlee Pomerene, prosecuting attorney, assisted by Hon. James J. Grant; the defendant's counsel being John C. Welty and James Sterling.

The arguments of counsel to the jury and the charge of the court consumed four days.

# THE BENCH AND BAR OF JEFFERSON COUNTY

BY JOSEPH B. DOYLE, Esq.  
Law Librarian, Jefferson County, Ohio

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WHILE Jefferson county can truthfully claim a few settlers as early as 1772, certain it is that when Congress on May 2, 1785, passed the act providing for the survey of lands northwest of the Ohio river there were several small settlements justly entitled to be called permanent, possessing what in those days was considered at least equal to title deeds—namely actual possession.

Virginia having ceded her interest in the territory northwest of the Ohio to the Confederate government, Congress, on May 20, 1785, passed an act providing for the survey of seven ranges northwest of the Ohio river, which was the beginning of the public land system of the United States. These ranges included what are now the counties of Jefferson, Columbiana, Carroll, Tuscarawas, Harrison, Guernsey, Belmont and part of Washington.

In 1801 the surveys were extended northwardly to the 41st parallel, giving four additional townships in each range and continuing the survey to the southern boundary of the Connecticut Reserve. It had been the general impression that the original seven ranges extended to the 41st parallel, but researches by Prof. A. M. Dyer, curator of the Western Reserve Historical Society of Cleveland, proved that the northern boundary was originally 40 degrees, 38 minutes and 2 seconds, the line being afterwards changed as above stated.

The Indian danger was not over, and to protect the surveyors and others then in this section, a military expedition of three companies was sent out and placed under command of Captain Hamtramck, of the regular army. The troops rendezvoused at the old Mingo town on the Ohio river at the mouth of Cross creek, and were inspected by Major North, who had been aide to General Frederick von Steuben during the American revolution. That officer evidently considered the plateau on the right bank of the river three miles above Mingo as a better location. Accordingly the soldiers were transferred thither, and in September, 1786, the building of a fort was begun, and named Steuben, after the major's former commander. The winter of 1786-1787 was a busy one in this locality as attested by the diaries of different persons, and this may justly be considered as the first permanent settlement in the now state of Ohio.

It was not, however, until July 29, 1797, that the Territorial government under General Arthur St. Clair, set off Jefferson as a separate county and definitely defined its boundaries. These boundaries as described in Governor St. Clair's proclamation, began on the bank

of the Ohio river where the western boundary of Pennsylvania crosses it, and down said river to the southern boundary of the fourth township in the third range, and with said southern boundary west to the southwest corner of the sixth township of the fifth range; thence north along the western boundary of said fifth range to the termination thereof; thence due west to the Muskingum river and up the same to and with the portage between it and the Cuyahoga river; thence down the Cuyahoga to Lake Erie, thence easterly along the shores of the lake to the boundary of Pennsylvania and south with the same to the place of beginning.

This included besides the present Jefferson, the counties of Ashtabula, Geauga, Portage, Trumbull, Mahoning and Columbiana, part of Cuyahoga, including most of what is now the city of Cleveland, with most of Summit, Stark, Carroll, Harrison and Belmont. The seventh judicial circuit, composed of the counties of Ashtabula, Belmont, Carroll, Columbiana, Geauga, Guernsey, Harrison, Jefferson, Lake, Mahoning, Monroe, Noble, Portage and Trumbull, covers, with some variation, about the same territory as the original county of Jefferson.

In the meantime the town of Steubenville had succeeded Fort Steuben, and here the first court, called "The First General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County of Jefferson in the Territory of the United States," was held, in pursuance of a proclamation by Winthrop Sargent, secretary of the territory, acting in the absence of Governor St. Clair. Court assembled on November 2, 1797, with Philip Cable, John Moody and George Humphrey as judges, and on the first day of the term John Rolfe, James Wallace and Solomon Sibley were admitted to the bar. David Vance became associate judge the following year, Thomas Fawcett at the August term in 1799, William Wells in 1800, and John Martin in 1801, this being the composition of the court until 1803, when Ohio became a state.

The first jury called was at the February term, 1798. It was composed of Philip Cahill, Shadrack Newark, Joseph Ross, Jr., K. Cahill, K. Pritchard, John Shrimplin, William Schritchfield, William Shrimplin, Thomas Harper, Aaron Hoagland, Robert Newell and Thomas Bendure. Its first case was John Jones, Jr., vs. James Hall, in which the plaintiff recovered \$14.06 and costs.

The court seems to have first met out of doors before a log fire, then in a private house, but soon it utilized a log structure built on two lots at the northeast corner of Third and Market streets, which on the laying out of the town had been denominated Public Square. This building had two stories, the upper one being used for religious meetings and other gatherings. At the August term John Moody and John Ward were appointed commissioners to contract for and superintend the repairing of the court house and "gaol," making the same fit for public use, at an expense of \$40.00. On the 15th of the same month a deed was procured from Bezaleel and Sarah Wells, of Brooke county, Virginia, transferring this tract, 120 x 180 feet, for a court house, jail and other public buildings, the consideration being \$5.00.

On February 16th, John Kelley presented a petition asking the court to take testimony and make a statement to the U. S. secretary of the treasury concerning a forfeiture under the excise law. Kelley had brought two distilleries from Virginia to this county in 1795, and had distilled 11 bushels of rye without registering the stills. He claimed

that he was unable to read writing and did not know where to register. On August 31, 1797, Collector Zenas Kimberly seized the stills, which were hidden in the woods.

Thomas M. Thompson, Zenas Kimberly and C. Sample were admitted to the bar during 1798, Mr. Kimberly afterwards becoming a merchant in Warrenton, on the Ohio river.

At the August term, 1798, the first indictment found in the county for murder was presented against William Carpenter, Sr., and Jr., father and son, for killing Captain White Eyes, son of the Delaware chief of that name, at West Point, now in Columbiana county. Young Carpenter, aged 17 years, was attacked by White Eyes, who was said to have been drunk, and had raised his tomahawk in a threatening manner. The boy ran, with the Indian in pursuit, when the former turned and shot him. The father was arrested for aiding and abetting the killing. There is no record of any trial, and a nolle prosequi was probably entered. White Eyes was the last Indian killed in Jefferson (or Columbiana) county, and in order to avoid trouble gifts were distributed among his relatives, his widow receiving \$300.00.

The court house needing further improvement in 1799, especially in the matter of furniture, it was ordered that the county treasurer pay John Ward and John Moody \$200 to furnish said court house and gaol out of the first money in the treasury, if there is not already enough there for that purpose, and that they proceed as early as possible to have said building put in comfortable order.

Silas Paul was admitted to the bar at the February term, 1800, and became the first prosecuting attorney under the new constitution in 1803. He resided on Wills creek, north of Steubenville, and presented a quaint appearance, carrying a staff, and having his hair dressed in the queue. His salary was fixed at \$80.00 by the court at the August term, 1803. He died on August 15, 1857, leaving a number of descendants. At the same term, February 1800, it was ordered that John Sutherland be paid \$1.00 for candlesticks and candles for use of the court. Obediah Jennings, of Belmont county, was admitted during February term, 1802. He afterwards became a Presbyterian minister, and removed to Kentucky, where he died.

Robert Moore, John G. Hamilton and Joseph Penticost were admitted to the bar in 1803, and the following rates of taxation were ordered: One-half per cent on the appraised value of all mansion house lots, mills, etc.; total assessment, \$27,702 tax, \$138.15. It will be noted that Jefferson county had been considerably reduced in territory by the creation of new counties. Tax for each house, 25 cents; number of houses, 1,777; tax, \$444.25; each head of cattle, 10 cents; number, 5,788; tax, \$278.80. A rule of the territorial court was that for every motion made in court and overruled, the attorney or the person making the motion should pay 25 cents. Whether this operated as a discourager of interlocutory proceedings or not does not appear.

March 1, 1803, is now generally accepted as the date at which Ohio became a state. John Milligan, Rudolph Bair, George Humphrey, Nathan Updegraff and Bezaleel Wells represented Jefferson county in the convention which organized at Chillicothe on November 29, 1802, at which the first constitution was adopted. Under that constitution each county was provided with a common pleas court consisting of a presiding judge, with not more than three or less than two associates, who

were appointed by the general assembly for a term of seven years. The state was divided into three circuits, and a judge, who was to preside in the several counties of his district, was appointed for each circuit. Jefferson county being in the third. The other counties composing this circuit were Washington, Belmont, Columbiana and Trumbull. Calvin Pease, 27 years of age and more youthful in appearance, was chosen by the legislature as presiding judge of the circuit, and with Philip Cable and Jacob Martin as associates, opened the first state court at Steubenville on August 2, 1803.

Among matters coming before the early state courts was an act passed by the general assembly on February 12, 1805, providing that justices of the peace should have final jurisdiction in civil cases, to the amount of fifty dollars (\$50.00), without the right of trial by jury. Judge Pease decided the law was unconstitutional, and the general assembly endeavored without avail to impeach the jurist. A full account of the proceedings is given elsewhere. Judge Pease resigned at the close of December term, 1809, and afterwards sat on the supreme bench. James Pritchard and Thomas Patton were associate judges during this period.

County prison bounds were established on August 11, 1806, and imprisoned debtors were allowed to travel within these bounds upon giving bond that they would not depart therefrom without leave of court.

There was a whipping post on the public square, the last record of its use being dated August 11, 1810. Charles Johnson was convicted of stealing a ham from the smokehouse of Bezaleel Wells, and sentenced to be whipped nine stripes on his naked back. Also that he pay \$4.00 to Mr. Wells, and a fine of \$10.00 and costs, to be confined in jail nine days and stand committed until the money judgment was paid.

Judge Pease was succeeded by Benjamin Ruggles, of Belmont county, at the April term, 1810. His associates in Jefferson county were Andrew Anderson, Joseph McKee, Thomas Campbell, John Milligan, James Moores, Robert Gilmore and Samuel McElroy. At the close of November term, 1814, he was succeeded by Dr. George Todd, of Belmont county, who completed the unexpired term.

Hon. Benjamin Tappan took his place on the bench at June term, 1816, where he made a lasting reputation. Judge Tappan's ancestors came from Yarmouth, England, in 1637 and settled in Massachusetts, Northampton being his birthplace. He was born on May 25th, 1773, and in his earlier days was a printer and portrait painter. Admitted to the bar at Hartford, Conn., about 1798, he came to Ohio the next year, and was the first white settler in what is now Portage county. He married Miss Nancy, sister of Hon. John C. Wright, at Weatherston, Conn., in 1801, and came to Steubenville with her in 1809. At the expiration of his judicial term in 1823 he resumed the practice of law, and was subsequently appointed United States judge by President Jackson, but held the position only a few months, the Senate refusing to confirm his appointment. He was a strong Democrat, and on December 20, 1838, was elected United States Senator from Ohio, receiving 57 votes in the legislature to 50 for Thomas Ewing, Whig, and one blank. His term of six years ended in 1845, and on returning home he entered into law practice with Hon. Edwin M. Stanton. He finally retired, and died in 1857, leaving two sons, Dr. Benjamin Tappan,

a prominent Steubenville physician, and Professor Eli T. Tappan, at one time superintendent of the Steubenville public schools, and afterwards president of Kenyon college and state school commissioner, both deceased. While on the bench Judge Tappan published a report of his decisions which is still frequently consulted and recognized as authority in Ohio courts.

The presiding judges, until the adoption of the new constitution in 1851, were Jeremiah Hallock, of Jefferson, beginning in 1823; John Humphrey, of Belmont, 1830; George W. Belden, of Stark county, 1837, ending in 1839, when the legislature placed him in another district; he died about 1879; William Kennon, of Belmont, 1840; Benjamin S. Cowen, Belmont, 1847. The associates were Thomas George, beginning March 25, 1822; James Wilson, April 26, 1824 (two terms); Anderson, May 1, 1824 (two terms); John England, May 6, 1833; John S. Cock, April 5, 1836 (two terms); Nathaniel Dike, February 7, 1838; Samuel McNary, March 30, 1839; William Sutherland, November 19, 1842; William McDonald, March 20, 1843; James Mitchell, August 20, 1844; John Cook, April 14, 1846; Samuel D. Hunter, March 14, 1850. James Wilson, mentioned above, was editor of the Steubenville Herald from 1815 to 1840. He died in 1850, and with his wife is buried in the Union cemetery at Steubenville. He had a family of ten children, one of them, Joseph Wilson, becoming a Presbyterian minister. He settled in Staunton, Virginia, where on December 28, 1856, Thomas Woodrow Wilson, ex-President of the United States, was born.

During the entire period ranging from 1802 to the adoption of the new constitution, fifty years later, the Jefferson county bar was composed of men of exceptional strength and ability. Reference has already been made to Judge Tappan, who had an able contemporary in the person of Hon. John C. Wright, his brother-in-law, who was born at Weatherston, Conn., and came to Steubenville about 1810. He married Miss Collier, and in 1820 was elected to Congress, which office he held until succeeded by John Goodenow in 1829. He then occupied a seat on the supreme court bench until 1835. He published a volume of supreme court decisions during the period that the judges held court in the different counties, which is cited more frequently perhaps than any other volume of state reports. Opening an office in Cincinnati, he practiced law there for several years, and was one of the editors of the *Gazette* in that city. During the winter of 1860-61 he was appointed a member of the peace conference at Washington, in an unsuccessful effort to avoid the impending Civil War, and died on his way home, aged about 58 years.

John M. Goodenow was born in Vermont, and married Mrs. Sallie Campbell, sister of Judge Wright, in 1813, coming to Steubenville soon thereafter. Soon after arriving here he had a dispute with his brother-in-law, Judge Tappan, resulting in a slander suit in which he was victorious. Soon after he became a supreme court judge and in 1828 defeated his other brother-in-law, Judge Wright, for Congress. He resigned near the end of his term, and was appointed minister to Colombia. On his return he was elected common pleas judge in Cincinnati and subsequently went to Texas, stopping a while at St. Clairsville, but soon afterwards returned to Cincinnati, where he died in indigence.

James Collier was born in Litchfield, Conn., in May, 1789. He lived awhile at Ithaca, New York, and came to Steubenville in 1820,



where he studied law and was admitted to the bar. He was an active Whig and aspired to the gubernatorial nomination, but was defeated by Thomas Corwin. Afterwards he became prosecuting attorney, and was a delegate to the national convention which nominated Taylor in 1848. In the spring of 1849 he was appointed first collector of the port of San Francisco, traveling overland to his destination through a country almost unknown, and escorted to his destination by a detachment of United States cavalry. On his return he became president of the Citizens bank, a local institution which became insolvent in 1859. Colonel Collier was adjutant of Colonel Bloom's New York regiment in the war of 1812, and was present at the battle of Queenstown Heights. He promptly volunteered at the outbreak of the Civil War, and accompanied the troops to Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, when, on account of his age, he was persuaded to return. He commanded a local detachment for a few days during the Morgan raid of 1863, and died February 2, 1873, age 84 years.

Daniel L. Collier, brother of James, was born at Litchfield, January 15, 1796. He arrived at Steubenville in 1816, having descended the Allegheny and Ohio rivers on a raft. Studying law, with his brother-in-law, Judge Wright, he was admitted to the bar in 1818. In 1823 he married Miss Hetty Larimore, of Washington, Pennsylvania, by whom he had nine children. Removing to Philadelphia in 1857, he became president of the Presbyterian board of publication and director in several other corporations, dying March 30, 1869.

General Samuel Stokely, born in western Pennsylvania on January 25, 1796, graduated at Washington (Pennsylvania) college, and came to Steubenville about 1816. He was admitted to the bar the following year, and later purchased the Bezaleel Wells homestead known as "The Grove," in the southern end of the town, where he and his descendants resided for about seventy years. Appointed United States land receiver in 1828; Senator in the 36th general assembly, 1837-8; member of Congress, 1841-3, and general of militia. He died May 23, 1861. His son, Mountford S., also a member of the bar, was killed by a railroad locomotive on New Year's Day, 1902.

Roswell Marsh was born at Quechee, Vermont, in 1793, came to Steubenville in 1821; studied with General Stokely and was admitted in 1823. He practiced law for fifty years, his white locks and venerable appearance making him a conspicuous object. In 1840 he went to the legislature for one term and volunteered in 1861, but his age and infirmities prevented active service. He was afterwards appointed on a commission to investigate claims for losses sustained in Missouri during the rebellion.

Judge Hallock was born in Connecticut, coming west in 1815. He served a term as prosecuting attorney, and afterwards took up farming, dying in 1847. Hon. Humphrey H. Leavitt came from northern Ohio about 1820, studied law here, and became prosecuting attorney. In 1826 he was elected state senator, and served two terms, followed by two terms in Congress, 1830-34. Being a personal friend of President Jackson, he was appointed United States district judge for Ohio, and when the state was divided in 1855 he remained judge of the southern district and removed to Cincinnati. He resigned in 1871 and went to Springfield, Ohio, and in 1872 he was a prominent member of the

world's convention on prison reform assembled in London, and died on March 15, 1873.

Colonel W. R. Lloyd was born at Chillicothe, December 3, 1818. He studied with Judge Pearce at Carrollton, and after a term as clerk of court removed to Steubenville and formed a partnership with Hon. John A. Bingham, of Cadiz, afterwards becoming probate judge. He resigned to become lieutenant colonel of the Sixth Ohio Cavalry, recruited in Warren county. Returning home he resumed his law practice, and died November 9, 1877.

Colonel George P. Webster was born in Butler county, Ohio, removing to Hamilton in 1841, where he became county clerk. He was admitted in 1846, and entered the Mexican war, receiving a wound in his shoulder at the storming of Monterey. He afterwards removed to Steubenville, where he served two terms as clerk of courts, and became a partner of Martin Andrews, who was a prominent attorney of this period. On the outbreak of the Civil War he actively engaged in raising troops, and became colonel of the 98th Volunteer Infantry. While commanding the 34th Brigade, Jackson's division, McCook corps, he was mortally wounded at the battle of Perryville, Kentucky, on October 8, 1863. His funeral cortege was one of the largest ever seen in Steubenville.

J. H. S. Trainer was born at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, January 22, 1826, and came with his parents to Springfield township, Jefferson county, when he was ten years old, assisting his father on the farm and attending country school until he was 17. He completed the course at New Hagerstown academy in 1849, and after studying law with Hon. T. L. Jewett at Cadiz, was admitted to the bar at Steubenville, April 7, 1848. He formed a partnership with Judge Stewart, of Mt. Gilead, and subsequently removed to Carrollton, where he was associated with Judge Belden, of Canton, which terminated on June 20, 1850. He then opened an office in Wellsville until April 1, 1853, when he removed to Steubenville and formed a partnership with George W. Mason, which continued nine months. In May, 1862, he associated with Robert Martin, and subsequently with James F. Daton, Milton Taggart, John McClave, John M. Cook, James F. Bigger and his son, John W. Trainer, now of Washington, D. C. His death occurred on May 11, 1901.

One family of eastern Ohio has become specially noted for the active careers of its members in both legal and military circles.

But we are limited in such a history as this to portrayals of activities of members of the family who are noted because of their legal ability, and the military men of the family will be omitted from the biographies.

We refer to the descendants of George McCook, born in 1750, and died in 1822, and his wife, Mary McCormick McCook, born in 1763 and died in 1833. Members of this family and descendants lived for a while in what are now the three counties of Jefferson, Columbiana and Carroll, finally scattering all over the country, but regarding Steubenville as their home town, and where descendants still reside. In order to avoid repetition, the career of the family is given in outline at this point. George and Mary McCook, mentioned above, finally made their home at New Lisbon (now called Lisbon), where they died and were buried. To them were born three sons, George, Daniel and John.

George and Daniel married two sisters, Margaret and Martha Latimer.

Daniel McCook had eight sons and two daughters, the eldest son, Latimer, was born in Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, and died while in western service in 1885. The second son, George W., was also born in Canonsburg, July 21, 1822, coming to Columbiana county with his parents while quite young. When he was nine years of age the family moved to Carroll county. The boy afterwards attended New Athens college and studied law with Edwin M. Stanton at Steubenville. On his admission in 1843 his preceptor took him into partnership, a relation that continued until the outbreak of the Civil War. He became an active politician and was prominent in the councils of the Democratic party. On the outbreak of the Mexican war, a company of volunteers was formed in Steubenville, of which he was elected captain. After seeing good service, they were mustered out on July 3, 1847. Resuming his law business, he was elected supreme court reporter in 1852, preparing the report for that year, and the following year was elected attorney general. He was renominated in 1858, but was defeated by the Republican candidate. Attending the national convention, he nominated John C. Breckinridge for vice president in 1856, and Horatio Seymour for president in 1868. During the war of the rebellion he was appointed by Governor Dennison to look after the interests of Ohio troops, having charge of the 126th Infantry and 157th Ohio National Guard or hundred-day men. He was the Democratic candidate for governor in 1871, but was defeated by Gen. E. F. Noyes, the Republican candidate. Most of his law practice in later years related to railroad corporations in which he was interested. He died in New York, December 28, 1877, leaving three children, George W., Jr., Robert and Hetty B., the last-named becoming the wife of General Anson G. McCook, noted below. His son George succeeded to his father's business affairs, which he successfully carried on until his death, October 21, 1910. Three sons and two daughters survived him. Francis, the eldest, while preparing for the legal profession at Harvard university, was called home to organize a volunteer company for the German war. Entering the service, he was fatally wounded in the Argonne offensive, dying in a hospital October 7, 1918. His degree had been forwarded to him previous to his death.

General Robert L. McCook was born in New Lisbon, December 28, 1827. He studied law with Hon. E. R. Eckley, of Carrollton, and subsequently with Stanton & McCook, at Steubenville, where he began his practice. He removed to Columbus and afterwards to Cincinnati, where he gave up a large business to take part in the Civil War. After a brilliant military career he was assassinated by guerrillas while lying wounded in an ambulance near Selma, Alabama, on August 6, 1862.

Daniel McCook, Jr., was born in Carrollton, July 22, 1834, and graduated from college at Florence, Alabama, in 1858. After studying law with his brother in Steubenville, he was admitted here, and soon after moved to Leavenworth, Kansas, where he became a member of the firm of Ewing, Sherman & McCook. He volunteered at the outbreak of the Civil War, becoming colonel of the 52nd O. V. L., a Jefferson county regiment, and he fell mortally wounded at the battle of Kenesaw Mountain, June 27, 1864. He was brought to the home of his brother in Steubenville, where he died on July 17th, having been breveted brigadier-general the day before his death.

The eighth son was Captain John J. McCook, who early in his professional career moved to New York, where he soon rose to prominence as a leading attorney, even in that commercial metropolis. He died at Seabright, N. J., September 18, 1911, at the age of 67 years.

During the Morgan raid through Ohio in the summer of 1863, Major Daniel McCook, father of the eight sons mentioned, headed a party of volunteers from southern Ohio, which attacked the raiders on July 19. In this conflict Major McCook was killed, and although only a volunteer, was accorded a military funeral at Cincinnati.

Edward, eldest son of Dr. John McCook, was born at New Lisbon on June 15, 1833. He went to Kansas and practiced law; becoming a member of the legislature. He entered the Civil War as major of the Second Indiana Cavalry, and rose to the rank of major-general. After the war he was appointed minister at Honolulu, and subsequently governor of Colorado territory.

General Anson G. McCook was born at New Lisbon, October 10, 1835, and studied law in the office of Stanton & McCook in Steubenville. On the publication of President Lincoln's proclamation in 1861, he raised a company of volunteers in that city, the first from eastern Ohio, which became part of the 2nd regiment O. V. I., doing good service at the battle of Bull Run. He rose to the rank of colonel, and was brevetted brigadier-general. After the war he returned to Steubenville, and was appointed deputy revenue assessor, which he filled until the office was abolished in 1872. He then removed to New York, and carried on the publication of a daily legal journal, which was a financial success. He was elected to Congress from the eighth New York district as a Republican, although the district had heretofore been Democratic, and subsequently became secretary of the United States Senate. He died in 1917, and was buried at Steubenville.

During the formative period when eastern Ohio was practically the frontier it was natural that leaders of the bar should at first have been born and received their early education in the older communities. We have seen, however, that a majority of the McCook family first saw the light in this section, and we now come to those whose nativity is reckoned within the present boundaries of Jefferson county. First in the position which he occupied in national affairs we may reckon Edwin McMasters Stanton, the giant, secretary of war during Lincoln's administration. Biographies by Gorman, Flower and Doyle have presented his private life and public services in greater or less detail, and it is not necessary to here do more than give an outline portrayal of this man's character and his invaluable devotion to his country. Mr. Stanton's ancestors were Friends, or Quakers, who emigrated from inhospitable New England to North Carolina about the middle of the 18th century. His grandparents, Benjamin and Abigail Stanton, resided near Beaufort, North Carolina, his grandmother being a descendant of Thomas Macey, immortalized in Whittier's poem, "The Exiles." In 1800 Mrs. Stanton with her family removed to Mt. Pleasant township, Jefferson county, her husband having died after making a will freeing his slaves whenever the North Carolina law would permit. Some of these negroes came with Mrs. Stanton to Ohio, when they, of course, became free, and some of their descendants still live in the southern end of the county. Miss Lucy Norman, a native of Culpepper, Virginia, had come to Mt. Pleasant with her mother, and after the lat-

ter's death made her home with Mrs. Stanton. Between her and Mrs. Stanton's oldest son David, who had studied medicine, an attachment sprang up which resulted in marriage and removal to the growing town of Steubenville. Here on December 19, 1814, the subject of our sketch was born, in a building on upper Market street, which stood until a few years ago, when it was razed to make room for a new business block, lately occupied by the Chamber of Commerce. Dr. Stanton shortly after purchased a brick dwelling on North Third street, still standing but considerably altered, where the future secretary's boyhood days were spent. The building was used for social service and Red Cross headquarters during the German war. Dr. Stanton died suddenly on December 30, 1827, and Mrs. Stanton's circumstances being straitened the boy was thrown largely on his own resources. He became a clerk in the book store of James Turnbull on Market street in the summer of 1828, and in the spring of 1831 entered Kenyon College, at Gambier, Ohio, remaining there until the fall of 1832. A professorship in memory of that period of his life has been endowed by Andrew Carnegie, and a fine oil portrait, the work of Charles P. Filson, of Steubenville, was presented by the late Colonel John J. McCook. On leaving college he clerked in Mr. Turnbull's branch store in Columbus, when he returned to Steubenville and studied law with his guardian, Daniel L. Collier. His first case was at St. Clairsville, Belmont county, in August, 1835, and January 1, 1836, he went to Cadiz and entered into partnership with Chauncey Dewey, of whom more will be written later. On December 31st he was married to Miss Lamson, of Columbus. The couple came to Steubenville by sleigh. From Steubenville he journeyed to Virginia after his mother, who had spent some time at her old home. Two children were born of this marriage, both deceased. He was elected prosecuting attorney of Harrison county, but returned to Steubenville in 1838 to look more closely after his practice which had always been retained there. A partnership was formed with Hon. Benjamin Tappan, and he entered actively into politics as a Jacksonian Democrat. He was chosen supreme court reporter by the legislature from 1842 to 1845, and published volumes 11, 12 and 13 of the Ohio Reports. His first home on returning to Steubenville, was on the west side of Third street above Washington, and subsequently the Andrews property corner of Third and Logan streets now owned by heirs of Dr. E. Pearce, where his wife died. In 1840 he was mentioned for presiding judge, but declined to consider it. As delegate to the National Democratic Convention in 1840, which nominated Van Buren, and state conventions in 1841 and 1844, he continued actively in politics, although he did not agree with all the tenets of his party. In 1845 he successfully defended Caleb McNulty, clerk of the house of representatives, charged with embezzlement, and his practice was assuming such proportions that he opened an office in Pittsburgh in 1847, forming a partnership with Hon. Charles Shaler. The Steubenville office was still retained in partnership with Colonel Geo. W. McCook. His business before the supreme court of the United States became so extensive that he removed to Washington in 1856, and two years later he was sent to California by the government to investigate Spanish land claims. It is conceded that by his untiring energy and vigilance he saved the government millions of dollars, including the site of the present city of San Francisco. He defended

Daniel E. Sickles in the Key murder trial, and saved his client by his skill and eloquence. He met Mr. Lincoln for the first time that same year in the United States court at Cincinnati, and in December, 1860, he was nominated attorney general by James Buchanan to succeed Judge Black, whose vacillating course was fanning the flames of the incipient rebellion to a white heat. With Stanton's advent all this was changed, and the firm stand taken by him on loyalty to the government prevented the collapse which was threatened between January 1 and March 4, 1861. With the accession of the new administration he resumed the practice of his profession, but kept an eye on public affairs. Those of mature years will remember the summer of 1861. The Union forces had been overwhelmingly defeated at Bull Run and were gathered around Washington, where McClellan was drilling and complaining, but never accomplishing anything. It seemed a question as to whether the government would collapse through pure inanition or be overthrown by a Confederate victory. Corruption and incompetency prevailed in army circles, until on January 11, 1862, the country was electrified by the announcement that Edwin M. Stanton had been selected by Mr. Lincoln as secretary of war. This was possibly the greatest act performed by that great man, not even excepting the emancipation proclamation. Mr. Lincoln had no reason to cherish pleasant recollections of Stanton. In a Cincinnati case he had been treated very brusquely by that gentleman, and during the early days of his administration he had been denounced by Stanton in terms which even a most fervid patriotism could not justify. A smaller man would have remembered all this, and appointed Judge Holt or some other war Democrat who would have been acceptable to the people. But Lincoln knew that Stanton, whatever may have been his faults, was loyal to the core, of a keen analytical mind, of humble minded integrity and possessed a fund of energy, which would be devoted to the services of his country while life should last. No considerations weighed for a moment beyond the preservation of the Union. All things considered, President Lincoln believed the appointment of Stanton to be the best that could be made, and in this conclusion he was abundantly justified by subsequent events. Stanton's after life is a history of the war itself, and time and space prevent going into details of how he brought order out of chaos, watched traitors in the rear and the enemy in front, managed the furnishing of supplies and disciplining of incompetent or lukewarm generals; in short, bearing on his shoulders staggering war burdens. He and President Lincoln were not long in understanding each other, and a more than brotherly affection grew up between them. On the assassination of Lincoln in 1865 Stanton practically took charge of the government, and was requested by Vice President Johnson, then acting president, to continue in office. Differences soon arose, however, concerning reconstruction and other measures, with the result that on August 5, 1867, Mr. Johnson demanded his resignation. This was refused at the request of members of Congress, who feared that results obtained by victory in the field would be nullified by the administration if Stanton were not there to hold matters in check. Congress had passed what was known as the tenure of office act to secure Mr. Stanton's retention, although he did not desire such action, and in the end it proved ineffective. On August 12th Mr. Johnson suspended Stanton and appointed General Grant secretary of war ad interim. He obeyed under protest,

and when on January 13th, following, the senate refused to confirm a successor, General Grant at once vacated, and turned the office back to Stanton. Johnson then appointed General Lorenzo Thomas secretary pro tem; but Stanton now held the fort, staying there day and night, although Thomas attended cabinet meetings as "dummy" secretary. Articles of impeachment were brought against Johnson, but the vote failed of the necessary two-thirds, it standing 35 for to 19 against. Although the country sided with Stanton in this contest, yet after all the nation seemed to breathe more freely over the fact that a president of the United States had never been impeached. A change of one vote would have affected the result, and it has been stated on good authority that a couple of senators who otherwise would have voted for impeachment refrained from doing so with the understanding that Stanton's successor should be thoroughly loyal, and that there should be no question concerning the political results of the war. On learning the result on May 26th, Mr. Stanton resigned, and General Schofield, a loyal officer, was appointed his successor. Mr. Stanton retired from office with shattered health and broken fortunes. He had controlled millions but had even paid government bills from his own lean purse. The senate in confirming his successor adopted a resolution setting forth that Stanton had not been legally removed, but had resigned his office, and both houses of Congress subsequently adopted a resolution of thanks for the great ability, purity and fidelity with which he had discharged his duties. He took up again the practice of his profession, but his broken health rendered this very difficult. Mr. Stanton visited his home in Steubenville once during the war, and on September 25, 1868, addressed a meeting there in advocacy of General Grant's election to the presidency. While here he spoke of his approaching end, and expressed a desire to be buried in Union cemetery, a wish that was never fulfilled. On December 20, 1869, he was nominated by General Grant to a place on the supreme court bench and was immediately confirmed by the senate, but never took his seat. He died on December 24 before his commission was prepared, which was afterwards delivered to his widow, formerly Miss Ellen Hutchins, of Pittsburgh. Mr. Stanton, notwithstanding his apparent sternness, had a strong religious feeling, but probably on account of the traditions of his Quaker ancestry he had never been baptized into any church. Early in 1869, however, he sent for his old preceptor, Rev. William Sparrow, then at the Virginia Theological Seminary, and received the sacrament of baptism. Soon after he was prepared for confirmation by Rev. Thomas A. Starkey, who had lately come to Washington from Trinity Church, Cleveland, but died before the administration of this rite. By the request of the family, a proposed public funeral was abandoned, and the simple service provided by the Book of Common Prayer, held at the family residence on the 27th. The pallbearers were Secretary of War Belknap, Postmaster General Cresswell, U. S. Senators Carpenter, Sumner, Chandler and Edmunds, Representatives Judd and Hooper, Justices Swayne and Carter, Generals Barnes and Townsend, Major Eckert and Hon. E. Pierrepont. Major Eckert had brought the secretary's mother from her home in Steubenville. Thousands viewed the procession to Oak Hill cemetery, where the body was laid to rest.

- Congress and civic bodies all over the country gave expression to the sorrow and appreciation of him of whom it might have been said as of Pitt, another great statesman: "As soon as he took the helm the steadiness of the hand that held it was instantly felt in every motion of the vessel. There was no more of wavering, of torpid inaction, of witless expectancy, of abject despondency. His firmness gave confidence, his spirit roused courage, his vigilance secured exertion in every department under his sway."

Mr. Stanton's two sons, Edwin and Lewis, survived him. The former died at the age of 35, and was buried at Steubenville on September 15, 1877, and the latter is a New Orleans banker. His two daughters are Mrs. W. P. Chamberlain, of Coronado Beach, California, and Mrs. H. Habersham, of Monroe, Mass. Mrs. Tracy Stanton, his mother, died at the age of 80 years, and was buried by his father in Union cemetery, Steubenville, on November 8, 1873.

On March 7, 1893, the Wells Historical and Centennial Society was organized for the collection of early historical data and especially to observe the centennial of the first public sale of lots in the town of Steubenville, which occurred on August 25, 1797. As a result there was held a three days' celebration, the first, August 24, 1897, was designated a Stanton Day in honor of the town's greatest citizen. A long procession, after traversing the principal streets, halted in front of Stanton's birthplace where an appropriate tablet, the gift of the county's school children, had been placed. The orators of the day were the late Hon. R. W. Tayler and General Daniel E. Sickles, and this was followed by a local bar meeting in the evening. Early in 1906 Eliphalet F. Andrews, a leading artist of Washington, D. C., but a native and resident of Steubenville for many years, proposed to present to the local bar association a life size portrait of Mr. Stanton, to be hung in the court room. The gift was accepted, and the portrait dedicated on April 14th, the anniversary of the fall and rehabilitation of Fort Sumpter. During that same year a large portrait of Colonel George W. McCook, the work of Charles P. Filson, was presented by the McCook family, which was unveiled on August 29th.

These proceedings gave impetus to a movement inaugurated long before for the purpose of erecting a monument to the great war secretary in his native city. On August 11, 1897, papers of incorporation were issued to the Stanton Memorial Association, and a fund was started to carry out the object named.

Alexander Doyle, a native of Steubenville, then residing in New York, the sculptor who had designed the monument to Francis Scott Key at Frederick, Maryland, the Garfield statue in the Cleveland monument, and others to prominent men in different parts of the country, tendered his services as a tribute to his fellow townsman. The matter dragged until after the celebration above mentioned, when it was taken up with renewed energy and carried to completion. It was not, however, until the summer of 1911 that it was placed in position at the main entrance to the court house, rising from an ascent of six broad steps, expanding into a platform 15 feet 8 inches by 9 feet. A sandstone block 3



feet 8 inches high by 5 feet 8 inches front and 6 feet deep supports a pedestal of red Westerly granite about 5 feet in height. On this are two bronze wreaths and two inverted torches signifying that the light has been turned down, with the following inscription:

EDWIN McMASTERS STANTON

Born in this city, December 19, 1814

U. S. Attorney General, 1860-1861

Secretary of War, 1862-1868

Justice U. S. Supreme Court, 1869

Died December 24, 1869

Erected 1911

Above this are the bronze plinth and statue, the latter eight feet in height, considerably above life size. The left arm hangs almost straight down, but detached from the body, holding his notes or manuscript, while the right arm is bent upward with his hand over the breast, indicative of presenting an argument. The head erect, turned slightly to the left, with Stanton's characteristic spectacles. There is a low pedestal at the side, draped with an American flag. At the feet rests a book on which lies a scroll. The bronze figure weighs 1,800 pounds, including the plinth, and the full height with base, etc., is practically eighteen feet.

In the meantime three additional portraits had been added to those in the court room, that of Judge Tappan, by Mr. Andrews, and Judges Wright and Cook by Filson. In order that all these memorials might be suitably dedicated and turned over to the county it was decided to have a grand home coming week, beginning with exercises in the different churches on Sunday, September 3rd. The 8th regiment, Ohio National Guard, and 1st battalion, 26th United States Infantry, had already arrived on Saturday evening, and the city was en fete with banners, illuminations and decorations of every sort. Monday was observed as Labor Day. There was a large procession and later a gathering in front of the court house. Addresses were delivered by M. N. Duvall and Hon. Samuel Prince, of New York. The evening was devoted to music and dancing. Tuesday was fraternal day, with fully 6,000 persons in floats, on horseback and on foot during the morning parade. Education was represented by a large attendance at the Wells Auditorium. In the afternoon Superintendent R. L. Erwin presided, and addresses were made by President William F. Peirce, of Kenyon college, Booker T. Washington, of Tuskegee, and General Sickles. Dr. Washington spoke at Quinn A. M. E. Church in the evening. At the dedicatory exercises for the court room portraits on Tuesday evening, Hon. J. Dunbar presided. Invocation was offered by Rev. G. B. Smith, and addresses were made by William R. Alban, J. H. Paisley, Hon. R. G. Richards, Hon. J. A. Mansfield and Addison C. Lewis, Esq. Wednesday was devoted to veterans of the Civil War. A reunion was held at Turner Hall, since burned, after which the soldiers marched to the Imperial Hotel, where they paid respects to Generals Grant, Miles and Sickles. Returning to the hall, Captain J. M. Morrow presided, with speeches by Hon. J. R. Johnson, of Youngstown; Hon. John L.

McElroy, editor of the National Tribune, Washington, D. C.; General H. A. Axline and Erasmus Wilson. A parade of decorated automobiles (still somewhat a novelty), with an industrial exhibit, occupied the evening, which closed with a band concert in front of the court house. A grand military parade was the feature of Tuesday morning, and at 1:30 p. m., a crowd of not less than 20,000 people assembled in front of the court house to take part in the exercises attending the unveiling of the monument. Hon. Frank H. Kerr presided and addresses followed by Hon. Carl H. Smith, Governor Judson Harmon, General Fred D. Grant, monograph by David Homer Bates read by John C. Hatter, General Daniel E. Sickles, Senator Atlee Pomerene and General Nelson A. Miles. On the platform were Lewis H. Stanton, son of the secretary, Edwin M. Stanton and Stanton Habersham, grandsons, Mrs. Cora S. Jahncke, granddaughter, who unveiled the statue, and her husband, Ernest L. Jahncke. The greatest week in the history of Steubenville, closed with a grand military ball. Before leaving the city, Mr. Jahncke closed a commission with Mr. Filson for a large portrait of the secretary, which now hangs in the residence of his father-in-law in New Orleans.

A few weeks after the above described celebration, and doubtless inspired by its success, Mr. Andrews addressed a letter to F. H. Kerr and Joseph B. Doyle, president and secretary of the Stanton Monument Association, proposing to paint a large portrait of General Frederick von Steuben, of Revolutionary fame, after whom the city on the banks of the Ohio was called, and this was followed by a similar proposition from Mr. Filson in reference to General George Rogers Clark, who, with his Virginia militia, had wrested the Northwest Territory from Great Britain, and preserved the same to the United States. These propositions were gladly accepted, and the Association also arranged with Mr. Filson for a portrait of Judge James Wilson, grandfather of ex-President Wilson, to add to the collection in the court room. The portraits were completed early in 1913, which happened to be the semi-centennial anniversary of the "Morgan Raid," probably the most interesting historical event in eastern Ohio, this band of southern soldiers reaching the farthest point north of any of the Confederate forces during the Civil War. On Saturday morning, July 25th, 1863, John H. Morgan, with his band of six hundred men entered Jefferson county from Harrisville, having crossed Harrison county, into Mt. district, Pleasant township, pursued by the Union forces under General James A. Shackelford. He zigzagged northward through the county with one or two skirmishes, passing Steubenville about four miles to the westward, until he reached Monroeville on the Columbiana county line where a sharp battle ensued. Morgan was now at the end of his raid, and being surrounded at Scroggs' meeting house near Salineville in Columbiana county, he surrendered to Major Rue, United States Army, on Sunday, the 26th, at two p. m. The prisoners, numbering three hundred and thirty-six, were taken to Steubenville the next day, and from thence distributed to various points. To indicate the course of this raid a series of fourteen granite monuments had been located at various points, to which were attached suitable bronze tablets.

Hon. Robert Sherrard, son of Robert A. and Mary K. Sherrard, was born near Steubenville, June 9, 1823. He received his schooling

here, and after studying in the office of Mason and Moody, was admitted to the bar in 1846. In 1850 he entered into partnership with J. H. Miller, which continued until 1863. He was also United States marshal for the 7th Ohio district in 1850, and in 1861 was elected state senator on the Republican ticket. Declining a second term he volunteered for the army, but was not accepted on account of heart weakness. He held responsible government positions during the Civil War, involving care of soldiers, payment of bounties, placing of bond issues and drafting commissions. He rendered valuable assistance during the Morgan raid, taking charge of two regiments sent from Pittsburgh, and giving directions which forced Morgan back from the Ohio river and ultimately resulted in his capture. In 1863 Mr. Sherrard purchased the Miners & Mechanics Bank of Steubenville, and continued active in financial matters until his death on November 8, 1895. In 1870 he became president of the American National Bank, New York, also executive officer of the New York Transportation Company, employing 400 men and 600 horses. Returning to Steubenville in 1877, he became director of the P. C. & C. Railroad, the old Steubenville & Indiana, and took an active part in politics. For twenty years he served as member of the Steubenville Board of Education, and was also a trustee of Washington and Jefferson college.

Roderick S. Moody was born in Steubenville May 22, 1817, and studied law with D. L. Collier, being admitted in September, 1841. He was one of the most brilliant lights of the local bar, and was prosecuting attorney from 1846 to 1848. He died December 11, 1866.

The Constitution of 1851 divided the state into nine judicial districts, each of which was divided into several subdivisions. The eighth district included the counties of Muskingum and Morgan as the first subdivision; Guernsey, Belmont and Monroe the second; Jefferson, Harrison and Tuscarawas the third. The ninth district included Stark, Carroll and Columbiana as the first subdivision; Trumbull, Portage and Mahoning the second; and Geauga, Lake and Ashtabula the third. One judge was at first assigned to each subdivision, and a district court of appeals was created, meeting at least once a year. It was composed of the common pleas judges of the subdivision with a supreme court justice presiding.

Thomas L. Jewett was the first judge of the Jefferson-Harrison-Tuscarawas subdivision, and held his first term of court at Steubenville on March 16, 1852. He was a native of Hartford county, Maryland, of Quaker descent, and he settled in Cadiz in 1844. After practicing there six years, he removed to Steubenville, and was elected judge in the fall of 1851 as a Democrat, over John A. Bingham, the Republican candidate. On August 29, 1854, he was elected a director of the Steubenville & Indiana Railroad, chosen president of the road on June 8, 1855, and he resigned from the bench. He was appointed receiver on September 3, 1859, the road having become embarrassed, which position he held until the completion of the Pittsburgh & Steubenville railroad across the West Virginia Pan Handle. Upon consolidation of the different lines between Pittsburgh and Columbus in 1868 under the name of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway Company, he was elected president of the new corporation, which office he held until May 7, 1871, with his brother, Hon. Hugh J. Jewett as manager. The latter being called to the presidency of the Erie

Railroad, Judge Jewett resigned his office, and soon after removed to Philadelphia. His death occurred in New York on Wednesday evening, November 3, 1875.

Hon. Thomas Means, who succeeded to the office of Judge, was born in Steubenville on March 31, 1826. He studied law with Daniel Collier, and was admitted in 1847. In 1848 he went to St. Louis where he lived about seven or eight months, when he returned to Steubenville and formed a partnership with Mr. Jewett. He served as a member of the Ohio house of representatives in 1852-3, and on the resignation of Judge Jewett, was appointed the latter's successor, holding the office from October, 1854, to the end of 1855. Afterwards he resumed his law practice, and removed to Leavenworth, Kansas. On the outbreak of the Civil War he was appointed to adjust claims in the neighborhood of Cairo, Illinois. Upon completing that work he returned to Steubenville, where he died, December 27, 1863. His brother Joseph Means, was also a member of the bar, and representative in the legislature as well as filling a number of prominent local positions. He also engaged extensively in the foundry business.

Samuel W. Bostwick, of Harrison county, succeeded Judge Means, serving until February, 1862, when he was succeeded by George W. McIlvaine, of Tuscarawas county, who resigned in 1870, to take a position on the supreme bench. He was recognized as having one of the ablest legal minds in the state.

John H. Miller, of Steubenville, was appointed to fill the unexpired term, and was then elected for the full term ending February, 1877. He was born in Northampton county, Pennsylvania, January 30, 1813, and he came to Steubenville in 1837. He was admitted in 1840, and built up an extensive practice. On retiring from the bench he continued his practice until his death, on August 31, 1891.

James Patrick, of Tuscarawas county, succeeded Judge Miller, and served one term. He in turn was succeeded by Joseph C. Hance, of the same county, who served two terms. In the meantime provision having been made for an additional judge in the subdivision, John S. Pearce, of Cadiz, was elected, and took his seat in February, 1882.

Hon. John A. Mansfield, a native of Jefferson county, studying law at Ann Arbor, Michigan, admitted in 1879, practiced law and became probate judge, succeeded Judge Pearce in 1892, and he served two terms. After that he served a term in the legislature. He was succeeded in 1902 by Hon. Rees G. Richards for two terms. Judge Richards was born in Wales on July 22, 1812, and he came to America with his parents when he was ten years old, settling in Eastern Pennsylvania. He served his adopted country through the Civil War, part of the time in a Southern prison pen, the escape from which makes a most thrilling narrative. Engaging in the mercantile business for two years, and afterwards six years at Irondale, Jefferson county, he was elected to the legislature in 1873. He served two terms in the lower house of the legislature, two in the senate, being chosen president pro tem, and in 1881 was elected lieutenant-governor. He had been admitted to the bar in 1876, and in 1902 became common pleas judge as above stated. His death occurred February 10, 1917.

Hon. Carl H. Smith succeeded Judge Richards, and at this writing is serving his second term. Judge Smith was born in East Liverpool in 1876, and he came with his parents to a farm in Knox township,

Jefferson county, when four years old. He studied law with E. E. Erskine and at Western Reserve college at Cleveland. He then located at Steubenville and entered into partnership with Mr. Erskine, which continued until he took his seat on the bench in 1913. He has also been actively engaged in a number of business enterprises.

Fletcher Douthitt, of Tuscarawas, succeeded Judge Hance, and he by Walter Shotwell, of Cadiz, each serving two terms. An additional judge was provided in 1908, and Hon. Thompson D. Healea was elected, holding his first court at Steubenville in May, 1909. After holding office about two years, Judge Healea resigned to take charge of the Pennsylvania railroad company's business in eastern Ohio, with Steubenville as a center, and he removed thither with W. I. Kinsey as a partner, which continued until his death on October 13, 1919. Mr. Kinsey succeeded him in charge of the business, which he still continues. Judge Shotwell was succeeded by John B. Worley, of Cadiz, still on the bench.

The Constitution of 1802 required judges of the supreme court to hold a session each year in the different counties, the first in Jefferson county, opening on the third Tuesday in June, 1803, with Samuel Huntington and William Spriggs on the bench. Others following were Daniel Symms and George Todd, August 25, 1805; Jonathan Meigs, Jr., September 23, 1808; Thomas Morris and Thomas Scott, September 25, 1809; W. P. Irvin and P. A. Brown, June 8, 1811; Peter Hitchcock and Calvin Pease, October, 1825; Joshua Collett, October, 1829; Peter Hitchcock and Elijah Maynard, May, 1830; Ebenezer Lane and John C. Wright, October, 1831; Reuben Wood, October, 1833; Frederick Grimke, October, 1836; Matthew Birchard, March, 1843; Nathaniel C. Read, February, 1844; Edward Avery, April, 1848; William B. Caldwell, October, 1849; Rufus P. Spaulding, October, 1850; Rufus P. Ranney, 1851. The vacant years evidently meant absence of business.

As previously stated, the district courts after 1851 were composed of the common pleas judges, with a supreme court justice presiding. The first district court in Jefferson county opened August 11, 1852, with Judge Ranney presiding and Judges Jewett, Alexander and Richard Silwell on the bench. These were followed by William B. Caldwell, August 10, 1854; William Kennon, August 10, 1855; Ozias Bowen, August 11, 1856; Thomas W. Bartley, July 28, 1857; Josiah Scott, June 2, 1859; Milton Sutcliff, May 8, 1860; Jacob Brinkerhoff, August 27, 1861; William V. Peck, September 17, 1862; John Welch, September 20, 1866; William White, September 24, 1867. By this time business had so increased in the supreme court that the members were relieved of outside duty, and district courts continued to be held by the common pleas judges alone.

By a constitutional amendment, adopted in the fall of 1883, district courts were abolished and the legislature was authorized to create circuit courts with the same original jurisdiction as the supreme court, and such appellate jurisdiction as might be provided. Accordingly, on April 14, 1884, a bill was passed dividing the state into eight circuits, the seventh being composed of the counties of Ashtabula, Belmont, Carroll, Columbiana, Geauga, Guernsey, Harrison, Jefferson, Lake, Mahoning, Monroe, Noble, Portage and Trumbull. The judges elected the ensuing fall were Hamilton B. Woodbury, of Ashtabula county; Peter A. Laubie, of Columbiana, and William H. Frazier, of Noble.

The first session of this court at Steubenville was held in June, 1885, two sessions a year being held thereafter. Judge Woodbury died in the summer of 1895, and was succeeded by J. B. Burrows, of Lake county, who resigned at the close of December term, 1908, and was succeeded by W. S. Metcalf, of Geauga, whose term expired February 8, 1921. He was succeeded by Judge J. W. Roberts, of Ashtabula county. Hon. Elias B. Roberts, of Warren, had been elected to succeed Judge Burrows, but died before taking his seat. Judge Frazier was succeeded by John M. Cook in February, 1901. R. M. Voorhees, of Coshocton, taking part in the subsequent May term. Mr. Cook was born near Burlington, New Jersey, on March 6, 1843, and spent his boyhood in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, now part of Pittsburgh. During the fall of 1866 he entered the law school of the Ohio State University and Union Law College, of Cleveland, and was admitted to the bar on January 7, 1869. He entered into practice at East Liverpool, but on October, 1872, came to Steubenville, where he built up a large business. He was chosen prosecuting attorney in 1879, serving five years, and, as above stated, entered upon the circuit bench in 1901. He was chosen for two terms, but died before their completion on July 10, 1910.

John Pollock, of St. Clairsville, succeeded Judge Cook, and Myron A. Norris, of Youngstown, succeeded Judge Laubie. The former is still on the bench, but Judge Norris died in 1914. W. H. Spence, of Lisbon, served until 1917, when he was succeeded by L. T. Farr, of Lisbon, whose term expires February 8, 1923.

There was a probate court in each county under the territorial laws, and Bezaleel Wells acted as judge from 1797 to November 29, 1802, when its business was transferred to the court of common pleas. Nine wills were filed during this period being those of John Cross, John Horton, James Armstrong, William Carr, William Sharon, John McGuire, James Milligan, James Jackson and Nathaniel Simms. This court was restored in 1852 with the following judges:

John K. Sutherland, March 2, 1852, to April 28, 1858.  
Wm. R. Lloyd, May 4, 1858, to February 9, 1864.  
Wm. A. Doyle, February 9, 1864, to December 19, 1864.  
John S. Patterson, December 19, 1864, to December 4, 1865.  
George M. Elliott, December 4, 1865, to February 12, 1867.  
Robert Martin, February 12, 1867, to February 15, 1876.  
Joseph W. Jordan, February 16, 1876, to February 9, 1882.  
W. V. B. Croskey, February 13, 1882, to February 13, 1888.  
John A. Mansfield, February 13, 1888, to February 2, 1892.  
Wm. McD. Miller, February 2, 1892, to February 9, 1900.  
Frank H. Kerr, February 9, 1900, to February 9, 1906.  
J. R. McCleary, February 9, 1906, to February, 1913.  
Harry A. Bell, February 9, 1913, to February, 1915.  
John G. Belknap, February, 1915, to February 9, 1924.

Prosecuting attorneys:

|                               |                                  |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Solomon Sibley, 1797 to 1803. | J. M. Goodenow, 1829 to 1830.    |
| Silas Paul, 1803 to 1808.     | James Collier, 1830 to 1839.     |
| Jesse Edginton, 1808 to 1811. | John K. Sutherland, 1829 to 1843 |
| John C. Wright, 1811 to 1817. | Robert Orr, 1843 to 1847.        |
| J. H. Hallock, 1817 to 1823.  | R. S. Moody, 1847 to 1849.       |
| H. H. Leavitt, 1823 to 1829.  | Geo. W. Mason, 1849 to 1852.     |

|                                 |                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| John R. Meredith, 1852 to 1853. | John M. Cook, 1879 to 1884.      |
| J. H. S. Trainer, 1853 to 1856. | Henry Gregg, 1884 to 1890.       |
| James M. Shane, 1856 to 1861.   | Emmett E. Erskine, 1890 to 1896. |
| Geo. W. Mason, 1861 to 1863.    | A. C. Lewis, 1896 to 1902.       |
| James F. Daton, 1863 to 1867.   | Wm. R. Alban, 1902 to 1908.      |
| Wm. A. Walden, 1867 to 1871.    | J. S. Paisley, 1908 to 1913.     |
| Wm. P. Hays, 1871 to 1873.      | Wm. C. Brown, 1913 to 1917.      |
| Wm. A. Owensney, 1872 to 1875.  | Roy Carpenter, 1917 to 1921.     |
| Walter C. Ong, 1875 to 1879.    | Enoch S. Pearce, 1921 to 1923.   |

Among the deceased attorneys admitted to the Jefferson bar since the adoption of the Constitution of 1851 were James Elliott, admitted in 1852; A. H. Battin in Columbiana county, May 11, 1853; W. A. Walden (Jackson county), April 27, 1858; M. S. Stokely, 1860; Hon. J. Dunbar, January, 1860; W. A. Owensney, September 18, 1862; O. P. Mossgrove, August 18, 1854; James F. Daton, 1863; Thomas P. Spencer, 1866; Robert Martin, April 18, 1862; James A. McCurdy, same; David Moody, September 26, 1867; William H. Lowe, October 2, 1868; John McCleve, September 16, 1868; John M. Cook, January, 1869; J. C. Keys and W. T. Campbell, September 29, 1870; J. M. Hunter, July 21, 1872; H. M. Priest, April 25, 1876; John A. Kithcart, October 1, 1873; W. V. B. Croskey, 1870; John C. Kirkpatrick, September 25, 1877; J. W. Jordan, September 28, 1872; Oliver J. Beard, April 3, 1877; Henry Gregg, April 1878; George G. Bright and Calvin May, August 27, 1878; Charles A. Reynolds, June 17, 1879; James F. Bigger, August 27, 1879; Plummer P. Lewis, June 3, 1884; Justin A. Moore, October 18, 1896; Joseph Kithcart, March 17, 1899; T. A. L. Thompson, June, 1896; John M. Bigger, October 8, 1891; C. B. Gilmore, April 25, 1876.

#### LAW LIBRARY.

"During the official term of Henry Gregg, who was prosecuting attorney from 1884 to 1890, the subject of a county law library was taken up and arrangements were made with the county commissioners whereby fines collected for violation of liquor laws were to be devoted to this purpose. A room adjoining the prosecuting attorney's office was procured and the library conducted as an adjunct to that office, when an officer of the state inspection bureau decided that no more money could be paid on this account. The library was closed for a while, but in 1907 an association was organized under the statutes (now Sections 3054-58 G. C.), and in January, 1908, Joseph B. Doyle was appointed librarian. The growth of the library was such that in 1914 an additional room was secured, and in 1915 the library was enlarged to double its capacity and value through the liberality of Col. James Taylor Holmes, of Columbus. Colonel Holmes was born in Short Creek township, Harrison county, on November 25, 1837. He was educated at Franklin county, New Athens, Ohio, and later became president of Richmond college, Jefferson county. On the outbreak of the Civil War he recruited a company of 110 men in his neighborhood, which became part of the 52nd, O. V. I., under command of Colonel Daniel McCook. He served with valor through the war, and mustered out as lieutenant colonel. Returning home he read law in Columbus, and was admitted to the bar on May 8, 1867. Here he resided until his death on Thurs-

day, February 17, 1916. During this period he built up a large practice, being recognized as one of the leading lawyers of the state. His library kept pace with his business, being housed in a building erected for that purpose near his residence. Realizing that his end was near, he proposed that his law library should be transferred to the Jefferson county L. L. A., under the following conditions:

"It is to be my monument in Jefferson county, whose people have been kindness and loyalty to myself personified, since I first settled among them in December, 1859. In addition thereto it is to be a memorial to the 52nd Ohio Volunteer Infantry, the great majority of whose 'boys' came from that region of the state. The gift is also intended as a memorial of my friendship with Major Daniel McCook and his wife, 'Mother' Martha Latimer McCook, and their children, all, but especially with Colonel Dan of the 52nd, who fell in command of his brigade at Kenesaw, June 27, 1864."

The library contains about 10,000 volumes, and is recognized as one of the best in the state. The officers of the association are Ernest L. Findley, president; Fred A. Stone, vice-president; William McD. Miller, secretary and treasurer; A. C. Lewis and Edward McKinley, trustees; J. B. Doyle, librarian.

#### UNITED STATES COURT.

Notwithstanding the site of Steubenville was the oldest settlement in the state, and the first land office was located here, yet, until recently, it had no sessions of the federal courts, and has as yet no federal building, although land has been obtained for the latter. A few years ago agitation was started in this direction and it resulted in the passage of a bill providing that at least two terms of court should be held yearly in Steubenville, this county being placed in the Columbus or eastern division. The first session was held by Judge John E. Sater on September 8, 1915. This was followed by an evening banquet at the Country club, at which interesting addresses were made. Until a federal building is erected, sessions are held in the county court house. A tract in the business center of the city 180x120 feet has been secured by the United States government for a federal building, and it is expected that work will begin on the same within a year at least.

#### IN THE GREAT WAR.

Including Captain Francis McCook, who did not receive his degree until he had entered the service, the Jefferson county bar sent fourteen members into service during the war with Germany, including J. Stewart Crawford, Marshall H. Francis, Henry Greenberger, Arthur L. Hooper, Ralph Levinson, E. M. Morrow, Earle B. McMaster, Lee Van Tilburg, Hugo F. Chestosky, Thomas H. Montgomery, Earl B. Tilton, Chauncey Hawthorne and Casimir Borkoski.

A special banquet was given the members on their return home, and later, on October 17 and 18, 1918, all participated in the greatest two-day celebration ever held in Steubenville, at which all were awarded suitable medals.

There is an active bar association, with William R. Alban, president, and Ralph Levinson, secretary and treasurer.



## COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

One of the first acts of the legislature of the newly-created state of Ohio was the formation of eight new counties, viz: Scioto, Warren, Butler, Montgomery, Greene, Columbiana, Gallia and Franklin. The act, which was passed on March 25th, provided for the erection of a part of the counties of Jefferson and Washington into a separate county under the name of Columbiana. The boundary began at the mouth of Yellow creek, on the north side of the same, thence up said creek with the meanders thereof to the northern boundary of the eighth township, in the second range, thence west to the western boundary of the seventh range; thence north to the northwestern corner of the sixteenth township of said seventh range; thence west on the south boundary of the ninth township in the eighth and ninth ranges to the Muskingum river; thence up said river with the meanders thereof to the southern boundary of the county of Trumbull; thence with the same east to Pennsylvania line; thence with the said line south to the Ohio river; thence down the same with the meanders thereof to the beginning. The territory, taken from Jefferson county, was, of course, from the northern end, a small portion of which was restored on the creation of Carroll county in 1832. The name is a fancy one, said to be a combination of Columbus and Anna.

The act provided that until a permanent seat of justice be fixed by commissioners appointed for that purpose the temporary location should be at the house of Matthias Lower in the 12th township, second range. Accordingly on May 10, 1803, the judges met at Mr. Lower's barn, and proceeded to divide the county into five townships; viz: Springfield, Middleton, St. Clair, Salem and Center, the last named adjoining Fairfield where the commissioners were sitting, and containing the newly platted town of New Lisbon, which was selected as the county seat. Court was held at Lower's until quarters were provided at Lisbon.

Calvin Pease presided at the first court, the associates being Robert Simison, Henry Bachman and William Smith. Reason Beall, of Steubenville, was appointed clerk.

On November 29 court convened at New Lisbon in Christian Smith's tavern. The most important case was an indictment for riot against James Glass, George Hooter, Thomas Bruce and Noah Anderson. Adam Poe, the well known Indian fighter, became surety for the defendants, and the indictment was afterwards dismissed without disgrace. The twenty-two grand jurors received \$32.70 in the aggregate for their services during the term. Obediah Jennings received \$50.00 as his salary as prosecuting attorney. The clerk, sheriff and four inspectors were dependent on their fees, which evidently were not very large. David Graham was the first man naturalized. John B. Gibson and Robert Moore were the first attorneys admitted, on March 27, 1804.

The county lines were changed several times before they assumed their present form, a portion being taken for Stark county in 1808, Carroll in 1832, and Mahoning in 1845. At present the county is divided into eighteen townships.

### COMMON PLEAS COURTS

The names of presiding judges in the common pleas courts under the Constitution of 1802 have already been given as well as the first three associates, who served until 1808. Others were as follows: 1808-10, George Atterholt, George Brown, William Smith; 1810-17, George Atterholt, Henry Bauchman, William Smith; 1817-25, John J. Bowman, George Brown and William Smith; 1825-32, John J. Bowman, Thomas Creighton, George Endly; 1832-37, John J. Bowman, George McCook, George Endly; 1837-38, John J. Bowman, William Armstrong, George Endly; 1838-42, Daniel Harbaugh, William Armstrong, George Endly; 1842-45, Daniel Harbaugh, Jacob Roller, George Endly; 1845-47, Joshua A. Riddle, Jacob Roller and Samuel Clark, 1847-51, Joshua Riddle, John Dellenbaugh, Samuel Clark. Constitution of 1851—from 1852 to 1855, George W. Belden; 1856, John W. Clark; 1857-9, Lyman W. Potter; 1860-61, John W. Church; 1861-67, Jacob A. Ambler; 1868-75, Judge Fritz A. Stark; 1875-85, Peter A. Laubie; February, 1885, to October, 1885, Jonathan H. Wallace; 1885-93, William A. Nichols; 1893-95, Nathan B. Billingsley; 1895-1900, Philip M. Smith; 1900-10, Warren W. Hole; 1910-22, James G. Moore.

### PROBATE JUDGES

1852-3, John Reed; 1854-59, James Martin; 1860-65, Cornelius Curry; 1866-71, Solomon J. Firestone, 1872-7, Simon J. Wisden; 1878-85, William G. Wells; 1866-91, James G. Moore; 1892-97, Peter C. Young; 1898-1903, J. C. Boone; 1903-09, James A. Martin; 1909-16, Louis T. Farr, 1917; Lodge Riddle; 1917-21, S. W. Cranford.

Most of the early actions in the common pleas court were to recover payment of debts, and, perhaps from the old English practice, fictitious names were frequently used, some of them quite fantastic, as for instance, Timothy Peaceable against Thomas Troublesome. There existed the practice of taxing the attorney fees of the winning party as costs against the loser, but these were small, generally \$5.00 or \$6.00. Prior to 1815 the average earnings of the half dozen lawyers of the county did not exceed \$100.00 or \$500.00 per year. The first criminal trial was that of a citizen of St. Clair township, of which charge he was acquitted. Fractions of a cent frequently figured in the old judgments, but this is not surprising, as the  $\frac{1}{2}$  cent, "fips"  $6\frac{1}{4}$  cents, and "levy,"  $12\frac{1}{2}$  cents were coins in common use down almost to the Civil War. As now, line fences and roadways were fruitful causes of litigation. Adam Poe is on record as having brought a suit in December, 1803, against Hruggan and also one against Thomas Gillingham et al, the amount claimed in either case being under \$5.00. One of the first fines was an assessment against John Oyster in 1811 for \$8.00.

Much of the earlier work before the courts was done by attorneys from Jefferson and other adjacent counties, like Benjamin Tappan, Obediah Jennings and others. King and Larwell are among the first names appearing on the docket. Fisher A. Blocksom was probably the first resident attorney. He located in New Lisbon soon after the establishment of the court at that place, and resided there until his death on December 14, 1876, at the age of 96 years. He had a successful practice and was successively prosecuting attorney, postmaster, member of legislature and presidential elector on the Democratic ticket.

Andrew W. Loomis located in New Lisbon about 1825 and built up a large practice for his day. He was a member of Congress in 1836, and in 1840 removed to Pittsburgh. His contemporary and successor in Congress was Charles D. Coffin, whose ancestral home was in Massachusetts. Soon after his congressional term had expired he removed to Cincinnati, where he held the office of common pleas judge for a number of years. Dorsey B. Pentacost opened an office in New Lisbon in 1827, but only remained a short time. The families of these three attorneys were connected by marriage, and they were also related to the Stokely family of Steubenville.

William D. Ewing practiced from 1826 to 1840, when he removed to Pittsburgh, where he died ten years later. A contemporary, Isaac Stetson, left in 1832. E. T. Merrick practiced from 1830 to 1839, but in 1840 he removed to Louisiana where he became a member of the supreme court.

During the decades from 1840 to 1860 the Columbiana county bar was exceptionally strong. A number of members are given notice elsewhere, and included in the list are S. L. Wadsworth, able advocate and trial lawyer; William Upham, a great equity jurist; John M. Gillman, who removed to St. Paul, Minn., and became a leader of the bar; Lyman W. Potter and Thomas Woods, the latter dying in early life; James L. Smith, strong in his presentation of facts, Samuel W. Orr, of exceptional knowledge, James and Judge John Clark, specialists in equity jurisprudence, G. W. Love, Charles M. Snyder, J. G. Beatty, and J. W. and H. Morrison. Hon. E. M. Stanton, of Steubenville, had an office here for a while. Hon. William McKinley frequently appeared before the courts here at a later date.

William J. Jordan was an active and successful lawyer until his death on February 25, 1886, at the age of 53 years. He was admitted to the bar in 1854, although absent from practice during two terms as county clerk and service in the Civil War, where he became colonel of the 104th O. V. I.

Hon. Jonathan H. Wallace was graduated from Washington college, Pennsylvania, in 1844, at the age of 20 years. He was admitted to practice in 1847, and was at one time a partner with Hon. E. M. Stanton. He served two terms as prosecuting attorney, was a delegate to the National Democratic Convention in 1864, elected to Congress in 1882, and judge of common pleas, filling the unexpired term of P. A. Laubie. He is said to have been connected with more litigation than any other attorney in the county.

Hon. P. C. Young, when a boy, enlisted from his home in Achor, in the 195th O. V. I., during the Civil War, and was afterwards editor of the Buckeye State newspaper in New Lisbon. He practiced law in Wellsville from 1875 to 1890 when he was elected to probate judge, serving two terms, followed by law practice in Lisbon. Being elected supreme ruler of the Fraternal Mystic Circle, he removed to Philadelphia, where he died July 25, 1899.

Hon. William A. Nichols was born in Fairfield township in 1839, and was admitted in 1861. He was prosecuting attorney from 1868 to 1870, and in October, 1885, was elected common pleas judge, serving until his death on April 16, 1893.

W. L. Lones succeeded Judge Young in Wellsville, having read law in Columbiana county and located for a number of years in Ten-

nessee, returning in 1891. He has a large practice in Columbiana and adjoining counties.

F. L. Wells, returned from Lisbon to Wellsville, his native place, in 1890, and established a building and loan association which has been quite successful. W. R. Macdonald, admitted in 1898, was Mr. Wells' associate. W. A. Snediker, who began practice in Wellsville, also went into the building loan and banking business. G. W. Adams, born and reared in Yellow Creek township, began practice in Wellsville in 1894, and has added insurance to his legal business. Charles Boyd read law in Wellsville and was admitted to practice in 1897, afterwards becoming city solicitor. Hon. E. E. Roberts, of Warren, was born and reared in Wellsville, and C. K. McGregor, in 1905, held the office of city auditor. Willis Jordan, born in New Lisbon June 28, 1864, took a course at Cincinnati Law school, was admitted May 4, 1886, and located at Wellsville. W. A. O'Grady is one of Wellsville's youngest lawyers.

Previous to 1860 most of the law business in East Liverpool was transacted by justices of the peace, of whom Sanford C. Hill was a leading character. He was also a civil engineer and surveyor, and a practical astronomer, making most of the calculations for almanacs. One of them, known as Hill's almanac, was familiar in many households. William P. Morris, uncle of Andrew Carnegie, was also a justice for many years. Enoch Bradshaw conducted cases before the justices, although he does not seem to have been regularly admitted. As previously stated, William Larwell located here as early as 1803, but the next resident attorney seems to have been Col. H. R. Hill, who came here shortly before the Civil War. He spent a year in Louisiana before the outbreak, but in 1862 recruited a company for the 10th O. V. I., and was afterwards made colonel. He continued in active practice until 1900, when the business was taken up by his sons, Walter B. and William M. Hill.

Hon. R. W. Tayler was born at Youngstown, November 26, 1852, and was graduated at Western Reserve college in June, 1872. He was superintendent of Lisbon schools and editor of the *Buckeye State*. In April, 1877, he was admitted to the bar, and lived at East Liverpool until 1880, when he was elected prosecuting attorney and served until 1886. A member of Congress for eight years, he took a leading place. In 1903 he removed to Youngstown, and on February 2, 1905, became United States judge for the northern Ohio district. This caused his removal to Cleveland, where he resided until his recent death. During this period A. H. Clark, of Salineville, opened an office in East Liverpool, which was continued until a recent date. A. R. Mackall was another contemporary, who died about 1895.

The Southern Columbiana County Bar Association was organized in 1894 with P. M. Smith, president; A. R. Mackall, vice president, succeeded by A. H. Clark; William M. Hill, secretary, succeeded by Walter B. Hill; J. J. Purinton, treasurer, succeeded by W. F. Lones. Present officers are W. F. Lones, president; W. B. Hill, secretary; B. L. Bennett, treasurer.

The principal object was to handle business so as to obviate as far as possible the inconvenience of reaching the county seat.

Hon. J. Twing Brooks was born in Salem on October 27, 1840, and read law with Judge Potter. He was admitted in August, 1865, and was elected to the state senate that same year, serving until 1869, when

he succeeded to the business of his father. J. J. Brooks, who was general counsel for the Pennsylvania company, controlling the P. F. W. & C., and C. & P. railroads, later formed a partnership with Judge Laubie, and at the time of his death was second vice president of the Pennsylvania Company.

Hon. Jacob A. Ambler was born in Pittsburgh on February 18, 1829. He read law with his brother, Henry, a prominent attorney in Salem, and was admitted at Cincinnati on March 27, 1851. He served a term in the Ohio legislature, 1858-9, resigning to become judge of the first subdivision of the 9th district, which he held until 1867. He served in Congress, 1868-70, and on the United States tariff commission in 1882. His son, Hon. B. S. Ambler, was born in Salem on March 31, 1853, and after admission practiced with his father until 1898, when he was appointed by President Roosevelt judge of the court of first instance at Manila, Philippine Islands, from which he resigned in 1904.

Hon. Peter A. Laubie was born at Pittsburgh on April 21, 1829. He studied law with Keith & Wenderhill at Massillon, and was admitted to the bar at Ravenna in July, 1854, beginning his practice in Columbiana county. In August, 1861, he became first lieutenant of Company D, 19th O. V. I., and at his resignation, on February 13, 1865, was acting major. He served as common pleas judge from November 1, 1875, to February, 1885, and circuit judge from February 9, 1885, until February, 1911, being 36 years on the bench. He died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles Thompson, of Washington, D. C., and was buried at Salem.

Hon. J. C. Boone, admitted in 1878, after serving as probate judge, returned to Salem in 1903 and resumed practice, where he still resides. James R. Carey was born in Salem in 1852; read law with Laubie and Brooks and at Harvard law school; admitted in 1877; practiced at Fort Wayne, Indiana, until 1887; was in several firms; still in practice. F. J. Mullins was born in Milwaukee, Wis., in 1857 and was admitted in 1880. He practiced a number of years in Salem. S. W. Ramsey, of Salem, was born October 19, 1854, admitted September, 1879. John E. Rogers, born May 9, 1851, admitted 1878. Other present Salem attorneys are W. W. Beck, R. W. Campbell, W. S. Emmons, L. P. Metzger, L. B. Harris, R. M. Modisette, Mark L. McCave, John F. Scott, C. F. Smith.

N. B. Billingsley, of Lisbon, was born October 9, 1850, admitted September 24, 1873; common pleas judge 1893 and 1895. C. C. Connell, born April 27, 1871; admitted May 31, 1894; solicitor 1899-1902; state senator, 1902-6. L. L. Farr, born July 24, 1865; admitted December 3, 1891; at present judge of court of appeals. S. J. Firestone, born October 2, 1833; admitted June, 1860; treasurer Lisbon school board fifteen years. Ross W. Firestone, born January 7, 1868, graduated Cincinnati law school; admitted 1893; John McVicker, admitted about 1860; prosecuting attorney, 1877-90. W. S. Potts, born in Carroll county, February 9, 1846, graduated at Ann Arbor; admitted 1873; prosecuting attorney, 1875-6. A. A. Ramsey, born August 25, 1852; admitted September 3, 1879. Hon. Lodge Riddle, born in Wells-ville, June 13, 1869; studied at Ada university; admitted June, 1895. Charles S. Speaker, admitted in 1880; mayor of Lisbon, 1881-88; prosecuting attorney, 1891-97. Hon. W. H. Spence, born 1859, studied

at Ann Arbor and Cincinnati; admitted in 1882; circuit judge, 1914-17. Other Lisbon attorneys are George T. Farrell, admitted March 15, 1898; mayor, 1900-05; W. E. Ferrell, W. B. Moore, J. F. Spence and E. H. Van Fossam.

J. H. Brooks was born in East Liverpool, May 18, 1863; admitted February 22, 1886; was prosecuting attorney, 1898-1901. W. H. Burgers was also born in East Liverpool on December 5, 1872; graduated at Ada; admitted December 7, 1901. George E. Davidson, graduate of Ohio State university, admitted 1899; solicitor of East Liverpool, 1903-06. J. E. Davis, born October 19, 1874, studied at Ada and with Judge Farr; admitted January 1901; justice of the peace, 1898. Frank E. Grosshans, admitted 1894. Walter B. Hill, graduated at Princeton, 1890; Cincinnati, 1892; admitted 1892; member board of education, 1905. M. J. McGary, born November 12, 1868; Cincinnati law school; admitted May 29, 1895; solicitor East Liverpool, 1898-1902; prosecuting attorney, 1903-7. James F. McGary, born in Beaver county, Pa., March 18, 1873; Ohio State university; admitted December 4, 1891. Robert H. Perry, born July 14, 1875; Valparaiso, Indiana, law school; admitted December, 1903. J. J. Purinton, born in Illinois, November 13, 1862; admitted October 6, 1887; city clerk, 1880-87; president East Liverpool council, 1897-98; president sinking fund commission, 1903-05. R. G. Thompson, born 1873; admitted March, 1897. G. Y. Travis, born at Dennison, Ohio, February 12, 1869; Cincinnati law school; admitted 1890. Other present East Liverpool attorneys are F. W. Andrews, B. L. Bennett, R. M. Brooks, Harry Brockaw, George L. Brockaw, Blaine H. Cochran, G. J. Clark, W. S. Foulks, Jesse C. Hanley, George D. Ingram, Perry L. Rigby, G. S. Thompson and W. H. Vodrey.

L. M. Keyes, of East Palestine, was born May 20, 1879; admitted June, 1902. Everett Lyon was born November 5, 1870; admitted October 4, 1894; solicitor of East Palestine, 1896-97; mayor, 1897-1900. C. P. Rothwell was born January 20, 1860; admitted November, 1881; solicitor of East Palestine 15 years. A. J. Willard, of Homeworth, was born in New Lisbon, February 28, 1848; studied at Ann Arbor; admitted in Michigan, February 28, 1883, and at Columbus, October 2, 1883.

#### A RECORD OF PATRIOTISM.

We have already noted the long line of Columbiana county lawyers who gave their services to their country during the Civil War. For the war with Germany ten were in the army, being F. W. Andrews, R. M. Brooks, W. S. Foulkes, Jesse A. Hanley, Perry L. Rigby, East Liverpool; C. C. Connell and E. H. Van Fossam, Lisbon; R. M. Modisette, Mark L. McClave and R. L. Schiller, Salem. These included nearly ten per cent of the entire bar.

#### CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

Rudolph Bair represented the county in the convention of 1802; Henry H. Gregg and Samuel Quighley, 1850-51; James W. Reilly in 1873; Percy Tetlow in 1912.

#### PROSECUTING ATTORNEYS.

Obediah Jennings, Fisher A. Blocksom, Elderkin Potter and Andrew W. Loomis, 1803-37.

F. A. Blocksom, 1838-43; John Clark, 1844-52; J. A. Wallace, 1853-

55; S. L. Wadsworth, 1856-59; Simon Wisden, 1840-63; S. L. Wadsworth, 1864; James L. Smith, 1865-68; W. A. Nichols, 1869-72; M. E. Taggart, 1873-74; W. S. Potts, 1875-76; John M. Fickes, 1877-79; R. W. Tayler, 1880-85; P. M. Smith, 1885-91; C. S. Speaks, 1892-97; J. H. Brooks, 1898-1903; M. J. McGary, 1903-07; L. P. Metzger, 1908-12; Wm. H. Vodrey, 1913-16; Walter W. Beck, 1917-21.

## SKETCH OF THE SUMMIT COUNTY BENCH AND BAR

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So far as is known, the first settlement of whites in the present limits of Summit county was made in Hudson in the year 1800. With the opening of the Ohio canal from Cleveland to Akron, in 1827, and through to Portsmouth in 1830, the agricultural interests along the line were very largely stimulated, and also impetus was given to commercial and manufacturing interests. While considerable business had existed in Middlebury and one or two other points in Cuyahoga valley prior to the opening of the canal, that section was greatly benefited when the waterway was completed. Its opening to traffic was followed by activity in Akron and Cuyahoga Falls, which then sprang into existence as manufacturing villages, both at that time being largely supplied with water power. So rapid was the development of these villages that the people soon began to feel that their respective seats of justice in Ravenna, Medina and Canton, where they were compelled to go to serve as jurors, pay their taxes and act as witnesses, were too far from their business centers. As early as 1835 the people in the territory now comprising Summit county began to talk of creating a new county of their own. The proposition was received not at all kindly by the people of Portage, Medina and Stark counties, out of whose fair proportions the new county of Summit would have to be carved. Nothing was definitely established in that direction until 1840. The legislature of Ohio, which convened on the second day of December, 1839, received on the 17th day of the same month from Hon. Joseph Hogland, of Holmes county, as chairman of the committee on new counties, a bill to erect the county of Summit.

Representatives from counties that would lose territory by the creation of Summit, opposed the bill. They worked upon representatives from other counties in the state, with the argument that if Stark, Medina and Portage counties should be stripped of a portion of their territory to provide for the establishment of Summit county, the counties which they represented might later on be subject to the same treatment. This argument was used with considerable effect, for there was great delay in bringing about a vote on the bill to create Summit county. On one occasion the bill was referred back to the judiciary committee with instructions to amend, but on the third day of March 1840, Thomas J. Buchanan, speaker of the house of representatives, and William McLaughlin, president of the senate, signed the bill, under which Summit county was created, the measure having passed both houses. The act reads as follows:

"Be it enacted by the general assembly of the State of Ohio that so much of the counties of Portage, Medina, and Stark as comes within the following boundaries be and the same is hereby erected into a sep-



arate county which shall be known by the name of Summit, to wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of the county of Portage; thence east on the county line, to the northeast corner of the township of Twinsburg, in the said County of Portage; thence south on the line between the 9th and 10th range of townships of the western reserve to the southeast corner of the township of Springfield in said county; thence west on the line between the counties of Portage and Stark to the northeast corner of the townships of Springfield in said county; thence west on the line between the counties of Portage and Stark to the northeast corner of the township of Green in said Stark county; thence south on the east line of said township of Green to the southeast corner of the same; thence west on the south line of the townships of Green and Franklin in said county of Stark to the southwestern corner of said township of Franklin; thence north on the line between the counties of Stark, and Wayne, the south line of the county of Medina; thence west on the south line of the county of Medina to the southwestern corner of the township of Norton in said county; thence north on the line between the 12th and 13th ranges of townships of the western reserve to the northwestern corner of the township of Richfield in said county; thence east on the north line of said county and to the southwest corner of the township of Northfield in Portage county; thence north on the west line of said Portage county to the place of beginning and for the purpose of restoring the County of Medina to its constitutional limits. Townships of Spencer and Homer in the county of Lorain be and the same are hereby attached to and made a part of the said County of Medina.

Section 2. That all suits whether of a civil or criminal nature which shall be pending within the limits of those parts of the counties of Portage, Medina and Stark shall so be set off and erected into a new county previous to the organization of said county of Summit and all suits pending within the limits of said townships of Spencer and Homer previous to the taking effect of this act shall be prosecuted to final judgment and execution within the counties of Portage, Medina, Stark and Lorain respectively in the same manner that would have been if said county of Summit had not been erected, and the said townships of Spencer and Homer had not been attached to and made a part of said Medina county, and the sheriffs, colonels and constables of said counties respectively shall execute all such practices as shall be necessary to carry into effect such suits, prosecutions and judgments and the collectors of the tax for said county respectively shall collect all taxes that shall be levied and unpaid within the parts of the afore-said counties previous to the taking effect of this act.

Section 3. That all justices of the peace within those parts of the counties of Portage, Medina and Stark, which by this act are erected into a new county, and also within said townships of Spencer and Homer shall continue to exercise the duties of their offices until their times of service shall expire in the same manner as if they had been commissioned for the counties of Summit and Medina respectively.

Section 4. That on the first Monday of April next, the legal voters residing within the county of Summit shall assemble within their respective townships at these places of holding elections and

proceed to elect their different county officers, who shall hold their office until the next annual elections and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Section 5. That the courts of common pleas and supreme court of said county shall be holden at some convenient house in the town of Akron until the permanent seat of justice for said county shall be established.

Section 6. That the commissioners shall be appointed agreeable to the act entitled "an act for the establishment of seats of justices to fix upon a permanent seat of justice for said county of Summit, agreeable to the provision of the above recited act;" and the commissioners aforesaid shall receive a compensation for their services out of the treasury of said County of Summit and said commissioners shall be authorized to receive provisions for the erection of suitable county buildings by the citizens of such towns and villages as may desire to have the seats of justice of said county established within their respective limits, and in no event shall any taxes for the erection of county buildings for the said county of Summit be imposed upon the citizens of the township of Franklin and Green, which townships are taken from the County of Stark for and during the term of fifty years from and after the passage of this act.

The next thing in order before the general assembly was the passage of a joint resolution appointing commissioners to locate the county seat, which was adopted by the house, February 7th and concurred in by the Senate, February 10, 1840, as follows:

"RESOLVED by the Senate and House of Representatives that Jacob J. Williard, of Columbiana county, James McConnell, of Holmes county, and Warren Sabin, of Clinton county, be and they are hereby appointed commissioners to establish the seat of justice for Summit county pursuant to an act entitled "An Act establishing seats of justice passed February 23, 1824.

The next stage of the proceedings was in the passage of a bill to organize the new county, which was passed by the house without opposition on the 4th day of March, 1840, and unanimously concurred in by the Senate, March 10th, as follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the State of Ohio that the county of Summit be and the same is hereby organized into a separate and distinct county.

Section 2. All justices of the peace and constables within the territory taken from Portage, Medina and Stark counties shall continue to discharge the duties of their respective offices until their commissioner terms of office shall expire, and until their successors shall be chosen and qualified, and suits commenced before the taking effect of this act and which have not been passed, and all writs and other legal processes to be issued after the first Monday of April, next, shall be styled "Summit county instead of Portage, Medina or Stark counties."

Section 3. That on the first Monday of April next, the legal voters residing within the limits of the county of Summit shall assemble in their respective townships at the usual places of holding elections and proceed to elect their different county officers in the same manner pointed out in the Act to regulate elections. And the officers so chosen shall hold office until their successors are chosen and qualified.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of the commissioners of said County of Summit on or before the first day of June first to take charge of all paupers, idiots and insane persons belonging to either of the townships included in said County of Summit and now supported by either of the counties of Portage, Medina or Stark, and the same to maintain thereof at the proper expense of said Summit county.

Section 5. The County of Summit for judicial purposes is hereby attached to the third judicial circuit and the first court of common pleas to be holden in said county shall commence its sessions in the town of Akron on the second day of July next, and the second term of said court shall commence on the 8th day of December next.

Section 6. That the auditor of state in the re-apportionment of the surplus revenue received from the general government, according to the enumeration of the year 1839, shall apportion to the county of Summit that amount, which, according to the enumeration of the several townships taken from the counties of Portage, Medina and Stark. Said county will be entitled to receive, which revenue shall be paid to the order of the fund commissioners of said county on the first day of June, 1841, provided if within three months from said first day of January, 1841, said fund commissioners do not draw for such revenue the auditor of state shall be governed in the disposition of the same by the first section of the Act to provide for the distribution and investment of the surplus revenue, passed March 28, 1837.

Section 7. That in all elections for members of Congress, the County of Summit shall be attached to the 15th congressional district."

News of the passage of the bill reached Akron by the arrival of the overland mail from Columbus on Monday evening, March 2, 1840, and there was a great celebration. With the rapidity of lightning the news was spread from house to house, and in less than half an hour the whole town was in great commotion; cheers were to be heard; bon fires and illuminations were the order of the day; while the deep tones of cannon continued to proclaim the birth of the new county to all the surrounding country. It was a spontaneous and universal burst of feeling, such as has seldom been witnessed under any circumstances. Hats, caps and cloaks were thrown up in the air, but the citizens of Akron did not confine their rejoicing over the glorious result to themselves alone, but immediately took initiatory steps for a general new county celebration on Wednesday, March 4th. A committee of twelve citizens of Akron and one from each township was appointed and measure was taken to spread the glad tidings as quickly as possible. Dr. Jeddiah D. Commins was made president of the day. A great celebration was held.

In accordance with the provision of the bill to organize the new county, an election for county officers was held on the first Monday of April, 1840, both Whigs and Democrats placing tickets in the field, the Whigs securing the ascendancy and electing the entire ticket. Under the constitution of Ohio at that time the judiciary consisted of the supreme court, and a circuit or president judge having jurisdiction of from four to twelve counties. There were three associate judges for each county, all of whom were appointed by the legislature, their respective terms of office being seven years, "if so long they behave well."

At that time all the probate business in the county was transacted by common pleas courts, one or more of the associate judges officiating

for that purpose as occasion required. Upon being organized, Summit County became part of the third judicial circuit, embracing the counties of Ashtabula, Trumbull, Portage and Summit. At the time of the organization of Summit county, Hon. Van R. Humphrey, of Hudson, was the presiding judge; Hon. Eben Newton, of Canfield, succeeded Judge Humphrey at the expiration of his term in 1844. Judge Newton resigned his position on the bench in the winter of 1846-47, and he was succeeded by Hon. Benjamin F. Wade, of Jefferson, Ashtabula county, who in turn resigned on being elected to the United States Senate, March 15, 1851. The vacancy was filled promptly by Governor Reuben Wood, who appointed the Hon. George Bliss, of Akron, who held the position only until the new constitution took effect in February, 1852. The common pleas judges thereafter were elected by the people—one judge or sitting in place of the three or four under the old rule.

In Akron, on the 2nd day of July, 1840, the first term of the court of common pleas for the new county of Summit was opened. Hon. Van R. Humphrey presided over the sessions; assisting him were Hon. Robt. K. Dubois, of Akron; Hon. Charles Sumner, of Middlebury, and Hon. Hugh R. Caldwell, as associate judges, though considerable probate and other business proper to be transacted in vacation had previously been done by one or the other of the associate judges. On the first organization of the court, Rufus P. Spalding was appointed clerk pro tem and he was re-appointed at the first regular session of the court, July 2, 1840.

At that time clerks were appointed by the judges of the court in which they were to serve, instead of being elected by the people as they now are. Mr. Spalding held the office with his brother-in-law, Lucien Swift, acting as his deputy until December 14, 1840, when he tendered his resignation. Mr. Swift was appointed clerk for a term of seven years, resigning his office ten days before the expiration of his term, the 3rd day of December, 1847. The next clerk was Lucien S. Peck, of Akron, who came into office on December 3, 1847. His term ended, however, with the adoption of the new constitution in 1851, which brought Mr. Peck's services to a close after a period of four years' work. The first clerk elected in Akron by the people was Nelson B. Stone. He was chosen for three years and served one term only. The second elective clerk was Edwin P. Green, of Akron. He served two full terms, being elected in 1854, and was re-elected in 1857. John A. Means followed him, being elected in 1860; Clerk Means entered the army in 1861, the duties of the office being performed by his son, Nathan A. Means, during the remainder of the term.

William Dodge, of Akron, was the first prosecuting attorney to be elected. He was chosen at the first election of county officers, which was held in the new county in April, 1840; he was re-elected in October of the same year for two years. The second prosecuting attorney was George Kirkum, of Akron. He was elected in October, 1842, and served two years, or a single term. The next clerk was William S. Otis, of Akron, and he was elected in October, 1844, and served one term. Cuyahoga Falls was honored the next election by the selection of Samuel W. McClure as prosecuting attorney in 1846; then came Wm. H. Upson, elected in 1848; then Harvey Wheedon, of Hudson; Sydney Edgerton, of Akron, elected

in October, 1852, and re-elected in 1854; then Henry McKinney, of Cuyahoga Falls, elected in 1856 and re-elected in 1858. N. D. Tibbals, of Akron, was elected in 1860, and he was re-elected in 1862.

In 1845 Judges Sumner and Du Bois, the associate judges of the first common pleas court in Summit county passed away, the former on June 19th and the latter October 14th. Hon. John B. Clark, of Hudson, and Hon. James R. Ford, of Akron, succeeded them; Hon. Sylvester H. Thompson, of Hudson, succeeded Judge Clark after the resignation of the latter in 1846.

Other judges under the old constitution were Judge Caldwell, who was succeeded by John Hoy, of Franklin, in 1847; Hon. Samuel A. Wheeler, of Akron, who resigned his position on leaving for California in the spring of 1850. His successor was Hon. Peter Vorhis, of Bath. Judges Thompson and Hoy and Vorhis served thenceforth until the new constitution went into effect in 1852. Though none of the associate judges were lawyers, their duties, often delicate and intricate, were discharged with a great deal of care by them and the gentlemen took extreme pains in deliberating questions and facts which were presented to them in the litigation brought to their attention. When the new constitution took effect in 1852, Summit county was attached to the second sub-division of the 4th judicial district of the state; this sub-division embracing the counties of Summit, Medina and Lorain. The first judge of the new sub-division under the new constitution was Hon. Samuel Humphreyville, of Medina, who was elected common pleas judge in October, 1851. He served his full term of five years.

Hon. James S. Carpenter, of Akron, was elected judge in 1856, also serving a term of five years. The judge was not able to take care of all the business that came before him, the docket growing by leaps and bounds, and on petition of the members of the bar of the county an extra judge was credited for the sub-district by an act of the legislature in April, 1858. Hon. William H. Canfield, of Medina, was selected to fill the extra judgeship in October, 1858, for a term of five years. Legal business becoming largely diminished in the early years of the war, the extra judgeship was abolished at the close of Judge Canfield's term by an act of the legislature passed April 16, 1862. Judge Carpenter was succeeded by Hon. Stephenson Burke, of Elyria, and in October, 1861, Judge Burke was re-elected. In 1866 he resigned the position and retired from the bench about two years before the expiration of his second term. Governor Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio, in the spring of 1869, appointed to the vacancy Hon. Washington W. Boynton, of Elyria, and at the expiration of the time for which he was appointed in October, 1871, Judge Boynton was elected for five years from May, 1872. He served, beside the fraction of Judge Burke's term, the single full term only, because of his election to the supreme bench of Ohio in October, 1876.

When the war closed and the nation returned to normal pursuits, business began to accumulate and at length became too great for a single judge to properly handle, and an extra judge for the second sub-division was for the second time created by an act of the legislature in the spring of 1870. Hon. Samuel W. McClure, of Akron, was elected to the new judgeship in October, 1870. He served to the end of his term and declined to be a candidate for the second term. Hon. Newell B. Tibbets, of Akron, was Judge McClure's successor, being elected

in October, 1875, for five years. He was re-elected for a second term in October, 1880. Hon. John C. Hale, of Elyria, who was Judge Boynton's successor when the latter went on the supreme court bench, was elected in October, 1876, taking a seat upon the bench in 1877, for a term of five years.

Akron's development in population and the volume of commercial and manufacturing industries no doubt exceeded the expectations of the early settlers. Men in the 50's could hardly foretell the wonderful future that was in store for the city which is now known throughout the world as "the rubber city." For a time the canal was one of the strong factors in bringing industries to the city. Before the canal closed a new form of transportation sprang up and Akron was fortunate in securing trunk line railroads on which its products have been for several generations carried to all parts of the nation, for either domestic consumption or for shipment by water from ocean ports to all parts of the world. As the city grew in population and as the number of industries multiplied and as new commercial institutions sprang up year after year, the business of the courts grew, and as the city progressed and as new towns sprang up in the county, Summit county was made a separate judicial district, having its own judge for the handling of its litigation. Now several jurists preside over the common pleas court and they are kept busy in the three terms of court which they hold each year.

On the adoption of the constitution in 1851, the probate court was created. Charles G. Ladd, of Akron, was the first probate judge to be elected in the county. He was chosen for the office in October, 1851, and for a term of three years. Judge Ladd's health failed soon after his election to the office and Alvin C. Vorhis, Esq., was appointed as his deputy clerk and for the most part performed the functions of the office until the death of Judge Ladd in 1852. Roland O. Hammond, of Akron, was appointed by Governor Reuben Wood to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Judge Ladd. Constant Bryan was elected in October, 1852, for the balance of Judge Ladd's term—two years. In 1854 Noah M. Humphrey, of Ritchfield was elected and he was re-elected in 1857, holding the position for two full terms of three years each. William M. Dodge of Akron, was elected in October, 1860, for three years, but he died in July, 1861. Samuel A. Lane, of Akron, without solicitation on the part of either himself or his friends, was on the 24th day of July, 1861, appointed and commissioned as Judge Dodge's successor by Governor William Dennison, but he declined the honor. Asahel H. Lewis, of Akron, in petition of himself and friends, was then appointed to fill the vacancy until the next general election. Stephen H. Pitkin, of Hudson, was elected in October, 1861, for the balance of Judge Dodge's term—two years. He was re-elected in 1863 and again in 1866, holding office eight years. Ulysses L. Martin, of Akron, was elected probate judge in October, 1869, and was re-elected in 1872, serving two full terms of three years each. Samuel C. Williamson was elected in October, 1875, and re-elected in 1878.

One of the well known lawyers of the early days of the bench and bar was Judge James S. Carpenter, who studied law with Camp & Canfield at Medina, Ohio. He was admitted to the bar in May, 1838, at Springfield, Ohio. He went to Akron in 1846 and practiced law

there for many years. Judge C. Bryan located in Akron in the fall of 1833. Other early-day lawyers were Judge S. H. Pitkin, who came to Akron in 1852 from Fulton county, Ill.; William H. Upson, who was admitted to the bar in 1845; Edward Oviott in September, 1856; N. W. Goodhue in September, 1847; Edwin P. Greene in September, 1852; Judge N. D. Tibbals in September, 1855.

Christopher P. Walcott, who is regarded as one of the strong men of the bar, was a man of great oratorical power; his ability to enrapture the jury with the charm of his oratory was well known. The argument which stands most evident as a monument of Mr. Walcott's oratorical power was delivered before the judges of our supreme court on two writs of habeas corpus in the cases of *ex parte Bushnell* and *ex parte Langstrome* in May, 1859. In the summer of 1856 Mr. Walcott was appointed attorney general of the state by the governor to fill a vacancy. In the task of assisting Governor Dennison to regulate and systematize the military operations of the state he did valiant work. Early in 1862 his brother-in-law, Edwin M. Stanton, having been appointed secretary of war, Mr. Walcott was appointed assistant secretary of war. The labors which the war imposed upon that department were so strenuous that Mr. Walcott broke down under the strain and died in the summer of 1862—a martyr to his country's cause. Mr. Walcott for weeks gave sleepless devotion to his duties and the indefatigable energy with which he applied both mind and body in that service soon wore him out. Other lawyers well known in the county in the early days were Isiah Humphrey, who died in April, 1877, sorely lamented by his brothers of the bar. Wolsey Wells is another who opened a law office in 1827 in Akron. He welcomed Governor Trumbull to Akron in a speech on the formal opening of the canal to navigation. George Bliss, a native of Vermont, was admitted to the bar in 1843, and soon rose to distinction and formed a partnership with D. K. Carter, afterwards judge of the supreme court of the district of Columbia. Mr. Bliss was subsequently a common pleas judge by appointment of the governor. In 1852 he was elected to the House of Representatives by the Democrats. He died in Wooster, Ohio, in 1875. Lucius B. Bierce came to Ohio from Connecticut; in his time no member of the same county bar was so dreaded before a jury as Mr. Bierce, as he could never be thrown off his feet, neither could he be induced to lose his mental balance. In 1861 he was elected to the senate of Ohio by the Republicans. He took an active part in raising troops for the Civil War. In 1863 he was the assistant adjutant general of Ohio.

Harvey Whedon opened a law office in 1838 in Hudson; he died in August, 1855. W. S. Otis was born in Cummington, Mass. He was admitted to the bar in Ohio in 1833. Mr. Otis' strength lay in his keenly discriminating powers, his ample powers of deduction and the clarity with which he presented facts to the jury and the law to the judge. He had great earnestness and ready memory, spoke fluently and always to the point, though somewhat wordedly; his facts and arguments were laid out with rare skill and judgment. He was prosecuting attorney in 1844 and in 1850 was elected delegate to the constitutional convention of Ohio. He was the president of the first bank established in Akron and held that office for some years.

William M. Dodge was admitted to the bar in 1830. He was pro-

bate judge of Summit county in 1860 and before that had been made prosecuting attorney, about July 22, 1861.

One of the cases foremost in the annals of the bench and bar of Summit county arose under the well-known fugitive slave law, a measure which was enacted to enable southern slave-owners to pursue into the north fugitive slaves and to bring about their return to the country below the Mason and Dixon line. Jim Worthington came into Akron in the early 40's. He was a tall, athletic and very black young negro. Jim was a barber, who opened a shop for himself, and he soon prospered. In Spicertown he erected a home for himself and he married a girl by the name of Maggie Baird. For some cause Maggie left Jim and gave out information that her husband was a fugitive slave. In the middle of May, 1854, a well-dressed stranger called at Jim's shop for a shave, and in the course of his conversation said he wanted to buy a lot in Akron for a widowed sister. Jim took the stranger to his new house, but he little dreamed that it was himself instead of his house that was being examined.

Captain J. J. Wright, then marshal of Akron, on the evening of May 18, 1854, was informed that a sheriff from Chicago wanted to see him on important business. He found there two men, one of whom said he was a sheriff from Chicago and the other said he was a deputy U. S. marshal from Newark. They informed Wright that they were after a large gang, which was making and circulating counterfeit coin, one of whom was a barber by the name of Jim Worthington. Having heard of Jim's prosperity, and thinking it was, perhaps, due to the passing of counterfeit coin, Wright readily went along to show them the way and to aid in making the arrest of Jim Worthington. Jim was found in his yard and was arrested. He declared he was innocent of any such crime and he demanded to see General Bierce, one of the leading lawyers in the city. He was told he would have a hearing at Hudson, but he insisted on a hearing in Akron, and he declined to go to the depot. By this time Marshal Wright began to surmise that he had been imposed on and started to find General Bierce. Other citizens heard of the matter and they came into the depot at this time where Jim was in custody of the two alleged officers and demanded to see the papers on which Jim was detained. The paper was shown and as it lacked every legal feature, the people directed the sheriffs to release Jim at once. This they refused to do and they threatened to shoot anyone who would attempt to rescue him. The threat of the kidnappers to shoot infuriated the crowd, who became menacing, and the two alleged officers fled. Jim disappeared in the crowd and could not be found for some time.

Judge A. C. Vorhis, then the law partner of General Bierce, not having any fear for the men of slavery or the slave hunting people of Uncle Sam, harbored and concealed Jim in the back attic of his house on South Broadway for several days until Jim's business matters could be properly arranged for a protracted absence, after which Vorhis turned the fugitive over to an agent of the underground railroad to be shipped into Canada. Some time later Judge Vorhis confessed to having stolen a negro from the plantation of ex-President John Tyler, on the James river. Many other similar occurrences took place in the exciting days before the war.

Among the famous murder trials was that of the case of the State



of Ohio against "Watt" Henry, whose fatal assault upon his wife, Bridget, caused great excitement, at the time, in Akron. The Parks-Beatson murder, which was one of the most cold-blooded butcheries in the annals of crime, was another occurrence which stirred up the county. James Parks, a notorious character in England before his arrival in this country, opened a saloon in Cleveland in about the year 1851. On his trip over from England there was on board ship with him a man by the name of William Beatson, who came with Parks, to near Buffalo. On parting, Parks gave Beatson his address, urging him to come to Cleveland if things did not go to his liking in Buffalo. In the morning of April 13, 1853, Beatson came to Cleveland and displayed a roll of bills to Parks, who then proceeded to get Beatson intoxicated and endeavored to persuade Beatson to remain in Cleveland. Beatson wanted to go to Pittsburgh; tickets were bought and paid for with Beatson's money and the 7:30 evening train was taken for Pittsburgh. From the well-filled bottle provided by Parks, Beatson was supplied with liquor, so that by the time he reached Bedford he was very drunk; while Parks, although taking frequent pulls from the bottle, was sober. Soon after leaving Bedford, Parks accidentally lost his hat out of the car window, and he persuaded Beatson to let him have his check and the key to his chest to get a cap, which he knew could be found therein. Parks searched Beatson's baggage and did not find the money he expected to see there. On reaching Hudson, Parks aroused Beatson from a drunken sleep and hustled him onto the Akron train. The two were put off at Cuyahoga Falls in the midst of a driving rain, at about 10:00 o'clock at night, the Pittsburgh train having been delayed for some time at or near Macedonia, by a fallen tree across the track. On going from the depot to the American House kept by A. W. Haw, the matter of going back to Hudson was discussed; Beatson insisting that they remain in Cuyahoga Falls and Parks insisting that they walk back to Hudson. They set out for Hudson, and the next morning Henry F. Watters, while near Gaylord's Grove, saw large splashes of fresh blood high up on the walls of the bridge under which the wagons rode upon the earth underneath. Beatson's body was found beneath the surface of the river a short distance below the bridge—naked and headless. Prolonged search, however, failed to discover the severed head, though the clothing of the murdered man was found scattered about the adjacent wood in the P. & O. canal, a short distance east of the river bridge, cut to pieces, as though every seam had been searched for money secured therein. After a long search Parks was finally arrested. He was tried and convicted and sentenced to be executed, and preparations were made for the execution, when a writ of error was obtained and a new trial was granted. This caused great excitement on the part of the people and a change of venue to Cuyahoga county was given. A second trial was held and he was convicted again on first degree murder. Parks made several attempts to escape and two attempts at suicide. At ten minutes before twelve o'clock on Friday, June 1, 1855, Sheriff Seward and Marshall Jabez Fitch escorted the malefactor to the scaffold in the corridor of the Cleveland jail, on top of which he made a speech to the public, expressing his innocence. Then his arms were tied to his side, the trap was sprung, his body shot downward; there were a few convulsive movements of the legs and the body, and a few seconds later he had gone to meet his Creator.

## SKETCH OF THE BENCH AND BAR OF MAHONING COUNTY

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THE history of the Bench and Bar of Mahoning county dates back to the formation of Mahoning county, 1846, with the county seat at Canfield. The county seat was fixed in the Act of Incorporation stipulating that "The court of common pleas and supreme court of said county shall be holden at some convenient house in the town of Canfield until a suitable county building shall be erected. The trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church, being alive to the advantages of obtaining the location of the seat of government at Canfield, tendered their building for use as a court house, and the same was accepted. A legislature, which at this time had authority to appoint judges, designated James Brownlee of Poland, James Wallace of Springfield, and Lemuel Brigham of Ellsworth, to act as associate justices until election should be held. Eben Newton of Canfield, was president judge.

At this time the president judge of common pleas court was a lawyer and the associate justices were laymen. The latter were selected to advise with the presiding judge on matters of fact. The presiding judge was to apply the law to the facts. The first regular term of common pleas court in Mahoning county, was held May 11, 1846, in the Methodist Episcopal Church in Canfield. Jos. Powers, of Milton, was sheriff, and William Ferguson, of Youngstown, was the prosecuting attorney. Henry Canfield, a member of one of the pioneer families of Canfield, who had been appointed clerk pro tem at a prior special court held by the associates, was clerk of the court.

William Whittlesey, of Canfield, was elected clerk for five years. He gave bond in the sum of \$10,000. Prior to the opening of the first regular term of court the judges of the common pleas court convened for the first time March 16, 1846, in the office of Elisha Whittlesey in Canfield. Hon. Eben Newton administered the oath of office. Although there were but nineteen cases on the docket when it was called on the opening day of the court, that was deemed a large number for those days. The term lasted three days, the jurists working as industriously as was consistent with the proper administration of justice during these abbreviated terms. When they adjourned there were 37 cases on the docket. No case was tried to the jury, one judgment was rendered on confession, eight bills were approved, eight guardians of minors were appointed and administrators were named for eleven estates. Deputy Master Commissioners were named as follows: Robert W. Tayler, John M. Edwards and John B. Blocksom.

The educational system of the county was not neglected and school examiners were named as follows: Hiram Hall, Reuben McMillen and John M. Edwards. Official auctioneers were prominent officers in those

early days, the auctioneer's bell, which was used to summon bidders, was heard frequently throughout the county. John Kirk and Andrew Gardiner were designated auctioneers.

The first term of court was an event of great importance in Canfield, and was largely attended not only by laymen from all parts of Mahoning county, but lawyers from throughout northern Ohio were present when the presiding judge's gavel fell for opening of the first term of the court.

Lawyers performed their duties in the early days under entirely different conditions than now prevail. The president judge and the lawyers traveled their circuits on horseback. When they arrived at the town where court was to be held they were generally thrown together into one room in a log cabin and they slept under one roof, some of them very near it. The food was generally cooked out of doors; the court house was not infrequently some log cabin in the woods without a floor to it; but we have seen that Canfield people provided a sacred place for the holding of the sessions of the common pleas court of Mahoning county. True, the edifice could not be compared to the splendid church structures that now stand in Mahoning county, but undoubtedly it was more substantial than the village court house, which was to be found in those days. Judges and lawyers rode from court to court, carried their provisions when the rides were long in their saddle-bags, though they generally got into some settlement before night fall. Yet not always, when the streams were swollen with rain. And so it was when the first court convened in Canfield the little village was filled with many strangers. The lawyers, with few exceptions, practiced in many courts in Ohio. Most of their practice in those days was not confined to a particular county court.

Terms of court continued to be held in the Methodist Church at Canfield until the fall term of 1847, at which time the new court house, which had been promised by citizens of Canfield in consideration of the location of the seat of government in that village had been erected.

In August, 1876, the county seat was removed to Youngstown, which at that early date gave evidence of developing into a thriving city. The people of Youngstown for some time before the removal of the court had started the construction of a new court house, and in that building on September 10, 1876, the first term of the court of common pleas was held. The term ended December 19, 1876.

The Hon. Philip B. Conant, of Ravenna, was judge; Henry B. Shields, clerk; John R. Davis, sheriff; Charles R. Truesdale, prosecuting attorney. The growth of the county in population, in volume of commercial transactions and in litigation is shown by the fact that when the court opened there were 722 cases pending. Of this number 48 were criminal cases, 674 were civil. At the close of the term, including those disposed of, the number of civil cases was 953 and criminal cases, 135. Total, 1,058.

Strife for the county seat in the southeastern part of the western reserve should, of course, be mentioned in a sketch of this character. Soon after the establishment of Trumbull county, which included the territory now comprising Mahoning, considerable feeling was manifested in Youngstown, Canfield and other places nearly against the arrangement whereby Warren was made the county seat. In accordance with action taken in May, 1801, a log jail had been erected in

Warren, north of the present city hall. This building was burned in an unfinished state on the night of February 28, 1804, and this conflagration was followed by serious efforts to have the county seat removed to Youngstown.

Others complicated matters by striving for its location somewhere upon the eastern line of the reserve. Some wanted it located where Girard now is. Elias Tracy wanted the county seat on the corners of Morgan, Rome, Lennox and New Lime, or at New Lime, in which town he was particularly interested. The influence of the southeastern portion of the county generally carried the election for the representative commissioner, who favored the Youngstown interests. The people of Warren were obliged to appoint and support lobby members to attend to their interests at Chillicothe, then the state capital. For a number of years aliens had been permitted to vote at the elections. In 1809 it was by their aid that at Youngstown they elected Richard J. Elliott and Robert Hughes as representatives, and a commissioner also favorable to their interests. It was suggested, at that time that if the votes of the aliens could be thrown out, Thomas G. Jones, the candidate favorable to Warren would be elected. The election of Messrs. Elliott and Hughes was contested.

Mr. Leonard Case, of Warren, and Mr. William Chidester, of Mansfield, justices of the peace, were selected to take the testimony demanded by the case, and they accordingly proceeded to their duty. The aliens, mostly Irishmen, were deeply excited, for they regarded these proceedings as a direct blow to their liberties. Party feeling was also intense, and the citizens of the section were thoroughly aroused. The justices decided to take depositions the first day at Hubbard. Homer Hine was for the respondents and J. S. Edwards for the contestants. Daniel Sheehy, celebrated for being the only person ever confined in the jail in Warren up to that time, made a flaming stump speech, an hour and a half long, and finally the judges were obliged to force him to silence. Many persons summoned refused to testify and it was not until they were threatened with arrest and imprisonment that they accepted the situation and gave their affidavits. At least 100 depositions were taken. Justices then adjourned to meet at Youngstown the next day, and the same course was attempted; but the justices compelled the business to proceed and took something more than another 100 depositions. Then the proceedings were taken up at Poland, the third and last day of the sessions of the justices of the peace. The citizens there were more boisterous than either at Youngstown or Hubbard. Sheehy, who had been following the justices, was put under arrest, and this had a salutary effect, as he had been a ring leader in the noisy disturbances of the people. In all about 400 depositions were taken, which, it was hoped, would turn the election in favor of Warren, but such was not the case. The legislature of the State of Ohio convened in Chillicothe in 1809 with 42 members present. Mr. Elliott and Mr. Hughes were given seats from Trumbull county on proper credentials, on leave. Mathias Corwin, of Warren county, presented the statement of Thomas D. Jones, contesting the election of Mr. Hughes, and the latter submitted documents. These were read and referred to the committee on privileges and elections. The committee reported the following resolution:

"Resolved, That Robert Hughes is entitled to a seat in the present assembly."

It was finally adopted after considerable debate. Thus ended the case, Youngstown apparently having the advantage, but the contest had probably so modified matters that little or no further effort was made at that time, looking toward the removal, and undoubtedly the Youngstown members were somewhat restrained by the remembrance of what had taken place. In 1810, for some reason, only one representative was elected. He was Aaron Collar, of Canfield. Mr. Collar was indifferent in the matter and nothing was accomplished during his term as legislator.

In 1811 Thomas G. Jones still favorable to Warren, and Samuel Bryson, who was interested for Youngstown, were elected as representatives from Trumbull county, and Judge George Tod, member of the family that has now become illustrious in the affairs of state and Mahoning county, was chosen senator.

Judge Tod, although living near Youngstown, gave the people of Warren to understand that if he was elected the matter would be settled in their favor. In the last elections the aliens were not allowed to vote. Warren had also continued to gain political strength, the population increasing, though the county was as yet *de facto*.

The strife was quieted for some time, when in 1813 the contract for the court house at Warren was let to James Scott, but about 1839, when the county buildings became insufficient for the needs of the county, and new structures were necessary, opposition again developed and division was proposed. The feeling of the different parties was seen at every election. The Democrats on the whole never favored improvements at Warren, and the Whigs at Youngstown made it a point to nominate some man for commissioner who had a proper regard for their interests. If they could not carry their point in convention it appears that they generally supported the Democratic nominee for that office. This matter of the division of the county occupied much attention for many years. In the winter of 1845-46, when it was found that the question imperatively demanded settlement, Mahoning county was created. New buildings were then erected at Warren for Trumbull county.

Five young lawyers from the state of Connecticut, who gained distinction in their profession and became prominent and honored citizens of Ohio, were among the early settlers of the southeastern part of the western reserve, now Trumbull and Mahoning counties. They were George Tod, Calvin Pease, Homer Hine, John S. Edwards and Elisha Whittlesey.

George Tod was the pioneer lawyer of Youngstown, and also one of the earliest lawyers of the reserve. He was born in Suffield, Conn., December 11, 1773. His parents were David and Rachel Tod. He graduated with high honors from Yale College in 1795, and subsequently taught school at New Haven, Conn. He read law at the law school of Judge Reeves, of Litchfield, and was admitted to the bar in October, 1797. He was married to Miss Sally Isaacs, who was born January 12, 1778, and was the daughter of Ralph and Mary Isaacs. The two oldest children, Charlotte and Jonathan I. Tod were born in Youngstown. At the first territorial court of Trumbull county, held in August, 1800, Attorney Tod was appointed prosecuting attorney and at that term

the grand jury returned a bill of indictment for murder against Joseph McMahon for shooting Captain George, an Indian, at the Salt Springs. McMahon was tried in a special court held at Youngstown, Mr. Tod appearing in behalf of the United States as prosecuting attorney. He was honored during the first year of his residence in Ohio by Governor St. Clair of the territory, with an appointment as secretary of the territory. At the first election held at Youngstown in April, 1802, upon the admission of Ohio as a state, he was elected township clerk. In the following two years he was re-elected. Then followed political honors in rapid succession. In 1804-5 he was senator from Trumbull county, in the state legislature and again in 1810-11 he was elected judge of the supreme court of Ohio in 1806.

Upon the resumption of hostilities between the British and American armies he was commissioned Major and afterwards colonel of the 19th Regiment of Ohio Militia and he served with distinction at Fort Meigs and Sacketts Harbor. In 1815 he was elected president judge of the court of common pleas of the old third circuit, which then comprised a large part of the counties of the reserve. He held this office until 1829. After leaving the bench, except when attending to his duties as prosecutor, he retired from the practice of law and devoted his attention largely to the care of his farm at Briar Hill, in the northern part of the township at Youngstown. The farm afterwards became so celebrated for its deposits of fine mineral coal, which was developed by his son, the late Nathan Tod. As a lawyer and a jurist he ranked among the first in the State of Ohio. As a citizen he was held in the highest regard. He died at Briar Hill, September 29, 1847.

Calvin Pease, a lawyer of note in the early days, removed to Youngstown in March, 1800, where he took up the practice of law. Judge Pease was born in Suffield, Hartford county, Conn., Sept. 9, 1776. He was appointed postmaster of Youngstown, January 1, 1802, and he was first postmaster of that place. He held office until his removal to Warren in 1803. In 1802 he was township trustee of Youngstown. He was appointed clerk of the court of common pleas of Trumbull county at its first session in August, 1800. Subsequently he was elected judge of the supreme court of Ohio and of the common pleas court and representative and senator in the Ohio legislature. He died at Warren, September 17, 1839.

Elisha Whittlesey, during his long career in public life, established a national reputation for untiring perseverance and scrupulous honesty. He was born in Washington, Litchfield county, October 19, 1783. In 1803 he attended school in Danbury, Connecticut, from which he graduated in 1803. He commenced the study of law with his brother, Mathew B. Whittlesey, of Washington, Connecticut, and he was admitted to the bar at Fairfield, Connecticut, at the March term, 1805. On June 3, 1806, he, with his wife, started on their journey to Ohio. Their journey ended on their arrival in Canfield on June 27, 1806. In the following August he was admitted to the bar of Ohio by the supreme court of Warren. At the first term of the court of common pleas thereafter, he was appointed prosecuting attorney and he held that office until he resigned in 1823. He had a distinguished career in the army in

the War of 1812. He rose to the rank of brigade major and inspector. He continued in the service a few months longer after his discharge from the army as aid and private secretary of General Harrison, at the request of the general. He was representative in the state legislature in 1820 and 1821 and then he was elevated to the position in Congress of representative in the district composed of Trumbull, Portage, Geauga and Ashtabula counties. He was honored several times by re-election and he resigned in 1838, after a service in Congress of sixteen continuous years during the greater part of which time he was chairman of the committee on claims. In 1822 he formed a law partnership with Eben Newton. This continued until 1841, when he was appointed by President Harrison auditor for the post office department, which required his continued presence in Washington. He resigned the office of auditor, September 30, 1843; then he returned to Canfield, engaging in practicing law and in other business. In 1847 he was appointed general agent of the Washington Monument Association, but resigned this office on May 31, 1849, when he was named first comptroller of the treasury by President Taylor. He served with distinction in this office during the national administration of Presidents Taylor and Fillmore. When President Pierce was inaugurated, Mr. Whittlesey resigned, having opposed the political party which elected General Pierce. The new president was so strongly impressed with the value of the services given by Mr. Whittlesey that he insisted upon his remaining. Mr. Whittlesey acquiesced. He remained until President Buchanan's inauguration, when he tendered his resignation, and it was accepted. President Lincoln, in May, 1861, again elevated Mr. Whittlesey to the post which he left when President Buchanan was inaugurated, and he performed its arduous duties until the day of his death, January 7, 1863, when he was stricken down at his post in his office in Washington.

David Tod, another lawyer of distinction was born in Youngstown February 21, 1805. He was the son of George and Sally Todd. He was admitted to the bar in 1827. He resided at Warren until 1844, when he returned to the old Brier Hill Farm in Youngstown and he resided there until his death on November 13, 1868. In 1861 he was elected governor of Ohio and he held other civil and military offices. He gained great distinction throughout the nation during his administration as the war governor of Ohio.

A biography of many other lawyers in the early days of Mahoning county might be published, for there are many others who gained distinction in the public service as well as in the private practice of law. Their biographies have been published many times in historical collections. In this list there may be mentioned Samuel Huntington, one of the great lawyers of the Western Reserve, who served in the first constitutional convention and was governor of Ohio in 1808. His business capacity was of a high order, as was shown by his executing so well the duties of many responsible positions. He was a man of spotless character. Others in the list include Perlee Brush, who graduated from Yale in 1793, resided in Youngstown for many years; died 1852 at the age of 84 years; Homer Hine, born New Milford, Conn., July 25, 1776, died 1856; Henry J. Canfield, born in Connecticut, died 1856; Robert W. Tayler, born in Harrisburg, Pa., November 9, 1812, and died

February 25, 1878, while at his desk in his office in Washington, where he served as comptroller of the treasury.

Eben Newton, born in Goshen, Conn., October 16, 1795; died in Canfield, 1869. During the time he practiced law he had thirty or more law students, and for many years the Canfield Law School had a wide and deserved celebrity.

William G. Moore was born January 7, 1822, at Freedom, on the northern bank of the Ohio river. He was admitted to the bar by the supreme court in 1847. He was a law partner with R. W. Tayler and afterwards a partner of General Thomas W. Sanderson, William C. Bunts and W. J. Lawthers. He was elected mayor of Youngstown in April, 1854, and re-elected in 1856. In 1869 he was chosen prosecuting attorney, serving for two years.

The Poland Law College, which was conducted at Poland, Ohio, for a number of years by the law firm of Chester Hayden, Marcus A. King and Mortimer D. Leggett, established quite a reputation in the early days of the county. The law college was conducted there for a few years, when it was removed to Cleveland, Ohio.



# COURTS AND BAR OF FREMONT COUNTY

BY BASIL MEEK, Esq.

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The judicial system of Ohio under the constitution of 1802, briefly stated, consisted of

(1) A supreme court composed of three judges till 1804, four from then till 1810, then three till 1816, and after the last date four to the close, February 9, 1852. Terms were held once a year in each county, any two of the judges being a quorum. A general term was held once a year at the capitol by all the judges, and known as the court in bank. It had concurrent jurisdiction with the common pleas court when the amount in dispute exceeded \$1,000.00; appellate jurisdiction in all cases where that court had original jurisdiction; exclusive jurisdiction in capital punishment cases, except that from 1825 the law permitted persons charged with capital crimes, to be tried in the common pleas, at their option; and it had exclusive jurisdiction in all cases of divorce and alimony until 1843, when concurrent jurisdiction in such cases was conferred upon the common pleas.

(2) Common pleas courts composed of a lawyer, as a president judge for each circuit, and three laymen associate judges for each county. This court had original jurisdiction in all criminal cases except in capital punishment cases; in all civil cases where the jurisdiction exceeded that of justice of the peace; appellate from justices of the peace and original jurisdiction in all probate matters.

The associate judges could hold special terms for the transaction of probate matters, and were in their judicial capacity substantially the court of probate. All judges were elected by the legislature for terms of seven years.

(3) Justices of the peace elected by the voters of each township in the several counties for terms of three years, with jurisdiction limited to small amounts in controversy, and preliminary hearings in criminal charges.

The common law forms of actions prevailed.

Prosecuting attorneys, for both the supreme and common pleas courts, in each county, were until 1833 appointed by the common pleas courts to hold office during the pleasure of the court, and after that year were elected at the annual election, in each county, for terms of two years.

Clerks of courts for both, supreme and common pleas, were appointed by the courts respectively for terms of seven years.

Sheriffs were elected in each county at the annual election, for terms of two years.

January 31, 1815, when Huron county was organized, all the terri-

tory embraced in what became Sandusky county was attached to that county (11, Vol. 113).

The first record evidence of civil government within the territory of Sandusky county to be found is in Journal No. 1 of the county commissioners of Huron county, at page 1, and is as follows:

"Commissioners' office at county seat.

"August 1, 1815, first meeting held at David Abbott, Esq.

"Caleb Palmer, Charles Parker, Eli S. Barnum, commissioners.

"The new townships following are set off, viz.: 1st.—Waynes Reserve at Lower Sandusky to be known by the name of Lower Sandusky."

Afterwards, the following appears in same commissioners' Journal:

"May 18, 1819, commissioners met, to wit: Joseph Strong and Bildad Adams.

"A petition was presented for a new township, therefore ordered that all that tract lying west of the fire lands (Huron county) and east of the Sandusky river, is hereby set off and made a separate township by the name of Croghan."

By act of the state legislature, April 15, 1803, the state was divided into three judicial circuits. The territory which afterwards became Sandusky county was placed within Franklin county in the second circuit. In 1809 it was transferred to Delaware county, in the fourth circuit, created in 1808. In 1815 it was transferred to Huron county, where it remained until organized as a separate county in 1820.

#### INDIAN MURDER TRIAL.

While thus within the jurisdiction of Huron county, occurred the trial at Norwalk of three Indians for the murder, within the Lower Sandusky region, soon to become Sandusky county, of two white men, trappers, near the present site of Oak Harbor. Two were found guilty, and were finally hung at Norwalk by sentence of Judge Tod, president judge. One turned state's evidence and was acquitted. This was the first trial and hanging for murder committed within Sandusky county territory. A complete record of the case is found in Vol. 1, page 217, Huron County Common Pleas Law Record.

The early records and papers in Huron county are not in condition to furnish much further information, but it is certain that while these townships were within that jurisdiction, John Drury and Israel Harrington were justices of the peace in Lower Sandusky. Harrison, as early as December 18, 1815, and that Jaques Hulburt was a justice of the peace when Sandusky county was organized. The first election held thereafter for justice of the peace was in Croghan township on July 4, 1820, at which Morris A. Newman was elected. Hulburt was afterwards associate judge, clerk of courts and representative in the legislature. Harrington and Newman were also subsequently associate judges.

Sandusky county was organized February 12, 1820, to take effect April 1, following, and included within its boundaries all of what is now Ottawa and parts of Erie and Lucas counties.

On account of a contention between the east and west sides of the river, for the location of the seat of justice, the legislature temporarily, only, established the same Croghanville on the east side and appointed a commission of three persons of whom Charles R. Sherman, who soon

thereafter became a supreme judge, was chairman, to permanently locate such seat of justice. Courts were held in the house of Morris A. Newman, being a tavern on the hill, till the May term, 1822, as below stated:

The first election for officers was held the first Monday in April following, there then being but two townships in the county, Croghan, including all the territory east of the Sandusky river to the west line of Huron county, and lower Sandusky, all west of the same to east line of Wood county. The vote polled was—Croghan township, 57; Sandusky, 118; total, 175. Willis E. Brown, the first sheriff, was then elected.

February 24, 1820, the county was, for judicial purposes, attached to the third judicial circuit, composed of the counties of Portage, Medina, Huron, Cuyahoga, Ashtabula, Geauga and Trumbull, of which Hon. George Tod, of Trumbull county, was president judge, and to whose salary of \$1,000.00 was added \$200.00 for coming to the counties of Sandusky and Wood, which latter county was also added to his circuit at same time.

The first term of common pleas court held in the county was on May 8, 1820, and was opened by proclamation of Sheriff Willis E. Brown.

Present, Hon. George Tod, president judge; Israel Harrington, David Harold and Alexander Morrison, associate judges, and Jacob Parker, of Richland county, prosecuting attorney.

Judge Tod was a graduate of Yale and a man of eminent ability; he had been state senator from Trumbull county, supreme judge from 1806 to 1810, which high office he resigned to enter the military service of his country, to aid in protecting the frontiers in the war of 1812 against the British and Indians; and was elected common pleas judge in 1815. He was the father of Governor David Tod, one of the war governors of Ohio.

Mr. Parker subsequently, 1841-1848, was the judge of the 11th circuit. He was related to the Shermans by marriage, his wife being the only sister of Judge Charles R. Sherman, who was the father of Senator John Sherman and Gen. W. T. Sherman.

On the return of the venire for the grand jury, it being found that the same had not been issued the length of time required by law, was challenged, and the panel quashed, and thereupon the sheriff was ordered to select a new grand jury from the bystanders, which was accordingly done. The following were selected:

Joshua Davis, Elijah Brayton, Charles B. Fitch, Reuben Bristol, Elisha W. Howland, Jonathan H. Jerome, William Morrison, Josiah Rumery, Nicholas Whiting, William Andrews, Ruel Loomis, James Montgomery, Caleb Rice, Robert Harvey, Thomas Webb; whereupon Charles B. Fitch was appointed foreman and took the oath prescribed by law, and his fellow jurors, after having taken the same oath, received a solemn charge from the court and retired.

These grand jurors seem to have been diligent, for the next day closed their labors for the term, by returning seven indictments, three of which were against persons for selling liquor to Indians.

Among the other four was one against one Almeron Sands for assault and battery on the body of Calvin Leesen. Leesen, the person assaulted, was one of the parties indicted for selling whiskey to the

Indians. Sands was immediately arraigned, and entering a plea of guilty, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$15.00.

This was the first indictment returned and the first judgment ever entered in this court.

At the opening of the May term, 1822, Judge Tod, presiding with associates, Israel Harrington and Jeremiah Everett, the report of Charles R. Sherman, Nehemiah King and Edward Payne, the commissioners, theretofore appointed to locate the seat of justice, was made and filed, establishing the same at the "Town of Sandusky." The journal of the proceedings shows that thereupon court adjourned, to be held at the school-house in said town of Sandusky, and accordingly met pursuant to such adjournment the same day, May 23, in said school-house. This was a hewed log structure, standing near the spot on which the present old Central school building, at the corner of Croghan street and Park avenue, now stands, the courts being held there for three or four years. Dr. P. Beaugrand, now living, and 90 years of age, says that he well remembers the courts being held in this log building, till a court house was afterwards erected.

Pickett Latimer, of Huron county, was prosecuting attorney.

Among the proceedings of this term appears the report of the commissioners appointed by the legislature to locate the seat of justice of Seneca county, fixing the same at the town of Tiffin. It will be remembered that at its erection in 1820, Seneca county, for judicial purposes, was attached to Sandusky and so remained till January 22, 1824, and its judicial proceedings were during that period held and recorded in Sandusky county.

The first jury trial in Sandusky common pleas was at this term, being a prosecution for arson, against a woman by the name of Sally Wolcott, charged with burning a building owned by one Moses Nicholas. The jury found her not guilty.

The first term of the supreme court of Sandusky county was held in the school-house, mentioned, on July 30, 1823. Charles R. Sherman and Jacob Burnet, judges, both distinguished for learning and ability as jurists. The latter had been United States Senator, as the successor of William Henry Harrison. Yearly terms were thereafter held in the county by Supreme Judges Sherman, Burnet, Hitchcock, Collett, Brush, Wright, Lane, Wood, Grinke, Birchard, Reed, Avery, Spaulding and Caldwell, two of them being present at each of the several terms, all of whose names appear from year to year in the supreme court journal of the county.

At the August term, 1845, of this court, Stanley Matthews, who a third of a century later became associate justice of the United States Supreme Court, was admitted to the bar. Rutherford B. Hayes was a member of the committee who examined him as to his qualifications for admission, and as president of the United States appointed him to the supreme bench.

There were four divorce cases brought at the first term of this court; three were granted and one dismissed. H. J. Harman, Esq., was attorney for all the petitioners.

During the following 29 years, to the close of the old constitution, this court, together with the common pleas, which, after 1843, had concurrent jurisdiction in such cases, there were 43 divorces granted, including the above; according to the record, there had been 2,184

marriages, during this time showing the divorces to be two per cent of marriages. Comparing the above with the present, marriage and divorce situation in the county, it will be found that the marriages for the past year were 285 and the divorces for three years last past have averaged 12, being nearly 15 per cent of the number of marriages, taking the number of marriages during the past year as a criterion, which is approximately correct.

At the May term, 1824, of the common pleas, the case of Nimble Jim, an Indian, against John Chena, a white man, was tried. This was a case in replevin to recover possession of an Indian pony. Elutherus Cook, of Sandusky City, was attorney for the Indian, and ex-Judge Parish, of Columbus, appeared for the white man. The Indian's statement was: That he had raised the pony from a colt, and that he was three years old only; and having been put out a few miles from where the white man lived, on a hunting excursion, the pony left him and was making his way home to the Seneca reserve, and was taken up by the white man, who refused to give it up, claiming that he had raised it from a colt and that it was four years old.

To prove that the horse was raised by the Indian, there were four Seneca Indians called as witnesses, the first being George, the chief. The question arose, by what form were savage Indians to be sworn to tell the truth. Judge Lane, through an interpreter, put this question to George:

"Do you believe the Great Spirit will punish you if you tell a lie about the horse?"

George replied to the interpreter that he would not tell a lie for any man's horse.

The judge then ordered them, through the interpreter, to hold up their right hands, and put the following oath to them: "You, and each of you, do believe that the Great Spirit will punish you—each one—if you tell a lie about the ownership of the horse now in dispute between the Indian and white man?"

The white man brought four witnesses into court who testified that he had raised the pony and that he was four years old the last spring.

Judge Lane thereupon ordered the sheriff to find three men who professed to know the age of a horse by examining his mouth. The sheriff found three men, who examined the mouth of the horse, after which they testified that the pony was but three years old that spring. The Indians all testified that the pony was but three years old. The jury, however, to the surprise of all, awarded the pony to the white man. The Indians present showed their resentment, and the white man attending court, to pacify the Indians, made up a purse of money and bought the pony of the white man and gave it to the clearly rightful owner, the Seneca Indian, and that satisfied the Indians.

Dr. R. A. Sherrard, Sugar Hill, Jefferson county, who was present at this trial, in a communication to the Fremont Journal, gives this case as one illustrating the uncertainties of the law.

February 10, 1824, a reorganization of the judicial circuits placed Sandusky county in the second circuit with the counties of Union, Delaware, Marion, Wood, Williams, Huron and Richland, with Hon. Ebenezer Lane, of Huron county, president judge, who continued to hold court in Sandusky until he was elected to the supreme bench in 1830. He was succeeded by Hon. David Higgins, 1831, of Huron county.

Judge Higgins was succeeded by Hon. Ozias Bowen, 1838, of Marion county, who afterwards became a supreme judge in 1856 under the new constitution. The circuits from time to time underwent changes, and Lucas and Erie counties, with others, were in same circuit with Sandusky, and Myron H. Tilden, 1845, then of Lucas, became president judge. He afterwards moved to Cincinnati and became a judge of the superior court there. He was succeeded as common pleas judge by Hon. E. B. Saddler, 1847, of Erie county, who held courts till the close of the old system.

All these have passed from earth, leaving unblemished records as able, just and upright judges.

Israel Harrington, David Harold, Alexander Morrison, Charles B. Fitch, Jeremiah Everett (father of Homer Everett), Jaques Hulburd, Morris A. Newman, Joel Strawen, James Justice (father of Mesdames Dr. Wilson, Dr. Failing and Homer Everett), Elisha W. Howland, Luther Potter, Jacob Nyce, Isaac Knapp, George Overmyer, Sr., Alphus McIntyre, Jesse S. Ohmstead (father of Mrs. Charles Foster), Frederick Chapman, Samuel Hufford.

The first court house, a frame two-story building 24 by 36, with offices below and court room above, was ordered erected April 23, 1823, Commissioners' Journal 1, page 145, and was completed about 1825, and is still standing on the spot where completed, opposite Fort Stephenson park, north, on point of hill west of Arch, between Croghan and State streets, and is occupied as the residence of Rev. Mr. Mochel, pastor of St. John's Lutheran church. A log jail was built on the same grounds, and in it were imprisoned the murderers, Sperry and Thompson, and here Sperry committed suicide, and from it Thompson escaped, but was re-captured as stated elsewhere in this paper.

This house was occupied as the court house, until the present brick building, with the jail in basement, was completed, being in the spring of 1844, as will be seen from Commissioners' Journal 2, page 371. It will also be seen from the same journal, page 381, December 4, 1844, that this first court house and grounds, three lots, were ordered sold, and finally passed to the ownership of the Lutheran church and the house was used for a time as a place of worship and preaching of the gospel, and thus the maxim, in equity jurisprudence, that

"Equity follows the law," finds illustration, as do also the words of Scripture:

"Mercy and truth are met together;

Righteousness and peace have kissed each other."

Here Rev. Henry Lang resided, during his long and able pastorate; here his children, save one, were born, and in this house all of them were reared.

A case involving ownership of river beds, Gavit vs. Chambers, was brought in the common pleas court, to recover damages caused by the erection of a mill-dam across the Sandusky river, at Ballville, by Chambers, causing the water to flow back and cover a stone quarry worked by Gavit, near the middle of the bed of the river, which he claimed title to, by reason of his ownership of the lands on the bank next to the same.

Judge Lane charged the jury that Gavit could set up no right, on account of such ownership of the lands on the shore, to the use or ownership of the bed of the river adjacent to such lands.

The case went to the supreme court, and at the December term, 1828, the judgment of the common pleas was reversed, the supreme court holding that owners of lands on the banks of navigable streams running through Ohio were also owners of the beds of the rivers to the middle of the stream, subject only to the easement of navigation—thus deciding an important question, for the first time made in the state (3 O. R. 495). This ruling was followed later by the supreme court in the case of *June vs. Purcell* (36 O. S. 396), which also went from this county and is the settled doctrine, and has become a rule of property in Ohio.

An interesting jurisdictional question arose upon the arrest of an Indian chief, in the Seneca reservation, named Coonstock, for the killing of his brother, Seneca John, about 1829.

Judge Higgins, in a communication to Knapp's History of the Maumee Valley, gives a full and rather pathetic account of the affair.

It seems that Seneca John had been, by a council of the tribe, found guilty of causing the death of a brother named Comstock, a chief, in order, as was alleged, that he might become chief in his brother's stead, and was sentenced to be executed and his brother, Coonstock, was, by the law of the tribe, made his executioner.

This sentence Coonstock executed with the aid of another brother named Steel. For this he was arrested and brought before a magistrate, in Lower Sandusky, charged with murder.

The facts being presented to the supreme court at Lower Sandusky, it was held that the act was completely within the jurisdiction of the Indian tribe, and that Coonstock was the proper executioner of the judicial sentence, and he was accordingly discharged.

No court record of the case appears, but there is no doubt of the correctness of Judge Higgins' account, as he was familiar with the court proceedings at the time.

At the September terms, 1842, and on September 14, the grand jury, of which Charles Lindsey was foreman, returned two indictments for murder in the first degree; one against Joseph Sperry, who lived near Greenspring, for killing his wife, Catharine, in a fit of jealous rage, April 9, 1842, by striking her in the temple with a flat-iron. The other indictment was against George Thompson for the killing of a young woman by the name of Catherine Hamler, in the Exchange hotel at Bellevue, on May 30, 1842, by shooting her because she refused his offer of marriage.

Sperry was tried at once. He was defended by Homer Everett and N. B. Eddy, Esqrs., the defense being that his wife had accidentally fallen from a ladder in the house, which reached the garret, and had in falling struck her head against the corner of a stone in the fireplace. W. W. Culver was prosecuting attorney and was assisted by Cooper K. Watson, Esq. Judge Bowden and associates, McIntyre, Knapp and Overmyer, were the judges. The trial lasted five days and the jury found him guilty as charged. He was sentenced to be hanged November 2, 1842, and remanded to prison to await his execution. On Sunday, September 30, his two children, a little son and daughter, were taken to the prison to see him for the last time, and in some way he procured a pocket knife from the boy and secretly breaking off and retaining the blade, handed back the knife. With this point of the blade he committed suicide that night by cutting an artery and bleeding to death.

Thompson, his fellow prisoner, witnessed the tragic ending of Sperry's life, but did nothing to prevent it, saying afterwards he would prefer a countryman of his would kill himself than to be hanged. They were Englishmen. In opening Court Journal No. 4, at pages 600 and 601, will appear to the left the record of Sperry's sentence and to the right the probating of his will.

Thompson effected two escapes from prison, and was finally captured at Ottawa, Ill., and in March, 1844 brought back and, June 20, 1844, was tried, the same judges presiding as in the Sperry case. He was defended by Brice J. Bartlett and Cooper K. Watson, Esqs.; the state was represented by W. W. Culver, prosecuting attorney, and L. B. Ottis, Esq. The defense was insanity. Thompson was convicted and sentenced to be hanged July 12, 1844, which sentence was carried into effect by John Strohl, sheriff, in the rear of the new court house, which had lately been built. An enclosure, to screen the hanging from public view, was erected, but just at the time it was to take place some reckless persons suddenly tore down this enclosure and the sad spectacle was exposed to the full view of the assembled crowd. The venerable Dr. Beaugrand was present as one of the physicians at the execution, and in a recent conversation with the author of this paper, gave a dramatic picture of the appearance and condition of the prisoner as he saw him in that barbarous subterranean prison, with pallid face and prostrate form, kneeling with the priest just previous to the hanging; a sight, he said, most affecting and never to be forgotten.

At first and for some years there were but few resident lawyers in the county, and the legal business was done mostly by lawyers from other places, who with the president-judge, traveled the circuit from county to county—not an easy thing in those days of wilderness and swamp.

Judge Higgins, in his *Memories for Knapp's History*, relates an instance of the difficulties sometimes encountered in these itineraries. Court had been held at Findlay; from there their circuit route took them first to Defiance, and from there to Perrysburg. To travel on horseback was almost impossible, so they hired a man to take them through the black swamp direct to Perrysburg, and procuring a canoe, he and his party of lawyers (Rudolphus Dickinson being one), with saddles, bridles, and baggage, descended the Blanchard and Auglaize rivers, a dismal voyage through an unsettled wilderness of sixty miles to Defiance, and from there down the Maumee river to Perrysburg.

Among the itinerant lawyers who came here, as the court dockets and papers show, were E. Cook, E. Lane, and Pickett Latimer, Huron county; Jacob Parker, James Purdy, and Andrew Coffinberrv, Mansfield; Thomas W. Powell, Delaware, and J. C. Spink, Perrysburg.

Dividing the period from 1820, when the county was organized, to 1852, into smaller periods of ten years each, it will be found, from the court dockets, and papers on file and the names of attorneys appearing therein, that the resident lawyers under the "old system," came to the bar about, in the order, and within the periods named below. They severally filled the public positions referred to under their names, during or subsequent to the periods mentioned.

P. R. Hopkins, clerk of courts, 1820.

B. F. Drake, clerk of courts, 1822.

Increase Graves, prosecuting attorney, 1824-7.



Harvey J. Harmon, county prosecutor, 1826-28, and representative in legislature, 1831.

Rudolphus Dickinson, prosecuting attorney for following counties: Seneca, 1824; Williams, 1826, and Sandusky, 1827; member board of public works, 1836-45, and member of Congress, 1846-9.

Samuel Treat, county auditor, 1830-6; prosecuting attorney, 1836-38, and representative in legislature, 1837.

Hiram P. Pettibone, 1835; Asa Calkins, Peter Yates.

William W. Culver, prosecuting attorney, 1835 and 1838-44.

Nathaniel W. Eddy, county auditor, 1836-8, 1840-2.

William W. Ainger, 1839.

John A. Johnson, 1839.

Ralph P. Buckland, state senator, 1856; general in War of Rebellion and member of Congress, 1864-8.

Brice J. Bartlett, mayor of Fremont, 1850-52, 1855-6. While mayor he caused "Old Betsey," the cannon used by Col. Croghan, in his heroic defense of Fort Stephenson, August 5, 1813, to be brought from Sandusky City, and placed on the spot where the victory was won, toward which her use so greatly contributed. The cannon had been shipped by the government to Lower Sandusky, via Sandusky City, and was detained at the latter place.

John L. Greene, Sr., prosecuting attorney, 1850-2; representative in legislature, 1856; mayor in 1858, and common pleas judge, 1852-7.

Lucius B. Otis, prosecuting attorney, 1844-50, and common pleas judge, 1852-7.

Chester Edgerton, mayor of Fremont, 1847.

Rutherford B. Hayes, city solicitor, Cincinnati, 1856-61; general in War of Rebellion, elected member of Congress, 1864, re-elected 1866, elected governor, 1867, re-elected 1869, and again elected governor 1875, and was President of the United States, 1877-81.

Homer Everett, postmaster, 1837; sheriff, 1839-43; county auditor, 1848-52, mayor, 1865; state senator, 1868.

Cooper K. Watson. He had lived at Newark two years, at Delaware four years, at Marion five years, four of which he was prosecuting attorney, where he lived eight years, in 1850 moved to Tiffin, member of Congress in 1854, in 1870 moved to Norwalk, and was elected a member from Huron county of Constitutional Convention of 1873, and finally moved to Sandusky City and was common pleas judge 1876-1880.

Hiram W. Winslow, prosecuting attorney 1864-6, and representative in legislature, 1870.

A. B. Lindsey, prosecuting attorney 1860-4, and 1866-70.

W. H. Reynolds, postmaster, Clyde, Ohio.

H. Rensburg, prosecuting attorney, 1874-78.

George W. Glick, member of state legislature of Kansas, and governor of state.

Thomas P. Finefrock, prosecuting attorney 1856, representative in legislature 1858, and common pleas judge 1874-9.

Edward Fenwick Dickinson, prosecuting attorney 1852-56; probate judge 1866-8; member of Congress 1868-70, mayor 1871-6, probate judge 1877-9, and 1885-91.

George R. Haynes, common pleas judge 1883, and judge of the circuit court from its organization February 9, 1885, to the present time.

Joseph R. Bartlett. He has not sought nor held public office, but

rendered gallant services in the War for the Rebellion as a soldier and officer in the 49th Regiment, O. V. I. Col. Bartlett, though no longer a young man, is the youngest of the "pioneer" members, and in his life unites the former bar with the present, and is justly recognized as one of the ablest members.

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### *Richland County*

After the organization of Richland county in 1813, Thomas Coler, William Goss and Peter Kinney served as associate judges of the first common pleas court. They held a special session in June, 1813, which was the very first court held in Richland county, and the only business that came before them was the appointment of an administrator of the estate of Levy Jones, who had been killed by the Indians. Rebecca Byrd and Jonathan Coulter were named administrators, while Winn Winship, George Coffinberry and Roland Weldon were appointed appraisers of Jones' estate. The war business became pressing and these judges again organized in court on September 9, 1813, and remained in session for two days. In the course of this session the last will and testament of Jacob Luvman, deceased, one of the pioneers of Richland county in Mansfield county, was presented, approved and ordered to be recorded. The court named James McCluer and Andrew Coffinberry to serve as executors and they were required to give bond in the sum of \$10,000.

Nicholas Trucks had passed away and his wife and son, Ruth and Abraham Trucks, were appointed administrators. This was all done on the 9th day of September. On September 10th Samuel McClure, at the order of the court, was paid \$12.25 for seven days' services as commissioner, and Melzar Tammehill \$9.25 for five days' services as commissioner. Sam Watson had served eight days as commissioner and he was ordered paid \$14.00. The following officers were appointed by the court: Winn Winship, clerk; Andrew Coffinberry, recorder, and William Biddle, surveyor. By the Constitution of 1851 the common pleas court, in addition to three associate judges, who attended to all of the probate work, was composed of a president judge, who was required to be a lawyer. The first court at which sat the four judges provided for by law, convened January 14, 1814, in Mansfield. The president judge was William Wilson; associates, Peter Kinney, Thomas Coulter, James McCluer was granted a license to keep a house of public entertainment (a theater). Other licenses went to A. C. Murphy, to keep a tavern at his dwelling; to Johnson McCurdy, to retail merchandise for four months, and to George Coffinberry to keep a public house, and on the 14th the court adjourned. In this manner the legal machinery was put into operation for the new county of Richland, and it has, with few changes, been operating smoothly ever since.

The old block house, which stood on the public square, was the seat of the administration of justice, and the court met in the upper part of the structure. When the jurists assembled there was no resident lawyer in Mansfield, and it was not until 1815 that John M. May, the first lawyer, took up his residence in Mansfield. Many of the members of the present-day bar remember his son, Manuel M. May, former

judge of the court of common pleas, a well known lawyer in his day and a man of honor and integrity.

From that time forward the city of Mansfield in Richland county always had its full quota of lawyers and litigants had little trouble in having their wants attended to. The Richland county bar has always been a strong one. Many of the members have possessed more than ordinary ability and they achieved distinction not only at the bar, but also in public life.

Asa Grimes was the second lawyer who came in early in 1816; then came Colonel William W. Cotgrave and Wilson Elliott in 1816. These men were followed by James Purdy, Jacob Parker and James Stewart.

The courts were on wheels in those days. The custom was for the court and lawyers to travel from place to place. The judges and lawyers rode about from county to county on horseback, and they carried their briefs in their saddle bags. Of the pioneer lawyers mentioned before, Judge Parker and Mr. May had been law students together in the office of Philamon Beecher in Lancaster. Parker was regarded as a sound lawyer, possessing an analytical mind and he was a good man at the trial table. He was an omnivorous reader outside the law and was scholarly and cultured. Parker graduated at the Ohio University, Athens, and he and Thomas Ewing, of Lancaster, one of the giants of the Ohio bar of those days, were amongst the first to receive the B. A. Degree from an Ohio College. He was made a judge in 1840, and in that capacity he was peculiarly successful.

James Stewart studied law in the office of Judge Parker and was admitted to the bar in 1828. He came to Ohio from West Pennsylvania, and like many other youngsters of those days he came west to grow up with the country; like many other men who had achieved distinction at the bar he taught school while obtaining his legal education, and was among the first and best school teachers in Mansfield. When Judge Parker's term on the bench expired in 1850, Stewart by unanimous recognition of his associates was elevated to his place.

Andrew Coffinberry was the first law student in Mansfield and he studied with Mr. May. He also was one of the first school teachers and generally went by the name of "Count" Coffinberry. He became a full-fledged lawyer. Among the lawyers who traveled with the court in those years and visited Mansfield frequently were William Stanberry, of Newark, who died in 1853; Hosmer Curtis and Samuel Mott, of Mount Vernon; Alexander Harper and Elijah Merwine, of Zanesville, and Charles T. Sherman, of Lancaster. Hosmer Curtis was given the distinction of being the first prosecuting attorney, and he was succeeded by Mr. May in 1816. Wm. B. Raymond, of Wooster, succeeded Mr. May.

The decade from 1845 to 1855 was a notable one for members of the Richland county bar. Each session of the court brought together a brilliant gathering of lawyers; probably there never was a collection of more brilliant members of the bar ever brought together in a single Ohio city. Such lawyers as Thomas Ewing, of Lancaster; Peter Hitchcock, Edwin M. Stanton, William Stanberry and others of equal learning and distinction attended practically all sessions of the court in the decade mentioned before.

Up to the formation of the constitution in 1851 the successive president judges of the Richland county common pleas court were William

Wilson, of Licking county; George Tod, of Trumbull; George Harper, of Muskingum; Judges Lane and Higgins, of Huron, and Ezra Dean, of Wayne. General William McLaughlin was one of the early lawyers of Mansfield, he coming to the county from Canton in 1827; he was a soldier and great lawyer. He laid down his life for his country in the War of the Rebellion. He also was a veteran of the Civil War.

General Robert Bentley was one of the early associate judges of the court of common pleas, and he was a prominent and influential citizen all his life. He came to Richland county in 1815 from west Pennsylvania and was appointed judge in 1821. In 1828 he was elected to the state senate. In the War of 1812 he enlisted and subsequently filled every position in the Ohio militia, from ensign to major general. One of the most prominent members of the early bar in Richland county was Tom Ford. He was a man of imposing personal appearance and possessed great natural gifts as an orator. Some of his efforts upon the stump have seldom, if rarely, been excelled. His speech at the "Know Nothing" convention in Philadelphia gave him a national reputation. As a specimen of crushing repartee it was a masterpiece. After the war he went to Washington city, where he practiced until his death in 1868.

Mordecai Bartley won for himself a high place in the history of Mansfield as a citizen, lawyer and a man. In the War of 1812 he was captain of a company; in 1817 he was elected to the state senate and was afterwards registrar of the Virginia military school lands. He was sent to Congress in 1823, serving in that body four terms and declining a re-election. In 1844 he was elected governor of the state on the Whig ticket. He declined re-nomination for governor and spent the remainder of his days in the labors of his profession and among his fellowmen.

Judge Jacob Brinkerhoff and John Sherman, members of the Richland county bar, also became prominent in the state and nation. The former was for many years one of Ohio's supreme court judges. He was elected to Congress by the Democratic party in 1843; and while in that body he became famous as the author of the Wilmot proviso. John Sherman was in partnership for many years with Henry C. Hedges, who was in his day a lawyer of ability of state-wide reputation. Senator Sherman was for years one of the strongest men of the Republican party and he served with distinction as senator of Ohio and as secretary of state. He died while holding public office.

Mr. Henry C. Hedges was a member of one of the county's pioneer families. He was a great friend of Senator Sherman and it is said that he kept himself in the background and pushed Senator Sherman forward. He rendered valuable service to the Republican party, and yet never held a public office. He occupied a prominent executive position in the headquarters of the Republican national committee in the campaign which brought about the second re-election of President McKinley. His health broke as a result of the arduous work performed during that campaign. He died some years later in Mansfield.

L. B. Matson and Milton W. Warden became members of the bar years ago. Matson, at the time of his death, as a trial lawyer stood at the head of his profession and he had the largest practice of any lawyer in the city. Mr. Warden died at the age of 29 years, but he was a man of brilliant promise, although undeveloped as a lawyer. He

went into the army and lost a leg at Harper's Ferry; returning home he was elected probate judge and was subsequently appointed internal revenue assessor. He held this office at the time of his death. Perhaps one of the best summaries of the early bar came from the pen of General Brinkerhoff, who was for many years prominent in Richland county and state affairs. When writing of this early-day bar, the general said:

"When I was a student at law in 1850 and 1851 the giants of the Mansfield bar were Jacob Parker, James Stewart, Thomas W. Bartley, Jacob Brinkerhoff, Samuel J. Kirkwood, General McLaughlin and John M. May. James Purdy had become a banker; Charles T. Sherman was at his best and he did a collecting business, but rarely appeared in the courts as a trial lawyer. John Sherman had promise, but no large fulfillment as yet. Also Colonel Burns and Colonel Isaac Gas.

Thomas H. Ford was at his best and was a man of great natural powers; he was indolent and careless and did not make the mark he might have made at the bar.

Judge Geddes was a partner of Judge Brinkerhoff and was a young man of ability, which rapidly developed and subsequently made him an able lawyer and one of the best balanced common pleas judges in the state.

Henry P. Davis, Manuel May, Robert Smith and several others had their shingles out, but were not famous as yet. I knew them all very well. Parker, Stewart and Bartley were especially friendly to me, and I appreciated it; and I always retain warm remembrance of all of them. I was a student with Brinkerhoff & Geddes. Judge Stewart was the reverse of Judge Parker in his mental makeup; the latter was pre-eminently a big lawyer and could give from memory volume and page for every decision of any special consequence in the Ohio reports; and probably could referee more legal decisions than any man in the state. He read the driest law reports with all the zest of a school girl with her first novel. It was all meat and drink to him.

Judge Stewart, on the contrary, cared but little for the reports and consulted them to verify his own judgment rather than to guide it. He was born a jurist, and his instincts of right and wrong were so keenly accurate that he but rarely went astray. His decisions were very rarely questioned, and still more rarely set aside by a superior court; in short, he was a model judge of his time, and probably has never had his superior in this circuit. Off the bench in the practice of the profession Judge Parker and Judge Stewart were still more opposite in their characteristics. Parker was essentially an office lawyer and a very superior one, but had no special ability before a jury. He stammered in his utterances, and had none of the gifts of oratory. Judge Stewart, on the other hand, was a mighty man before a jury. The sweep and power of his eloquence was overwhelming and carried everything before it. He was largely a commanding presence, and it was of itself sufficient to hold the attention of the jury, but in addition he had all the best qualities of a court jury lawyer.

His physical endurance was inexhaustible, and he was apparently as fresh at the end of a trial as at the beginning. As a jury lawyer, Judge Stewart has never been surpassed at the Mansfield bar.

Next to Parker and Stewart in age and fully their peers in mental ability came Thomas W. Bartley and Jacob Brinkerhoff. They were

rivals and were always pitted against each other. Bartley was the most persistent man among them. He was not as fine an orator as either Stewart or Brinkerhoff, nor as well read as Parker. He had the tenacity of a bull dog and an industry that was endless and tireless. These qualities made him a very dangerous antagonist. He deservedly stood in the front rank of Ohio lawyers.

Judge Brinkerhoff, Bartley's most frequent antagonist, was one of the most brilliant men of this whole legal galaxy, and the most attractive speaker. At repartee he was as quick, sharp and bright as lightning, but he lacked the tenacity of Bartley and the ponderous weight of Stewart. Jurists were delighted with Brinkerhoff and detested Bartley. The former was brief-brilliant and beautiful, the latter dry and tedious. Brinkerhoff rarely spoke over an hour. Bartley rarely spoke less than three hours, and sometimes, as in the Welch murder trial, he held on three days; the result was that they were evenly matched. If either predominated in the crucible of success, it was Bartley's pertinacity. In fact, Bartley could never be considered vanquished until the verdict had been rendered. Brinkerhoff was a man of more general culture, perhaps, than any of his competitors, as he read everything and remembered everything.

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### *Allen County*

George Tod was the first circuit judge who presided over the courts of northwestern Ohio subsequent to the organization of new counties. Judge Tod was succeeded by Ebenezer Lane. Next came Judge David Higgins. In 1830 Judge Higgins was elected president judge of the second judicial district circuit. The court was held at Findlay, Defiance and Perrysburg, at each of which places "Count' Coffinberry, J. C. Springs and Rudolphus Dickenson appeared as lawyers of the circuit. In 1838-39 the 13th judicial circuit was created by the legislature. This included Allen, Van Wert, Hardin, Hancock, Lucas, Wood, Henry, Williams, Paulding and Putnam counties. Up to this time Allen county belonged to the Dayton circuit with William L. Helfenstein, judge.

Emory D. Potter was elected judge of the 13th circuit in February, 1839, and he occupied this position until he was elected to Congress in October, 1843. The same year Myron H. Tilden was elected judge of the circuit. The territory of this circuit was reduced in February, 1845, when the 16th circuit was established in which were embraced Allen, Shelby, Mercer, Hardin, Hancock, Putnam, Paulding, Van Wert and Williams, to which Defiance county was added on March 10, 1845.

In James Daniel's cabin, near the creek at the east end of Market street, the first court of common pleas for Allen county was held in May, 1833. The president judge was Honorable George B. Holt, and the associate judges were Messrs. Watt, Crozier and Wood. The other president judges were Judge Helfenstein, 1833; Judge Potter in 1839; Judge Tilden from 1842 to 1845, when Judge Goode was elected.

Allen, Hardin, Shelby, Auglaize, Madison, Union and Logan

were erected in one common pleas court district under the Constitution of 1851. The district was known as No. 3, subdivision No. 1, of which Benj. F. Metcalf was elected judge in October, 1851. Judge William Lawrence succeeded him in 1855-6 and he presided over the district until 1864 when he resigned to enter Congress.

Under the Act of April 8, 1858, district No. 3, subdivision No. 2, was reorganized and Allen, Auglaize, Mercer, Van Wert and Putnam were made an additional subdivision of which Benjamin F. Metcalf was elected judge in October, 1858. He was re-elected in October, 1863 and held the position until his death in February, 1865. O. W. Rose was appointed to fill the vacancy.

James Mackenzie was elected to the judgeship of common pleas court for the unexpired term, and he was re-elected in October, 1868. A new judgeship was created for the subdivision on account of the increase in litigation, and in March, 1869, Edwin M. Phelps was elected to the new position.

Among the members of the old bar were many who had some accomplishment in addition to their silver-tongued eloquence; hours when out of court were whiled away with "quip and quirk." John C. Spink, of Wooster, was known as a great wag, as well as a fiddler of no mean ability. M. V. May, of Perrysburg, and James G. Haley, an Irishman, added to the enjoyment of their colleagues. James Purdy, of Mansfield, was among the early visitors to this circuit.

Judge Hall was the the wit of the early bar and could don cap and bells with as much ease as he did the ermine. Judge Potter was the songster, and shone when warbling such ditties as "Lord Lovel," "Rosin the Bow." Andrew Coffinberry was a great violinist. Among the disciples of Blackstone belonging here we find the names of David A. Colerick, Henry Cooper, Charles Johnson, Lucien P. Ferry, John H. Morrison, Judge Ewing, Judge Price, William H. West, Judge Walden, Lawyer Coombs, Judge John Morris, Henry Reed, H. L. Hosmer, E. Allen, Henry Bennett, S. B. Campbell, Judge Tilden, Gen. Hill, Moses B. Corwin, Jacob S. Conklin, John A. Corwin, Jos. S. Updegraff, John McSweeney and James M. Coffinberry.

Probably the most widely known of all the early members of the bar was Andrew Coffinberry, a native Virginian, who came with his parents to Ohio in 1806. He was noted for his exquisite neatness in dress and his refined manners. Because of his resemblance to Count Puffendorf, and his exceeding kindness to the younger and less experienced members of the bar, he was called "Count" Coffinberry; and "Count Coffinberry" is well known where "Andrew" has never been heard of. His work extended from Mansfield to Lake Erie and west to the Indiana and Michigan state lines. This circuit was made on horseback. Mr. Coffinberry practiced continually from his entrance to the bar in 1813 to within a few days of his death, May 11, 1856, making almost a half century of law. A man of rare endowments and marked characteristics, he left a lasting impression. His son, James M. Coffinberry, also practiced in our courts and was a worthy son of his illustrious father.

Patrick Gaines Goode, lawyer, congressman, and Methodist preacher, was born in Virginia, May 10, 1793, and Died October 7, 1862. He was named after Patrick Henry, who was a friend of his father. Father Warren Goode immigrated to Warren county, Ohio, eight miles south of Xenia, in 1805. He purchased land here, but in 1814 he moved to Xenia for the purpose of educating his family. Patrick worked on the farm until he was sixteen years old. He left it with regret, commencing his education with Professor Epsey, who conducted a classical school in Xenia, remaining there for very nearly three years. Professor Epsey moved to Philadelphia. Young Patrick Goode accompanied him and in the new institution acted as pupil and tutor, remaining there two years, and then removed to Lebanon, Warren county, where he commenced the study of law under Judge Collett. He was admitted to the bar at the age of twenty-three. In 1828 he removed to Sidney, where he taught school for a time, as there was little opportunity in the law business. In 1832 he was appointed Sabbath School agent to travel in Shelby and the counties north for the purpose of establishing Sunday schools, to which work he devoted himself with assiduity and won the lasting friendship of all with whom he came in contact. In 1833 he was prosecuting attorney of the Lima district. In the same year he was elected to the lower house of the legislature from the counties of Darke and Shelby and those other organized counties of Lake Erie, and was re-elected the next year. He was a candidate for the Senate in 1835, but there having been some trouble over the office he declined it. The next year he was elected by a large majority to Congress in the district from Dayton to Toledo. He was re-elected in 1838 and 1840 and he served until the territory was redistricted, when he declined to be a candidate.

While a member of Congress he labored unceasingly for his constituents and is said to have done more for the improvement of the Maumee valley than any other person. In 1844 he was elected presiding judge of the 13th judicial circuit, composed of Allen, Shelby, Mercer, Hardin, Hancock, Putnam, Paulding, Van Wert and Williams counties. To these Defiance county was afterwards added. He held this position for seven years. After this he continued at the bar but a few years, becoming in 1857 a Methodist minister. In 1862 he overworked himself at a conference held at Greenville, returning home, and died two weeks afterwards.

Emory D. Potter was born in Providence, R. I., and at the age of two years he was taken by his parents to Otsego county, New York. He studied law in the office of John A. Dix and Albert Cook, Jr., at Cooperstown. He was admitted to practice in the supreme court of the state, two years afterwards. In 1835 he moved to Toledo, at which place he was appointed postmaster, the second man to hold that office in the town. After finishing his term as postmaster he was appointed judge of the 13th judicial district. In 1843 he was elected to Congress as a Democrat, from a strong Whig district, by a large majority. He remained through that Congress, closely attentive to his duties and making himself a leader. He was one of the committee charged with the duty of devising a plan to carry into effect the will of Mr. Smithson, the



founder of Smithsonian Institution. In 1845 he was elected Mayor of Toledo, a position he held three successive terms. From his youth he was a great lover of all sports. He retired in 1875.

J. M. May, who was known in his later years as the "Nestor" of the bar, was in the early days noted as a player on the trombone, and combined with his musical ability all the best requirements of a judge. He was a fine advocate as well as an able chancellor lawyer, and during a long life always maintained his high character as a good citizen and an honest man.

Among the resident members of the bar who achieved distinction were Judges Metcalf, Mackenzie, Hughes and Robb, C. N. Lamson, S. A. Baxter, Isiah S. Pillars, T. E. Cunningham, M. H. Nichols, Hamilton Davison, Lorin Kennedy and Colonel Lester Bliss.

Hamilton Davison bears the distinction of being Lima's first resident attorney. He settled here in 1832. He was active in forwarding the interests of the young town. He is on record as a surveyor of many of the first established roads and his name appears on many of the titles to real estate as notary public. Mr. Davison was a man of high moral principles; a fine counselor and a cultivated gentleman. His wife was a woman of intelligence and refinement, beloved by all who knew her.

Mathias H. Nichols was one of the most brilliant lawyers that ever graced the bar of the county. He rose from obscure poverty to the position of one of the foremost men of his part of the state, and whose full life was ended at the age of 37, a time when most men are beginning their careers. He worked as a printer for a time, but soon brought out a paper called "The Argus," selling his vest, the only garment which possessed a market value, in order to buy the paper on which his first issue was printed. He soon developed that wonderful power over men which placed him at the head of affairs in his region and sent him to Congress at the early age of twenty-seven years. He was elected to Congress the first time by the Democrats; the second time he ran independently, but was supported by the votes of what is now the Republican party and by many Democrats, whose attachment to the man was greater than to the party. He was elected on the Republican ticket for a third term, but was defeated the fourth time he ran by but 72 votes. Mr. Nichols was prosecuting attorney in 1851, which position he resigned to enter Congress. After leaving Congress in 1859 he resumed the practice of law and continued it until the breaking out of the war in 1861, when he volunteered, among the very first, and was elected captain of the first company going into service from Allen county. At the end of three months he returned to civil life, but when Kirby Smith threatened Cincinnati, in the fall of 1862, he volunteered as a private in the "Squirrel Hunters" demonstration for the protection of the city, and while there he died of dropsy of the heart. Mr. Nichols was an able lawyer and a man of general and varied information. He held high positions and maintained his character as a public representative with honor to himself and to his district. He possessed wonderful personal magnetism and there was probably no man in the country who was held in higher esteem and honor than he.

Colonel Lester Bliss was born in Cooperstown, New York, August 17, 1817. With his father, Dr. David Bliss, a native of Vermont, removed from Cooperstown in 1818 and settled in what is now Marion county, Ohio. He had a good classical and literary education. He studied law and was admitted to the bar of Ohio at Marion in June, 1841. In August following he located in Lima, where he practiced actively for several years. He served as prosecuting attorney for the county one term; and declined a subsequent nomination for that office. In 1852 Col. Bliss was elected to represent Allen county in the legislature, it being the first representation of the county after the constitution. He declined nomination for lieutenant governor. In August, 1862, he volunteered his services in defense of the Union. In the spring of 1864, he was commissioned a lieutenant colonel and did active service until his resignation. He was the first mayor of Delphos.

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### *Crawford County*

**W**HEN the state constitution was adopted in 1803 it was based on the Ordinance of 1787. The judiciary of the state consisted of a supreme court, court of common pleas and justice of the peace.

The common pleas court consisted of a president judge elected by the legislature, and in each county two or three associate judges were elected by the legislature to sit with the president judge when he visited that county and formed the court. Each court appointed its own clerk to serve, for seven years, but the clerk must have a certificate signed by a majority of the supreme court certifying as to his qualifications to fill the position.

A competent number of justices were elected in each township, their term of service being three years. Soon after the organization of the county, Bucyrus was selected as the county seat, and in July, 1826, the first term of the common pleas court was held at the residence of Lewis Cary, on the south bank of the Sandusky river, on the site of the present residence of C. H. Shonert. The presiding judge on this occasion was Ebenezer Lane, of Norwalk, who had been appointed in 1824. This circuit was No. 2 and it included all the northwestern part of the state, Crawford county having been attached to this circuit on its organization. Judge Lane was a native of Northampton, Mass., and a graduate of Harvard university, class of 1811. He had studied law under Judge Mathew Griswold, Lyme, Conn., had been admitted to the bar in 1814, and first practiced at Norwich, Conn. In the spring of 1817 he came to Ohio, settling first at Elyria. In May, 1819, he was appointed prosecuting attorney of Huron county, and in October of the same year removed to Norwalk. After his election by the legislature in 1824 as presiding judge of the 2nd circuit, he continued to discharge the functions of that office until the fall of 1830, at which time he was elected judge of the supreme court of Ohio, which position he held until 1845, when he resigned. He then accepted the presidency of the Mad River & Lake Erie railroad, and for ten years after was engaged in the management of railroads in Ohio. In the fall of 1855

he became counsel and resident director of the Illinois Central railroad, with his home at Chicago, which position he held until March, 1859, when he resigned and retired to private life. He was a scholarly man and student, not only of his profession, but also of science and general literature, and was prompt in the discharge of every duty. His legal ability is evidenced by the Ohio supreme court reports, and he possessed in a high degree the respect and esteem of his fellow members of the bench and bar and the confidence of the people generally. He died at Sandusky, Ohio, June 12, 1866. Judge Lane was succeeded on the bench of the common pleas court by David Higgins, also of Norwalk, who held the office of president judge for the full term of seven years, from 1830 to 1837. He was a man of fine personal appearance and of good ability, a firm believer in a strict construction of the law, would brook no opposition. As a result of this, his relations with his legal associates and the public were not so harmonious as those of his predecessor. His ability and integrity, however, were unquestioned. In the winter of 1837 his term came to a close and he retired to private life.

Ozias Bowen, of Marion, the successor of Judge Higgins, held the office of president judge four terms, or fourteen years, until the judicial system under the Constitution of 1802 was superseded by that of the Constitution of 1851. Judge Bowen was born at Augusta, New York, July 1, 1805. He was admitted to the bar at Canton, Ohio, in September, 1828, and soon after began practice at Marion. In 1850 he was appointed by Governor Chase a judge of the supreme court to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge C. C. Converse.

The associate judges were generally of the same political party as the majority in the legislature at the time of their election. Yet the names of the judges in Crawford county show that it was an indispensable qualification that the men selected should be of such high standing and character that the people would have confidence in the court and respect its decisions. These men, although none of them were lawyers, received the title of judge.

The first associate judge in this county was E. B. Merriman, elected in 1825, when Crawford was under the judicial supervision of Marion, the legislature electing two Marion men and one from Crawford. The next year Crawford was organized and its first three associate judges were elected on January 26, 1826, five days before the act was passed organizing the county. The following were the associate judges in Crawford county, with the dates of their election until this plan was abolished in 1851 by the adoption of the present constitution.

|                             |                           |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Enoch B. Merriman, 1825-26. | Hugh Welsh, 1835-42.      |
| John Cary, 1826.            | Samuel Kinsely, 1836-43.  |
| John B. French, 1826.       | Andrew Failor, 1836-43.   |
| Jacob Smith, 1827.          | Robert W. Musgrave, 1845. |
| Abel Carey, 1829.           | Robert Lee, 1849.         |
| Josiah Robertson, 1830.     | James Stewart, 1850.      |
| George Poe, 1833.           |                           |

In the early days there were few lawyers in the little towns, and when court met and the judge arrived he was followed by a retinue of attorneys, who accompanied the court from town to town.

Judge Lane's circuit at that time included land of northwestern Ohio; the roads were bad sometimes, only trails; many streams had

to be forded and the lawyers carried their books from town to town. Once it is of record that in the fording of the heavily swollen stream the law library of the party was swept away. They entered towns sometimes covered with rain and mud, but with the fire and internal refreshments promptly served by the jovial landlord were soon made comfortable. Court days were great days for the little towns in those early times.

It brought citizens in touch with the outside world, and every evening the tavern was crowded to listen to the latest stories and hear the inside of all political developments.

The first court was held in Lewis Cary's residence, in the lower front room; and upstairs the jury was sent. If Sarah Cary's school was in session at the time education was suspended and justice held sway. Among the lawyers who followed Judge Lane on his rounds was Andrew Coffinberry, of Mansfield, known as "Count" Coffinberry on account of his dignity and faultless apparel. Then there was John Spink, the wit of the northwestern Ohio bar and a favorite with everybody. James Purdy and John M. May, of Mansfield, Charles L. Boalt, of Norwalk, Orris Parish, of Delaware and a few years later Charles Switzer, of the same place, as fastidious in dress as "Count" Coffinberry, and there being then a semblance of roads he used to arrive in state with a carriage drawn by two white horses. From Marion came Ozias Brown and James S. Godman.

When the first court was held David H. Beardsley came over from Marion to act as temporary clerk on organization of the court. Zalmon Rowse was selected as clerk, and on the first meeting of the supreme court at Bucyrus, his qualifications were certified to and he became the first clerk of the court of the county. At the time the attorneys in the place were John H. Morrison, who was county treasurer, Isaac H. Allen, appointed the first prosecuting attorney, Michael Flick and Charles Standburg.

No records are in existence of these early courts, as these were probably destroyed in the fire of 1831. The first record found in this county is of July term of 1832. With the supreme judges coming to Bucyrus were Joshua Collett and Ebenezer Lane, the latter having been elected a supreme judge by the legislature in 1830. Eight cases were heard here. The first court house had been completed, as the record states the court met in the court house. July was the month for meeting in Bucyrus, and in 1833 the judges attending were Joshua Collett and Reuben Wood, who heard nine cases.

In 1834 Joshua Collett and Ebenezer Lane were the judges for eight cases; 1835 Joshua Collett and Ebenezer Lane; 1836 Ebenezer Lane and Reuben Wood; 1837 same judges; 1838 Peter Hitchcock and Frederick Grimkie. Zalmon Rowse was supreme court clerk with his bond fixed at \$10,000.

When the second term of common pleas court was held in Bucyrus the brick school house had been built and this was used for court purposes. If the case was to a jury, these gentlemen were escorted to some convenient room in the village, where they were locked up until they reached a decision, and in fine weather sometimes held their consultations in the woods back of the school house, the sheriff seated on a stump at some distance, keeping his eye on them.

The first early records of the court are in 1834. Hon. David

Higgins was the presiding judge and his associates were Abel Carey, Josiah Robertson and George Poe. The first grand jury of which there is any record was composed of the following persons: David Ellis, foreman; John Burwell, Emanuel Deardorff, David Marquis, Joseph Hart, William Arnold, Adam Beck, Isaac Cornell, James Higbee, William Scott, Robert Foster, Isaac Rice, Joseph S. Smith, William Cooper and William Robinson.

At this term several cases were called and the papers were reported missing, and it is probable Judge Higgins, who was a trifle irritated, made some reflections on the clerk, for the next day the following appears on the court docket: "Personally appeared in open court Zalmon Rowse, who being duly sworn, doth depose and say that he is clerk of the court and that on the night of the 16th day of March, 1834 some person or persons entered the clerk's office of the court of common pleas and took from the proper place of deposit the files and papers belonging to the causes pending in court; that the same have been taken beyond the reach or knowledge of the deponent, and he knows not whether such papers have been destroyed or what has become of them."

Further, Zalmon Rowse tendered his resignation as clerk of the court, and the judge accepted it and reappointed him for another term of seven years, showing if he was irritable at times he was just.

The record shows that thirteen cases were called and had to be continued on account of the records being stolen, so minor business was mostly handled.

Waves had swept over the town against gambling, so a special grand jury was called to investigate the matter, and Samuel Norton was made the foreman and true bills were returned against six of the most prominent men in the village for gambling, and the next day they found six more, and followed it up with fourteen. A few were fined, but most of them acquitted, some of the cases being carried over for several terms. Several tavern keepers were fined \$5.00 and costs for selling liquor to the Indians, after which their licenses were renewed for another year.

The court held three terms a year and the prosecutor was allowed \$100 a year for his services, the sheriff and clerk each being allowed \$60 a year.

At this term of court a case was heard and damages of \$25.00 allowed the plaintiff by the presiding judge. It is probable the law was very strongly in favor of the plaintiff, but the three associate justices had an idea that real justice was on the side of the defendant, and they reversed the verdict and found for the defendant, and further ordered that the plaintiff pay the costs.

It is probable that Judge Higgins was indignant, as the next term of court shows the following entries:

"Sept. 8, 1834—No quorum. George Poe adjourned court until next day at noon. John Moderwell, sheriff."

"Tuesday, Sept. 9—Carey and Poe present and adjourned until Wednesday at 10:00, when no quorum appeared and court adjourned without day."

When the next term arrived the sheriff must have had his doubts as to whether the judge had recovered from his anger, as he summoned no jury. The court met on Monday, February 10, and there

being no quorum they adjourned until Tuesday. The next day Associates George Poe, Abel Carey and Hugh Welsh were there and they granted a new administration paper and adjourned until Wednesday, and that day the Hon. David Higgins showed up and proceeded to business by ordering the sheriff to secure a jury immediately, which he did, most of them Bucyrus men.

The securing of a jury was no easy matter in those days and the records show instances of men being fined for ignoring the summons. A story is told of the county west of Crawford in 1835. The county was sparsely settled, the farmers were busy and the sheriff had great difficulty in securing a jury. On the morning of the second day the judge opened the court and asked the sheriff if the jury was filled. The sheriff replied, "Not quite full yet, judge. I have eleven men locked up in the jail and my dogs and deputies are after the twelfth man."

At the July term in 1836 the docket contains the entry, "Franklin Adams, admitted to the bar." Below is written in pencil, "Came from Mansfield, August, 1837." For seventy years he was a practitioner at the Crawford county bar.

Several parties were tried for minor offenses and given five days confinement in the county jail on bread and water. The same term, when the spasm of reform swept over the city in regard to gambling, three men were brought before the court charged with horse stealing and were discharged. The first penitentiary case of which record is found was on September 29, 1838, when Ephraim Eaton admitted he was guilty of stealing a horse and was sentenced to the penitentiary at hard labor for three years and to pay the costs of the prosecution, amounting to \$30.88.

When practicing law in Bucyrus in the early days, Josiah Scott commenced a suit with the following lines, "Suit for trespass sent to justice."

"This is to cause you for to summon  
"Lindsey Woolsey—what you call 'em?  
"The crazy son of old Sultzholm,  
"to answer for his devilish tricks  
"of cutting sundry sticks of timber  
"on Sam Myer's land."

Another case of Mr. Scott's was against John Luke. Seventy years ago Mr. Luke kept a tavern where the boundary road crosses the Sandusky river in Sandusky township. It was a popular resort and in the early days did a large business. In front of the tavern was the usual post and on top of it was the sign bar on which was painted a black horse, so it was known as the "Black Horse" tavern. One of the neighbors had trouble with Mr. Luke and hired Scott to conduct the case for him. The trial came off and it was a jury. One of the jurors was Resolved White, of Auburn township, who has handed down the story. In the course of his speech, Mr. Scott warmed to his subject with the following: "In six days God made the heavens and the earth and on the seventh he rested; and then he took the scraps which he could not use in the formation of the earth or the animals that walked the earth, or the fishes of the sea, or reptiles that crawled upon the earth; he moulded his refuse into a human form and with his fist he punched in two eyes and put on a nose, and he called it John Luke."

Another similar case was in 1844, when a hog case was being tried

in the court house. The attorney for the prosecution was Jude Hall, of Upper Sandusky, the stealing having occurred in the Wyandot part of Crawford. In his speech to the jury he said, "Why, gentlemen of the jury, you may put one foot upon Hercules and the other upon Jupiter and lay your telescope astraddle of the sun and gaze over this wide creation and you can't find as mean a man as John Smith."

This same gentleman, in a case at Bucyrus, thus alluded to the opposing counsel, "Why, your honor, he's a mere circumstance—a fabric—a ruta бага."

A similar illustration occurred at Bucyrus years later. An important case was on, and John R. Clymer was one of the attorneys, and speaking of one of the young attorneys of the opposition, with a wave of the hand he brushed him aside with the remark, "He amounts to no more in this case than a fly on a flywheel."

Josiah Scott once went to Osceola to try a case before Squire Tuttle, and after he had made his eloquent and convincing argument, as he thought, to the jury, the opposing counsel spoke of the effort of the future supreme judge in the following vigorous style, "The gentleman may roar like a salamander; but my decisions are adamant, and must prevail."

Of the early lawyers, Isaac H. Allen died in Bucyrus in 1828.

John H. Morrison, soon after he left the treasurer's office, went to Findlay. He was a very fair lawyer, not one of the ablest in those early days, but had a keen tongue. At one time he was conducting a case in which he became very much interested, and after the evidence was all in he was satisfied he would lose, so he opened his remarks to the jury about as follows: "May it please the court, by the perjury of witnesses, the ignorance of the jury, and the corruption of the court, I expect to be beaten in this case." Here the judge, who was Patrick G. Goode, interrupted him with the remark, "What is that you say, Mr. Morrison?" The latter coolly replied, "That is all I have to say—on that point," and he commenced his address to his ignorant jury.

At another time he had a separation case where the wife had taken the child and the husband wanted it, so Morrison, for the husband, got out a writ of replevin, and the sheriff seized the child and two disinterested parties were appointed to appraise the value of it; they failed to agree, and two more were appointed, with a like result. While the third set of appraisers were at work a brother of the mother of the child grabbed the infant, and mounting his horse, started away at full speed. Morrison gazed after the vanishing horseman and remarked: "There goes my case—I could replevin the devil out of hell, if I could only get appraisers to put a value on him."

Charles Stanberg was known as the "linsey woolsey lawyer," as he appeared in court wearing a suit of that material. Both he and Michael Flick left at an early date.

Josiah Scott arrived in June, 1829. One of his first cases was before Squire James Stewart, two miles east of Bucyrus. He walked out and back. His client was Charles Bacon, and Scott asked him if he thought \$1.50 was too much to charge for his services. Bacon thought not, and the charge was made, but Scott overlooked the collecting of the bill for years. He was a great student and at times very absent-minded. In 1840 he was a member of the legislature, and on one of his trips to Columbus, George Lauck, who was county treasurer,

gave him a package containing the money for his semi-annual settlement with the state treasurer. Reaching Columbus he took the package from his saddle bags and put it in his pocket before going in to breakfast. After he left the dining-room he found the money was gone. He hurried back and fortunately found the package under the table, it having slipped from his pocket. At another time he had business at Marion and he hung up his coat in the hotel office and went to bed. The next morning the coat was still there, but the pocketbook containing \$500 was gone.

Scott was a great friend of the Indians, who called him "Big Head," as he wore a No. 8 hat. He used to take part in their sports, and in all their cases he was their attorney. One of the Indians named a son Josiah Scott, and when the Wyandots went west in 1813 Josiah accompanied them. Mr. Scott was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, in 1803 and graduated with high honors from Jefferson college, Pennsylvania, in 1821. He taught in that college, studied law, and was admitted to the bar. He located at Bucyrus in 1829.

When the war over the Michigan boundary came up in 1835, Mr. Scott raised a company, but the matter was settled by the courts and the company was not needed. In 1840 he represented the county in the legislature, and about 1851 went to Hamilton, Butler county, Ohio, where he continued the practice of his profession.

In 1856 he was appointed by Governor Chase a judge of the supreme court to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Ranney, and in October of the same year he was elected to serve the full term of five years, being subsequently re-elected in 1861 and 1866. He returned to Bucyrus in 1870 and at the close of his last term as judge resumed practice at the bar. In 1876 he was appointed by Governor Hayes as a member of the supreme court commission, a body composed of five judges, who in 1875 disposed of a part of the accumulated business then on the docket of the supreme court and having the same jurisdiction and power in respect to such business as the supreme court itself. Elected chief judge for one year by his associate members of the commission, he served ably in that capacity and subsequently remained a member of the commission until February 1, 1879, the close of its term.

Judge Scott was an eloquent advocate and an able and learned lawyer and jurist. He was a man of excellent education and fine mathematician, and well read in the classics. He was, moreover, a Christian gentleman, an elder for years in the Presbyterian church, of genial disposition, sparkling wit, and endowed by nature with a fine presence. His active professional career covered a period of half a century, the great part of which time was spent in this community, and no man was better understood and more highly appreciated and esteemed. He died June 15, 1879.

George Sweney was born near Gettysburg, Pa., in 1796. After graduating at Dickinson college he studied law and was admitted to the bar. Beginning about 1820 he practiced his profession for ten years at Gettysburg. In 1830 he came to Bucyrus, where he continued in his profession. He was elected prosecuting attorney, and while holding that office in 1836 was elected a member of Congress from the 14th Ohio district, being re-elected in 1840. In 1853 he removed to Geneseo, Illinois, but after an absence of three years returned and was again



elected prosecuting attorney. After his term in this office he retired from the bar. He died in Bucyrus, Ohio, October 10, 1877. Mr. Sweney was a man of fine assurance, honorable character and amiable manners. He was a good lawyer, but his tastes inclined him more to the study of science and literature than the practice of his profession, which was always more or less distasteful to him. He was plain and domestic in his habits and was never so well contented as when engaged in his favorite studies in the quiet retirement of his own home.

John Smith came in 1832, but did not practice law until later. At first he kept a dry goods store on the west lot of where Quinby block now is. He was later elected justice of the peace and his offices were located in a frame building just west of Rowse block. He was a fine lawyer and did much in the way of conveyance, writing wills and settling estates. He was an exceedingly conscientious and upright citizen. He was a widower, and his daughter kept house for him.

In August, 1837, Franklin Adams located in Bucyrus and had his office opposite the court house, boarding when he first arrived with Samuel Norton, and when the Lutherans sold their property opposite the court house, in 1858, he bought the balance of the corner and built the brick building which was his office for so many years. In 1838 he was appointed prosecuting attorney, succeeding George Sweney, who had been elected to that office and re-elected for two more terms. He died in 1908, having been a member of the Bucyrus bar for over seventy years.

John M. Armstrong practiced law in Bucyrus from 1838 to 1843. He was a graduate of Norwalk seminary and had studied his profession under Judge James Stewart, of Mansfield, and graduated at the Cincinnati law school. He was well educated and an accomplished man, but was partly Indian blood, his father, Robert Armstrong, who had been taken prisoner by the Indians, having married a quarter-blood Wyandot woman. In 1839 he was a Whig candidate for prosecuting attorney against Franklin Adams, but was defeated. He moved west in 1843, with the Wyandot Indians, to where the town of Wyandot, Kansas, now stands. A few years later he died at Mansfield, where he had stopped for a visit while on his way back from Washington, having gone there on business in connection with the Indians. His wife was a daughter of Rev. Russell Bigelow, a prominent Methodist preacher in the early days.

In the spring of 1844 the Bucyrus bar was strengthened by the addition of Lawrence W. Hall, who came here from Cuyahoga county. He was elected prosecuting attorney for the county; he held that position by successive elections from October, 1845, to October, 1851.

Under the new constitution he was elected a judge of the common pleas court and served in that office until February, 1857. He was a member of the national house of representatives, being elected in 1856. He subsequently continued the practice of law in Bucyrus until his death, January 18, 1863. Judge Hall was a successful practitioner and was a politician as well as a lawyer. He was kind and genial in disposition; was very popular and was noted for his urbane manners while on the bench. Being associated with the party that was opposed to the prosecution of the war for the preservation of the Union, he was arrested in 1862 and for a number of weeks was nominally held as a political prisoner at Camp Mansfield, but allowed to go about on parole.

Josiah S. Plants came from his father's farm in Liberty township to Bucyrus and worked at the trade of shoemaker, and while at work kept a law book beside him from which he studied. Later he was taken from his shoemaker's bench to teach in the schools. He then read law under Josiah Scott and was admitted to the bar and in 1844 began the practice of law in Bucyrus.

In the fall of 1858 he was elected judge of the common pleas court for a five-year term beginning February, 1859. He was distinguished for industry, honesty of purpose, devotion to his friends, affability to his clients, and earnestness and force as a public speaker. His promising career was unfortunately cut short, his death taking place August 23, 1863, as the result of wounds received by the accidental discharge of a gun while hunting in Indiana.

Samuel J. Elliott began law practice at Bucyrus in August, 1857. In August of the following year he was appointed probate judge of Crawford county by Governor Chase to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of P. S. Marshall. Mr. Elliott for a long time was the only Republican who ever held the office in the court house since the Republican party was formed. He held the office until October 18, 1858. When his successor was elected and qualified. In 1859 he removed to Wapakoneta, where he subsequently died.

Abraham Summers commenced the practice of law in Bucyrus in 1850. He was elected prosecuting attorney for Crawford county in 1855, and was re-elected in 1857. He was afterwards twice elected probate judge in 1860 and 1863. Later he removed to Hicksville, Ohio, where he died.

Abner M. Jackson, admitted to the bar in September, 1854, began practice in Bucyrus in 1855. He served as auditor of Crawford county and was elected prosecuting attorney of the county in October, 1859. In 1871 he was elected judge of the fourth sub-division of the third district of the common pleas court, composed of Crawford, Hancock, Marion, Seneca, Wood and Wyandot counties. In 1874 he resigned and removed to Cleveland, Ohio; from there he went to Silverton, Colorado, where he died.

Robert Lee, born in 1805 in Butler county, Pa., in 1823 removed with his father's family to Leesville, then in Richland county. In early manhood he was engaged in various business enterprises. In 1836 he was elected a member of the Ohio legislature for Richland county and was re-elected in 1837. For ten years, beginning with 1839 he held the office of justice of the peace. In 1849 he was elected by the legislature associate judge of the court of common pleas of Crawford county and held that office until February, 1852, when it was abolished by the new Constitution of the state. In 1853 he was elected state senator for Crawford, Seneca and Wyandot counties and was chosen president pro tem of the senate May 1, 1854, serving during the illness of Lieutenant Governor Myers. He was admitted to the bar by the supreme court May 3, 1854, but he devoted very little time to the profession of the law. For one term he served as mayor of Crestline. In 1869 he was elected probate judge of Crawford county, being re-elected in 1872 and made his home at Bucyrus until his death.

John Hopley came to Bucyrus in 1856 as superintendent of the union schools. He was admitted to the bar in 1858; began practice in partnership with A. M. Jackson. In 1862 he visited in England on pro-

fessional business. On his return in the fall of the same year he accepted a clerkship in the Treasury Department. At Washington he became secretary in the office of Secretary Chase, giving special attention to the subject of finance. He was afterwards transferred to the currency bureau and had charge of the statistical division. In 1864 he resigned and engaged in a New York City banking establishment. In 1866 he was appointed examiner of the national banks for the southern states and Kansas. In September, 1867 he purchased an interest in the Bucyrus Journal and became its editor and the following May sole proprietor of the office. He died at his home in Bucyrus June 3, 1904.

Daniel W. Swigart, born in Franklin county, Pa., in 1824 came to Crawford county in the fall of 1846. He was appointed deputy clerk of the court in which position he served until April, 1848, when he became clerk and held the office until January, 1852, when it became an elective office under the new Constitution. Having graduated from the Cincinnati Law School he was admitted to the bar in June, 1852, and at once opened an office in Bucyrus. During the Civil War he served in the quartermaster's department with headquarters at Cincinnati, and was president of the Atlanta & Lake Erie Railway Company from September, 1869, to August, 1873. He died very suddenly November 25, 1880.

Jacob Scroggs was born at Canton, Ohio, 1827, and came to Bucyrus with his father's family in 1839. He was variously occupied for several years, and in the meanwhile studied law, being graduated from the Cincinnati Law School in 1854. He was admitted to the bar in Hamilton county in 1855, began the practice of his profession in Bucyrus. He was several times elected mayor of the village. He served during the greater part of the Civil War as chairman of the Crawford County Military Committee, and in 1864 and 1880 was presidential elector for this district.

Stephen R. Harris was born in Stark county in 1824. He finished his college education at Western Reserve college in 1846, and having read law with his uncle, John Harris, at Canton, Ohio, was admitted to the bar in 1849. In the same year he opened an office in Bucyrus, being in partnership with Josiah Scott, their association being continued up to the time of the latter's death, except during the time Judge Scott was on the bench of the supreme court and a member of the supreme court commission.

In 1895 Mr. Harris was elected to Congress from this district, serving one term. He died at his home in Bucyrus January 15, 1905.

Thomas Beer began practice of law in Bucyrus in 1862, coming to the county as editor of the Forum in 1863. He was elected a member of the legislature and was re-elected in 1865. He represented Crawford county in the constitutional convention of 1873, and as a member of the committees on judicial and municipal corporations showed his great legal ability. In August, 1874, he was appointed by Governor Allen a judge of the fourth sub-division of the third district of the common pleas court, composed of Crawford, Hancock, Warren, Seneca, Wood and Wyandot counties, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge A. M. Jackson in October of the same year, who was elected by the people to fill the remainder of the term expiring in February, 1877. In the fall of 1876 he was elected to a full term of five years and re-

elected in 1881. In 1885 he was elected to the circuit bench and re-elected, serving until 1893.

Frank S. Monnett was graduated from Delaware University, read law in Bucyrus and was elected city solicitor. In 1896 he was elected attorney-general of the state and re-elected in 1898, and after his term of office expired, made his home in Columbus.

Smith W. Bennett read law in Bucyrus, was admitted to the bar in 1897; went to Columbus as assistant attorney-general and chief counsel in that office and after ten years' service made his home in Columbus.

David Cahill was admitted to the bar in December, 1860, and practiced law in Bucyrus until April, 1865. He then went west, spending two years in California and Oregon, subsequently returning to Bucyrus he resumed practice in June, 1867. In the fall of 1873 he was elected clerk of the court of common pleas of Crawford county and held that position from February, 1874, until February, 1880, after he had returned to the practice of law.

Ebenezer B. Finley was born at Orrville, Wayne county, Ohio, in 1833. Some years of his earlier life were spent in the west. In 1859 he located in Bucyrus, and having studied law under his uncle, Stephen R. Harris, was admitted to the bar in June, 1861. In the fall of that year he recruited a military company. He was elected first lieutenant to the company, becoming part of the 64th Regiment, O. V. I. The regiment was present at the battle of Shiloh. Disabled by an accident Mr. Finley retired from the service in September, 1862, and resumed the practice of law in Bucyrus, and was mayor of the village for two years. He was twice elected to Congress in 1876 and 1878, and as a member of the house of representatives distinguished himself by his speeches on various public questions during his second term as chairman of the committee on public expenditures. In 1884 he was appointed adjutant general of the state under Governor Hoadley and had charge of the Ohio troops at Cincinnati, when the rioters burned the Hamilton county court house. In 1896 he was elected circuit judge to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Judge Henry W. Seney.

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### *Seneca County*

THE opening of the circuit court in the Hedges building in Virgin alley, April 12, 1824, marks the beginning of the history of the courts and bar of Seneca county.

Judge Ebenezer Lane and Associate Judges William Cornell, Matthew Clark and Jaques Hulvert opened court on April 12th; Neil McGaffey was appointed clerk. A. Ingraham, who was elected sheriff a few days prior to April 12, opened the term in regular form. The first case on record was that of Josiah Hedges against Jesse Spencer. It was tried in chancery before Judge Ebenezer Lane September 21, 1824, on a bill filed May 3, 1824, in the clerk's office. R. Dickinson, for the defendant, filed his demurrer denying the sufficiency of the plaintiff's case, as well as the authority of the court. In April, 1825, the plaintiff withdrew the suit and the defendant was empowered to recover costs. The next entry is made May 1, 1826, in the case of

Thomas Butler against Josiah Hedges and Jesse Spencer. The plaintiff was represented by C. Boalt and O. Parish, R. Dickinson, representing the defendant.

In June, 1826, the case was still before the courts, Andrew Coffinberry representing Hedges. In May, 1827, a demurrer was sustained. In March of that year the case of Spencer against McNeil was concluded, the complaint being that the former left a note for \$150 value on the counter of the latter, which was taken by McNeill. The plaintiff alleged that he delivered to him another note of \$900, both of which McNeill refused to account for. Andrew Coffinberry was for the plaintiff, and Dickinson was for McNeill. The bill was dismissed with costs, it being apparent to the court that the defendant had settled such notes.

A number of other suits relating to other light offenses and petty criminal charges occupied the attention of the judges in the early days, until the office of associate judge was abolished.

The first bill filed for naturalization of citizenship was that of William Doyle, an Irishman, in September, 1824. There was never a more demonstrative or devout pronouncement of loyalty to any government, or a more earnest determination to be true to his new citizenship that that made by the said Doyle before the court of common pleas.

Before the close of 1834 a large number of cases for gaming of money and property were before the courts, also for selling liquor without license. A few cases of charivari, assault and battery, etc., were heard.

The pioneer lawyer was a mixture of the sublime and the ridiculous. Like actors, these old lawyers could appear as mad as hatters or as mild as lambs, but in both conditions they remained the pioneer lawyer still, treating each other with childlike kindness out of court, but in court, imbued with the fuel of their client's case, they fumed and fretted, roared at and badgered witnesses, and made the neighborhood of the court seem a very Babel. The presiding judge was sometimes subjected to their peculiar good-natured jokes, and the old associate judges never escaped their shafts of wit.

Some of the names the old bar had for the old associate judges were "broomsticks," or "Judge Lane's brms," and sundry equal uncomplimentary designations.

From early morning until late at night, no matter whether they were traveling or sitting in court, hotel, or private house—the lawyer of the early days never lost an opportunity to laugh at someone's expense, and thus, while winning their fees they treated the people to a circus performance which presented more solid side-splitting fun than all Barnum's funny men could ever produce in a week. The journeys of the court and bar to the remote places through a country in its primitive state were unavoidably attended with fatigue and exposure. They generally traveled with five and six in company, and with a pack horse to transport such necessities as their own horses could not conveniently carry, because no dependence could be placed upon obtaining supplies enroute. Although they frequently passed through Indian camps and villages, it was not safe to rely on them for assistance, although occasionally small quantities of corn could be purchased for horse feed, but even that relief was precarious, and could not be relied on. In passing from one county seat to another there were generally

from six to eight lawyers kept ten days to two weeks in the wilderness. At all seasons of the year they were compelled to swim over water in their way, which was too deep to be forded. The country was wholly destitute of bridges and various travelers had to rely on their horses as the substitute for those conveniences. This fact made it common for the lawyer when purchasing a horse, to ask if the animal was a good swimmer, which was considered one of the most valuable qualities of a saddle horse.

On July 28, 1826, Judge Charles R. Sherman and Jacob Burnet held the first term of supreme court in this county. The whole bar of northwestern Ohio prepared at Tiffin to attend the session. Mr. Rawson was appointed prosecuting attorney during the term.

There were nine judicial districts formed under the Constitution of 1850; the first of which embraced Seneca and it was redistricted in 1853, when this county, with Wood, Hancock, Wyandot and Crawford was placed in the third subdivision of the third judicial, with Lawrence W. Hall judge of the district. Judge N. C. Whiteley was elected in October, 1856. In April, 1857 an act was passed providing for the election of an additional judge for this district, and in the fall of that year George E. Seney was elected judge of common pleas court.

Josiah S. Plants was elected in the second subdivision in October, 1858. In 1866 Charles R. Mott was elected. A. M. Jackman was chosen in 1871. When Judge Jackson resigned Judge Thomas Beer was elected. James Pillar was elected without opposition in 1872. Thomas Beer defeated Josiah Scott in 1874, and he was re-elected without opposition in 1876. Henry Dodge was elected in 1877, and John McCauley was one of the judges of the first subdivision of the 10th district.

In 1882 Judge Henry Dodge was elected, and in 1883 George F. Pendleton was chosen, and he was re-elected in 1884.

Going back to the judges under the first constitution for a time we find the name of Judge Ozias Bowen, whose district comprised Seneca, Sandusky, Erie, Marion and Crawford counties, who succeeded Judge Higgins. He opened the spring term April 2, 1838, at Tiffin, and he was president judge of the district until November, 1851, when he retired after 14 years' service. Moses H. Kirby was chairman, and R. G. Pennington, secretary of the committee of the board, also comprising Cooper K. Watson, J. Plants, J. D. Spears, R. M. Kelly and J. P. Pillars, that presented Judge Rawson with an address on his retirement. He was born in Oneida county, New York, July 23, 1805, and died at Marion, Ohio, September 26, 1871. His career was marked by kindness and courtesy to all.

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### *Lorain County*

The first term of common pleas court in Lorain county was held in 1824. The details are set forth in official records as follows:

Be it remembered that on the 24th day of May, in the year 1824, at Elyria, in the county of Lorain, in pursuance of a statute law of the state of Ohio, passed on the 10th day of February, in the year aforesaid, entitled "An act regulating the time of holding judicial court,"

the first court of common pleas in and for said county of Lorain was opened in due form by the sheriff thereof, Josiah Harris, holding the said court: Geo. Tod, president of the court of common pleas for a third circuit in this state, in which circuit is the said county of Lorain; and his associates, Moses Eldred, Henry Brown and Frederick Hamlin, before which court the following proceedings were read, to wit: "Woolsey Wells, an attorney of record in the court, was appointed the attorney to prosecute the case of the state for this county during the pleasure of the court." Mr. Wells was also appointed clerk of the court.

At the March term, 1830, Hon. Reuben Wood took his seat as presiding judge, with the same associates as before given. Herman Ely became associate judge in the fall of 1830, and in April, 1831, Josiah Harris and E. W. Hubbard commenced their terms as Judge Wood's associates. In the spring of 1834, Hon. Ezra Dean was president judge; Heman Ely, Josiah Harris and Franklin Wells, associates; Ozias Long was appointed associate judge in the spring of 1835, and Daniel John J. Johns in 1837; in 1840 Hon. John W. Wiley became the presiding judge and died in office, July 9, 1841. Hon. Reuben Hitchcock filled the vacancy until January, 1842, when he was succeeded by Hon. Benjamin Bissell, with Franklin Wells, Daniel J. Johns and Joseph L. Whiton as associates. In the May term of 1845, Elijah Dewitt and Daniel T. Baldwin became associate judges and in the April term, 1848, Benj. C. Perkins was appointed.

Hon. Philamon Bliss became the president judge in May, 1849, and William Day, associate. Under the Constitution of 1851 the office of the associate judge was abolished and that of the court of common pleas was made effective for a term of five years. The common pleas bench, under the provisions of the first constitution, drew to itself much ability. Its old composition, with three associates drawn from the ranks of citizens, brought the presiding judge in close touch with the people and enabled him more effectually to advance his public ambitions, if his aims were in that direction, than under the present constitution, by which the judge is elected.

The first to serve Lorain county as head of the courts were such men as George Tod, of Trumbull county: he had been on the state supreme bench before he presided over the common pleas court; Reuben Wood, of Cuyahoga county, afterwards chief justice of the state supreme court, and governor of the commonwealth; John W. Wiley, first mayor of Cleveland, and Reuben Hitchcock, of Painesville. Hon. Philamon Bliss was the last presiding judge of the court of common pleas under the old constitution. Prior to going on the bench he had been for years a mayor and was one worthy of individual county pride. He entered the practice of law in 1841, and in the winter of 1848-49 Philamon was elected by the general assembly presiding judge of the 14th judicial district. This embraced the counties of Lorain, Lake, Cuyahoga and Geauga. The constitution created the office of probate judge, and in October, 1851, he was elected to the new judgeship. Judge Bliss's first official act as probate judge bears the date of March 5, 1852, and it constituted the granting of a license to Rev. William O'Connor, Catholic priest, authorizing him to solemnize marriages. Judge Bliss was succeeded by Judge William F. Lockwood in November, 1854, the former having been elected a member of the 34th Congress. In 1865

Judge Bliss was re-elected. He was quiet, industrious and straight-forward, and thoroughly able, and he gained the confidence of his fellow-members of both the south and north during that period of gathering conflict.

In 1861, President Lincoln appointed Judge Bliss chief justice of Dakota territory, but after organizing the courts, the appointee resigned in 1864 and moved to St. Joseph, Missouri, where he engaged in newspaper work and proved a strong force in holding the state in the line of free states and as a supporter of the Union. In the fall of 1868 Judge Bliss was elected judge of the supreme court of Missouri. In 1872 he was elected professor of law in the Missouri state university and dean of the law faculty.

Horace D. Clark was a delegate from Lorain county to the constitutional convention in 1851. He was one of the ablest and best known lawyers in northern Ohio. At that time he had been practicing seventeen years in Elyria.

Among the most prominent occupants of the common pleas bench in Lorain county were Stevenson Burke and Washington W. Boynton, whose experiences were somewhat similar, both having made their broadest reputation as lawyers in Cleveland after their retirement from the bench. Judge Burke was a New York man, born November 26, 1826, in St. Lawrence county. In 1834 his father moved to Ohio and settled with his family in Ridgeville, Warren county, where he resided until his death in 1875.

Judge Burke was elected judge of the common pleas court and held that position from February, 1862, to January, 1869. On going to Cleveland he formed a partnership with Hon. F. T. Baclus and E. J. Estep. The association was dissolved by the death of Mr. Baclus in May, 1870, but was continued with Mr. Estep until 1875, after which Mr. Burke practiced alone. From the first he took a high standing among lawyers of the northern Ohio bar. He practiced in all state courts, carrying considerable litigation before the supreme court of the United States. He was general counsel and director of the old Cleveland & Mahoning Valley Railway Company; he also was general counsel and director of the Big 4 railroad; he was also president of the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railroad. Other railroads claimed his valuable services.

Judge Washington W. Boynton commenced practice nearly 60 years ago. He was born in Warren county, January 27, 1833. He was the son of General Lewis and Ruth Boynton. He was admitted to the bar in 1856. Not long afterwards he formed a partnership with General L. A. Sheldon, with whom he practiced until 1861. From 1859 until 1863 Mr. Boynton served as prosecuting attorney. In 1869 Governor Hayes appointed him judge of the common pleas court to succeed Judge Burke, who had resigned. In October, 1876, he was elected judge of the state supreme court. Ill health compelled him to resign in November, 1881. Upon retiring from the supreme bench, Judge Boynton located in Cleveland and his former law partner, John C. Hale, joined him in the practice of their profession. In the succeeding fifteen years the firms of Boynton & Hale, and Boynton, Hale & Horr, became widely known throughout the state. Retiring from the practice in Cleveland, he erected a large, attractive residence at North Ridgeville. He lived there for some time, and finally moved to Elyria. In 1865 to nothing of principle left in the rule itself. He therefore held that the



1867 he represented Lorain county at the state legislature, and first offered the resolution eliminating the color line from the constitution.

John C. Hale, Judge Boynton's old law partner, also succeeded the latter as common pleas judge in 1877; he had no superior in his day in Warren county as a strong and honorable member of his profession, whether on the bench or at the bar. Among other lawyers of note were William F. Lockwood, Lionel A. Sheldon, John W. Steele, L. B. Smith, Joe Tiffany, John M. Vincent, Joseph H. Dickson, Reuben Mussey, S. J. Andrews, A. A. Bliss, Edw. S. Hamlin, Judson D. Benedict, Myron R. Keith, Joshua Myers, John V. Coon, J. C. Hill, Fred Webster and Roswell G. Horr.

The Oberlin-Wellington rescue case was one of the foremost ones in the annals of Lorain county. John Price, a fugitive slave from Kentucky, had been some time in Oberlin, when by some ruse he was seized by the United States marshal and his deputy, accompanied by two Kentuckians, who represented his master. The slave was driven over to Wellington, eight miles away, where he was made a prisoner at the Wadsworth hotel, it being intended to take him south by the first train and introduce him to slavery. There was a large crowd at Wellington, attracted by a fire, and as soon as they received word of the state of affairs at the hotel where the slave was held, the crowd, reinforced from Oberlin, surrounded the temporary prison and rescued the fugitive. Thirteen persons in Wellington and 24 in Oberlin, all leading citizens, were indicted by the United States district court, on the charge of aiding in the rescue. Their cases were called at Cleveland on April 5. The Wellington defendants were considered more as assistants than principals in the rescue of the slave, and were fined \$20 and costs each and sent to jail for twenty-four hours. Simon Bushnell, of Oberlin, and Mr. Langston, made strong speeches defending their causes, and were convicted and sentenced, the former to sixty days in prison, with a fine of \$600, and the latter to pay a \$100 fine and to serve a twenty-day sentence. Twelve of the Oberlin men remained in jail at Cleveland, but all the prisoners had a rather enjoyable time.

These convictions aroused the people throughout northern Ohio, who were opposed to slavery, and on the 24th day of May an immense mass meeting was held in Cleveland to give expression to the sentiment that prevailed. Governor Chase, of Ohio, and Hon. Joshua R. Giddings and others addressed the committee and the feelings of the community were aroused to a high pitch of excitement. Visitors came in from all parts of the state to see the prisoners, sympathize with them, and make their imprisonment comfortable. A demonstration occurred in favor of Mr. Fitch, of Oberlin, a man who had been superintendent of the Congregational Sunday school there for sixteen years. Children numbering 400 went to Cleveland in a body, marched into the jail and the corridors for a call on their beloved superintendent. Every effort possible was made to get the prisoners from the jurisdiction of the federal court through the agency of the state supreme court. A writ of habeas corpus was granted by one of the judges of the supreme court, commanding the sheriff to bring Bushnell and Langston before that court that the reason for their imprisonment might be considered. The case was argued pro and con at Columbus for a week, but the court by a vote of 3 to 2 declined to grant a release. This was a severe blow to the men in the jail, who had counted with much confidence upon

relief from the state supreme court. Salmon P. Chase was governor at the time, and it was well understood that he would sustain a decision releasing the prisoners by all the powers at his command; and the United States government was as fully committed to the execution of the fugitive slave law, and danger of a conflict between Ohio and the federal government in defense of state's rights seemed imminent while the case was under consideration at Columbus. If the party of freedom throughout the north had rallied, as seemed possible, the war might have come in 1858 instead of 1861, with the secession of the northern instead of the southern states, but as no sufficient proof of title to the slave, John Price, had been presented by the claimant, who had issued his power of attorney to the Kentuckians, the prisoners were all released on the 6th day of July, 1858. Four men who had seized Price had been indicted on the charge of kidnapping in Warren, but by mutual consent all further proceedings were dropped. On their arrival at their home town, the 6th day of July, 1858, the Oberlin men who had been imprisoned were escorted to the First Congregational church, where the people of the village gave way to their enthusiasm in song and prayer.

## SOME MEN WHO HAVE ELEVATED THE OHIO BENCH AND BAR

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**S**ONS of the Buckeye State have won fame both at home and abroad. The commonwealth is now known as the mother of presidents on account of the large number of its sons who have been elevated to the presidential chair in Washington. The bar probably has made more contributions to the galaxy of statesmen who have won national and international fame than has any other of the professions. The bar of the state has always been the peer of any in the Union and the bench has been graced by men of great scholarly and legal attainments.

There will be set forth in this chapter, sketches of some of the jurists and members of the bar who have passed beyond. It is, of course, impossible to include in this list, all the jurists and attorneys who have passed away in recent years after rising to places of honor, and if the names of any distinguished members of the profession are omitted, the omission is on account of the lack of space.

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### MORRISON R. WAITE, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.

Judge Waite was appointed Chief Justice in January, 1874, to succeed Justice Chase. He was born in Lyme, Connecticut, November 29, 1816. His father, Henry Matson Waite, was also a native of Lyme, a graduate of Yale College, who practiced law in his native town with large success; filling the offices successively of representative and senator in the state legislature; receiving appointment in 1834 as judge of the Supreme Court of Errors, and later being elected Chief Justice by unanimous vote of the legislature, a position which he held until the age limit of seventy years was reached. Members of the Waite family generally were great men, and men of strong character and upright lives. The mother of Morrison R. Waite was a granddaughter of Colonel Samuel Selden, who commanded a Connecticut regiment in the Revolutionary army; was made prisoner of war in September, 1776, and died the following month. Judge Waite was graduated from Yale in 1837, in a class comprising William M. Evarts, Edward Pierrepont, Samuel J. Tilden, Benjamin Silliman, and others more or less distinguished. He took up the study of law in his father's office, but in 1838 came west and settled at Maumee, Ohio, where he renewed his studies in the office of Samuel M. Young. He was admitted to the Bar in 1839, and formed a partnership with his preceptor. The practice of that time involved travel on horseback to the different counties of the circuit and the management of all kinds of cases. In 1850 Mr. Waite removed to Toledo, opening a branch office for his firm, and six years later, upon the retirement of his associate from practice, his brother, Richard Waite, became a partner. This association was continued until his appointment as Chief Justice, when his son, E. T. Waite, became the junior partner of his brother. Mr. Waite continued

in the practice and was very soon recognized throughout the state as one of the greatest lawyers at the Bar. He never was at any time a politician, and yet always had deep convictions upon the important questions which separated parties. He was first a Whig and afterwards a Republican; was elected representative in the state legislature in 1849 and served with special credit. He was a candidate for delegate to the Constitutional Convention of 1850, but defeated simply on account of politics. Throughout the war he was the very earnest supporter of Mr. Lincoln's administration, and was especially in sympathy with his policy of making the preservation of the Union, and not the abolition of slavery, the paramount issue of the war. He was chosen by the Republicans who represented that policy as a candidate for Congress in 1862, but was defeated. In 1863 he declined the position of judge of the Supreme Court of Ohio, tendered by Governor Brough. Although his practice had been within the borders of Ohio almost entirely, his reputation as an able constitutional lawyer had become national; so that in December, 1871, he was appointed by President Grant one of counsel representing the United States in the arbitration at Geneva, where the claim of the government against Great Britain for the depredations committed by the "Alabama" was submitted. Before that tribunal he demonstrated large capacity, entire familiarity with the case and a wide knowledge of international law. There was no more effective presentation of the government's case than the one made by Morrison R. Waite. When the award was finally settled by the board of arbitration he returned to Toledo and resumed his law practice. As evidence of his growth among the people of his own section of the state it is only necessary to mention the fact that he was elected without opposition, in 1873, to the convention called to revise the Constitution of the state, and when that convention assembled in Cincinnati he was chosen president. While serving as presiding officer he was nominated by President Grant for Chief Justice, although he had taken no steps to secure the position and was not aware that his name was seriously considered by the President. Members of the convention over which he presided were greatly pleased with the honor conferred upon him and a resolution was introduced expressing approbation of his nomination. This resolution he very promptly ruled out of order. It is a singular fact that Mr. Waite was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court only one year before his nomination as Chief Justice, and his admission was upon the motion of Caleb Cushing; and Caleb Cushing's name had been sent to the Senate as the successor of Chief Justice Chase, and then withdrawn by the President just before Waite's nomination. Mr. Waite assumed the duties of Chief Justice March 4, 1874, and continued to discharge them with marked ability until his death in 1888. He brought to the position a very large mental capacity, and powers of physical endurance almost unequalled. Naturally strong and well knit as to his organism, he had been trained in early life by hard work and had become thoroughly seasoned by the exercise and toil incident to his early practice. His life had always been free from vicious habits and he was therefore strong, symmetrical and perfect in the development of a powerful physique. His experiences in the rough and tumble contests of the forum had contributed to his qualification for the labor and the acumen necessary to the correct decision of important questions submitted to the highest court. He took up the work courageously, exhibiting always ability, industry and patience in the discharge of his duty. He possessed the dignity of character and of manner which commanded respect. Under his guidance the business of the court was transacted with harmony among the judges, and decisions were reached with as much facility as at any period of the court's history. He wrote many of the decisions himself, and all of them passed the scrutiny of the critics and were accepted without complaint as the law of the land by all parties interested. Judge Waite had a very exalted estimate of the character and responsibilities of the office of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. He regarded it so reverently as not to lend himself to any movement on the part of his friends to make him a candidate for President. He was not ambitious to be chief executive of the nation, and as a matter of principle he declined with great positiveness to permit the use of his name in that connection. He averred it was dangerous to have a judge look beyond the judiciary in his personal ambition. In all that pertained to the duties of his office he was sincere, honest, painstaking

and capable. His usefulness was the more conspicuous because he was satisfied with the honors conferred and was unselfish throughout his public life. Judge Waite was married September 21, 1840, with Amelia C., daughter of Samuel Selden Warner, of Lyme, Connecticut.

### RUFUS P. RANNEY, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.

Among all the illustrious names preserved in the records of the Supreme Court of the State none is higher, nobler or purer than "Rufus P. Ranney." He died at his home in Cleveland on the sixth day of December, 1891, at the age of seventy-eight years. As a man, as a lawyer, as a judge, and as a statesman, he left a record without a blemish; a character above reproach; and a reputation as a jurist and statesman which but few members of the Bar have attained. Judge Ranney came from New England, a land of robust men of wonderful physical and mental fiber and endurance. He was born at Blandford, Hampden county, Massachusetts, on the 30th day of October, 1813. His father was a farmer, of Scotch descent. In 1822 the family moved to Ohio, which was then a "western frontier." They settled in Portage county. By chopping cord-wood at twenty-five cents per cord, he earned the money to enter the Western Reserve College, but, for want of means, he could not complete the college course. He made up his mind to study law; and at the age of twenty-one he entered the law office of Joshua R. Giddings and Benjamin F. Wade and began his preparation for admission to the Bar, and in 1836 he was admitted. Mr. Giddings having been elected to Congress, the firm of Giddings & Wade was dissolved, and, upon Mr. Wade's suggestion, he and young Ranney entered into partnership. This firm was the leading law firm in northeastern Ohio. In 1845 Wade was elected judge of the Court of Common Pleas. Shortly afterward Ranney removed to Warren, Trumbull county, which was the chief center of business and wealth in that section of the state. He at once commanded a large practice. In 1846, and again in 1848, he was nominated as a candidate for Congress; but his party being hopelessly in the minority, the opposing candidate was elected. In 1850 he was elected, from Trumbull and Geauga counties, a delegate to the convention which had been called to revise and amend the Constitution of the State. In this convention he served with distinction on the committees on the judiciary, on revision, on amendments, and others. His associates on the committee on the judiciary were Stanbery, Swan, Groesbeck and Kennon. Although he was then a young man, he was soon recognized as one of the leading members of the convention. In this body of distinguished lawyers, jurists and statesmen, there were few members who had as thorough knowledge of political science, constitutional law, political and judicial history, and the principles of jurisprudence, as Judge Ranney displayed in the debates of the convention. There was no more profound, acute and convincing reasoner on the floor of the convention, and in the committee rooms his suggestive and enlightened mind was invaluable. The amended Constitution conforms very nearly to the principles and provisions advocated by him. In March, 1851, he was elected by the general assembly judge of the Supreme Court, to succeed Judge Avery; and at the first election held under the amended Constitution in 1851, he was chosen to be one of the judges of the new Supreme Court. He was assigned the longest term and served until 1856, when he resigned and removed from Warren to Cleveland, where he resumed the practice of his profession as a member of the firm of Ranney, Backus & Noble. In 1859 he was the unsuccessful candidate of his party against William Dennison, for governor of the state. Three years afterward he was nominated, against his expressed desire, as a candidate for Supreme Judge. One of his partners, Franklin T. Backus, was nominated by the opposing party for the same office. To his own surprise, Judge Ranney was elected. He qualified, but resigned two years afterward, and resumed the practice of law in Cleveland. The demands upon his professional services were now more than he could comply with. Anything like a selfish regard for his own pecuniary interest would have induced him

to select for his attention the most important and lucrative business that was offered; but the needs of a man or woman in difficulty or distress were more likely to secure his devoted services than the offer of a large fee. When the Ohio State Bar Association was organized in the year 1881, he was unanimously elected its president. Towards the close of his life Judge Ranney gradually withdrew from the practice of his profession; but the urgent solicitation of some old friend, or an attack upon some important constitutional or legal principle, drew him occasionally from his library to the court room. The announcement that he was to make an argument never failed to bring together an audience of lawyers, eager to learn from him the art of forensic reasoning, of which he was a consummate and acknowledged master, and to be entertained and instructed by his sympathy and familiarity with the more recent advances in the science of jurisprudence.

Judge Ranney was a man of great simplicity of character, wholly free from affectation and assumption. He was a man of native modesty of character. He could have attained the highest standing in any pursuit or station requiring the exercise of the best intellectual and moral qualities; but his ambition was chastened and moderate, and he seemed to have no aspirations for official place or popular applause. While always dignified, he was a genial and companionable man, of fine wit and rare humor. He had singular powers of memory. Every fact, every rule, every principle, when once acquired, remained with him always. He combined extensive and varied general knowledge with remarkable accuracy of judgment. His originality of mind was not impaired by his accumulation of knowledge and the ideas of others. No man was more fearless in asserting the right, and in the performance of what he deemed his duty. His known integrity and honesty, and his never-failing common sense and sagacity in affairs of business, placed in his hands many weighty and responsible trusts, embracing important interests and large amounts of property. From the beginning of his career as a lawyer, by reason of the professional learning, the clear and persuasive method of reasoning, the nice power of discrimination, the strict sense of justice, the inflexible integrity, and the great practical wisdom which characterized and adorned all his efforts, he occupied the position of a leading representative of the Ohio Bar. He had remarkable power of analysis, and saw with the quickness of intuition the principles of law, as well as the right or morality of a controversy. In the argument of a cause he never made a useless parade of authorities. He used authorities only to illustrate principles. While Judge Ranney was on the bench he was one of the strongest administrative forces of the state government. He held a place of his own. He was a personal force whose power was profoundly felt in the administration of justice throughout the state. He made a deep and permanent impression on the jurisprudence of Ohio.

In the Constitutional Convention Judge Ranney was made a member of the committee on the judicial department, chairman of the committee on future amendments to the Constitution, and chairman of the committee on revision, enrollment and arrangement. His part in the convention was largely the result of his intense belief in democracy; not Democracy in a partisan sense, although that belief determined his party fealty also, but democracy in the first and best sense, as meaning government by the people. He trusted the people thoroughly, and although the character of the voting population of the state gradually changed before his death, his faith in the people continued to be so strong that he looked forward to the outcome of every struggle, in which both sides had a fair hearing, as sure to be wise and right.

It was Judge Ranney who first proposed to the constitutional convention that the creditors of corporations should be secured by the individual liability of stockholders, although the form and extent of the proposition were somewhat changed by amendment before its adoption. He met strong opposition from many delegates, who agreed with him that, as an abstract principle, it was right that stockholders should be responsible for the debts of their corporations, but contended that it was impolitic to so provide in the Constitution, because it would check public improvements. With terrific sarcasm he replied that to barter away principles in order to push forward prematurely works of public improvement

would be "making a most miserable swap," and with eloquence he denounced the abandonment of political principle in matters of legislation. He favored the proposition for the reformation of civil procedure. His ideal of a lawyer was high. In his opinion no one could occupy a respectable position in the legal profession without a knowledge of law as a science, which could be attained only by the most assiduous labor and application. He wanted the profession to be relieved of the miserable jargon and mystery of forms and technicalities, that it might be left to pursue the noble study of the rights of man, the rights of property and all the varied relations of life subject to legal regulations. He took an active part in the discussions on education, the elective franchise, capital punishment, levying poll taxes, finance and taxation, and the repeal of corporate franchises. His views upon all of these matters were pronounced, but the combined wisdom of all the delegates was wiser than the wisdom of any one; so in the closing hour of the convention he had occasion to say that after a careful review of the whole instrument, of all its parts, of every line and word, he believed before God and man that it was one of the best, if not the best, of the Constitutions of American States; and if the people of Ohio were not well governed thereafter, it would be the fault of the people, for the whole responsibility then and thereafter was upon them. He devoted his best thought and labor to the judicial article. His chief objection to it was that it removed the courts of last resort too far from the people. He objected to County Courts with such limited jurisdiction. He objected to the District Courts because they might be held at only one place in the district, and consequently lawyers and witnesses might be compelled to travel a hundred miles for trial. But most of all he objected to the Supreme Court, because it was to become substantially a Court of Errors, sitting at Columbus. He looked upon the circuit system as absolutely indispensable. In his judgment a mere paper court would become but little better than mere papers themselves, and might as well be filed away in some secure place in the Capitol. It was an insurmountable objection that no judge of court was ever to participate in a trial, face a jury, see the parties, hear the witnesses, study human nature as exhibited in a trial at court, or mingle with the people. He also wanted the effect of the circuit system upon the people, because he believed that no court could acquire that power, dignity, influence and authority in the eyes of the people, which it ought to have, unless it acts among the people, performs its duties in their sight, and places in their view the practical workings of the system of judicial power which acts upon and protects their interests. He and others who agreed with him were able to secure the abandonment of the County Courts, for which Probate Courts were substituted, and a provision requiring District Courts to be held in every county. This was justly considered a great triumph, but they were unable to secure any substantial change in the duties of the Supreme Court judges, who, as business increased, were gradually withdrawn from District Court duty until they composed simply a Court of Errors sitting at Columbus. The old Supreme Court, under the leadership of Judge Peter Hitchcock, was one of the ablest courts in the United States and was acknowledged as such wherever the common law prevailed. It was remarkable for taking certain practical views of the law which were widely accepted and applied to a great variety of cases. Judge Ranney found himself in thorough sympathy with them, as they satisfied at the same time his feeling of veneration for the principles of the common law and his love of justice. One of his first opinions is an illustration of this. The owner of a judgment had accepted payment for about one-third of its amount, and one hundred dollars for attorney's fees, in satisfaction of the whole, and he refused to enter the satisfaction. The court recognized the existence of the rule that the payment of a sum less than the sum due upon a liquidated judgment, although agreed to be received in full satisfaction, could not be insisted upon as such for want of a valuable consideration. Judge Ranney, in giving the opinion, would not set aside this rule; he had too much regard for well settled principles. But he had no hesitation in pronouncing both the reason and the rule purely technical, and said that there was

payment of one hundred dollars to the attorney instead of the judgment creditor, was a sufficient consideration to take the case out of the rule. "I am aware," he said, "that this is an exceedingly technical and unsatisfactory reason, but its justification is found in the fact that the plaintiff seeks to escape from his solemn engagement, by which he has obtained money from the defendant by the aid of a technicality. To prevent the consummation of such a fraud, he is met with technicalities nearly as absurd as that upon which he insists."

Judge Ranney never sought to appear learned, but rather to adapt his argument to the comprehension of the weakest member of the profession and of a layman. The course of his reasoning is readily followed to a conclusion which is impregnable. His style is charming, his choice of words felicitous. Clearness of expression is matched by purity of diction. His opinions are not more noteworthy for the soundness of the conclusions reached than for the beautiful simplicity of the language in which they are clothed. His tastes were simple and domestic. His home life, in its effect, confidence and constancy, exhibited the gentler traits of his strong character. His attachments to wife and children were of the tenderest and most enduring quality. He married Adeline W. Warner, Mrs. Ranney was a daughter of Judge Jonathan Warner, of Jefferson, Ashtabula county, who was an associate judge of the Common Pleas, and one of the pioneers of the state. Their family consisted of six children, four sons and two daughters.

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#### FRANKLIN T. BACKUS, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.

Franklin T. Backus came to Cleveland and began the study of law. He brought his fortune with him in a fine, manly person, a most engaging countenance, a clear, discriminating mind, ambition for success, persistent industry, a stainless character, the best education Yale College could give, inflexible honesty, which, through a long and active life, was never questioned, and talents of superior order. He was born in Lee, Berkshire county, Massachusetts, May 16, 1813. While Mr. Backus was quite young his father removed to Lansing, New York, where he soon died, leaving the widow and several children with but scant means for support. For a time after his arrival in Cleveland, Mr. Backus supported himself by teaching a classical school, and soon afterwards entered himself law student in the office of Bolton & Kelly. He was called to the bar in 1839, and almost at once attracted the attention of the public, and entered upon that successful practice which became larger and wider until the close of his useful, honorable life. In 1841 he was elected prosecuting attorney of the county, was re-elected and served with special ability, gaining the esteem of the public and the bar. In 1846 he was elected a Whig member of the Ohio House of Representatives. In 1848 he was elected to the State Senate, where his unusual talents, force of character and fitness for the position, made him prominently named as a suitable candidate for the Senate of the United States. He was afterwards nominated, both for member of Congress and judge of the Supreme Court of Ohio, by the Republican party, and failed of election only because of the non-success of his party in those years. In 1840 he made a law partnership with Honorable J. P. Bishop, which continued fifteen years. On the election of the latter to the bench, Mr. Backus became the partner of Judge Rufus P. Ranney, the eminent lawyer and jurist, and the firm of Ranney, Backus & Noble became widely known and respected as any in the state. Afterwards he was a partner of Mr. Estep, and continued in this relation to the time of his death. The high standing Mr. Backus held in the esteem of the people as a lawyer was indicated by his being chosen once by the Whig party and once by the Republican party as a candidate for Supreme Judge. In 1861 he was appointed by Governor Denison a delegate to the peace conference, which met at Washington on the 4th of February. His associates were Salmon P. Chase, Thomas Ewing, William Groesbeck, Reuben Hitchcock, V. B. Horton and Christopher P. Wolcott, the latter being appointed to take the place of John C. Wright, who died soon after reaching Washington.



In 1864 Mr. Backus, who for years had been a distinguished leader of the Republican party, became dissatisfied with the administration in regard to the management of the war, and greatly to the distress of his immediate friends, gave his support to General McClellan for the Presidency. In 1866 he was one of the delegates to the National Convention at Philadelphia to form a new party. In 1868 he was the nominee of the Democratic party for Congress in the Cuyahoga district, but was of course defeated. Perhaps no higher tribute can be paid to the memory of Mr. Backus, and prove the genuine respect all men had for his integrity of personal character and pure life, than the fact that while Mr. Backus changed his political associates, and gave his great influence to the party he so long had opposed, and at a time when party spirit was the most bitter ever known in modern times, no man was found to doubt his absolute good faith in pursuing the line he regarded as right, and that he was acting from the most conscientious sense of duty and honor.

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### HENRY CLAY RANNEY, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.

The subject of this biography is a native of Ohio, of Massachusetts ancestry on both sides. He sprang from the union of two historic families, distinguished in the annals of New England and Ohio. His father was Elijah W. Ranney, a successful merchant and the oldest of the three brothers, Elijah W., Rufus P., and John L. Ranney. His mother was Levana L. Larcom. He was born June 1, 1829, in Portage county, and bereft of his father when only six years old. At the age of eight he became a member of the family of his uncle, the late Judge Rufus P. Ranney, by whom he was educated. His education was limited to an academic course, because it seemed desirable that he should qualify himself for the profession of law, which he had chosen, and become self-supporting as early as practicable. With that object in view he took up the study of the law in the office and under the instruction of his uncle, who was one of the judges of the Supreme Court of Ohio. He was admitted to the bar in 1852 and immediately commenced practice at Warren, in the office of Judge Matthew Birchard. He left Warren in the fall of 1855 to enter into a partnership with his uncle, John L. Ranney, at Ravenna, with whom he was associated until the death of the latter in 1866. He continued practice at Ravenna until 1874, when he came to Cleveland and became associated with his uncle, Rufus P. Ranney (the firm later including Judge Ranney's youngest son, John R.). After the death of Judge R. P. Ranney in 1891, he continued in practice alone. His education in the law was not restricted to any single branch or division, but was in fact unlimited in scope. This statement is also applicable to the character of his practice, at least during the first twenty-five years of his membership at the bar. Latterly the legal business of railroad companies and other corporations commanded most of his time.

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### HENRY B. PAYNE, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.

Henry B. Payne, who died at his home September 9, 1896, was about the last of the "Old Guard" of really eminent lawyers that made the Bar of Cuyahoga county great. He was of English descent through the lineage of his father, while his mother descended from the stock of the great Douglas, Earl of Angus, Scotland. His father, Elisha Payne, a man of remarkable probity, strong character and resolute spirit, left Connecticut in 1795 and settled in Hamilton, Madison county, New York. At this place Henry B. Payne was born, November 30, 1810. He was carefully and thoroughly educated, graduated from Hamilton College at twenty-one. He possessed in a high degree the innate qualities which are the source of the largest professional success, and his bent was towards the law. His preceptor was John C. Spencer, of Canandaigua, an eminent lawyer and

statesman, secretary of war in the cabinet of President Tyler. While a student of law he formed the acquaintance of Stephen A. Douglas, who was at the same time pursuing his studies with another firm of lawyers in the same town. A close and intimate friendship was formed between the two young men, whose recognized abilities even where prophetic of the exalted station attained and the commanding influence exercised by each of them in later life. Mr. Payne settled in Cleveland in 1833, confident of his own powers and with astute prevision of the future greatness of the embryo city. He continued his law studies for one year in the office and under the wise supervision of Sherlock J. Andrews, whose fame as a lawyer-advocate was at its zenith. Mr. Payne was admitted to the bar in 1834, and in the following year formed a partnership with Judge Hiram V. Wilson, who twenty-five years later occupied the bench of the United States District Court with such distinguished ability. The success of this firm, Payne & Wilson, was very remarkable. Within ten years its business had grown to proportions unparalleled in the county and unexcelled in the state. The enthusiastic and unrelenting application of Mr. Payne to the exacting demands of his profession and the interests of his clients was too severe to be endured long by his delicate physical organism. His health was broken at thirty-six, and he became conscious that the exactions of such a law practice as he had built up were incompatible with a reasonable degree of health. The strain to which he had been subjected and the resultant debility superinduced hemoptysis. Yielding to the inexorable law of self-preservation, he retired from the practice of law and entered upon a business career which, while affording ample scope for the useful employment of extraordinary abilities, permitted larger freedom and more activity in the open air. The state of his health improved rapidly and he was permitted, after retiring from the bar, to spend sixty years in great usefulness to his city and state. His marvellous success in the practice of law, during the dozen years of his practice in Cleveland, was matched by his triumphs in commercial business and his achievements in statesmanship. He was the first city solicitor of Cleveland under its municipal charter, and during the whole course of his life the growth, prosperity and good name of the city appealed to his civic pride and found in him a wise promoter. His counsel, prompted by public spirit, was freely given and gratefully accepted long after his retirement from the office of counsellor and the practice of law. He thus rendered vast service to the municipality. He was prominent in the railroad construction of the state, inaugurating and carrying to completion, with two or three associates the Cleveland and Columbus Railroad, which was opened in 1851 with Mr. Payne as president. He was also in the directory of the Painesville and Ashtabula Railroad, which at length expanded into the Lake Shore. Mr. Payne exhibited a remarkable talent for politics while yet a young man. In 1848 he was a candidate for Presidential elector on the Cass ticket. In 1851 he was elected to the State Senate and before the close of the first session displayed rare skill as a parliamentarian and a party leader. He was then the choice of his party caucus for United States Senator, but the few Free-soilers in the Legislature holding the balance of power secured the election of Ben Wade. In 1857 Mr. Payne was the Democratic candidate for governor and came near defeating Governor Chase, who was before the people for re-election. He was a delegate to the National Convention of his party in 1856 from the Congressional district, and a delegate from the state at large to the memorable convention at Charleston in 1860. In the latter he was the personal representative of Douglas and repelled the sectional assaults of the Southern leaders—denouncing the spirit of secession disclosed by their inflammatory utterances and warning them of the ruin they were about to bring upon themselves and their section. In that convention his reputation as a political orator, already established in Ohio, became nationalized. During the civil war which followed he was steadfast in his devotion to the Union, pledging his wealth, to the extent needed, for military equipment, giving his time and the influence of public addresses to promote enlistments. In 1872 he was chairman of the State Delegation in the Baltimore Convention which nominated Horace Greeley. In 1874 he was nominated and elected to Congress in the Cleve-

land district, overcoming a very large adverse majority and having 2,500 votes to his credit. As a member of the committee on Banking and Currency he found opportunity for the display of the rare financial ability with which he had long been accredited by his friends. He was the author of a compromise measure, bearing his name, which secured the united support of the extreme gold Democrats of the East and the Greenbackers of the West, and had for its major purpose the appreciation of all the currency to a gold standard. He proposed the retention of the National Banks and the Greenback currency, paving the way to an easy resumption of specie payments by retiring twenty per cent of the paper money put into circulation by the banks and by the government. The compromise effected an adjustment of differences requiring superior skill in diplomacy, and presented a scheme for maintaining a stable currency of varying volume according to the requirements of trade. In this the keenness of the financier was happily blended with the ability of the statesman. In the contest following the Presidential election of 1876, to determine the manner of declaring the electoral vote, Mr. Payne with commendable patriotism supported the bill providing for an electoral commission, and was one of the five members of the House elected to membership on the commission. It is a historical fact worthy of mention in this connection that he was supported for President by a large representation of his party in the National Convention of 1880, and his nomination could have been effected but for the instructions of the State Convention, which bound the Ohio delegates to vote for Senator Thurman. In 1885 Mr. Payne was elected senator of the United States and served six years, retiring permanently from politics at the close of his term in 1891. In 1836 he married Miss Mary Perry, the daughter of Nathan Perry.

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#### SHERLOCK J. ANDREWS, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.

Sherlock J. Andrews was a native of New Haven county, Connecticut, born on the 17th day of November, 1801. His father, Dr. John Andrews, of Wallingford, was then one of the most distinguished physicians of Connecticut, and in later life became a resident of Cleveland. The subject of this sketch was prepared for college in the excellent academy at Cheshire, in his native state, controlled by the Episcopal Church. He matriculated at Union College, Schenectady, New York, and pursued the classical course, from which he was graduated in 1821. Upon admission to the bar in 1825, soon after coming West, he formed a partnership with Judge Samuel Cowles, which gave him a business and standing in the profession at once. The fortunate relations between the old practitioner and judge, and the inexperienced but capable young lawyer, was terminated by the retirement of the former from the active duties of the forum and the office. Soon afterwards Mr. Andrews became associated with the late John A. Foot, in a partnership to which James M. Hoyt was subsequently admitted (in 1837). In 1848 when he was appointed judge of the Superior Court of Cleveland. His judicial career, in all respects honorable, was terminated by the constitutional convention of 1851, which abolished the Superior Court, largely at his own suggestion. Judge Andrews was a member of that convention and of three of its most important committees—judiciary, revision and temperance. His broad and deep understanding of the law, and of judicial construction, his splendid vocabulary and familiarity with the best English, and his fixed moral principles contributed to make him a most valuable member of the committees on which he served. It is seldom that the various and distinct talents which endow the able pleader, the successful trial lawyer and the great advocate are bestowed so copiously upon any man as they were possessed by Judge Andrews. These existed in due proportion and perfect harmony. All of his pleadings were prepared with scrupulous care and exactness. All of the evidence was examined, weighed and sifted, so as to separate the material from the immaterial; he counselled wisely in matters requiring fine discrimination and acuteness of judgment; his argument in summing up a case evinced wonderful power of

memory, facility of illustration and that insight into human nature which enabled him to adapt his reasoning to the understanding of a jury in such a way as to secure their sympathy. In forensic discussion he was an especially distinguished member of the very able mid-century bar of Cleveland, unsurpassed in the West then or since that time. He was dearly beloved by his brethren in the profession and by the community in which he lived so long and so usefully. His death took place February 11, 1880.

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### HENRY C. WHITE, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.

Henry Clay White was a native of Cuyahoga county, born just outside the limits of the City of Cleveland, February 23, 1839. His parents were natives of Massachusetts and of Berkshire county in that state, where they were reared, educated and married. The ancestors of both were among the early settlers of the Connecticut colony. His mother, Sabina Williams, was of Welsh descent. In her childhood days she was a schoolmate of the Fields, who have since achieved such remarkable distinction at the bar, on the bench and in commercial affairs. His father, Wileman W. White, emigrated from his native town of Lenox in 1815 to seek a home in the new commonwealth of Ohio, leaving his young wife in her girlhood home at Stockbridge until he should find the conditions desired for a location in the West. The vicinity of Cleveland offered many natural advantages and inducements to industry and enterprise, and here the family tree was planted—possibly it is more accurate to say the forest tree was removed to make room for the family cabin of the settler. Judge White was little more than three years of age when his father died, but he was fortunately possessed by heredity of those moral and intellectual traits and tendencies which need little repression and only gentle guidance to make the strong, capable, successful man. His education received careful supervision. Arrived at the age of eleven his guardian placed him in the school at Hiram, out of which was subsequently evolved Hiram College. He remained in the school only a term and a half on his first entrance, but returned to it in 1856 and remained four years. James A. Garfield, a graduate fresh from Williams College, was then principal of the school at Hiram and stood in the relation of teacher to young White for a period of four years. It was the deliberate opinion of Judge White, founded upon personal observation and study of the man in all of his relations, that Garfield achieved his greatest success in life as a teacher of young men and boys. The high positions afterwards won and held with popular approval never obscured that success, in the judgment and the memory of such as received his instruction at Hiram. After completing his course at college Mr. White entered the Law Department of the University of Michigan, where he enjoyed the benefit of instruction and lectures by Judge Thomas M. Cooley, James V. Campbell and Charles I. Walker, who composed the first faculty of that school, and were among the greatest lawyers of the West, even then. He was graduated as an LL.B. in 1862 and was admitted to the bar at Cleveland. The War of the Rebellion had so depleted the population by calling men to the front, and the interests dependent upon the issue were so completely absorbing the attention of the remnant that a young lawyer found it difficult to secure business enough for a livelihood. There was, indeed, comparatively little practice for the old lawyers. So young White took employment in the office of the county clerk, where he was enabled to earn a salary and at the same time keep in touch with the courts and lawyers. He held the position for ten years and then resumed the general practice of the law, which was continued without interruption until 1887. During all this time he formed but one business and professional partnership and that was with William Robison, now deceased. He won and maintained a high standing at the bar, by his acquirements and accomplishments in the law, and his regard for the character and dignity of the profession. In 1887 he was elected as candidate of the Republican party to the office of Probate Judge of Cuyahoga county. He

succeeded Daniel R. Tilden, a relative of the great Samuel J. Tilden, of New York, who had held the office thirty-three years. Judge White served as probate judge many years with great distinction and credit.

#### **HORACE FOOTE, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.**

Judge Horace Foote, deceased, was born March 21, 1799, in the southern part of Hartford county, Connecticut. His father, Roger Foote, was a farmer, who was also born in Connecticut. The family was of English extraction. He was the fourth son in a family of ten children. His early life was spent upon his father's farm, and during the winters he was sent to the country district schools. His brilliancy and acuteness of mind were manifested at an early age, and at fifteen he had gone beyond his classmates and was sent to an academy at Cheshire, Connecticut. Here he began the study of the classics, and in the course of a year or so he had made such progress that he felt he could stand an examination for admission to the freshman class in Yale College. One of his classmates, Seth Paddock, afterwards a Bishop of the Episcopal Church, was also anxious to obtain a college education; so the two quietly left the academy without the knowledge of any one and walked all the way to New Haven. Having no acquaintance with any person connected with the college, and seeking no outside influence, they asked for an examination. The request was granted; both were admitted upon disclosing their identity, and upon the merit of their scholarship alone they were entered, not in the freshman, but in the third term of the sophomore year. This was in 1818. Young Foote remained at Yale two years, when he was graduated with high standing. In 1836 he removed to Cleveland, residing in what was then called the City of Ohio, now the West Side, where he opened an office and began the practice of law. He soon came to be regarded as a strong lawyer, although not yet a great jury advocate. He knew and remembered about all there was in the text-books and was an excellent pleader. The law business of this bar then was not large, but he had to contend with Sherlock J. Andrews, who was the greatest jury advocate in this section of the state; Henry B. Payne, Bolton, Kelly, Bishop, Backus and others. He was judicial in his methods, and strong and clear in his ideas and enunciation. He, of all of them, was regarded as the best lawyer, although perhaps not the most brilliant. In 1854 he was elected judge of the Common Pleas Court, which position he held for twenty years consecutively. During this period he was looked upon by the people as an oracle of the law and when he had carefully considered a case and given his opinion it was regarded as settled as the Supreme Court would decide. His decisions were rarely if ever reversed by that tribunal. When too old to longer endure the fatigue and labors of the bench, he retired from active life, leaving a judicial record of which any man might be justly proud. Judge Foote died November 16, 1884, at the ripe age of 86.

#### **JAMES H. HOYT, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.**

Mr. Hoyt was born in the City of Cleveland on the 10th day of November, 1852. His father, James M. Hoyt, was a native of the State of New York, but resided in Cleveland from 1836 until his death in 1895. He was a lawyer in the front rank of his profession, of liberal culture, prominent in business affairs, public-spirited, and most active and influential in promoting the cause of religion and benevolent enterprise. The mother of James H. Hoyt was Mary Ella Beebe, a native of New York City. She was a woman richly endowed with graces and accomplishments—with traits of mind and character that rendered her singularly attractive to all who knew her. James H. Hoyt received his early education in the public schools of Cleveland and the preparatory department of the Western Reserve University, at that time located at Hudson, Ohio, but now at Cleveland. He afterward entered Brown University, and graduated in 1874 with the

honor of class orator. His career at the university was one of marked success, and gave an earnest of his future distinction. Returning to Cleveland he commenced the study of law in the office of Spalding & Dickman, where he remained one year, when he entered the Harvard Law School, taking the degree of LL. B. in 1877. In the study of his profession he was indefatigable, and laid up a store of elementary principles by which he was enabled to solve with great readiness difficult and complicated questions as they have arisen in an extensive practice, and in solving which he could get but feeble light from adjudicated cases. The writer of this once heard Judge Spalding remark, that while in his office he on one occasion heard Mr. Hoyt analyze a legal proposition in a way that reminded him of the old-school lawyers in Connecticut, who had been trained in the Litchfield Law School under Chief Justice Swift, to seek for the philosophy of the law, and to go up to the fountains rather than follow the rivelets. Upon being admitted to the bar he at once commenced the practice of his profession with Henry S. Sherman, under the name of Sherman & Hoyt. Afterward the partnership of Willey, Sherman & Hoyt was formed, which continued in successful practice for several years. Later Mr. Willey retired, and the firm of Sherman & Hoyt continued until 1884, when it was succeeded by that of Sherman, Hoyt & Dustin. In 1893, upon the death of Mr. Sherman, the firm became Hoyt & Dustin for one year, when Mr. Kelley became a member of the partnership of Hoyt, Dustin & Kelley. Subsequently the firm was changed to Hoyt, Dustin, Kelley, McKeehan & Andrews. This firm was one of the best known in Ohio, and its practice was largely in the line of corporation, commercial, admiralty and patent causes. Mr. Hoyt was well known as a lawyer of eminent ability. He was a cautious, safe and wise counsellor, and was vigilant and sagacious in watching the important interests intrusted to his charge. He was frequently engaged in cases before the Supreme Court of Ohio, and always commanded the respect and close attention of that tribunal. As an orator he had few if any superiors in his state. While he never failed to address himself to the reason and judgment, he had the faculty of imparting interest to the dryest details. With ample stores of knowledge, derived from reading and observation, with an affluence of speech, written and spoken, with a fund of ready wit and humor, with an imagination and fancy curbed with a skillful hand, with a clearness and precision of statement, he could not fail to be in general requisition when popular assemblies were to be addressed. In politics Mr. Hoyt was a Republican, always taking an active interest in political affairs, and known throughout the state as having rendered yeoman service for his party. While he never held office, he had been a candidate for the nomination for governor of his state. The City of Cleveland and the County of Cuyahoga, in which he resided, were enthusiastic for his nomination as governor; and there was a general feeling throughout northern Ohio that if nominated and elected he would be the right man in the right place.

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#### **JAMES LAWRENCE, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.**

James Lawrence was born in Guernsey county, Ohio. His father in his younger days was a merchant, but always took a great interest in affairs relating to the public good. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1871, once a member of the Ohio House of Representatives, three times a member of the Ohio Senate. He was of Scotch-Irish descent. The early education of Judge Lawrence was in the public schools and afterwards at the academy. He entered Kenyon College in 1868, in the sophomore class, taking his degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1871. Having, when quite a boy, determined upon the law as his profession, he immediately took up the study of law with the Honorable J. W. White, at Cambridge, Ohio, remaining with him for three years, and in 1874 was admitted to the bar. He immediately removed to Cleveland and entered the office of G. H. Foster. After a

time he became a partner of Mr. Foster, remaining with him until 1893, when the partnership was dissolved. Then he became head of the firm of Lawrence & Estep. During the administration of Honorable George Hoadley as governor of Ohio, for the years 1884 and 1885, Mr. Lawrence was the attorney-general of the state. He was corporation counsel for the City of Cleveland from 1893 to 1895. Subsequently he was elected Common Pleas Judge, a position he filled with great distinction. In 1888 he married Jennie Gardner Porter, and by this union three children were born.

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#### **ALFRED KELLEY, OF THE CUYAHOGA COUNTY BAR.**

The history of the State of Ohio, and particularly the Western Reserve, presents few equals and no superiors to Alfred Kelley, Esq. in strength and integrity of character and versatility of achievement. His great-great-grandfather, Joseph Kelley, was one of the first settlers of Norwich, Connecticut, whence his great-grandfather, Joseph Kelley, II., removed to Vermont at an advanced age, and died in 1814. Daniel Kelley, the grandfather of Alfred, was born and brought up in Norwich, where Daniel Kelley, II., Alfred's father, was born, November 27, 1755. Daniel Kelley II. was married January 28, 1787, to Jemima Stow, a daughter of Elihu Stow, and a sister of two prominent judges, Joshua and Silas Stow, of Lowville, New York. Alfred was one of a family of six sons, and was born in Middletown, Connecticut, November 7, 1789. Alfred Kelley received his education in the academy at Fairfield, New York, and read law at Whitesborough with Jonas Platt, one of the judges of the Supreme Court. In the spring of 1810, with Joshua Stow, his uncle, and some others, he made the journey to Cleveland on horseback. His arrival was most fortunate for him as well as for Cuyahoga county, whose courts had just been organized. Although there was one lawyer in Cleveland at that time, he had never entered upon active practice, so it may be claimed Mr. Kelley was the first lawyer of the village. On the 7th of the following November, the twenty-first anniversary of his birth, he was admitted to practice on motion of Peter Hitchcock, of Geauga county, prosecuting attorney, whom he was immediately appointed to succeed. He held this office until 1821, when he declined further appointment. The first Monday of June, 1815, Mr. Kelley was unanimously elected the first president of "Cleveland's first village official staff," a position from which he resigned, being succeeded by his father, within a year. As prosecuting attorney he brought to trial and convicted John O'Mic, an Indian, the first person tried for murder and executed in Cuyahoga county. The Indian was ably defended by Peter Hitchcock. In August, 1816, Mr. Kelley was elected president of the Commercial Bank of Laka Erie, the first bank established in Cleveland. In 1814 he was elected representative in the State Legislature, and was the youngest member of that body. He continued to represent Cuyahoga county at intervals until 1822, when he was appointed one of the canal commissioners. As early as 1820 there was some legislation in Ohio on the subject of joining Lake Erie and the Ohio river by a canal, and on the 31st day of January, 1822, an act was passed authorizing the appointment of a commission to examine into the feasibility of the project. The act named the commissioners. Alfred Kelley was supervising commissioner during its construction, performing his duty with such fidelity and economy that the actual cost did not exceed the estimate. Mr. Kelley was elected to the State Senate in 1844. While senator he drafted the bill to organize the State Bank of Ohio, and other banking companies, which was almost universally conceded to be the best banking law then known in American legislation. While in the House, in 1818, Mr. Kelley was the author of the first bill to abolish imprisonment for debt ever presented to a legislative body.

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#### **JOHN MCSWEENEY, OF THE WOOSTER COUNTY BAR.**

John McSweeney was long recognized as one of the greatest criminal lawyers who ever practiced at the bar of Ohio. He was of Irish descent,

his parents having both been born in Ireland. He was born at Black Rock, near Rochester, New York, August 30, 1824, and was brought as an infant by his parents to Stark county, Ohio. They were in very moderate circumstances, having learned in the school of poverty to appreciate the modest comforts of life which their own labor secured. His father was a shoemaker, honest, industrious, intelligent; he was also a large man, physically, of commanding mien and impressive personality. Both parents died while their son John was in his early childhood and he was left to the care of a guardian appointed by law. The guardian, John Harris, a lawyer, of Canton, appreciated his responsibility, took an interest in his ward and placed him in the care of Mrs. Grimes, of Canton, a pious and estimable woman, member of the Catholic Church, who reared him. The small sum of money left by his father was honestly and judiciously applied by his guardian to the best possible advantage in his support and training. Young McSweeney's education was procured at the Western Reserve College and in Cincinnati. His scholarship was not only liberal and broad, but he was especially proficient in the Latin classics. He took up the study of law with his guardian, John Harris, of Canton, and removed thence to Wooster in 1845. He there entered the office of Judge Ezra Dean, who was at the time one of the leading lawyers of Wayne county. At different periods subsequently he engaged in practice in partnership with Olin F. Jones, Judge William Given, Honorable George Bliss and Honorable C. C. Parsons, Sr. So great was his aptitude for the law, so broad and deep his learning, that he rose almost immediately to the first rank of lawyers at the Wayne county Bar. This position he retained almost without a rival to the end of his life. In his practice Mr. McSweeney was brought into contact and competition with Judges Dean, Avery, Given and Cox; Honorable John P. Jeffries, Honorable Lyman Critchfield, Samuel Hemphill; Judges Rufus P. Ranney and Rufus P. Spalding; Honorable Thomas Bartley, Honorable Thomas Corwin, Honorable D. K. Carter, and Senator John Sherman. At the end of twenty years of practice the reputation of Mr. McSweeney, both as a civil and criminal lawyer, had not only become firmly established in Wayne county, but had extended to neighboring counties; and still later it spread throughout the state and became national. He was retained in nearly all of the important criminal cases tried in northern Ohio, and generally by the defense. His influence with a jury was great; his stature, massive, yet graceful proportions, and his resonant, powerful voice fitted him physically for most effective oratory. His earnestness of manner, his masterful use of a choice and extensive vocabulary, his pathos in appeal, his terrific invective, his pleasing humor, his sparkling wit, his keen repartee, his fairness toward an opponent, his lively and opulent imagination, his magnetic manner, his sound reasoning and his luxuriant discourse, all combined to give him almost matchless influence in a jury trial. Nor was his power confined to his argument before the jury. He was watchful and careful during the trial to keep out of the record anything which might be detrimental to his cause, and equally careful to avail himself of every expedient known to the law, and every rule or decision that could benefit his cause. He was a close and keen examiner of witnesses, possessing not only fine discriminating quality of mind as to what was relevant or irrelevant, but also to the extent to which the examination should be pursued in any direction. He knew when to stop. Mr. McSweeney was engaged with Colonel Robert Ingersoll for the defense of Stephen W. Dorsey and others in the famous Star Route trials at Washington, which not only attracted attention throughout the country, but also extended his own high reputation as a criminal lawyer. Mr. McSweeney heartily accepted the presumption of law that a defendant is innocent until his guilt is proven. He was so frequently employed in the defense of persons charged with crime that his sympathy was quick and active, and his belief in the common honesty of human nature was firm and sincere. He was heartily devoted to the interests of a client and never lost sight of a fact, or a circumstance, or a point of law that could be construed in his favor. His study was so thorough and his familiarity with books so great that his word could be accepted as the law in regard to any criminal case. He was not a narrow man in the sense of devoting himself wholly to professional reading and study. His



general information was large regarding history, ancient, mediæval and modern. His accumulation of learning was one of the immeasurable advantages possessed by him in framing an argument for the court or in a public address to the jury. He could draw from it almost without limit in the adornment of his speech. He was a man of generous impulses and strong sense of justice in his dealings with his fellow men. He often invoked the attribute of mercy for the tempering of justice in his appeal for a client charged with crime. He believed in giving every man the best possible chance in the race of life. He had compassion for the unfortunate and excuses for the unwary. It may be claimed for him that he was an orator by nature and training, and he belonged to the race that has produced some of the greatest orators in the history of the world. His mother was a sister of Daniel O'Connell. Mr. McSweeney was, in 1851, joined in marriage with Miss Catherine Rex, a sister of Honorable George Rex, of Wooster, one time judge of the Supreme Court of Ohio. She was a woman of strong mental endowment, and excellent moral character. John McSweeney, Jr., born August 31, 1854, was the fruit of this union. The marriage tie was dissolved June 11, 1884, by the death of Mrs. McSweeney. Mr. McSweeney, the subject of this biography, died January 22, 1890.

### BENJAMIN F. WADE, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.

History some time ago assigned Benjamin Franklin Wade to the immortality of fame. As a man, a jurist and a statesman his life and deeds merit commemoration. His birth was almost contemporaneous with the opening of the nineteenth century, at least during the first year in the State of Massachusetts. He was tenth in a family of eleven children and his mother was a woman of culture and morality. The Wades, who were of English descent, took root in America from Major Jonathan Wade, who planted himself at Medford, Massachusetts, in 1634, after emigrating from Norfolk, England, and married a daughter of Governor Bradstreet. In youth Benjamin Wade struggled with poverty, and in gaining the victory over it he gained the independence and self-reliance which characterized his subsequent life. He was mainly self-educated and his early requirements embraced a broad knowledge of history and general literature, as well as science and mathematics. He taught school for a time and settled in the Western Reserve, Ashtabula county, a few days before attaining his majority. He was favored with a rugged constitution and well fitted for the life of a backwoodsman, as a stepping stone to something better. He had the physical strength to clear the forest and the intellectual strength to qualify himself for great success in a profession and the foremost rank of statesmanship. He drove cattle across the Alleghenies to Philadelphia as a hired man and worked with pick and shovel on the New York & Erie Canal. He had the disposition to work hard at any employment to which he devoted himself whilst he fostered an ambition to enter a profession in which brains count for more than muscle and sinew. He studied law with Joshua Whittlesey and was admitted to the Bar, beginning his practice at Jefferson. He was the partner of Joshua R. Giddings for the first ten years of his practice, and at the very threshold of his career in the law served as prosecuting attorney of Ashtabula county. While engaged in practice with Mr. Giddings, the late Judge Rufus P. Ranney was a student of law in their office, and upon the dissolution of the firm of Giddings & Wade, that of Wade & Ranney was organized. This was in 1839. Mr. Wade had then overcome the diffidence which served as an impediment in his early practice. To the student of his public life only, the statement that he was bashful, timid and hesitating, and made frequent failures in essaying public addresses, is quite incredible; for at the meridian of life he was a most effective speaker—clear, earnest, intelligent and powerful.

Mr. Wade was elected presiding judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the third circuit, by the legislature, in 1847. Thoroughly equipped by natural ability, learning and temper, and by twenty years of successful practice, he assumed judicial duties. His service was in the highest degree hon-

orable and in all respects able. It is only because of the overshadowing greatness of his subsequent career in politics and statesmanship, and because of the more conspicuous public characters of his record in the Senate of the United States during the period of greatest peril to the nation—the time of rebellion and reconstruction—that the history of his four years on the bench is so little known.

Whilst serving on the Bench, in 1851, he was elected United States senator by the legislature, although he was not a candidate and had no information that his name was used in that connection until the telegram announcing his election was received. He was not without experience in political strife and training in the work of a legislative body. In 1837 he had been elected to the Ohio Senate as a Whig and had been the leader of the forlorn hope in the Senate, against the odious "black laws" enacted by a majority during the first session which he attended as a member. The anti-slavery spirit was born and bred in him and the cruel legislation offended his sense of justice. He held firmly to a political creed promulgated in the Declaration of Independence, and among his profoundest convictions was the belief that the maintenance of human slavery in the United States was repugnant to that Declaration. He believed that the inalienable rights with which men are endowed by the Creator should not be contravened by restrictive legislation; that the right to liberty was not less a birth-right than the right of life. Ohio was in 1838 strongly pervaded by a Kentucky sentiment on the question of slavery, so that defeat awaited Mr. Wade in 1839. A year later, however, the leaven of his speeches and those of his coadjutors had so permeated the masses that he was again elected in 1841 by the largest majority ever accorded a candidate in that district. He was a leader of the Harrison campaign in the Western Reserve, and before it closed his reputation was national. In all of the succeeding Presidential campaigns, to the end of his life, he was a conspicuous advocate and champion of the Whig and Republican parties. Upon entering the United States Senate, as the colleague of Salmon P. Chase, he naturally took his place among the great leaders. He was in the forefront of the battle to resist the aggressions of the slave power just before the war, and exhibited a courage which was a revelation to the Toombses and Wigfalls and Davises of the Cotton States. Accustomed as a backwoodsman to the use of his rifle, he carried that weapon with him to Washington; but fortunately for his adversary, none challenged him to mortal combat. His bluff manner contained no element of bravado, but the genuineness of his courage won the admiration of his bitterest antagonist. The evident sincerity with which his convictions were formed and the unflinching frankness with which they were uttered made him one of the most formidable debaters of that fearless body of statesmen to whom the issue of life or death for the nation was committed. From 1861 to the close of the Rebellion he was chairman of the joint committee for the conduct of the war, and one of his bravest colleagues on that committee was Senator Zach Chandler, of Michigan. Mr. Wade was very near the Presidency of the United States in 1867. As president of the Senate he would have succeeded Andrew Johnson if the articles of impeachment had received the votes of only two more senators. During the proceedings of that high court he bore himself with the utmost dignity and decorum. At the close of his third term in the Senate, March 4, 1869, Mr. Wade resumed the practice of his profession and accepted the position of general counsel for the Northern Pacific Railroad. His wife was Caroline Rosecranz, of Middletown, Connecticut, a relative of the distinguished general.

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#### CHARLES H. SCRIBNER, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.

Judge Scribner was of English descent, although his ancestors became residents of New England nearly two and a half centuries ago. Charles H. Scribner was born at Norwalk, Connecticut, October 20, 1826, the son of Asa Scribner and Esther Jelliff. His mother's family had lived in the same neighborhood for several generations. His maternal grandfather served with Washington in the Revolution. His paternal grandfather was a minute-man in the War of 1812, and served on Long Island Sound, in Connecticut. While

he was yet a child his father's family removed to Newark, New Jersey, and remained there eight years. In 1838 he came to Ohio in advance of his parents, and lived with his grandfather, who had come west and settled in the state three years before. (During the autumn of 1838 his parents followed and settled in the village of Homer, Licking county. After spending two years in Ohio at farm work and in the district schools, young Scribner returned to New Jersey, where he remained until 1842. He was sixteen years of age when he finally settled down to become a permanent resident of Ohio. He was diligent in the prosecution of studies in the winter schools and by the fireside at home in the winter evenings, at the same time continuing his work on the farm in season. In accordance with an established custom of the times, a custom to which is attributed much of the independence and manly self-reliance of influential men of the present generation, he became an apprentice in order to learn a useful trade. He was indentured at eighteen to a saddler and harness maker and while perfecting himself in the mechanical art he was acquiring a knowledge of the law. He aspired to occupy a kind of bench different from that on which he learned to cover a saddle-tree, and fashion the plain, substantial harness for horses drawing the plow or the road wagon. His study of the law was under the tuition of Edmund Connelly, a member of the Licking county Bar, and he was obliged to walk four miles to recite his weekly lessons. His progress was so satisfactory that he was admitted to the Bar by the Supreme Court in October, 1848. Attracted by its superior advantages, he located at Mount Vernon to begin practice, where he enjoyed the benefit of association with the members of a very able Bar, some of whom afterwards became distinguished in public office as well as in the profession. Honorable Columbus Delano, secretary of the interior; Judge R. C. Hurd, author of a treatise on the Law of Habeas Corpus; Hosmer Curtis and Honorable Henry B. Curtis; Honorable Walter H. Smith, assistant attorney-general under President Grant; William Windom, subsequently a senator of the United States from Minnesota and secretary of the treasury in two cabinets; and Daniel B. Norton, also a United States senator from Minnesota—all were practicing lawyers at Mount Vernon when Judge Scribner became a member of the same Bar at the age of twenty-two. He was studious and ambitious, and therefore required little time to demonstrate his capacity and maintain himself in such company. In November, 1860, he formed a partnership with Honorable Henry B. Curtis, and the association was broken only by his change of residence after the expiration of about nineteen years. Within that period Mr. Scribner won an honorable position and enviable reputation in his profession. He participated actively in politics during the earlier years, and was the Democratic candidate for judge of the Common Pleas Court in 1861, in the subdivision composed of Knox, Licking and Delaware counties. While defeated by the Union movement, which increased the support of Republican candidates in that election, he carried Knox county, in spite of its majority of one thousand for the opposition ticket, and also carried Licking; but was overborne by the immense majority of the opposition in Delaware county. In 1861 Mr. Scribner commenced his celebrated work on dower, which was completed in January, 1864. This work today is a standard authority on dower, both in the United States and England. In 1867 he was elected a member of the State Senate for the district comprising the counties of Knox, Morrow, Holmes and Wayne, and rendered efficient service as chairman of the judiciary committee. During the first session a special commission of three members was appointed to revise and codify the general laws relating to municipalities of the state. Mr. Scribner was appointed a member of this commission and was selected for its chairman. The duties of the committee were arduous and the labor imposed upon the chairman was particularly severe during the session of the legislature, occupying his time late into the night for several months. The labor was performed faithfully and thoroughly, however, and the codification bill reported embraced seven hundred and thirty-two sections. It was enacted into law by the legislature substantially as reported. Thereupon a bill containing about two hundred and fifty sections, which had been prepared by Honorable Frank Hurd at the preceding session, was introduced by Senator Scribner, providing for a code of "Criminal Procedure" for the state. This, also, was

finally adopted after a very earnest contest by its sponsor and friends. In January, 1869, Mr. Scribner removed to Toledo and entered into partnership with the late Frank Hurd, with whom as a member of the Knox county Bar, he had long been on terms of intimate friendship. His law practice was large and remunerative, and the duties of his profession continued to secure his undivided attention down to his demise. In 1873 he was elected one of the representatives of Lucas county in the convention held to revise the Constitution of the state, a position for which his broad knowledge of the law and the defects in the Constitution qualified him peculiarly. His associate from Toledo in that convention was Judge Morrison R. Waite, who afterwards became Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. The firm of Scribner & Hurd, and later the firm of Scribner, Hurd & Scribner, naturally had a clientage representative of the best men and largest interests in the city and the locality. They were counsellors of profound ability and trial lawyers of eminent standing in the profession. The partnership relations were maintained until 1887, when Charles H. Scribner was elected circuit judge. The first term of five years demonstrated so clearly his high qualifications for the Bench that he was re-elected in 1892 for a second term.

In 1883 he spent several months in Scotland and England. Two years later he suffered from nervous prostration which presented attention to professional business and rendered desirable a change of climate with complete rest. After visiting Florida and other places in the South without relief, he made another voyage and spent some time on the shores of the Mediterranean at Cannes, France. While abroad he also visited England, Belgium and other European countries. With health restored he returned home in 1887 and was elected judge of the circuit. He was married October 20, 1847, to Miss Mary E. Morehouse, a native of Newark, New Jersey, whose parents were Ezra B. and Susan (Baldwin) Morehouse.

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#### WILLIAM BAKER, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.

For half a century William Baker lived and practiced law in Toledo. Locating there in 1844 in the vigor of robust young manhood, with a character strong in its integrity, and a love of the profession which he had chosen, he entered the lists in company with some who had already won fame or distinction at the Bar. His success was no less remarkable for its instantaneous achievement than for its constant growth and permanence. The story of his unpretentious life is interesting. Born in the state of Ohio at Norwalk, February 5, 1822, his home always was in the state. His seventy-two years were honorably and usefully employed. William Baker was prepared for college at the Norwalk Academy, and was graduated with honors from Granville College, which subsequently became Denison University. This was in 1841, when he was nineteen years of age. For a year thereafter he studied law in Zanesville with Goddard & Converse, and then attended the Law School of Harvard University. It was in the red-letter days of that school when Joseph Story, the great interpreter of the Constitution, and Simon Greenleaf, the voluminous author of law text-books—qualified by the learning of the books, the wisdom of experience and the ripeness of age—expounded the law to young, ambitious students. He was fortunate indeed to sit at the feet of such teachers, and the opportunity was wisely improved. He was graduated from Harvard in 1844 and settled in Toledo the same year, to assume the responsibilities for which the universities had declared him competent and the Supreme Court of Ohio had granted him a certificate. Very soon he acquired a large practice and a lucrative business. He early displayed remarkable ability in the management and disposition of the cases that came to him. For the first three years he practiced alone, and then formed a partnership with Myron H. Tilden. The latter had been president judge of the Common Pleas Court of his district, and resigned in order to re-enter the practice. This partnership was dissolved after an existence of three years, on account of the removal of Judge Tilden to Cincinnati. He continued alone until 1857, when he be-

came associated with William A. Collins. This association was maintained for thirteen years, until the elevation of Judge Collins to the Bench. For the next ten years Mr. Baker practiced alone, when his son, Rufus H., who was a graduate of the Columbia College Law School, of New York, was received into a partnership. A year later Barton Smith was admitted to the firm, which was thereafter Baker, Smith & Baker, until the death of the senior partner in 1894. This firm had a very large and very valuable practice. Mr. Baker was a lawyer of marked ability and unusual resources. The methodical habits which he had formed enabled him to give effective and practical expression to his knowledge of the law. Strong common sense and sound judgment completed and rounded out his superior qualifications. He was especially capable in real estate and commercial law and equity practice.

Politically he was a Whig until the dissolution of that party, when he became a Republican. He was earnest in promoting the party policies, but never a candidate for political office. He was in no wise a self-seeker. He was married August 28, 1849, to Frances C., daughter of Peter Latimer, of Norwalk. Four sons and one daughter were born of this marriage. In 1882, accompanied by his wife, he made a tour of the entire continent of Europe, except Russia, and his mind was enriched by the treasures of history obtained by observation, and contact with historic places. He died in 1894, and left a spotless name as a heritage for his children.

#### IRWIN I. MILLARD, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.

Judge Millard was born near Tyro, Richland county, Ohio, December 9, 1838. His ancestors on his father's side, originally English and Welsh, lived in Pennsylvania for several generations. Rev. Thomas Millard, grandfather of the judge, was a Methodist preacher, who came to Ohio from Pennsylvania with his family, by the wagon route, in 1831, and settled on land which was then in Richland but subsequently became a part of Crawford county. He founded a Methodist church in the neighborhood and proclaimed the gospel there. Judge Millard's parents, Joseph Millard and Mollie Immel, were natives of Pennsylvania, the former of Chester county and the latter of Pottsville. His father was a mill owner and engaged in the milling business throughout his adult life, having located the site and built the first flour mill in that section of Ohio in which the family settled. It was run by water power, and many of the judge's tender recollections bind him to the locality and the old mill. Not long ago he found recreation in visiting the place, tracing the dimly outlined banks of the tail-race and other remains of a praiseworthy enterprise of the long ago, accredited to his father. His early education was received in the public schools of Greenfield, to which the family removed in his youth. When seventeen years of age he entered Fredericksburg Academy, attending a portion of each year and teaching school in winter, for a period of three years. The war to preserve the Union appealed successfully to his patriotism. August 11, 1861, he enlisted in Company I, Fifteenth Ohio Infantry, and proceeded to the front directly with his command. For a short time the regiment was on duty near Bowling Green, Kentucky. In November, only three months after his enlistment, he became seriously ill from exposure and was sent to the general hospital at Louisville, where he remained until the following spring. His recovery was despaired of by the surgeons, and upon a certificate of disability he was discharged from the service and sent home from the hospital. Contrary to expectation, he did recover from that attack, after a confinement at home for more than a year; but as a result of the exposure in camp and field he has been subject to similar attacks at intervals during the last thirty-five years. Upon his first recovery he located in Toledo and served as deputy recorder of Lucas county one year. He was then employed for a year in the office of the Erie Railroad, and in the spring of 1865 he took up the study of law in the office of Bissell & Gorrill, where he spent two years in preparation for admission to the Bar. He was admitted in the spring of 1867 and immediately became a member of the firm with which he had studied. This connection was maintained for twenty-three

years, until the fall of 1890. The firm name Bissell & Gorrill was preserved throughout that long period, notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Gorrill had died in California. It was dissolved finally upon the death of Mr. Bissell, the senior member, in December, 1894. It was one of the strongest and most successful law firms in northwestern Ohio. All its members were strong, capable men, well versed in the law and well known in the courts. In the fall of 1890 Mr. Millard was elected Probate Judge. He retired from the firm upon his assuming his judicial duties in the spring of 1891. Before the expiration of his first term of three years he was re-elected for a second, and in the fall of 1896 was again elected for a third term by a large majority and in the face of the fact that his party had always theretofore refused to nominate any man for a third term. He was peculiarly adapted to the business and responsibilities imposed upon a probate judge by his official oath. Learned in the law, courteous and urbane in his business intercourse, observant always of secrecy in the delicate and confidential relations incident to the settlement of estates, entirely trustworthy in the management of large financial interests—he was a model judge. His judicial record is his best eulogy.

### GEORGE E. SENEY, OF THE TIFFIN BAR.

Judge Seney was the fifth generation in lineal descent from Solomon Seney, who emigrated from England and settled on the eastern shore of Maryland about 1710. For more than a century succeeding that time the descendants of this first emigrant were prominent in public affairs in Maryland, Pennsylvania and New York.

Judge George Ebbert Seney was the third child and eldest son of Joshua Seney and Ann Ebbert. He was born in Uniontown, Pennsylvania, May 29, 1832, and brought to Ohio by his parents the same year. His father and mother were educated and cultured and he was thus favored with unusual advantages at home. Tiffin was only a village, but the schools were as good as any on the frontier. In these he was prepared for the academic studies which he pursued in the seminary at Norwalk. He spent four years in this seminary when it was enjoying a season of great prosperity and its highest reputation under the presidency of Dr. Edward Thompson, who was afterwards a bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He was thus matured under most beneficial influences of the family and the schools. For a brief period he tried merchandising as the partner of his uncle, George Ebbert, in a book store, and then made arrangements to go into a wholesale dry goods house in St. Louis. It seemed for a time there was more Ebbert than Seney in the assemblage and association of his faculties. His parents were united, however, in the desire that he should be a lawyer, and yielding to their persuasion, he changed his plans and began the study of law in the office of Luther A. Hall, of Tiffin. He entered the office on probation, for the term of three months, at the end of which he was to have the option of continuing in the law or resuming mercantile pursuits. Fortunately he became enamored of the books the first day and his purpose was formed. From that time to the present his love of the profession has kept his purpose fixed and irrevocable. Assiduous study for two years qualified him for admission to the Bar and he was admitted in 1853. After a partnership of two years with Mr. Hall he established himself alone, and was soon able to meet and cope with the best practitioners in that section of the state. A large clientele and profitable business resulted. He was not long in establishing a reputation as a good lawyer—careful and strong in his pleadings; painstaking in his examination of the law; capable and shrewd in the trial of a cause; able, eloquent and forceful in argument before a jury. At the age of twenty-six he was elected judge of the Court of Common Pleas and served on the Bench a term of five years with satisfaction to litigants and lawyers, and honor to himself. He worked hard and conscientiously. He possessed the qualities which commend a judge—patience and gravity, dignity and courtesy, urbanity in demeanor, a high sense of justice, a desire to be right and the application required for careful research and investigation to ascertain the law applicable to a case. It is an incident worth recording that Judge

Morrison R Waite, of Toledo, afterwards Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, was the first lawyer to argue a case before him. While on the Bench he grew in popular esteem as a lawyer, and after leaving it his field of practice was much enlarged. He prepared and published Seney's Ohio Code, a work involving large labor as well as much lawyer-like ability and facility of expression in writing. This publication is regarded a valuable aid to lawyers who practice in the state courts. Judge Seney's military record deserves brief mention. We was a War Democrat, uncompromising in his opposition to secession, unswerving in his devotion to the Union. On the expiration of his term as judge he enlisted in the One Hundred and First Ohio Volunteer Infantry, was commissioned first lieutenant and with the assistance of three others recruited a thousand men in thirty-eight days. He was appointed quartermaster and served two and a half years in the field—under Commanders Buell, Rosecranz, Thomas and Sherman. He was in the engagements at Perryville, Lancaster, Nashville and Knob Gap, and heard the guns at Stone River. He was with the regiment in the line of his duty at Chickamunga and Chattanooga and Franklin; and with Sherman in his triumphal march from Mission Ridge to Atlanta. He resigned in December, 1864, and resumed the practice of law.

Never an office-seeker, he did not refuse to speak for his party in a political campaign or attend its conventions for the nomination of candidates. In 1856 he was a candidate for Presidential elector on the Democratic ticket, and later declined the appointment as United States district attorney for the northern district of Ohio, tendered him by President Buchanan. In 1874, in spite of his protest, he was unanimously nominated by his party as a candidate for Congress, but declining to enter the canvass actively, was defeated by a meager plurality of 139 votes. In 1876 he was a delegate to the convention which nominated Samuel J. Tilden for President. He was president of the Democratic State Convention assembled at Cleveland, in July, 1887. In 1882 he accepted a nomination for Congress and was elected by a large majority. He was re-elected by increased majorities in 1884, 1886 and 1888, serving from March, 1883, to March, 1891, and declined to be a candidate for a fifth term. His reputation as a lawyer and jurist gave him standing in the Congress at the opening of his service. He was appointed to membership on the judiciary committee—a marked honor for a new member—and devoted himself to the public interests with the same fidelity which had characterized his devotion to clients or the prosecution of his own business. He performed his duty in committee and on the floor with becoming modesty and dignity.

Soon after the close of his fourth and last term in Congress he was one of three commissioners appointed by the secretary of the treasury to represent the government in the location of the public building at Kansas City, Missouri; and later he was appointed by the governor of Ohio a delegate from Ohio to the conference held in Chicago to consider the subject of unlawful trusts. As a citizen Judge Seney promoted the interests of his town in various ways. Always liberal and public-spirited, his activities found expression in support of enterprises which advance the material interests. Though not a member of any church, he aided with his purse in the building of many and contributed unsparsingly to the support of public worship. He organized the Tiffin Savings Bank in 1890 and was its president for many years.

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#### STEPHEN R. HARRIS, OF THE CRAWFORD COUNTY BAR.

Honorable Stephen R. Harris, who was born on his father's farm seven miles west of Massillon, Ohio, May 22, 1824, sprang from patriotic stock. His grandfather was John Harris and his paternal grandmother Mary Hamilton. The former was a soldier in the army of Washington and distinguished himself at the battle of Monmouth, where his brother-in-law, John Hamilton, was killed beside him. The subject of this biography worked on the farm and attended district school until fourteen years of age, when he started out for himself. He was employed as a clerk in a store at Canal Fulton, Stark county, about four years, attended a select school at Dalton, taught

by John W. Rankin (afterwards a distinguished lawyer and a partner at Keokuk, Iowa, of the late Justice Miller, of the United States Supreme Court). In 1842 he was a student in the preparatory department of Washington College, Pennsylvania, which institution recently conferred upon him the honorary degree of A. M. In 1843 and 1844 he studied in Norwalk Seminary, under the late Edward Thompson, bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church. For the next two years he was a student in the classical department of Western Reserve College at Hudson. In the winter of 1846-7 he taught school at Canal Fulton. Having by this time acquired a liberal education through his own unaided and persistent efforts, he entered upon the study of law in the office of his uncle, John Harris, a pioneer lawyer of ability, at Canton. After reading under instruction for two years he was admitted to the Bar in the spring of 1849, and on the 14th day of June in that year opened an office for practice at Bucyrus. He became the law partner of the late Judge Josiah Scott in 1850, and the partnership was continuous until the death of the latter in 1879, except for the period of Judge Scott's service on the state supreme bench. Mr. Harris served as deputy United States marshal and member of the county military committee during the war. He was elected in 1894 to represent his district, which had been strongly Democratic, in the Fifty-fourth Congress of the United States, and was the candidate of his party for re-election in 1896; but the free silver sentiment and fusion of the Populists were sufficiently strong to defeat the ticket. Mr. Harris was a staunch Republican. For years he stood in the forefront of practitioners in Crawford county.

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#### **M. B. JOHNSON, OF THE CUYAHOGA COUNTY BAR.**

The bar of Cuyahoga county suffered a distinct loss when M. B. Johnson, a member of the firm of M. B. & H. H. Johnson, passed away at 8:30 a. m., Saturday, October 9, 1920. Mr. Johnson was a lawyer of international repute, and was one of the most distinguished and learned members of the Bar of Ohio. His whole career was spent in the practice of law, although many important corporations claimed his valued service and counsel in business affairs.

Mr. Johnson was born in Elyria on December 16, 1862. He attended the public schools at Elyria and was graduated from Oberlin College. At twenty-one he was admitted to the Bar and he practiced his profession for two years at Elyria. In 1886 he went to Cleveland and took a place with the White Sewing Machine Company, and he maintained a connection with that organization until his demise. In 1888 he organized the law firm of M. B. & H. H. Johnson, which grew to take a commanding place at the bars of Cuyahoga county and the state of Ohio.

Mr. Johnson became a director of the White Sewing Machine Company and affiliated organizations, and when those interests consolidated and the White company came into existence, he was made chairman of the board of directors.

In 1896 Mr. Johnson took an active part in organizing the American Trust Company. This was merged with the Citizens Savings & Trust Company, in which Mr. Johnson became a director and member of the executive committee. He was retained by the General Electric Company for the performance of important duties in this country and abroad. He also was interested in several General Electric subsidiaries, being a director in the Electric Bond & Share Company, and the Electric Securities Company. As a representative of these concerns he was brought into intimate touch with the banking and industrial interests of the east in this country and in Europe.

In his home city he took a broad interest in public as well as industrial affairs. He was a director of the Cleveland Cliffs Iron Company, the McKinney Steel Company, the Chisholm-Moore Manufacturing Company and other firms. During the war Mr. Johnson was active in patriotic work, especially in the campaigns of the Red Cross, being a member of the general committee of that organization. He helped to make a success of the appeals of the Red Cross Society for funds.



**CLIFFORD ALFRED NEFF, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.**

Clifford Alfred Neff was born at Savannah, Georgia, May 5, 1867, his parents being E. W. S. Neff and Estelle Fechet. He studied in Summerville Academy in Georgia and at Harcourt Place School, Gambier, Ohio. He graduated from Kenyon College in 1888, studied law with Sherman, Hoyt & Dustin, and was admitted to the Bar in 1890. From that time he practiced law in the city of Cleveland, at first alone, and then, in July, 1913, becoming a member of the firm of White, Johnson, Cannon & Neff, of which firm he was a member until his death. Soon after his graduation he married Miss Kathryn Young, of Mount Vernon, Ohio, whom he left a widow.

He organized and became clerk of Bratenahl Village in 1904 and continued in that position until his death. He organized the first Board of Deputy State Supervisors of Elections in 1898 and was secretary of that board until 1903. From 1900 to 1902 he was a member of the Ohio Supreme Court Committee on Admission to the Bar. He was professor in the Cleveland Law School from 1897 until after he became a member of the firm of White, Johnson, Cannon & Neff, lecturing on the subjects of Wills, Agency and Sales.

He very early took a prominent place at the Bar. His mind was distinguished by the clearness and accuracy of its reasoning, and the expression of his thoughts was, therefore, logical and convincing. He never sought for technical advantage, but insisted upon obtaining all of his client's rights. He was always ready, however, to consider the rights of his adversary. He was fair, candid and upright, not merely in the practice of law, but in every department of life. Mr. Neff died August 25, 1919.

**THOMAS MORRISON SLOANE, OF THE SANDUSKY BAR.**

Born July 25, 1854—Died March 22, 1920.

Thomas Morrison Sloane, of Sandusky, judge of the Probate Court of Erie county, was born in Sandusky, July 25, 1854, son of Hon. Rush R. Sloane, and his wife, Sarah E. Morrison. Judge Sloane's grandfather, Colonel John N. Sloane, was a native of New York State, and in 1815 came to Sandusky, where he was a lawyer of repute.

Judge Sloane was educated in the public schools of Sandusky, the Cheshire Academy, the Phillips Exeter Academy at Exeter, New Hampshire, and Harvard University, being graduated from the latter institution as a Bachelor of Arts in 1877. After studying law for a year in the office of H. & L. H. Goodwin, of Sandusky, he entered the law school of the University of Michigan, from which he was graduated with the degree of LL. B. in 1880, and in May of the same year he was admitted to the Bar of Ohio. Engaging in his profession he was for some time associated with Judge E. B. King.

In 1905 he was elected to the office of Probate Judge of Erie county and was twice re-elected, retiring from this office in 1917. His judicial career was characterized by conscientious service, and as a public official he was highly esteemed and held the confidence of the community to an exceptional degree.

**JAMES H. DEMPSEY, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.**

One of the distinguished members of the Cuyahoga County Bar, James H. Dempsey, for years a member of the firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, passed away within the last year. On addressing the members of the Cuyahoga County Bar at a memorial meeting, Hon. Andrew Squire spoke with reference to the death of Mr. Dempsey as follows:

The Dempsey family consisted of James H. Dempsey, an only son, and three daughters. In accordance with his own desire and the wish of his father, Mr. Dempsey prepared for college and in due time entered Kenyon

College, from which he graduated in 1882. His college career was one of great thoroughness. He loved his work and his professors, and the associations formed during those days continued dear to him in after life. The loyalty and affection shown to all of them, as well as to many friends and acquaintances of later years, were marked characteristics of his life.

Kenyon was always revered and loved by him, and Mr. Dempsey was one of the most earnest and enthusiastic workers for the betterment and development of the institution, and at the time of his death was one of the very influential members of the board of trustees. After graduation, Mr. Dempsey had an ambition to become a lawyer, and, by way of preparation, during the session beginning in the fall of 1882 and ending in the spring of 1883, he attended Columbia Law School. Shortly before the close of the first year in Columbia, Moses R. Dickey, a warm friend of Mr. Dempsey's father and a lawyer of marked ability, a veteran of the Mexican and Civil War, and later a distinguished judge, had become a member of the firm of Estep, Dickey & Squire. Mr. Dempsey, desiring to waste no time in making thorough preparation for the law, and through the friendship of Judge Dickey for his father, planned to spend the summer vacation of 1883 in the law office of the firm just mentioned. From the very first he displayed so much business ability and at once became so useful, that Mr. Estep, the senior member of the firm, joined with the others in requesting him to stay right with the firm, Mr. Estep undertaking during certain evenings of the week to assist Mr. Dempsey in his law studies to enable him to take the examination for admission to the Bar in the following year; so that from the midsummer of 1883, Mr. Dempsey became an active worker at the law, and in March, 1884, was duly admitted. He continued with the firm of Estep, Dickey & Squire, and in a short time became a member of the firm.

No decade in my memory saw such changes in the practice of law as that from 1880 to 1890. The transaction of business through the means of corporations received great impetus during that period. Many old and well-known business firms changed to corporations. Trial work, while always important and demanding the greater part of the lawyer's time and attention up to that time, had to take its place as one of the departments of his practice, for much time and attention were demanded in the organizing of corporations, in directing them, and in advising as to various phases of their operation. Mr. Dempsey was pre-eminently qualified in this direction. He looked after the business of the firm and very soon came to be thoroughly trusted and relied upon by the firm's clientele. Mr. Estep was one of the older practicing lawyers of the Cuyahoga County Bar, Judge Dickey being but a few years his junior. Mr. Dempsey and the writer were much younger, belonging almost to another generation and we thought it best to retire. Joining with Judge Sanders, who at that time retired from the Common Pleas bench, the firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey was organized on January 1, 1890. Through Mr. Dempsey's efforts, Mr. Carr and Mr. Goff (constituting at that time the firm of Carr & Goff) took our places with Messrs. Estep and Dickey, making that the firm of Estep, Dickey, Carr & Goff. Of the firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey he was an active member at the time of his decease, the firm having, on the first of January last, reached its thirtieth anniversary—a long time of association in the life of legal firms.

Mr. Dempsey was first married on September 24, 1885, to Miss Emma Bourne. A few years later he and his wife lost their first child, Olivia. The wife died on March 14, 1893, after a short and severe illness, leaving Mr. Dempsey with his two sons, John Bourne Dempsey and Ernest Cook Dempsey, who are now associated with the firm which bears their father's name. In 1915 Mr. Dempsey married Miss Ada Hunt, whom he left at his decease as his widow with their two children.

It is difficult for me to speak of my personal relations with Mr. Dempsey. Our rooms in the office were side by side for almost thirty-seven years. No business association was probably ever closer than ours. It was much more than the ordinary association of partners. While I was approximately eight years Mr. Dempsey's senior, we were constant friends and our interests of every character largely co-mingled. We were always sure of each

other's confidence, affection and love. We shared in one another's sorrows and in each other's successes.

The firm of Estep, Dickey & Squire owed much to Mr. Dempsey's efforts as a young man just entering the profession, and the firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey was and is indebted to a large extent to Mr. Dempsey's constant thought and effort in attaining for it a high professional standing. His first ambition was ever for the advancement of the interests of his family, his firm, his clients, and of the various organizations with which he was connected, never taking into consideration his own personal advancement. Loyalty to his family always stood first; loyalty to his profession and to his firm next. He knew nothing of hours of labor. Obstacles to him were simply something that must be overcome if they were in the way of securing justice to the cause of his client. His nature was most intense, and anything that to him seemed not right, wore upon him. His devotion to what he considered his duty to the profession and to his firm was so incessant that in 1911 he suffered a serious breakdown in his health, which compelled him reluctantly to cease work for a time. Within two years he recovered sufficiently to again take his place, and while he had to be much more careful, and restrain in some measure his activities, still, until the very day before his decease, his whole thought and effort were centered on the interests of the firm and of its clients.

Those most closely associated with him, whether in our office or in business, always had for him the highest respect. He might be wrong; at times he might be impatient; but if ever in error no one was more ready to make the necessary correction. No one was more generous, and none quicker to right a wrong if he felt he had committed one. Mr. Dempsey made an enviable position for himself, not only in his profession, but in every walk of life into which he entered. As a trustee of Kenyon College he was held in the highest esteem. For many years he was one of the executive committee and a trustee of Lake View Cemetery Association, to which he gave much energy and work in aiding to bring the cemetery to the condition in which it now is. He was also a loyal trustee of University School, giving it much thought and studious attention. Never, however, did any of these outside activities interfere with his devotion to the interests of his firm and its clientele.

In his association with people he was sometimes reticent and careful, but in a marked degree he had the faculty of reaching their hearts and of attaching them to him with an intense loyalty, a loyalty which he in turn gave to them. All over the country are warm personal and admiring friends of James H. Dempsey. Never was there any doubt about where he stood on any question that came before him for investigation. His own mentality might at times be deceived, but his honesty of purpose and integrity were never questioned.

He knew little of the methods of relaxation. His love of animals, especially horses, led him to take delight in having favorite horses for riding. He knew his animals and loved them, and they in turn reciprocated his affection. Outside of such exercise, he devoted his entire time to his family, his profession and to his friends. There have been few lawyers in the city of Cleveland who have so thoroughly attached themselves to the members of the profession with whom they associated as Mr. Dempsey. His whole disposition and temperament were intense. His thirty-seven years of work in this city was always along constructive lines—always with the purpose of being helpful. If one were to name the predominant quality possessed by Mr. Dempsey, it would be loyalty—loyalty to family, to profession, to friends, to his alma mater, to his city and country. No sacrifice was too great for him to make for any of them. Rare indeed are characters such as that of James H. Dempsey, and no city and no country can have too many such men, and the profession of the law and the Cleveland Bar will always be proud to include the name of James H. Dempsey among its honored members.

**HON. CHARLES ALEXANDER BOWERSOX OF THE WILLIAMS COUNTY BAR.**

Nature was lavish in her charm when she moulded Charles Alexander Bowersox. He was a polished scholar, a natural-born orator, an accomplished statesman, a noble, honest, upright man. He was deeply learned in the law—great lawyer, and a just and peerless jurist. In stature, a plumed knight—in intellect, a giant. He loved his home, his wife, his children, and his friends with a divine, a burning and consuming love.

Judge Bowersox was endowed by nature with a natural legal mind. He was a great lawyer, of the "Old School;" as an advocate before a jury, he was invincible. As a jurist he scarcely had any equal. His long experience as lawyer and judge; his boundless erudition, his deep learning and big, manly heart and sympathetic nature, seemed to qualify him, above all others, for his high position in the legal profession. As a judge, he was just, impartial and absolutely honest. He had compassion for the weak and the oppressed; many times have I witnessed scenes in his court, that touched my heart. Some poor wretch begging for mercy, and the appeal in that behalf never failed to touch his heart. I have listened to the words of love and benediction as they fell from his lips on many occasions.

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**GEORGE REICHARD WOOLF, OF THE MAHONING COUNTY BAR.**

Mr. Woolf was born in Berlin township, Mahoning county, Ohio, April 1, 1857. Being a son of Jacob and Christina Woolf, who were farmers and lived in the western part of Mahoning county. He died on September 22, 1905, and was buried in North Berlin Cemetery in the town where he was born. He was married twice, first to Oda Beardsley, second to Cora Dowdes. One child, George R. Woolf, Jr., was born of his last marriage. He partially worked his way through college by teaching school. He was graduated from Mt. Union College in 1878 and was admitted to the bar in 1891. Mr. Woolf practiced law up to the time of his death in the City of Cleveland.

Mr. Woolf, before his admission to the bar, was a professor in the Canfield Normal School, of Mahoning county for a time, giving up his seat for the practice of law.

In his admission to the bar, he distinguished himself by a perfect examination paper and was accorded 100 per cent by the judges. In Cleveland, he frequently acted as Police Judge. He was an honored member of the Elks in Cleveland, of which lodge he was a Past Exalted Ruler. He was a fluent speaker and gifted composer. As a lawyer, he enjoyed a wide reputation as an attorney of great ability.

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**VIRGIL P. KLINE, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.**

After a day spent in the office transacting duties of the profession that he loved and honored, Virgil P. Kline, for years one of the leaders of the Ohio and Cuyahoga County Bar, died on January 17, 1917. He retired the evening of his demise, apparently in robust health, and in the morning, without a note of alarm coming to his family through the evening, he was found in his bed, dead.

For a period of almost 50 years Mr. Kline was a familiar and commanding figure in legal circles of his state and of Cleveland. He was known throughout the nation as a lawyer of great ability, and his services were in great demand.

He was born in 1844, was a lawyer at twenty-six and dead at seventy-two.

He began his study in the common school. At the age of sixteen, in association with a school companion, he was the publisher of a 9x11

sheet known as the *Young American*. It was devoted to the reproduction of current prose and poetry and contemporary news.

The Academy at Hiram, Ohio, being not remote from his home, provided him with an opportunity for a test of his aptness for higher education and opened the way for the riper work done by him at Williams College, from which institution he was graduated at the age of twenty-two. While at this college he determined to become a lawyer. Upon returning to Cleveland he commenced the study of law in the office of Albert T. Slade, with whom he afterwards was associated. Before being admitted to the bar his health broke and he was forced to go away and live in the open. After a few months he returned, and resumed his study. In the meantime the small fund, upon which he relied to carry him on to the time when he should be able to practice in the profession which he had chosen for a life career, became exhausted, and two years were spent by Mr. Kline as superintendent of the high school at Cuyahoga Falls. During this time, however, he completed his law studies, and upon being admitted to the bar he went to Cleveland and started the practice.

In time it became known among the older lawyers of the city that a young fellow by the name of Kline, who was a newcomer had a most effective way of reaching the justices of the peace. In time it became known that the success of the young lawyer was not due to any extraordinary condition, but resulted from work of preparation, not only of the law, but of the evidence. A higher tone of argument than was customary in such courts, which were the training ground for the young lawyer, was another weapon that Mr. Kline used with good effect.

The connection with Mr. Slade continued four years, during which period Mr. Kline had opportunities for participating in the trial of cases in common pleas court. Upon the death of Mr. Slade in 1876, Mr. Kline became associated with J. M. Henderson, and this relation continued for approximately seventeen years. He was always careful and painstaking in his work and a man never lived who was more industrious than he. He made it a practice to read the statements of facts in reported cases, and then without looking at the syllabus, he would announce his decision. Then if it failed to agree with his own, he would study the case carefully to ascertain wherein he had erred.

About the year 1881 a suit was begun on behalf of Scofield and others against the Lake Shore Railway Co. for a mandatory injunction requiring it to render to the plaintiffs like service for a like compensation to that allowed some of the larger shippers. Then there was no Sherman law and no Valentine anti-trust law. The defendant boldly made the claim that it had the right to grant a lower rate to the large shipper because of his larger shipments. The district court, which was then the appellate court from the common pleas, reserved the suit for the Supreme Court, where a judgement was rendered fixing the law substantially as we know it today.

In the bringing, preparation and trial of this case, Mr. Kline exercised great diligence in preparing and keenness in trial, with the result that he attracted the attention of men of big affairs. A short time afterward he was retained as attorney for the Standard Oil Co., of Ohio, and from that time on he gave much of his time to the affairs of that corporation. His general reputation as a trial lawyer had grown to such an extent that he was frequently asked to act with other attorneys in the trials of their cases.

Later on Mr. S. H. Tolles became associated with Messrs. Henderson and Kline, and then in the year 1894 that partnership was dissolved. Fred H. Goff, now president of The Cleveland Trust Co., and Mr. Carr, now deceased, became associated with Mr. Kline and Mr. Tolles. This firm was one of the largest, from standpoint of clientele, in the State of Ohio, and it likewise was one of the most successful and prosperous.

Mr. Kline was a Democrat and was for years active in party counsels. With great reluctance he permitted his name to go before the state convention at Dayton in 1885, as a candidate for the nomination for governor. He was beaten, however, by James E. Campbell, of Butler county, who was elected in the fall of that year.

In 1896, when William Jennings Bryan was nominated for President

by the Democratic party, Mr. Kline was one of the leaders in the movement, which brought about the so-called Hard Money Convention in Indianapolis. He was a member of the Committee on Resolutions and took a leading part in the formation of the platform.

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**GENERAL THOMAS W. SANDERSON, OF THE MAHONING  
COUNTY BAR.**

General Thomas W. Sanderson, whose death occurred in his home city, Youngstown, on the 26th day of January, 1908, was born in Indiana, Pennsylvania, in October, 1828. In 1834 his father removed to the vicinity of Youngstown, where Thomas grew to manhood on the farm. He obtained an education in the public schools, read law and was admitted to the bar. He commenced to practice immediately and was successful. At the outbreak of the Civil War, Mr. Sanderson, prompted by patriotic impulses, enlisted, and he was commissioned a lieutenant. At once he became noted as one of the most efficient and daring officers in the volunteer forces, and he was promoted from position to position until he was finally commissioned a brigadier general. As an organizer, tactician and strategist he had few superiors. He was recognized by his comrades and superior officers as a man of undaunted courage and unusual capacity as a soldier.

At the close of the Civil War he resumed the practice of law in Youngstown and from that time to his death he devoted his time whole-heartedly to the practice of his profession, and he was eminently successful. He served one term as prosecuting attorney of Mahoning county, and for several years he was solicitor of the city, but official life had no allurements for him. His career as a lawyer was remarkable. For more than half a century he was engaged diligently upon one side of almost all the important litigation that went through the courts of Mahoning and adjoining counties.

He was a lawyer of the "old school," and by that is meant one who engaged in the general practice, taking all manner of cases that were brought to him, studying constantly developments in all phases of the law and broadening thereby his legal view and attainments. In the preparation of his cases he was painstaking, industrious and systematic. His pleadings were models of elegance, not only in appearance, but in diction. In the trial of cases he was always kind and courteous, particularly so if his antagonist was a young member of the bar; but no matter how thoroughly prepared his opponent might be, or how well equipped intellectually, he always found in General Sanderson a "foeman worthy of his steel."

The impress of his legal attainments and capabilities upon the records of the courts in Mahoning and adjoining counties will always stand as an enduring monument to the man.

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**J. FOSTER WILKIN, OF THE TUSCARAWAS COUNTY BAR.**

A memorial on the life, character and public service of Hon. J. Foster Wilkin, late a member of the Ohio Supreme Court, was read before the justices of the Supreme Court in open session by Judson Harmon, Esq., a member of a special committee appointed to prepare the paper.

J. Foster Wilkin died December 4, 1914, after a brief illness, while he was one of the judges of the Supreme Court. The funeral services were held at the Presbyterian Church, New Philadelphia, December 7th. The presence and participation of all his associates in the Supreme Court, and the large attendance of citizens attested the high place he held in the general esteem, and the widespread grief awakened by his sudden and untimely death.

J. Foster Wilkin was born at Holliday's Cove, in what is now the State of West Virginia, February 26, 1853. His parents were Andrew J. and Maxima Wilkin. They afterward removed to Newcomerstown, Ohio, where the son became a pupil of Rev. U. Jesse Knisely, a gifted and dis-

tinguished educator, with whom he made rapid progress in his studies. After passing through the schools of the village, he received a collegiate education at Washington and Jefferson College and at Wooster University. The foundation of his legal education was laid at Michigan University. After he came to the bar and his position in the community had been established, he felt the need of a more thorough education, and at that time left for the University of Virginia, and took a post-graduate course there.

Mr. Wilkin began the practice of law at New Philadelphia, Ohio, and he soon became prominent in his profession. His success as a young lawyer led to his election and re-election to the office of prosecuting attorney, which he filled with credit and to the satisfaction of the people.

In June, 1876, he was united in marriage with Miss Virginia Smith, daughter of the Honorable G. B. Smith, of Newcomerstown. She had been his playmate in boyhood. Six boys and two girls were born to them. The married life of Judge Wilkin was happy and beautiful. Husband and wife shared faithfully the labors and responsibilities of rearing a large family.

Judge Wilkin practiced his profession for more than a third of a century in Tuscarawas county and he won an honorable rank in it. His mind had a keen and vigorous grasp, with breadth and largeness of view. He was not so much a student of cases as of principles. The law to him was a science to be practically applied for the promotion of right. His mind had a logical cast. He was a lover of justice and could not consent to any interpretation of the law, which, in its practical operation, did not reach just conclusions. He likes to trace the law back to its source, and he has been a diligent student of Roman jurisprudence.

But the law did not wholly monopolize his attention; he was a student in several departments of knowledge; he was a lover of good literature, and was never alone among good books. They were an incentive and an inspiration to him.

Judge Wilkin was a son of pleasing presence and manners, and apparently of sound and vigorous physique. His sudden call to rest, in the midst of his useful labors, is one of the mysteries which we cannot fathom. But it is a comfort to his family and friends that the years of his life, cut short though they were, served to make for him and them and for his community and the state, a career of varied usefulness. The results of his service on the Supreme Bench were pleasing to all his friends. He fitted naturally and easily into the place, exhibiting at once a mental grasp and knowledge of the law, with facility in applying it, worthy of a judge of much longer experience.

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#### WILLIAM T. SPEAR, OF THE TRUMBULL COUNTY BAR.

On the third day of June, 1834, William T. Spear was born, in the then village of Warren. He was descended from a sturdy race of New England people and he received his early education in the public schools of Warren, which was in that early day one of the principal educational centers in the Western Reserve.

In the early years of his manhood he went to New York City and there served as a compositor on the staff of the New York Herald, and later as a proof reader for the publishing house of the Appletons. Upon his return to Warren he was appointed deputy clerk in the Probate Office, and on March 5, 1858, by order of the Common Pleas Court, he was appointed deputy clerk of that court. While acting in the latter capacity he commenced the study of law under the instruction of the Hon. Jacob Cox, who afterward was elected Governor of Ohio.

At a term of the old District Court, he was admitted to the Bar—that was in January, 1858. The next year he entered the Harvard Law School and was graduated therefrom. On September 28, 1864, he married Miss Frances E. York, of Geneva, New York, and to them were born four sons. He served two terms as the city solicitor of Warren and he was twice elected prosecuting attorney of Trumbull county, serving two full terms

in that office. For a period of about eighteen years, from 1860 to 1878, he was busily engaged in the practice of law. At the general election in 1878 he was chosen a judge of the Common Pleas Court and again in 1883 he was elected to the same office. While he was serving in that capacity he was elevated to the Supreme Court of Ohio at the general election in 1885. By repeated elections he continued on that bench until the 31st day of December, 1912, when he took off his robe of office and retired to the bar. On the 8th day of December, 1913, he passed away at his home in Columbus. His entire judicial career covered a period of thirty-four years.

When Judge Spear laid aside the judicial ermine and retired to the bar, his robes of office were pure and spotless. In the seventy-ninth year of his age, and after having faithfully kept his sacred trust for thirty-four years, he evidently felt the need of adding something to his income by his professional labors at the bar.

Judge Spear came to be regarded as one of the strong men of the Supreme Court. He was a great judge and a good lawyer. In social as well as in official intercourse he was, under all circumstances, a gentleman. He was a good visitor and splendid entertainer. He was ever pleased to meet and have his friends about him.

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#### **WALTER B. RICHIE, OF THE LIMA BAR.**

Walter Buckingham Richie was born January 24, 1851, in Van Wert county, Ohio. He was reared upon a farm, educated in the public schools and for a time he taught in a public school. He read law with the firm of Ballard & Richie, at Lima, and he was admitted to the bar April 2, 1875. Shortly after his admission to the bar he moved to Bucyrus, and after practicing there a short time he removed to Lima, where he was in the practice until his death, April 2, 1918.

Although his early educational advantages were limited, yet no man was better educated than Mr. Richie. He was a prolific reader, not only of the law, but of literature and history. He was a polished speaker and he was in great demand for public addresses. Of pleasing personality and a keen student, it was natural that Mr. Richie should win success at the bar. He was for years the recognized leader of the bar of northwestern Ohio. He was a public spirited man, and no worthy civic enterprise ever called him for help without avail. He was always genial in manner and devoted in his friendships. He was charitable to a large degree. He never sought political preferment, believing rather that the private station was the post of honor. For more than forty years he practiced law in Allen county. He participated in the more important litigation in the later years of his career, and he won a reputation as lawyer that was state-wide.

Careful study and preparation developed his natural qualifications. His alertness was such that he seemed almost to divine the course of his adversary before he had spoken. His replies were always courteous, so that his advocacy was always appropriate, forceful and effective.

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#### **ALBERT JACOB WOLF, OF THE MAHONING COUNTY BAR.**

Mr. Wolf was born in Berlin Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, April 26, 1852, being a son of Jacob and Christena Wolf, who were farmers and lived in the western part of Mahoning County. He died January 29, 1906, and was buried in Belmont Park Cemetery, Youngstown, Ohio. He was married twice, first to Cordie Ewing, then to Inez A. Wolf. One child was born of his first marriage; died at the age of six years. He practically worked his way through college by teaching school and was graduated from Mount Union College in 1876. He was admitted to the bar June 4, 1878, and practiced law up to the time of his death, in Youngstown. During a part of his professional life he was associated with Judge W. S. Anderson and later a short period of time with E. H. Moore. For a number of years he took an active part in politics, being a Democrat. The only office he ever held was an appointive one, being a member



of the Mahoning County Board of Examiners for School Teachers. He was a member of the following lodges: Masonic, Elks and Knights of Pythias. His position among his fellow members of the bar is truthfully given by Judge J. R. Johnston in an address at his funeral.

"I knew Brother Woolf well for many, many years. I know and I believe that the bar generally recognized the fact that his was one of the keenest intellects that this bar has been blessed with for many years, and the man who sat at the trial table with him, no matter from whence he came, always found in his a foe-man worthy of his steel.

"Frank, open hearted and generous himself, firm in his convictions upon all questions, always with the courage to voice his convictions on any subject, he despised the man who was wavering or shirking or who was hypocritical in his pretensions upon any subject whatever.

#### **DAVID FORDING, OF THE STARK COUNTY BAR.**

Honorable David Fording, one of the successful and best known lawyers of northeastern Ohio, died suddenly at his home in Alliance, Ohio, Thursday evening, November 13, 1919. He was born at Salem, Ohio, in 1842, and was therefore past seventy-seven years of age. He was admitted to the Ohio Bar in 1870, since which time he has been continuously engaged in the practice of the law in Alliance, Ohio, up to and including the date of his death. He possessed a strong physique, a vigorous mental grasp and a striking personality. He was a great student of politics, government, history and economics and on this account was a great intellect as well as social favorite in any company of educated persons. Mr. Fording always took a great interest in his profession, to which he devoted himself exclusively. He was a member of the Ohio State and American Bar Associations. For twenty-nine years he has been an active and useful member of the Board of Trustees of Mount Union College and was deeply devoted to the moral and uplift movements of his community.

#### **HARRY EDWARDS HAMMAR, OF THE LAKE COUNTY BAR.**

Harry Edwards Hammar was born in Wooster, Wayne County, Ohio, in November, 1869, and died in Cleveland, March 28, 1920.

Attending the schools of his native town, and putting in all his spare time in study and labor, he was, at the age of eighteen, the possessor of a teacher's certificate, and a working knowledge of shorthand and typewriting. Going to Painesville, when about twenty years of age, he secured a position as stenographer and maintained himself by that profession while he pursued the study of law, both in the office of Tuttle & Tuttle, of Painesville, and in the Law School of Western Reserve University. Admitted to the bar in 1894, he opened an office in Painesville, and soon had a living practice. He shortly formed a partnership with Prosecuting Attorney Bosworth, and the firm was very successful. Dissolving partnership with Mr. Bosworth about fifteen years ago, he practiced alone until the time of his death.

#### **HENRY NEWBEGIN, OF THE DEFIANCE COUNTY BAR.**

Henry Newbegin was born near Pownal, Cumberland County, Maine, May 2, 1833. His father was a farmer and he grew up on the farm, attending district school in the winter until he was old enough to teach. By that means he earned enough to pay his way through Yarmouth Institute and Bowdoin College, where he graduated in 1857 with the degree of A. B.; in 1860 he received the degree of A. M. He was a member of Theta Delta Chi and of Phi Beta Kappa. He was also a Mason and a Knight Templar and a member of the American Bar Association. He kept in close touch with his college and for many years, until his death, was a member of its Board of Overseers.

After graduation Mr. Newbegin continued teaching school, locating for a

time in Fairfield, Iowa, reading law evenings. Later he organized the union schools at Bryan, Ohio, and continued reading law evenings in the office of Foster & Pratt. He also taught the Defiance High School and was there Superintendent of Schools. In the Fall of 1862 he attended the Albany Law School. He was admitted to the bar by the Supreme Court of Ohio, December 1, 1862, and he began practice at Defiance immediately afterward. He was soon admitted to the Federal Courts and became an adept in their practice. His first case in the United States Supreme Court, *Hess vs. Reynolds*, is still much cited. He continued in the practice of the law at Defiance until his death.

Mr. Newbegin had a very strong and forceful personality, prodigious energy and an unusually retentive memory. He was widely known as an eminent lawyer, particularly in railroad and corporation practice, for his work in the Federal Courts, and for his skill in matters of practice and procedure. These qualifications brought him many clients to whose interests he was loyally devoted.

In 1880 he formed a partnership with B. B. Kingsbury, a former college class mate, under the name of Newbegin & Kingsbury. This lasted for several years. Later, for a short time, his son, Edward H. Newbegin, was associated with him under the firm name of Henry & Edward H. Newbegin, until the latter left the law to enter the Episcopal ministry. In 1898 he took his youngest son, Robert Newbegin, into partnership under the firm name of H. & R. Newbegin, which continued till his death.

Mr. Newbegin became a Democrat in the reconstruction days after the Civil War and remained such all his life. Although active in politics he never sought political office for himself.

He was first married in 1859 to Mrs. Priscilla Alexander, of Richmond, Maine, who died in 1864. In 1867 he married Miss Ellen T. Sturdivant, daughter of Ephraim Sturdivant, of Cumberland, Maine. She died in 1905. They had three children, Parker C. Newbegin, of Houlton, Maine; Rev. Edward H. Newbegin, Rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, Bangor, Maine, who died in 1906, and Robert Newbegin, of Toledo, Ohio.

Mr. Newbegin died at the age of 84, January 7, 1917, after only a week's illness of pneumonia. He was in active practice up to the time of his death and was in court the week before he died.

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### **DUANE H. TILDEN, OF THE CUYAHOGA COUNTY BAR.**

Duane H. Tilden, of the Cuyahoga County Bar, was for years one of the best and most favorably known members of the Bar of the Forest City. Judge Tilden had a large circle of friends and acquaintances that were attracted to him by his congeniality, his kindly spirit and the fraternal feeling that he possessed for all mankind.

It was a pleasure to meet Judge Tilden, and those who were associated with him in the practice of the law speak in only the kindest manner of the man.

Judge Tilden passed away on February 23, 1921, after a long and honorable career at the bar. He resided at the time of his demise at 1830 East 97th street, Cleveland, Ohio. His law office was located at 725 Society for Savings building.

He was born in Portage County, Ohio, May 15, 1861, the son of Henry C. and Lucinda (Hopkins) Tilden. He was married to Mary A. Moffett, June 9, 1889. He attended the common schools of Nelson, Ohio, and finished his education at Hiram College, from which institution he was graduated with the degree of Ph. D., in the year 1884.

Judge Tilden was admitted to the Bar of Ohio in 1887 and subsequently he was admitted to the practice of law in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio. He practiced law in Cleveland as a member of the firms of Lee & Tilden, 1890-96; Solders & Tilden, 1896-1903; Ford, Snyder & Tilden, 1906-18.

He was a member of the Union Club and the Shaker Heights Club, both of Cleveland.

In the year 1903 Mr. Tilden was elevated to the Common Pleas Court of Cuyahoga County, and he retired from the bench in 1906. His service in that capacity was entirely satisfactory to his constituency, and lawyers who came before him in important cases were greatly impressed with his legal attainments, his good sense and the courteous treatment they received in his court room.

The judge was essentially a gentleman; kindly, considerate and liberal in dealing with the faults of his fellow-men, although he was always stern when such policy was necessary. The judge lent dignity and standing to the members of the judiciary of Cuyahoga County while he was on the bench, and there was genuine regret felt by the average members of the bar when he retired to resume the practice of law after three short but eventful years as a jurist.

Judge Tilden was successful in the practice. His manner was such that clients could talk to him freely and ask questions without being reprimanded, although the interrogatories were upon subjects that every adult should be familiar with. He never was impatient or arbitrary with clients—faults that retard the progress of some of the brainiest men that were admitted to the bar. Judge Tilden was retained in much important litigation during his career as a lawyer at the Cuyahoga County Bar. He was a vigorous and forceful fighter and struck hard and frequently when engaged in the trial of a lawsuit for a client, but he never fought unfairly. He always was honorable in his dealings with his fellow-members of the bar; his word was as his bond and was so accepted by lawyers; he was zealous for his client's interest, but his interest never led him into a position that was unfavorable to himself; he was a clean, upstanding, pleasant and manly gentleman; a credit to himself and to his profession.

#### CLARENCE BROWN, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.

Clarence Brown was born at Massillon, Ohio, February 17, 1852, where he was graduated from the High School, and for a time thereafter assisted his father, who was postmaster at Massillon.

In 1872 he came to Toledo and began the study of law in the office of Scribner & Hurd, being admitted to the Bar of the Supreme Court of Ohio two years later. He held the office of Clerk to the Mayor and Solicitor in 1877, was Clerk to Mayor Jacob Romeis for the years 1879 and 1880, and was appointed Deputy Clerk of the United States Courts, in charge of the office at Toledo, in 1879. He was elected City Solicitor of the City of Toledo and served for the years 1881 and 1882.

In 1879 he married Miss Carrie Luce, daughter of the late Hon. Charles L. Luce, of Toledo, with whom he lived happily until his death.

In 1882 he and Frederick L. Geddes formed a partnership for the practice of law, which, with the addition of various members, continued throughout the remainder of his life. At the time of his death the partnership was composed of Clarence Brown, Frederick L. Geddes, Charles A. Schmettau, Lloyd T. Williams, Walter A. Eversman and Harry W. Isenberg, practicing under the firm name of Brown, Geddes, Schmettau & Williams.

In 1885 the property of the Toledo, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroad Company, which forms the present property of Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad Company, was in process of foreclosure. It was purchased at foreclosure sale by Sylvester H. Kneeland, who retained Mr. Brown as counsel for a committee of bondholders for whom he had purchased the road and who were interested in its reorganization. They caused the formation of Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City Railroad Company, which took over the property from the bondholders' committee and elected Mr. Brown General Solicitor of the company. This position he held with that company, with the several Receivers who for a time operated its property, with Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad Company, which purchased the property at foreclosure sale, and with the Receiver of the latter company. He took a special pride in the fact that, in length of service he was the oldest man on the road. For many years he was also a director of Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad Company, and in his later years was also a director of The Hocking Valley Railway Company.

In connection with Mr. Geddes, he was closely associated, from their small beginnings to their later great success, with the several companies which were formed to develop the inventions of Michael J. Owens and others in the manufacture of glass. He was one of the incorporators and, at the time of his death, Vice-President and a Director of The Toledo Glass Company, which was organized in 1895 to develop the bottle-blowing machine invented by Mr. Owens. He was also one of the incorporators and, at the time of his death, President and a Director of The Owens Bottle-Machine Company, and one of the incor-

porators, a Director and Vice-President of The Owens European Bottle-Machine Company. In 1907 he went to Europe and materially aided in the negotiations which resulted in the sale of the rights to use the Owens bottle-machine in European and other foreign countries. He was also one of the incorporators, a Director and Vice-President of The Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Company which was organized to purchase the patents developed by Irving W. Collurn and later by The Toledo Glass Company and Mr. Owens for the manufacture of sheet glass. His associates in these various enterprises gave to him a large share of the credit for their development and ultimate great success.

He was a forceful and successful trial lawyer and was engaged in many of the legal battles that attracted public attention in Toledo Courts. Perhaps the best known of them were the cases arising out of the construction of the Manufacturers Railroad on Water Street, the construction of the Terminal Railroad around the city and the fight between the Arbuckle interests and the Havemeyer interests over the sale of Arbuckle coffee in Ohio.

His activities took a wide range. From 1887 to 1889 he was a member of the Board of Natural Gas Trustees of Toledo and took a large part in the organization and activities of that board. For several years he was lecturer on medical jurisprudence in the Northwestern Ohio Medical College. He was for many years in his leisure hours actively interested in the game of whist and was at various times President of the Toledo Whist Club, and at one time President of the National Association of Whist Clubs. Always an active member of the Republican party, he was one of the first Presidents of the Republican League of Ohio, and was a delegate to the National Republican Convention in 1888. In the local political field he is most widely remembered for his services in the first independent campaign of Samuel M. Jones for the office of Mayor of Toledo, when the Republican Convention refused him a re-nomination as the Republican candidate.

He was a member of the Toledo Club, the Country Club, the Toledo Commerce Club, the Toledo Yacht Club and the Castalia Trout Club. For some years he was a member of the Advisory Board of the Toledo Hospital, gave it a great deal of time, and was always very greatly interested in its success. He was also a large, though often an anonymous contributor, to public and private charities. He died on the 30th day of July, 1918.

His quickness was really marvelous. One of his partners tells of having walked over from their office to the Court House with him, telling him about a case which was coming on for trial of which he had had no previous knowledge, but was expected to try, and how by the time they arrived he had the case all arranged and was ready for action. Not that he prepared cases in this fashion habitually, for with all his quickness he was a tireless worker.

He was an ideal associate in an important case. It was a pleasure to have him with you. One could sit back with a comfortable feeling of relief from a burden of responsibility, assured that no point in the case would be overlooked and each one presented in a most telling way. Always courageous and confident himself, he imparted the same feeling to you. His cheerfulness, always so bright and sparkling, was contagious. His opponents on the other hand were discouraged to see him looking so happy. He must have something up his sleeve. And so indeed he usually had. But if he had not, it would never have been known.

If he was skillful in marshalling and presenting the strong points of his own case, he was even more so in detecting the flaws in the opponent's case. How he would delight in exposing a fallacy and holding it up to ridicule.

All courts in which he practiced learned that they could rely upon his statement of what had been held in any case cited by him. It was not his habit to read his authorities to the Court. He would state the issue, take the volume in his hand and tell what had been decided with absolute accuracy. And judges knew his statements were correct.

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#### HON. DAVID H. COMMAGER, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.

While he was a mere boy, the Civil War called to the banners of the Union the manhood of the north, and David H. Commager enrolled himself in the legion of those who defended the indivisibility of the nation, served throughout the war with such ability and courage as to entitle him to a commission in the

army of the Republic at the age of seventeen years, and to the highest praise at the end of the war from his general, George H. Thomas. General Thomas, recognizing his extraordinary abilities, wrote to President Lincoln, recommending Lieutenant Commager for efficiency and bravery, and requesting President Lincoln to appoint Lieutenant Commager to West Point, where his natural military capabilities might receive the development that comes from training and study along special lines. Lieutenant Commager, however, desired rather to return to civilian pursuits, and although he received a letter from President Lincoln offering him the appointment to West Point, he returned to Toledo and resumed the study of law. While on a visit in Michigan and while still under age, he was nominated and elected to the office of Police Commissioner on a non-partisan ticket, and upon his return was obliged to decline the honor because of the fact that he was not of age.

Shortly afterwards he was admitted to the Bar of Lucas County, where for the rest of his life he practiced and received many civil honors through the suffrage of his fellow-citizens, to whom his merit and charm endeared him. He served as a member of the School Board for many years, bringing to that board that breadth of mind and knowledge of human nature that results, in men capable of it, from contact with many men of varied thoughts and beliefs, and extensive reading. He served upon the School Board at a time when a manifestation of his rare liberality and tolerance was equally an indication of moral courage.

His profound erudition and extreme popularity brought him the high honor of election to the Common Pleas bench during the decade when the bench of Lucas County boasted its Judge Pugsley and Judge Lemmon. He served as a Common Pleas Judge from 1883 to 1892.

Judge Commager also served as a member of the Board of Elections for four years, and declined many other positions of an honorary nature that were tendered him during his career.

Few of the many persons who came in contact with Judge Commager's personality failed to recognize that his was a wonderful intellect, endowed by nature and developed by many years of careful reading and study and broad experience. Those who had the privilege of being regarded by him as a friend, and who enjoyed the social intimacy which was so characteristic of the judge with his friends, knew that he was a man of the most generous impulses, the kindest of feelings towards his neighbors and all fellowmen, very intense loyalties toward his friends, and above all, the very highest professional and social ideals.

The older members of the bar who knew him when he was professionally more active will remember him as an orator, a scholar and a forceful man of great courtesy and charm. The younger members of the bar will remember him as a man whose stored up recollections and philosophical deductions afforded them, when related and explained by Judge Commager, great lessons in life, who always tried to be helpful and kind to the aspiring younger members of the profession.

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#### GUILFORD B. KEPPEL.

Nature seems to have endowed Mr. Keppel with a mind alert to analyze legal problems to their depths. To this natural bent he added a painstaking care and study that generally resulted in a correct conclusion. Coupled with his zeal to reach a true solution of the problem before him was a spirit of frankness that led him to make known to his client the result of his labor, even though it might not be that which was desired.

He was unsparing in his condemnation of sharp practice. He abhorred the too frequent custom of brow-beating witnesses.

His indignation was aroused against those in power who too often induced subordinates to color their testimony or depart from the truth to serve the purposes of their masters.

Much of his work was done for the poor and unfortunate, in whose behalf he exerted every effort and for whom he had the utmost sympathy.

He was one of that old school which is rapidly passing away that had cherished ideals for a learned profession. These ideals he placed above mere business getting and the profits that might accrue.

To him the law was a profession; not a trade.

He was born in Hopewell Township, Seneca County, Ohio, May 8, 1845, and for forty-seven years he labored conscientiously and well in his chosen profession. He died at Toledo, September 15, 1918.

He was Prosecuting Attorney of Seneca County from 1876 to 1880; post-master of Tiffin, Ohio, under President Cleveland; a member of the Tiffin School Board and held other positions of trust.

He died in the harness at the ripe age of seventy-three.

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### JOHN HARDY DOYLE, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.

Judge Doyle was born in Perry County, Ohio, April 23, 1844. Resident of Toledo from 1847 until his death. Died at Winter Haven, March 24, 1919.

His reputation rests not upon the brilliant results of a few occasions, but upon the uniformly extraordinarily high excellence of his professional work, his honest-mindedness, and his exalted character. It would take that dryest of all recitals, the story of the thousands of lawsuits already dust of the ages, to which he gave through the long, long years the force of his intellect, his quickness of wit and unflagging industry, should an attempt be made to convey an impression of the work of this great lawyer as it grew up in the minds of lawyers during the years they knew and loved him.

Judge Doyle was primarily a lawyer, with the ancient standards of the profession. Whatever else he did, it was but a vacation or interlude that he might return refreshed and re-invigorated to his labor of love upon the bench or at the bar.

To stand as he did for more than forty years as the unchallenged leader of the Bar of Lucas County required more than mere industry and facility. His superb manner and presence at once impressive and charming furnished some shelter of excuse, his wonderful combination of quickness of thought and unending persistence (you remember he carried the contest to enforce the lien of an Ohio judgment against the Wabash Railway Federal Court title to successful issue in some thirty years) gave some explanation, but, after all, his greatness and power were the result of his combined qualities. It would not have been difficult to find lawyers who would have done one or more things better than he, but impossible to have found one among the Lucas County Bar who could do so many of the different kinds of a lawyer's work supremely well.

Some would say that his schooling was short, but he ranked among the best educated men of his time and community. The streets, labor and the schools taught him elementary knowledge and wisdom of folks and opened to him the learning of the ages. His beautiful and rapid handwriting, which enabled him with pleasure to the very last to put his briefs and important papers in long hand, was learned as a copyist in the Recorder's office of Lucas County, and he had an opportunity to see politics as it is while he served as Secretary to the Honorable James M. Ashley in the fierce campaign of 1864.

Admitted to practice at twenty-one, he had the great good fortune to receive his early training under that prince of technical lawyers, Edward Bissell, and was very soon, as a member of the firm of Bissell & Gorrell, thrown into very active court practice where under the thorough, if not always agreeable, tutelage of Charles Kent, Charles Dodge, Charles Pratt and Judge J. M. Ritchie he was taught the practice of law.

After his novitiate as Judge of the Common Pleas and of the Supreme Court, he lived for thirty years in close business and professional relations with many of the most highly trained business geniuses of the country, and was constantly in the trial of important cases involving the fundamental questions of our governmental and business life.

If any one among us has received a higher or better education he has occasion to rejoice.

It may in some degree be due to the rosy memories of our youth, but however that may be, Judge Doyle's much too brief work as *Nisi Prius* Judge seems to us ideal. Whatever rank he may have held in other branches of our great art, as a trial judge he was above criticism. He came to this work in the full strength of mind and body, after he had learned from life and knew what the law was or where it could be found. Blessed with quick perceptions, with certainty he found

out what each lawsuit was about, and when the heart of a controversy is once known, it is rare that its just decision is more than routine work to a trained and well balanced mind. When, as was his case, to this basic power to know was added both the will and the industry to learn, and the capacity to preside with dignity, impartiality, good humor and firm decision, his services were well nigh invaluable.

### CHARLES THOMAS LEWIS, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.

On the 29th day of September, 1918, Mr. Charles Thomas Lewis departed this life on his farm near Perrysburg, Wood County, Ohio.

Mr. Lewis was a resident of Toledo since 1882, and for several years he was in the habit of spending a part of the summer months on his farm, which was near enough to Toledo to enable him to attend to his professional work when necessary without inconvenience.

He was born in Marietta, Ohio, on the 9th day of October, 1850, and lived there until after he graduated at Marietta College in 1872. He was a member of the Phi Beta Kappa, and Alpha Sigma Phi fraternities. Before being admitted to the bar he was the cashier of The Noble County National Bank at Caldwell, Ohio, where he studied law in the office and under the tutorship of Judge W. H. Fraser, and was admitted to practice at Caldwell in 1876. During that year, 1876, he entered into a partnership with Irvin Belford, late Clerk of the U. S. Circuit Court, and the firm was engaged in the practice at Caldwell until 1882, when they moved to Toledo.

Mr. Lewis was married October 26, 1876, to Dora Glidden, and the children of the marriage are Howard Lewis, Frank S. Lewis, William G. Lewis, Gertrude Lewis Richardson and Charles Thomas Lewis, Jr.

Mr. Lewis was a man of deep religious convictions and during his life was an active and earnest member of the Baptist Church, and one of the founders of the Ashland Avenue Baptist Church of Toledo. He was very prominent in the state and national affairs of the church and was a trusted adviser in all matters connected with the administration of the trusts and other legal affairs of each. For several years he was the head of The Ohio Baptist Convention.

He took a great interest in all educational matters, serving as President of the Board of Education of Toledo in 1896 and 1897, and for a great many years was a Trustee of the Denison University at Granville, Ohio; was President of the Board of Trustees when he died, and was always greatly interested in the welfare of the college.

He was a prominent Mason, having many positions of honor, and received the thirty-third degree Scottish Rite in 1898, and the Scottish Rite Ring Service was read at his funeral. For fifteen or twenty years he was a Director in the Northern National Bank of Toledo, Ohio, which position he occupied at the time of his death.

With all these activities, his great devotion was to his profession. He was a model lawyer by training, education and mental fitness. He loved the profession and hated anything that reflected on its reputation and standing. He was so earnest in this that it was very difficult, if not impossible, for him to condone an unprofessional act. That he was an able lawyer is evidenced by the fact that he was given, by unanimous consent, a place among the leading members of the bar.

He entered the office of Doyle & Scott in 1885, and to a partnership under the firm of Doyle, Scott & Lewis, which name continued until Mr. Scott's death in 1896, when the firm name became Doyle & Lewis.

For thirty-five years Mr. Lewis and Judge Doyle were partners in the practice of the law, a partnership which would not be dissolved except by the death of one of the partners. A few years ago Mr. Lewis' sons, Howard and Frank S., were admitted to the firm.

During the last twenty years Mr. Lewis had especial charge of the business of The Toledo & Ohio Central, The Zanesville & Western, and The Kanawha & Michigan Railway Companies. He was General Counsel of The T. & O. C. Company, was its Vice-President in 1908, and President in 1909, and part of 1910, and a Director in that company, the Big Four and The New York Central Railway Companies at the time of his death.

He never allowed anything to interfere with his devotion to the profession and his professional work. He never accepted office or was a candidate for any political office, but always took active interest in public affairs.

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### JOHN AUGUSTUS GARVER, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.

John Augustus Garver was a native of Ohio, having been born on a farm in Troy Township in Morrow County, on September 14, 1858. He received his early education in the public schools of Morrow County and later attended Ohio Central College at Iberia, Ohio, where he graduated in 1883. During his course of study there he was a room-mate of President Warren G. Harding and the close and intimate friendship formed between them at this institution continued until his death. Thereafter he studied law at Mt. Gilead in the office of Judge Thomas E. Duncan, father of Judge William Duncan, of Findlay, Ohio, and was admitted to the bar of Ohio, September 7, 1886.

He commenced the practice of his profession at Mt. Gilead and continued in practice there until 1897, when he removed to Toledo, Ohio. With the exception of a period of about three years in 1912, 1913 and 1914, when he was in the legal department of The Emerson-Brantingham Company, of Rockford, Illinois, he continued to reside in Toledo and to practice law until his death, which occurred at his home at 2918 Scottwood avenue, February 12, 1919. During his practice in Mt. Gilead he was associated with Thomas Dalrymple, and later with Hon. Louis K. Powell, afterwards Judge of the Court of Appeals of the Fifth District, and after his removal to Toledo he was associated with George W. Fluckey and later with Thad S. Powell, brother of Judge Powell. At the time of his death he was associated in practice with Warren J. Duffey and George C. Bryce. He was united in marriage with Lizzie B. Ustick on November 7, 1889. Mrs. Garver and one daughter, Anna Garver, survive him.

Throughout his life he took an active interest in politics and was a lifelong Republican. He served as Mayor of Mt. Gilead and also as City Solicitor of that city for four years and for a short period served as Assistant City Solicitor of Toledo during the administration of Mayor Charles M. Milroy. He also was a very active and prominent member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having held the highest offices in the Grand Encampment of Ohio, and in subordinate organizations of that Order. One of his most important undertakings was the preparation of the Constitution and By-Laws of the Supreme Encampment of that order, to which work he devoted the painstaking care and diligent effort which was characteristic of all his work during his life.

John Garver in manner and character was truly one of that type often referred to by the overworked and hackneyed term "a gentleman of the old school." In appearance always plain and unostentatious; in address ever courteous and sincere; in manner dignified, without arrogance, always humble in the true sense of humility, yet never obsequious; in his profession always painstaking, faithful and capable. In all, he possessed a beauty and sweetness of character that not only endeared him to the affections of his friends but also won and held the respect of all who knew him. It can perhaps be truly said of him that once having made a friend, he never lost his friendship, and this was because he was by nature incapable of anything petty, underhanded or dishonest, and his unswerving loyalty to these ideals prevented him from alienating the regard of his friends by any unworthy conduct.

He was by disposition and habit rather reserved and abstemious, yet he loved good companionship and was always a pleasant and even jovial companion among his intimate friends, as is so often the case with men of retiring disposition. His prevailing characteristic was dependability. He could always be depended upon as a friend, to be loyal and sincere; as a lawyer to be faithful, painstaking and accurate; and as a man, to be unselfish, just and true.

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### JAMES KENT HAMILTON, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.

The close of the year 1918 brought with it the close of a life which for sixty years had been of great usefulness and of unselfish effort to the nation, state and community in which he lived.



James Kent Hamilton was born at Milan, Erie County, Ohio, on May 17, 1839, the son of Thomas and Sarah Standart Hamilton. He was one of a large family. After the ordinary common school education of those days, he entered Kenyon College at Gambier, Ohio, and while attending this school, financial reverses required him to put forth efforts and make sacrifices unusual even in those days, that he might complete his classical course of study. He graduated in 1859 with honors and received the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1862 the degree of Master of Arts in course was conferred upon him, and in 1912 the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred by his Alma Mater.

Early in the Civil War he responded to the call, enlisting as a private in the 113th Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry, with which regiment he served until the close of the conflict. For bravery and distinguished conduct he was promoted captain. He participated in all the battles in middle Tennessee, including Chickamauga and Missionary Ridge. Later in that year he was actively in the Knoxville Campaign, and in 1864, with the Army of the Cumberland, he fought at Resaca, Rome, New Hope Church, Kenesaw Mountain, Peachtree Creek, and went all through the campaign which resulted in the overthrow of Atlanta. With General Sherman he went down to the sea and thence northward through the Carolinas, participating at last in the Grand Review at Washington in 1865. At Chickamauga as Assistant Adjutant General and Chief of Staff of the brigade commanded by General John G. Mitchell, he was with Granger and Steedman when they marched to the relief of and saved the Army of the Cumberland from annihilation on September 20, 1863. For his conduct in this bloody and doubtful engagement he was especially complimented for gallantry in the reports of his superior officers.

He entered the law office of Honorable R. C. Hurd at Mount Vernon, Ohio, where he engaged in the study of the law, but finally completed his studies in the office of William Baker in Toledo.

Upon his admission to the bar he at once took the place to which his ability and character justly entitled him. In 1867 he was elected Prosecuting Attorney of the City of Toledo, and in the same year was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Lucas County, which office he filled with distinguished ability during two terms. In 1875 the people of Toledo called him to serve them as their City Solicitor, and he proved an able and worthy servant in this office for two terms. Having learned his worth and the value of his service, the people of Toledo again called upon him, and in 1887 elected him Mayor, which office was likewise filled for two terms. He declined a third term. For twelve years he was a member of the Board of Sinking Fund Trustees, and for seven years a member of its Board of Education; being most of the time President of that body. In 1913-14 he was called, against his personal inclination and over his positive protest, to serve as a member of the Commission which prepared the Charter which now governs the City of Toledo. He was also President of that body. He was an active member of the Grand Army of the Republic from its organization, and an honored member of Toledo Post, Number 107. His soldier friends, recognizing his worth, called him to fill various offices in that organization, both state and national. In 1914-15 he was Commander of the Department of Ohio, G. A. R. He also served as Judge Advocate of Ohio on the staff of Governor A. S. Bushnell from 1896 to 1900. He was for many years a Director and member of the Executive Committee of The Ohio Savings Bank & Trust Company at Toledo.

Able, careful, a fine legal mind, thoroughly grounded in the science of the law, Mr. Hamilton was easily for forty years one of the leaders of the Lucas County Bar.

He was a man of the strictest integrity, with a lofty conception of professional ethics and his professional obligations.

Mr. Hamilton first married Sybil Williams, who died in the same year of their marriage. For many years thereafter he remained a widower; but in July, 1898, he was united in marriage with Ethel Beecher Allen, of Kansas City, who with one son, Allen B. Hamilton, now a student at Harvard University, survives him. This union was for twenty years a most happy and companionable one, and during the long and painful illness which preceded his death the loving and intelligent care and devotion of his good wife did much to relieve his suffering and prolong his life.

### HARRY ELDRIDGE KING, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.

Harry E. King, who died at Maple Grove, his summer home, near Perrysburg, Ohio, upon the 18th day of October, 1918, was born near Cumberland, Allegheny County, Maryland, May 12, 1857. His father, Captain Alexander King, removed to Cumberland, Maryland, in early manhood, and for years he was engaged in the mercantile business. He spent the closing years of his life on a beautiful plantation six miles north of Cumberland. It was here that Harry received his preliminary education in the schools of Maryland. But Harry's education was interrupted by the death of his father, when he was only sixteen years old. The death of his father threw him upon his own resources, but he began the battle of life with the endowments bequeathed to him by his honest ancestors, and gifted with that wonderful personality.

From his earliest days he had an ambition to become a lawyer. He started out for the goal—to become one of the best lawyers of the land, and before the end of his seventeenth year he was in the State Normal School at Millersville, Pennsylvania, during the school year of 1874-75; in 1877 he was at the Collegiate Institute at Fort Edward, New York; and in 1878 he was at Eastman's National Business College at Poughkeepsie, New York. His work in all these schools was thorough, and he mastered everything he took hold of, and acquired a solid foundation for the fine results which he accomplished as a lawyer.

He reached the age of twenty-two, and then began the earning of the money which was to support him while he was further preparing for his chosen profession. For three years he was employed as a clerk in a large general store at Sulphur Springs, Texas. In 1882 he left that employment and entered the law department of the University of Michigan, and remained at that university during the sessions of 1881-82.

His twenty-fifth year was reached, and in March, 1882, he came to Toledo, and began the study of law in the office of Swayne, Swayne & Hayes, poring over the law books precisely the same as thousands of the old school lawyers in the history of the American Bar have done.

Twenty-seven years old, and on the 6th of February, 1883, he passed with credit the Ohio State Bar examination, and was admitted by the Supreme Court of Ohio to practice law in the courts of the state which he had chosen for his professional career. In 1885, he became a member of the firm of Swayne, Swayne & Hayes.

He was a member of the firm of Swayne, Swayne & Hayes seven years, retiring April 1, 1892. On the last-named date, being thirty-five years old, he formed a partnership with Thomas H. Tracy, under the firm name of King & Tracy, throwing up a penny to determine whose name should be the first in the firm. In 1908 there were admitted to the firm two additional members who had helped build up the practice of that firm—Charles F. Chapman, Jr., and George D. Welles—under the firm name of King, Tracy, Chapman & Welles. As a corporation lawyer and counsellor, Mr. King had no superior at the Toledo Bar, and few peers. On April 1, 1914, Mr. King withdrew from this partnership of twenty-two years standing, and opened offices of his own in the Ohio building, adjoining those of the old firm, with which firm, until his death, he continued to have the most cordial and close relations. He surrounded himself with young associates, having several of the brightest in Toledo, until the war took some of them away, and continued his fine career as a lawyer, at the same high level, and with the same success, until within a few days of his death.

Mr. King was attorney in many important cases, and for several years sat a good deal at the trial table. He took the leading part in one of the most important and intricate cases ever tried in northwestern Ohio, known as the Anderson-Messinger litigation, which began here in 1904 and ended in the Supreme Court of the United States in 1912. It involved, in complicated forms and lengthy history, the title to a large block of valuable Toledo real estate, located at the corner of Summit and Cherry Streets. The main question turned on the construction of the will of Henry Anderson, who died in 1846, a resident of Holly Springs, Mississippi, who once owned the Toledo property. One branch of the litigation went up through the federal courts and another through the state courts, and a conflict of decisions resulted. After eight years of remarkable contest, the titles of his clients were sustained. His associates have paid him the highest tributes of praise for his tireless, faithful and skillful efforts in this litigation.

The property came back, after all this litigation, in a ruinous condition and the owners were much embarrassed by the long struggle and Mr. King then did as good a job as a business man in assisting to build up the property as he had done as a lawyer. After further years of work, putting into the matter his own time and credit, the property became remunerative and his client was able to obtain a large amount for an equity which at times seemed to be practically worthless. Altogether this litigation was as many sided, and the result as creditable as any achievement ever reached by a Toledo lawyer.

He was an active supporter of the Republican party. In his early professional days he served for five years as secretary of the Toledo Board of Elections. He resigned as Secretary of the Board to accept appointment as a regular member of the Election Board, and he continued as such member for four years.

On June 12, 1883, at Tenafly, New Jersey, Mr. King married Miss Mary E. Haring. Four children were born of this marriage.

The religious spirit in Mr. King's life was inborn and deepseated. In early youth and manhood he adopted the faith of the Presbyterian, and later the Congregational Church. When a young man he joined the Central Congregational Church of Toledo, while Dr. Bacon was its venerable pastor, and he was a nominal member of the First Congregational Church when he died. During the last fifteen years of his life, he went almost wholly with his family to the Christian Science Church. He embraced many of the beliefs of that church, and derived great help and comfort from its teachings. He had no dogmas, his tolerance was beyond criticism, and his crowning trait was liberality. Thus, to the last minute, he had intimate friends of all creeds and no creed.

#### **JAMES HARDING SOUTHARD, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.**

James Harding Southard was born January 20, 1851, in Washington Township, Lucas County, Ohio. He was the son of Samuel and Charlotte Hitchcock Southard, who were among the earliest settlers of this part of Ohio. Mr. Southard spent his early boyhood days on the farm owned by his father, and attended school at the Hopewell District School in Washington Township. Later he attended the Central High School of Toledo, and thereafter attended Oberlin College, at Oberlin, Ohio, and was graduated from Cornell University in 1874. He first took up the study of law at Adrian College at Adrian, Michigan, and later continued the study of law in Toledo.

Mr. Southard was admitted to the bar in the spring of 1877 and took up the practice of law in Toledo a short time after he had been admitted. In 1882 Mr. Southard was appointed Assistant Prosecutor for Lucas County, and two years later was elected Prosecuting Attorney and was re-elected for the second term in that office.

Mr. Southard's training, his ability as a public speaker and personal inclinations led him into an active political life. He was a Republican from his first experience in politics, and continued a Republican during his lifetime. Until the time of his death he was an active exponent of clean politics and clean government. In 1894 Mr. Southard was elected a representative to Congress from the Ninth District. He was re-elected five succeeding terms, and served as Congressman from 1894 until 1906. While in Congress Mr. Southard was an active, fearless champion of square dealing and clean government, as he had been in county politics in his early life. He served on the Congressional Committee on Naval Affairs, and was Chairman of the Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures for a period of eight years.

Mr. Southard was a man of quiet tastes and refinement. He was especially courteous in his treatment of the fellow-members of the Toledo Bar Association of Toledo. He delighted in keeping himself informed of the business developments of his home city and state; and in carefully analyzing the political affairs of the day. As an attorney, Mr. Southard was a fearless and active champion of the rights of his clients, yet a wise counsellor and advisor in their business affairs. Never did he advise his client to enter a legal battle with an adversary, unless, in his judgment, his client was right and warranted in so doing. He was a member of the Toledo Bar Association for many years, and active in its affairs, and always contended for a higher standard for the legal profession.

He was united in marriage with Carrie T. Wales, who died before him.

### **JAMES M. RITCHIE, OF THE TOLEDO BAR.**

James M. Ritchie was born at Dunfermline, Scotland, the abbey-seat of ancient Scottish kings, July 29, 1829.

With his parents he came to the United States when three years old, and with them settled near Ogdensburg, New York, where he remained until young manhood and taught school; he married Tirza Foster there, and soon after came and made his home in Lorain County, Ohio. His first wife dying, he was twice again married, his second wife being Mant S. Jones, and his third wife being Eugenia A. Jones, a sister of his second wife.

Not born to material wealth, the earlier life of our subject, as indeed his entire professional life, was one of continuous painstaking and conscientious labor.

He was a member of Congress from this Congressional District for two years, and at one time a judge of our courts.

He was admitted to the bar in this county in 1857, and settled here permanently in the practice the next year, in which he actively continued until the years compelled his **retirement**.

This most exemplary and beloved member of the Toledo Bar went peacefully to his final rest at his home in Toledo, August 17, 1918, at the ripe age of more than eighty-nine years, with the reward of a long, most useful and upright life.

The Toledo Bar Association adopted this resolution:

Resolved, that this Bar and the Bar of Ohio, in the death of Honorable James M. Ritchie, have lost one of its most upright, able, conscientious, honorable and exemplary members.

That this community has lost an altruist, a gentleman of many parts and a most worthy citizen, who was ever deeply interested and aided to the best of his ability in the promotion of its welfare.

That those of his blood and immediate family have lost a faithful and affectionate father and friend, whose labor and ardent desire were to aid them to attain high and noble American citizenship.

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### **FRANK H. EWING, OF THE CLEVELAND BAR.**

Mr. Ewing was born in Alliance, Ohio, on November 5, 1867, the son of a well-to-do and highly respected family. He was educated in Mount Union College and Western Reserve University and was engaged in the practice of law here since 1901, having been, prior to that time, President of the Board of Elections of Stark County from 1896 to 1901. He specialized in no particular branch of the law. He was, however, an extremely busy lawyer. He accumulated a small fortune and a host of friends. His genial manner and jovial disposition was known generally among the legal profession and few, if any, lawyers in Cleveland had the speaking acquaintance Mr. Ewing had. It was his ambition to help a deserving litigant and the poor and needy often benefited by his generosity.

Those who were associated with Mr. Ewing for some time say that they knew no man who had a more humane feeling for his fellow-man or who had a cleaner character than he had.

Mr. Ewing was graduated from the Alliance High School in the class of 1887; he attended Mount Union College 1887 to 1890. He entered Western Reserve University Law Department in 1898, and received the degree of LL. B. 1901. He was admitted to the Bar of Ohio in June, 1901. The business of many of his clients took him into the United States Courts, and early in his career as a lawyer he was admitted to practice before the Department of the Interior, in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio, and in the United States Patent Office. He had been a successful practitioner in the Cleveland courts since 1901. He was Past Captain of Uniformed Rank of McClellan Camp No. 19, Sons of Veterans, and member of Lookout Camp, Sons of Veterans. He belonged to various Masonic bodies of Cleveland; Cleveland Lodge, Loyal Order of Moose; Fraternal Aid Union; Commercial Travelers' Association, and Ohio Sigma of Sigma Alpha Epsilon College Fraternity.

**HON. SAMUEL G. ROGERS, OF THE SUMMIT COUNTY BAR.**

Judge Rogers died in Cleveland on the 7th day of July, 1920. He was the oldest of a family of five children and received his earliest education in the public schools of his native city. While in attendance in high school he spent his leisure moments working in a foundry, in order to assist in procuring funds to obtain an education. Upon the occasion of his graduation from high school he delivered a commencement oration in which he gave evidence of that ability for public speaking for which he was afterwards noted. He entered the office of Judge U. L. Marvin and began the study of law; later he entered the Cincinnati Law School, from which institution he was graduated in 1888 and in that same year he was admitted to the bar.

In 1895 he was united in marriage to Miss Chloe Faust, of Akron, and to this union two children were born, Virgil and Bryan. Shortly after Judge Rogers' admission to the bar he was appointed to the office of Clerk of the City of Akron and he held that position until 1891. The following year he was elected to a three-year term as Prosecuting Attorney of Summit County and he discharged the duties of this office with marked and unusual ability.

He was appointed to the office of Judge of the Common Pleas Court of Summit County in 1910 and in 1912 he was elected to that office for a six-year term. After serving two years he resigned to engage in the practice of law. His earliest law partnership was with the firm of Saunders & Rogers. That was followed by the firm of Rogers & Marvin. In 1900 he became a member of the firm of Rogers, Rowley & Bradley. This was subsequently changed to the firm of Rogers, Rowley, Bradley & Rockwell. This was one of the leading firms of Akron, and numbered among its clients some of the wealthiest corporations and firms in and about the city. It was while connected with this firm that Judge Rogers attained his high reputation as a trial lawyer. He was next associated with the firm of Rogers, Rowley & Nesbitt.

In 1915 he came to Cleveland, where he became associated with the firms of Payer, Winch, Rogers & Minshall, and Rogers, Klein & Harris.

In politics he was a Democrat, and was always active in the affairs of his party. As a judge he was able, fearless, broad-minded and upright, and commanded the respect and admiration of all. His capacities and abilities qualified him for higher office than he ever held. As a lawyer he stood at the very front of the bar of our state. As a trial lawyer he had very few, if any, superiors. As a man he was intensely human. He was kind and charitable. He sympathized with the down-trodden and oppressed and found his greatest pleasure in pleading the cause of the meek and lowly.

**JAMES R. CAREY, OF THE COLUMBIANA COUNTY BAR.**

James R. Carey was born in Salem, Ohio, April 17, 1851. Son of Dr. Abel and Maria P. (Miller) Carey. Attended public schools of Salem; graduate of Salem High School, 1869; received A. B. degree from Western Reserve University, 1874; taught school one year in Columbiana County, 1875; taught in Cold Run Academy, one year, 1876; received LL.B. degree from Harvard University, 1877. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and Indiana in 1877; later to United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio; United States Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court.

After graduating from Harvard Law School he returned to Salem, and for a short time practiced law in partnership with his brother, David M. Carey. Thereafter he entered the law office of Laubie & Brooks at Salem, with whom was associated Lucien L. Gilbert. Here he had the great advantage of association with lawyers who had at that time achieved great success at the bar. P. A. Laubie afterwards acquired an enviable standing as a jurist; J. T. Brooks became the general counsel of the Pennsylvania lines, and Mr. Gilbert won a high place in the councils of that company. Thereafter Mr. Carey was associated with Judge Breckinridge of Fort Wayne, who was counsel for the Pennsylvania lines for the state of Indiana. Here he soon attracted the attention of lawyers in that district, and won for himself a place in the Indiana bar. In 1887 he was tendered and accepted the solicitorship of the Pennsylvania company for the eastern part of Ohio, embracing 14 counties. This appointment brought him to

Salem. He entered actively into the practice at that time and continued up until his last illness.

Soon after coming to Salem, he formed the law partnership of Carey, Boyle & Mullins, which continued until W. C. Boyle moved to Cleveland in 1900, and thereafter the firm name of Carey & Mullins was continued until the death of F. J. Mullins, a brother of W. H. Mullins.

The broad field of his endeavor brought him in touch with many courts of the state as well as federal courts, and he soon became recognized as one of the ablest advocates at the Ohio bar. When he rose to address a court or jury, he commanded instant attention. His manner was quiet and dignified and his logic in argument persuasive and convincing. He was able to marshal his facts to a jury in a masterful way and on occasion would sway them by his eloquence.

In the estimate of the members of his profession who knew him, he was held in the highest esteem as a real lawyer. No one who has ever crossed swords with him at the trial table or in argument or who has witnessed his conduct of a trial, could doubt the correctness of this estimate.

In his youth, there was no doubt as to the choice of a career. By temperament, by mental attainments, and by ability he was born to the law.

He was so well grounded in the philosophy of the law that he chose rather to argue a proposition from established principles of the law than from precedents or decided cases. In the preparation of the law of a case, he pursued a course which is the reverse of many lawyers. He first sought to find the controlling principles involved and then to support it with decisions rather than first to search the decisions to find the principle. This was the great secret of his success at the bar.

In the trial of cases, he was noted for his courtesy to his adversaries and to the court. He never sacrificed his honor for a client, and members of the bar learned to accept his word when passed in matters of great importance without questioning. Judges never doubted his professional statements in court, for he never knowingly misstated a fact to the court. He never asked a favor of the court without a valid and substantial reason.

He practiced law on the principle that by honoring the law he was honoring himself and he never swerved from this faith. He had the rare ability to act coolly, quickly and wisely in an emergency. We who have seen him in critical, crucial tests of this character have marveled at his tact and his judgment. He was rarely perturbed by a hostile witness, damaging evidence or an adverse decision, and was frequently able to disarm an antagonist by his seeming tranquillity.

He held in high esteem the ethics of his profession. In the trial of a case he was partisan but he would not take a position which he did not consider sound either in law, equity or good morals.

In the summer of 1888 he was united in marriage with Miss Carrie Hampson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert V. Hampson, of Salem. Mr. Hampson was at the time of his death in 1908, president of The Farmers National Bank, and one of Salem's foremost citizens.

Those who knew Mr. Carey best loved him most. To his friends he was constant, true and loyal; to them he showed his kindly nature; in his home he was a genial host and a lovable, charming husband and father.

Mr. Carey was a Director, Secretary and Attorney for Farmers National Bank of Salem, and a member of Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity, Chamber of Commerce, Ohio State and Columbiana County Bar Associations. In politics he was a Republican. Mr. Carey died on May 31, 1921. His widow and two children, Mrs. William Waterworth, of Cleveland, and Hampson Carey, of Sewickley, Pennsylvania, survive him.

## BIOGRAPHICAL

### ROBERT P. ABBEY.

Residence, 1862 East 81st Street; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Shanghai, China, October 5, 1883. Son of Robert and Louise (Parsons) Abbey. Married to Elizabeth Lamprecht, of Cleveland, Ohio. Early education received in public and private schools of Morristown, New Jersey; graduate of Wooster College with A. B. degree, 1905; Cleveland Law School, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909; United States District Court, 1910.



Member of the law firm of Dunlap & Abbey, 1910-12; associated with legal department of Cleveland Railway Company four years; since 1917 in the general practice. Member First Ward Legal Advisory Board during the World War. Member University Club, Hermit Club, Chamber of Commerce, Dover Bay Club. Independent politically.

### GARDNER ABBOTT.

Residence, 1945 East 75th Street; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cincinnati, Ohio, December 11, 1878. Son of Willard and Caroline Powers (Younglove) Abbott. Married October 16, 1912, to Lois A. Allen. Attended Phillips Academy; received A. B. degree from Yale University; LL. B. degree from Columbia Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio and United States Courts. Entered the offices of Blandin, Rice & Ginn, 1905; since 1913 member of the firm of Tolles, Hogsett, Ginn & Morley. Major of Infantry United States Army, August 15, 1917, to January 7, 1919; overseas Assistant Chief of Staff, 83rd Division; now Major of Infantry, Officers'

Reserve Corps. Member Andover P. A. E., Yale Alpha Delta Phi, Wolf's Head, Columbia Phi Delta Phi, Director Union Club, member



Nisi Prius, Chamber of Commerce, Tavern, Mayfield, Chagrin Valley Hunt Clubs, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations.

### JOSEPH N. ACKERMAN.



Residence, 16303 Aldersyde Drive; office, 102 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Austria Hungary, August 8, 1889. Son of

D. and Sarah (Silverman) Ackerman. Married to May Grossman, November 30, 1916. Attended the public and high schools and college in Austria Hungary; high schools in New York City; received degree of LL.B. from Baldwin-Wallace Law School, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1915; United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, October, 1918; United States Supreme Court, 1920. Engaged in the individual law practice in Cleveland since 1915. Member City Club, B. P. O. E., K. of P., Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican nominee for state senator in 1916 and 1918.

### JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.



Residence, 2314 Hollywood Avenue; office, 807 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Prairie Depot, Wood County, Ohio, December 20, 1858. Son of John M. and Susannah S. (Leshner) Adams. Married to Ruth Thrift, December 1, 1907; one daughter, Rachel S. Attended district and select schools; Northwestern Normal, Fostoria, Ohio; graduate of Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, Ohio, with A. B. degree, 1883; read law with Hon. Warren P. Noble and Senator Perry M. Adams, of Tiffin, Ohio, later with firm of Pratt & Wilson, Toledo. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1898; United States District Courts, 1900. Engaged in the practice of law in Toledo, with Charles G. Wilson, 1898-99; with Hon. Henry W. Seney and Hon. Curtis T. Johnson, 1900 to 1910; with Hon. Orville S. Brumback, 1910 to 1917; since which time in the individual practice. Member board of directors, Fraternal Mystic Circle of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; member of Executive Council Home Guards of America, Van Wert, Ohio; member of Com-

merce Club, University Club, Automobile Club; local director American Insurance Union, of Columbus, Ohio; Tribe of Ben Hur, Modern Woodmen of America, Lucas County Bar Association; Democratic nominee for Judge of Toledo in 1898. Treasurer of the Lucas County Jackson League during its activities. Democrat.

### GEORGE S. ADDAMS.

Residence, 1902 Wadena Avenue, East Cleveland; office, Court House. Born in Harrison County, Ohio, February 23, 1869. Son of George and Caroline Addams. Attended Public Schools in Salem, Ohio; Oberlin College; Cincinnati Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1892. Judge Court of Insolvency, Cleveland. Member Cleveland Bar Association.

### ABRAM W. AGLER.

Residence, Canton, Ohio; office, Eagle Block, Canton. Born in Wilmot, Ohio, April 13, 1873. Son of William H. H. and Mary J. (Wilhelm) Agler. Married to Lida M. Deal, of Wilmot, Ohio, June 16, 1904. Graduate of Wilmot, Ohio, high school; attended Mt. Union College, Alliance, Ohio, 1891-2-3. Graduate of Ohio State University Law School, 1897, Columbus, Ohio. Admitted



to the bar of Ohio May, 1897; United States District Court, 1912. During the war member Advisory Board. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., Elks, Moose, Jr. O. U. A. M., P. of H., Sons of Veterans, Stark County and Ohio State Bar Associations, Sigma Alpha Epsilon Fraternity. Clerk of courts in Stark County, 1909-13; chairman Republican Committee for Stark County, 1902-04; member County Executive Committee, 1904-20. Republican.



**CELOTES JEWELL AGNEW.**

Residence, 1289 East 82nd Street; office, 941 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, March 24, 1887. Son of William Daley and Emma (Reddick) Agnew. Attended the eleventh ward pub-



lic school, Pittsburgh; Baldwin-Wallace Academy; graduate of Baldwin-Wallace College on June 13, 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1918. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland since October 10, 1918. Member I. O. O. F. Republican.

**WILLIAM AGNEW.**

Residence, 4145 East 95th Street; office, 1208 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Glasgow, Scotland, May 30, 1870. Son of John and Elizabeth (Black) Agnew. Married to Anna B. Coville, June 20, 1899. Attended Cleveland public schools; granted degree of LL. B. from Cleveland Law School, Baldwin-Wallace University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1906. Engaged in the individual law practice, as tax specialist. Member Masonic Order, thirty-second degree Scottish Rite, K. of P., City Club, C. A. C., Automobile Club, Cleveland; Willowick Country Club, Burns Curling Club, Cleveland and American Bar Associations, American Society of International Law, National Tax Association, American Academy of Political and Social Science, Ohio Academy of Social Sciences. Chief Deputy Clerk of Courts of Cuyahoga County, 1903-1911; secretary Democratic County Committee, 1904-1908; president Cleveland Board of Review, 1913; Deputy State Tax Commissioner for Cuyahoga County, 1914-15; state senator, 1917-1921.

**CLARENCE ULMOND AHL.**

Residence, 124 West Oakwood Avenue; office, Public Square, Bucyrus. Born in Bucyrus, Ohio, February 19, 1893. Son of William and Caroline (Graff) Ahl. Married to Anna Mary Smith in Bucyrus, Ohio, June 11, 1919; one son, William John. Graduate of Bucyrus public schools, 1911; graduate of Ohio State University Law Department, Columbus, Ohio, with LL. B. degree, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1915; United States District Court, 1920. Engaged in the general law practice in Bucyrus from 1915 to 1917; upon return from the army, February 5, 1919, resumed general practice of

law. Enlisted for service in the World War in United States Army as private, June 1, 1917; promoted to Private 1st Class, Corporal, Sergeant and commissioned 2nd Lieutenant of F. A. upon discharge from army February 1, 1919. Member F. O. Eagles, Loyal Order Moose, Col. Crawford Post 181 of The American Legion, secretary Crawford County Bar Association, Chairman Democratic Central Committee of Crawford County from 1915 to 1917; elected city solicitor of Bucyrus, Ohio, 1919.

#### ALLAN G. AIGLER.

Residence and office, Bellevue. Born in Sandusky County, Ohio, September 6, 1881. Son of William and Mary I. Aigler. Married to Magdalene Knapp, June 26, 1915. Two children: William and Thomas. Educated in Country Schools; Bellevue High School; Heidelberg University; University of Michigan Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1906. Member Masonic Order; K. T.; B. P. O. E.; Ohio State, Sandusky County and Huron County Bar Associations. City Solicitor of Bellevue for several terms. Republican.

#### CARL D. AINGER.



Residence, 1900 East 101st Street; office, 308 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Andover, Ohio, May 30, 1879. Son of Chas. D. and Myra (Barber) Ainger, of Andover, Ohio. Married to Venus Hart Ritter, of Geneva, Ohio, June, 1900. Graduate of Andover, Ohio, high school, 1895; special work at Adelbert College; entered Western Reserve University Law Department, 1896; graduated therefrom 1898. Passed bar examination at age of 20 by special permission of Supreme Court, but compelled to wait

until reaching his majority before admission. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May, 1899. Associated with his father, Chas. D. Ainger, in Andover, Ohio, until 1900; in the individual practice in Cleveland since that time. During the late war member American Protective League and its legal committee. Member Woodward Lodge F. & A. M. No. 508, Al Sirat Grotto, Webb Chapter No. 181, Oriental Commandery No. 12, Knights Templar, Al Koran Shrine, Lake Erie Consistory, The Kiwanis Club, Cleveland Real Estate Board.

#### WILLARD P. AINSWORTH.

Residence and office, Medina. Born in Medina. Son of J. T. and Sarah (Seeger) Ainsworth. Married to Louise Holmes; two children: Margery and Louise. Attended Cleveland public schools; Brooks Military Institute. Read law in the office of Hon. S. G. Barnard, Medina. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1898; Kentucky in 1904; later to United States Circuit Court of Appeals. In 1904 moved to Middlesboro, Kentucky, where he formed partnership with Judge M. H. Rhorer, later with Rhorer, Ainsworth & Dawson. In 1908 he returned to Medina. Member Legal Advisory Board during the world war. Member Masonic Bodies, Knights Templar, K. of P., Royal Arcanum. Republican.

#### HARVEY FRANCIS AKE.

Residence 910 8th Street N. W.; office, Court House, Canton. Born in Mapleton, Ohio, February 1, 1872. Son of Francis and Catharine (Rusher) Ake. Married to Anna McCall Brush, May 23, 1899. Attended the country schools; graduate Mt. Union College in 1895, with B. S. degree; University of Michigan, 1898, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1898; later to the United States District and Circuit Courts. Associated with Chas. C. Bow, 1900 to 1906; with Luther Day, 1906 to 1910. Member B. P. O. E., L. O. O. M., J. O. U. A. M.; Masonic bodies; 32nd degree, Shrine; Methodist Episcopal Church. Judge of Court of Common Pleas, Stark County, Ohio, since February 9, 1913.

#### WILLIAM ROSS ALBAN.

Residence, 723 6th Avenue; office, 304-6 Sinclair Building, Steubenville. Born in Island Creek, Jefferson County, Ohio, October 10, 1864. Son of John and Margaret (Warden) Alban. Married December 24, 1895, to Laura A. McWha, of Steubenville, Ohio; two children: Ethel M. (Peterson) and Frederick Warden. Attended country schools of Jefferson County, Scio (Ohio) College, 1886-89; taught public schools of Jefferson County, 1886 to 1891; attended Ohio State University, 1892-93. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 9, 1893; United

States District Court, 6th Circuit Northern District of Ohio, February 14, 1902; later to United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Engaged in the general practice of law alone in Steubenville. Prosecuting attorney of Jefferson County, 1903 to 1909. Member Masonic Order, 32nd Degree, Knights Templar,

and Katerina (Pech) Albl. Married to Rose M. Mally, August 22, 1898. Attended the Cleveland Public Schools and High School; Western Reserve Law School, 1893-1894. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 6, 1894. Member Cleveland Auto Club; F. & A. M.; K. of P.



K. of P., B. P. O. E., Sons of the American Revolution, American and Ohio State Bar Associations; president Jefferson County Bar Association. Republican.

#### JOHN W. ALBAUGH.

Office, 255 Clark Building, Canton. Born in Tuscarawas County, Ohio, July 4, 1844. Son of Ezra and Elizabeth (Walters) Albaugh. Married August 16, 1866, to Estella Seran. Two children: Thurlow K. and Walter A. Attended Common School at Hagerstown, Ohio, and Academy at Plymouth, Richland County; taught school for several years; read law in office of Judge Patrick, New Philadelphia, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1869; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Barnhill & Albaugh, New Philadelphia, from 1869 to 1872; Albaugh & Graham, 1876 to 1882; in 1882 moved to Canton. Member of the firm of Albaugh & Welty until 1885; Welty & Albaugh, 1895 to 1913. Prosecutor of Tuscarawas County, 1872 to 1876. Circuit Judge, 1885 to 1893. Member Stark County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### EDWARD JOSEPH ALBL.

Residence, 5230 Broadway; office, 227 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Bohemia, September 2, 1873. Son of Michael

#### CARY R. ALBURN.

Residence, 1795 East 87th Street; office, 322 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland. Born in Youngstown, Ohio, October 22, 1883. Son of John Frederick and Cecelia (Luebben) Alburn. Married on May 22, 1912, to Helen Whitslar (graduate of W. R. U. with A. B. degree, 1911) daughter of Dr. W. H. Whitslar; one child, Cary R. Alburn, Jr. Attended public and high schools of Youngstown, Ohio; graduate of Rayen High School, 1901; received A. B. degree from Adelbert College of Western Reserve University, Cleveland, 1905; entered Oxford University, England, as Rhodes scholar, 1905; member Varsity La Crosse team of the University, 1906-1908; received B. C. L. degree, 1907, and elected



president of American Club at Oxford, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1908; United States District Court, 1909; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 1915. Assistant United States Attorney for northern Ohio, 1911-1912; First Assistant United States Attorney for northern Ohio, 1912-1915; since 1915 engaged in the general law practice. Chairman Legal Advisory Board No. 14; member University, City and Athletic Clubs, Cleveland; Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity; Secretary Business Men's Taft Club, 1908; head of Hudson Boys' Farm, 1910; secretary to Senator Theodore E. Burton, 1910-1911.

**JOHN ALVIN ALBURN.**



Residence, 2062 East 83rd Street; office, 5th floor Garfield Bank Building, Cleveland. Born, Pleasant Hill, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, February 9, 1879. Son of John F. and Cecelia (Luebben) Alburn. Married October 10, 1911, to Maybelle Murphy, of Columbus, Ohio. Three children: Annabelle, Margerite and Joan. Attended the public schools and Rayen High School, of Youngstown, Ohio; received A. B. degree from Adelbert College in 1902; A. M. degree and LL.B. degree from Western Reserve University in 1904; taught country schools in 1897; later taught in business college and Cleveland night and high schools. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in June, 1904; subsequently to Federal Courts. Has practiced law continuously in Cleveland since 1904, except for 3½ years (1907-11), during which period was Assistant Attorney General of Ohio, and special counsel to the Attorney General of Ohio. At present in the general practice, specializing in corporation law, public law and real estate law. Attorney for the General Assembly of Ohio during 1910. Speaker on public affairs; secretary National Republican College League in 1904; chief probation officer Cleveland Juvenile Court in 1905. Member Republican State Executive Committee, 1908; County Republican Advisory Committee, 1918; Cleveland Taxation Commission in 1914; president The Tippecanoe Club, 1917 and 1918; member Cleveland Battalion of Engineers, 1902 to 1905; member Tippecanoe, Union, University, City and Automobile Clubs, Chamber of Commerce, Council of Sociology. Republican.

**CHARLES ANDREW ALEXANDER**



Residence, 1850 East 90th Street; office, 816 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Bedford, Ohio, November 21, 1889. Son of John Clark and Rachael (Gibson) Alexander. Attended the Cleveland public schools, 1895-1907; Adelbert College of Western Reserve University, 1907-08; Princeton University (Special Course), 1908-1909; Adelbert College, 1909-1911, received degree of A. B. therefrom; Western Reserve Law School, 1911-1913, received LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1913; later to the United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Cleveland in 1914, associated with T. J. Moffett and M. A. Copeland, which continued until 1917; upon return from war service, admitted as a junior partner with the firm of Wilkin, Cross & Daoust. Lieutenant 331st Inf., 83rd Division, National Army, O. R. C. Member Delta Kappa Epsilon and Phi Delta Phi Fraternities, Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations, Cleveland Chamber of Commerce and Auto Club. Republican.

**PAUL WM. ALEXANDER.**

Office, 223 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, December 8, 1888. Son of William H. and Mary F. (Lane) Alexander. Married to Lorraine Marshall Eaton, July 13, 1918. One daughter: Constance H. Graduate of Public and High Schools, Toledo; Denison University with degree of A. B., 1909; engaged in newspaper work one year; graduate Harvard Law School with degree of LL. B., 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913. Associated with law firm of Doyle & Lewis, 1913-19, Toledo. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney, Lucas County, 1919 to January, 1921. Member of

firm of Seney, Alexander & Donovan. Served three-year enlistment as Private, Troop D, First Squadron Cavalry, O. N. G. Member F. & A. M., Lucas County Bar Association, Lawyer's Club of Toledo.

#### **SAMUEL P. ALEXANDER.**

Residence and office, Port Clinton. Born in Columbus, Ohio, March 29, 1861. Son of David and Harriet R. (Pettit) Alexander. Married to Mary Lee Rice November 26, 1895; attended Marblehead Grammar School; Oberlin Academy and College. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 4, 1888; United States Circuit Court, 1892. Engaged in the practice of law in Port Clinton. Member Port Clinton Yacht Club. Judge Common Pleas Court five years. Republican.

#### **FLORENCE ELLINWOOD ALLEN.**



Residence, 1935 East 101st Street; office, Court House, Cleveland. Born in Salt Lake City, Utah, March 23, 1884. Daughter of Clarence Emir and Corinne M. (Tuckerman) Allen. Attended Hammond Hall, Salt Lake City, Utah; and New Lyme Institute, New Lyme, Ohio, from 1891 to 1900; received degrees of A. B., 1904, and A. M., 1908, from Western Reserve University; attended Chicago University Law School, 1909-10; New York University Law School, 1911-13; received LL. B. degree therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1914. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland, 1914-19. Assistant County Prosecutor of Cleveland, 1919-1920. Elected judge, Court of Common Pleas, November, 1920.

#### **HUGH E. ALLEN.**

Residence and office, Van Wert, Ohio. Born in Van Wert County, Ohio, February 20, 1869. Son of John Wesley and Martha



A. (McDonald) Allen. Married to Maude Eaton, Williams County, Ohio, October 1, 1896. Graduate of Van Wert High School. 1890. Studied law in office of Judge H. C. Glenn Van Wert. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1897; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Van Wert. In partnership with Hiram C. Glenn; later with William H. Dailey; at the present time in partnership with his wife Maude E. Allen, under the firm name of Allen & Allen. Chief, American Protective Association for Van Wert County, during the World War. Member K. of P., B. P. O. E., Masonic Bodies, Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd degree Shrine, Van Wert County, Ohio and American Bar Associations. Judge of Probate Court of Van Wert County, February 9, 1909, to 1916. Appointed January 1, 1916, Judge Common Pleas Court, Van Wert County, which office he held until November, 1917. Democrat.

#### **IRWIN D. ALLEN.**

Residence, 860 Crosby Street; office 731 Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born in Cincinnati, April 30, 1892. Son of George E. and Ida A. (Droste) Allen. Married July 5, 1916, to Nina A. Hadley. Attended the public and high schools of Cincinnati; Madisonville, Ohio, and Bellvue, Kentucky; received LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School in 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1913. Engaged in the general practice of law. Member Masonic Order, Phi Alpha Delta fraternity, Summit County Bar Association. Democrat.

**MAUDE E. ALLEN.**

Residence and office, Van Wert. Born in Williams County, Ohio. Daughter of Aaron C. and Caroline (Jackson) Eaton. Married October 1, 1896, to Judge Hugh E. Allen. Attended the public and high schools of West Unity, Williams County, Ohio. Studied law in the office of her husband, Judge Allen. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 2, 1919. Engaged in the practice of law in Van Wert in partnership with her husband under



the firm name of Allen & Allen. Deputy Clerk Probate Court, Van Wert County, from February, 1909, to 1917. Member of Eastern Star. Democrat.

**MAURICE ALLEN.**

Residence, 2267 Robinwood Avenue; office, Smith & Baker Building, Toledo. Born in Seoul, Korea, June 22, 1886. Son of Horace N. and Frances Ann (Messenger) Allen. Married November 15, 1911, to Mildred Smith, of Toledo. Educated privately in Seoul, Korea, until 1899; attended St. John's Military School, Manlius, New York; studied privately in Geneva, Switzerland, 1903-04; graduate of Massachusetts Institute of Technology with S.B. degree in 1908; University of Michigan Law Department with J.D. degree in 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1911; later United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Toledo in 1911; on January 1, 1913, became a member of the firm of Smith, Baker, Effler & Allen, which continued until January 1, 1920, when the firm changed to Smith, Baker, Effler, Allen & Eastman, and so continues to date. Member Toledo Club, Country Club, Chamber of Commerce, To-



ledo Bar Association, Delta Kappa Epsilon, honorary president of "Toledo League for the Hard of Hearing." Republican.

**HAROLD EDWARD ALLPORT.**

Office, 807 B. of L. E. Building, Cleveland. Born in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, January 19, 1889. Son of John E. and Nellie (Wise) Allport. Married to Claribel Reichard, June, 1912. Graduate of Glenville High School, 1907; business college, 1908; Western Reserve Law School, with LL.B. degree, 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1911. First Lieutenant Infantry, Co. G., 356 Inf., 89th Division. Member American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, City and Automobile Club, Cleveland Bar Association.

**A. F. ALLYN.**

Residence, Elmore; offices, Elmore and Port Clinton. Born in Elmore, September 16, 1874. Son of George W. and Ester K. (Gamble) Allyn. Married to Gertrude Moore, June 15, 1911. Two children: Doris and Jean. Attended Public and High Schools, Elmore; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan, 1904. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio, 1904; later United States District Court. Prosecuting Attorney of Ottawa County since 1919. Member Masonic Order, Ottawa County Bar Association. Republican.

**RALPH S. AMBLER.**

Residence, North Canton Road; office, 626-631 Renkert Building, Canton. Born in Salem, Columbiana County, Ohio, July 24, 1859. Son of Jacob A. and Mary Ann (Steele), Ambler. Married to Mary Eva



Phillips in Canton, Ohio, June 20, 1901; one child, Phillips. Attended public schools of Salem, Ohio; Salem Select Quaker School, preparatory school, Western Reserve College; graduate of Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, with A. B. degree, 1883. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December, 1885; United States District Court, 1890. Commenced practice in Canton, Ohio, 1886,

tended Akron University for college studies night sessions. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 24, 1918. Practiced law with the firm of Sieber, Martineau, Snyder & Sieber three months; then with the firm of Sieber, Snyder & Sieber, until January 1, 1919, when he became a member of the firm of Sieber, Snyder, Sieber & Amer. Assistant secretary and director, The E. H. Wiener Com-



with Judge Henry A. Wise, firm name of Wise & Ambler; formed partnership with Col. J. J. Clark, firm name of Clark & Ambler, 1890; Col. Clark's son, Hon. George H., was later admitted to the firm, which became Clark, Ambler & Clark, and so continued until he was appointed Judge Court of Common Pleas; in 1911 formed partnership with Senator Atlee Pomerene and Judge Celsus Pomerene, which partnership still continues. Engaged in civilian war activities during the late war in connection with selective draft and sale of Liberty Bonds. Member The Canton Club, The Lakeside Country Club, The Congress Lake Club, Ohio State, American and Stark County Bar Associations; President The Canton Chamber of Commerce. Appointed Judge Common Pleas Court 1st Sub-division, 9th Judicial District of Ohio, by Governor Bushnell in 1900; afterwards elected for two five-year terms.

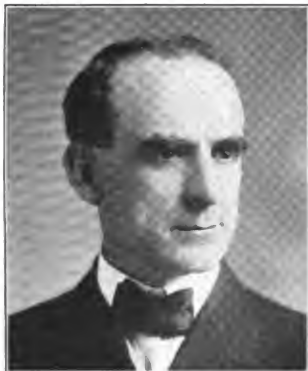
#### **BERNARD J. AMER.**

Residence, 439 Crestwood Avenue; office, 425-29 Akron Savings & Loan Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, June 19, 1896. Son of Louis H. and Amelia M. (Briener) Amer. Attended St. Mary's grade school and St. Mary's High School in Akron; studied law with Senator George W. Sieber; at-

tended Akron University for college studies night sessions. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 24, 1918. Practiced law with the firm of Sieber, Martineau, Snyder & Sieber three months; then with the firm of Sieber, Snyder & Sieber, until January 1, 1919, when he became a member of the firm of Sieber, Snyder, Sieber & Amer. Assistant secretary and director, The E. H. Wiener Com-

#### **JAMES L. AMERMAN.**

Residence, 1136 North Walnut Street; office, Central Savings Bank Building, Canton. Born in Alliance, Ohio, March 23, 1882. Son of James and Rachel L. (Teeters) Amerman. Married November 23, 1910, to Mary G. Milbourne, of Alliance; one child, Mary Elizabeth. Attended public and high schools of Alliance, Mt. Union College; received LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School in 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1906; later to United States District Court Northern District of Ohio, and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Member of the firm of Day & Amerman for 5 years; Amerman & Quinn for 2 years; Bow, Amerman & Mills; and at the present time Amerman & Mills. Member Stark County, Ohio State and American Bar Associations; Canton Club, Lakeside



Country Club and Brookside Country Club. Republican.

**ERHARDT G. ANDREE.**

Office, Central Savings & Trust Building, Akron, Ohio. Born in Canal Dover, Ohio, July 23, 1882. Son of William and Elizabeth (Mahler) Andree. Married June 2, 1914, to Ellen B. Arnold. Attended the public schools of Akron; received A.B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace College in June, 1908; J. D. degree from Ohio State University in June, 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1910; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Stahl & Andree. Member Republican Executive Committee, 1916-18. Member Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

**ELMORE L. ANDREWS.**

Residence, 1821 East 86th Street; office, 1239 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Minneapolis, Minnesota, November 19, 1892. Son of Fred G. Andrews and Jennie P. Kelly. Attended public schools of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; University of Michigan, 1913; University of Virginia, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1916. Associated with the law firm of Thompson, Hine and Flory, of Cleveland, since 1916.

**DAVID FITCH ANDERSON.**

Residence, corner Broadway and Fifth Avenue, Youngstown; offices, 1003 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown, and 1028 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in West Austintown, Ohio, June 3, 1864. Son of David and Hannah (Shaw) Anderson. Married to Hallie B. Johnson, of Youngstown. One daughter, Henrietta H. Attended the public schools of Mahoning County; took course in Civil Engineering at Canfield Normal School, Canfield, Ohio; at-

tended Mount Union College; studied law in office of Jones & Anderson, of Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1891; subsequently to the United States District Court of Ohio, Pennsylvania and New York; United States Courts of Appeals, United States Supreme Court. Member of firm of Anderson, Lamb & Osborne. Mem-



ber Mahoning County Bar Association, Trumbull Country Club, Poland Country Club, Youngstown Country Club. Delegate to the 4th Constitutional Convention at Columbus, 1911 and 1912. Republican.

**O. V. ANDERSON.**





Residence, 428 Columbus Street; office, Cook Arcade, Ashtabula. Born in Ashtabula, Ohio, December 24, 1889. Son of Gustave and Adeline (Peterson) Anderson. Graduate of public primary school, Ashtabula, 1903; high school, Ashtabula, 1907; attended University of Michigan, 1908-09; Chicago Law School, 1907-10; graduate of Cleveland Law School, 1911 received LL.B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace University, 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1911, and later to the United States District Court. Member of the firm of Anderson & Shaylor, April, 1912, to April, 1915; since that date in the individual practice of law. During the World War served as company clerk Company B, 9th Military Police, Camp Sheridan, Ala.; in the service from September 8, 1918, to December 9, 1918. Member of American Legion; Delta Theta Phi Fraternity, Cleveland Grays; I. O. O. F., F. O. E., L. O. O. M., Ashtabula County Bar Association; Swedish Kapernaum Lutheran Church, Ashtabula; life member Michigan Union, University of Michigan. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM SHAW ANDERSON.**

Residence, 138 W. Wood Street; office, Court House, Youngstown. Born in North Jackson, Mahoning County, Ohio, December 31, 1849. Son of David and Hannah L. (Shaw) Anderson. Married to Louise M. Shields, October 6, 1866. Three children: Blanche, Mrs. F. R. Hahn and Randall H. Attended the Common Schools of Mahoning County, Ohio. Read



law in office of Hutchins & Glidden, Warren, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1869; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Andersen & King, 1880-85; Anderson & Wolf, 1885-1890; Jones & Anderson, 1890-1908; W. S. Anderson & Son, 1908-12.

Appointed Common Pleas Judge Mahoning County, 1912; elected to that office, 1912; re-elected in 1918. Member B. P. O. E., Chamber of Commerce, Ohio State Bar Association. Republican.

#### **FRANK W. ANDREWS.**

Residence, Alliance, Ohio; office, 437 East Main Street, Alliance. Born in East Liverpool, Ohio, October 1, 1892. Son of Thompson J. and Minnie V. (Houston) Andrews. Married to Mary Beth Sehring, August 20, 1917. Two children, Sara Jane and Susan. Attended East Liverpool High School; Westminster College; Law School of the University of Southern California. Admitted to the bar of Ohio January, 1917. Associated in the practice of law in Cleveland, Ohio, with the firm of Hoyt, Dustin, Kelley, McKeehan & Andrews, January, 1917, to May 15, 1917; became member of the firm of Fording & Andrews, of Alliance, January, 1920. During the World War served in the



United States Army from May 15, 1917, to June 17, 1919; 1st Lieutenant 802nd Pioneer Infantry. Member Alliance and Stark County Bar Associations; Kappa Phi Lambda Fraternity. Republican.

#### **ALBERT BYRON ARBAUGH.**

Residence, 1207 Arnold Avenue, N. W.; office, 400 Geo. D. Harter Bank Building, Canton. Born in Jewett, Ohio, August 10, 1897. Son of Albert Q. and Margaret H. (Spence) Arbaugh. Married November 11, 1920, to Ruth A. Lee, of Jewett, Ohio. Primary education received in public schools of Jewett; graduate of Jewett High School in 1913; attended Arts College of Ohio State University, 1915-16; Law Department of same university, 1916 to 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December, 1918. Associated

in the office of Clarence G. Herbruck since August 1, 1919, in Canton. Member Masonic Order, Phi Delta Phi and Pi Alpha



Chi fraternities, Stark County Bar Association. Democrat.

**CARL ARMSTRONG.**

Residence, 431 West Evergreen Avenue; office, 1106 Mahoning Bank Building Youngstown. Born in Jefferson County, Ohio, September 1, 1876. Son of David and Sarah (Fell) Armstrong. Married May 18, 1901, to Bertha Scott; two children; David W. and Lamar S. Attended public schools of Jefferson County; Mt. Union College; graduate of Ohio Northern University with B. S. degree, in 1904, and L. L. B. degree in 1906. Taught in Jefferson County Schools for 4 years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1906; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Steubenville, Ohio, until 1916, when he moved to Ada, Ohio, and taught in Law Department of Ohio Northern University, until January, 1918, during which time, for a period of 8 months, was Dean of Law Department. In January, 1918, moved to Youngstown, where he continues in the practice of law to date. Member Masonic Order, I. O. O. F., Jefferson County and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Democrat.

**IRA E. ARNOLD.**

Residence, 14413 Lake Shore Boulevard; office, 548 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Andersonburg, Perry County, Pennsylvania, December 27, 1885. Son of James S. and Clara J. (Ernest) Arnold. Married

to Edna M. Taylor, August 4, 1917. Educated in country schools, Blain, Pennsylvania; high school; New Bloomfield Academy; graduate of Cleveland Law School in 1913 with L. L. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 27, 1913; United States District Court, 1919. Member K. of P. Democrat.

**WILLIAM T. ARNOS.**

Residence, South Euclid, Ohio; office, 402 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Defiance, Ohio, August 20, 1873. Son of John F. and Dora (Allshouse) Arnos. Married to Anna C. Laughridge, of Harrison County, Ohio, 1907. Attended the district school, 1879-89; graduate of high school,



Stryker, Ohio, 1894; and of Tri-State Normal College, Angola, Ind., with A. B. degree, 1899; attended Hiram College, 1899-1900; Western Reserve Law School, 1900-03; received L. L. B. degree therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1903; later to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States District Court. Engaged in the general law practice since admission. Member of the firm of Bentley & Arnos, 1906-10; now in the individual practice. Member Cleveland Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

**GEORGE FRANCIS ARREL.**

Residence, 124 Lincoln Avenue, Youngstown. Born on a farm in Mahoning County, Ohio, October 1, 1840. Son of David and Martha (Moore) Arrel. Married to Grace Tod, October 18, 1876. Two children: David Tod and Mrs. Frances M. Parson. Attended the Common Schools in Poland Township; entered Preparatory Department of West-

minster College, New Wilmington, Pennsylvania, September, 1859; graduated therefrom with A. B. degree (classical course), June, 1865; granted degree of K. D. G., June, 1913; entered office of Francis E. Hutchins, Warren, Ohio, to prepare for admission to bar, remaining one year; attended Albany, New York, Law School one year; received LL. B. degree therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, August 20, 1867; later to United States Supreme Court. Began the individual practice of law in Youngstown; later formed partnership with H. Moser, which continued two years; City Solicitor, 1870-78. Elected Judge of Common Pleas Court, October, 1880; retired February 9, 1887; engaged in private practice until 1899, when he became a member of the firm of Arrel, McVey & Robinson and remained with that firm and its successors until July 1, 1917, when he retired from the active practice of law. One of the first members of the Ohio State Bar Association which was organized in 1880; member American Bar Association. Republican.

#### CHARLES KINGSLEY ARTER.

Residence, Cleveland Heights; office, Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, April 24, 1876. Son of Frank A. and Delia (Kingsley) Arter. Married September 23, 1902, to Grace Denison; 2 children: Elizabeth and Calvin Kingsley. Graduate Amherst College with A. B. degree in 1898; Harvard Law School, 1901. Admitted to the bar of Massachusetts, 1901; Ohio, 1901. Member of the firm of McKeehan, Merrick, Arter & Stewart. Member Delta Kappa Epsilon, Chamber of Commerce, Union Club, Hermit Club, Nisi Prius Court, Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### JAMES M. AUNGST.



Residence, 1648 Cleveland Avenue N. W.; office, 519 Renkert Building, Canton. Born in Canton, Ohio, October 21, 1895. Son of Maurice E. and Lucy (Pontius) Aungst. Attended public schools of Canton, graduating from high school, 1913; attended Cornell University, 1914-16; Western Reserve University Law School, 1916-18. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1918. Engaged in the general practice of law in Canton. Appointed Assistant City Solicitor of Canton, December, 1920. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., McKinley Club, Phi Sigma Kappa and Phi Delta Phi fraternities. Republican.

#### CHARLES T. AUSTIN.

Residence, 790 Parkwood Drive; office, 1111 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Randolph, Portage County, Ohio, June 9,



1876. Son of Duane S. and Isadore (Taylor) Austin. Married to Margaret L. Montgomery, of Louisville, Stark County, Ohio, May 17, 1903. Attended Marlboro public schools; graduate of Ohio Northern University with A. B. degree, 1897; graduate of Mount Union College with Ph. B. degree, 1900; attended Law School one year, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1903; United States District Court, 1905. Member of the firm of Austin & Leet three years; Austin & Kirkbride since 1913. Member Legal Advisory Board, Ward 24, during the World War. Member Masonic Order, Chamber of Commerce, Sons of Veterans, Sigma Alpha Epsilon Fraternity. Republican.

#### JAMES AUSTIN, JR.

Residence, 727 Oakwood Avenue; office, Municipal Court, Toledo. Born in Woonsocket,

Rhode Island, April 11, 1858. Son of James and Jane (Whiting) Austin. Married to Minnie Weber, January 13, 1887. Three children: Ralph W., Paul W., Irene (Kiplinger). Graduate of Woonsocket High School, 1876; received A. B. degree from Brown University, 1880, and A. M. degree, 1883. Admitted to the bar of Rhode Island, 1882; Ohio, 1884; United States District Court, 1893. Member of the firm of Potter & Austin, 1883-86; Judge of City Courts, 1886-95; Assistant City Solicitor, 1906-07; Police Judge, 1908-1918; Judge Municipal Court, 1918 to date. Member of Chamber of Commerce. Author of Austin's Manual of Criminal Law and Procedure. Member F. & A. M.; K. of P.; L. O. O. M.; D. O. K. K.; Grotto; S. A. R.; Associate Comrade G. A. R.; American Historical Society; American Prison Association; Northwestern Ohio Historical Association; Toledo Art Museum; Toledo Zoological Society; Toledo Musical Art Society; Social Workers Club; N. Toledo Neighborhood Association; Trustee Florence Crittenden Home; Masonic Library Board; Toledo and Ohio State Bar Associations; Toledo City Council, 1895-1897; Toledo Board of Elections, 1897-1902. Republican.

#### RAY W. AVERY.

Residence and office, Bowling Green. Born in Bowling Green, August 23, 1886. Son of Dudley H. and Ettie M. (Wilsey) Avery. Married June 19, 1913, to Irene Ross; two children: Dudley Ross and Barbara. Attended the public and high schools of Bowling Green; Kenyon College; graduate University of Michigan, with LL. B. degree in 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in June, 1910. Member of the firm of Riegler & Avery. Member Masonic Bodies, B. P. O. E., K. of P., Ohio State and Wood County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### J. FRANK AXLINE.

Residence and office, Findlay. Born in Holmes County, Ohio, April 1, 1866. Son of John and Permelia (Wise) Axline. Married June 30, 1896, to Nellie Snyder; two children: Dorothy Kathryn and Dean Wise. Attended public schools of Ohio; received A. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, 1888; LL. B. degree from Law Department of Ohio Northern University, 1890. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1889; later United States District Court. For two years in partnership with James A. Sullivan. Axline & Weatherald for one year; Axline & Coons for some time; Axline & Belt, 1900-17; since 1918 Axline & Pendleton. Member K. of P., Ohio State and Hancock County Bar Associations; Director Chamber of Commerce. Independent in politics.

#### JOHN J. BABKA.

Residence, 5114 Broadway; office, 102 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, March 16, 1884. Son of Frank and Mary (Kozelka) Babka. Mar-



ried to Mary H. Kubu, in Cleveland, January 8, 1908. Attended parochial and public grammar schools of Cleveland; took college preparatory and studied under private tutorage; received LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1908. Special counsel for Attorney General of Ohio, 1911-1912; Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Cuyahoga County, Ohio, 1912-1919; first assistant during last two years; member of Congress, 21st District, Ohio, 66th session. Member B. P. O. E., K. of C., and Moose lodges. Member Democratic Executive Committee of Cuyahoga County, Ohio. Democrat.

#### JAMES GLENN BACHMAN.

Residence, 1263 Summit Avenue, Lakewood; office, 500 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Bellevue, Ohio, April 2, 1888. Son of Joseph and Mary J. (Hill) Bachman. Married to Dorothy E. Warch, September 1, 1909. Primary education received in Bellevue, Ohio, and Munhall, Pennsylvania schools; attended high school in Homestead, Pennsylvania; graduate of Baldwin-Wallace University; Cleveland Law School (Summa Cum Laude). Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1910; to United States District Court, 1911; United States Supreme Court, 1914. Secretary to United States District Judge Robert W. Taylor; Assistant United States Attorney; Secretary to Justice William R. Day, United States Supreme Court; Assistant to V. P.

Electric Bond & Share Co., in New York City; Assistant General Attorney Utah Power & Light Co., in Salt Lake City, Utah; now engaged in the practice of law associated with



the firm of Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Saeger & Jamison, of Cleveland. Member Chamber of Commerce; Yacht Club. Independent politically.

#### **JOSEPH S. BACKOWSKI.**



Residence, 5719 Fleet Avenue; office, 535 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland.

Born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 24, 1889. Son of Stanislaw and Frances (Rucenski) Backowski. Attended parochial and public schools of Cleveland; graduated from high school, 1905; attended Adelbert College of Western Reserve University two years; received degree of L.L. B. from Law School of Western Reserve University, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio July, 1913; later to United States District Court. For five years in partnership with Judge J. F. Sawicki. Member of Legal Advisory Board No. 10. Elected to the 82nd General Assembly in November, 1916; re-elected November, 1918. Democrat.

#### **LEON BROOKS BACON.**

Residence, 1869 Grasmere Street; office, Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Taberg, Oneida County, New York, July 24, 1870. Son of Sidney Brooks and Esther (Munger) Bacon. Married July 24, 1900, to Anna Osborne Anthony, daughter of Captain



Jacob Merritt Anthony. Attended Syracuse, New York, high school, 1885-1889; graduate of Williams College, with A. B. degree, 1893; graduate of Syracuse University with L.L. B. degree, 1899. Admitted to the bar of New York, 1898; Ohio, 1903; to the United States District Court, 1906. Read law in the office of Hiscock, Doheny & Hiscock, of Syracuse, New York. In 1898 commenced the practice of law in Syracuse as a member of the firm of Bacon & Clegg, which continued until 1902; removed to Cleveland in 1903, and later became a member of the firm of Ingersoll & Bacon. Member of the firm of Bacon, Couse & Curren, 1912 to 1916. Served on Y. M. C. A. and Liberty Loan campaign committees; special



work at Camp Sherman for the Y. M. C. A.; Cleveland Community Chest, four-minute-man. Member General Committee for Serbian Relief; appointed by Governor of Ohio as lecturer to conscripts; non-commissioned officer of the Red Cross for the period of the war; lecturer on "The Balkan Problem as the Cause of the War;" on general committee for the Roosevelt Memorial Association. Member University, Hermit, Athletic and City Clubs of Cleveland, Cleveland Chamber of Commerce; president of New England Society of Cleveland, and the Western Reserve Club; member Ohio and American Bar Associations, American Historical Association, New York Historical Society, Williams Club of New York City, University Club of Syracuse, New York. Chairman of committee of 25 civic associations for election of delegates to the Constitutional Convention, 1911; one of a special committee of three, selected by the Chamber of Commerce to draw up bill for the Municipal Court of Cleveland. Republican.

#### **DELBERT MARTIN BADER.**

Residence, 1511 Grace Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio; office, 606 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Delaware County, Ohio, March 4, 1870. Son of Martin and Elizabeth (Howald) Bader. Married to Josephine W. Davies, September 12, 1896. Attended Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, Ohio, and



later University of Michigan Law Department, Ann Arbor, Michigan. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1894; admitted to the United States District Court. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Member Legal Advisory Board, Lakewood District, during the World War. Member Masonic Order. Republican.

#### **DANIEL MILTON BAILEY.**

Residence and office, Ottawa. Born in Allen County, Ohio, March 4, 1862. Son of George W. and Melinda (Garver) Bailey. Married to Laura Hadsell, September 17, 1884. Attended High School, Beaver Dam, Ohio; National Normal University; Valparaiso (Ind.) University, 1880-83; read law in office of Moses A. Hoagland, Lima. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March, 1890; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm name of Bailey & Bailey, 1890-1906; Bailey & Leasure, 1906-1920. City Solicitor of Ottawa for 22 years. Appointed December 28, 1920, Judge Common Pleas Court. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., B. O. E., Putnam County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **EARL D. BAIR.**

Residence, 206 West Harrison Street; office, 605-06 Alliance Bank Building, Alliance, Ohio. Born in Canton, Ohio, April 5, 1894. Son of Ambrose L. and Hettie (Houtz) Bair.



Married Mildred Steele, September, 1917. Attended country school, 1900-08; graduate of Canton High School, 1912; attended Wooster University, 1912-13; read law in law office, 1914-15; attended Ohio Northern University, 1915-16; Special law course under Judge Frank Gusweiler, of Cincinnati, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 30, 1917. Engaged in the individual practice in Alliance from June 30, 1917, to October 1, 1918, when he formed partnership with Wm. M. Roach, under firm name of Roach & Bair, which continues to present time. Member Sigma Phi Epsilon Fraternity, Masonic Order, Junior Order of United American Mechanics, Knights of Malta, F.

O. E., Modern Woodmen, Stark County and Alliance Bar Associations. Elected Clerk Municipal Court, 1918; actively interested in politics, having assisted in campaigns for county and municipal offices. Republican.

#### NEWTON DIEHL BAKER.

Residence, 343 East 105th Street; office, Union Commerce National Bank Building, Cleveland. Born in Martinsburg, West Virginia, December 3, 1871. Son of Newton Diehl and Mary (Dukehart) Baker. Married to Elizabeth Leopold, of Pottstown, Pennsylvania, July 5, 1902. Attended private and public schools, Martinsburg, West Virginia, until 1888; Episcopal High School, Alexandria, Virginia, 1888-89; Johns Hopkins University, 1889-93, received A. B. degree; Washington & Lee University, 1893-94, received LL. B. degree; Honorary de-



grees: LL. D. University of West Virginia; University of North Carolina and Washington & Lee University. Admitted to the bar of West Virginia, 1894; Ohio, 1900; United States Supreme Court, 1902; Porto Rico, 1919. Private Secretary to Postmaster General Wilson, 1896-97. Commenced the practice of law in 1897 at Martinsburg, West Virginia, as member of the firm of Flick, Westenhaver & Baker, until 1899; moved to Cleveland and became a member of the firm of Foran, McTighe & Baker, 1900-02; elected City Solicitor of Cleveland, 1902, in that office until 1912. Mayor of Cleveland for two terms (1912-16); member of the firm of Baker, Hostetler & Sidlo, Cleveland, since 1916; appointed Secretary of War by Ex-President Woodrow Wilson, March 7, 1916, which office he held until March 4, 1921. Member Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity,

Society of the Cincinnati Clubs, Union, University, City, Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland; University and Cosmos Clubs, Washington; Army and Navy Club; American Bar Association. Democrat.

#### RUFUS HAROLD BAKER.

Residence, Toledo; office, 326-332 Smith & Baker Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, September 25, 1858. Son of



William and Frances C. (Latimer) Baker. Married to Mary W. Howard, January 16, 1883; four children: Bessie (wife of Frank N. Spencer), Pauline, Herbert H. and Marjorie. Graduate of public schools of Toledo, 1875; Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass., 1877; Columbia College Law School of New York City with degree of LL. B., 1879. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1879; United States Supreme Court, 1897. Formed partnership with his father, William Baker, under the firm name of W. & R. H. Baker, 1880-81; a partner in the firm composed of Barton Smith and William Baker, under the firm name of Baker, Smith & Baker, 1881-95; William Baker died in November, 1894, and the firm name was then changed to Smith & Baker, which continued until January 1, 1916; Edwin R. Effler and Maurice Allen joined the firm, which became Smith, Baker, Effler & Allen, 1916-19, when Leroy E. Eastman was admitted to the firm, which continues to date under the name of Smith, Baker, Effler, Allen & Eastman. Vice president and director, The Home Savings Bank; director The Milburn Wagon Co., and The Toledo Blade Co., of Toledo. Member Toledo Commerce Club, Country Club, Toledo Club, Lucas County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

**SIMON PEYTON BAKER.**

Residence, 687 Hazel Street; office, 502-4 Central Savings & Trust Building, Akron. Born in Plainville, Illinois, August 23, 1888. Son of Samuel A. and Virginia G. (Hull) Baker. Attended public schools of Plain-



ville, Illinois; Quincy High School; Quincy Academy; William Jewell College, Liberty, Missouri; Illinois State Normal University, graduating in 1914; received A. B. degree in 1917, and LL. B. degree in 1919, from University of Michigan. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio in 1920. Associated with the firm of Whittemore & Motz, Akron. Member Masonic Order, Sigma Delta Kappa Fraternity, Summit County Bar Association. Democrat.

**ARTHUR D. BALDWIN.**

Residence, 9534 Lake Shore Boulevard; office, 1029 National City Building, Cleveland. Born April 8, 1876, at Hawaiian Islands. Son of Henry P. and Emily Alexander Baldwin. Married June 17, 1902, to Reba L. Williams. Educated through Grammar Grades at Hawaiian Islands; graduate of Oakland, California, High School, May, 1893. In 1894 graduate of Hotchkiss School, Lakeville, Connecticut; Yale College, 1898, with B. A. degree; Harvard College, 1901, LL. B. degree. Admitted to Ohio Bar, December, 1902, and subsequently to United States District and Circuit Courts. Member of firm of Garfield, MacGregor and Baldwin. First Lieutenant F. A. at Fort Benjamin Harrison Officers' Training Camp, November 27, 1917. Served with the 164th F. A. Brigade, Headquarters at Camp Funsten and abroad. Commissioned Captain F. A., April 30, 1919. Discharged May 31, 1919. Member Ohio Commission for the codification

of Children's laws, 1912. Member of Union Club, Tavern Club, Country Club and University Club. Republican.

**FRANK A. BALDWIN.**

Residence, 707 West Wooster Street; office, Whitehead Block, Bowling Green. Born in West Junius, New York, July 30, 1854. Son of Sanford and Juliette E. (Smith) Baldwin. Married January 8, 1878, to Clara Foote (deceased July 15, 1904); second marriage to Agnetta D. Chidester, April 14, 1914. Educated in the public schools of Weston, Ohio; supplemented by business course in Eastman's Business College, Poughkeepsie, New York, in 1873 and one term in Toledo, Ohio, High School in 1874. Studied law in office of McCauley & Pennington, Tiffin, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, April 13, 1877; later United States District and Circuit Court of Appeals. Began the practice of law in Weston, Ohio. Moved to Bowling Green the fall of 1877. Member of the firm of Baldwin & Harrington, 1890 to 1909. Member District Draft Board, Toledo District, located at Findlay, Ohio, during the draft period of the World War. Member Ohio State and Wood County Bar Associations. Prosecuting Attorney of Wood County, 1878-80; Judge Common Pleas Court 1st Sub-division, 10th Judicial District of Ohio, 1909-15; Delegate to National Democratic Convention in Baltimore, 1912. Democrat.

**FRANK L. BALDWIN.**

Residence, 381 Lora Avenue; office, Court House, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, Ohio, June 29, 1863. Son of Timothy D. and Lucretia K. (Manning) Baldwin. Married to Bessy G. Graham, September 12, 1890 (deceased March 28, 1894); Elizabeth E. Bycroft, June 19, 1912. Attended public and high schools, Youngstown; Western Reserve Academy. Received A. B. degree from Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, 1887; A. M. degree, 1890. Read law with Hine & Clarke. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 5, 1889; Colorado, January, 1890. Practiced law in Denver, Colorado, from January to June, 1890; in Leadville, Colorado, July, 1890, to 1898, when he returned to Youngstown, Ohio. Member F. & A. M., R. A. M., K. T., A. A. O. N. M. S., I. O. O. F., K. P., K. O. T. M., B. P. O. E., Youngstown Club; First Presbyterian Church. City Solicitor of Leadville, Colorado, 1893-94. Mayor of Youngstown, 1906-07; Secretary Youngstown Humane Society since January 16, 1899; President Ohio Federation of Humane Societies; Second Vice President of The American Humane Association. Member of Mahoning County Bar Association.

**SAMUEL PRENTISS BALDWIN.**

Residence, Gates Mill, Ohio; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, October 26, 1868. Son of



Charles C. and Caroline (Prentiss) Baldwin. Married to Lil'ian C. Hanna, February 15, 1898. Graduate of Cleveland high school, 1888; Dartmouth College in 1892 with A.B.



degree; in 1894 received A.M. degree; Western Reserve Law School in 1894 with degree of LL.B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1894. Associated with Henderson Kline & Tolles, 1894-96; member of the firm of Ford & Baldwin for one year; Ford, Henry, Baldwin & McGraw, 1897-99. Member of the Union Club; Chagrin Valley Hunt Club; Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity; President of Williamson Company; President of New Amsterdam Company.

#### **CHARLES M. BALL.**

Residence, 2622 Tuscarawas W.; office, 206 Tuscarawas W., Canton. Born in Canton, Ohio, August 24, 1871. Son of Plimpton and Elizabeth (Shanafert) Ball. Married June 24, 1914, to Luella Kidd. Two children: Katherine L. and Robert E. Attended public and high schools of Canton; received LL.B. degree from Cincinnati Law School in 1892; studied law in office of Miller & Pomerene, of Canton. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1893. Associated with J. Whiting, Jr., in Canton, since 1903. President Canton City Council, 1920 to 1921. Member B. P. O. E., Lakeside Country Club, McKinley Club, Stark County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **CLAUDE REX BANKER.**

Residence, 2245 Rosewood Avenue; office, 404 Bank of Commerce Building, Toledo. Born in Poast Town, Butler County, Ohio, March 19, 1883. Son of Harve and Sallie A. (Schench) Banker. Attended the public and

high schools of Middletown, Ohio. Received A.B. degree from Ohio State University in 1906, and LL.B. in 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1908; United States District Court, 1912. Member of the firm of Holbrook, Banker & Lewis. Member Masonic Order, National Union, Toledo Bar Association, Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

#### **FRED A. BARBER.**

Residence and office, Wauseon. Born in Baldwinsville, New York, February 11, 1865. Son of Corydon and Louisa (Bye) Barber. Married to Carrie E. Cottrell, July 2, 1890; two children: Harold G. and Gertrude L. Attended Morenci (Mich.) High School; Fayette (Ohio) High School, and Fayette Normal University. Member Judge Gusweiler's Law Class, Cincinnati, 1919. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 15, 1919. Member of the firm of Heise & Barber. Probate Judge Fulton County, 1905 to 1917. Member Masonic Order, I. O. O. F., Knights of Pythias, M. E. Church. Democrat.

#### **JASON ALONZO BARBER.**

Residence, 2024 Parkwood Avenue; office, 1519 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Ionia County, Michigan, January 24, 1855. Son of Perry K. and Elizabeth (Maltby) Barber. Married October 3, 1883, to Ida M. Hull; five children: John E., Helen, Alice, Maurice C., and William M. Attended the common schools of Michigan and Ohio; Oberlin Academy; graduate of Ober-



lin College with A.B. degree in 1879; Superintendent of Schools at St. Mary's, Ohio, 1879-80. Principal Toledo High School, 1880-81. Studied law in office of L. K. Parks, Toledo. Admitted to the bar of

Ohio, 1882; United States District Court. In partnership with L. K. Parks, 1882-91. Member Board of Education of Toledo, 1888 to 1890. Prosecuting Attorney, Lucas County, from January 1, 1891, to January 1, 1897. Judge Common Pleas Court, Lucas County, from 1897 to 1907. Member of Lucas County Bar Association, B. P. O. E. Republican.

#### **ALVAH EDGAR BARDWELL.**

Residence, 1118 Euclid Avenue; office, 358-60 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Castalia, O., May 17, 1882. Son of Seth Edgar and Celesta M. (Thompson) Bard-



well. Attended Castalia High School; Perkiomen School; Pennsburg, Pa., received A. B. degree from Princeton University, Princeton, N. J., 1905, and LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909; later to the United States District and Circuit Courts. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland. Member Cleveland Athletic Club; American, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations.

#### **CHARLES R. BAREFOOT.**

Residence, 3853 Hazelhurst Avenue; office, Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Alum Bank, Pa., February 17, 1884. Son of Ross and Kathryn (Vickroy) Barefoot. Married to Kathryn Thomas, of Chicago, Ill., January 11, 1917; two children: Betty and Charles R., Jr. Attended public schools of Bedford, Pa.; Central High School, Philadelphia, Pa.; College of Liberal Arts; Ohio

Northern University, 1906-09; DePaul University, 1911-12; College of Law, Ohio Northern University, 1913-16, received LL. B. degree therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1916; Montana, 1917. Practiced law in Lewistown, Montana, from January to July, 1917, since which date he has been in the practice in Toledo. Served in U. S.



Marine Corps four years; rank sergeant; foreign service, Cuba, Porto Rico, Panama; sea service, U. S. S. Brooklyn, U. S. S. Prairie, U. S. S. Panther, U. S. S. Yankee, U. S. S. Dixie. Member, Delta Theta Phi; Sons of the American Revolution; United Spanish War Veterans; Toledo Lawyers Club; Toledo Bar Association.

#### **HOWARD L. BARKDULL.**

Residence, 1071 Leedale Avenue, Lakewood; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Norwalk, Ohio, September 3, 1887. Son of William R. and Fannie B. (Boyer) Barkdull. Married to Eloise Standart Kelsey, of Toledo, September 11, 1917. Graduate of Toledo (O.) High School, June, 1905; graduate of University of Michigan with A. B. degree, June, 1909; received J. D. degree from that institution, June, 1911. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, June, 1911; Ohio, July, 1911. Associated with the firms of McGraw, Hauxhurst & Saeger and Henry & McGraw, Cleveland, 1911-12; Office Attorney and Assistant Secretary, National Carbon Company, Inc., Cleveland, 1912-1919; associated with the firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, since August 1, 1919. Enlisted in World War, in Officers Training School

at time of Armistice; commissioned 2nd Lieutenant, Officers Reserve Corps. Member Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, City

Ohio, June 23, 1909; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, January 17, 1913. Engaged in the individual law



Club, American Legion, Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### **JOHN C. BARKLEY.**

Residence, 2965 Somerton Road; office, National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Phalanx, Trumbull County, Ohio, January 28, 1879. Son of G. D. and Emma J. (Craig) Barkley. Married to Maie E. Watkins, June 1, 1912. Two children: Elizabeth Jane and Charles Robert. Attended district schools, Trumbull County, Ohio; Western Reserve Seminary; graduate of Allegheny College with A. B. degree, 1902; A. M. degree, 1906; Western Reserve University Law School with LL. B. degree, 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1906; later United States District Court. Taught in Western Reserve University, 1906-8; Law School, University of Indiana, 1908-09. Associated with the firm of Henderson, Quail, Siddall & Morgan. Instructor "Bills and Notes" at John Marshall Law School, Cleveland, 1921. Member F. & A. M., Phi Delta Phi and Phi Gamma Delta fraternities. Republican.

#### **LOUIS BARNES.**

Residence, 5003 Bridge Avenue, N. W.; office, 248 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in New Castle, Pa., February 8, 1886. Son of Thomas Henry and Susanna (Van-Kirk) Barnes. Attended the public schools of Cleveland; graduate of West High School, 1906; received LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School, 1909. Admitted to the bar of



practice in Cleveland. Member Masonic Order. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM PAYNE BARNUM, JR.**

Residence, 230 Crandall; office, 805-08 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Rock Creek, Ashtabula, Ohio., October



15, 1879. Son of William Payne and Nannie L. (Knowlton) Barnum. Married to

Pearl C. Clapper, of Wooster, Ohio., December 21, 1905; one child: Dorothy. Attended the public and high schools of Beaver Falls, Pa., studied law in the offices of Frank L. Baldwin and General Thomas W. Sanderson, of Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1902; Idaho, 1904; subsequently to United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio; United States District Court of Western Pennsylvania; United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Commenced the practice of law in Youngstown in 1903; in 1904 moved to Washington County, Idaho, where he practiced until 1905, when he returned to Youngstown and entered partnership with D. F. Anderson and Emil J. Anderson, under the firm name of Anderson, Barnum & Anderson, until 1909, when he was elected Judge Common Pleas Court of Mahoning County; re-elected in 1916; resigned in April, 1918, when he formed partnership with E. H. Moore and G. F. Hammond, under the firm name of Moore, Barnum & Hammond, which continues to the present time. Member Masonic bodies: Scottish Rite 32nd Degree, Knights Templar, Shrine; K. of P., Poland Country Club; Mahoning County Bar Association. Wood Republican delegate to National Convention in Chicago in 1920. Republican.

#### JOHN P. BARRETT.

Residence, 124 Wellendorf Avenue; office, 208 Dollar Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, June 6, 1891. Son of P. J. and Ruth (Dugan) Barrett. Married to Marie Lawlor, May 23, 1918; one child, Marie. Attended the public and high schools, Youngstown; received LL.B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1915. Assistant to the Prosecuting Attorney, 1915-1916; Secretary to Mayor Carroll Thornton, 1916-1917. Captain 332nd Infantry, U. S. A., during the war. Member of the firm of Henderson, Wickham & Barrett. Member K. of C., Lions Club, Patrician Club, Sigma Chi, American Legion, Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

#### ROBB O. BARTHOLOMEW.

Residence, 2930 Edgehill Road; office, Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Troy, Geauga, County, Ohio, November 1, 1882. Son of G. Alba and Florence I. (Goodwin) Bartholomew. Married to Elizabeth Baldwin Lee, October 12, 1912. Graduate of Huntsburg, Ohio, High School, 1901; received degree of A. B. from Oberlin College, 1905; from Western Reserve University Law School, LL. B. degree, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1909; United States District Court, 1911. Member of the law firm of Bartholomew, Leeper & McGill. Member Cleveland Bar Association and Cleveland Chamber of Commerce.

#### OTTO J. BARTUNEK.

Residence, 3270 East 55th Street; office, 912 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio., November 24, 1894. Son of Joseph W. and Marie R. (Bliehall) Bartunek. Attended St. Wenceslaus Parochial School, Cleveland, 1908; South High School, 1908-09; High School of Com-



merce, 1909-12; Baldwin-Wallace College, 1914-17; received degree of LL. B. therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 30, 1917. Associated with the firm of Herrick, Hopkins, Stockwell & Benesch of Cleveland from July, 1917, to date. Enlisted as private in U. S. Air Service, November 13, 1917. Served seven months in England and eight months in France, Lieutenant in Officers Reserve Corps, Air Service. Discharged June 24, 1919. Member the National Home Club; Knights of Columbus; The Cleveland Grays; American Legion (Shuppe Post). Candidate for State Representative, 1920. Democrat.

#### ROLAND A. BASKIN.

Residence, 1465 East 109th Street; office, 830 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Hillsboro, Ohio, December 21, 1886. Son of Frank S. and Ida S. (Cluxton) Baskin. Married to Frances Schwor, of Cleveland, March 15, 1915. Primary education received in Cleveland public schools; graduate of Central High School, 1906; of Western Reserve University Law School with LL. B. degree, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1910. Member Masonic Order, Alpha Tau Omega fraternity. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Cuyahoga County from March,

1917, to 1920; appointed Prosecuting Attorney of Cuyahoga County September 7, 1920, which office he held until January 1, 1921.



Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Democrat.

#### **ALBERT HARLAN BATES.**

Residence, 2335 Scarborough Road; office, 1028 Society for Savings Building.



Cleveland. Born in Cincinnati, Ohio, January 24, 1869. Son of Cyrus S. and Laverna (Sutherland) Bates. Married to Kathleen

Jones, of Atlanta, Georgia; two children. Attended Kenyon Military Academy, Gambier, Ohio. Graduate of Lehigh University, South Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, in 1889, with M. E. degree; graduate of Ohio State University Law Department with LL. B. degree, 1892. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1892; Illinois, 1893; United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, 1893; later to various United States District Courts and to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, sixth and seventh circuits. Engaged in the practice of patent and trademark law exclusively in Cleveland. Member of the firm of Thurston & Bates, 1897-1906; Bates, Fouts & Hull, 1906-10; individual practice, 1910-16; since 1916 member of the firm of Bates & Macklin. During the World War served in civilian capacity as associate member Legal Advisory Board, Ward 4. Member American Patent Law Association, Cleveland Patent Law Association, City Club, Cleveland Engineering Society, Chamber of Commerce, Military Order of Loyal Legion, Psi Upsilon fraternity, Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **BENJAMIN T. BATSCH.**

Residence, 2259 Lawrence Avenue; office, Second National Bank Building, Toledo. Born in Findlay, Ohio, July 19, 1891. Son of Henry J. and Mary J. (Fish) Batsch. Married to Ada C. Merry, June 26, 1919. Attended the public schools of Ohio and Indiana; graduate University of Michigan in 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1914; subsequently to the United States Courts. Engaged in the law practice in Toledo. First lieutenant of 328 Machine Gun Battalion of United States Infantry, 1917-1919; now Captain United States Reserves. Commandant of Butler College, Indianapolis, Ind., S. A. T. C., from 1917 to 1919. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., Lucas County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **ALBERT V. BAUMANN, JR.**

Residence and office, Fremont. Born in Fremont, January 13, 1891. Son of Albert V. and Annie Rose (Greene) Baumann. Married to Cary Shreffler, June 26, 1918. Attended public and high schools of Fremont; received A. B. degree from Amherst College, 1912; J. D. degree from University of Michigan Law School, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1914; Michigan, 1914; United States District Court, 1918. Member Beta Theta Pi, Phi Delta Phi, B. P. O. E., F. & A. M., K. of P., L. O. O. M. Exchange Club, Ohio State Bar Association. Treasurer Sandusky County Bar Association. Prosecuting Attorney Sandusky County, 1917 to 1921; elected delegate from 13th Congressional District, National Democratic Convention, 1920. Democrat.



**EDGAR R. BAYES.**

Residence, 433 East 146th Street; office, 1030 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Leetonia, Columbiana County,



Ohio, December 3, 1880. Son of Elmer E. and Jennie E. (McCulloch) Bayes. Married to Mary Volk, of Cleveland, June 16, 1917. Attended the public schools of Lorain, Ohio, graduating from the high school, 1907; graduate of Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, with A. B. degree, 1914; Franklin T. Backus Law School of W. R. U. with LL. B. degree, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1916. Engaged in the individual law practice in Cleveland. During the World War served as signal sergeant of 69th Heavy Field Artillery.

**CHARLES B. BAYLY.**

Residence, 1806 Wilton Road; office, 921 National City Building, Cleveland; Born in Lima, Ohio, March 19, 1883. Son of William E. and Mary Louise (Brann) Bayly. Married October 6, 1913, to Florence T. Tyler; two children: Charles B., Jr., and Janet. Attended public and high schools, Lima; received A. B. degree from University of Wooster in 1907; LL. B. degree in 1911 from Western Reserve University Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1911; later to United States Courts. Member of the firm of Bayly, Simmons & DeWitt; Chairman Education Committee, Board of Education, Cleveland Heights, for four years. Instructor in "Real Property" and "Damages," at John Marshall School of Law. Member Shawnee Club, Lima; Shaker Heights Country Club, University Club, City Club, Phi Delta Phi fraternity, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations. Republican.

**ALLEN S. BEACH.**

Residence and office, Mansfield. Born in Mt. Vernon, Ohio, October 22, 1864. Son of Loren and Rebecca (Critchfield) Beach. Married in 1888 to Callie Maglott, who died in 1908; in 1910 to Sue Hipp; one child, Ellen. Attended Northwestern University; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1894. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1894. Member of the firm of Beach & Kramer for two years; Reed & Beach since 1905. Clerk of Courts of Richland County, 1896 to 1903. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Richland County in 1920. Member K. of P., Masonic Bodies, Richland County Bar Association. Democrat.

**HAROLD L. BEARD.**

Residence, 43 West Dewey Avenue; office, 802-03 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, December 8, 1875. Son of Frank and Emma (Hendricks) Beard. Married to Lucy A. Culp, April 24, 1913; two children: Chester C., and Grant W. Early education in country school; attended Normal College, Canfield, Ohio; Thiel College, Greenville, Pennsylvania; taught country school two years; received LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern University Law School, 1901; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1902; later United States District Court. In partnership with his brother, Ralph A. Beard for sixteen years. Member I. O. O. F., Mahoning County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney, Mahoning County, 1908-12. Democrat.

**HARRY LINCOLN BEATTY.**

Residence and office, Ravenna, Ohio. Born in Ravenna, Ohio, April 4, 1865. Son of John C. and Hettie (Day) Beatty. Married to Eleanor Wallace, April 9, 1889; one daughter, Mary Helen. Graduate Ravenna High School, June, 1882; studied law with Judge Luther Day and Judge George F. Robinson; graduate of Cincinnati Law School, May, 1886. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May, 1886. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., B. P. O. E. Elected member Ohio General Assembly, 1895; re-elected 1897.

**J. M. BECHTOL.**

Office, 18 Whittlesey Block, Norwalk. Born in Montpelier, Ohio, March 17, 1868. Son of John K. and Hannah (Wiseman) Bechtol. Married to Millie A. Rice, February 1, 1892. One son: Robert E. Educated in the Country Schools; received B. S. degree from Fayette Normal University; graduate Ohio State University Law Department, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1902. Elected in 1920, Judge

Probate Court Huron County. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., Huron County Bar Association. Republican.

#### FRED C. BECKER.

Residence and office, Lima. Born in Lima, Ohio, September 18, 1875. Son of Martin L. and Mary J. (Fenstermaker) Baker. Married November 4, 1904, to Caroline Jones. Attended the Public and High Schools of Lima; received LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School in 1897. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1897. In partnership with his father until 1913, when he became Judge Probate Court of Allen County and held that office until February, 1921, when he became Judge Common Pleas Court, where he continues to date. Mayor of Lima from 1908 to 1910. Member M. W. A., B. P. O. E., L. O. O. M., Beta Theta Pi Fraternity, Ohio State and Allen County Bar Associations. Democrat.

#### WILLIAM CAMERON BEER.

Residence and office, Bucyrus, Ohio. Born in Bucyrus, Ohio, June 16, 1874. Son of William Nevin and Mary Denman (Swingly)



Beer. Married to Jessie Blanche Hutchinson, of Lake City, Iowa, June 30, 1900; three children: William Cameron, Jr., Samuel H. and Margaret Louise. Attended public schools of Bucyrus, Ohio; Nelson's Business College, Springfield, Ohio; LL. B. degree from Law Department University of Michigan, 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December, 1903; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, later began practice April, 1904, in Bucyrus, Ohio, in partnership with the late Thos. Beer; upon his death formed partnership

with Judge J. W. Wright; this partnership dissolved in 1912, since which date he has been in the individual practice of law. Member Company A, 8th O. V. I. in war with Spain; in the Santiago campaign July, 1898; served on the non-commissioned staff of General George B. Garrettsen. During World War member Crawford County Draft Board; first secretary Crawford County Chapter American Red Cross; chairman four-minute men; chairman Military Training Camp Association; toured northern Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia with the 135th Field Artillery Band in interest of the Victory Loan. Member Military Order of Loyal Legion, Sons of American Revolution, B. P. O. E., Sons of Veterans, Spanish American War Veterans, American, Ohio State and Crawford County Bar Associations. City solicitor of Bucyrus, Ohio, from 1906 to 1908, referee in bankruptcy, Crawford County, Ohio, from 1912 to date; chairman Republican Executive Committee of Crawford County eight years; member State Central Committee eighth Congressional district from 1914 to 1918. Solicitor of the 17th District of Pennsylvania system. Republican.

#### RUPERT BEETHAM.

Residence and office, Cadiz. Born in Greensburg, Trumbull County, Ohio, August 29, 1877. Son of John and Mary



(Rennison) Beetham. Married to Crete McLaughlin, of Cadiz, Ohio, September 5, 1900; four children: Mary Isabelle, Samuel, Rupert and Charles. Graduate of Canton, Ohio, high school; attended Scio College; Ohio State University Law School, Columbus, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio

June, 1900. Member of the law firm of Perry & Beetham, in Cadiz, from 1900 to 1903. Director Fourth National Bank of Cadiz, 1916-19; president in 1919. During the World War chairman Harrison County Red Cross; chairman Salvation Army Drive; member Liberty Loan committee. Member Board of Education of Cadiz, 1904; director and platform manager Cadiz Chautauqua past seven years. Member Masonic Order; K. of P., Granger; Methodist church. Delegate to Methodist Conference in 1912. Member Harrison County Bar Association. Postmaster of Cadiz, Ohio, 1906-14; representative General Assembly, 1915; floor-leader, 1919-20. Speaker of House, 1921-22. Republican.

#### **GEORGE ANDREW BEIS.**

Residence, 905 Central Avenue; office, 4 Cable Block, Sandusky. Born in Sandusky,



Erie County, Ohio, November 25, 1890. Son of George C. and Lucinda M. (Zerbe) Beis. Married to Mary Olivia Hardy in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, August 1, 1918. Graduate of Sandusky high school, 1908; Department of Literature and Arts, University of Michigan, 1912; Law School of University of Michigan, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio January 4, 1916. Practiced law in Sandusky since admission; junior member of the firm of Beis & Beis. Enlisted in Medical Department of the United States Army, April 26, 1918, as private in the Medical Supply branch; appointed sergeant June 13, 1918; commissioned 2nd Lieutenant, Sanitary Corps, and made Camp Medical Supply Officer in Camp Beauregard, Louisiana, August 13, 1918; served at this station until discharge, April 18, 1919. Member Erie County Bar Association.

#### **GEORGE C. BEIS.**

Office, Cable Block, Sandusky. Born in Waterville, Ohio, September 12, 1861. Son of George J. and Rosa Beis. Married Lucinda M. Zerbe, January 30, 1890; three children: George A., Jeanette and Mary Elizabeth. Attended the public schools in Waterville, Ohio, graduate of University of Michigan Law School, 1883. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and Michigan, 1883; United States District Court, 1897; United States Court of Appeals, Sixth Circuit, 1906. In partnership with his son, George A. Beis, under the firm name of Beis & Beis. Member of old Company B, 16th Regiment O. N. G., 1884-85. Member Elks, Erie County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Chairman Democratic County Central Committee since 1905. Democrat.

#### **FORDYCE BELFORD.**

Residence, 320 Rockingham Street; office, 1119 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Caldwell, Noble County, Ohio, April 25, 1868. Son of Irvin and Hannah (Caldwell) Belford. Married to Cecile Schneider, of Toledo, June 28, 1904. Primary education received in schools of Caldwell, Ohio; grad-



uate of Central High School, Toledo, 1887; entered University of Michigan Law School, 1889; graduated therefrom with LL. B. degree in 1891. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1891; United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, 1896. Engaged in the practice of law in Toledo since 1891; in partnership with Sigmond Sanger, under firm name of Belford & Sanger, 1897 to 1899. Member Toledo Commerce Club, University of Michigan Club, Exchange Club, Inverness Golf Club, Masonic Order, Ohio



State and Lucas County Bar Associations. Referee in bankruptcy with territory of Lucas, Erie, Seneca, Wood, Ottawa, Henry, Defiance, Fulton, Williams, Sandusky and Huron counties since 1898. Republican.

#### JOHN G BELKNAP.

Residence, 525 Bellevue Boulevard; office, Court House, Steubenville. Born in Sherrodsville, Ohio, August 3, 1883. Son of James L. and Elsie (Barrick) Belknap. Married October 4, 1911, to Bessie Pletcher, of Steubenville; one child, Elsie Louise. Attended public and high schools of Sherrodsville, Ohio; Scio College, 1902-3; Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, 1904 to 1908; received degrees of B. S. and LL. B. in 1908. Ad-



mitted to the bar of Ohio in June, 1908; United States District Court, southern district of Ohio, September 8, 1915. Member of the firm of Jones & Belknap from 1908 to 1914. Elected Judge Probate Court of Jefferson County, Ohio, in 1912; re-elected in 1916 and in 1920. Member Masonic Order, 32nd Degree; Knights Templar, Shrine, B. P. O. E., K. of P., I. O. O. F., Theta Nu Epsilon fraternity, Ohio State and Jefferson County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### AUGUSTUS W. BELL.

Residence, The Dakota Apartments, 2045 East 18th Street; office, 1030 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Keene Center, Essex County, New York, February 10, 1886. Son of Thurlow W. and Ida E. (Palmer) Bell. Received elementary education in district school, Keene Center, 1892-93; grammar grades in Elizabethtown, New York, 1893-96; fifth grade in Essex Junction;

high school, Essex Junction, Vermont, 1896-97; sixth grade Elizabethtown high school, 1897-98; seventh and eighth grades, Rockwell School, Cleveland, 1898-1900; East High School, Cleveland, 1900-04;



graduate of Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, with A. B. degree, 1908; and from Law Department of same institution with LL. B. degree, 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 21, 1911; to the United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, December 16, 1918. In 1912 commenced the law practice in Cleveland, associated with the firm of Blue & Pfeiffer, continuing until December, 1918, when he became associated with B. D. Nicola, and so continued until August, 1919, when he became associated with Ralph Blue and S. S. Ford in the general practice of law. Served with 2nd Infantry Company Officers' Training Camp, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, from August to November, 1917. Member Phi Beta Kappa fraternity, the Euclid Avenue Baptist Church, City Club, Cleveland Bar Association; charter member John Hay Club. Republican.

#### CHARLES HENRY BELL, JR.

Residence, 10304 Wilbur Avenue; office, 804-05 Union Commerce National Bank Building, Cleveland. Born in Ringgold, Georgia, November 24, 1890. Son of Charles H., Sr., and Effie (Clark) Bell. Married to Grace Cope, of Cleveland, Ohio, January 24, 1920. Attended Marshallville public school, Marshallville, Georgia; Boys' High School and Southern Business University, Atlanta, Georgia; received degree of LL. B. from Mercer University, Macon, Georgia. Admitted to the bar of Georgia, June, 1915; Ohio,

June, 1918. At present engaged in the individual law practice in Cleveland. Served with machine gun company, 331st Infantry,

Board, 1917-18; 32nd degree Mason and Shriner; member Jefferson County Bar Association. Chairman Jefferson County



Ordnance Department, during the World War. Member American Legion, Army and Navy Union.

#### HAROLD KELLY BELL.

Residence, 2440 Overlook Road; office, 1408 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Lima, April 4, 1895. Son of F. M. Bell. Graduate of Lima High School, 1912; Adelbert College, with A. B. degree, 1916; attended Thomas Backus Law School of Western Reserve University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 2, 1919; associated with White, Johnson, Cannon & Spieth; 1st Lieutenant M. G. Company, 87th Infantry, 19th Division, during the war. Member Delta Tau Delta; Phi Delta Phi; City Club; Cleveland Bar Association. Democrat.

#### HARRY A. BELL.

Residence, 421 Lawson Avenue; office, 509 National Exchange Bank, Steubenville, Ohio. Born in Wayne Township, Jefferson County, Ohio, September 19, 1871. Son of Robert and Sarah J. (Moore) Bell. Married to Myrtle E. Piersol in Flushing, Ohio, December 27, 1905; one son, Robert Piersol. Attended Hopedale, Ohio, Normal College, 1890-92; Law Department of Ohio State University, 1896-98. Admitted to the bar of Ohio March 11, 1898; United States District Court, southern district of Ohio, September 8, 1915; United States Supreme Court, January 9, 1918. Engaged in the law practice in Steubenville, Ohio, since August 1, 1909. Member Jefferson County Legal Advisory



Democratic Executive Committee, 1901-02; member State Democratic Central Committee, 1902-04; Deputy State Oil Inspector, 1906-08; Probate Judge Jefferson County, Ohio, 1912-15. Democrat.

#### ALFRED ABRAHAM BENESCH.

Residence, 1333 East Boulevard; office, 912 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, March 7, 1879. Son of Isidore J. and Bertha (Federman) Benesch. Married to Helen Newman, November 29, 1906. Educated in Cleveland Public Schools; graduate Harvard College in 1900, with A. B. degree. Harvard Law School, 1903, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to Ohio Bar, December, 1903. Member of the firm of Herrick, Hopkins, Stockwell & Benesch. Member City Club, Phi Beta Kappa Society. Director and Treasurer of Cleveland Jewish Orphan Asylum; Treasurer, John Marshall Law School; Director, Hebrew Relief Association. Member City Council at Large, 1912-1913; Director of Public Safety, 1914-1915. Democrat.

#### CHAS. C. BENNER.

Residence, 60 Mayfield Avenue; office, 829-32 Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born in Manchester, Summit County, Ohio, March 27, 1870. Son of Simon and Caroline (Slaybough) Benner. Married to Gertrude F. Foster, of Akron, Ohio, September 29, 1897. Educated in grammar and high schools of Norton and Copley, Ohio;

read law in office of Baird & Norris. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 5, 1893; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the individual law practice in Akron until April, 1919, when he became a member of the firm of Benner, Harter & Walker, now member of the firm of Benner, Harter, Walker & Watters. Director National City Bank and Akron Morris Plan Bank; president The Allenbaugh Insurance Agency; treasurer The Eastland Company. Captain Company B, 8th Regiment Ohio National Guard from 1893 to 1897. Member The Portage Country Club, The Fairlawn Heights Golf Club, Adoniram Lodge 517, F. & A. M.; Washington Chapter R. A. M.; Akron Commandery No. 25, K. T.;



Lake Erie Consistory; Akron Lodge Elks, 363; Knights of Pythias, Akron Lodge 603; Summit County and American Bar Associations. Police Prosecutor city of Akron, 1897-1901; Safety Director, 1907-11; Civil Service Commissioner, 1911-14; Judge Common Pleas Court, August 1, 1917, to January 1, 1919, by appointment of Governor Cox. Democrat.

#### **HARRY O. BENTLY.**

Residence, 1305 Lakewood Avenue; office, Holland Building, Lima. Born in Allen County, Ohio, April 14, 1873. Son of W. S. and Mary J. (Anderson) Bently. Married April 3, 1901, to Blanche M. Neff, of Lima; two children, Jane and Mary Esther. Attended public and high schools of Bluffton; received A. B. degree from Ohio Northern University in 1893, and LL. B. degree, from Law Department

of same institution in 1896. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1896; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. For 2 years member of the firm of Hamilton &



Bently; since 1902 member of the firm of Wheeler & Bently. City Solicitor of Lima from 1901 to 1905. Four-minute-man and member of Red Cross of Lima during the World War. In charge of speakers' bureau on all War Loan drives. Secretary and director The Gramm-Bernstein Motor Truck Co., director The Solomon Mortgage Loan Co., The Bluffton Telephone Co., The Lima Sheet Metal Products Co. Member K. of P., B. P. O. E., Rotary Club, Lima Club, Shawnee Country Club, Lima; board of trustees, Chamber of Commerce; Columbus Athletic Club, Ohio Society of New York, American, Ohio State and Allen County Bar Associations, Market Street Presbyterian Church. Republican.

#### **JOSEPH M. BERNE.**

Residence, 2436 Overlook Road; office, Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June 5, 1887. Son of Marx and Hannah (Ettinger) Berne. Married to Louise Schwartz, of Cleveland, January 14, 1913. Attended Brownell School, Cleveland, 1893-1901; graduate of Central High School, 1905; attended University of Michigan Law School, 1905-06; graduate of Western Reserve University Law School with LL. B. degree, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio

1908; later to the United States District Court. Member of the law firm of Ulmer & Berne since 1908. Member City Club,



Chamber of Commerce, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations.

#### MAURICE BERNON.

Residence, 1442 East 105th Street; office, New Court House, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, August 24, 1885. Son of



David J. and Augusta (Jacobs) Bernon. Married to Minnie M. Reiss, of Cleveland, December 25, 1912. Attended Brownell

School of Cleveland until 1899; graduate of Central High School, 1903; received degree of LL.B. from Western Reserve University Law School, 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1906; United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, 1918. Member City Club, Knights of Pythias, B. P. O. E.; Cleveland, Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Member City Council, Cleveland, 1908-09; assistant city solicitor, 1910-11; member Ohio Senate, 1913-14; appointed Judge of Municipal Court December, 1914; served until January, 1916, at which date he was elected to same office, which he filled to February, 1917, when he resigned; assistant attorney general and special counsel to Attorney General of Ohio, 1917-18; appointed Judge of Common Pleas Court April, 3, 1920. Member Cuyahoga County Democratic Executive Committee from 1912 to date; Democratic State Central Committee, 1918-20. Democrat.

#### JOSEPH M. BERNSTEIN.

Residence, 10128 South Boulevard; office, 422 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Bay City, Michigan, August 18, 1892. Son of Louis M. and Flora (Kekst) Bernstein. Attended the public and high schools of Cleveland; graduate of Law Department,



Baldwin-Wallace University in 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio July, 1915; to the United States District Court, 1916. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland. During the World War member Legal Advisory Board No. 9; secretary Liberty Loan campaign, Ward 12, District 9. Member Knights of Pythias; Cleveland Independent Aid Society; Knights of Joseph. Republican.

**LARRY BEVAN.**

Residence, Toledo; office, 823 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born in Caldwell, Ohio, December 13, 1884. Son of Miles P. and Maria (Smith) Bevan. Graduate of Caldwell High School; attended Marietta College two years; Maryville College one year; graduate of Ohio Northern University Law School with degree of LL. B. in 1917. Admitted to the Bar of Ohio, 1917; United States District Court, 1919; and admitted to the bar of West Virginia. Practiced law in Toledo, Ohio, associated with the firm of Doyle & Lewis; later with Ritter & Gardner; United States Attorney at Toledo from December 13, 1919, to November 15, 1920, when he re-



signed. Member Delta Upsilon (college fraternity), and Delta Theta Phi; Lucas County Bar Association; Lawyers' Club of Toledo. Progressive.

**PAUL JARED BICKEL.**

Residence, 1623 Eddington Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Sinking Spring, Pennsylvania, April 1, 1886. Son of Amandon L. and Ella (Matz) Bickel. Married to Ruth Minard Titus, of St. Thomas, Ontario, July 29, 1916. Graduate of Wernersville, Pennsylvania, high school, 1902; Reading Academy, 1903; Franklin & Marshall College, Lancaster, Pennsylvania, with degree of A. B., 1907; Columbia University, New York, with LL. B. degree, 1912. Taught mathematics in preparatory schools, 1907-1909. Admitted to the bar of New York, 1912; bar of Ohio, 1914. Practiced law in New York City, 1912-1914; moved to Cleveland in 1914. Since March, 1917, as-

sociated with law firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey. Member Cleveland Athletic and Cleveland City Clubs; Heights Lodge, F. &



A. M.; American, Ohio and Cleveland Bar Associations; Alpha Sigma Phi fraternity. Independent politically.

**JAMES CARL BIGGER.**

Residence, Steubenville, Ohio; office, 506-7 National Exchange Bank Building, Steubenville. Born in Frankfort Springs, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, May 23, 1863. Son of Thomas and Mary T. (Nicholson) Big-

ger. Attended the country schools and Frankfort Academy at Beaver County, Pennsylvania; Curry University, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Read law in office of John M. Cook, of Steubenville. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 3, 1892. Associated with John M. Cook until 1900. In the general practice alone until 1920, when he formed partnership with John D. Gardner, under the firm name of Gardner & Biggs. City Solicitor of Jefferson County, Ohio, from 1889 to 1903. Member Masonic Order, Jefferson County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **CHARLES L. BIGGS.**

Residence, 2804 East Overlook Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 902 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in West Newton, Pennsylvania, August 16, 1870. Son of Andrew W. and Mary F. (Gressley) Biggs. Married to May Blanche Fletcher, May 9, 1899. Graduate of Kansas High School; attended Normal College in Fort Scott, Kansas; Cleveland Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1908; United States District Court, 1908. Member of the firm of Biggs & Starger, 1908-1910; Bentley, McCrystal, Biggs & Starger, 1910-1913; Bentley & Biggs since 1914. Member Cleveland, Ohio State and American Bar Associations; Masonic Order; K. of P. Republican.

#### **NATHAN BAYLESS BILLINGSLEY.**

Residence, and office, Lisbon, Ohio. Born in Middleton Township, Columbiana County, Ohio, October 9, 1850. Son of John W. and Lydia (Bayless) Billingsley. Married



in Lisbon, Ohio, May 18, 1876 to Mary Wallace. Three children, Loraine and Robert

Wallace (deceased), Horace McCook (lawyer in New York City). Early education in Middleton Township schools; attended Lisbon High School; Mount Union College, Alliance, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio September 24, 1873; United States Supreme Court, 1876; United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, and United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 1895. Member of the firm of Wallace & Billingsley, June 1, 1874, to 1885; Wallace, Billingsley & Taylor, November, 1885, to 1892; Billingsley & Taylor, 1892-93; Billingsley, Taylor & Clark, 1893-1903; Billingsley, Clark & DeFord, 1903-07; Billingsley, Clark & Moore, 1907-12; Billingsley, Moore & Van Fossen, 1912-19; Billingsley & Moore since 1919. District solicitor Pennsylvania Co., 1887-89; local counsel Erie Railroad since 1882; general counsel Pittsburgh, Lisbon & Western Railroad since 1884; general counsel Steubenville, East Liverpool & Beaver Valley Traction Company. Member Lisbon Board of Education; president Lepper Library Association, Lisbon, since 1897; member Duquesne Club, Pittsburgh, since 1889; member Masonic Order, K. T., Shrine; Ohio State and American Bar Associations; president Columbiana County Bar Association. Presidential elector, 1880; served as Judge Court of Common Pleas, 1893-95.

#### **GEORGE H. BILLMAN.**



Residence, 2043 East 83rd Street; office, 929-33 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio, March 21, 1864. Son of Alexander and Eliza (Hartman) Billman. Married to Anita Boyce, of Jalapa, Mexico, February 1, 1910; one daughter. Educated in the grammar



and high schools of Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio; received degree of A. B. from University of Wooster; graduate of University of Michigan Law School, 1890. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1891; United States District Court, 1895. Engaged in the general law practice for twenty-seven years. A member of the law firm of Billman & Billman, Cleveland, Ohio. During the World War member Legal Advisory Board. Member City Club, University Club, Masonic Club, Masonic Bodies, 32nd degree; Men's Club Calvary Presbyterian Church; Beta Theta Pi fraternity. President Cleveland City Council two terms, from 1895 to 1901. Republican.

#### **OBED C. BILLMAN.**

Residence, 472 East 125th Street; office, 306 Scofield Building, Cleveland. Born in Wayne County, Ohio, April 20, 1875. Son of Joseph and Mary (Feightner) Billman. Married to Jeanette Mehl, of Cleveland, Ohio, December 26, 1905. Attended Smithville Academy, Smithville, Ohio; Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio; Heidelberg University, Tiffin, Ohio. Read law with



Vacum & Taggart, of Wooster, Ohio, three years; post-graduate of Patent Law in Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.; received degree of M. P. L. therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio October 14, 1899; United States District Court, 1907; United States Supreme Court, 1914. Engaged in the practice of patent law exclusively. Counsel for Roderick Lean Mfg. Co., The Ohio Cultivator Co., The Southern Textile Machinery Co., The Lack Mfg. Co. Contributor to "The Green Bag," "The Compulsory Working of Patents." Member Masonic Order, Republican.

#### **ROBERT FRY BINGHAM.**

Residence, 2320 Murray Hill Road, S. E.; office, 1239 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Sidney, Ohio, July 3, 1891. Son of Evan W. and Lizzie A. (Fry) Bingham. Married to Edna May Koppenhafer, of Cleveland, July 3, 1917. Attended the grammar schools of Sidney, Ohio; graduate of Sidney High School, 1909; graduate of Miami University with A. B. degree (Cum



Laude), 1913; Western Reserve University Law School with LL. B. degree, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915; to the United States District Court for the northern district of Ohio, eastern division, July, 1916; to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit, March 8, 1919. Associated with the law firm of Thompson, Hine & Flory, Cleveland. Member Cleveland Bar Association; council of Sociology, Hermit Club, City Club, Civic League, Masonic Lodge, Y. M. C. A., Delta Kappa Epsilon, Phi Delta Phi and Order of Coif fraternities. Republican.

#### **EDWARD A. BINYON.**

Office, Citizens Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, June 13, 1876. Son of Charles Edward and Mary Elizabeth (Thompson) Binyon. Married to Jennie Johnson. Educated in the public and high schools of Cleveland; graduate of Collegiate Institute of Bellville, Ontario, 1894; studied law in the office of Senator Burton. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1903; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the general law practice. Served in Spanish-American War with Troop A, First Ohio Cavalry. Member Cleveland, Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Masonic Order, Republican.

**LOUIS K. BIRINYI.**

Residence, 2815 East 116th Street; office, 7-8 Woodland Bank Building, Buckeye Road and East 89th Street, Cleveland. Born at Damak, County of Borsod, Hungary, April 19, 1886. Son of Joseph and Zsuzsanna (Sandor) Birinyi. Married to Anna Lemak, at Cleveland, Ohio, February 24, 1917. Two



children, Louis K. and Anna L. Educated at the village school (parochial-Reformed) at Damak, Hungary, for six years, same being only educational facilities at that time, graduating therefrom at the age of twelve. Came to America when sixteen years of age, locating in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he worked for three years in the Jones & Laughlin steel mills. Attended Crescent Academy, at Crescent, North Carolina; graduate of Franklin & Marshall Academy, at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, in June, 1913. Graduate of Western Reserve Law School in June, 1916, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to Ohio bar July 1, 1916; two years later to the United States District and Circuit Courts. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Other interests are the Americanization of the foreigners, especially the Hungarians, he having sent a number of Hungarian boys and girls to Dubuque College and Seminary. Editor of the Cleveland Hirlap (a Hungarian paper devoted to the principle of Americanization). Member of a Legal Advisory Board in Cleveland during the war. Member W. O. W., candidate for city councilman from the 16th ward on the Democratic ticket, 1917. Democrat.

**ALVORD LAWRENCE BISHOP.**

Residence, Stop 12, Mayfield Road; office, 610 National City Bank Building, Cleveland. Born in Clintonville, Wis., January 3, 1876. Son of Hon. Charles A. Bishop, late chief justice Supreme Court of Iowa. Married to Nelle C. Smith, December 12, 1902. Attended public schools of Des Moines, Iowa; Drake University in Des Moines; Baldwin University; Cleveland Law School, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1914. In partnership with Edgar Bell under the firm name of Bell & Bishop, 1915-16; with F. J. Ross under the firm name of Ross & Bishop, 1917, since which date he has been in the individual practice, specializing in Railroad traffic law and transportation matters. Author "Bishop's Interstate Commerce Commission Citations." Served with Signal Corps in Spanish-American War, 1898-99;



First Lieutenant Fifth Regt. O. N. G., 1915-1917 in the late war. Member, Pioneer Lodge No. 22 F. & A. M. of Des Moines, Iowa; Windemere Chapter R. A. M.; Couer de Leon Commandery K. T. Councilman of East Cleveland four years; solicitor of villages of Lyndhurst and Mayfield; member Cuyahoga county Central Committee; member, Chamber of Commerce, City Club, Exchange Club. Republican.

**CLARENCE R. BISSELL.**

Residence, 1738 Northfield Avenue, East Cleveland; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Aurora, Ohio, August 10, 1873. Son of Calvin and Sarah (Oviatt) Bissell. Married to Alice Seymour, 1900. Attended Aurora, Ohio. Public and High Schools; graduate Hiram College with Ph. B. degree, 1894;



attended Western Reserve Law School, 1896-1898. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1897; United States District Court, 1898. Member of the firm of Scott, Bissell & Waterworth. Member City Club.

#### **WILBERT J. BISSMAN.**

Residence and office, Mansfield. Born in Mansfield, January 12, 1880. Son of Jacob and Elizabeth (Achenbach) Bissman. Married December 7, 1916, to Lois King. Attended the Public and High Schools of Mansfield. Studied law in the office of Sam Marriott, Mansfield. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904; later to United States District Court. Judge Probate and Juvenile Courts of Richland County since February 9, 1917. Member Masonic Order, I. O. O. F., K. of P., K. O. T. M., M. W. A., Richland County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **HOMER E. BLACK.**

Residence, 317 19th Street; office, George D. Harter Bank Building, Canton. Born in Bolivar, Ohio, March 18, 1883. Son of William R. and Adeline (Kline) Black. Married January 27, 1909, to Nellie M. Tomer. Attended public and high schools at Bolivar. Studied law in offices of Welty & Albaugh of Canton. Admitted to the bar



of Ohio, December, 1907. Associated with the law firm of Welty & Albaugh of Canton, 1908-11; since 1911 associated with Clarence G. Herbruck, under the name of Herbruck & Black. Member Masonic Order; 32nd degree, Grotto; Stark County Bar Association, Canton Club, Lakeside Country Club, Brookside Country Club, McKinley Club. President Stark County Law Library Association. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM FRANKLIN BLACK.**

Office, Main Street, Mansfield. Born in Mansfield, February 5, 1891. Son of T. F. and Margaret (Shaffer) Black. Married to Althea Smith, 1916; one son, William F., Jr. Attended public and High School, Mansfield; graduate University of Michigan, with A. B. degree, 1913, and LL. B. and J. D. degrees, from Law Department, 1915. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio, 1915; United States District Court, 1916. Member of the firm of Mansfield & Black. Member B. P. O. E.; Masonic Order; K. T.; Chamber of Commerce; Treasurer Richland County Bar Association, Chairman Richland County Dry Federation, 1918-19. Democrat.

#### **HENRY WICKHAM BLACHLY.**

Residence and office, Van Wert. Born in Richland County, Ohio, November 24, 1858. Son of Henry W. and Caroline A. (Cracraft) Blachly. Married to Harriett Satzgaver, December 15, 1886. Two children: Hazel M., wife of Everett Jones, and Kathleen. Early education received in Country Schools and High School, Van Wert; graduate Valparaiso Indiana University, with degree of B. S. in 1879. Studied law in office of A. L. Sweet, Van Wert. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1886; later to the United States District Court. Member of the firm of Sweet & Blachly, 1886 to 1893; Blachly & Dailey, 1893-95; Blachly & Matthias, 1899-1905; Blachly, Priddy & Kerns, 1905-1906; Blachly & Kerns, 1906 to January 1, 1917. Member Masonic Bodies; Knights Templar; B. P. O. E.; Van Wert County Bar Association. Member Ohio Canal Commission from April, 1900 to April, 1906; Judge Common Pleas Court of Van Wert County since 1917. Republican.

#### **HOWARD BLACKETT.**

Residence, 2621 East 130th Street; office, 506 Sweetland Building, Cleveland. Born in Macomb County, Michigan, October 22, 1885. Son of Alfred T. and Madeline (George) Blackett. Married to Margaret E. Nally, of Cleveland, November 28, 1908; three children, Howard William, Kenneth E. and Patricia Marie. Attended the public schools of Roseville, Macomb County, Michigan; high school of Cambridge, Mass.; Spencerian Commercial College, Cleveland; received LL. B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1913; to the United States District Court, November, 1916. Associated with the law firm of Bartholomew, Leeper & McGill, of Cleveland, three and one-half years; since that time member of the firm of Blackett & Brophy. During the World War member Legal Advisory Board, ward 18; also instructor in Y. M. C. A. classes in seamanship, signaling, military naval discipline and customs. Attended second Officers' Training Camp, Fort Benjamin Har-

rison, Indiana. Member Britannic Lodge, Sons of St. George; Spanish American War Veterans; Army & Navy Union; commander Naval Division of Ohio Naval and Marine



ton, Ohio, October 13, 1875. Son of John F. and Elizabeth O. (Meyer) Blake. Married to Maxima Wilkin in Cleveland, Ohio, June, 1915; two children, Joseph Meyer and Robert Wilkin. Graduate of Canton High School, 1894; Ohio State University Law School, Columbus, Ohio, 1897. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1897. Engaged in the practice of law from date of admission to the present time in Canton. Member Stark County Bar Association.

### JOHN T. BLAKE.

Residence, 223 Cleveland Avenue, S. W.; office, 24 Schaefer Block, Canton. Born in Canton, Ohio, July 7, 1877. Son of John F. and Elizabeth O. (Meyer) Blake. Married to Miss Jones, January, 1914. Attended public and high schools, Canton; Engineers' Course at Ohio State University, 1896-97; Law Course at same university in 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1901. Engaged in the general practice of law alone in Canton. City Solicitor of Canton, 1908-13. Member Stark County Bar Association. Democrat.

### ELBERT F. BLAKELY.



Cadets; commissioned Ensign in United States Naval Reserve for a period of four years from October, 1918, to October, 1922. Member Cleveland Bar Association.

### JOSEPH M. BLAKE.



Residence, Painesville, Ohio; office, National Bank Building, Painesville. Born in Madison, Ohio, October 29, 1875. Son of Harlow W. and Alta (Follett) Blakely. Married to Jessie M. Quirk, of Madison, Ohio, December 20, 1899; three children: Margaret C., Thomas H., and Elbert Q. Educated in public schools of Ohio; LL. B. University of Michigan, 1896. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio, 1896. Engaged in the practice of law. Member of the firm of Alvord & Blakely, Painesville. In the Spanish-American War, Corporal

Residence, 211 12th Street, N. W.; office, 306 Schaefer Block, Canton. Born in Can-

Company M., 5th Ohio Volunteer Infantry; Captain Company M., Fifth Regiment, O. N. G., 1900-02. American Protective League Chief for Lake County during World War. Member I. O. O. F., K. O. T. M., S. of V., U. S. W. V., Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Prosecuting Attorney, Lake County, 1904 to 1911. Republican.

#### EDWIN J. BLANDIN.

Residence, Laurel and Parkland Drive, Cleveland Heights; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Hornby township, Steuben county, New York, July 13, 1843. Son of John and Parthenia (Fisher) Blandin. Married in 1868 to Martha D. Van Ness. Educated in the common schools of Wisconsin; Hillsdale College, Mich., one term; Commercial College, Cleveland, 1866; studied law privately. Admitted to the bar of Ohio 1870; later to the U. S. courts. Member of the firm of Groot & Blandin for three years; later in partnership with E. K. Wilcox for one year; with Alfred E. Buell, 1886-90. Member of the firm of Blandin & Rice for many years. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Cuyahoga County for two years under Prosecuting Attorney John C. Hutchins; Judge Common Pleas court, 1883-85. Democrat.

#### EARL D. BLOOM.

Residence and office, Bowling Green. Born in Wood County, Ohio, May 29, 1871. Son of James L. and Lydia A. (Ackerman) Bloom. Married to Eleanor G. Lathrop, July 24, 1895; one child, Alice G. Attended the public schools of Wood County; Ohio Northern University, 1889 to 1895; received LL. B. degree from that institution, 1895. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1895; later United States District Court. Practiced law in Bloomdale until 1905 when he moved to Bowling Green, where he continues to date. Member Board of Health of Bowling Green. During the World War Director Red Cross, Wood County. Lieutenant Governor, 1917-19. Member F. & A. M., R. A. M., Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd degree, I. O. O. F., B. P. O. E., Wood County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### JULIUS BLOOMBERG.

Residence, 1606 East 105th Street; office, 336-8 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Candan, Russia, April 12, 1886. Son of Zemach and Anna (Wolson) Bloomberg. Married to Virginia F. Hyman, of Cleveland, June 23, 1913. Attended the primary schools in Malden, Massachusetts; graduate of West High School, Cleveland, 1902; of Adelbert College with A. B. degree, 1906; and Western Reserve University Law School with LL. B. degree, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1908; later to the United

States District Court. Engaged in the law practice in partnership with Eugene E.



Wolf, under the firm name of Bloomberg & Wolf. Member Cleveland Bar Association.

#### RALPH BLUE.

Office, 1003 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Lancaster, Ohio, December 29, 1881. Son of George W. and Emma (Reber) Blue. Married to Angie De Rico, November 19, 1912. Two children: Robert and Jane. Graduate of Northern Ohio University with B. S. degree, 1903; M. S. and LL. B. degrees, 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904; United States District Court, 1915. Member Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations. Republican.

#### RAYMOND F. BODY.

Residence, 201 Watson Street; office (The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.) 513 Ohio Building, Akron. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 15, 1891. Son of Frank F. and Mary E. (Reilly) Body. Married to Marie B. Liechti, of East Cleveland, in Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, May 3, 1918; one daughter, Mary Ellen. Attended public schools Cleveland, 1896-1904; St. Ignatius College, Cleveland, 1904-11; received A. B. degree therefrom; St. Louis University, St. Louis, Missouri, 1911-12; Georgetown University, Washington, D. C., 1912-15; received LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio July 1, 1915. Engaged in the individual law practice in Cleveland from July, 1915, to April, 1917; moved to Akron, where he was lecturer on law and public speaking; from March, 1919, to date affiliated with The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. in Akron, as

legal adviser. Also since September, 1920, in private practice as a member of the firm of Crawford & Body. Enlisted for service in the United States Army December 3, 1917; served as private and corporal in Company C, 323rd Machine Gun Battalion, 83rd Division, Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, until May 30, 1918; sailed for England with



same company, June, 1918; arrived in France July, 1918; sergeant in France until January, 1919, when he sailed for New York; discharged in Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, February 15, 1919. Member Akron Council Knights of Columbus, Post Commander Akron Post, The American Legion; Akron Chamber of Commerce, Summit County Bar Association.

#### **NOLAN BOGGS.**

Residence, 427 Euclid Avenue; office, 928 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born, July 4, 1888, in Elmore, Ohio. Son of Milton and Mary (King) Boggs. Married to Sarah L. McPhie, June 26, 1912. Two children: Howard W. and Ralph Stuart. Graduate of Elmore High School; Tri-State Business College, Toledo; Toledo University in 1909 with degree of LL. B. Attended University of Michigan, 1909-10. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1910; United States District Court, 1912; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 1919. Member of the firm of Boggs & D'Alton since 1911, 1st Assistant Prosecuting Attorney, Lucas County, 1915 to 1920, when he resigned. Author of "Manual of Ohio and Federal Criminal Procedure." Member of Masonic Order, Toledo Commerce Club, Lawyers Club, Lucas County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **S. E. BOIM.**

Residence, 2320 East 100th Street; office, 227 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 12, 1871. Son of Meyer and Ida (Dachawitschny) Boim. Married to Esther Neugroschl, of Cleveland, August 4, 1917. Attended public schools of Cleveland, graduating from Central High School, 1911; attended University of Michigan during the summer terms of 1911-12-13; received LL. B. degree from Ohio State University Law School, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 17, 1917. Associated in the practice of law with David Klein.

#### **FRANK E. BOLDIZAR, JR.**

Residence, 2851 Coventry Road, Shaker Heights; office, Prosecuting Attorney's Office, Cleveland. Born in Darien, Connecticut, December 28, 1895. Son of Frank and Anna (Oros) Boldizar. Attended Lincoln Grade School, Cleveland; and Central High School; received degree of LL. B. from Baldwin-Wallace Law School, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 30, 1917;



later to the United States District Court. Associated with the firm of Strong, Desberg, Bernstein & Mooney, Cleveland, from June 30, 1917, to March 1, 1920; Mooney, McCornack & Roth, from March, 1920 to January, 1921; since which time is Assistant Prosecuting Attorney, Cuyahoga County. Member City Club, Shaker Heights Country Club, Loyal Order of Moose, Cleveland Bar Association.

#### **THOMAS B. BOLTON.**

Residence, 1246 Edwards Street, Lakewood; office, 1518 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born

at Shelby, Ohio, January 9, 1880. Son of John and Josephine (Mitchell) Bolton. Married to Nellie Brook, June 30, 1908. Educated Ohio State University and Western Reserve University. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and United States District Court, June, 1904. Member of the firm of Maurer, Bolton, Wilson & McGiffin. Member Ohio Naval Militia for eighteen years; Commander of United States Ship Dorothea four years; served in Navy two years and four months during war as navigator of United States Ship Indiana and Executive of United States Ship Hancock; Lieutenant Commander of United States Naval Reserve Force. Member of City Club; Masonic Order; K. of P.; Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### **JOSHUA C. BOONE.**

Residence, 391 McKinley Avenue; office, 12 Broadway, Salem, Ohio. Born in Salem, Ohio, April 22, 1856. Son of Joshua J. and Leah (Heaton) Boone. Married June 28, 1881, to Kate Thomas, of Salem; three children, one living, G. Thomas. Attended public and high schools of Salem; read law in office of J. A. Ambler & Son, of Salem; at-



tended Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1878; later to United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, and United States Court of Appeals. Engaged in the general practice alone from 1878 until elected Judge Probate Court of Columbiana County in 1897; in that office until 1903; practiced alone from 1903 to 1909, when he became a member of the firm of Boone & Campbell. Vice president and director, Citizens Savings Bank & Trust Co. of Salem; vice president Salem City Hospital, vice president

Carnegie Library. Member I. O. O. F., Ohio State and Columbiana County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **GEORGE WALTER BOOTH.**

Residence, 101 Kenilworth Drive; office, 608-09 People's Savings & Trust Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, May 15, 1885. Son of Frank H. and Lillian (Bert) Booth. Married to Ruth L. Fouser, of Akron, Ohio, January 1, 1920. Educated in the public



and high schools of Akron; attended Buchtel Academy one year; Buchtel College two years; graduate of Western Reserve University Law School, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 23, 1909. Engaged in law practice in Akron since admission. During the late war engaged in civilian activities as volunteer assistant to draft board; also Red Cross and War Chest solicitor. Member Zeta Alpha Epsilon and Theta Lambda Phi fraternities; City Club and University Club, Akron; Elks Lodge, Summit County, Ohio State and American Bar Associations.

#### **ERNEST M. BOTKIN.**

Office, 41 Metropolitan Building, Lima. Born in St. Mary's Township Ohio, October 20, 1888. Son of George and Mary (Lutterbein) Botkin. Married to Thelma Dunham, October 10, 1917. Educated in country schools; graduate of high school, New Bremen, Ohio, 1909; University of Michigan with LL. B. degree, 1913. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio, 1913; to the United States District Court, 1915. Member L. O. O. M., B. P. O. E., Y. M. C. A., Grace M. E. Church, Chamber of Commerce, Ohio State Bar Asso-



ciation. President Allen County Bar Association, 1921. Judge of Criminal Court, Lima, Ohio, from 1918 to 1920. Justice of the Peace, Ottawa Township. Democrat.

**RAYMOND J. BOUR, JR.**

Residence, 307 Twelfth street, N. E.; office, Schaefer Block, Canton. Born in Canton, Ohio, November 27, 1890. Son of Ray J. and Carrie (Pearce) Bour. Graduate of Canton High School, June 1908; Georgetown University Law School, Washington, D. C., with LL.B. degree June 16, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1914; District of Columbia, January 30, 1915; Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, February 1, 1915; U. S. District Court, December, 1918. Associated with Crammond Kennedy, Washington, D. C., 1912-17; Lynch, Day, Fimple & Lynch, Canton, 1918 to date. Associate local counsel for United States of Brazil at Washington D. C., 1912-17; Associate counsel for German Embassy, Washington, 1914. Member the McKinley Club, Canton. Member Canton Club; Lakeside Country Club, Canton; Georgetown Alumni Association, Washington, D. C. Republican.

**DAVID P. BOWDEN.**

Residence, 1273 Virginia Avenue, Lakewood; office, 850 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 29, 1883. Son of Harvey R. and Alice C. (Johnson) Bowden. Married to Viola E.



Boothman, August 9, 1906. Attended the common schools of Alliance and Canton, Ohio, and Central High School, Canton; West High and Lincoln High Schools,

Cleveland; entered Ohio Wesleyan University, 1903; received LL. B. degree from Baldwin University Law Department, 1906; studied medicine in Ohio Wesleyan and Western Reserve Universities from 1908 to 1912; received M. D. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December 21, 1906, to the United States District Court December 31, 1908. Member of the firm of Englander & Bowden, of Cleveland. Practice devoted largely to Medico-Legal, Insurance and Probate Law. Member Medical Reserve Corps., Masonic Order, Cleveland Yacht Club.

**JAMES A. BOWMAN.**

Residence, 1415 Logan Avenue N. W.; office, 104 Market Street, Canton. Born in East Sparta, Ohio, April 21, 1867. Son of Jacob and Nancy (Evans) Bowman. Married to Flora E. Brothers, September 22, 1897; two children: Doris and Dorothy. Educated in rural schools; attended Normal School, East Sparta, Ohio; Ohio Northern University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1894. Engaged in the practice of law in Canton. Member Masonic Order, Masonic Club, Knights of Pythias, Sons of Veterans, First Presbyterian Church, Stark County Bar Association. Justice of the Peace of Canton, three terms. Judge Criminal Court of Canton. Republican.

**S. W. BOWMAN.**

Residence and office, Bowling Green, Ohio. Born in Leipsic, Ohio, February 20,



1876. Son of John C. and Elizabeth (Wolfe) Bowman. Married December 25, 1898, to Blanche Wood, of Weston, Ohio. Three children, Kiel B., Mildred and John. At-

tended the public schools of Milton Center, Ohio; Tri State Normal College, Indiana; Ohio State University Law Department. Studied law in office with Judge Elmer G. McClelland, of Bowling Green. Admitted to the bar of Ohio July, 1909; later to United States District Court. In 1910 formed partnership with Judge Elmer G. McClelland under the firm name of McClelland & Bowman, which continued until January 1, 1915, since which date has continued in the practice alone. Taught in the schools of Wood County from 1893 to 1901. Superintendent of schools at Milton Center and Haskins for several years. County Recorder of Wood County from 1901 to 1907. Mayor of Bowling Green, 1914 to 1918. Member Board of Education of Bowling Green for six years. Chairman Wood County Republican Central Committee for a number of years. Director Wood County Savings Bank of Bowling Green, and Farmer Savings Bank of Haskins. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., I. O. O. F., K. of P., American, Ohio State and Wood County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **JAMES HARRINGTON BOYD.**

Residence, 2121 Glenwood Avenue; office, 1518 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Coshocton County, Ohio, December 7, 1862. Son of James and Mary (Ross) Boyd. Married March 25, 1896, to Susan Adams; three children: James Harrington, Jr., Helen H., and Mary A. Attended country school in Keene Township; Coshocton High School; Wooster University; Princeton University; University of Goettingen, at Hanover, Germany. Professor of Mathematics at Macatester College, 1887 to 1890; University of Chicago from 1893 to 1902. Attended Harvard Law School, 1902 to 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1904; United States District Court, 1905. Engaged in the practice of law in Toledo continuously to the present time. Chairman of The Employers' Liability Commission of Ohio, appointed by Governor Judson Harmon. Member Toledo Commerce Club. Democrat.

#### **WILLIAM HOWARD BOYD.**

Residence, 1525 East 107th Street; office, 900 Marshall Building, Cleveland. Born in Londonderry, Guernsey County, Ohio, August 11, 1864. Son of George W. and Mary A. (Campbell) Boyd. Attended the public schools of Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1887. Engaged in the individual law practice until 1908; later member of the following firms: Westenhaver, Boyd, Rudolph & Brooks, 1913; Westenhaver, Boyd & Brooks, 1913-1917; Boyd & Brooks, March 15, 1917, to October, 1917; since which time member of the firm of Boyd, Cannon, Brooks & Wickham. Republican nominee for Mayor of Cleveland against the

late Tom L. Johnson, in the 1905 campaign; engaged with Mr. Johnson in the historical "Johnson-Boyd Debates;" the last four of the series were held in Central Armory, Cleveland. Member Cleveland, Ohio State and American Bar Associations; East End



Chamber of Commerce, Masonic Order, K. of P., B. P. O. E., Athletic Club, Euclid Avenue M. E. Church. Assistant Director of Law of Cleveland, 1897-1899; Roosevelt delegate to Republican State Convention, 1912; selected as one of Ohio's Big-Four Roosevelt candidates to Chicago Convention. Active in Leonard Wood campaign, having been elected delegate-at-large to the Republican National Convention, 1920. Republican.

#### **EDWARD H. BOYLAN.**

Residence, 77 Highland Avenue; office, 621 Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born in Wayne County, Ohio, October 17, 1875. Son of Edward and Alice (Parrott) Boylan. Married to Marian Comstock, of Akron, September 17, 1914. Attended the public schools of Ashland County, Ohio; high school at Ann Arbor, Michigan; received L.L.B. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1903. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and Michigan in 1903; later to United States District Court, northern district of Ohio. In partnership with Edwin W. Brouse, under the firm name of Boylan & Brouse, in Akron, from 1907 to 1914, since which date he has been in the general practice alone. Member Masonic Order, I. O. O. F., K. of P., Fairlawn Heights Country Club, City Club, University Club. Chamber of Commerce, American and Sum-

mit County Bar Associations. Member Summit County Board of Elections, 1912 to 1914.



Elected State Representative Summit County, November 2, 1920. Republican.

### JOHN J. BOYLE.

Residence, Hubbard, Ohio; office, 1207 Wick Building, Youngstown, Ohio. Born in Hubbard, Ohio, July 7, 1876. Son of



John and Anna (Tigue) Boyle. Married to Mary E. Boyle, of New Castle, Pennsylvania, June 26, 1907. Five children, Francis,

James, Edgar, Grace and Beatrice; latter twins. Attended the public and high schools of Hubbard; read law in office of A. J. Woolf, of Youngstown and then attended Western Reserve University Law School, Cleveland. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1902; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, May, 1910; United States District Court, 1911. Associated for a time with A. J. Woolf. Since 1908 associated with Chas. Koonce, Jr., and Thos. McNamara, Jr. Special counsel in northeastern Ohio of Attorney General Timothy S. Hogan from 1910 to 1914. Mayor of Hubbard, Ohio, for two terms; served on Hubbard Board of Education three terms. Legal advisor of town of Hubbard, Ohio, since 1920; Democratic State Central Committeeman 19th District of Ohio since 1914; Democratic Presidential elector for 19th District of Ohio, 1920; delegate to Democratic National Convention in San Francisco in 1920. Member St. Patrick Catholic Church, Hubbard, Ohio; Knights of Columbus; Trumbull County and Mahoning County Bar Associations; Hubbard Board of Trade. Democrat.

### WILLIAM CAMPBELL BOYLE.

Residence, 3328 Euclid Avenue; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Salem, Ohio, June 13, 1855. Son of Alan and



Martha Boyle. Married to Abigail Rudenbrod; one child, Mrs. J. C. Bolger, of New York City. Educated in the public and high schools of Salem; attended Cornell University one year. Studied law under the preceptorship of J. Thwing Brooks, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and with J. R. Carey, Salem, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1888; later United States Courts. In partnership with J. R. Carey



and J. F. Mullens under the firm name of Carey, Boyle & Mullens, at Salem, 1888 to 1900. Moved to Cleveland in 1900, where became associated with the firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey; member of the firm at the present time. Member Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations; Union, Rowfant and Tippecanoe Clubs, Cleveland. Republican.

#### **BERNARD SCULLION BRADY.**

Residence, 2102 Adelbert Road; office, 500 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Steubenville, Ohio, June 12, 1892. Son of Peter F. and Mary (Scullion) Brady. Attended St. Peter's Parochial School, Steubenville, Ohio;



graduate of Georgetown Preparatory School, Washington, D. C., 1910; Georgetown University, with A. B. degree, 1914; A. M. degree, 1915; received degree of LL. B. from Western Reserve University, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1917; United States District Court, 1920. Associated for a few months with the firm of Wilkin, Cross & Daoust, Cleveland; since that time associated with the firm of Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Saeger & Jamison. Member City Club and Knights of Columbus.

#### **HERMAN BRANDMILLER, JR.**

Residence, Hillman Street; office, Municipal Court, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, April 6, 1878. Son of Herman and Matilda (Renker) Brandmiller. Married April 7, 1906, to Maude E. Miller. Attended the public and high schools of Youngstown; graduate of Harvard College in 1902, with A. B. degree; in 1903 with A. M. degree; Harvard Law School in 1905, LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1905. Judge Criminal Court of Youngstown, 1910 to

1914; Judge Municipal Court since 1914. Member Mahoning County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **JOSEPH C. BREITENSTEIN.**

Residence, Hollenden Hotel; offices, 312 Federal Building and Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Canton, Stark County,



Ohio, July 30, 1884. Son of Louis and Mary A. (Shane) Breitenstein. Attended St. Peter's Catholic School, Canton, Ohio; received A. B. degree from St. Francis College (now Quincy College), Quincy, Ill., 1910; and LL. B. degree from George Washington University Law Department, Washington, D. C., June, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May, 1915; to the bar of the District of Columbia, February, 1915. Private secretary to United States Senator Atlee Pomerene, from 1911 to May, 1915; appointed Assistant United States District Attorney for the northern district of Ohio by Attorney General Gregory, May 15, 1915, and served continuously in that capacity to the present time, with the exception of September, October and November, when he resigned to manage the campaign for reelection of United States Senator Pomerene. Member Cleveland Athletic and Yacht Clubs, Knights of Columbus, Committee on Municipal Courts of the Cleveland Bar Association. Secretary Democratic State Executive Committee of Ohio during the presidential campaign, 1916; in that capacity managed the United States senatorial campaign and assisted in the management of the gubernatorial and presidential campaign. Democratic candidate for Congress in the 16th Congressional District, in which cam-

paign he was a vigorous exponent of the war against Germany. Democrat.

### ABRAHAM T. BREWER.

Residence, 5704 Hawthorne Avenue; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Monroe County, Ohio, September 20, 1841. Son of Abraham and Mary (Mitchell) Brewer. Married to Clara Tagg, November 21, 1900. Early education received in Indiana County, Pa., schools; attended Harlem Springs College; graduate of Ohio Law College, with degree of L.L.B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 16, 1869; United States District and Circuit Courts, 1869; United States Supreme Court, 1878; United States Circuit Court of Appeals in 1890. Member of the firms of Brewer & Kaiser; Brewer & Winters; Brewer & Palmer; Brewer, Palmer & McGowan; Dickey, Brewer & McGowan; Brewer, Cook & McGowan to January 1, 1905. Served over three years in Civil War with Company A, 61st Pennsylvania Volunteers; Army of the Potomac in 6th Army Corps. Trustee of Western Reserve Historical Society; member Sons of American Revolution; Epworth Memorial M. E. Church. Republican.

### NELSON J. BREWER.

Residence, Euclid, Ohio; office, 804-05 Union Commerce National Bank Building, Cleveland. Born in Euclid, Ohio, August



ceived L.L.B. degree from Western Reserve University, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1908; United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, 1911. Associated with Ex-Judge Lawrence, 1909-11; with Judge Robert M. Morgan, 1912-17; member of the firm White, Brewer & Curtiss since 1917. Vice president Euclid Village Board of Education. Member Masonic Order, Alpha Tau Omega and Delta Theta Phi fraternities. Clerk of Euclid Village, 1908-10; solicitor of Euclid Village, 1913; member House of Representatives, 1911-12; assistant to Attorney General of Ohio, 1913-14. Democrat.

### WARREN MILTON BRIGGS.

Residence, 13067 Cedar Road; office, Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Horton, Kansas, March 8, 1890. Son of William M. and Ida May (Buchhols) Briggs. Married to Hildegard Elizabeth Shoemaker, July 20, 1917. Graduate Portsmouth, Ohio, High School, 1907; Ohio State University, with A. B. degree, in 1911; Harvard Law School, with degree of L.L. B., in 1915. Admitted to the bar of Illinois, 1915; Ohio, 1919. Associated with firm of Dustin, McKeelian, Merrick, Arter & Stewart. Captain of United States Reserve Corps, Infantry, during the war. Member University Club; Harvard Alumni Association; Delta Tau Delta fraternity.

### CHARLES EDWARD BROCK.

Residence, 1840 East 87th Street; office, Illuminating Building, Cleveland. Born December 1, 1867, at Washington, D. C. Son of Wm. G. and Mary F. (James) Brock. Married October 30, 1895, to Mary L. Brooke. Graduate of National University, Washington, D. C., in 1892, with L.L. B. degree. Admitted to bar of Supreme Court, D. C., December 19, 1892; Court of Appeals, D. C., May 9, 1900; United States Supreme Court, November 18, 1901; United States Circuit Court, February 16, 1909; United States Court Custom Appeals, January 7, 1910; and United States C. A., 6th Circuit, January 18, 1911. Practiced law in Washington, D. C., from 1892 to 1915. Member of firm of Hull, Smith, Brock & West.

### JASON H. BROOKES.

Residence and office East Liverpool, Ohio in East Liverpool, Ohio, May 18, 1863. Son of Jason and Lucy C. Brookes. Married, October 1, 1889; three children. Educated in the common schools of East Liverpool; studied law in office of Colonel H. R. Hill. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1886. Member of the firm of Brookes & Thompson. Member Masonic order. Republican.

### CHARLES TWING BROOKS.

Residence, 8205 Euclid Avenue; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland.

3, 1884. Son of James M. and Susan E. (Miller) Brewer. Married to Mildred E. Jenks, of Nottingham, Ohio, September 3, 1913. Two children, Marion E. and Mabel L. Attended Euclid Village public school; graduate of Shaw High School, 1904; re-

Born in Salem, Ohio, March 29, 1867. Son of J. Twing and Annie (Miller) Brooks. Attended public and high schools of Salem; Adams Academy Preparatory School, Quincy, Massachusetts. Graduate of Yale College with degree of A. B., 1889;



graduate of Harvard Law School with LL. B. degree, 1894. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1894; United States District Court, sixth district, 1895; later to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Connected with the law firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, of Cleveland, since October, 1894. Member Union, University, Country, Mayfield, Tavern and Rowfant Clubs of Cleveland. University Club of New York; Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **JAMES C. BROOKS.**

Residence, 11107 Magnolia Drive; office, Marshall Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, May 22, 1876. Son of Stephen E. and Mary E. (Coffinberry) Brooks. Married to Frances Perkins (deceased 1911). One son: James C. Brooks, Jr. Attended Cleveland public and high schools; University School; received A. B. degree from Yale College in 1898; LL.B. degree from Harvard Law School, 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1901; later U. S. District Court; and U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals, Associated with the firm of Garfield, Garfield & Howe, in 1901; member of the firm of Garfield, Howe and Westenhaver, 1903; Westenhaver, Boyd, Rudolph & Brooks, 1908; Westenhaver, Boyd & Brooks 1913; Boyd & Brooks, 1917, until the fall of that year when the firm became Boyd, Cannon & Brooks; since 1919 member of the firm Boyd, Cannon, Brooks & Wickham. From August, 1917, until February 1, 1919, was

in the legal department of the American Red Cross in Paris, France, 1917-19. Appointed solicitor of the American Red Cross in France, 1918. Commissioned Captain A. R. C., October, 1917. Commissioned Major A. R. C., October, 1918. Member Union; Country; University; Tavern; Nisi Prius Clubs; Cleveland Bar Association; Alpha Delta Phi Fraternity; Thayer Law Club of Harvard. Republican.

#### **ELMER E. BROOKS.**

Residence, 9222 Miles Park Avenue; office, 629 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Newburgh, Ohio, October 10, 1861. Son of John and Lydia (Rathbun) Brooks. Married to Lucy S. Smith, of Cleveland, June 28, 1899. Attended Central High



School, Cleveland; Western Reserve College; graduate of University of Michigan Law School with degree of LL. B., 1887. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1887; United States District Court, 1892. Engaged in the individual general practice in Cleveland. During the war served as member Legal Advisory Board, precinct of 15th ward. Member Masonic Order, Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **DAVID JOSEPH BROPHY.**

Residence, 1581 Contant Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio; office, 506 Sweetland Building, Cleveland. Born in New Marlboro, Berkshire County, Massachusetts. Son of John J. and Ellen (McAuliffe) Brophy. Married to Helen McKay, of Derby, Connecticut, July 23, 1908. Four children, David, Ruth, Colletta and Helen. Attended public and high schools of New Marlboro, Massachusetts; graduate of Pope's Business College, 1904; graduate of Baldwin-Wallace

Academy, May 28, 1918; Cleveland Law School with LL. B. degree, 1919. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1919; United States District Court, 1920. Engaged in the general



practice in Cleveland; member of the firm of Blackett & Brophy since July 1, 1919. Member Forest City Council Knights of Columbus, Delta Theta Phi Law fraternity, Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Elected delegate to Democratic state convention, third district, 1920. Democrat.

**STEPHEN BROPHY.**



Residence, Scottwood Apartments; office, 1038-39 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, June 14, 1863. Son of Thomas and Catherine Brophy. Attended public and high schools of Toledo; graduate of Yale University Law Department, 1891, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio March 8, 1888; later to United States District Court. In the individual law practice in Toledo since admission. Member Barton Smith Lodge No. 613, F. & A. M.; B. P. O. E. Lodge No. 53; president Toledo Bar Association, 1920; president Lawyers Club of Toledo. Member of Ohio State Bar Association. Democratic candidate for Congress in ninth Congressional district, 1896. Secretary The Page Dairy Company. Democrat.

**BERNARD FRANKLIN BROUGH.**

Residence, The Wilson; office, Court House, Toledo. Born in Delphi, Indiana, February 28, 1871. Son of James V. and Mary (Breasley) Brough. Attended the Public Schools of Toledo; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1893. Ad-



mitted to the bar of Ohio in 1893; later to United States District Court. United States Commissioner for Toledo for several years; Assistant City Solicitor of Toledo for some time; Judge Police Court for 19 months; elected Judge Common Pleas Court in 1906; re-elected in 1911 and 1918. Member all Masonic Bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd degree; B. P. O. E.; Toledo Club; Inverness Club; Maumee Yacht Club; Sigma Chi Fraternity; Ohio State and Toledo Bar Associations. Republican.

**EDWIN W. BROUSE.**

Residence, 36 Kuder Avenue; office, 412 Central Savings & Trust Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, June 2, 1879. Son of Cornelius A. and Kate (Wesener) Brouse. Married to Helen E. Fouts, of Akron, October 4, 1904; one son, Robert C. Primary education received in Akron public schools;



graduate of Akron high school June, 1896; graduate of Oberlin College with A. B. degree, 1901; graduate of School of Law, Columbia University, New York City, with LL. B. degree, 1905. Admitted to the bar of New York and to the bar of Ohio, 1905; United States District Court, 1908. Began the individual practice of law in Akron, 1905-07; formed partnership with E. H. Boylan, under firm name of Boylan & Brouse, 1907-14; individual practice, 1914-19; since January, 1919, in partnership with A. H. Commins and Amos H. Englebeck, and C. Blake McDowell, under firm name of Commins, Brouse, Englebeck & McDowell. Director The Central Savings & Trust Company, The Permanent Savings & Loan Company. Private 44th Training Battery, Field Artillery Central Officers' School; honorably discharged at Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky, December, 1918. Chairman Legal Advisory Board, Local District No. 1, Summit County, Ohio, before entering the service. Member City and University Clubs, Akron; American and Akron Bar Associations.

**DAVID MOODY BROWN.**

Residence, Steubenville, Ohio. Born in Haslem Springs, Carroll County, Ohio, August 28, 1845. Son of James and Martha Brown. Married to Martha S. Erskine, Sep-

tember 1, 1880; two children: Bertram N. and Bessie Bianca (latter deceased). Attended country common schools; received degrees of B. P. and A. B. from Haslem Springs College in 1870. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, August, 1876; Kansas, 1886. Practiced law in Wichita, Kansas, from 1886 until 1898. Member Presbyterian Church; Masonic Order; Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree; Steubenville, Ohio State and Wichita Bar Associations. Prosecuting Attorney of Carroll County, for four years; appointed by President McKinley as Assistant United States Attorney for the Central District of the Indian Territory in 1898, and remained in that service for eight years. Member Republican convention which nominated McKinley for Congress. Republican.

**ENSIGN N. BROWN.**

Residence, 1332 Elm Street; office, 1004 Wick Building, Youngstown. Born in Canfield, Ohio, December 9, 1854. Son of Richard and Thalia F. (Newton) Brown. Married to Jeannette Cooper, September 20, 1876. Two children: Genevieve N., and Bessie H., Educated with private tutors in New York City. Studied law in the offices of Van Hynning & Johnston, Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1880. Member Masonic Order; American Bar Association; President Mahoning County Bar Association since its organization; President Ohio State Bar Association, 1918-19. Republican.

**JOHN J. BROWN.**

Residence, 747 S. Haines Avenue; office, First National Bank, Alliance. Born in Hanover, Columbiana County, Ohio, October 16, 1869. Son of George and Mary El-



len (Sinclair) Brown. Married December 28, 1905, to Elizabeth Marsh, of Alliance. One child, George D. Attended public schools in Hanover, Columbiana County, Ohio; Mt. Union College; received LL.B. degree from State University of Iowa in 1877. Admitted to the bar of Iowa June, 1877; Ohio, March, 1898; later to United States District Court, northern district of Ohio. Member of the firm of Diehl & Brown, of Alliance, Ohio, from 1902 to date. City solicitor of Alliance from 1906 to 1912. Member Masonic Order: Shrine, Commandery; B. P. O. E., Alpha Tau Omega and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Alliance and Stark County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **WALTER FOLGER BROWN.**

Residence, 2364 Robinwood Avenue; office, Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Massillon, Ohio, May 31, 1869. Son of James Marshall and Lavinia (Folger) Brown. Married September 10, 1903, to Katharine Hafer. Attended the Public and High Schools of Toledo; Western Reserve Academy, Hudson, Ohio; received A. B. degree from Harvard College in 1892; attended Harvard Law School, 1893-94. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1894; later to United States Courts. Member of the firm of J. M. & W. F. Brown, 1894 to 1908; Brown Hahn & Sanger since 1908. President Board of Trustees of Lucas County Childrens Home. Member Toledo, Commerce, Country and Toledo Yacht Club; Harvard Club and Ohio Society (New York); Columbus (Ohio) Athletic Club; Ohio State and Toledo Bar Associations. Chairman Republican State Central Committee, 1906 to 1912; member Constitutional Convention of Ohio, 1911-12; Chairman Progressive State Central and Executive Committee of Ohio, 1912-13; member Progressive National Executive Committee; Ohio Executive Committee; National Advisory Committee; Chairman Lucas County Executive Committee. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM C. BROWN.**

Residence, 1411 Belle View Boulevard; office, 807-09 Sinclair Building, Steubenville. Born in Toronto, Canada, February 15, 1877. Son of Benjamin J. and Margaret B. (McClure) Brown. Married to Katharine C. Silvey. Received degree of A. B. from College of Wooster, 1899; degree of LL. B. from Ohio State University, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 12, 1902; United States Circuit Court, Sixth Circuit; United States District Court, 1907. Member Masonic Order. Prosecuting Attorney of Jefferson County, Ohio, 1913-1917. Republican.

#### **DAVID FERDINAND BRUCKER.**

Residence, 20 Rowland Avenue; office, 30½ S. Park Street, Mansfield. Born in Mansfield, Ohio, March 23, 1891. Son of Hon. Lewis and Mary (Cummins) Brucker.

Married to Jeanette Williams, of Mansfield, Ohio, June 16, 1912; one daughter, Jane Hedges. Attended Mansfield grade schools to eighth grade; Mansfield high school two years; Lawrenceville School, Lawrenceville, New Jersey, nearly two years; Harstrom School, Norwalk, Connecticut, one year; University of Michigan Law School one year. Studied law in office of his father, Hon. Lewis Brucker, Mansfield. Admitted to the



bar of Ohio January, 1916. Associated with law firm of Brucker & Henkel in Mansfield, from 1916 to 1919, when the firm became Brucker, Henkel, Mabey & Brucker until December, 1920, when the firm became Brucker, Henkel & Brucker. Enlisted for service in United States Army in the Aviation Section, December 28, 1917; stationed at Kelly Field, San Antonio, Texas; Sergeant Major of quarantine camp at Kelly Field; mustered out of service January 18, 1919. Member B. P. O. E. No. 56, Chamber of Commerce, McVey Post, American Legion of Mansfield; Richland County and Ohio State Bar Associations, First Presbyterian Church, Patron, Red Cross, Mansfield.

#### **LEWIS BRUCKER.**

Residence, 484 Park Avenue, West; office, 30½ South Park Street, Mansfield. Born in Bridgeport, Saginaw County, Michigan, October 30, 1855. Son of Ferdinand and Margaretta (Zeichmeister) Brucker. Married June 10, 1884, to Mary J. Cummins; two children: Angeline C. (deceased) and David F. were born to them. Attended public schools of Saginaw County, Michigan; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1881. Admit-

ted to the bar of Ohio in 1886 later admitted to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Commenced the practice of law in Mansfield in 1886, associated with Senator W. S. Kerr



until 1890; in 1897 formed partnership with D. W. Cummins, under the firm name of Brucker & Cummins, and continued until 1909; associated with William F. Voegelé, under the firm name of Brucker & Voegelé until 1913, when C. F. Henkel entered the firm and the firm name changed to Brucker, Voegelé & Henkel; in 1918 the firm became Brucker & Henkel; in 1919 A. B. Mabée and D. F. Brucker joined the firm, under the firm name of Brucker, Henkel, Mabée & Brucker, which continued until December, 1920, when the firm became Brucker, Henkel & Brucker. Probate Judge of Richland County from February 9, 1891, to February 9, 1897; Democratic Presidential Elector from Ohio in 1913; chairman Democratic County Central Committee for several years; chairman Democratic County Executive Committee for several years; chairman Democratic State Central Committee in 1900; President Richland County Bar Association in 1912; member American, Ohio State and Richland County Bar Associations; Masonic bodies; Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree; B. P. O. E., K. of P.; member First Presbyterian Church. Democrat.

#### **ORVILLE SANFORD BRUMBACK.**

Residence, 2004 Parkwood Avenue; office, 432-36 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born on a farm in Delaware County, Ohio, December 2, 1855. Son of John and Ellen (Piermont) Brumback. Married October 26,

1881 to Jenny (King) Carey of Indianapolis, Indiana, who died March 16, 1920, two children: Blanche, wife of Lyman Spitzer, and Lydia, wife of Horace E. Allen. Attended the Van Wert public schools until 15 years of age; Wooster University, 1872 to 1875; Princeton University, 1875 to 1877; received A. B. degree in 1877 and A. M. degree in 1880; University of Michigan Law Department, 1877 to 1879; received LL. B. degree in 1879. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio in 1879; later to all the United States courts. Engaged in the practice of law in Toledo alone since date of admission, with the exception of four years, 1894 to 1898, in partnership with Frank H. Hurd and Chas. A. Thatcher, under the firm name of Hurd, Brumback & Thatcher. Director and president of many different



corporations. Member Toledo Club, Toledo Chamber of Commerce, Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., Sons of American Revolution, Toledo Art Museum, Lucas County and Ohio State Bar Associations, Northwestern Ohio Historical Association, Toledo Automobile Club, Sigma Chi Fraternity, First Congregational Church of Toledo, member Ohio House of Representatives, 1887 to 1888. Republican.

#### **FRED E. BRUML.**

Residence, 8706 Carnegie Avenue; office, 902 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 20, 1878. Son of Charles and Emma (Bauer) Bruml. Married to Theresa Hoffhelmer, of Cincinnati, Ohio, October 26, 1904. Attended public and high schools of Cleveland. Received LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School, 1899. Admitted to

the bar of Ohio, January, 1890; to the United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, 1891. Engaged in the individual law

urer The Deforest Realty Co., The Kavanaugh De Niro Construction Co., The Mahoning Oil & Gas Co. Member B. P. O. E.



practice in Cleveland. Member Masonic Order, 32nd degree, Grand Chancellor of Grand Domain of Ohio, from June, 1920 to June, 1921, of K. of P. Republican.

#### **FORD WHITMAN BRUNNER.**

Residence, 2572 Kenilworth Road, Cleveland Heights; office, Fidelity Mortgage Building, Cleveland. Born in St. Louis, Missouri, October 20, 1886. Son of Wm. F. and Ella (Ford) Brunner. Married to Bernice North, March 15, 1917. Educated in Public High Schools of Cleveland; graduate Adelbert College of Western Reserve University with degree of A. B., 1909; Harvard Law School with degree of LL. B., 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1911. Member of the firm of Caldwell, Brunner & Van Buren. Member of Phi Delta Phi; Phi Beta Kappa; Alpha Delta Phi fraternities.

#### **HYMAN W. BRUNSWICK.**

Residence, 350 Crandall Avenue; office, 407 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, Ohio, February 22, 1887. Son of Emanuel and Jennie (Kalisky) Brunswick. Married to Alice W. Goldman, of Cleveland, Ohio, August 1, 1916. Two children: Alice and Peggy. Educated in the public schools of Youngstown; graduate of Rayen High School, 1905; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1910; United States District Court, February, 1916. Engaged in the law practice in Youngstown. Secretary and Treas-



No. 55, I. O. O. F. No. 55, Mahoning County Bar Association. Secretary to Mayor F. A. Hartenstein of Youngstown, 1911-15. Republican.

#### **MAX E. BRUNSWICK.**



Residence, 283 Alameda Avenue; office, 507 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, Ohio, May 11, 1879.



Son of Emanuel and Jennie (Kalisky) Brunswick. Married to Dorothy Friedman, of Youngstown, June 11, 1908; two children: Max E., Jr., and Jean Louise. Educated in Wood Street School and Rayen High School, Youngstown; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School, Cleveland, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1902; United States District Court, 1914. Associated with Gen. T. W. Sanderson, in Youngstown, 1902-08. Appointed Government Appeal Agent for local boards, December, 1917. Chairman Jewish Welfare Board, Youngstown; member Elks Club, I. O. O. F., Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Elected City Solicitor of Youngstown, 1915; re-elected 1917, served four years. Republican.

#### **GEORGE CHESTER BRYCE.**

Residence, 2347 Lawrence Avenue; office, 519 Gardner Building, Toledo. Born in Dayton, Ohio, July 18, 1882. Son of Stephen Thomas and Ada M. (Webber) Bryce. Married to Katherine Tyrrell, of Toledo, September 22, 1908; two children: John Tyrrell and David George. Attended the public school's, Dayton, Ohio, high school, Toledo, Ohio; received LL. B. degree from



University of Michigan, 1903. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, 1903; Ohio, 1904. Practiced law from 1904 to 1910 with the firm of Marshall & Fraser of Toledo; Associated with Aaron Slagle until 1912, when he became associated with John A. Garver, Warren J. Duffey & Arthur W. Ryan, and so continued until the death of Mr. Garver, in 1919; since which date he is associated with Warren J. Duffey and Arthur W. Ryan. During the World War member Le-

gal Advisory Board. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., K. of P., Lucas County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **ROBERT JOHNS BULKLEY.**

Office, 500 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, October 8, 1880. Son of Charles H. and Roberta E. (Johns) Bulkley. Married to Katharine Pope, of Helena, Mont., February 17, 1909. Attended Brooks Military Institute, Cleveland, 1888-1890; University School, Cleveland, 1890-1898. Graduate of Harvard College in 1902 with A. B. degree. Received A. M. degree in 1906. Attended Harvard Law School, 1903-1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1906; to the United States Supreme Court, January, 1910. Associated with firm of Henderson, Quail & Siddall, 1905-1909. In



partnership with Richard Inglis, under firm name of Bulkley & Inglis, 1909-1912; with H. Austin Hauxhurst, Richard Inglis & Wilford C. Saeger, firm name of Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Inglis & Saeger, 1912-1917. Robert H. Jamison became a member of the firm in 1914; Richard Inglis left the firm in 1917; Walter I. Sharp became a member of the firm, 1918; the firm name at the present time is Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Saeger & Jamison. Member Troop A, Ohio National Guard, 1905-1908. Chief of the Legal Section, General Munitions Board and War Industries Board, Washington, D. C., 1917-1918; served temporarily as Chief Counsel U. S. Shipping Board, Emergency Fleet Corporation during summer of 1917; in charge during the winter and spring of 1919 of the preparation and publication of Assistant Secretary Crowell's Report, "America's Munitions." President of the

Morris Plan Bank of Cleveland since its organization in 1916. Trustee of University School; Member Union, Country, Tavern, Athletic, University, Hermit, Advertising clubs of Cleveland; Harvard Club of New York. Member of Congress, 21st Ohio District, 1911-1915; Delegate Democratic National Convention, Baltimore, 1912; Delegate, Democratic National Convention, St. Louis, 1916; Chairman, Cuyahoga County Democratic Executive Committee, 1914-1916. Democrat.

### **BLASE A. BUONPANE.**

Residence, 1692 Lee Road, Cleveland Heights; office, Prosecuting Attorney's Office, Cleveland. Born in Blooms Run, Pa., December 16, 1893. Son of E. A. and Mary Jane (Arizunta) Buonpane. (His father is publisher of The Italian American Citizen Weekly in Youngstown, Ohio, originally published in Cleveland in 1910.) Married to Florence I. Marco, of Cleveland, April 1, 1918. Graduate of Central Public Elementary School in Youngstown, 1908; Central High School, Cleveland, 1911; Ph. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, 1914; LL. B. degree from



law department of the same institution, 1915. Won highest honors in oratory from Ohio Northern University and represented that college in the Ohio Intercollegiate Oratorical Contest, receiving fourth prize. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1915; United States District Court, March 20, 1917. Practiced law in Youngstown, a member of the firm Buonpane & Marco, from September 1, 1917 to May 1, 1918; engaged in general practice in Cleveland from February 3, 1919, to January, 1921, when he was

appointed Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Cuyahoga County. Enlisted in U. S. army May 1, 1918; Sergeant in the Ordnance and Judge Advocate Departments; discharged January 14, 1919. Vice President, Cleveland Italian Savings Bank. Member Elks, Knights of Pythias, Judge Advocate in "Fraternal" Society, Chapter of the Sons of Italy. Candidate for State Representative at the primaries, August 8, 1916, in Youngstown. Republican.

### **FRANK B. BURCH.**

Residence, 79 Atlas Street; office, 1003-8 Second National Building, Akron. Born in Malone, New York, February 10, 1875. Son of John and Marietta (Ketcham) Burch. Married June 20, 1900, to Rose V. Brewster, of Akron. Attended the public schools and Franklin Academy of Malone, New York; studied law with Musser & Kohler, of Akron. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1899; later to the United States District Court. Member of the firm of Parsons & Burch from October, 1899, to March, 1904; Wilcox, Parsons & Burch to July 1, 1906; Wilcox, Parsons, Burch & Adams to January 1, 1911; Wilcox, Burch & Adams to January 1, 1916; Burch & Adams to July 1, 1920. Member Masonic Club, Akron City Club, Portage Country Club, Ohio State Bar Association. Republican.

### **HARVEY ALBERT BURGESS.**

Residence, 1109 Mahoning Avenue; office, Court House, Warren. Born in Cleveland, January 28, 1886. Son of Charles W. and Nellie (Field) Burgess. Married to Ethel Williams, October 11, 1920. Attended Public and High Schools of Willoughby; Western Reserve University, 1904-05; graduate Kansas State University in 1911 with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Kansas, 1911; Ohio, 1913. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney, Trumbull County, 1917-1921; elected Prosecuting Attorney, Trumbull County, 1920. Member K. of P., B. P. O. E., Trumbull County Bar Association. Republican.

### **HARLAN FESSENDEN BURKET.**

Residence and office, Findlay, Ohio. Born in Findlay, Ohio, May 15, 1860. Son of Judge Jacob F. and Pamela D. (Walters) Burket. Married to Augusta Dukes, January 16, 1895; one son: Jacob F. Educated in the Findlay public schools; graduate of Oberlin College, with Ph. B. and A. M. degrees, 1882. Studied law in office of Judge Jacob F. Burket. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1887; United States District Court, 1894; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 1902; United States Supreme Court, 1905. Member of the firm of Burket & Burket, 1887-1893. In partnership with John F. Burket and Jacob F. Burket under firm name of Burket, Burket & Burket, to the present time. Vice

president and director American National Bank of Findlay. Member Masonic bodies: Knights Templar; B. P. O. E., I. O. O. F., K. of P.; president Ohio State Bar Association, 1914; member American and Hancock County Bar Associations. Prosecuting Attorney of Findlay from 1890 to 1893, and since 1921. Republican.

#### **HOWARD FLETCHER BURNS.**

Residence, 3297 Scarborough Road, Cleveland Heights; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Lockport, N. Y., October 5, 1888. Married to Mary L. Strong, December 9, 1916. Graduate Amherst College, with degree of B. A., 1912; Harvard Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January 2, 1917; later to United States District Court. Associated with White, Johnson Cannon & Spieth.

#### **RALPH BURROUGHS.**

Residence, 82 Paige Avenue; office, Herberich Building, Akron. Born in Amherst, Massachusetts, June 16, 1887. Son of George Stockton and Emma Frances (Plumley) Burroughs. Educated in public schools of Crawfordsville, Indiana, and Oberlin, Ohio; attended Oberlin high school, 1901-1903; Oberlin Academy, 1903-1905; graduate Oberlin College, with degree of A.B. in 1909; Harvard Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 19, 1912; United States District Court, March 28, 1918; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Sixth Circuit, December 3, 1918. Practiced law in office of Tolles, Hogsett, Ginn & Morley, Cleveland, September, 1902, to April 15, 1919. Member of firm of Herberich, Burroughs & Smith, Akron, since April 15, 1919. Member Portage Country Club, First Congregational Church, Summit County Bar Association.

#### **GEORGE HUMPHREY BURROWS.**

Residence, 7506 Franklin Avenue; office, 527 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Wakeman, Huron County, Ohio, May 18, 1863. Son of Dr. A. W. and Nancy Ann (Humphrey) Burrows. Married to Ida Bell Folliott, April 8, 1885. Received his early education in the old white frame building on Washington Street (now Tilman) in rear of present Detroit Street School, completing the sixth grade in present Detroit Street School; attended Kentucky School, where he completed fifth and sixth grades, during which time his father died and he was apprenticed to an uncle, a lake captain sailing a schooner on the lakes, the "Leonard Hanna" of the Hanna line; remained there until the age of 17, attending country school in the winter, living at Vermillion on a stock farm, doing chores for board; still at the age of 17, left the lakes for Wellsville, New York, attending preparatory school two years, paying own way. Returned to Cleve-

land and studied law under P. H. Kaiser, member of Cuyahoga County Bar. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1873. Preparation at college was directed to the medical profession, rather than law. Was elected Secretary and Active Manager of The Mer-



chants' and Manufacturers' Exchange, and Associated Jobbers and Manufacturers of Cleveland; studied law to fit himself for the work. In 1905 formed partnership with H. Clair Mason, under the firm name of Burrows & Mason, which continued until 1908, when ill health compelled him to quit for two years. Thereafter resumed the practice of law, confining efforts almost exclusively to organizing corporations and as counsel. Has been active in launching several large corporations successfully, being identified with them as director and official, also legal counsel. Member National Guards of Pennsylvania, 1880; National Advisory Board, Old Colony Club, United Commercial Travelers, Methodist Episcopal Church, American, Ohio State and Cuyahoga County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **RUSSELL J. BURT.**

Residence, 410 18th Street N. W.; office, 215 Schaefer Building, Canton, Ohio. Born in Charleston, W. Va., January 2, 1886. Son of Benjamin R. and Lillian A. Burt. Married to Hilda J. Corwin in Columbus, Ohio, June 23, 1913; two children: John Corwin and Benjamin Russell. Attended grade schools of Charleston and Wheeling, W. Va., Columbus, Ohio, and Columbus North High School; received degrees of A.B. and LL. B. from Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, 1910. Admitted to the bar of

Ohio, June, 1910. Associated with law firm of Goulder, Day, White, Garry and Duncan, of Cleveland, Ohio, 1910-12; moved to Canton and practiced alone for one year; formed partnership with John C. Welty under the firm name of Welty & Birt, 1913, which firm continues to date. President Hess Bed Co., Secretary Luntz Iron & Steel Co., Secretary The Parisian Co., Director The Schory & Schellhase Co., all of Canton; President Massillon Amusement Co., of Massillon. During the World War served as Four Minute Man; Member Draft Board;

Boise Valley Traction Company, Boise, Idaho, 1916-17; since July 1, 1920, member of the firm of Day, Day & Wilkin. First



No. 2 Legal Advisory Board; Red Cross Legal Advisory Board; Civilian Relief. Member Canton Club, President Adcraft Club of Canton, Member Delta Upsilon Fraternity, Stark County Bar Association, McKinley Club of Canton. Republican.

#### **HAROLD HITZ BURTON.**

Residence, 14533 Terrace Road, East Cleveland; office, 617 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Jamaica Plain, Massachusetts, June 22, 1888. Son of Alfred E. and Gertrude (Hitz) Burton. Married to Selma F. Smith, of West Newton, Massachusetts, June 15, 1912. Graduate of Newton, Massachusetts High School; received A. B. degree from Bowdoin College, Maine, 1909; from Harvard University Law School LL. B. degree, 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1912; Utah, 1914; to the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1914. Associated with firm of Gage, Wilbur and Wachner, Cleveland, 1912-1914; Assistant Attorney for Utah Power & Light Company and Utah Light and Traction Company in Salt Lake City, Utah, 1914-1916; Attorney for Idaho Power Company and



Lieutenant 361st Infantry, 1917-1918; Captain 361st Infantry, 1918-1919. Member, Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, City Club, Cleveland Grays, American Legion.

#### **THEODORE ELIJAH BURTON.**



Residence, Cleveland, Ohio. Born in Jefferson, Ohio, December 20, 1851. Son of Rev. William and Elizabeth (Grant) Bur-

ton. Attended the public schools and Grand River Institute, Austinburg, Ohio; Iowa (now Grinnell College), Grinnell, Iowa, 1867 to 1870. Entered Oberlin College in 1870, graduating in 1872 with A. B. degree; received A. M. degree in 1875, and LL. D. degree in 1900 from same institution; received LL. D. degree from Dartmouth College in 1907; St. John's, Maryland in 1913; St. John's, Brooklyn in 1918; New York University in 1919. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1875; United States Supreme Court in 1888. Commenced the practice of law in Cleveland, August, 1875. In partnership with John C. Granis from June, 1876 to February 1, 1878; with George L. Dake from 1889 to 1910. Author of: "Financial Crisis and Periods of Industrial and Commercial Depression," 1902; "Life of John Sherman," 1906; "Corporations and the State," 1911; "Some Political Tendencies of the Times and the Effect of the War Thereon," 1919. Elected to the City Council of Cleveland, April, 1886; to the National House of Representatives, November, 1888; continuously re-elected to that body from 1894 to 1908; elected member United States Senate, January, 1909, and served six years until March 4, 1915; declined candidacy for re-election. Chairman Inland Waterways Commission by appointment of President Roosevelt, 1907 to 1909, Chairman National Waterways Commission created by Congress, 1909 to 1912. Member National Monetary Commission which prepared plan for Federal Reserve Act, 1908 to 1912. Member Executive Committee Interparliamentary Union made up of delegates from legislative bodies from all countries, 1904 to 1915. Participated in meetings at St. Louis, London, Geneva, Paris, and the Hague. Delegate to Republican National Conventions, 1904, 1908 and 1912. Received unanimous support of Ohio delegation for presidential nomination in 1916. Elected member of Congress, 22nd Ohio District, November, 1920; assumed that office March 4, 1921. Member of the following clubs: Union, Cleveland, Metropolitan and University, Washington; Authors, Bankers, Union League, and Chamber of Commerce, New York City. Republican.

#### **THOMAS HUBBARD BUSHNELL.**

Residence, Stanwood and Terrace Road, East Cleveland; office, 314 Citizens Building, Cleveland. Born in Burton, Geauga County, Ohio, August 17, 1856. Son of Ebenezer and Julia (Baldwin) Bushnell. Married to Sophia B. Ballard; graduated from Western Reserve University, Cleveland, with degree of B. A., 1882, and with A. M. degree, 1885. Admitted to the bars of Ohio; Wisconsin; United States District Court; United States Court of Appeals; United States Supreme Court. Practiced law in Cleveland, 1885 to 1886. Hurley, Wisconsin, 1886 to 1896, when he returned to Cleveland, where he is en-

gaged in the general practice of law. Judge of Cuyahoga County Insolvency Court and Juvenile Court, 1905 to 1905. Member of Union Club, Country Club, D. K. E. fraternity.

#### **CHAS. M. BUSS.**

Residence, 1488 East 107th Street; office, 410 East Ohio Gas Building, Cleveland. Born in Oneida, Carroll County, Ohio, January 23, 1873. Son of W. D. and Fanny (Gardner) Buss. Married to Mary L. Beavis, September 4, 1895; three children: Margaret A., Fanny G., and Dwight B. Educated in the public schools of Cleve-



land and attended Cleveland Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 13, 1901; later to the United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Associated with the law firms of Kline, Tolles & Goff and Kline, Tolles & Morley, of Cleveland, from January 1, 1907, to March 31, 1913. Member of the firm of Kline, Clevenger, Buss & Holliday, from April 1, 1913, to April 1, 1918; subsequently Kline, Niman, Buss & Holliday, until December 1, 1919, when the firm became Niman, Grossman, Buss & Holliday. Member Masonic Order, Cleveland Athletic Club, Cleveland Bar Association.

#### **HIRAM G. BYE.**

Residence, 41 Ellenwood Avenue; office, Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Hanover, Ohio, January 12, 1868. Son of Samuel and Belle (Gaver) Bye. Married October 18, 1898, to Mary Greenamyer. Attended High School, Lisbon; Mt. Hope Academy and National Normal; received



LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1893; later United States District Court. City Solicitor of Columbiana County, Ohio, 1895-96. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., I. O. O. F., B. P. O. E., Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **EDGAR SAMUEL BYERS.**

Residence, 3011 Somerton Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 613 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Sharpsville, Pennsylvania, April 10, 1876. Son of Ursamus and Elizabeth (Mitchell) Byers. Married to Birja M. Wilkins, May 22, 1903. Two children: Elizabeth Ellen and Nancy B. Primary education received in Public Schools of Sharpsville; Outhwaite School and Central High School, Cleveland; Western Reserve University Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1905. Member of the firm Friebolin & Byers. Member Beta Theta Pi Fraternity, City Club, Cleveland Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **DAVIS JOSEPH CABLE.**

Residence, Lima; office, Masonic Building, Lima. Born in Van Wert County, Ohio, August 11, 1859. Son of John I. and Angie



Rebecca (Johnson) Cable. Married September 28, 1882, to Mary Anna Harnly, of Van Wert, Ohio; six children: Congressman John L., Davis A., Ethel R., wife of Captain James R. McCabe, of Tulsa, Oklahoma, Chester M., Jo Harnly and Marian Ruth. Educated in the common and high schools of Van Wert County, Ohio, graduate of University of Michigan with LL. B. degree, in 1881. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 5, 1881; later to United States

District Court, United States Circuit Court of Appeals, United States Supreme Court. Commenced the practice of law in Lima, Ohio, in 1881, associated with the firm of Richie & Richie. For several years member of the firm of Long & Cable. In 1909 formed partnership with his son John L., under the firm name of Cable & Cable; subsequently his son Chester M. joined the firm. During the World War Fuel Administrator for Allen County. Member Masonic Bodies, Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree; Allen County, Ohio State and American Bar Associations, Lima Chamber of Commerce. City Solicitor of Lima, 1881 to 1882. Republican Delegate-at-Large from Ohio in 1912. Republican.

#### **JOHN L. CABLE.**

Residence and office, Lima, Ohio and Washington, D. C. Born in Lima, Ohio, 1884. Son of Davis Joseph and Anna (Harnly) Cable. Married December, 1911, to Rhea Watson, of Lima. Two children: Alice Mary and Davis Watson. Attended Public and High Schools, Lima; received A. B. degree from Kenyon College; LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law College; LL. B. degree from George Washington Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio and United States District Court. Member of the firm of Cable & Cable, of Lima. Prosecuting Attorney Allen County, 1916 to 1920. In November, 1920, elected to United States Congress from 4th District, Ohio. Member Masonic Bodies: Scottish Rite, 32nd degree; Allen County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **RICHARD WALLACE CAHILL.**



Residence and office, Napoleon. Born on a farm in Crawford County, Ohio, April 22,

1855. Son of Richard W. and Catharine (Richards) Cahill. Married to Jennie M. Shoemaker, of Napoleon, in 1884; four children: Kathryn, wife of John F. Deatrick, of Defiance; Margaret, wife of John R. Bloss, of Cleveland; Mary and Helen. Attended common schools, Crawford County, Ohio; received A. B. degree from Wittenberg College, Springfield, Ohio, 1878; studied law in offices of Griffin & Williamson, Norwalk, and S. M. Hague, Napoleon. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1880; later United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. In partnership with James Donovan, under the firm name of Cahill & Donovan, for 15 years; later with the firm of Cahill, Donovan & Worden for 4 years; Cahill & Mulcahy for 6 years, until the spring of 1920; in November, 1920, elected Judge Common Pleas Court of Henry County and assumed that office May 9, 1921, for a six-year term. Interested in agriculture. Member Henry County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **JOHN ROBB CALDER.**

Residence, 1861 Parkwood Avenue; office, 740 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Alexandria, Pa., April 14, 1862. Son of Edward O. and Rebecca J. (Robb) Calder. Married to Josephine E. Ormond, June 11, 1889. Attended country schools; graduate of State Normal School, Indiana, Pa., 1880; College Course in Wooster University, Wooster, Ohio; graduate of Cornell University; attended University of Michigan Law School, 1887. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1887; United States District Court, 1890. Member Toledo Chamber of Commerce, Lucas County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **CLARE CALDWELL.**

Residence and office, Warren. Born in Warren, Ohio, May 19, 1881. Son of Frank E. and Matilda (Jeffery) Caldwell. Married May 20, 1911, to Eva Burgess. Attended the Public and High Schools of Warren; received A. B. degree from Western Reserve University in 1902; LL. B. in 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1905. Practiced law in Cleveland until 1907, when he moved to Niles, where he was member of the firm of Caldwell & Burgess until 1916. Prosecuting Attorney Trumbull County, 1917-1920. City Solicitor of Niles, 1914-16. Member I. O. O. F., K. of P., Delta Tau Delta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities, Trumbull County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **PHILIP CALDWELL.**

Residence, 3473 East 142nd Street; office, 301 National Building, Cleveland. Born in Worcestershire, England, November 11, 1878. Son of Philip and Emily (Lines) Caldwell. Married to Ritta Puehringer. Attended the public schools of Worcester-

shire, England, graduating from Bromyard High School; attended Barbourne College, Worcestershire two years; studied law in



Cleveland Law School, graduating therefrom, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1918. During the World War member Legal Advisory Board. Republican.

#### **PERRY De FORD CALDWELL.**



Residence, 2126 East 96th Street; office, 507-523 The Fidelity Mortgage Building, Cleveland. Born in Columbiana County,

Ohio, March 10, 1873. Son of William D. and Hortense (De Ford) Caldwell. Married to Maybelle F. Pipes, March 6, 1920. Attended country schools, Butler County, Kansas; Carrollton, Ohio High School; graduate of Mt. Union College, Teachers' Course, 1898; of Adelbert College with A. B. degree, 1909, and Western Reserve University Law School with LL. B. degree, 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1911; United States District Court Northern District of Ohio, April, 1913. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland; member of the firm of Caldwell, Brunner & Van Buren, 1914, to date. Member K. of P., City Club, Civic League, Sigma Nu and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities, Cuyahoga County Bar Association. Elected member Cleveland City Council from 19th Ward, in 1917, and is now serving his second term. Chairman Public Utilities Committee, Member Finance and Judiciary Committees. Republican.

#### ANTHONY BRACKETT CALVIN.

Residence, Boardman Road; office, 600-02 Wick Building, Youngstown. Born in Washingtonville, Ohio, March 13, 1877. Son of



Luther B. and Leah (Wisler) Calvin. Married September 8, 1908, to Fern U. Umstead, of North Jackson Ohio, daughter of ex-Sheriff J. C. Umstead. One child: David Umstead, deceased. Attended the Public and High Schools of Greenford, Ohio; graduate of Northeastern Ohio Normal School with A. B. degree, in 1897; also Commercial Course; LL. B. degree from Ohio State University, June, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1900; Later United States Circuit Court. In July, 1900, formed partnership with Hon. Joseph R. Johnston (formerly Judge Common

Pleas and Probate Courts), which continued until his election as Judge Criminal Court of Youngstown, January 1, 1905; served in that capacity until 1910; since 1910 engaged in the general practice of law and is senior member of the firm of Calvin & Johnson. Director and General Counsel for The Youngstown & Suburban Railway and identified with a large number of commercial enterprises. Elected to City Council in 1901; re-elected and made Vice President in 1903. During the late war served as Four-Minute-Speaker. Member The Youngstown Club; The Poland Country Club; The Tippecanoe Club, Cleveland; Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; K. of P.; Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### HOMER WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

Residence and office, Ravenna. Born in Edinburg, Ohio, May 16, 1862. Son of Edward H. and Mary E. (Woods) Campbell. Married to Alice L. Graves, July 4, 1892; one son, Glen H. Attended country schools, Northwestern University, Hiram College. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 27, 1905; United States Circuit Court, December 18, 1909. Practiced law in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1908. Secretary Portage County National Farm Loan Association; Member Portage County and Ravenna Bar Associations.

#### RALPH WALDO CAMPBELL.



Residence, 234 Lincoln Avenue; office, 12 Broadway, Salem, Ohio. Born in Salem, graduate of Sheffield Scientific School, Yale Ohio, March 2, 1878. Son of Robert O. and Eliza J. (Lloyd) Campbell. Married to



Edna Schiller, of Salem, Ohio, October 11, 1905; two children: Jane and Robert W. Attended the public schools of Salem, Ohio, Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., graduate of Sheffield Scientific School, Yale University, with degree of Ph. B., 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1912; to the United States District Court, 1914. Engaged in the practice of law in Salem, in partnership with Hon. J. C. Boone, under the firm name of Boone & Campbell, since 1909. Connected with First National Bank, Salem; Director Victor Stove Co., Elk Run Coal Co., Callahan Coal Co., Columbiana Cooperaage Co., President The Salem Home Building Company, Salem, Ohio. Member A. U. V. Society, Andover, Massachusetts; Birzelius Society, Yale University; Columbiana County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM W. CAMPBELL.**

Residence, 724 Washington Street; office, First National Bank Building, Napoleon. Born in Rochester, Vermont, April 2, 1853. Son of John W. and Philinda (Hulbard) Campbell. Married to Laura Harrison (deceased 1919). Attended Public Schools, Rochester, Vermont; Goddard Seminary, Barry, Vermont; Tuft College, Boston, Massachusetts, 1879; read law in Massachusetts. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1870; Massachusetts, 1879; later United States District Court. In the general practice of law for over 42 years. Prosecuting Attorney of Henry County for two years. Member of Congress, 1905-07. Member Ohio Constitutional Convention, Masonic Order; 32nd degree; K. of P.; I. O. O. F.; B. P. O. E.; Zeta Psi Fraternity; Henry County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **L. R. CANFIELD.**

Residence, 2201 East 83rd Street; office, 802 Marshall Building, Cleveland. Born in Chardon, Ohio, June 7, 1875. Son of I. W. and Juliett V. (Randall) Campbell. Attended primary, grammar and high schools of Chardon; Buchtel College; graduate of Ohio State University with degree of Ph. B., 1896; Law College of University of Michigan, with degree of LL. B., in 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1902. Engaged in general practice. Member Phi Delta Theta, Masonic Order. Republican.

#### **JOHN L. CANNON.**

Residence, 14840 Larchmere Boulevard, Shaker Heights; office, Marshall Building, Cleveland. Born in Alliance, Ohio, March 29, 1875. Son of James and Nannie E. (Lower) Cannon. Married to Nellie B. Smith, December 26, 1899, at Alliance. Four children: Aileen, John Jr., Virginia and Helen. Attended Alliance public schools; Alliance High School, 1893; Mt. Union College, 1894-95. Read law in the office of D.

E. Rogers, Alliance. Received LL.B. degree from Western Reserve Law School, 1898. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1898. Member of the firm of Fuller & Cannon, 1913-17; Boyd, Cannon, Brooks & Wickham since 1917. Assistant County Solicitor, 1899 to 1907; County Solicitor, 1907-09. Member Hermit Club; Union Club; Shaker Heights Country Club.

#### **FRANK A. CARABIN.**

Residence, 2318 Lawrence Avenue; office, 313 Valentine Building, Toledo, Ohio. Born in Huron County, January 22, 1880. Son of Joseph and Louise (Paule) Carabin. Attended high school at Monroeville, Ohio; graduate Western Reserve University Law Department, Cleveland, in 1905, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1906; later to the United States District Court. Engaged in the general practice of law in Toledo. Volunteer in the World War, with 175th Replacement Regiment; mustered out as captain in November, 1918. Worthy President F. O. E., Royal Vizer D. O. O. K.; member Toledo Bar Association, B. P. O. E., L. O. O. M., K. of P. Independent politically.

#### **GEO. J. CAREW.**

Residence, 1353 Ohio Avenue; office, 1002-03 Wick Building, Youngstown. Born in Meadville, Pennsylvania, November 10, 1867. Son of Clement and Mary (Shay)



Carew. Married to Dora M. Foley, in Youngstown, Ohio, June 23, 1876; four children: Francis C., Louise, Helen and Dorothy. Educated in the public and parochial schools of Meadville, Pennsylvania. Stud-

ied law in offices of George F. Arrel, Youngstown, Ohio; Myron Park Davis, Meadville, Pennsylvania. Admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania, December 8, 1898; Ohio, June, 1903, and later the United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Meadville, Pennsylvania. Moved to Youngstown in 1903. In partnership with Wm. A. Maline until 1913; since December 31, 1918, in the individual practice. Attorney for City Trust and Savings Bank of Youngstown. During the late war Chairman K. of C. War Fund Campaign. Member Chamber of Commerce, K. of C., Rotary Club, Elks, Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. City Solicitor of Youngstown, 1914-15; appointed Judge Common Pleas Court, Division of Domestic Relations, by Governor James M. Cox, September 10, 1917, which office he held until December 31, 1918. Democrat.

### FRED L. CARHART.

Residence and office, Marion, Ohio. Born in Galena, Delaware County, Ohio, December 16, 1879. Son of Lucius A. and Mary A. (Tory) Carhart. Married to Lauretta M. Hoppock, in Marion, Ohio, April 25, 1905; three children: Ralph E., Helen L., Dwight L. Attended grammar



schools of Galena, Ohio; graduate of Marion, Ohio, High School, 1898; A. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, 1903; later attended Law Department of same institution. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1903; United States District Court, 1907; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 1920. Engaged in the practice of law in partnership with Fred W. Warner, under the firm name of Carhart & Warner, Marion, Ohio, since

1904. Counsel for C. C. C. & St. L. Ry. Co., and The T. & O. C. Ry. Co.; Director, The Paddock Coal Co. Member Masonic Order, Knights Templar, K. of P., Marion County and Ohio State Bar Associations, Chamber of Commerce, Marion Country Club, Epworth M. E. Church. City Solicitor of Marion, Ohio, from 1916 to 1920. Republican.

### HOMER E. CARLYLE

Residence, 852 Ohio Avenue; office, 504 Stambagh Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, Ohio, September 15, 1895. Son of George A. and Ella (Dunn) Carlyle. Attended the public and high schools of Youngstown; received LL. B. degree from



Ohio Northern University Law Department, May 22, 1918. Student at Law Society Hall and Inns of Court, London, England. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1918. Commenced the practice of law in Youngstown in partnership with William E. Pfau and Herman N. George, under the firm name of Pfau, George & Carlyle, which continues to the present time. Served in U. S. Army, 6th Division, 54th Infantry, for 15 months. Member Masonic Order, American Legion, Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

### FORD L. CARPENTER.

Residence, 879 Hereford Drive; office, 206 Second National Building, Akron, Ohio. Born in Akron, Ohio, February 15, 1887. Son of A. L. and Laura E. (Viers) Carpenter. Married to Margaret C. Esselburn, of Akron, Ohio, January 3, 1920. Completed course in Buchtel Academy, 1905

received B. S. degree from University of Akron, 1909; LL. B. degree from Harvard Law School, 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1912. Member of the firm Carpenter, Thomas & Selby, 1912-13; Schnee & Carpenter, to 1915; since 1915 in the in-

dividual practice. Served in U. S. army in the late war one year; discharged with rank of 2nd Lieutenant, December 3, 1917. Member Portage Country Club, Akron Club, City Club, University Club, Masonic Bodies, K. T., Shrine, Grotto.



#### **FRANK CARPENTER.**

Residence and office, Norwalk. Born in Seneca County, Ohio, January 16, 1882. Son of William and Mary (Cory) Carpenter. Married October 6, 1910, to Belva L. Smith. Attended Public Schools of Seneca County, Ohio; graduate of Heidelberg University with B. S. degree in 1904; studied law in Tiffin. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1906. Practiced law in Willard until 1917, when he moved to Norwalk. City Solicitor of Willard five years; Mayor of Willard for two terms; Prosecuting Attorney of Huron County, 1917 to 1921. Member I. O. O. F., K. of P., F. & A. M., Huron County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **FRANK GARFIELD CARPENTER**

Residence, 1221 Melbourne Road, East Cleveland; office, 804 Illuminating Building, Cleveland. Born in Wabash, Indiana, December 3, 1879. Son of Rev. L. L. and Mary (Funk) Carpenter. Married to Florence Hathaway, October 25, 1905; three daughters: Lucile, Margaret and Priscilla. Attended the common schools of Wabash, Indiana, graduating from the high school,



1897; graduate of Hiram College, in 1901, with B. L. degree; University of Indianapolis Law School in 1902 with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Indiana, May 28, 1902; later to the United States District Court, Ohio, 1911. Practiced law in Wabash, Indiana, from June, 1902, to September, 1911, when he removed to Cleveland. Since January 1, 1919, a member of the firm of Gentsch, Rawson, Smith, Kavanagh & Carpenter. Member Euclid Avenue Christian Church, Masonic Order, Knights of Malta, Knights of Pythias, The East Cleveland Chamber of Commerce. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Wabash County, Indiana, two consecutive terms on the Republican ticket, 1907 to 1910, inclusive. Candidate for Congress on Progressive Ticket in 20th Ohio District in 1912. Republican.

#### **IRVING CARPENTER.**

Residence and office, Norwalk. Born in Huron County, Ohio, October 24, 1879. Son of Alvin J. and Ollie (Hodges) Carpenter. Married June 26, 1907, to Myrtle McCracken. Graduate of North Fairfield High School; received A. B. degree in 1900; A. M. degree, 1903 and LL. B. degree, 1905 from Ohio Northern University; LL. B. degree from University of Michigan, 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 22, 1904. Member Ohio State and Huron County Bar Associations. Prosecuting Attorney, Huron County, 1913-16. Republican.

#### **ROY R. CARPENTER.**

Residence, 1396 Euclid Avenue; office, 904-5 Sinclair Building, Steubenville, Ohio. Born in Warren Township, Jefferson Coun-

ty, Ohio, December 13, 1879. Son of Andrew Pierce and Lizzie May (Cummins) Carpenter. Married to Elizabeth Oliver, of Kewanee, Illinois, June 21, 1910; two children: Jane Scott and Mary Elizabeth. Graduate of Mt. Pleasant High School, 1898; received degree of A. B. from Oberlin College, 1906; received degree of LL. B. from University of Michigan, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 13, 1907; United States District Court, 1910. Associated with



Earl B. McMaster in the practice of law in Steubenville. Served as legal adviser of War Boards during the World War. Member Masonic Order, 32nd degree; K. of P., I. O. O. F., Elks, I. O. R. M., K. of G. E.; M. W. of A., Maccabees, Jefferson County Bar Association. Prosecuting attorney of Jefferson County from 1917 to January 3, 1921.

#### PAUL E. CARSON.

Residence, 130 W. Princeton Avenue; office, 202 Federal Building, Youngstown. Born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, January 22, 1885. Son of I. N. and Margaret M. (Carson) Carson. Attended the public schools of Washington County, Pennsylvania; South Western State Normal of California, Pennsylvania; graduate of Ohio Northern University, with B. S. degree, 1905, and LL. B. degree, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909; United States District Court, 1916. Engaged in the law practice in Youngstown; alone at the present time. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., Youngstown Club, Mahoning County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Referee in Bankruptcy for Mahoning County



since 1916; Referee in Bankruptcy for Trumhull County since 1918. Democrat.

#### EARL A. CARTER.

Residence, 2618 East 67th Street; office, Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Solon, Ohio, June 13, 1889. Son of I. K. and



Lila May (La Moreaux) Carter. Graduate of Solon High School; attended Detroit College of Law; Baldwin-Wallace University, Cleveland; received LL. B. degree from

Cleveland Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1915. Connected with the legal department of the Land Title Abstract & Trust Co., of Cleveland. Member Legal Advisory Board, Ward 17, Precinct 1, during the World War. Member Delta Theta Phi fraternity. Republican.

#### **KENNETH DROUGHT CARTER.**

Residence 2216 Grandview Avenue; office, National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Geneva, Ohio. Son of Gordon Wadsworth and (Elfie Drought) Carter. Attended Geneva Public and High Schools; University of Wisconsin and Ohio State University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1917. Associated with the law firm of Mooney, Hahn, Loeser & Keough. Served in the United States Infantry, 1918-1919. Member City Club.

#### **WILLIAM M. CARTER.**

Residence, 210 North Chestnut Street; office, Western Reserve Bank Building, Warren. Born in Jefferson, Ashtabula County, Ohio, September 13, 1877. Son of Charles and Harriett (Alexander) Carter. Married to Bessie Brinkerhoff, of Bristol, Ohio, November 17, 1911; two children: Maxine and Dorothy. Early education received in dis-



trict school, Greene Township, Trumbull County, Ohio; Preparatory Law Training in New Lyme Institute, Ashtabula County, Ohio. Taught in the schools of Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties for 12 years. Graduate of Columbian Law School with degree of LL. B., 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 27, 1913, and later to the United States District Court. Member of

the firm of Fillius and Fillius since August, 1919. Participated in civilian war activities during the World War. Member I. O. O. F., K. of P., Maccabees, P. H. C., Country Club of Warren, Trumbull County Bar Association. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Trumbull County from July 1, 1913, to 1917. Republican.

#### **A. A. CARTWRIGHT.**

Residence, 1838 East 90th Street; office, 1028 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in East Liverpool, Ohio, April 4, 1884. Son of Alfred S. and Ada E. (Pearce) Cartwright. Married to Grace A. Bullock, of



Alliance, June 6, 1912. Graduate of East Liverpool High School, 1901; Adelbert College, Western Reserve University with A. B. degree, 1907; Law Department of Western Reserve University with LL. B. degree, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1910; later to the United States District Court. Engaged in the general practice in Cleveland. Member Delta Tau Delta and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities, Cleveland Bar Association. Assistant Director of Law for Cleveland, 1916-18.

#### **JAMES THOMAS CASSIDY.**

Residence, 1339 East 93rd Street; office, Prosecuting Attorney's, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, August 18, 1886. Son of John and Bridget (O'Hare) Cassidy. Attended public school and St. Ignatius College, Cleveland; graduate of Western Reserve University Law School, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913; later United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Cleveland in 1913 and

continues alone to date. Assistant Director of Law of Cleveland January, 1916, to January 1, 1921, when he became Chief Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Cuyahoga

1917; Ohio, June 30, 1917. Practiced law in Washington, D. C., 1915-1916. Since July 5, 1917, practiced law individually in Cleveland. Bears distinction of being first



County. During the World War served in United States Naval Aviation Service, from August 16, 1918, to December, 1918. Member K. of C., B. P. O. E., City Club, Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### **MICHAEL S. CERREZIN.**

Residence, 6718 Wade Park Avenue; office, 414 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Viganj, Dalmatia, Austria (now Jugoslavia), February 18, 1888. Son of Stephen and Anna (Suhor) Cerrezin. Attended the public schools of Viganj, Dalmatia, 1895-1902; Holy Cross College, New Orleans, Louisiana, 1903-1904; Soule College, New Orleans, La., 1904-1905; studied under private tutorage, 1906-08; University of Illinois, Champaign, Ill., 1909-10; graduate of Georgetown University, Washington, D. C.; in 1915 with LL. B. degree. He then took up special work in Columbia, New York University, during the summer sessions. Returned to Georgetown University and received the LL. M. degree in 1916. During this period was also engaged in the practice of law in Washington, D. C. Admitted to the bar of the District of Columbia and to the Court of Appeals, December 20, 1916; to the bar of Illinois, October 11 1916; United States District Court, Northern District of Illinois, January 4, 1917; to the bar of Missouri, January 1, 1917; United States District Court for Northern District of Ohio, March 14,



Croatian-born attorney admitted to the bar of Ohio; also the only one of Slavic race who holds LL. M. degree. Member Cleveland Bar Association.

#### **NEWTON D. CHALKER.**



Residence, Garrettsville, Ohio; office, 319 Second National Building, Akron. Born in



Southington, Trumbull County, Ohio, September 12, 1842. Son of James and Eliza (Hyde) Chalker. Attended Country District School, 1848-1857; Western Reserve Seminary, West Farmington, Ohio, 1857-62, received degree of B. S. therefrom; Allegheny College, Meadville, Pennsylvania, 1863-66, granted degrees of A. B. and A. M.; graduate of Albany, New York, Law School, 1869. Admitted to the bar of New York, May, 1869; to the bar of Ohio, 1874. Practiced law for thirty-six years; meanwhile engaged in various business pursuits. Commenced the practice in Cameron, Missouri, 1869, continuing until 1874, when he moved to Akron, where he engaged in the active practice until retirement in 1905. Traveled through 47 states, Canada, Mexico, Cuba and Alaska, 1894-97; Founder of Chalker High School of Southington, Ohio, and donated the \$40,000 building to his native township; also donated a \$5,000 Civil War Soldiers Monument to the township in 1910. Served in United States Civil War as private in Co. B, 87th Regiment Ohio Volunteers Infantry four months, from May to October, 1862. Member Buckley Post Grand Army of the Republic of Ohio; Akron and Summit County Bar Associations.

#### **CHARLES DUDLEY CHAMBERLIN.**

Residence, 1789 Wilton Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 823-6 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born October 8, 1854, Warrens-



ville, Ohio. Son of Charles Danforth and Rosetta H. (Marks) Chamberlin. Married October 12, 1873, to Estelle V. Tryon. Attended high school at Clinton, Michigan. Admitted to Ohio Bar in 1910 and subsequently Supreme Court of United States,

Commerce Court of United States, and United States District Court of Northern District of Ohio, specializing in Interstate and State Commerce and Federal cases. Formed partnership, general practice, with Hubert Bruce Fuller, under the firm name of Chamberlin & Fuller, November, 1919. Member Masonic Order; General Counsel for The National Petroleum Association; Director American Petroleum Institute; member Petroleum War Service Committee during the war. Republican.

#### **MEADE E. CHAMBERLIN.**

Residence, Silver Lake Village; office, Akron. Born in Sharon, Ohio, August 18, 1878. Son of Frank and Mary (Hanson) Chamberlin. Educated in the common and high schools of Akron; graduate of Buchtel College, Akron, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1906. Member of the firm of Holloway & Chamberlin, 1907-1908. Member Summit County Bar Association, K. of P., School Board of Silver Lake Village.

#### **CARLOS A. CHAPMAN.**

Residence, 1854 Prospect Street, East Cleveland; office, 1836 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland. Born in Twinsburg, Ohio, January 16, 1868. Son of Nathan A. and Grace (Howe) Chapman. Married to Ethel R. Eddy, October 25, 1894. Attended Western Reserve Academy, 1885; Adelbert College, one year; received LL. B. degree from Adelbert College, 1892. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1892; United States District Court, 1899. Engaged in the individual law practice in Cleveland. Member Beta Theta Pi and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; F. & A. M.; City Club.

#### **CHARLES CALVIN CHAPMAN.**

Residence and office, Ashland. Born on a farm in Ashland County, Ohio, May 24, 1871. Son of Richard M. and Rhoda (Webster) Chapman. Married in March, 1898, to Adaline Kohler, of Ashland; one child, Florence. Attended the common schools of Ashland County, Ohio; taught school six years in Ashland County, Ohio; Attended Ashland College; Hayesville Institute; graduate of Ohio Northern University Law Department in 1908 with LL. B. degree and B. S. degree in 1908 from Scientific Department. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1908; later to United States District Court; in 1917 to United States Supreme Court. Commenced the practice of law in Ashland, in 1908. In partnership with J. P. Taggart, under the firm name of Chapman & Taggart, from 1909 to 1914; alone to date. Clerk of Common Pleas Courts of Ashland County, 1900 to 1906. Prosecuting Attorney of Ashland County from January, 1917, to January, 1921. Democratic candidate for Common Pleas Judge of Ashland County

in 1920. Member Masonic Bodies, Knights Templar; I. O. O. F., M. W. of A., B. P.



O. E., Ashland County Bar Association; Presbyterian Church. Democrat.

#### CHARLES FAYETTE CHAPMAN.



Residence, 2033 Mt. Vernon Avenue; office, 1002 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born November 14, 1875, in Millbury, Ohio. Son of Charles F. and Philinda (Tracy) Chapman. Married October 23, 1902, to Elizabeth M. Hanson, of Perrysburg, Ohio. Grad-

uate of Perrysburg High School. Attended Law Department of University of Michigan; studied law in office of King & Tracy, Toledo. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 14, 1898, and later to the United States District Court and to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Associated with King & Tracy from 1898 to 1907. Member of the firm of King, Tracy, Chapman & Welles from 1907 to 1914. Member of the firm of Tracy, Chapman & Welles since 1914. Member of Toledo Club, Chamber of Commerce, Collingwood Avenue Presbyterian Church, American, Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### HARLEY EDWARD CHENOWETH.

Residence, 937 East 149th Street; office, 512 Hickox Building, Cleveland. Born in Glen Karn, Ohio, October 2, 1892. Son of W. A. and Rosa (Thomas) Chenoweth. Married to Pearl Moore, October 5, 1918. Received primary education public and high schools of Ohio; graduate Ohio Wesleyan University, with degree of A. B., in 1914; Law School of Western Reserve University in 1918, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1918. Associated with the law firm of Griswold, Green, Palmer & Hadden. Member City Club.

#### CHARLES WADDELL CHESNUTT.

Residence, 9719 Lamont Avenue; office, 1106 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June 20, 1858. Son of



Andrew J. and Maria (Sampson) Chesnutt. Married to Susan U. Perry, of North Carolina. Educated in Cleveland public schools; academic education with private instructors;



taught in public schools; read law in office of the late Judge Samuel E. Williamson, of Cleveland. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1887. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland; also conducts law reporting office. Author of a number of works of Fiction: "The Conjure Woman," "The Wife of His Youth," and other stories, in 1899; "The House Behind the Cedars," 1900; "The Marrow of Tradition," 1901; "The Colonel's Dream," 1905; also a number of short stories, essays and articles, and "The Life of Frederick Douglas." Member Rowfant Club, Chamber of Commerce, City and Church Clubs of Cleveland, Cleveland Bar Association, Republican.

#### **HUGO F. CHESTOSKY.**

Residence, 121 Bellevue Boulevard; office, 320 Market Street, Steubenville. Born in Vienna, Austria Hungary, June 8, 1898. Son of John and Mary (Mocek) Chestosky. Married August 24, 1920, to Dorothy Mertz.



Attended public and high schools of Londondale, Ohio; Ohio Northern University, 1915 to 1919, received L.L. B. degree in 1919. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 6, 1919. Engaged in the general practice alone in Steubenville. Enlisted for service in the World War, October 15, 1918, in U. S. Infantry; honorably discharged December 20, 1918. Member K. of P., Delta Theta Phi Law Fraternity; Jefferson County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **CHARLES W. CHEW.**

Residence and office, Mansfield. Born in Richland County, August 19, 1873. Son of H. R. and Mary Jane (Flook) Chew.

Married May 4, 1907, to Grace E. Sowash; one child, Virginia Jane. Attended public and high schools of Mansfield; studied law in office of C. E. McBride, of Mansfield. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1900; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit court of Appeals, City Solicitor of Mansfield, 1914 to 1918. Member Board of Education of Mansfield; Masonic Order, K. of P., Richland County Bar Association. Deputy Attorney, State Fire Marshal, 1906, 1907. Democrat.

#### **ALESSANDRO L. CHIOSTERGI.**

Residence, 1846 Taylor Road; office, 929 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Terni, Italy, April 20, 1891. Son of Enrico and Maria (Genovesi) Chiostergi. Married to Carmela Cafarelli, of Cleveland, Ohio, June 24, 1918. Attended the grammar schools of Italy from 1897 to 1902; graduating from the High School, 1906; attended



College in Rome, Italy, 1906-08; came to Cleveland, 1913; entered Western Reserve University Law School, 1915, graduating therefrom with L.L. B. degree, 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1918. Associated with law firm of Bayly, Simmons & DeWitt, of Cleveland. Enlisted as a volunteer in the Italian army, November 18, 1909; appointed Sergeant of Italian Grenadiers, November 18, 1909; honorably discharged June 6, 1912. Member, Cleveland Bar Association; Order of the Sons of Italy.

#### **CHARLES EDWIN CHITTENDEN.**

Residence, Ottawa Hills; office, Court House, Toledo. Born in Seneca County, Ohio, September 16, 1865. Son of Edwin

S. and Addie S. (Baldwin) Chittenden. Married to Edith A. Foster, August 27, 1889; two children: Catherine and Edwin F. Attended Schools of Seneca County; Fostoria Academy; Heidelberg College, 1886; received B.S. degree from Ohio Northern University, 1887; LL.B. de-



gree from Cincinnati Law School, 1889. Read law in office of Seney & Schaufelberger of Tiffin. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1889; later United States District Court. Member of the firm of Chittenden & Derr, Tiffin, 1889, to 1891; Chittenden & Chittenden, Toledo, 1892 to 1908. Elected Judge Court of Common Pleas, Lucas County, 1908; re-elected, 1910. Judge Court of Appeals, 6th District, 1912; re-elected, 1918. Member Masonic Order: 32nd degree; K. of P., Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations, B. P. O. E. President Board of Trustees First Unitarian Church of Toledo. Democrat.

#### CLIFTON W. CHORPENING.

Residence, 357 Fenwood Drive; office, 501 Flatiron Building, Akron. Born in Nova, Ohio, September 5, 1885. Son of Oliver and Flora (Taylor) Chorpensing. Married to Mildred E. Akers, June, 1910; three children: Robert, Oliver and Phyllis. Attended the public schools of Ashland County, Ohio; Savannah Academy; received LL.B. degree from Ohio Northern University, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 23, 1908. Member of the firm of Moore & Chorpensing, Ashland, 1910 to 1913; since July, 1918, member of the firm of Hay & Chorpensing. Member Masonic Order, Summit County Bar Association. Police Judge of Ashland, 1916 to 1917. Republican.

#### DAVID A. CHRISTOPHER.

Residence, 1404 Hower Avenue, East Cleveland; summer residence Stop No. 136, Lake Shore Boulevard, Euclid, Ohio; office, 850 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Millersburg, Ohio, February 4, 1888. Son of John and Laura Belle (Lacey) Christopher. Married to Julia A. Kingsley, of Cleveland, May 19, 1916. Educated in the common schools of Millersburg, Ohio; graduate of Millersburg High School, 1906; entered Northwestern University Law School, 1906; attended Western Reserve University Law School, 1907-08; finished Law Course in Northwestern University, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Illinois (youngest member at time of admission), October 6, 1909; bar of Ohio, June 29, 1911; United States District Court, February 19, 1913. Practiced law in Chicago, 1909. Represented The Fidelity and Casualty Co., of New York, from January 1, 1910, to



February 1, 1912, as Claims Attorney in the Cleveland Claim Department. On February 1, 1912, formed law partnership with Henry C. Robblee, at Cleveland, under the firm name of Christopher & Robblee, continuing the partnership until the death of Mr. Robblee, February 19, 1919. Practice continues under the firm name of Christopher & Robblee to the present time. Government Appeal Agent during the war for Local Board No. 3, Cuyahoga County, Ohio. Member Woodward Lodge 508, F. & A. M.; Webb Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Oriental Commandery, Knights Templar; Lake Erie Consistory; Order of Mystic Shrine; Cleveland Council; City Club; Knights of Malta.

**MELVIN CHRISTOPHER.**

Residence, 2903 Washington Boulevard, Cleveland Heights. Born in Millersburg, Ohio, January 23, 1880. Son of John and Laura V. (Lacey) Christopher. Married July 5, 1915, to Nellie B. Jones. Educated in the public and high schools of Millersburg; graduate of Cleveland Law School with LL. B. degree in 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June,



1913, and commenced the practice of law the same year. In 1915 associated with the firm of Christopher & Robblee, continuing for 2 years. Entered Officers' Training Camp, Fort Benjamin Harrison, May 11, 1917. Commissioned Captain and ordered to France September, 1917; appointed Judge Advocate of General Courts Martial, and held this office for 8 months in conjunction with other duties in the A. E. F., subsequently promoted to the rank of Major. Finance Manager, Disbursing Officer and member of the Claims Board of the Cleveland District Ordnance for some time. Member Army & Navy Club, American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Cleveland Grays, F. & A. M.

**FRANK S. CHRYST.**

Residence, 10 Monroe Street; office, Market Street, Warren. Born in Lordstown, Trumbull County, Ohio, May 28, 1859. Son of Solomon R. and Elizabeth (Johnson) Chryst. Married to Anna L. Millar, April 15, 1886. Two children: Mrs. Blanche E. Rehr; Mrs. Sara M. Stringer. Educated in the Public Schools of Warren; graduate of Allegheny College, Meadville, Pennsylvania, June 20, 1880. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1882. Engaged in the general practice of law in Warren. Member Trumbull County Bar Association.

Judge of Probate Court of Trumbull County, Ohio, from February 9, 1903, to February 9, 1909. Republican.

**HENRY CLAY CHURCH.**

Residence, 514 Florida Avenue; office, City Hall, Youngstown. Born in Primrose, Pennsylvania, February 14, 1882. Son of Henry C. and Caroline Lucy (Ames) Church. Married December 26, 1904, to Lida Maurer (died October 11, 1913); Donna Mead, June 23, 1917; three children: Henry C. III, Lida May and Elizabeth Caroline. Attended the public and high schools of Newton Falls, Ohio; Mt. Union College, Western Reserve University Law Department; graduate of Cleveland Law School with LL. B. degree in 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1913. City Solicitor of Mineral Ridge 2 years. Assistant City Attorney, Youngstown, since July 1, 1918. Member Masonic Order, L. O. O. M., Sigma Nu fraternity, Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

**ALBERT W. CINNIGER.**

Residence, Lorain; office, Century Building, Lorain. Born on a farm near Medina, Ohio, September 13, 1875. Son of John and Olive Ann (Eden) Cinniger. Married to Clara L. Gibbs, of Brunswick, Ohio, September 11, 1900. Attended country school; Medina High School; received B. S. degree from Hiram College, June 22, 1899; studied law in office of Judge George W. Lewis and Judge George Hayden, of Medina, Ohio; later in office of Judge A. R. Webber, of Elyria, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December 7, 1901; United States District Court, February 23, 1904. Commenced practice of law in Elyria in partnership with C. A. Metcalf, which continued until February, 1905; associated with Judge W. B. Thompson and George L. Glitsch, of Lorain, until December, 1911, since which time he has practiced individually. Member Masonic Order, L. O. O. F., Christian Church, Lorain, Ohio; Sons of Veterans, Board of Commerce of Lorain, Ohio; Lorain County Bar Association. Active in all Republican campaigns for 20 years; especially active in campaign of 1912 as a Progressive. Independent in politics.

**GEORGE H. CLARK.**

Residence and office, Canton. Born in Canton, Ohio, October 18, 1872. Son of James J. and Ada F. (Schlahach) Clark. Married in 1900 to Harriette C. Cram, of Canton. Two children: John J. and Thomas C. Attended the Common Schools of Canton; graduate of Cincinnati Law School in 1894. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1895; later to United States Southern and Northern District Court and United States Court of Appeals. Member of the firm of Clark, Ambler &

Clark in 1895; in 1900 the firm became Clark & Clark. Since 1915 with H. E. Hunker. Member of the Sons of Veterans. Republican.

### G. JAY CLARK.

Residence, 436 Vine Street; office, Meredith Building, East Liverpool, Ohio. Born in East Liverpool, Columbiana County, Ohio, June 21, 1894. Son of Attorney Adolphus H. (deceased) and Katheryn I. (Ikirt) Clark. Married Evelyn Brown, Lisbon, Ohio, June 24, 1920. Graduate of East Liverpool High School, 1913; studied law



in office of McKain & Ohl, in Youngstown, from June, 1913, to August, 1915. August 1915, to December, 1916, in the office of W. Frank Lones, of East Liverpool. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January 2, 1917; later to United States District Court. Practiced law in Youngstown, associated with Emil J. Anderson (deceased), from July, 1917, to April 1, 1919; associated with W. A. O'Grady in Wellsville, Ohio, from April 1, 1919, to the present time. Member the First Presbyterian Church of East Liverpool; I. O. O. F. No. 379 of East Liverpool; Gen. Garfield Camp Sons of Veterans; F. O. E., Southern Columbiana County and Ohio State Bar Associations.

### HAROLD TERRY CLARK.

Residence, 2919 Fairmount Boulevard; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Derby, New Haven County, Connecticut, September 4, 1882. Son of William Jared and Mary Josephine (Terry) Clark. Married to Mary Ermina, daughter of Hon. William Brownell and Annie E. (Otis) Sanders, November 22, 1911. Edu-

cated in the public schools of Ansonia, Connecticut, Hillhouse High School, New Haven, Connecticut. Graduate of Yale College, with A. B. degree, 1903; Harvard Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1906. Admitted to the bar of Connecticut June 26, 1906; Ohio, December 21, 1906; United States Circuit Court, October 12, 1907; United States Supreme Court, May 15, 1911. Member of the firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey since January 1, 1913. Member Troop A, Ohio National Guard, January, 1909-1912. Assistant to Hon. Bernard M. Baruch, chairman of the United States War Industries Board, November and December, 1918; assistant to Hon. Bernard M. Baruch, technical advisor, American Commission to Negotiate Peace, Paris, January, February and March, 1919. Decorated Chevalier of the Order of Leopold I, by King Albert of Belgium, February 22, 1919. Member University Club, Union Club, Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland; The Yale Club of New York City.

### JOHN H. CLARK.

Residence and office, Marion. Born in Marion County, Ohio, May 19, 1872. Son of Nathan and Victoria (Johnson) Clark. Married November 8, 1899, to Jennie F. Smith; one child: Gladys Irene. Attended public schools of Marion County; received LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern Uni-



versity Law Department in 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1900. Has practiced continuously since admission, in Marion. Prosecuting Attorney of Marion County, 1905 to 1909; Republican candidate for Congress in 1916. Member Board of County Food Administration and Marion

County War Board during the World War. Member Masonic Order; K. of P., Junior Order United Mechanics; B. P. O. E., Kiwanis Club; Ohio State and Marion County Bar Associations; Treasurer Epworth M. E. Church; member Board of Trustees Ohio Northern University. Member Board of Directors of Y. M. C. A. Republican.

#### **NORMAN W. CLARK.**

Residence, Alliance. Born near Richmond, Jefferson County, Ohio, April 25, 1883. Son of Andrew J. and Elizabeth (Norman) Clark. Married to Charlotte Leggett, November, 1912; three children: Mary Louise,



Virginia E., Norman W., Jr. Attended county schools of Jefferson County, Ohio, city schools of Alliance. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1910; to the United States District Court, August, 1912. Associated with the law firm of Hart & Koehler, of Alliance, from 1910 to 1913. Member Alliance Chamber of Commerce, Knights of Pythias Lone Rock Lodge No. 23; Conrad Lodge 271 F. & A. M., Chapter No. 283 R. A. M.; J. O. U. A. M., No. 25 of Alliance; Kiwanis Club of Canton; Emeth Lodge of Perfection; Benton Chapter Rose Croix; Tiger Lodge of Canton; Lake Erie Consistory 32nd degree of Cleveland. Deputy Clerk of Courts of Stark County from 1913 to 1917; Clerk of Courts of Stark County from 1917 to date; Candidate for Judge Probate Court, Stark County, August, 1920. Republican.

#### **JOHN HESSIN CLARKE.**

Residence and office, Washington, D. C. Born at Lisbon, Ohio, September 18, 1857. Son

of John and Melissa (Hessin) Clarke. Received A. B. degree from Western Reserve University, 1877; A. M. degree, 1880; (LL. D. degree, 1916). Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1878. Practiced law in Lisbon, 1878-80; Youngstown, 1880-97; Cleveland, 1897-1914; General Counsel N. Y. C. & St. L. R. R. 13 years; United States District Judge, Northern District of Ohio, 1914-16; appointed Associate Justice Supreme Court of United States, July 14, 1916. Democratic candidate for United States Senate and made canvass against Mark A. Hanna, 1903. Was chairman committee in charge of short ballot movement in Ohio; vice president for Ohio Anti-Imperialist League; president Perry's Victory Centennial Commission of Ohio; president Trustees Youngstown Public Library, 1892-97; trustee Cleveland Public Library, 1903-06. Member University, Union Clubs, Cleveland; University Clubs, New York and Washington.

#### **ORIN CLARK CLEMENT.**

Residence and office, Kent. Born in Knox City, Missouri, September 14, 1884. Son of Edward C. and Mary J. (Yancey) Clement. Married to Jessie E. Perkins, May 29, 1920. Graduate of LaBelle, Missouri, high school, 1904; attended Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois, 1904-06; graduate University of Cincinnati Liberal Arts College, with A. B. degree, 1908; Law Department of that institution, with degree of LL. B., 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 22, 1909. Engaged in the practice of law in Todelo, Ohio, 1910 to 1918; associated with legal department Nitrate Plant No. 3, Toledo, 1918-19; legal department of The Mason Tire & Rubber Co., Kent, since March 1, 1920. Member Delta Tau Delta and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities.

#### **JOHN A. CLINE.**

Residence, 1786 East 89th Street; office, 1113 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Warren, Ohio, December 8, 1875. Son of E. B. and Mary A. Cline. Married to Cassandra Jones. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1897. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Cuyahoga County Prosecutor, 1909-1913. Republican.

#### **ALFRED CLUM.**

Residence, 14328 Superior Road; office, 511 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Staten Island, New York, September 26, 1863. Son of Wm. H. and Elizabeth A. (Van Deuzen) Clum. Married to Lizzie W. Bohrer, June 2, 1886. Educated in the public and high schools of Washington, D. C.; attended Law Department, George Washington University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1889; United States District Court; United States Supreme Court, December 14, 1917. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. First Assistant Director of Law, Cleveland, since January 15, 1918.



Member of the firm of Clum & Marty. Member Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, City Club and Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

**KERTIS COBOURN.**

Residence, 32 Madison Avenue; office, 63½ East Main Street, Salem, Ohio. Born in Perry Township, near Salem, Ohio, January 15, 1871. Son of Nathan and Harriet J. (Carle) Cobourn. Married to Myrta L. Kille, in Lisbon, Ohio, January 20, 1897;



one child, Frank M. Graduate of Damascus Academy, with degree of B. S., June 17, 1892; Read law under Attorney A. W. Taylor in Salem. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 13, 1901; United States Circuit Court, Northern District of Ohio, February 5, 1907. General practice in Salem. Member F. O. E. No. 316; Past Exalted Ruler of B. P. O. E. No. 305. Member Salem Chamber of Commerce; served as President two years. Has been member of Republican Central Committee for more than twenty years; held office of President and Secretary; now serving on County Executive and Local Central Committee. Republican.

**BLAINE HAMLET COCHRAN.**

Residence, 423 Thompson Ave.; office, Brookes Building, East Liverpool, Ohio. Born in East Liverpool, Ohio, March 3, 1885. Son of William Henry and Harriet (Hulme) Cochran. Married to Esther J. Baur, February 5, 1915; three children; Harriette Jane; Martha Louise, Marion Ruth. Attended public school, Pittsburgh, Pa.; East Liverpool High School; graduate Ohio Northern University, with degree of LL.B., November 8, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 18, 1907. Member B. P. O.

E.; I. O. O. F.; L. O. O. M.; Sigma Phi Epsilon, Theta Nu Epsilon fraternities; East Liverpool Chamber of Commerce, Methodist Episcopal Church; Columbiana county and Southern Columbiana County Bar Associations. President Rotary Club. Clerk to Mayor of East Liverpool 1908-12. Secretary Board of Control, 1910-12. Republican.

**RALPH B. COHEN.**

Residence, 511 North Fourth Street; office, 320 Market Street, Steubenville, Ohio. Born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 26, 1880. Son of Hart and Henrietta (Brunswick) Cohen. Married June 28, 1902, to Estella E. Mishkin, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; one child, a daughter; Henrietta Cohen. Attended Philadelphia public school; graduate of Philadelphia high school in 1898; attended Temple College, Philadelphia, 1898 to 1900; University of Pennsylvania Law School, 1901 to 1903. Read law in office of W. C. Brown, of Steubenville, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1905; to the United States District Court, September, 1915; engaged in the general practice of law alone until 1918, and then formed a partnership with Dio Rogers and now a member of the firm of Rogers & Cohen. Member of K. of P. and B'nai B'rith, Ohio State and Jefferson County Bar Associations. President of The Consolidated Coal & Coke Company at Mingo Junction, Ohio, and director of the Steubenville Gazette Company, a daily newspaper at Steubenville, Ohio; formerly director in Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad Company. Republican.

**AARON BERNARD COHN.**



Residence, 2354 Warren Street; office, Municipal Court, Toledo, Ohio. Born in

Hungary, March 29, 1883. Son of Sam and Fanny (Friedman) Cohn. Came to the United States in 1890. Attended the public and high schools of Toledo. Taught manual training in Toledo schools from 1903 to 1905. Entered Ohio State University in 1905. Graduate of Law Department of that institution with LL. B. degree in 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1910; later to the United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Toledo until 1918. In 1917 elected Judge of the First Municipal Court of Toledo, where he continues to date. Member of the committee which drafted the Municipal Court bill for Toledo in 1917. Dean of Law School of Toledo University since 1915. First Lieutenant Troop D, 1st Ohio Cavalry, Ohio National Guard, for a number of years. Member Legal Advisory Board of Toledo during the World War. Member Toledo Chamber of Commerce; trustee Toledo Newsboys' Association; commissioner Boy Scouts of Toledo; member Ohio State and Toledo Bar Associations; Delta Chi fraternity. Republican.

#### AUGUSTUS S. COLE.

Residence, 533 East Main, Ravenna; office, Common Pleas Judge Portage County, Ohio. Born in Chickasaw County, Iowa, October 6, 1859. Son of Jedediah and Catherine (Dickens) Cole. Married Jennie M.



Allen November 27, 1884 (died July 20, 1908). One son, Lee A. Married June 19, 1915, to Lorena Reed, of Ravenna, Ohio. Attended the public schools of Garrettsville, Ohio; Oberlin College in 1877; studied law in the office of W. B. Thomas, of Ravenna; attended University of Michigan Law School, 1882 and 1883. Admitted to the bar

of Ohio November 8, 1882; later to United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Associated with W. B. Thomas until 1886; then practiced law alone until 1891; member of the firm of Cole & Douthitt until 1895, since which time he practiced alone until 1918, when he was elected Judge Common Pleas Court of Portage County; served a short term and re-elected in November, 1920, for a full term of 6 years. Mayor of Ravenna from 1890 to 1899. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., B. P. O. E., Portage County Bar Association. Republican.

#### HEATH K. COLE.

Residence, 181 Clinton Avenue; office, 98½ E. Market Street, Tiffin. Born in Republic, Ohio, September 16, 1880. Son of John L. and A. Maria (Platte) Cole. Married to Dora D. Dunn, November 24, 1910; two children: Anna Katherine and Elsie Louise. Educated in Republic Village high schools; graduate of Heidelberg University, with degree of B. S., 1901; Ohio State University, with degree of LL. B., 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1905; bar of Kansas, January 24, 1907. Member F. & A. M., Jr. O. U. A. M. Chairman Republican Executive Committee, 1910-14. Secretary Seneca County Bar Association since 1918. Republican.

#### W. D. COLE.

Residence, 2059 McKinley Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio; office, City Hall, Cleveland.



Born at North Ridgeville, Ohio, November 23, 1886. Son of John D. and Sarah J. (Line) Cole. Married to Olive

V. Maxson, May 29, 1913, Los Angeles, Cal. Received early education at North Ridgeville and Elyria grade schools, and Elyria high school. Attended Oberlin College, from which he received A. B. degree; later University of Michigan with LL. B. degree. Admitted to Ohio bar June, 1912, and to United States District Court, 1913. Became associated with Klein & Harris in the practice of law from 1912 to September, 1917, when he was appointed assistant director of law for the city of Cleveland, serving in that capacity until March, 1919. Associated with Rogers, Klein & Harris and Klein & Harris until January, 1921, when he became associated with Law Department of city of Cleveland.

#### MAURICE ALFRED COLLINS.

Residence, 244 Custer Avenue; office, 314-17 Dollar Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, October 5, 1895. Son of Israel and Sarah (Goldsmith) Collins. Attended public and high schools of Farrell, Pennsylvania; Law School of University of Pittsburgh three years; graduate of Baldwin-Wallace Uni-



versity, Cleveland, with LL. B. degree in 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1918. Engaged in the practice of law in Youngstown. For one year in partnership with Geo. H. Glazzard. During the World War served with Ordnance Department of the United States Army from September, 1917, to July, 1918; with Tank Corps, 334 Battalion, from July, 1918, to December 1918. Member Knights of Pythias, I. O. O. F., I. O. B. B., Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

#### NEIL A. COLLINS.

Residence, Rocky River, Ohio; office, 1119 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, December 20, 1886. Son of Edward H. and Agnes (Haywood) Collins. Married to Florence M. Cook, of New York, N. Y., September 30, 1914. Educated in Cleveland schools and colleges. Attended



Detroit Street School, 1895-97; St. Augustine School, 1897-1900; St. Ignatius College, 1900-07; received degree of A. B.; Cleveland Law School, 1907-10; received degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1910; United States District Court, October, 1912. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Member Gilmour Council, Knights of Columbus; Cleveland Yacht Club. Democrat.

#### RAY BARNARD COLTON.

Residence, 849 North Howard Street; office, Exchange Realty Co., Akron. Born in Rootstown, Ohio, July 18, 1880. Son of Hiram S. and Lucy B. (Barnard) Colton. Married to Eissila Vandershee, December 31, 1916. Graduate of Garrettsville, Ohio, high school, 1899; Hiram College, with degree of A. B., 1909; Ohio State University with degree of LL. B. in 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1909. Associated with The Exchange Realty Co., Akron, since 1919. Member Masonic Order, Masonic Club, Acacia fraternity, Cleveland and Akron Bar Associations.

#### HARRY S. COMMAGER.

Residence, 1209 Collingwood Avenue; office, Court House, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, in 1878. Son of Hon. David H. and Elizabeth



(Williams) Commager. Attended the Public and High Schools of Toledo; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1900; later to United States District Court. In partnership with his father, David H. Commager until 1912. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Lucas County, 1912-16. Director of Law of Toledo, 1916-18. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Lucas County since January, 1921. Deck Officer in Atlantic Service, United States Shipping Board, 1918 and 1919. Republican.

#### **JAMES CHARLES CONNELL.**

Residence, 5922 Superior Avenue; office, 506 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 20, 1895. Son of Thos. F. and Elizabeth (Stoll) Connell. Attended Immaculate Conception Parochial School; High School of Commerce, Cleve-



land; Baldwin-Wallace College; Ohio Northern University; received LL. B. degree from John Marshall Law School, Cleveland, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1918. Associated in the practice of law in Cleveland with T. J. Ross During the World War with Case Military Camp; assigned to Baldwin-Wallace College in charge of S. A. T. C. Co. Member K. of C., American Legion.

#### **WILLIAM M. CONNELLY.**

Residence, Alhambra Apartments; office, 915 Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born in Buffalo, New York, April 25, 1890. Son of John and Mary Marth (Sullivan) Connelly. Graduate of Lafayette High School, Buffalo, 1909; University of Buffalo, 1911;

University of Michigan with LL. B. degree, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, 1913; to the bar of Ohio and United States Courts, 1914. Associated with the firm of Goulder, White & Garry, of Cleveland, since 1913 (in Admiralty practice). Sworn in as



ensign, United States Naval Reserve, February, 1917, having held United States steamboat license five years; navigator of Great Lakes training ship Yantic, from April 6, 1917, to April 6, 1919; assistant aide, armed guards for merchant ships in Norfolk, Virginia; watch officer, U. S. S. Tenedores and Northern Pacific; lieutenant since 1918. Member Delta Chi fraternity of Buffalo and Michigan; Scalp and Blade fraternity, Michigan; Cleveland Athletic Club. Republican.

#### **AUGUSTINE F. CONNOLLY.**

Residence, 576 Palmwood Avenue; office, Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Oberlin, Ohio, March 31, 1872. Son of Michael and Mary (Collins) Connolly. Attended Oberlin High School; Oberlin Business College; graduate of University of Michigan with LL. B. degree, in 1898. Admitted to the bar of Michigan in 1898; Ohio, 1899; later to the United States District Court. Member of the firm Connolly & Kirtley. Member Knights of Columbus, B. P. O. E., Lucas County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **STEPHEN S. CONROY.**

Residence, 361 Fairgreen Avenue; office, Wick Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, Ohio, December 25, 1869. Married to Isabella W. Brenner, of Lancaster, Pennsylvania in 1911. Attended the Public and High

Schools of Youngstown; studied law in the law office of H. K. Taylor, Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1893; subsequently to the United States Courts. Member of the firm of Hine, Kennedy, Manchester, Conroy & Ford. Member Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations; Youngstown Club; Youngstown Country Club; B. P. O. E. City Solicitor of Youngstown, 1900-05. Republican.

**DAN P. CONWAY.**

Residence, 105 South Portland Avenue; office, 603 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Fort Winnebago, Wisconsin, March 26, 1883. Son of Michael and Mary (Gallagher) Conway. Married to Eva C. Cain, of Cleveland, Ohio, August 30, 1913. Graduate of St. Columba's School, Youngstown, June 20, 1898; graduate of Hall Business College, Youngstown, 1907; attended



Western Reserve University Law School, Cleveland, 1910-12. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 25, 1912; United States District Court, May 5, 1915. Commenced the law practice in Youngstown July 10, 1912; later associated with Hon. E. H. Moore and Hon. James Kennedy. Member B. P. O. E., K. of C., B. of R. T., A. O. H., P. H. C., R. E. L. Society; Mahoning County Bar Association. First assistant city solicitor of Youngstown, 1914-15. Democrat.

**THOMAS A. CONWAY.**

Residence, 527 West Second Street; office, Elyria Block, Elyria, Ohio. Born in Olmsted Falls, Ohio, June 19, 1864. Son of Patrick and Jane (Calahan) Conway. Married to Stella J. Owens, in Ada, Ohio, June 8, 1877; five children: Owen T., Charles B.,

Esther E., Dorothy E. and Eugene H. Attended country school in Wood County, Ohio; high school, Grand Rapids, Ohio; taught school during the winters while at-



tending Ohio Northern University the summers of 1886-87-88-89; studied law under Hon. John V. Cuff, of Napoleon, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio October 5, 1893, and later to the United States District Court. Practiced in Napoleon, Ohio, from 1894 to 1907; in partnership with W. P. Duffy four years; moved to Elyria, Ohio, in 1907; one year later formed partnership with H. A. Pounds, under the firm name of Conway & Pounds, which continued for three years. Member of Knights of Columbus. Prosecuting Attorney of Henry County from 1904 to 1907; Mayor of Elyria, 1909-11; appointed Probate Judge, June 1912, served in that capacity until February, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy since 1915. Democrat.

**CHARLES B. COOK.**

Office, 160 Main Street, Ashtabula. Born in Painesville, Ohio, August 1, 1865. Son of Jhial P. and Olive D. (Glines) Cook. Married September 4, 1884, to Minnie A. Secor; four children: Blake C., Grace A., Earl G. and Floyd S. Attended common schools of Lake County, Ohio; high school, Summit County, Ohio; Madison Seminary, Madison, Ohio; Geneva Normal School; studied law in office of James F. McGiffert, of Ashtabula. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1911; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Anderson, Cook, Mathews & Cook, Youngstown, 1911-12; for four years with his son Blake C. Cook; later Cook, Cook & Johnson; in 1917

moved to Jefferson, where he practiced until 1919, when he moved to Ashtabula. For 19 years in locomotive department of Lake Shore Railroad, during the latter part of that time read law. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., B. P. O. E., Ashtabula County Bar Association, B. of L. E., Grange. Republican.

#### **DANIEL A. COOK.**

Residence, 1943 East 32nd Street; office, City Bank Building, Lorain. Born in Galion, Crawford County, Ohio, May 3, 1883. Son of Lewis and Dora I. Cook. Married to Grace B. Kates, June 9, 1906. Graduate of Galion High School, 1900; University of Michigan Law Department, with LL. B. degree, June 23, 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1904; United States District Court, April 8, 1909. Engaged in the law practice in Lorain continuously since February 20, 1905. Past Master of Sheffield Lodge No. 628, F. & A. M.; member R. A. M.; R. S. M.; Lorain Country Club.

#### **ERNEST S. COOK.**

Residence, 2830 Franklin Avenue; office, 1319 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Morenci, Michigan, June 26, 1859. Son of Stephen H. and Mary H. Cook. Married to M. Katharine Dempsey, June 18, 1883. Attended the public schools of Cleveland; received A. B. degree from Kenyon College,



1882. Admitted to the bar of Ohio May, 1886; later to the United States District Court. A member of the law firm of Marvin & Cook from 1890 to 1895; Webster, Angell & Cook, 1895-98; Webster & Cook,

1898-1900; Brewer, Cook & McGowan, 1900-1905; Cook, McGowan & Foote, 1907-1918; now Cook, McGowan, Foote, Bushnell & Lamb. Member of Ohio National Guard summer of 1883. Member Union, University, Mayfield Country, Tippecanoe, Western Reserve Clubs of Cleveland; Halycon Lodge No. 498, F. & A. M.; Thatcher Chapter No. 1, R. A. M., Cleveland. Presidential elector; delegate to National Republican Convention, 1908; Assistant United States Attorney, October, 1890-1895; United States Attorney three months in 1895. Republican.

#### **JOSEPH R. COOK.**

Residence, 111 Harbor Avenue office, 160 Main Street, Ashtabula. Born in Ashtabula, Ohio, July 29, 1891. Son of Mack R. and Nettie A. (Davis) Cook. Married to Clara M. Salehli, June 20, 1917; one child: Ruth Clara. Graduate of Ashtabula high school, 1910; Adelbert College of Western Reserve University, with A. B. degree, 1915; from Backus Law School of Western Reserve University, degree of LL. B., 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1917. Served in United States Army transport service, July 29, 1918, to October 16, 1918; U. S. Emergency Fleet Corp of the Merchant Marine, October 16, 1918, to March 16, 1919. Member Phi Gamma Delta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; F. & A. M., O. of E. S., American Legion, Army and Navy Union, Knights of Malta, Ashtabula County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **NATHAN E. COOK.**



Residence, 1558 Clarence Avenue, Lakewood; office, 320 Leader-News Building.

Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 22, 1882. Son of Isaac and Emma (Nachud) Cook. Married to Emma Meyer in Cleveland, March 7, 1905; three children: Meyer, Nathan E., Jr., Harry Davis Cook. Graduate of Cleveland public schools, June, 1896; of West High School, June, 1900; Cleveland Law School, Baldwin-Wallace University, with degree of LL.B., June, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1916; to the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1919. Member Cleveland Advertising Club, City Club, Masonic Order, Knights of Pythias, Elks. Deputy Clerk Court of Common Pleas from 1906 to 1909; secretary to former Mayor Harry L. Davis, of Cleveland, from January 1, 1916, to December 31, 1917. Republican.

#### VAN C. COOK.

Residence, 107 Sherman Avenue; office, Mohican Building, Mansfield. Born in Knox, Ohio, July 20, 1873. Son of Dr. S. M. and Margaret (Hardgrove) Cook. Married April 17, 1902, to Lura Moore; two children: Vangelene and Perry. Attended country schools; graduate of Hiram College with A. B. degree in 1897; studied law in office of Douglass & Mengert, of Mansfield. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1901; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. City Solicitor of Mansfield from January 1, 1918, to the present time. Member 8th O. V. I. during the Spanish-American War. Member B. P. O. E., Masonic Order, F. O. E., Spanish War Veterans, Richland County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### DAHL BUCHANAN COOPER.

Residence, 248 Poland Avenue, Struthers, Ohio; office, Court House, Youngstown. Born in Coitsville, Mahoning County, Ohio, September 19, 1880. Son of David Perry and Mary A. (McClelland) Cooper. Married August 5, 1915, to Ruth G. Creed, of Struthers. Two children, Betty Louise and William Perry. Attended the public schools of Coitsville and Struthers; Rayen High School, Youngstown; received A. B. degree from Oberlin College in 1903; LL. B. degree from Harvard Law School in 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1907. Commenced the practice of law in Youngstown in 1907 in partnership with Joseph F. Williams, under the firm name of Williams & Cooper, which continued until November, 1918, when he was elected Judge Common Pleas Court of Mahoning County, where he continues to date. Lecturer in Law, Political Science Department, Oberlin College, 1907 and 1908. Member Draft Board No. 4, Mahoning County (which comprised the county outside of the city) during the World War. Member Knights of Pythias, Kiwanis Club, Chamber of Commerce, board

of trustees United Presbyterian Church of Struthers, Mahoning County and Ohio State Bar Association, manager Mahoning Coun-



ty Drys from 1909 to 1918. Democrat (Independent).

#### GEORGE D. COPELAND.

Residence and office, Marion. Born in Marion, December 14, 1860. Son of Howard and Sarah Catherine Holmes (Darlington) Copeland. Married June 5, 1889, to Katherine Bartram; one daughter: Alice Katherine, wife of John Damon Guthery. Attended the public and high schools of Marion; received LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School in 1882. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1882; later to United States District Court. January 1, 1915, became a member of the firm of Copeland & Thompson. Delegate to Republican National Convention in St. Louis in 1896. Trustee Massillon State Hospital for the Insane for 15 years. Director Marion County Bank Co. Member of all Masonic bodies; Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 33rd Degree; First Presbyterian Church. Republican.

#### MARK ANSON COPELAND.

Residence, Sedgewick Road; office, 1019 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Bristolville, Trumbull County, Ohio, December 16, 1877. Son of Anson T. and Minerva (Detchon) Copeland. Married to Louise Wellsted, of Cleveland, September 14, 1904. Primary education received in schools of various small towns of the Western Reserve; attended Allegheny College; received LL. B. degree from Adelbert Col-

lege, Western Reserve Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1901; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1903; United States Supreme Court, 1919. In 1898 enlisted as private 10th Ohio Volun-



teer Infantry, Spanish American War. Member City, University, Athletic Clubs and Cleveland Chamber of Commerce; Cleveland Bar Association.

**ALVAH R. CORLETT.**



Residence, 1007 East 99th Street; office, City Hall, Cleveland. Born in Warrens-

ville, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, March 6, 1882. Son of John A. and Catherine (Radcliffe) Corlett. Married to Matilda M. Kerr, June 20, 1905; two children, Alvah R., Jr., and Dorothy M. Graduate of grade and high schools in Warrensville, Ohio, 1900; graduate of Western Reserve Academy, 1902; attended Western Reserve University one year; graduate of Cleveland Law School with LL. B. degree, June, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1913; to the United States District Court, 1914. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland in partnership with J. S. Stewart, under the firm name of Corlett & Stewart, from 1914 to 1918. During the World War member Legal Advisory Board. Member Phi Gamma Delta (college fraternity), and Delta Theta Phi (law fraternity); Masonic Order: Euclid Lodge, McKinley Chapter, Woodward Council, Al Sirat Grotto; K. of P., I. O. O. F., L. O. O. M. Member Ohio House of Representatives, 1906-08. Secretary Service Department, city of Cleveland, 1918-20. Secretary to Mayor W. S. Fitzgerald, 1921.

#### **LOUIS AUDUBON CORLETT.**

Residence, 1239 Manor Park, Lakewood; office, 1201 Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born in Irvington, New York, July 24, 1874. Son of Wm. J. and Huldah E. (Edwards) Corlett. Married to Mabelle Mossman, September 26, 1897. Attended the grammar schools of Irvington, New York; Brooklyn, New York, high school; Pratt Institute, Brooklyn; Columbia University; received degree of LL. B. from Cleveland Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1907. Member of the firm of Fleharty, Corlett & Landfear since 1909. Member Delta Theta Phi, Masonic Order, Clifton Club, Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **SPENCER DUDLEY CORLETT.**

Residence, Prospect Street, East Cleveland; office, 725 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, March 17, 1891. Son of George W. and Clara (Hechtman) Corlett. Married to Zella S. Kelly, of Cleveland, July 3, 1917. Educated in the common and high schools of Cleveland; attended Adelbert College of Western Reserve University, from which he received degree of A. B., 1913; received LL. B. degree from the law department of that institution in 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio July 1, 1915. Engaged in the general practice of law until August, 1919, when he became associated with the Kelly Company as counsel, where he continues to date. Enlisted with Machine Gun Company, Fifth Ohio Regiment Infantry, June, 1917; commissioned lieutenant Field Artillery; instructor Fort Sill Brigade Firing Center, Fort Sill, Oklahoma. Member Phi Gamma



Delta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Masonic Order; director of Cleveland Yacht



Club; member City Club; American Legion. Republican.

### JOHN P. CORRIGAN.

Residence, 1629 Robinwood Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio; office, 322 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, Sep-



tember 2, 1871. Son of James E. and Bridget (Doyle) Corrigan. Attended Cleveland grammar school (commercial course); high

school, two years; St. Ignatius College, four years; received L.L.B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio July 1, 1916; to United States District Court, 1920. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland, associated with the firm of Mooney, McCormack & Roth. Enlisted in 2nd Ohio F. A. (now 135th F. A.), May, 1917; overseas one year; discharged as Btn. Sgt. Major of Infantry, April 19, 1919. Member Knights of Columbus, F. O. I. F., American Legion. Secretary and Treasurer Ohio State Skating Association, 1915-1916.

### WILLIAM J. CORRIGAN.

Residence, 9504 Gorman Avenue; office, 506 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June, 1886. Son of Edward and Margaret (Regan) Corrigan. Attended Holy Name School, Cleveland, until 1902; received degree of A.B. from St. Ig-



natus College, 1911; L.L.B. degree from Cleveland Law School, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio July 6, 1915. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Cuyahoga County from 1917 to January 1, 1920. Chief Assistant Prosecuting Attorney during 1920. Associated with T. J. Ross in the general practice of law. Member Cleveland Bar Association. Democrat.

### JOHN H. COSS.

Residence, 306 Marion Avenue; office, 13½ North Park Street, Mansfield. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, May 7, 1867. Son of John and Mary (Kennedy) Coss. Married, October 13, 1888, to Linda McNally, of Cleveland. Two children, Florence I., wife of

Richard C. Clarke, of Detroit, and John W. Attended public and high schools of Cleveland; studied law in office of Bell & Brinkerhoff, of Mansfield. Admitted to the bar



of Ohio, October 14, 1897; later United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. Commenced the practice of law in Mansfield, where he continues to date. Specializes in Patent Causes. Mechanical Engineer up to time of admission. Past Exalted Ruler B. P. O. E., Past Chancellor Commander K. of P. Member Richland County Bar Association; American Patent Association. Democrat.

#### JOHN VINCENT COTTON.

Residence, 123 Allen Street, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio; office, 302 Central Savings & Trust Building, Akron, Ohio. Born in Slippery Rock, Pennsylvania, August 4, 1891. Son of Jesse L. and Lizzie H. (Miller) Cotton. Married to Bernice Y. Landrum, of Mt. Vernon, Kentucky, June 10, 1919. One daughter, Jane Elizabeth. Attended public schools of Coraopolis, Pennsylvania, 1897-1907; Coraopolis high school, 1907-08; high school, Princeton, New Jersey, 1908-10; Louisville Male High School, Louisville, Kentucky, 1910-11; Centre College, Danville, Kentucky, 1911-15; received A. B. degree; University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 1915-18, received LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 24, 1918. Engaged in individual law practice in Akron from July 1, 1918, to date. Member Delta Chapter of Phi Kappa Tau, Epsilon



Chapter Gamma Eta Gamma fraternities; University Club, Akron Bar Association.

#### WILLIAM LEROY COUNTRYMAN.

Residence, Poland; office, 1210-14 Wick Building, Youngstown. Born in Conneaut, April 16, 1883. Son of George W. and Emma F. (Fleckenstein) Countryman. Married to Sophia H. Godfrey, September 25, 1908. Graduate of Conneaut High School, 1902; received A. B. degree from Oberlin College, 1907; LL. B. degree from University of Michigan, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909; United States Court, 1914. Engaged in the general practice of law in Youngstown. Member Mahoning County Bar Association. Solicitor of East Youngstown, 1914-1916. Mayor Village of Poland since January, 1920. Republican.

#### ALBERT FRANKLIN COUNTS.

Residence, 1913 East 82nd Street; office, Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Port Jefferson, Ohio, September 5, 1881. Son of Jachomyer Cass and Margaret Belle (Hobby) Counts. Married to Eulalie G. Miller, of Cleveland, April 17, 1913. Educated in the public and high schools of Sidney, Ohio; received degree of Ph. B. from Adelbert College of Western Reserve University, 1904; graduate of Western Reserve University, with degree of A. M., 1906; received LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School in 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1906; later to United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law August, 1906; formed partnership with H. W. Ewing and Samuel E. Kramer, under

the firm name of Ewing, Kramer & Counts, which continued to January 1, 1912; S. E. Kramer retired from the firm, which became Ewing & Counts until March, 1912, when Virgil J. Terrell joined the firm, which became Ewing, Counts & Terrell. In September, 1912, Jay P. Dawley became a senior

cated at the Cleveland public schools; graduate of Cleveland Law School, with L.L. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1914. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Associated with Cleveland Railway Company in claim adjustment work. Member of Fifth Regiment, O. N. G.,



member of the firm of Dawley, Ewing, Counts & Terrell; the partnership dissolved with Mr. Dawley's death, June, 1916, and the firm continued as Ewing, Counts & Terrell until January, 1918; now engaged in individual practice. Member Shaker Heights Country Club, American and Ohio State Bar Associations. Democrat.

#### J. EARL COX.

Residence, 1107 Sawyer Avenue; office, 229 Akron Savings & Loan Building, Akron. Born in Mason, Ohio, January 11, 1890. Son of Richard Mount and Lucy (Perrine) Cox. Married to Irene Moody, May 11, 1917. Graduate of Mason High School, 1907; Ohio Wesleyan University, A. B. degree, 1911; University of Chicago, J. D. degree, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1917. Practiced in Mason, Ohio, 1917 to 1919, when he moved to Akron. Member of firm of McIntosh & Cox. Member Masonic Order, Summit County Bar Association. Member Young Men's Democratic Club of Summit County. Democrat.

#### JOHN H. COX.

Residence, 5714 Bridge Avenue; office, 732 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born at Cleveland, Ohio, July 2, 1873. Son of Robert and Pauline (Huber) Cox. Married to Carrie Steinkamp, of Cleveland, 1897. Edu-



25 years ago; served in Massillon and Brown Hoist strikes. Director and vice president, Cleveland Chamber of Industry; member of all Masonic Bodies; Knights of Pythias, Sons of Veterans, Western Reserve Club, Delta Theta Phi legal fraternity, League of Republican Clubs, Civic League and Northern Ohio Fish and Game Association. Journal clerk in Common Pleas Court, 1911-1912; candidate for county clerk, 1918; president of Cuyahoga County League of Republican Clubs for three years; appointed delegate to a number of conventions; speaker for Republican committee past 12 years; ex-president of the Foraker Club. During the war "Four-Minute Man" in all campaigns, also active in Community Chest and Liberty Loan campaigns. Appointed by Mayor Davis to represent Cleveland at a conference in Philadelphia in the interests of rehabilitation work among wounded soldiers. Secretary and treasurer of the Bond House, "The George R. Johansen & Co.," of Cleveland. Republican.

#### OSCAR SMITH CRAMER.

Residence, 2596 Fairmount Boulevard, Cleveland Heights; office, 102-6 B. of L. E. Building, Cleveland. Born in Tonawanda, New York, August 23, 1874. Son of John W. and Maria L. (Cottier) Cramer. Married to Catherine F. Cowle, of Cleveland, January 14, 1901. Attended New York pub-



lic schools; Buffalo normal school, 1903; graduate of University of Buffalo with LL.B. degree, 1905. Admitted to the bar of New York July 29, 1896; United States District Court, western district of New York, 1904; United States Supreme Court, 1908; Ohio, 1910. Member Masonic Order, Lake



Erie Commandery of K. T. of Buffalo, Scottish Rite Bodies, Shrine, Grotto, Cleveland Athletic Club; vestryman of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church.

#### **PAUL SCOTT CRAMPTON.**



Residence, 20039 Lake Shore Boulevard; office, 525 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born March 6, 1886, at St. Clair, Michigan. Son of B. F. and E. Meline (Jenks) Crampton. Married to Mary Fayram, September 18, 1912. Received primary and high school education from 1891 to 1903; entered University of Michigan Law Department, 1905; graduated therefrom with degree of LL.B., 1908. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, June 16, 1908; Ohio, June 18, 1908; United States District Court, June 14, 1911. In 1919 he formed partnership with Guy W. House under the firm name of Crampton & House, which continued until December, 1920, when the firm was dissolved. Engaged in the individual practice of law. Entered the army as a private in Company C of the Fifth Regiment, Ohio National Guard, in 1910; also served as color and commissary sergeant for a period of the time, which continued till he was discharged in 1913. Member of City Club, Chamber of Commerce and Gaston G. Allen Lodge No. 629, F & A. M. Member of the school board of Euclid Village, 1919-1920. Republican.

#### **ALVIN W. CRAVER.**

Residence, 21 Indiana Avenue; office, Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Mahoning County, Ohio, September 23, 1872. Son of William and Mary (Wanamaker) Craver. Married June 26, 1901, to Jeanette Noble. Attended the public schools of North Jackson, Ohio; graduate of Ohio Northern University Law Department, with LL.B. degree, in 1897. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1897; later to the United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Member of the firm of Moore & Craver, 1903 to 1909; Craver, Diser, Hucy & Starr since 1920. President Mahoning County Food Administration Board during the war. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., K. of P., Mahoning County Bar Association. Mayor of Youngstown three terms. Democrat.

#### **RUEL CRAWFORD.**

Residence and office, Port Clinton. Born December 21, 1877, in Port Clinton. Son of Charles A. and Mary (Duff) Crawford. Married September 3, 1908, to Rose N. Nissen. Educated in the public schools; Ohio State University Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1902; United States District Court, 1907. Member of the firm of True & Crawford since 1907. Member Masonic bodies: Knights Templar; K. of P.

#### **HARRY J. CRAWFORD.**

Residence, 13980 South Park Boulevard; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Richmond, Jefferson County, Ohio, December 3, 1871. Son of Abel J. and Mary (Hammond) Crawford. Married to Jimima H. Brandebury, in Delaware, Ohio.

June 14, 1899. Early education received in the public schools; received A. B. degree from Ohio Wesleyan University, 1897; attended Western Reserve University Law School, 1898. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1898. Member of the law firm



of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, of Cleveland. Member Union and Hermit Clubs; Heights Lodge, F. & A. M.; McKinley Chapter, R. A. M.

**SAMUEL W. CRAWFORD.**



Residence, St. Clair Avenue; office, Brookes Building, East Liverpool. Born in Columbiana County, Ohio, November 28, 1873. Son of John W. and Letha Ann (Blazer) Crawford. Married October 24, 1894, to Margaret N. Cross, of East Liverpool. One child, C. (Johannar). Attended common schools of St. Clair Township, Columbiana County, Ohio; read law in office of George T. Farrell, of Lisbon. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1919. Mayor of East Liverpool, 1908 to 1911; Sheriff of Columbiana County, 1912 to 1916; elected Probate Judge Columbiana County, 1916 to 1921. Trustee East Liverpool City Hospital. Member I. O. O. F., K. of P., Golden Eagles, B. P. O. E., L. O. O. M., Columbiana County Bar Association. Democrat.

**WILLIAM HAMILTON CRAWFORD**

Residence, 733 Excelsior Avenue; office, 513 Ohio Building, Akron. Born in Evergreen, Alabama, November 14, 1881. Son of William and Mary (Stacy) Crawford. Married to Elizabeth Hancock, of Montgomery, Alabama, July 15, 1909. Attended



the public and high schools of Evergreen, Alabama; Mercer Law School, Macon, Georgia, 1902-03; received LL. B. degree therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Alabama, 1903; Ohio November 28, 1917; later United States District Court. Member of the law firm of Crawford & Body, of Akron. Member the Summit County Bar Association, Chamber of Commerce.

**D. R. CRISSINGER**

Residence and office, Marion. Born in Marion County, Ohio, December 10, 1860.

Son of John and Margaret (Ganshorn) Crissinger. Married March 28, 1888 to Ella F. Scranton; one child: Donna Ruth. Attended public and high schools of Cadonia; graduate of Buchtel College, with B. S. degree, in 1885; received LL. B. degree from Cin-

Phi fraternity, American Legion. Republican.

#### LYMAN R. CRITCHFIELD.

Residence and office, Wooster. Born in Millersburg, Holmes County, Ohio, April 17, 1868. Son of Hon. Lyman R., Sr., and Adelaide M. (Shaffer) Critchfield. Married to Rose S. Brown, in Salt Creek Township, Wayne County, Ohio, September 28, 1898. Three children, L. Robert, Henry B. and Dorothy A. E. Attended Millersburg high school; Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, Ohio; read law with father, Ex-Attor-



cinnati Law School in 1886. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1886 later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Member of the firm of Davis & Crissinger, which continued for one year; Wolford & Crissinger for two years; later member of the firm of Crissinger & Guthery; now member of the firm of Crissinger, Guthery & Strelitz. President National City Bank & Trust Co., Marion; vice president Marion Union Stock Yards. Prosecuting Attorney of Marion County for one term; City Solicitor of Marion for three terms. Chairman Legal Advisory Board during the World War. Member Masonic bodies: Knights Templar; B. P. O. E.; President Marion Bar Association. Independent in politics.

#### HARRY H. CRIST.

Residence, 317 12th Street; office, Nashy Building, Toledo. Born in Butler County, Ohio, April 2, 1888. Son of Rev. Elwood O. and Katherine (Hensley) Crist. Graduate of Findlay High School; Ohio Northern University Law Department, with LL. B. degree, in 1919. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1919. Associated with the firm of Southard, Southard & Rowe. Member Company A, 2nd Regiment Infantry, O. N. G., 1905-10; Co. C, 6th Regiment, O. N. G., 1916; 308th Motor Supply Train, U. S. Army, 1917-19. Member Masonic Order, Delta Theta



neey General of Ohio, Millersburg, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 4, 1891; and later to United States District Court. Practiced law in Wayne and surrounding counties since admission. In partnership with father, Hon. L. R. Critchfield, in Wooster, Ohio, under firm name of Critchfield & Critchfield, eighteen years. Since January 1, 1921, member of the firm of Critchfield & Etling, Wooster, Ohio. Volunteer soldier in Spanish American War; served in Expedition to Cuba as member of Company D, 8th Ohio Volunteer Infantry throughout the Spanish American War. Member K. of P., Country Club; First M. E. Church, Ohio State Bar Association. City Solicitor of Wooster, one term; Prosecuting Attorney of Wayne County, January 1, 1908, to December 31, 1912. Served as Judge Common Pleas Court in Cleveland by appointment of Chief Justice Nichols, of Supreme Court, over six months in 1919 and 1920; also served in Summit County and other counties. Judge of Common Pleas Court of Wayne County, 1914 to 1921. Democrat.

**ALFRED J. CROLL.**

Residence, 19 Victoria Apartments; office, 908-11 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Tontogany, Ohio, April 7, 1877. Son of George and Margaret (Klussman) Croll. Married to Mac B. Ford, in Detroit, Michigan, June 25, 1910. Graduated from high school, 1894; entered Ohio Northern University, completing Science Course with B. S. degree, 1896; finished Arts Course with B. A. degree, 1897, and temporarily instructed



ed thereat in Science and Arts; Superintended public school work, 1899-1900; completed Law Course at Ohio State University, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1900; before the United States Department of Interior and United States District Court, 1904. Engaged in individual general practice for twenty years, in the various United States and State Courts, including matters of Patent, Trademark, Copyright and Unfair Trade Litigation. Instructor "Medical Jurisprudence" Toledo University; author of Legal Topic Outlines, adopted for university work. Member Lucas County Bar Association. Republican.

**CLEVELAND R. CROSS.**

Residence, 18176 Clifton Road, Lakewood, Ohio; office, 816 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Denver, Colorado, May 19, 1882. Son of Rev. R. T. and Emma (Bridgman) Cross. Married to Ruth Savage, of Moline, Illinois, November 11, 1908; two children, Robert A. and Caroline M. Attended Denver, Colorado, public schools, 1888-89; Minneapolis, Minnesota, public schools, 1889-93; York, Nebraska, public

schools, 1893-95; high school of York, 1895-99; received A. B. degree from Oberlin College, 1903; post-graduate course in University of Wisconsin, 1904; granted degree of LL. B. from Western Reserve University, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1907. Entered law office of Fachler, Wilcox & Morris, of Cleveland, 1907; associated with Hitchcock, Morgan & Fachler, 1908-12; a member of the firm of Hitchcock, Morgan, Fachler and Cross, 1912-15; since 1915 a member of the firm of Wilkin, Cross & Daoust. President Colonial Savings & Loan Company of Lakewood; director Land Title Abstract & Trust Company of Cleveland; secretary The Electric Steel & Forge Company, of Cleveland. During the World War served as chairman Legal Advisory Board of Cuyahoga County, District No. 1; chairman Lakewood Liberty Loan campaigns. Member Lakewood School Board, 1920; faculty of John Marshall Law School, 1919-20; president Lakewood Public Hospital; president Training School for Nurses of Lakewood Public Hospital, 1919. Member



Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, Union, University, Clifton, Advertising and City Clubs, of Cleveland; Westwood Country Club, West Side Chamber of Industry, Lakewood Chamber of Commerce, Lakewood Congregational Church, Sons of American Revolution, American, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations; Masonic Order, Lakewood Lodge No. 601, and Cunningham Chapter No. 187; Phi Alpha Delta Law fraternity. Alternate delegate from 22nd Congressional District to Republican National Convention, 1920; member Leonard Wood County Executive Committee of Cuyahoga County, 1920; president Lakewood Republican Club, 1920. Republican.

**ROBERT CROSSER.**

Residence, 10311 Ramona Boulevard; office, 610 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Holytown, Lanarkshire, Scotland, June 7, 1874. Son of James and Barbara Crosser. Married to Isabelle D. Hogg. With his parents moved to Cleveland in September, 1881; attended the public and high schools of Salineville, Ohio; graduated from Kenyon College, with degree of A.B.,



in June, 1897; attended Columbia University; graduate of Cincinnati Law School, with degree of LL. B., in June, 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 30, 1901; United States Circuit Court, January 30, 1905; United States Supreme Court March 7, 1919. For a time associated in the practice of law with Ford, Snyder, Henry & McGraw; member of the firm of McKisson & Crosser during part of the year 1905; White & Crosser, 1906-14; engaged in the practice of law to date. Elected member Ohio Legislature, November, 1910; 4th Constitutional Convention, 1912. Author of the Initiative and Referendum Amendment to Ohio Constitution adopted in 1912. Elected Democratic Congressman-at-large for Ohio, November, 1912. Elected to 64th and 65th United States Congresses. Member Phi Delta Phi, City Club. Democrat.

**FRENCH CROW.**

Residence and office, Marion. Born in Marion, May 24, 1876. Son of Joseph E. and Lydia M. (French) Crow. Married November 26, 1903, to Lettie Smith; seven children: Mildred Bernice, Marybelle, Rosanna French, Dorothy Ruth, Olive Geneva, Rich-

ard Eugene and Eleanor Maude. Attended public and high schools of Marion; Western Reserve University Law School one year; studied law in office of D. R. Cressinger, Marion. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1904; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Crow & Williamson since July, 1919. Member Marion County Bar Association, B. P. O. E.; vice president and director Marion Club; director Marion Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

**HOWARD M. CROW.**

Residence, 1821 Roxford Road. East Cleveland; office Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Glenwood, Ohio, May 28, 1882. Son of William Thomas and Nancy Alice (Nelson) Crow. Married to Elba Kingman, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, June 30, 1915. Educated in country schools of Noble county; attended a private academy in Delaware, Ohio; graduate of Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, Ohio, with degree of



A. B., 1906; received A. M. degree from the same university in 1909; graduate of Western Reserve Law School with degree of LL. B., 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909. Practiced law in Cleveland for two years; removed to Boise, Idaho; became a member of the firm Rickey, Crow & Ebbert; returned to Cleveland in 1913, attorney for the Aetna Life Insurance Company, until March 1, 1919, when he became associated with the firm of Payer, Winch, Minshall & Karch, until April, 1921. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Member Delta Tau Delta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; American and Cleveland Bar Associations; Masonic Bodies, F. & A. M., Knights Templar, Shrine; Cleveland



Athletic Club, Epworth Memorial, Methodist Episcopal Church. Democrat.

### PHIL MARION CROW.

Residence and office, Kenton. Born in Ridgeway, Ohio, May 27, 1866. Son of Ezra B. and Isabella (Hudson) Crow. Married May 10, 1893, to Linna A. Fogle. Attended public schools of Ridgeway; in June 4, 1889, graduate of Georgetown University School of Law, 3-year course, with degrees of LL. B. and LL. M. Admitted to the bar of Ohio March 7, 1889; District of Columbia April 12, 1889. Member of the firm of Childs & Crow, Kenton, 1889 to 1890; Crow & Durbin, 1892 to 1902. Appointed City Solicitor of Kenton, July 7, 1891; elected to



that office in 1892 and 1894. Elected Judge Circuit Court, 3rd Ohio Circuit, for full term in 1910; elected Judge Court of Appeals, full term, in 1916. Chairman of Ohio Coal Mining Commission, 1914; author of Ohio Mine Run Law. Democratic candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court of Ohio in 1914 and 1918. Appointed Judge of the Supreme Court of Ohio, November 11, 1919, to succeed Maurice H. Donahue; declined the appointment November 17, 1919. Delegate to the National Democratic Convention from the Eighth Congressional District of Ohio in 1896, supporting William J. Bryan. Organized The Commercial Bank, Kenton; The Scioto Sign Company, Kenton; The Alger Savings Bank, Alger. Actively interested in and patron of movements for the prevention of cruelty to animals. Member Company G, Second Regiment Ohio National Guard, 1885 to 1887. Loyal Legion (Cincinnati Comman-

dery); Knights Templar, B. P. O. E., I. O. O. F.; President Board of Trustees of Kenton Public Library Association; member Board of Trustees of Lima Hospital Association; member Lima Club and T. & T. Club of Lima; director The Commercial Bank, Kenton; director The Old National Bank, Lima. Democrat.

### PHELPS CRUM.

Residences, Fairmount Boulevard and Ashton Road; office, 902-906 Hanna Building, Cleveland. Born December 13, 1884 in Cleveland, Ohio. Son of X. X. and Anna Marcia (Phelps) Crum. Married June 17, 1913, at Cleveland, Ohio, to Olive M. Stafford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Stafford. Received primary education in Cleveland public school; preparatory, University School; graduate Harvard University, with A. B. degree, in 1905, and A. M. degree in 1906; Harvard Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909; later to the United States District and Circuit Courts and United States Supreme Court. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland with W. F. Carr in 1909; with the firm of Carr, Stearns & Royon, 1910 to Feb-



ruary, 1914, when he formed partnership with John H. Price, John A. Alburn and Cary R. Alburn, under the firm name of Price, Alburn, Crum & Alburn; in 1918 the firm name was changed to Price & Crum; in 1920 Judge Frank E. Stevens joined the firm, which continued under the firm name of Price, Crum & Stevens. Now head of own law organization. Member Troop A, Black Horse Troop, Cavalry, Ohio National Guard, 1909-14. Member Examining Board United

States Officers' Military Training camps for Field Artillery, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Fort Dodge, Camp Zachary Taylor, Louisville, Kentucky. Member Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity; Hasty Pudding Club, Institute of 1770; A. D. Club, Harvard Club of New York City; Union, University and Country Clubs, of Cleveland. Candidate at Republican primaries for Attorney General of Ohio, 1920. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM ALDREU CUFF**

Residence, Crawford Apartments; office, United States Attorney's office, Cleveland. Born in Napoleon, Ohio, June 13, 1888. Son of the late Judge John V. Cuff, of Napoleon, Ohio (who was a prominent Democratic politician in the Fifth Congressional District of Ohio), and Edna J. (Fraker) Cuff. Married to Carrie May Cothran, February 26, 1918. Graduate of Napoleon, Ohio, High School, 1907; attended Kenyon College, 1906-07; received LL. B. degree from Western Reserve Law School, 1911. Ad-



mitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1910; to the United States District Court, September, 1920. Practiced law at Napoleon, Ohio, with brother, Frederic V. Cuff, under firm name of Cuff & Cuff, from December, 1910, until outbreak of war, when partnership dissolved by reason of military service of brother; practicing alone until appointed Special Agent, Department of Justice, Bureau of Investigation, from April, 1918, to September, 1920. Member Psi Upsilon, Phi Delta Phi and Theta Nu Epsilon fraternities, Napoleon Lodge No. 929 B. P. O. E.; Napoleon Lodge No. 256, F. & A. M.; Haley Chapter No. 136, R. A. M.; De fiance Commandery No. 30, Knights Tem-

plar; Zenobia Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S. At the present time Assistant United States Attorney for Northern District of Ohio. Democrat.

#### **ALBERT E. CULBERT.**

Residence and office, Fremont. Born March 27, 1862, in Sandusky County, Ohio. Son of Elijah and Eliza (Day) Culbert. Married May 15, 1888, to Mary Rose, of Oak Harbor, Ohio. Eight children: Chester A., Estela M., Ralph P., Iva, wife



of E. C. Juergens, of Chicago, Harold E., Paul A., Donald, Marian. Educated in the public schools of Sandusky County; graduate of Fostoria Academy in 1886 with degree of A. B. Studied law in office of Buckland & Love, Fremont. Taught in the schools of Sandusky and Ottawa counties for 12 years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1894; United States District Court, 1898. Practiced continuously in Fremont. In partnership with D. B. Love, under the name of Love & Culbert, for 13 years. Since 1913 in partnership with his son, Chester A. Culbert, under the firm name of Culbert & Culbert. Deputy Clerk, Probate Court, Sandusky County, 1893 to 1897. Elected in 1904, City Solicitor, Fremont; served one term. Clerk, Board of Education, four terms. Member Board of Safety and Civil Service Commission, Fremont. Elected November, 1920, State Senator. Four-Minute Speaker during the war. Member of Maccabees, I. O. O. F., K. of P., B. P. O. E., Ohio State and Sandusky County Bar Associations. Director Sandusky Savings & Loan Co. Republican.

**CHESTER A. CULBERT.**

Residence and office, Fremont. Born March 30, 1890, in Fremont. Son of Albert E. and Mary (Rose) Culbert. Married July 4, 1912, to Irene F. Giebel, of Fremont; two children: Dorothy, Robert. Educated in the public and high schools of Fremont. Studied law in the office of his father, Al-



bert E. Culbert. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913. In partnership with his father, under the firm name of Culbert & Culbert. Deputy Recorder, Sandusky County, 1909-10. Deputy Auditor, 1910-12. City Solicitor, Fremont, 1914-15. Clerk City Council, Fremont, since January, 1920. Member of Masonic Order, Maccabees, Ohio State and Sandusky County Bar Associations. Republican.

**HUGH E. CULBERTSON.**

Residence and office, Ashland. Born in Havanna, Ohio, April 15, 1882. Son of Elihu and Ida (Gregory) Culbertson. Married to Flora Paul, March 17, 1906; three children: Edna Pauline, Mary Margaret and Helen Louise. Educated in country schools; attended Milan High School; Ohio State University; studied law in office of King & Guerin, Sandusky. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December, 1905; New York, 1911. Author of "Medical Men and The Law," a treatise on the legal rights, duties and liabilities of medical men. Member I. O. O. F., K. of P., B. P. O. E., Ashland County Bar Association. Mayor of Milan, Ohio, in 1907.

**DANIEL B. CULL.**

Residence, 17406 Nottingham Road; office, Court House, Cleveland. Born in Miamis-

burg Ohio, November 29, 1881. Son of Charles William and Mary (Delaney) Cull. Married to Margaret Marie McMyler, September 7, 1910. Educated in the public and parochial schools of Miamisburg, Ohio, graduating from high school, 1899; received L.L. B. degree from Cleveland Law School, 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1905. Formed partnership with D. S. Helwick and Chas. C. White, June, 1905, which association continued for one year. Became associated with J. E. Matthews and J. H. Orgill under the firm name of Matthews & Orgill, November, 1906. Member Gil-mour Council Knights of Columbus, Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Assistant City Solicitor of Cleveland, Ohio, under Hon. Newton D. Baker, from April, 1907, to January 1, 1912; elected Judge of the newly established Municipal Court, 1911, being one of the first judges elected; took office January 1, 1912; re-elected 1913 and 1917; elected Judge Common Pleas Court, 1918;



took office for term of six years, February 1, 1919. Democratic candidate for Judge Supreme Court of Ohio, 1920.

**FRANK X. CULL.**

Residence, 11805 Ashbury Avenue; office, 500 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Miamisburg, Ohio, May 19, 1887. Son of Charles William and Mary (Delaney) Cull. Married to Mary Magdalene Daley, May 19, 1920. Graduate Miamisburg, Ohio, High School, May 19, 1904; Notre Dame University, from which received Ph. B. degree, 1908; attended Georgetown Law School, 1911-1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, November, 1913.



Engaged in the practice of law, associated with the firm of Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Saeger & Jamison, of Cleveland. Enlisted with Battery A, 135 F. A., June 4, 1917; commissioned in Field Artillery, November 27, 1917; discharged



December 5, 1918. Member Cleveland Bar Association; City Club; University Club; Gilmour Council, K. of C.

#### FRANK T. CULLITAN.



Residence, 492 East 120th Street; office, 1015-17 Citizens Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, March 5, 1880. Son of

David and Anna (Cullitan) Cullitan. Married to Anna M. Millard, November 21, 1907. Attended parochial schools of Cleveland; St. Ignatius College, 1893-1901; received degree of A. B. therefrom; attended Baldwin-Wallace College, 1903-06; received degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 19, 1906; to the U. S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1907. Engaged in the individual practice of law in Cleveland. District Deputy K. of C., Past Exalted Ruler Elks Lodge of Cleveland, Member City Club, Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations, Delta Theta Phi Legal Fraternity. Democrat.

#### RAYMOND PAUL CUNNINGHAM.

Residence, 1763 Delmont Avenue; office, 500 Erie Building, Cleveland. Born at Canal Dover, Ohio, July 6, 1894. Son of Chas. F. and Jessie M. (Crossland) Cunningham. Early education received in Canal Dover and



Cleveland public schools; attended Cleveland high schools, 1909-1911; entered Baldwin-Wallace Academy, 1913, graduating from the law department with the degree of LL. B. in 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1916. Began the practice of law in Cleveland, in association with the firms of Kline, Clevenger, Buss & Holliday; then Kline, Niman, Buss & Holliday; later Niman, Grossman, Buss & Holliday. Since 1920 engaged in the individual practice. Joined United States Army May, 1917. Trained at First Officers' Training Camp, Ft. Benjamin Harrison, until August, 1917, when he was transferred to Columbus, Ohio, for aviation ground work; graduated from School of Military Aeronautics, October, 1917; ordered

to France November, 1917; preliminary training for flying at Tours, France, until March, 1918, finishing same at Issoudum June, 1918; ordered from there to St. Maixent as instructor in military and international law at flying officers' school. Detailed as Judge Advocate of General and Special Court at that post. Discharged January, 1919, at Mineola, New York. Member of Knights of Pythias, Cleveland Aviation Club, American Officers of the Great War, American Legion, Associated Flying Clubs of Ohio and Cleveland Bar Association.

### ROBERT G. CURREN.

Residence, 1490 Cohasset Avenue, Lakewood; office, 559 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Kittanning, Armstrong County, Pennsylvania, November 8, 1868. Son of Robert G. and Nancy (St. Clair) Curren. Married to Martha Latimer, of Warren, Ohio, August 23, 1893; two children: Nancy (Wright) and Edith L. Attended public schools of Kittanning and Bradford, Pennsyl-



vania. Read law in office of Howard A. Couse, Cleveland. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904; later, United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Member of the firm of Bacon, Couse & Curren, 1912-16. Appointed under the City Charter, Director of Law, City of Lakewood, 1914 to date (four successive terms.) Member Board of Education of Lakewood, 1910-11; American and Cleveland Bar Associations; President Board of Trustees Detroit Street Methodist Episcopal Church; Masonic Order; B. P. O. E. Republican.

### JOHN F. CURRY.

Residence, 7918 Townsend Avenue, S. E.; office, 122-24 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, April 29, 1888. Son of John and Carrie (Matheis) Curry. Educated in parochial schools and Central High



School, Cleveland; graduate of Cleveland Law School, June 3, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 12, 1913; United States Circuit Court same year. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland. Member Company B, 323rd Machine Gun Battalion, U. S. A., from December, 1917, to May, 1918; intelligence service from May, 1918, to February, 1919; nine months overseas. Counsel for Draft Board No. 12 three months. Member City Club, Knights of Columbus, Cleveland Bar Association. Member City Council from 16th Ward, 1920-21. Democrat.

### JAMES ALVAH CURTIS.

Residence, 1978 East 70th Street; office, 1037 Schofield Building, Cleveland. Born in Warrensville, Ohio, September 16, 1875. Son of Henry and Helen (Tuthill) Curtis. Married Elizabeth L. Scanlon, of Cleveland. Attended Cleveland public and high schools; graduate of Franklin T. Backus Law School of Western Reserve University with degree of J.L.B., 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1899, later to the United States District and Circuit Courts. In partnership with R. E. McKisson under the firm name of McKisson & Curtis, 1900-1905; now engaged in private practice. Member of Masonic Bodies: Euclid Lodge, F. & A. M., McKinley Chapter, Coeur De Leon Com-



mandery, Lake Erie Consistory, Al Koran, Mystic Shrine. Assistant to County Prosecutor T. J. Ross. Republican.

#### **ANSEL B. CURTISS.**

Residence, 10812 Hathaway Avenue; office, 804-05 Union Commerce National Bank Building, Cleveland. Born in Portage County, Ohio, January 18, 1883. Son of Alfred B. and Mary (Hinman) Curtiss. Married to

Ravenna six years; graduate of Ravenna High School, 1900; received A. B. degree from Hiram College, 1904; graduate of University of Michigan Law Department, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1907; five years later to the United States District Court. Since 1907 in partnership with Clyde M. White, under the firm name of White, Crosser & Curtiss, later White & Curtiss, subsequently becoming White, Brewer & Curtiss. Had military training with Cleveland Grays, but because of domestic obligations not in active military service during war. Associate legal advisor on draft board. Member Cleveland Bar Association and Park Congregational Church. Independent, with Democratic leanings.

#### **CARL H. CURTISS.**

Residence and office, Kent. Born in Charlestown, Ohio, July 25, 1872. Son of A. B. and Ellen (Knowlton) Curtiss. Married to Bessie A. Copeland, February 1, 1896; three children: C. Harold, James A. and Marjorie Ellen. Educated in the district school in Charlestown; attended Ravenna High School; Ohio State University Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 7, 1895. Later to United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Associated with I. T. Siddall in Ravenna, Ohio, until March, 1898. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., Elks, Forersters of America. Prosecuting Attorney of Portage County from 1915 to 1918. Republican.

#### **JOHN P. CSIZMADIA.**



Katherine Kelly, July 23, 1910. Early education received at home and two years in country district school; grammar school at



Residence, 2459 East 130th Street; office, Woodland Bank Building, Buckeye Road and East 89th Street, Cleveland. Born in

Jobs, Hocking County, Ohio, August 26, 1893. Son of John and Barbara (Drotar) Csizmadia. Married to Rose Schmidt of Cleveland, June 5, 1917. Graduate of Central Institute High School, Cleveland, and of Baldwin-Wallace College, with LL. B. degree, May 31, 1919. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 2, 1919. Engaged in the private practice of law in Cleveland. Member of Draft Board No. 12 during war. Member Delta Theta Phi (law fraternity), St. Stephens Dramatic Club, Hungarian Catholic Federation. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM RAYMOND DALEY.**

Residence, 1386 East 94th Street; office, 506 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Ashtabula, Ohio, September 26, 1892. Son of Florey and Margaret (Coade) Daley. Attended St. Joseph's Parochial School, Ashta-



bula, Ohio, 1898-1905; graduate of Ashtabula High School, 1909; Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, with A. B. degree, 1914; Western Reserve Law School, 1917, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1917. Associated with the firm of Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Saeger & Jamison since 1917. Second Lieutenant of 27th F. A. U. S., 9th Division, during the war. Member City Club, Cleveland; Knights of Columbus, Gil-mour Council.

#### **JOHN C. D'ALTON.**

Residence, 319 Boston Place; office, Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born December 6, 1883, in Toledo. Son of Austin and Agnes W. (Doherty) D'Alton. Married May 8, 1908, to Elizabeth L. Greenfield; two children:

Virginia and John. Educated in the parochial schools of Toledo; Detroit Technical Institute. Graduate of Detroit College of Law in June, 1910, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, 1910; Ohio, 1911, and later to the United States District Courts. Member of the firm of Boggs & D'Alton since 1911. Court Stenographer of Lucas County, 1911 to 1915. Prosecuting Attorney Lucas County, 1915 to 1918. Member of B. P. O. E., Delta Theta Phi, Lucas County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **EDWARD CHELLIS DAOUST.**

Residence, 2323 Stillman Road; office, Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Defiance, Ohio, October 19, 1887. Son of Charles J. and Mary (Hooker) Daoust. Married to Clara Bunts, of Cleveland, April 24, 1912. Graduate of Defiance, Ohio, high school, 1905; attended University of Michigan (special course), 1906; Sheffield Scientific School of Yale (special course), 1908; received degree of LL. B. from Yale University, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1909; to United States District Court, 1911. Commenced the practice of



law individually January, 1910; one year later became a member of the firm of Price, Alburn, Daoust & Alburn, which continued until January, 1915, when he formed partnership with D. R. Wilkin and C. R. Cross under the firm name of Wilkin, Cross & Daoust, which continues to date with the original partners and T. M. Dye, Q.-F. Findley, K. T. Siddall and C. A. Alexander. Secretary and director of the Union Mortgage Co., special partner of Worthington, Bellows & Co., members of New York Stock Exchange; director of various financial and

industrial corporations. During the World War was acting secretary Selective Service Appeal Board, and was active in Red Cross work in Washington. With Troop A, O. N. G., 1910-1913. Member Union, University, Country Clubs, of Cleveland; Yale Club, New York; Akron City Club; Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, American and Cleveland Bar Associations, Corbey Court and Phi Delta Phi fraternities. United States Commissioner of northern district of Ohio 1912-15. Republican.

#### **R. B. DARBY.**

Residence and office, Wauseon, Ohio. Born in Wauseon, Ohio, February 15, 1878. Son of F. L. S. and Minnie (Waid) Darby. Married to Henna Winzeler, in Wauseon, October 8, 1905; two children: John and Dudley. Graduate of Wauseon high school, 1897; received degree of LL. B. from Ohio State University, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1900. Member Fulton County Bar Association, F. & A. M., K. of P. Republican.

#### **LEROY BENJAMIN DAVENPORT.**

Residence, 2221 Tudor Drive; office, 920 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Kinzua, Pennsylvania, July 6, 1888. Son of



Charles Wesley and Joanna (Robinson) Davenport. Married to Marjorie Nicholas, of Cleveland, June 12, 1915; two children: John and David. Attended Rayen School, Youngstown; Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, two years; received LL. B. degree from Law Department of that university in 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913; later United States District

Court. Commenced the practice of law in Youngstown 1913 with the firm of Arrel, Wilson, Harrington & DeFord. In January, 1916, moved to Cleveland and was associated with Ford, Snyder & Tilden; became a member of the firm January, 1917, and continued until June, 1917, when he became associated with Hoyt, Dustin, Kelley, McKeehan & Andrews; January, 1920, became a member of the firm and is now a member of the firm of Dustin, McKeehan, Merrick, Arter & Stewart. Member Legal Advisory Board and Speakers' Bureau during the World War. Member Hermit Club, Country Club, Phi Delta Phi, Beta Theta Pi and Delta Sigma Rho fraternities; American and Cleveland Bar Associations, Nisi Prius Club, Fairmount Presbyterian Church. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM L. DAVID.**

Residence, 17845 Lake Road, Lakewood; office, 12th floor Williamson Building, Cleveland.



land. Born in Titusville, Pennsylvania, February 29, 1872. Son of William Luther and Eliza Susan (Gibson) David. Married to Mabelle Lucile Peden; one son, George Hamilton. Graduate of high school in Olean, New York; attended Ohio State Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1896. Associated with law firm of Tolles, Hogsett, Ginn & Morley, of Cleveland. Member Ohio National Guards, 1892-1913; retired with the rank of major. Member of Union, Athletic, Yacht, Clifton, Westwood Country Clubs; various Masonic Bodies. Prosecuting Attorney of Hancock County, Ohio, 1903-1909. Appointed Special Prosecutor, Cuyahoga County, 1921.

**GEORGE E. DAVIDSON.**

Residence, 508 East Third Street; office, Potters Savings & Loan Company Building, East Liverpool. Born in East Liverpool, Ohio, June 12, 1874. Son of A. Mitchell and Jane (Till) Davidson. Married May 23, 1900, to Marian Hill, daughter of Col. H. R. Hill, attorney, of East Liverpool. Attended East Liverpool public schools, Bethany College in 1890-1891; received LL. B. degree from Ohio State University in 1899. Ad-

mitted to the bar of Ohio in 1899; in 1904, United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Engaged in the practice of law in East Liverpool. Member of the firm of Lones, Hill & Davidson. City Solicitor of East Liverpool for four years and eight months. Member 78th and 79th Ohio General Assembly. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., I. O. O. F., East Liverpool Country Club, Sons of Veterans. Republican.



I. O. B. S., Y. M. H. A., Y. M. C. A., Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

**SYDNEY A. DAVIES.**



**SAMUEL S. DAVIDSON.**

Residence, 440 Y. M. C. A. Building; office, 313-17 Dollar Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in New York City, September 25, 1895. Son of Rabbi Philip and Fannie (Gittle-Sachs) Davidson. Rabbi Davidson was the Chief Rabbi of New York City for 22 years. Attended public and high schools of Passaic, New Jersey; New York University Law School two years; worked in steel mills during the time he read law; attended Y. M. C. A. Law School, Youngstown; studied law in the office of David Steiner, of Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December 23, 1919. Engaged in the practice of law in Youngstown. Served in United States Infantry and Medical Corps

for 13 months during the World War. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., I. O. B. B.,

Residence, 3145 Warrington Road, Shaker Heights; office, 200 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, December 22, 1893. Son of John S. and Elizabeth W. (Williams) Davies. Married to Lula C. Hess, of Cleveland, Ohio, August



4, 1916. Attended Cleveland public schools, 1898-1900; Chagrin Falls public schools, 1900-1907; Chagrin high school, 1907-08; Lakewood high school, 1908-1911; Western Reserve University, 1911-1913; Cornell University Law School, 1913-1915, from which he received degree of LL. B.; Cleveland Law School, 1915-1916; received LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1916. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Member Cornell, Lincoln and City Clubs, of Cleveland; Delta Upsilon fraternity. Member of Legal Advisory Board during the war. Republican.

#### **BENJAMIN H. DAVIS.**

Residence, 1950 East 90th Street; office, 805 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Mt. Gilead, Ohio, May 30, 1885. Son of Milton P. and Alice R. (Hull) Davis. Attended the common schools of Mt. Gilead; high school,



Columbus, Ohio; graduate of Ohio State University with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1910. During the war, chief quartermaster in Naval Aviation, United States Navy; at the close of the war in officers' training camp at Great Lakes Naval Training Station. Member Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### **ELMER E. DAVIS.**

Residence, 2425 Scottwood Avenue; office, 409-11 Gardner Building, Toledo. Born in New Straitsville, Perry County, Ohio, October 31, 1865. Son of Robert and Alcinda (Thorp) Davis. Married to Grace L. Richards, of Toledo, September 7, 1904. Primary education received in country schools; at-

tended New Straitsville High School; graduate of University of Michigan, with degree of LL. B., 1891. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1891; United States District and Circuit Courts, 1893; United States Supreme Court, 1909. Engaged in the practice of law



in Toledo continuously since December 1, 1891. Member Toledo Chamber of Commerce, Masonic bodies; Knights Templar, Shrine; Northwestern Ohio Historical Association, Toledo and Ohio State Bar Associations. Member of Toledo City Council one term. Republican.

#### **JOHN WELLINGTON DAVIS.**

Office, Court House, Youngstown. Born in Austintown, Ohio, August 18, 1875. Son of James R. and Ann R. (Thomas) Davis. Attended common schools, Austintown, Ohio; North Eastern Ohio Normal College; graduate Ohio State University Law School, 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1903; United States District Court, June, 1903. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., I. O. O. F., L. O. O. M., St. David's Society, Mahoning County Bar Association. Judge Probate Court of Mahoning County, Ohio, since 1913. Republican.

#### **THOMAS C. DAVIS.**

Residence, 1209 Plum Street; office, 316 McClymonds Building, Massillon. Born in Wales, January 15, 1878. Son of William T. and Mary (Thomas) Davis. Married January 1, 1910, to Jean Martin; four children: Thomas M., Dorothy J., Robert S. and Mary L. Attended common schools of East Greenville, Ohio; Doane Academy, Gran-

ville, Ohio, 1895-99; Denison University, 1899-1901; graduate of Ohio State University in 1905, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1905; United States District Court, 1907. City Solicitor of Massillon from 1910 to 1916. Member B. P. O. E., I. O. O. F., Phi Delta Theta and Delta Chi fraternities; Lawyers Club of Massillon; Stark County Bar Association. Republican.

#### WILLIAM RAYMOND DAVIS.

Residence and office, Chardon. Born in Edinburg, Portage County, Ohio, June 6, 1877. Son of Dexter D. and Frances Ellen (Turner) Davis. Married, July 17, 1907, to Jennie E. Turner, of Windsor, Ohio; one child, Mary Frances. Attended the public and high schools of Edinburg, Ohio; Ohio Normal University; graduate of Mt. Union College with B. S. degree in 1900. Studied law in the office of William G. King, of Chardon, and Western Reserve University,



Cleveland. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1912; later to United States District Court. Has practiced continuously and alone in Chardon to date. Taught in the schools of Portage and Geauga counties for 13 years. Superintendent of Chardon schools, 1905 to 1910, during which time was county examiner. Engaged in commercial pursuits from June, 1910, to September, 1911. Member Ohio Legislature from Geauga County, 1913-14. Member Board of Education of Chardon for eight years. Has delivered lectures on educational and patriotic subjects. Specializes in abstracting and real estate law. Member Masonic Order, I. O. O. F., K. of P., Alpha Tau Omega fraternity, Congrega-

tional Church. Director Chardon Savings Bank Company. Independent Republican in politics.

#### WILLIAM J. DAWLEY.

Residence, 3110 Yorkshire Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 303 Park Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, November 17, 1882. Son of Jay Phelps and Iva G. (Canfield) Dawley. Married to Helen King, of Ocean Park, California, June



30, 1915; one child, Jay Phelps Dawley. Primary education in Cleveland schools; attended Western Reserve Academy, Hudson, Ohio, 1900; received A. B. degree from Western Reserve University, 1904; LL. B. degree from Harvard Law School, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1907; later to the United States District Court and United States Court of Appeals, Sixth Circuit. Practiced law with his father under the firm name of Dawley, Sullivan & Dawley; later with the firms of Alexander & Dawley, Dawley & Young, Bauder, McKee & Dawley, Searles & Dawley, Gage, Day, Wilkin & Marvin, Dawley, Washburn & Wilson; now a member of the firm Gage, Marvin & Dawley. A member of Troop A, serving on Mexican border, 1916; later with 1st Ohio Squad of Cavalry. District appeal agent for the United States Draft Board during the World War. Member University Club; Masonic Bodies: 32nd degree; Shrine; Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity; Cleveland Bar Association.

#### ROBERT HAMILTON DAWSON.

Residence, 3007 Berkshire Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 725 Society for Savings



Building, Cleveland. Born at Pontiac Michigan, March 28, 1882. Son of John W. and Jean (Hamilton) Dawson. Married to Luna E. Cooper, 1910. Graduate of Wyandotte,

tive, 1916; chairman ex-Service Men's Cuyahoga County Republican Organization, 1919-20; member executive committee Service Men's Political Alliance, 1919-20. Member



Michigan, high school, 1898; University of Michigan, with A. B. degree, 1903; Western Reserve University, with LL. B. degree, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909; United States District Court, 1918. Engaged in practice of law in Cleveland. Member of Legal Advisory Board. Member of Phi Delta Phi fraternity, University Club, Cleveland Athletic Club and City Club. Republican.

#### ARTHUR H. DAY.

Residence, 1885 East 73rd Street; office, City Hall, Cleveland. Born in Pandora, Ohio, February 1, 1890. Son of Dr. Hiram M. and Jessie (Ayres) Day. Married to Clara Loring, January 28, 1919. Received A. B. degree from Ohio Wesleyan University, 1912; and LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1916. Member First Officers' Training Camp from May to August of 1917; instructor in Second Officers' Training Camp, August to November, 1917; captain in Infantry, 1918-1919; member of A. E. F. overseas; wounded in action August 5, 1918. Member City Club, Tippecanoe Club, Western Reserve Club, Electrical League, Cleveland Grays, Army and Navy Union, Veterans of Foreign Wars, American Legion, Masonic bodies, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, Loyal Order of Moose, Cleveland Bar Association, Sigma Alpha Epsilon (college fraternity), Delta Theta Phi (law fraternity). Republican nominee for State Representa-



Ohio Senate 84th General Assembly. Republican.

#### FRANK S. DAY.



Residence, 18023 Windward Road; office, 444 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 9, 1882. Son of Michael William and Margaret

(Larcey) Day. Married June 20, 1911, to Susan J. O'Brien; two children: Josephine Jane and Jack. Attended public and parochial schools, Cleveland; received A. B. degree from St. Ignatius College, 1900; L.L. B. degree from Cleveland Law School, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1907; later United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. In 1910 formed partnership with Senator William T. Clark under the firm name of Clark & Day, which continued until January 1, 1912. Engaged in the general practice of law to date. Assistant County Solicitor of Cuyahoga County, 1909-10; Assistant City Solicitor Cleveland, January, 1912, until December, 1915; appointed Judge Municipal Court, 1918, which office he held for a short time; appointed Judge Common Pleas Court September 1, 1920, which he held until January 1, 1921. Member B. P. O. E., K. of C., L. O. O. M., Cleveland Bar Association, Ohio Athletic Association, Democrat.

#### LUTHER DAY.

Residence, 2222 Demington Drive; office, 617 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born May 9, 1879, at Canton, Ohio. Son of U. S. Supreme Court Justice William R. and Mary E. (Schaefer) Day. Married to Ida McKinley Barber, in Canton, Ohio, June 24, 1903. Attended Canton high school; Williston Seminary, East Hampton, Massachusetts; Kenyon College, Wittenberg College, Uni-



versity of Michigan Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1904; later to the United States District Court, United States Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. In 1904 commenced the practice of law in Canton, Ohio. Formed partnership

with Harvey F. Ake under the firm name of Ake & Day, which continued until 1908; then joined James L. Amerman, and the firm became Day & Amerman until 1910; Member the firm of Goulder, Day, White & Garry, composed of Harvey D. Goulder, Luther Day, William W. White and Thomas H. Garry, 1910-14; subsequently in the individual practice until October, 1915; Gage, Day, Wilkin, Wachner & Marvin until July 1, 1919, from which date to the present time in partnership with his brother, Hon. William L. Day, Wilbur D. Wilkin and himself, under the firm name of Day, Day & Wilkin. Volunteered on the 23rd day of October, 1918, and entered the Officers' Training Camp as a private at Camp Taylor, Kentucky. Member of Field Artillery Reserve Troops unassigned upon his discharge, December 5, 1918. Member American, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations, Nisi Prius Club, Union Club, Athletic Club, Cleveland Yacht Club, Lakeside Country Club and Chamber of Commerce. Speaker in several political campaigns since 1905. Republican.

#### ROBERT HENRY DAY.



Residence, Massillon, Ohio; office, Court House, Canton. Born in Ravenna, Ohio, July 8, 1867. Son of Luther and Ellen I. (Barnes) Day. Married to Mary H. Hunt, June 27, 1898. Early education received in common schools; attended Cincinnati Law School and two years at University of Michigan. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1891; United States Supreme Court, 1898. Member of the firm of Willison & Day, Massillon, from 1892 to 1911. Prosecuting Attorney of Stark County 6 years. Judge Common Pleas Court since 1911. Republican.

**WILLIAM L. DAY.**

Residence, 2452 Kenilworth Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 617 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Canton, Ohio, August 13, 1876. Son of United States Supreme Court Justice William R. and Mary E. (Schaefer) Day, of Canton. Married to Elizabeth E. McKay, of Caro, Michigan, September 10, 1902. Received primary education in the Canton schools; attended Williston Seminary; graduate of University of Michigan with LL. B. degree, 1900. Admit-



ted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1900; later to the United States District and United States Supreme Courts. Member of the law firm of Lynch, Day & Day from June, 1900, to January, 1905. In Cleveland, member of the firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey from May, 1914, to July 1, 1919; since which date in partnership with his brother, Luther Day, and W. D. Wilkin, under the firm name of Day, Day & Wilkin. Member Union, Country, University, Hermit, Athletic and Nisi Prius Clubs, of Cleveland. City Solicitor of Canton, 1905-08. Appointed United States District Attorney for the Northern District of Ohio from 1908 to 1911; United States District Judge for the Northern District of Ohio, 1911-14 (resigned 1914); appointed special counsel to the Attorney General of Ohio, 1919. Republican.

**WILLIAM RUFUS DAY.**

Residence and office, Washington, D. C. Born in Ravenna, Ohio, April 17, 1849. Son of Hon. Luther and Emily (Spalding) Day. (Mrs. Day died in 1852 and four years later Judge Day married Miss Barnes, of Lanesboro, Mass.) Married in 1875 to Mary Elizabeth

Schaefer, daughter of Louis Schaefer, for many years an active member of the Stark County Bar. Mrs. Day died January 5, 1912; four children: Hon. William L., Luther, Stephen and Rufus. Attended public schools of Ravenna; Literary and Law Departments of University of Michigan, 1866-72. Part of the time he served as Librarian of the Law Library. Received B. S. degree in 1870; read law in the office of Judge Robinson, of Ravenna. In 1898 his alma mater conferred upon him the degree of LL. D. and he received a similar degree from the University of the City of New York in 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1872, and began the practice of law at Canton, Ohio, where he was associated with William A. Lynch. Other partners were Austin Lynch and David B. Day. Subsequently Judge Court of Common Pleas, and in 1889 appointed by President Harrison, United States District Judge for Northern Ohio. Resigned that office before entering upon duties. In March, 1897, appointed by President McKinley as Assistant Secretary of State. On April 26, 1898, succeeded John Sherman as Secretary of State and administered that office practically throughout the Cuban War. In 1898 he was succeeded by John Hay and then became Chairman of



the United States Peace Commission at Paris and negotiated the Treaty of Peace with Spain. In 1899 appointed United States Circuit Judge of the Sixth Circuit. Appointed by President Theodore Roosevelt Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in 1903, which office he holds to date.

**ALVA L. DEAL.**

Residence, 905 High N. W.; office, First National Bank Building, Canton. Born in Columbiana County, Ohio, February 4, 1871.

Son of George F. and Sue A. (Rosenberry) Deal. Married December 24, 1906, to Luella R. Richards, of Canton; three children, George L., James R. and Elizabeth Sue. Attended public schools of Massillon, Ohio; country schools of Beach City, Ohio; public schools of New Philadelphia, Ohio; York

Interior, Pension Department, 1914; United States District Court, Northern Ohio, April 25, 1916. Special representative of the Provost Marshal General of the United States Army for Local Board No. 11 during the World War. Member University Club, Chamber of Commerce, Woodward Lodge



College, York, Nebraska; received A. B. degree from University of Nebraska in 1898; LL. B. degree from University of Nebraska College of Law in 1901. Admitted to the bar of Nebraska in 1901; bar of Ohio in 1904. Practiced law in Canton, Ohio, alone until 1914; member of the firm of Wise & Deal, 1914 to 1917; since that date in the general practice alone. Member Masonic Order, Junior Order American Mechanics, L. O. O. M., Stark County Bar Association. Elected Judge Probate Court of Stark County November, 1920; assumed office February 9, 1921, for a term of four years. Republican.

#### **J. WILLIAM DeCUMBE.**

Residence, 3813 Euclid Avenue; office, 530-2 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, February 2, 1885. Son of Philip and Emilie (Schmitt) DeCumbe. Attended Outhwaite grammar school, Cleveland, to 1900; graduate of South High School, 1905; received A. B. degree from Ohio Wesleyan University, 1908; attended Harvard Law School, 1908-09; granted J. B. degree from Boston University Law School, 1911. Admitted to the bar of Massachusetts September, 1911; Ohio, July, 1915; United States District Court for Massachusetts, September 29, 1914; United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the First Circuit, October 20, 1914; United States Department of

No. 508, F. & A. M.; Cleveland Chapter No. 148, R. A. M.; Holyrood Commandery No. 32, K. T.; Al Koran Shrine (life member); Al Sirat Grotto; Cleveland Lodge No. 15, K. of P.; Cleveland Art Museum. Police Prosecutor of Cleveland, 1918. Attorney Finance Department, Cleveland, 1918. Candidate Municipal Judge, 1919.

#### **CLYDE LESTER DEEDS.**

Residence, 2236 Rosewood Avenue; office, 823 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born on a farm in Findlay, Ohio, July 21, 1890. Son of Wellington and Mary Alice (Harritt) Deeds. Primary education received in Findlay schools; graduate of Ada, Ohio, high school, 1910; Ohio Northern University Law School with degree of LL. B. in 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913; United States District Court, 1917. Commenced the practice of law in Toledo, July, 1913, in partnership with Samuel P. Axline (former Dean of Law School of Ohio Northern University), and Otto L. Hankison, under the firm name of Hankison, Axline & Deeds; upon the death of Mr. Axline, June 16, 1916, the firm became Hankison & Deeds. Taught Constitutional Law, Domestic Relations (night sessions) at Toledo University, 1914-17. Secretary and director, The Commerce Finance Company, Toledo. Member K. of P., I. O.

O. F., B. P. O. E., Delta Theta Phi, The Toledo Club, Ohio State and Toledo Bar



Associations. The Sylvania Golf Club. Republican.

**UNION CORWIN DeFORD.**



Residence, 55 Indiana Avenue; office, 1200 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Carroll County, Ohio, November 15, 1863. Son of John W. and Elvira (Croxton) DeFord. Married to Eva Rue, December 15, 1888, who died December 19, 1912; second marriage to Grace Whitcraft, of Car-

rollton, June 30, 1915; two children, John W. and Sara Whitcraft. Attended the public schools of Carrollton; received B. S. degree in 1886 from Mt. Union College, Alliance, Ohio; subsequently M. S. degree; studied law in offices of Judge Robert Raley and Judge John H. Fimple, of Carrollton. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 8, 1888; later United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals; United States Supreme Court. Commenced the practice of law in Carrollton as member of the firm of Fimple, Holder & DeFord; later member of the firm of Billingsly, Clark & DeFord, of Lisbon, Ohio (the firm of which Edward M. Stanton was a member); in March, 1907, moved to Youngstown and became a member of the firm of Arrel, Wilson & Harrington, and the subsequent firms of Arrel, Wilson, Harrington & DeFord; Harrington, DeFord, Heim & Osborne; then Harrington, DeFord, Heim & Huxley to date. Member Legal Advisory Board during the World War. Member all Masonic Bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, Shrine; American, Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations; Presbyterian Church; speakers' committee Union League Club. Mayor and Justice of the Peace of Carrollton for some time; Probate Judge of Carroll County for 6 years. Has not been political candidate for 30 years. Republican.

**HARRY LEWIS DEIBEL.**



Residence, 4729 Franklin Avenue; office, 802 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Bakersville, Coshocton County, Ohio, September 25, 1881. Son of Jacob Henry and Mary (Wentz) Deibel. Married to Marian Crawford Brubaker, July 31, 1916; one daughter, Frances Mary. Received early



education in district school, situated on father's farm, in Adams Township, Coshoc-ton County, Ohio. Taught district school four years. Graduate of Denison University, 1911, and Western Reserve University Law Department, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1914. Engaged in the general practice in Cleveland from September 1, 1914, to the present time. Teacher in Cleve-land Law School. Has made special study of wills and issued in 1919 a book, "The Mod-ern Will." Ward leader in Loan Campaigns during the World War. Secretary of Lo-rain Avenue Business Association, Treasurer of West Side Community Council, membe. Chamber of Industry, member of K. of P. and Masonic lodges. Independent in poli-tics, with Democratic leanings.

#### **JACOB DeKAISER.**

Residence, 2104 Stearns Road; office, 322 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1878. Son of Hyman and Rachel (Margolis) De-Kaiser. Married to Mildred M. Kahn, of Cleveland, Ohio, December 12, 1918. At-tended the public schools of Pittsburgh;



business college, Cleveland; graduate of Western Reserve Law School, with degree of LL. B., 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1899; later to the United States Su-preme Court and United States District Court. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Member Cleveland Naval Reserves in 1897; Legal Advisory Board of District No. 2, Cuyahoga County, 1917-1918; Registrar of East Cleveland, Ward 2, Pre-cinct A, 1918, registration of 18 to 45 males. Member Chamber of Commerce, City Club, K. of P., B. P. O. E. No. 18, Cleveland Yacht

Club, I. O. B. B. No. 16; Euclid Avenue Temple. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM L. DE LEONE.**

Residence, 210 Meridian Street; office, 9-10 Reed Building, Ravenna. Born in Ravenna, Ohio, June 5, 1896. Son of Filomeno J. and Theresa (Cuozzo) De Leone. Attended the public and high schools of Ravenna; re-



ceived LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, May 26, 1920. Ad-mitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1920. En-gaged in the general practice alone in Ra-venna. Enlisted at Camp Sherman, Ohio, June 26, 1918; discharged from Central Of-ficers' Training School, Camp Gordon, Ga., November 30, 1918. Member Delta Theta Phi law fraternity; American Legion and Ordini Figli d'Italia. Republican.

#### **FRANK EVERETT DELLENBAUGH.**

Residence, Hasting Hill, East Cleveland; office, 725 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in North Georgetown, Columbiana County, Ohio, October 2, 1856. Son of Dr. Christopher W. and Sarah A. (Everett) Del-lenbaugh. Attended the public schools of Cleveland, Western Reserve Academy and College, University of Pennsylvania; re-ceived LL. D. degree from Union Law Col-lege, 1877. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1877; later to the United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law as a member of the firm of Everett, Dellen-baugh & Weed, until appointed Common Pleas Judge of the Third Judicial District of Ohio in April, 1895, by the Hon. William McKinley (then Governor of Ohio); re-elected in November, 1896, by an overwhelm-

ing majority. Engaged in the general practice of law. Member of Masonic Order, K. of P., Chamber of Commerce, Masonic



Club and Old Settlers' Association of Cuyahoga County. Director of various corporations. Republican.

#### JOSEPH DEMBE.



Residence, 11504 Ablewhite Avenue; office, 402 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Chicago, Illinois, January 24, 1890. Son of Hayman and Beatrice (Shiff) Dembe. Married, May 9, 1917, to Marguerite A.

daughter of Joseph R. Feil (who for 30 years was instructor of Central High School, Cleveland). Received primary education in Jewish Orphan Asylum, Cleveland; graduate of Central High School, 1905; attended Baldwin-Wallace College; graduate of Cleveland Law School, with degrees of A. M. and LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1914; to United States District Court, 1917. Engaged in the individual practice of law in Cleveland. With Judge Manuel Levine, organized the first citizenship class in Ohio at Hiram House; in charge of other classes organized at Educational Alliance; assistant supervisor of citizenship instruction under auspices of Board of Education; organized first Womens' Citizenship Class in Suffrage headquarters, Cleveland, 1917, under auspices of Woman's Suffrage party; opened county court house for night citizenship instruction, 1917. Member Independent Order B'nai B'rith, K. of P., Americanization Committee Bar Association. Appointed assistant immigration officer by Hon. Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, 1914. Democrat.

#### ERNEST COOK DEMPSEY.

Residence, Lake Shore Boulevard; office, Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, March 15, 1890. Son of



James H. and Emma Norris (Bourne) Dempsey. Attended University School, Cleveland, 1901-08; Kenyon College, 1908-11, received A. B. degree therefrom; A. B. degree from Yale College, 1912; attended Harvard Law School, 1912-16; received LL. B. degree therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 7, 1917; United States District Court, northern dis-

trict of Ohio, February 18, 1920. Associated with law firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, of Cleveland, since 1917. With Troop A, Ohio Cavalry, 1916-1917; 323rd F. A., 1917-1919. Member Union, University and Country Clubs, of Cleveland; Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity.

#### JOHN BOURNE DEMPSEY.

Residence, 12819 Lake Shore Boulevard; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 26, 1888. Son of James Howard and Emma Norris (Bourne) Dempsey. Attended University School, Cleveland, 1907; received degrees of A. B., 1911, and A. M., 1915, from Yale



University; LL. B. degree from Harvard University, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1916; United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, 1920. Associated with the law firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, of Cleveland, since date of admission. Served in United States Army on Mexican border as private Troop A, 1st Ohio Cavalry, from June 4, 1916, to March 1, 1917. The World War First Lieutenant Cav. O. R. C., from May 4, 1917, to August 15, 1917; Captain 323rd F. A., from August 15, 1917, to May 22, 1919. Member Union, University, Country and City Clubs, of Cleveland; Yale Club of New York.

#### JOHN P. DEMPSEY.

Residence, 1618 Hollyrood Road; office, Municipal Building, Cleveland. Born in Bellevue, Ohio, March 27, 1878. Son of John A. and Anna Dempsey. Attended grammar school, Bellevue, Ohio; preparatory school, Sandwich, Ontario, Canada; grad-

uate of Business College, Cleveland; graduate of Cleveland Law School, with LL. B. degree, June, 1907; course in Western Reserve University in Economics, Literature and Philosophy, 1907-08; studied law in office of Henderson, Quail, Siddall & Morgan,



Cleveland. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1907; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Commenced the practice of law in 1908, associated with the firm of Henderson, Quail, Siddall & Morgan, and continued until March 3, 1921, when he was appointed Chief Judge Municipal Court of Cleveland. Attended Officers' Training Camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, May 12, 1917; commissioned Captain August 15, 1917; Served with Company G, 332nd Infantry, overseas, Italian front. Discharged from the service May, 1919. Chairman Cuyahoga Council American Legion since November, 1920. Member Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations; Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland Grays.

#### ROBERT FULLER DENISON.

Residence, 2873 North Park Boulevard, Cleveland Heights; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 4, 1876. Son of Lenuel Taylor and Sarah Louise (Fuller) Denison. Married to Elizabeth Brainerd Thomson, October 11, 1899. Attended Kentucky Street School, Cleveland, graduating from West High School, 1892; received A. B. degree from Williams College, 1897; LL. B. degree from Columbia Law School, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1900. Member of law firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey. General Attorney, The Wheeling & Lake



Erie Railway Company. Specialized in railroad, public utility and municipal bond law. Member Union Club and University Club, Cleveland; Williams Club, New York City;



#### **CHARLES E. DERR.**

Residence, 196 Monroe Street; office, 102 Washington Street, Tiffin. Born in Seneca County, Ohio, January 7, 1865. Son of Dennis F. and Mary Jane (Dudrow) Derr. Married to Annie C. Martin, September 13, 1893; Attended public schools, Seneca County; graduate Heidelberg College, with A. B. degree, in 1886. Read law in office of McCauley & Weller, Tiffin. Admitted to the bar of Ohio October, 1888; later United States District Court. Member of the firm of Chittenden & Derr, 1889-91; Derr & Corbett, 1892-96. Member Seneca County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **SIGMUND J. DEUTSCH.**

Residence, 1690 East 81st Street; office, Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 11, 1877. Married to Florence Coblitz, of Cleveland, June 14, 1913. Attended the public schools of Cleveland, including high school; received A.B. degree from Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, 1899; LL. B. degree from Law department of that institution, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1902; to United States District Court, 1903. Formed partnership with H. H. Cummings and A. F.

American, Ohio and Cleveland Bar Associations; member of Council of Cleveland Heights Village since 1914. Republican.

#### **U. G. DENMAN.**

Residence, Fulton and Bancroft; office, 934 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Willshire, Ohio, November 24, 1866. Son of John and Eliza Jane (Dailey) Denman. Married to Frances May Neptune, December 26, 1890; one daughter, Agnes. Attended the public and high schools of Willshire; graduate of National Normal University, Lebanon, Ohio; Normal University, Valparaiso, Indiana; University of Michigan, with LL. B. degree, 1894. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1894; later to United States District Court; United States Supreme Court, 1904. Member of the firm of Clapp & Denman, 1898 to 1899. Assistant City Solicitor of Toledo, 1899 to 1901. Elected to the Ohio Legislature, 1901; City Solicitor of Toledo, 1903 to 1905. Member of the firm of Denman & Crane, 1905 to 1908. Elected Attorney General of Ohio in 1908. Appointed United States Attorney for the Northern District of Ohio in 1911, which office he resigned in 1914. Member of the firm of Denman, Kirkbride, Wilson & McCabe. Member American, Ohio State and Toledo Bar Associations; Toledo Chamber of Commerce, Methodist Church, B. P. O. E. Republican.



Gaughan, of Cleveland, under the firm name of Cummings, Deutsch & Gaughan, which continued for three years; a member of the firm of Deutsch, Howells & Grossman five years; now engaged in the private practice. Member Legal Advisory Board, 25th Ward. Member K. of P., Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations, B. P. O. E. Republican.

**MARCELLUS DeVAUGHN.**

Residence, 1265 West 106th Street; office, 1307 Union National Bank Building, Cleveland. Born in Clarksburg, West Virginia, October 21, 1885. Son of Marcellus and Jane (Thomas) DeVaughn. Married to Mary A. Bevis, in Cleveland, Ohio, September 29, 1918. Attended the public schools of Washington, Pennsylvania; graduate of Washington high school, 1903; Washington & Jefferson College, with A. B. degree (Cum Laude), 1907; specialized in "Education" in

Admitted to the bar of Ohio, April 26, 1879. Practiced law in Tiffin, 1879-80; moved to Clyde in 1880. Member of the firm of Finch & Dewey for twenty-four years; Dewey & Dewey since 1912. Member 16th Regiment, Ohio National Guard. Member Board of Education of Clyde; president of the board four years, 1890-94; vice president Board of Hospital Trustees of Fremont; member Masonic Order; Knights Templar, Ohio State Bar Association since 1882. Republican.

**CLINTON DeWITT.**

Residence, 2260 Chatfield Drive; office, National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, November 15, 1888. Son of Thomas M. and Julia B. (Thompson) DeWitt. Married to Margaret W. Walten, November 17, 1914. Attended Cleveland public and high schools; graduate Western Reserve University, with A. B. degree, 1910; LL. B. degree in 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1912. Member of the firm of Bayly, Simmons & DeWitt, 1913; Professor of Law of Suretyship and Mortgages in Western Reserve Law School.

**JESSE PECK DICE.**

Residence, 90 Kuder Avenue; office, 722 Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born in Akron, November 29, 1875. Son of William B. and Sophia (Coleman) Dice. Married September 29, 1901, to Esther Slaybaugh. Attended the public and high schools of Akron; Buchtel College; received LL. B. degree from Ohio State University in 1898. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1898; later to United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Engaged in the general practice in Akron. Major of Field Artillery February 1, 1919; discharged April 1, 1919. Member Phi Delta Phi, Akron Chamber of Commerce, Summit County Bar Association.

**ALVIN O. DICKEY.**

Residence, 1531 Marlowe Avenue, Lakewood; office, 1609 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Mercerville, Gallia County, Ohio, July 8, 1876. Son of Elza and Viola (Caldwell) Dickey. Married to Emma Weihe, December 24, 1903 (deceased 1912); Mamie Weihe McCrady, January, 27, 1920. Graduate of Ohio Northern University, 1900; studied law at the same institution, 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December, 1904; United States District Court, 1910; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 1913. In partnership with Robert M. Switzer, Gallipolis, Ohio, 1911-1912; with R. A. Mack in Cincinnati, 1913; associated with Calfee, Fogg & White, Cleveland, since January, 1917. Member B. P. O. E., K. of P., Cleveland Bar Association. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of



Cornell University, 1909; principal of high school, Donora, Pennsylvania, 1907-11; superintendent of Donora public schools, 1911-12; graduate of Western Reserve Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915; to the United States District Court, 1920. Associated with law firm of Bartholomew, Leeper & White, 1915-1917; assistant prosecuting attorney of Cuyahoga County from January 1, 1917, to March 15, 1919; since March 15, 1919, associated with the firm of Baker, Hostetler & Sidlo. Member City Club, Cleveland Bar Association, president Washington & Jefferson Alumni Association of Northern Ohio. Democrat.

**THOMAS P. DEWEY.**

Residence and office, Clyde. Born in Penn Line, Pennsylvania, December 27, 1852. Son of George and Harriett Dewey. Married to Harriett S. Sencer, September 9, 1879; two children: Ben H. and Lucy I. Attended district common school and select school in Kelloggsville, Ashtabula County, Ohio; read law with Tinker & Alvord, Painesville, and with Judge John M. Lemmon, of Clyde.

Gallia County, Ohio, November, 1905; re-elected 1908. Special Counsel in office of Attorney General of Ohio, 1915-1917. Republican.

#### **EDWIN W. DIEHL.**

Residence, 192 W. Cambridge Street; office, First National Bank Building, Alliance. Born in Homeworth, Ohio, April 3, 1872. Son of A. J. and Sarah (Boyce) Diehl. Married June 26, 1904, to Lotta Raynor, of Alliance; two children, Eloise and Edwin, Jr. Attended country schools of Stark and Co-



lumbiana Counties; Mt. Union College; received B.S. degree from Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio; studied law in offices of Alonzo Strong and J. S. Miller, of Alliance; special work at University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan, in 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1901; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, December, 1904. Member of the law firm of Diehl & Brown, of Alliance, since 1902. Secretary Park Commission of Alliance from May, 1918, to 1920. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., Stark County Bar Association; president Alliance Bar Association.

#### **ELLIS RAYMOND DIEHM.**

Residence, 870 Herrick Road; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Copley, Summit County, Ohio, June 14, 1889. Son of William Edgar and Cora Amelia (Miller) Diehm. Married to Frances Helen Pesek, of Cleveland, June 1, 1912. Attended public schools, Copley; graduate of Copley High School, 1905; attended Oberlin College; graduate of Cleveland Law School, with LL.B. degree, 1911. Admitted to the

bar of Ohio, June, 1911; later United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Associated with the firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, Cleveland, since admission.



Member City Club, Cleveland Athletic Club, Cleveland, Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **CHARLES W. DILLE.**



Residence, 1847 Knowles Street, East Cleveland; office, 388 The Arcade, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, December, 1869.

Son of William Wallace and Mina T. (Gilbert) Dille. Married to Nettie Luster, of East Cleveland, October 9, 1901; three children, Helen, Elizabeth and Dorothy. Educated in the public schools of Nottingham, Ohio; attended Ohio Northern University, Collegiate Department, one and one-half years; entered Ohio State University, 1896; Denver University Law Department, 1898; graduate of Ohio State University, 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio 1900; United States Supreme Court, 1917; later to New York, Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Kentucky. Engaged in the general practice in Cleveland, specializing in railroad law. Associated with the late Edwin Jay Pinney, 1900-1916; later the firm became Dille & Rosenberg, which continues to date. Member Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Independent politically with Republican leanings.

#### CHESTER LEROY DINSMORE.

Residence, 63 Hawthorne Avenue; office, 400-02 Permanent Title Building, Akron. Born in New Athens, Ohio, September 7, 1882. Son of Robert A. and Mary J. (Armstrong) Dinsmore. Married August 2, 1911, to Madella Stevens; one daughter, Madella. Educated in the country schools; graduate of New Athens, Ohio, High School, 1899; Ph. B. degree from Franklin College, New Athens, 1902; Ohio State University Law School, with LL. B. degree in 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1906. Member of the firm, Myers & Dinsmore, since 1911. Member University Club, I. O. O. F., Nemo Lodge, M. W. A., Akron Chamber of Commerce, Akron Automobile Club, Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

#### OSCAR E. DISER.

Residence, 28 La Cede Avenue; office, Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in New Springfield, Ohio, August 27, 1886. Son of Darwin S. and Sarah (Smith) Diser. Married to Maybel L. Peters, September 30, 1910; two children: Ross Edwin and Saxon Carolyn. Attended the common schools of Mahoning County; North Eastern Ohio Normal; Mt. Union College; graduate of Ohio Northern University Law Department, with degree of LL. B., in 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 18, 1907; United States District Court, May 1, 1919. Member of the firm of Craver, Diser, Huey & Starrs. Member B. P. O. E., K. of P., I. O. O. F., Mahoning County Bar Association. Member Ohio Legislature, 1913-14; Solicitor for East Youngstown, 1916-17 and 1920-21. Republican.

#### MARTIN STEEDMAN DODD.

Residence, 636 Stratford Place; office, 851 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo,

July 21, 1881. Son of Ezra S. and Annie A. (Acklin) Dodd. Married September 4, 1912, to Isabel Hewitt. Attended the public and high schools of Toledo; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1901. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio in 1902; later to United States District Court. First Lieutenant Co. C, 6th Infantry O. N. G. for a number of years; Captain U. S. Field Artillery during the World War. Member Chamber of Commerce, Kiwanis Club, Toledo Tennis Club, Chi Psi Fraternity, Toledo Bar Association. Republican.

#### SAMUEL DOUGLAS DODGE.

Office, Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, August 25, 1855. Son of George C. and Lucy (Burton) Dodge. Married to Jeannette May Groff, October 25, 1882; two children: Henry, and Janet, wife of John N. Garfield, the oldest son of James R. Garfield who was secretary of the interior under the late President Roosevelt, and eldest grandson of President Garfield. Attended a private school in Cleveland; later Guylock Institute in South Williams-town, Massachusetts; received degree of A. B. from Williams College in 1877; from Columbia Law School received LL. B. degree, 1879. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1879. Associated in the early law practice with Virgil P. Kline, Cleveland; later with E. J. Blandin; member of the Cleveland Board of Education two terms; member of City Sinking Fund during mayoralty of late Tom L. Johnson; Assistant United States District Attorney for Northern District of Ohio, from 1885 to 1890; United States District Attorney for Northern District of Ohio from 1895 to 1900. Member Union and Country Clubs of Cleveland, Ohio State Pardon Board, from 1905 to 1913; Secretary of Cleveland Humane Society many years, and President of that society two years. Democrat.

#### SAMUEL DOERFLER.

Residence, 2769 Hampshire Road; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, July 30, 1876. Son of Abraham and Bertha (Jaskulek) Doerfler. Married to Helen Lang, June 30, 1918. Educated in the primary and high schools, Cleveland; attended Adelbert College of Western Reserve University. Read law in office of Wilson & David. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1897; United States Supreme Court, 1917. Elected Prosecuting Attorney November, 1916; re-elected November, 1918. Resigned 1920. Member B. P. O. E. Democrat.

#### BARBARA DOLDER.

Residence, Rose Boulevard; office, 701 People's Bank Building, Akron. Born in Wartau, St. Gallen, Switzerland, January

17, 1889. Daughter of Friedrich and Ursula (Bosch) Muller; one daughter, Ursula. Attended high school at Bauchs, St. Gallen; French school at Yverdon, Vaund; Toledo University, Toledo, Ohio; graduate of St.

County Bar Associations. Interested in farming. Democrat.

### **JAMES DONOVAN, JR.**

Residence and office, Napoleon. Born in Napoleon, January 23, 1891. Son of James and Susan N. (Yeager) Donovan. Married to Mary E. Campbell, June 12, 1918. Graduate Napoleon High School, 1908; University of Michigan, with degree of LL. B., 1913. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and Michigan, 1913; United States District Court, 1915. Member of the firm of Donovan & Donovan. Member Masonic Order, Theta Delta Chi Fraternity, Henry County Bar Association. Democrat.

### **LEONARD E. DONOVAN.**

Residence, 843 Woodland avenue; office, 223 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, February 8, 1884. Son of Daniel C. and Catherine (Daily) Donovan. Married to Elizabeth Hartman of Toledo, September 6, 1911. Two children: Leonard E. and William Joseph. Attended Toledo public and parochial schools; Toledo University, 1914-16. Read law in the office of Judge Robert G. Gosline of Toledo. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1917; U. S. District Court, 1921. Assistant Prosecutor of Lucas county, 1919-20. Member of the firm of Seney, Alexander & Donovan. Member Lucas County Bar Association.

### **GILLUM H. DOOLITTLE.**



John's University, Toledo, with LL. B. degree, in 1920. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1920.

### **DENNIS D. DONOVAN**

Residence and office, Napoleon. Born in Henry County, Ohio, January 31, 1859. Son of John and Catherine (Hannin) Donovan. Married in 1891, to Ginevra Waltimire, of Deshler, Ohio. Attended the public schools of Henry County, Ohio; Northern Indiana University; graduate of Georgetown University Law Department with LL. B. degree in 1895. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1895; later to United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Deshler as member of the firm of Donovan & Warden, and in 1900 moved to Napoleon, where he became member of the firm of Cahill, Donovan & Warden for four years; then Donovan & Warden until February 1, 1921, since which time he continues alone in the general practice. Member Ohio Legislature from Henry County, 1887 to 1891. Member of Congress, 1891 to 1895. Mayor of Deshler, Ohio for two terms. Appointed by President Wilson, Umpire, Panama Mixed Claims Commission. Member Napoleon Council for two terms. County Schools Examiner of Henry County for one term. On the Speakers' Bureau during the World War. Member B. P. O. E., Modern Woodmen, National Union, K. of C., Ohio State and Henry



Residence, 136 Pasadena Avenue; office, 425 Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born in Burton, Ohio, August 14, 1883. Son of James Clement and Philena (Townslay)

Doolittle. Married June 12, 1912, to Marta Habicht, at Muncie, Indiana; two children, Marloe and Philene. Attended the public and high schools of Burton, Ohio; received A. B. degree from Western Reserve University in 1906; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School in 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1908; United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, in 1914. Member of the firm of Hagelbarger, Mottinger & Doolittle, of Akron, 1909 to 1914; Hagelbarger & Doolittle, 1914 to 1920; since January 1, 1920, in the general practice alone. Member Masonic Order, Phi Beta Kappa and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities; City Club, University Club, Chamber of Commerce, Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

### HARRY JAMES DOOLITTLE.

Residence, 8724 Carnegie Avenue; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in New York State, November 6, 1874. Son of Dr. James F. and Fannie (Bulkeley) Doolittle. Married September 27, 1905, to Bertha Hulett; one child, Frances. Attended public and high schools of Cleveland; Case School of Applied Science; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1900; attended Harvard Law School in 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1900; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law. Member Harvard University Club, University of Michigan Club, American, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations.

### FRANK T. DORE.



Residence and office, Tiffin. Born in Tiffin, Ohio, July 9, 1874. Son of John and Katherine (Breslin) Dore. Married to Kathryn Boos, in Huntington, Ind., November 14, 1910; two children: Frank, Jr., and Richard. Graduate of Tiffin High School, 1892; studied law in office of brother, the late Wm. H. Dore. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1895. Practiced law in Tiffin continuously since date of admission. In partnership with brother, Wm. H. Dore, from 1895 until his death in 1914, under firm name of Dore & Dore. Local attorney for T. & O. C. R. R.; L. E. & W. R. R., and T. F. & E. R. R. Co. Member B. P. O. E., Knights of Columbus, Seneca Bar Association. State Senator, 1911-12. Democrat.

### WILLIAM G. DORNAN.

Residence, 366 West Evergreen Avenue; office, 318 Dollar Savings Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in New Cumberland, West Virginia, January 1, 1880. Son of Basil J. and Alice (Gibson) Dornan. Married January 20, 1914, to Virginia Herd; two children: William, Jr., and Jean. Attended the public and high schools of New Cumberland, West Virginia; received A. B. degree from West Virginia University, in 1905; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve Law School in 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1908; later to the United States District Court. Member of the firm name of Dornan & Hoffman, 1915-18; Dornan & Woodside since 1919. Member I. O. O. F., Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

### FRED B. DORSEY.

Residence, 2904 Denison Avenue; office, 813 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, March 26, 1886. Son of William and Mirando (Rigby) Dorsey. Married to Evelyn (Aiken) Dorsey, December 30, 1918. Attended the Cleveland Public and High Schools; preparatory school, 1913-1916; graduated from Cleveland Law School, 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1918; United States District Court, November 29, 1919. Democrat.

### ELI E. DOSTER.

Office, 1110 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Doster, Michigan, June 13, 1872. Son of Christopher and Auguste (Euzian) Doster. Educated in the public and high schools of Michigan. Parson Normal College, Kalamazoo; Denison University; graduate of Western Reserve University with LL. B. degree, 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904; United States District Court, 1909. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland. Member of the firm of Doster & Kirkbride, two years. Member Chamber of Commerce, City Club,



Yacht Club, Beta Theta Pi Fraternity; Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Independent in politics.

#### FRANCIS MARION DOTSON.

Residence, Belvedere Apartments; office, 851-56 Spitzer Building, Toledo, Ohio. Born in Hume, Allen County, Ohio, November 2, 1861. Son of Samuel and Hester Ann (Bowsher) Dotson. Married to Margaret Nungester (deceased), November 30, 1892; second marriage to Helen Grace Whitlock, August 20, 1895; three children, Hazel Marguerite (Shurtz), Helen Ruth (Courtney),



and Marian Constance. Educated in the country schools of Auglaize County, Ohio; entered Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, the spring of 1882, graduating from the Law Department, 1888. Admitted to the bar of Nebraska, September, 1888; Ohio, 1889; United States District and Circuit Courts, 1892; United States Court of Appeals, 1904. Associated in office with Hon. Chas. G. Dawes (Ex-Comptroller of United States Treasury), in Lincoln, Nebraska, 1888-89; moved to Lima, Ohio, the fall of 1889 and formed partnership with Ira R. Longworth, which continued until the fall of 1891; in the individual practice in Toledo since 1892. President The Lindsey Banking Company, of Lindsey, Ohio. During the World War captain of team in Liberty Bond campaigns. Member Toledo Art Museum, Toledo Research Club, Toledo Commerce Club, Collingwood Presbyterian Church, President Board of Trustees of Toledo Presbytery, chairman Board of Trustees of Salvation Army, member Toledo Bar Association. Member Toledo City Council; campaign speaker, delegate to various city, county and state conventions. Republican.

#### RALPH WESTCOTT DOTY.

Residence, 2273 Putnam Street; office, 511 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Ann Arbor, Michigan, August 5, 1886. Son of William G. and Kate (Westcott) Doty. Married to Beulah Thompson, July 5, 1917. Educated in the public and high schools of Ann Arbor, Michigan. Graduate of University of Michigan, Department of Literature, Science and the Arts, with A. B. degree, 1908; received degree of J. D. from law department of that institution, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, June 28, 1910; of Ohio, December 21, 1911; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, June 19, 1916. Engaged in the practice of law in Manistee, Michigan, 1910-11; since 1911 in the practice of law in Toledo. Taught Damages and Suretyship for a time in Toledo University. Member F. & A. M., Lucas County Bar Association, Toledo Lawyers Club. Democrat.

#### RICHARD STEELE DOUGLAS.

Residence, 2096 East 96th Street; office, 322 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland. Born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, August 31, 1888. Son of Samuel Wand and Sarah (Smith) Douglas. Married to Mary Matzer, of Wooster, Ohio, June 3, 1920. Attended Mount Pleasant Institute, 1902-03; Wooster Academy, 1903-06; Wooster College, 1906-10, received A. B. degree therefrom; University of Wisconsin, 1912; instructor College of Wooster,



1911-1913; graduate of Columbia University, with LL. B. degree, June, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January 1, 1917. Associated with the firm of Griswold, Green

Palmer & Hadden, 1916-1919. Enlisted June, 1917, in 135th Field Artillery for service in the World War; served in France from June, 1918, to March, 1919. Member Sigma Chi and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; City Club. Assistant United States District Attorney for Eastern Division, Northern District of Ohio, from August 15, 1919, to September 1, 1920. Trust officer Garfield Savings Bank. Democrat.

#### **SILAS MARION DOUGLASS.**

Residence, 437 Park Avenue West; office, 22½ South Park Street, Mansfield. Born in Monroe Township, Richland County, Ohio, January 1, 1853. Son of John J. and Sophia (Schrack) Douglass. Married October 10, 1883, to May Weagley, of Bellville, Ohio, who died August 10, 1918; three children, Dr. Stephen A., Marion, Jr., and Eleanor, wife of Roy G. Routzahn, of Savannah, Georgia. Attended the district schools,



Greentown Academy; Wittenberg College; graduate of Heidelberg College, with A. B. degree, in 1879, and A. M. degree in 1882; graduate of Cincinnati Law College with LL. B. degree in 1883. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1883; later to United States District Court, United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. Has practiced continuously in Mansfield. Associated with brother, Augustus A. Douglass, in the general practice for 13 years; elected Judge Court of Appeals of 5th Ohio District in 1896 and continued in that office until February 9, 1903, when he resumed the law practice wholly special for Pennsylvania Railroad Company. General counsel for Logan Natural Gas & Fuel Company and subsidiary companies. Engaged in civilian

activities during the World War. Member National Arts Club, Gramercy Park, New York; Columbus Athletic Club; Westbrook Country Club of Mansfield; I. O. O. F., K. of P., B. P. O. E., Beta Theta Pi fraternity; First Presbyterian Church, Ohio State and Richland County Bar Associations. Member Democratic State Executive Committee for the past 12 years. Chairman Democratic State Central Committee. Democrat.

#### **EMMETT P. DOWLING.**

Residence, 1888 East 81st Street; office, 313 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Leetonia, Ohio, December 5, 1880. Son of Joseph K. and Hannah (McManaman) Dowling. Married to Margaret M. Kelly, of Cleveland, October 7, 1908; three children: Margaret, Emmett and Jeanne. Received LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School in 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1909; later, United States District Court. Member of the firm



of Dowling, Dowling & Moriarty, Cleveland. Councilman at Large, Cleveland, 1912-13. Member K. of C.; A. O. H.; B. P. O. E.; Catholic Order of Foresters; Cleveland Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **JOHN L. DOWLING.**

Residence, 1478 East 106th Street; office, 313 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, December 14, 1878. Son of Joseph and Anna (McManamon) Dowling. Married to Nellie A. Smith, of Cleveland, Ohio, April 24, 1907; two children, Mary and Helen. Attended Leetonia, Ohio, high school; St. Ignatius College, Cleveland; received LL. B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace Law School, 1902. Admit-



ted to the bar of Ohio, 1902; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1904. In partnership with Thomas E. Greene, under firm name of Dowling &

City Club, Portage Country Club; Akron Flying Club, F. O. E. No. 555, of Akron; Phi Sigma Kappa and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Summit County and Ohio State Bar



Greene, 1902-05; with P. J. Brady, firm name of Brady & Dowling, 1906-13; with Emmett P. Dowling, firm name of Dowling & Dowling, 1913-20; the firm became Dowling, Dowling & Moriarty January 1, 1920. Member Knights of Columbus, Catholic Order of Foresters, Ancient Order of Hibernians, Cleveland Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **FRANK H. DOWNING.**

Residence and office, Lima. Born in Allen County, Ohio, July 27, 1870. Son of Hugh L. and Mary Ann (Hughes) Downing. Married August 11, 1908, to Maude Margaret McGuirk; one child, Franklin Judd. Attended public schools, Allen County; received A. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, 1897; LL. B. degree in 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1899; later United States District Court. Member of the firm name of Welty & Downing, 1900-16. Member B. P. O. E., Ohio State and Allen County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **FRANK W. DOYLE.**

Residence, 733 W. Market Street; office, 18-19 Doyle Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, March 27, 1896. Son of the late Judge Dayton A. and Ida M. (Westfall) Doyle. Graduate of Akron high school, 1914; attended Cornell University, 1915-16; Cincinnati Law School, 1916-18. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1918. Engaged in the individual general practice in Akron. Member Akron University Club,



Associations. Nominee for State Representative in 1918. Republican.

#### **ARTHUR WILLIAM DOYLE.**



Residence, 733 W. Market Street; office, 21-22 Doyle Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, November 3, 1893. Son of Judge Dayton A. and Ida M. (Westfall) Doyle. Attended public schools of Akron;

received A. B. degree from Cornell University in 1915; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University in 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1917. Engaged in the practice of law in Akron; associated with the firm of Allen, Waters, Young & Andress until 1919. Enlisted in the United States Army May, 1917; served as First Lieutenant in Field Artillery of 37th and 4th Divisions; overseas on western front in France and Army of Occupation in Germany. Secretary The American Producers Co., The Doyle Tire & Rubber Co., vice president The Akron Exhibition Co. Member Portage Country Club, University Club, City Club, Masonic Order; Grotto; B. P. O. E., American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Army and Navy Union, Phi Sigma Kappa and Phi Delta Phi fraternities. Member Civil Service Commission. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Summit County November, 1920.

### **CHARLES M. DRURY.**

Residence and office, Van Wert, Ohio. Born in Mercer County, Ohio, June 20, 1870. Son of Rev. W. H. and Sarah E. (Coil) Drury. Married to Josephine Schmidt; two sons; Harold E. and Charles Eugene. Educated in the public schools of Van Wert; graduate of Ohio Northern University, with A. B. degree, 1895; attended Ohio Wesleyan College. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1910. Member of the firm of Walters & Drury. Director Farmers' Savings Bank of Scott. Member B. P. O. E., K. of P., Van Wert Bar Association. Member House of Representatives, 83rd General Assembly of Ohio from Van Wert. Republican.

### **ALONZO G. DUER.**

Residence, 806 Oakwood Avenue; office, Suite 607 Gardner Building, Toledo. Born in Fredericksburg, Ohio, January 22, 1874. Son of Alson K. and Ellen E. (Sowers) Duer. Married to Kittie Church, September 21, 1896; one daughter: Mrs. Margaret E. Wolf, of Toledo. Graduate of Millersburg High School, 1891; studied law in the office of Judge Wellington Stilwell, Millersburg. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1895; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Karch & Duer, Millersburg, 1895-96; Stilwell & Duer, Toledo, 1896-99. Member F. & A. M., W. O. W., Toledo Bar Association. Assistant City Solicitor, Toledo, 1910-14, and since 1918.

### **ALFRED L. DUFF.**

Residence and office, Port Clinton. Born in Port Clinton, Ohio, October 16, 1878. Son of William and Madeline (Quast) Duff. Married in 1908 to Eleanor Magruder, of Port Clinton. Attended public schools, Port Clinton; Ohio State University, 1899-

1900; Western Reserve University, 1900-02; received LL. B. degree from St. John's University, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1910; United States District Court, 1911. Member of the law firm of Graves, Stahl & Duff, of Port Clinton, Prosecuting Attorney of Port Clinton, 1915 to 1919. Member Port Clinton Yacht Club, Ottawa County Bar Association, Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., K. of P. Democrat.

### **BERNARD T. DUFFEY, JR.**

Residence, 2320 Murray Hill Road; office, 1210 Sweetland Building, Cleveland. Born in Rockford, Illinois, May 15, 1893. Son of B. T. and Lillian (Knapp) Duffey. Married to Carolyn Burton Ingersoll, July 20, 1916. Educated in the public and high schools of Detroit. Received degree of LL. B. from the Baldwin-Wallace College, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1915. Member of the firm of Ingersoll & Duffey, 1917-20. Director Dover Bay Country Club, Cleveland District Golf Association. Member Cleveland Chamber of Commerce. Independent politically.

### **WARREN JOSEPH DUFFEY.**

Residence, 401 Rockingham Street; office, 518-524 Gardner Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Lucas County, Ohio, January 24,



1886. Son of Joseph A. and Rose E. Duffey. (Father connected for 30 years with New York Life Insurance Co.) Married to Marie L. Sawkins in Toledo, Ohio, on August 28, 1913; three children: Marie Ruth, Warren Francis and Natalie Grace. Attended public schools of Toledo, 1892-1900; graduate of St.

John's University, Toledo, with A. B. degree, 1907, and A. M. degree, 1908; graduate of University of Michigan, Department of Law, with LL. B. degree, 1911. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, June 27, 1911; Ohio, June 29, 1911; United States District Court, Northern Division of Ohio, March 15, 1913; United States Supreme Court, Washington, D. C., on April 13, 1917. Began practice in Toledo, with O. S. Brumback, September, 1911; formed partnership with Henry A. Conlin, under firm name of Conlin & Duffey, April, 1912, which continued until the death of Mr. Conlin in December, 1913; since then in general practice alone. In 1916, George C. Bryce and Arthur W. Ryan became associated with him in the practice. Member U. of M. Alumni Club, Maumee River Yacht Club, B. P. O. E., K. of C., Inverness Club, Toledo Club, Toledo Chamber of Commerce, Lucas County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Member General Assembly of Ohio from Lucas County, 1913-14, and was author of Mechanics' Lien Law; act regulating the sale and traffic in cocaine, morphine and other drugs; actively supported the Reform Judiciary Bill in 1913, and was chairman Committee on Ways and Means. Member the Committee on Codes, Courts and Procedure, Manufacturers and Commerce, and Public Utilities; elected on Non-Partisan ticket as member City Council of Toledo, representing Fourth Ward, 1918-19. General counsel National Retail Lumber Dealers' Association of Chicago, but retains his practice in Toledo.

#### BRANT M. DUNCAN.

Residence, 1843 Rudwick Road; office, 1026 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Millersburg, Ohio, June 30, 1879. Son of John C. and Isabel Duncan. Attended Millersburg High School; received B. S. degree from St. Lawrence University; attended Ohio State and Western Reserve Law Schools. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1907. Member of the firm of Howell, Roberts & Duncan. Member Phi Delta Phi, City Club, Cleveland Bar Association.

#### WILLIAM McKINLEY DUNCAN.

Residence, 2028 East 88th Street; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, May 19, 1873. Son of Andrew J. and Sarah (McKinley) Duncan. Married to Viola Deetrick, of Youngstown, Ohio, October 18, 1899. Attended Pittsburgh public schools; Rayen High School, Youngstown, Ohio, one year in Cornell University, Ithaca, New York. Admitted to the bar of Ohio October, 1894; to United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, eastern division, 1897; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Sixth Circuit, 1899; United States Supreme Court, November 6, 1911. Associated

with Squire, Sanders & Dempsey in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Member of the following Cleveland clubs: Union, Athletic, Mayfield Country, Hermit, Shaker Heights Country, Tippecanoe, Cornell, City, Chamber of Commerce, American Museum



of Natural History, Cleveland, American and Ohio State Bar Associations; Court of Nisi Prius; Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States; Ohio Society of New York. Republican.

#### THOMAS X. DUNIGAN.

Residence, 1765 Carlyon Road, East Cleveland; office, 310 Citizens Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, December 31, 1893. Son of Frank B. and Katherine E. Dunigan. Graduate of St. Agnes primary school, Cleveland, 1908; Loyola High School, 1912; St. Ignatius College, with degree of B.A., 1915; Western Reserve University, with LL. B. degree, 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1918. Associated in practice of law with Harrison B. McGraw, since April 1, 1919. Served in United States Naval Reserve force during World War. Member City Club.

#### WILLIAM DUNIPACE.

Residence, 415 W. Wooster Street; office, 118½ N. Main Street, Bowling Green. Born in Scotch Ridge, Ohio, October 10, 1879. Son of Wm. W. and Lizzie (Adams) Dunipace. Married to Edna Smith, December 27, 1905. Primary education received in country schools; attended Ohio Northern University, 1898-1905; granted degrees of B. Ed., 1901; B. S., 1902; B. C., 1903; LL. B., 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 22,

1905; United States District Court, 1908. Member of the firm of Dunipace & Solesher 1908-11. Member Masonic Order, M. W. A., Ohio State and Wood County Bar Associations. Prosecuting Attorney of Wood County, 1909-11. Democrat.

#### THOMAS S. DUNLAP.

Residence, 2119 Elandon Drive, Cleveland Heights; office, Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Wooster, Ohio, July 28, 1867. Son of Silas G. and Lucy J. (Goodrich) Dunlap. Married to Lillian C. Hartman, October 31, 1894; one child; Genevieve (Hogan). Attended public and high schools of Orrville; Wooster University, 1887; University of Michigan, 1890. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1890; later United States Courts. Member of the firm of Meals & Dunlap, 1894-95; Johnson & Dunlap, 1897-1907. Assistant County Prosecutor Civil Department, 1916-17. In 1918 was appointed Judge Court of Appeals; elected, 1918. Member Ohio State Legislature, 1902. Member Beta Theta Phi; Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations. Democrat.

#### D. F. DUNLAVY.

Residence and office, Ashtabula. Born in Ashtabula, Ohio, March 1, 1885. Son of James and Nora (Hussey) Dunlavy. Married to Beryl Fetterman, July 15, 1912; two children: Pollyanna and Doris. Attended public and high schools, Ashtabula; University of Michigan Law Department. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1906; Michigan, 1907; later United States Circuit and District Courts, City Solicitor, Ashtabula, 1912; Prosecuting Attorney, Ashtabula County, 1913. Democrat.

#### ROBERT C. DUNN.

Residence and office, Bowling Green. Born in Bowling Green. Son of Robert and Helen (Van Tassel) Dunn. Married to Myrtle E. Bridgeman, March 14, 1915; one son, Robert Bridgeman. Attended public and high schools of Bowling Green; graduate of Denison University, 1910; Ohio State University Law Department, with degree of J. D., June, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1913; United States District Court, May, 1914. Associated with Harry E. King, Toledo, July, 1914, to January, 1915; since that date junior member of the firm of Harrington & Dunn. Served in the Naval Reserves, Great Lakes, Illinois, during the war, and as County Secretary Liberty Loan organizations and other drives before enlistment. Member Phi Gamma Delta, Phi Delta Phi, Phi Beta Kappa fraternities; Masonic Order; Knights Templar, Shrine; B. P. O. E., K. of P., Wood County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Member House of Representatives of 83rd General Assembly of Ohio from Wood County.

#### ALTON C. DUSTIN.

Residence, East Cleveland; office, Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Richfield, Summit County, Ohio, October 9, 1859. Son of Ebenezer and Rebecca (Roudenburk) Dustin. Attended public schools in Richfield, Summit County, and in Hinkley and Chatham, Medina County, Ohio; preparatory work at Mount Union College; attended Ohio Wesleyan University and Western Reserve University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1886; later United States District Court; United States Supreme Court, January, 1895. Member of the fol-



lowing firms: Sherman, Hoyt & Dustin; Hoyt & Dustin; Hoyt, Dustin & Kelley; Hoyt, Dustin, Kelley, McKeehan & Andrews; Hoyt, Dustin, McKeehan & Andrews; Dustin, McKeehan, Merrick, Arter & Stewart. Member Union, Country and Mayfield Clubs. Republican.

#### MARSHALL N. DuVAL.

Residence and office, Stenbenville. Born in Wellsburg, West Virginia, March 10, 1873. Son of William G. and Henrietta (Stewart) DuVal. Attended New Alexandria Village School; Wellsburg High School; Mt. Union and Scio Colleges; Ohio State and Ohio Northern Universities. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1904. Engaged in the practice of law at Steubenville, Ohio. Member Ohio General Assembly from 1900 to 1904; Ohio Senate, 1906 to 1911. Masonic Order, Knights of Pythias, K. O. T. M., B. P. O. E., Red Men, Grange, Sigma Nu and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Jefferson County Bar Association. Republican.

**JACOB BENJAMIN DWORKIN.**

Residence, 2630 Mayfield Road; office, 200 Schofield Building, Cleveland. Born in Russia, September 2, 1888. Son of Meyer H. and Rebecca (Finklestein) Dworkin. Married to Ester Abrams of Cleveland, Ohio, February 25, 1914; one son, Morton. Attended public schools of Oak Harbor, Ohio; Baldwin-Wallace University, 1908-12, received A. B. degree therefrom; LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School, 1912.



Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1912; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1913. Engaged in the individual law practice in Cleveland. Member B'nai B'rith and National Union. Candidate for State Senator, 1920. Republican.

**TRAFTON M. DYE.**

Residence, Lakewood, Ohio; office, 816 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Sidney, Iowa, January 11, 1886. Son of Charles H. and Eva (Emery) Dye. Married to Mary E. Ward, of Portland, Oregon, 1912. Attended the public schools of Oregon City, Oregon; graduate of Tualatin Academy, Forest Grove, Oregon, 1902; received A. B. degree from Oberlin College, Oberlin, Ohio, 1906; LL. B. degree from Columbia University Law School, 1910. Admitted to the bar of New York, 1910; Oregon, 1911; Ohio, 1917. Practiced law in Portland, Oregon, 1910-1917; moved to Cleveland in 1917 and is now a member of the firm of Wilkin, Cross & Daoust. Member Cleveland Chamber of Commerce.



Cleveland Bar Association, Masonic Order, Phi Beta Kappa Fraternity. Republican

**EPHRAIM RICHARD EASTMAN.**

Residence and office, Ottawa. Born on a farm near Woodstock, Ohio, May 6, 1854. Son of Richard Kimball and Christianna (Groves) Eastman. Married to Elizabeth Ellen Parrett, October 18, 1874; nine children: Lillian A., wife of Judge F. H. Wolfe; Orille M., wife of Harry W. Turner; Maud E., wife of Dr. E. A. Murbach; Ivan L.; Ethel I., wife of Clinton J. Hixson; Leroy E.; Marie A.; Herbert P.; and Harold G. Attended common schools of Union County, Ohio; Sullivan's Select School, Richwood, Chautauqua Circle, Seven Seals. Member School Board of Monroe Township, and resigned to teach schools; taught twelve years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January term of 1884; United States Circuit Court, October 20, 1899. In partnership with David I. Brown, 1887; with Wm. C. G. Krauss from October, 1887, to his death, April, 1906; subsequently, Joseph H. Gosling until May 1, 1910; with his son, Leroy E. Eastman, until December 31, 1916; at present in partnership with son, Herbert Eastman. Member I. O. O. F.; Masonic Bodies: Knights Templar; Toledo Consistory A. A. S. R.; Ohio State Bar Association. President Putnam County Bar Association. Elected Judge Common Pleas Court, Putnam County, November, 1920. Secretary to Board of Elections in Ottawa. Republican.

**HARRY LLOYD EASTMAN.**

Residence, 2122 East 100th Street; office, Federal Building, Cleveland. Born in Butler, Pennsylvania, April 9, 1882. Son of Oliver H. and Clara (Bond) Eastman. Educated in the common and high schools of



Findlay, Ohio, graduate of Western Reserve University Law School, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913. Associated with the firm of Goulder, White & Garry until February, 1919; appointed Assistant



United States Attorney, October 1, 1919. Member Legal Department of Cleveland District Ordinance. Member of City Club, Masonic Order, Maccabees. Democrat.

**LEROY EMERSON EASTMAN.**



Residence, 427 Rockingham Street; office, Smith & Baker Building, Toledo. Born in

Ottawa, Ohio, June 23, 1888. Son of E. R. and Elizabeth E. (Parrett) Eastman. Married June 5, 1913, to Angela A. Vocke, of Napoleon, Ohio. Attended the public and high schools of Ottawa; received B. L. degree from Berea College, Berea, Kentucky, in 1908; attended Yale Law School, 1908 to 1909; Ohio State University Law School, 1909 to 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1910; later to United States District Court. Practiced in Ottawa in partnership with his father, E. R. Eastman, until January, 1917, when he moved to Toledo and became associated with the firm of Smith, Baker, Effler & Allen. In January, 1918, became a member of that firm, and in January, 1920, the firm name changed to Smith, Baker, Effler, Allen & Eastman. Member of Beta Theta Pi and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities, Masonic Bodies, Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd degree, President Kiwanis Club, member Toledo Club, Inverness Club, Chamber of Commerce, Y. M. C. A., Ohio State Bar Association, member Executive Committee Lucas County Bar Association. Republican.

**ROBERT CALVIN EASTMAN.**

Residence, 1074 West Market Street; office, Holmes Block, Lima. Born in Allen County, Ohio, June 1, 1851. Son of Jonathan Owen and Rachel Ann Eastman. Married to Leoline B. Beery, May 23, 1878; four children: Bessie Long, Earl, Fred and Helen. Attended country school, Allen County; Ada Normal School, 1870-74; graduate of Ohio Northern University, July 11, 1874. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1877; later United States District and Circuit Courts and United States Court of Appeals. In partnership with Hinchman S. Prophet, Lima, which firm continued until the death of Mr. Prophet, August, 1914. Author of brief history of the Allen County Bar. Member I. O. O. F., B. P. O. E., Allen County Bar Association. Member Board of Examiners for Teachers of Lima, 1883-06; City Council, 1883; City Solicitor, Lima, 1905-06.

**JOHN WALTER ECKELBERRY.**

Office, 920 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Zaleski, Ohio, September 23, 1888. Son of H. M. Eckelberry. Attended public and high schools of Richwood, Ohio; Ohio Wesleyan University; graduate Ohio State University, with A. B. degree, 1908; Harvard Law School with LL. B. degree, 1913; graduate school of business administration of Harvard University (Special Student) 1915-16. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 15, 1917; later to United States District Court for Porto Rico. In Legal Department of American Telephone & Telegraph Company, New York, 1913-1915; with Legal Department, Fairchild Sugar Company, San Juan, Porto Rico, 1915; associated with firm of Dustin, McKeenan, Merrick, Arter & Stewart. In Judge Advocate

General's Department of United States Army, 1917-1919. Member Delta Tau Delta, Phi Delta Phi, Alpha Kappa Psi, Masonic Order. Republican.

### **HARVEY J. ECKLEY.**

Residence, Carrollton; office, Court House, Carrollton. Born in Carrollton, Ohio, October 29, 1845. Son of Attorney Ephraim K. and Martha (Brown) Eckley. Married to Anna McCoy; 2 children: Gretchen M. and Frederick R. Attended public schools of Carrollton; Washington & Jefferson College. Read law in office of his father. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1872; later United States District Court. Prosecuting Attorney, Carroll County, for four years: Elected Judge Common Pleas Court, Carroll County, 1910; re-elected, 1916. Member Masonic Order, Ohio State Bar Association, Beta Theta Phi fraternity, Presbyterian Church. Republican.

### **ARTHUR R. EDGERTON.**

Office, 604 Marshall Building, Cleveland. Born in Royalton, Ohio, December 5, 1876. Son of Melvin P. and Salenda (Raymond) Edgerton. Married April 5, 1912, to Martha Thompson. Attended public school, Brecksville, Ohio; graduate of Oberlin College with A. B. degree, 1904. Western Reserve University Law School, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1907. Member of the firm of Wenne-man, Gates & Edgerton, Member Legal Advisory Board, Ward 26, City Club, Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

### **RALPH W. EDWARDS.**



Residence, 17918 Windward Road; office, 625 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in

Cardiff, Wales, February 1, 1879. Son of Morgan and Fanny (Wigmore) Edwards. Married June 21, 1916, to May Otter, of Cleveland; 1 child: Ralph W., Jr. Moved to the United States at the age of six and received his education in Trinity Chapel School, New York. Graduate of Cleveland Law School with LL. B. degree, June, 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1901; later United States District Court. In partnership with James A. Farrell under the firm name of Farrell & Edwards since admission to the bar. Member Ohio Legislature, 1910-11, member Civil Service Commission, Cleveland, 1911-20. Treasurer Cleveland Bar Association, member Masonic Order, Grace Episcopal Church, Democrat.

### **ERWIN R. EFFLER.**

Residence, 2545 Parkwood Avenue; office, Smith & Baker Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, December 15, 1884. Son of



Jacob and Alice (Leibius) Effler. Married April 30, 1913, to Fanny Pilliod of Toledo; three children: James Erwin, Erwin Robert and Paul Louis. Attended St. Mary's Parochial School, Toledo; graduate of St. John's College, Toledo, with A. B. degree, in 1905; Georgetown University, Washington, D. C., with A. M. degree, in 1906; Law Department of Georgetown University, with LL. B. degree, in 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1908; later to United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Toledo in 1908, in association with the firm of Smith & Baker; in January, 1913, became a member of the firm of Smith, Baker, Effler & Allen. On January 1, 1920, the firm became Smith, Baker, Effler, Allen & Eastman, and so continues

to date, Secretary St. John's University Law School, Toledo, and instructor on "Negotiable Paper." Member Toledo Club, Inverness Club, Toledo Bar Association, Toledo Chamber of Commerce, Knights of Columbus, Cathedral Chapel Parish, Democrat.

**GEORGE HAMILTON  
EICHELBERGER**

Residence, 2732 East Overlook Road; office, Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born in Urbana, Ohio, January 24, 1877. Son of George M. and Emma (Ring) Eichelberger. Married to Frances S. Dodge, August 11, 1908. Received early education in public schools of Urbana; attended Urbana University and Ohio Wesleyan University. Ad-



mitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1900; later United States District Court; United States Court of Appeals, and United States Supreme Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland at the present time. Member of the firm of Reed, Meals & Eichelberger until 1920. Member O. N. G., and served in U. S. Army Air Service as Major in the World War, from December, 1917, to March, 1919. United States Marshal at Shanghai, China, from 1897 to 1900. Member Shaker Heights Country Club, Cleveland Athletic Club, Union Club, Cleveland Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

**HARRY HERBERT ELDER.**

Residence, 9907 Somerset Avenue; office, 416 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in New York City, August 19, 1891. Son of Anthony and Jennie (Krause) Elder. Attended the Cleveland public schools; high

school, Shelby, Ohio; Baldwin-Wallace College, 1916-18; received LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School, 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1918. In 1918 formed partnership with Harry E. Sobul under



the firm name of Sobul & Elder. Member Cleveland Bar Association. Independent in politics.

**ALBAN H. ELLIOTT.**



Residence, 1242 Fulton Road, N. W.; office, 516 Daily News Building, Canton. Born in Brown Township, Carroll County,



Ohio, September 20, 1872. Son of William C. and Nancy J. (Long) Elliott. Married October 11, 1901, to Olive A. Whitacre, of Minerva, Ohio. Attended country school until 1891; graduate of Ohio Northern University, Scientific Course, B. S. degree in 1895; Law Department of same institution with LL. B. degree in 1898. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1898; later to the U. S. District Court Northern District of Ohio. Commenced the practice of law in August, 1898, at New Philadelphia, Ohio, in partnership with V. H. Mowls; moved to Canton in 1902, where he is engaged in the practice of law. Member Stark County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Democrat.

#### HARVEY E. ELLIOTT.

Residence, Statler Hotel; office, 304-5 National Building, Cleveland. Born in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, January 29, 1878. Son of Laughlin and Sarah J. (Wilson) Elliott. Married to Edna B. Taylor, of Columbiana County, November 18, 1903; three children:



Ralph T., Donald W., Mary A. Attended country schools in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, and Columbiana County, Ohio. Received LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern University in 1902. Read law in office of Hon. Louis T. Farr, of Rogers, O. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1903; later, United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Engaged in the general practice of law alone in Cleveland. Member Cleveland and American Bar Associations. Democrat.

#### JOHN M. ELLIOTT.

Residence, 2061 East 93rd Street; office, 802-4 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Lisbon, Ohio, September 9, 1870. Son of George

and Mary (MacGregor) Elliott. Married March 7, 1917, to Rachel Jean Speer, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; 3 children: George, Mary and Anna. Attended public and high



schools of Lisbon; National Normal University, Lebanon. Studied law in office of Morrison Brothers of Lisbon. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in March, 1898. Commenced the practice of law in Lisbon and continued until 1915 when he moved to Columbus where he was Counsel for the Department of Banks & Banking. In 1920 moved to Cleveland and formed partnership with Edward C. Wolfe under the firm name of Wolfe & Elliott, which continues to this date, specializing in Blue Sky and Corporation Law. Author of "The Annotated Blue Sky Laws of United States," in 1919. Member Masonic Order, Ohio Society of New York, Columbus Athletic Club. Republican.

#### SIDNEY E. ELSNER.

Residence 2209 Cummington Road; office, 519 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, October 9, 1893. Son of Morris and Dora (Bernstein) Elsner. Married to Charlotte Sill, of Cleveland, April 1, 1891. Educated in Cleveland public and high schools; graduated from Cleveland Law School with LL. B. degree, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1915. Member of the firm of Blackett & Elsner, March, 1917, to October, 1918. Member Cleveland Bar Association, F. & A. M., Al Sirat Grotto, Tippecanoe Club. Republican.

#### JOHN FRANCIS EMANS.

Residence, 639 South West Street; office, 414-18 Opera House Block, Lima. Born on a farm near Mendon, Mercer County,

Ohio, February 29, 1876. Son of Christopher R. and Jemima (Sutton) Emans. Married to Estella J. Custer in Mendon, Ohio, October 26, 1900; one son Erin E. Completed early education in country school, 1892; taught school one year; attended Mendon and Union Township High Schools, graduating 1896; attended Tri-State Normal



College, Angola, Indiana, 1898; studied law under Senator Godfrey of Celina, Ohio; entered Ohio Northern University, Liberal Arts Department, 1902; graduated with degree of B. Ped., 1903; graduate Law Department of same institution, 1905, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1905; United States District Court, 1910. Commenced practice of law in Lima, in partnership with H. E. Garling, under the firm name of Emans & Garling, which continued until 1910. Attorney and Director The Roloson Manufacturing Co. During the war took active part in all bond campaigns; was Four Minute Man; Member Legal Reserve Board at Washington. Member F. & A. M., K. of P., K. O. T. M., Presbyterian Church, Allen County Bar Association. Republican.

#### HENRY I. EMERSON.

Residence, 10603 Wilbur Avenue; office, 223 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Litchfield, Maine, March 15, 1871. Son of Ivory W. Emerson. Attended Lewiston (Maine) High School, 1890; Cincinnati University, 1893. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1893; United States District Court, 1894. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Member City Council, 1902-03. Member 64th, 65th and 66th Congresses. Republican.

#### RALPH EMERY.

Residence, 539 Acklin Avenue; office, 1018 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Paulding, Ohio, September 26, 1874. Son of Thomas and Lena (Savage) Emery. Married September 8, 1913, to Edith Crabbs, of Toledo. Attended the public schools of Bryan, Ohio; graduate of high school, Ithaca, New York; attended Academic and Law Departments of Cornell University, 1891 to 1894. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1896; United States District Court, 1904; later to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Engaged in law practice in Toledo continuously to date. Member Toledo Club, Toledo Country Club, Lucas County Bar Association, Toledo Chamber of Commerce. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Lucas County, 1906 to 1908; Assistant City Solicitor of Toledo in 1909; Judge Common Pleas Court of Lucas County, 1913 and 1914; Director of Law of Toledo, 1918 and 1919. Democrat.

#### HARRY H. EMMONS.

Residence and office, Alliance. Born in Alexander, Ohio, September 14, 1878. Son of Harrison and Mary (Lower) Emmons. Married to Pauline Temple, September 28, 1908; two children: Loreen H. and Richard H. Attended village school in New Alexander; Mt. Union College; Western Reserve University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1906; United States District Court, November, 1913. Member of the firm name of Emmons & Emmons. Member Sigma Nu fraternity. Alliance and Stark County Bar Associations. Independent in politics.

#### FRANK W. EMSLIE.



Residence 1293 Jackson Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio; office, 413-14 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in New London, Huron

County, Ohio, August 28, 1890. Son of W. D. and Elizabeth (Carr) Emslie. Married to Stella Mullen, of Cleveland, June 8, 1915. Graduate of New London High School, 1908; Adelbert College of Western Reserve University with degree of A. B., 1913; Western Reserve University Law School with degree of LL. B., 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915; later to the United States District Court. Engaged in the private practice of law in Cleveland.

#### **AMOS HARMON ENGLEBECK.**

Office, Central Savings & Trust Building, Akron. Born in Port Clinton, Ohio, November 30, 1885. Son of Charles G. and Jennie (Fall) Englebeck. Married October 15, 1914, to Martha Ozburn; 1 child: Amos Harmon, Jr. Attended the public and high schools of Port Clinton; Ohio State University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1908; later to United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Member of the firm of Commins, Brouse, Englebeck & McDowell. Member Masonic Order: Grotto; University Club of Akron; Chamber of Commerce; American, Ohio State and Summit County Bar Associations; Kiwanis Club. Republican.

#### **EVA EPSTEIN.**

Residence, 408 Scottwood Apartments; office, 838 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in New York City, November 11, 1891. Daughter of Harris and Bessie (Willner) Epstein. Married November 11, 1920, to J. Leo Shaw. Attended public and high schools of Brooklyn, New York; Central High School, Toledo; Toledo University; graduate of St. John's University Law School with LL. B. degree, 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1918; before Department of Interior, Bureau of Pensions, Washington, D. C., as Pension Attorney. Associated in the practice of law with Ben W. Johnson. Member Toledo Woman's Association, The Ohio League of Women Voters of Lucas County, The Council of Jewish Women, Toledo Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **JOSEPH O. EPPSTEIN.**

Residence, 2415 Franklin Avenue; office, 951 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, May 31, 1889. Son of Julius and Charlotte (Pulvermacher) Eppstein. Attended the public and high schools of Toledo; graduate of University of Michigan Law Department with LL. B. degree, in 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1912; later to the United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Toledo alone to date. Treasurer of Lucas County Democratic Central Committee; member Ohio Legislature, 1914-15; re-nominated for election, but did not accept; Special Counsel, Attorney General for Northwestern Ohio for two years. Lecturer on "Contracts" at

St. John's College Law Department. Attended Junior Plattsburg Military Training



Camp in 1918. Member Ohio State and Toledo Bar Associations. Democrat.

#### **EDWIN DE WITT ERSKINE.**

Residence, 637 N. 5th Street; office, 1001 Sinclair Building, Steubenville. Born in East Springfield, Ohio, January 29, 1870. Son of David and Eliza (Crawford) Erskine. Married December 19, 1917, to Hallie B. Abrams; two children: Dorothy and DeMarr, Jr. Attended the public schools; Mt. Union College and Ohio State University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 5, 1895; United States District Court. In partnership with E. E. Erskine from 1905 to 1913. Member Masonic Order: 32nd degree, Knights Templar, Shrine; K. of P.; B. P. O. E.; Red Men; Woodmen; Maccabees; Jefferson County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **EMMETT E. ERSKINE.**

Residence, 1055 La Belle Avenue; office, 801 Sinclair Building, Steubenville. Born in Jefferson County, Ohio, February 22, 1855. Son of David and Eliza (Crawford) Erskine. Married July 13, 1912, to Margaret Anderson (deceased); 3 children: 1 living, Mary Erskine (Keller). Attended the country schools of Jefferson County; Westminster College, Pennsylvania; Kansas State University. Read law in office of A. H. Battin and E. S. Andrews, of Steubenville. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, April 16, 1879; United States District Court, June, 1899. Member of the firm of Andrews & Erskine, 1880 to 1885; Erskine & Erskine for 5 years; with C. H. Smith, 1906-12. Prosecuting attorney of Jefferson County, 1890

to 1896. Member Masonic Order; 32nd degree, Shrine; K. T.; K. of P.; Ohio State and Jefferson County Bar Associations. Republican.

**LOUIS J. ESTY.**

Residence, 1861 Rosalind Avenue; office, 1513 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born at Cleveland, Ohio, April 12, 1877. Son of John B. and Carrie G. (Griffin) Esty. Married to Grace L. Davis, May 15, 1902; two children: Roger E. and Janet L. Graduate of Ravenna High School in 1895; Ohio Wes-



leyan University with B. S. degree in 1899; Western Reserve University Law School with B. L. degree in 1901. Admitted to Ohio bar, June 13, 1901, and to United States Circuit Court, February 26, 1909. Attorney for the Citizens Savings & Trust Co., of Cleveland, for eight years, since which time has been in partnership with the firms: McMillan, Esty & Pattison; Hogg & Esty; Horr, Lewenthal & Esty, and Lewenthal & Esty. Vice President, General Manager, Treasurer, and Attorney of the Cleveland Realization Co. Member Iris Lodge F. & A. M., Oriental Commandery Knights Templar, Cleveland Athletic Club, the Shaker Heights Country Club. Republican.

**ALTON H. ETLING.**

Residence, Orrville; office, Wooster. Born in Mt. Eaton, Wayne County, Ohio, November 13, 1878. Son of Barnhart and Anna (Lash) Etling. Married, June 8, 1901, to Ella F. Messner, of Mt. Eaton, Ohio; two children, Mary Helen and Ruth Marguerite. Attended the public and high schools of Mt. Eaton; Ohio Northern University; received

Ph. B. degree from Wooster University in 1904; attended law school of Chicago University two years; law school of Ohio State University one year. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1914; later to United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Wooster in 1914. January 1, 1916, formed partnership with James B. Taylor, under the firm name of Taylor & Etling, which continued until January 1, 1919. On January 1, 1921, formed partnership with Judge Lynan R. Critchfield, under the firm name of Critchfield & Etling, which continues to date. Superintendent of schools of Orrville, 1906 to 1912. Member of Ohio Legislature, 1913 to 1917. City solicitor of Orrville since 1915. Director and secretary Orrville Chamber of Commerce. Attorney B. & O. Railroad. Delegate to Democratic



National Convention at San Francisco in 1920. Member K. of P., Masonic Bodies: Knights Templar, Shrine; Acacia Fraternity, Ohio State Bar Association, M. E. Church of Orrville. Democrat.

**CHARLES DANIEL EVANS.**

Residence, 829 E. Market Street; office, 208-11 Ohio Building, Akron. Born in Kensington, New Hampshire, September 27, 1897. Son of Daniel M. and Mary Julia (Woods) Evans. Attended public schools of Kensington, N. H.; Sanborn Seminary, Kingston, N. H.; received A. B. degree from Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, in 1917; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School in 1919. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1919. Associated with A. S. Mottinger from 1919 to January, 1920, when they became partners, under the firm name of Mottinger &

Evans. In Officers' Training School at Camp Grant, Illinois, from September to November, 1918. Member Masonic Order,

continues to date. Enlisted September, 1918, in United States Army and served in Tank Corps during the World War. Member



B. P. O. E., Lambda Chi Alpha and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities; Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **WALTER A. EVERSMAN.**

Residence, 2262 Collingwood Avenue; office, 1102 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, October 8, 1880. Son of Frederick W. and Elizabeth (Graether) Eversman. Married to Grace Greenhalgh, June 25, 1910; one child: Elizabeth Partridge. Attended public and high schools of Toledo; graduate, University of Michigan, with A. B. degree, 1901; L.L. B. degree, 1903. Attended Berlin University and Munich University, Germany, 1903-04. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1903; later to United States Courts. Member of the firm of Brown, Geddes, Schmettau & Williams. Member Toledo Club, Country Club, Phi Delta Theta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities, Toledo, Ohio State and American Bar Associations.

#### **JAMES A. EWING.**

Residence, 649 Bryson Street; office, 713 The Dollar Savings & Trust Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, Ohio, September 21, 1894. Son of Hon. J. Calvin and Eva (Calvin) Ewing. Married to Margaret Borts, of Youngstown, September 29, 1918. Attended the public and high schools of Youngstown; received L.L. B. degree from Cornell University Law School, 1919. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1918. In September, 1919, formed partnership with his father, Hon. John C. Ewing, under the firm name of Ewing & Ewing, which con-



Delta Chi legal fraternity; Mahoning County Bar Association, American Legion. Republican.

#### **HARRISON W. EWING.**



Residence, 2179 East 89th Street; office, Leader-News building, Cleveland. Born in Milton, Mahoning County, Ohio, July 26, 1874. Son of Harrison J. and Sarah M. (Patterson) Ewing. Married to Elmyra C.



Lucas, of Cleveland, June 27, 1903; one daughter, Marjorie. Graduate of Cleveland Central High School; attended Adelbert College of Western Reserve University; received degree of L.L.B. from Law Department of that university in 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 8, 1899; later to the United States District Court and United States Court of Appeals, sixth district. Commenced the practice of law in Cleveland, in partnership with his father, Harrison J. Ewing, under the firm name of Ewing & Ewing, which continued until the death of Harrison J. Ewing in 1903. Formed partnership in 1906 with J. A. Nieding and S. E. Kramer under the firm name of Ewing, Nieding & Kramer, which continued until 1907. Member of firm of Ewing, Kramer & Counts, 1909-12; Dawley, Ewing, Counts & Terrell, 1912-16 (until the death of Jay P. Dawley). Engaged in the general practice of law at the present time. Member F. & A. M., R. A. M., B. P. O. E., K. of P., City Club, Phi Delta Phi fraternity; Cleveland Bar Association. Democrat.

#### JOHN CALVIN EWING.

Residence, 649 Bryson Street; office, 713 The Dollar Savings & Trust Building, Youngstown. Born in Jackson Township Mahoning County, Ohio, February 26, 1863. Son of John and Margaret (Sterritt) Ewing. Married to Eva Calvin, October 4, 1893; two children, James A. and Margaret. Educated in the country schools of Jackson and Canfield townships, Mahoning County, Ohio, from 1870 to 1875; at-



tended high school, Canfield, Ohio, 1875-78; North Eastern Ohio Normal College, Canfield, Ohio, 1881-1885. Studied law in office

of Hon. Asa W. Jones and Hon. W. S. Anderson, Youngstown, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio October 3, 1892. Practiced law in Youngstown from January, 1893, to February, 1900; resumed the practice February, 1906, and associated with son, Jas. A. Ewing, under firm name of Ewing & Ewing, September 1, 1919. Member Mahoning County Bar Association, B. P. O. E. Judge Probate Court from February, 1900, to February, 1906. Republican.

#### ROSCOE M. EWING.

Residence, 1250 Marlowe Avenue, Lakewood; office, 709 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Wooster, Ohio, May 23, 1889. Son of John E. and Chastina (Baird) Ewing. Married to Viva Sargeant in Medina, Ohio, August 26, 1914. Attended country schools in Medina County to the eighth grade; high school, Wadsworth, Ohio;



graduate of Western Reserve University Law Department, June, 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1912; United States District Court, 1915; United States Court of Claims, January 6, 1919; United States Supreme Court, April 21, 1919. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland. In partnership with Robert E. McKisson from 1912 to October 15, 1915. In July, 1919, formed partnership with James L. Lind, and in January, 1920, with Melvill W. Vickery under the firm name of Ewing, Lind & Vickery. Member Masonic Order, Cleveland Yacht Club, Cleveland Auto Club, Ohio Athletic Club. Republican.

#### J. J. EWERS.

Residence, 537 Hamilton Avenue; office, 312-15 Opera House Block, Lorain. Born in Ney, Ohio, September 22, 1876. Son of Clarkson and

Amanda Knisely Ewers. Married May 30, 1908, to Alice Montgomery; 2 children: Ray A. and Clark J. Early education received in country school; attended Ney, Ohio, High School 2 years; Sherwood, Ohio, High School 2 years; College at Defiance, Ohio, 1 year; Classical



Course at Ohio Northern University 3 years; graduate of Law Department of that institution with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904; United States Federal Court, Northern District of Indian Territory, 1905, bar of Oklahoma, 1907; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, September, 1912. Practiced law in Oklahoma 5 years. In partnership with Judge M. C. Reville under the firm name of Reville & Ewers, in Tahlequah, Oklahoma, 2 years; with W. L. Johns, firm name of Ewers & Johns, Tahlequah, 1 year; with R. W. McKinley, firm name of Ewers & McKinley, Tahlequah, 2 years; for the past eight years in the individual practice in Lorain. President Lorain Merchants' Protective Association; Secretary and Treasurer Lorain County Finance Company; secretary and treasurer Port City Mortgage Company of Lorain, Ohio. Member Lorain County Bar Association.

#### **MATTHEW B. EXCELL.**

Residence, 2102 East 93rd Street; office, 538 East Ohio Gas Building, Cleveland. Born in Jackson, Michigan, July 13, 1869. Son of John W. and Emily (Tayler) Excell. Married to Maud Amerman, daughter of the late Hon. James Amerman, of Alliance, Ohio, October 3 1894; one child: Allen J. (died in the service of United States Army January 27, 1918). Graduate of Central

High School, Cleveland, 1888; attended Adelbert College of Western Reserve University; graduate of Mount Union College, Alliance, with degree of Ph. B., 1891. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1894; United States District Court, 1896. Mayor of city of Alliance, Ohio, 1892-94; assistant city solicitor of Cleveland, Ohio, 1899-1901; president Board of Public Safety, 1903-09. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland ever since 1894, now specializing in trial work. Teacher in Cleveland Law School since 1911. Member F. & A. M., City Club, Cleveland Bar Association, Sigma Alpha Epsilon and Delta Theta Phi fraternities; Methodist Episcopal Church. Demo-



cratic candidate for Common Pleas Judge, 1904; for Circuit Judge, 1908; delegate to Democratic National Convention in Denver, 1908. Democrat.

#### **JAMES H. EYMON.**

Residence and office, Marion. Born in Circleville, Ohio, December 19, 1872. Son of Samuel and Catherine (Hepburn) Eymon. Married August 10, 1896, to Nina Slyh, of Circleville, Ohio; two children, Margery and Katherine. Attended public and high schools of Williamsport, Ohio; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan in 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1903; later to United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Marion a short time in partnership with George T. Geran under the firm name of Eymon & Geran. Attorney for Marion County Humane Society since its organization. District solicitor

Pennsylvania System. Member Masonic Order, First Presbyterian Church, Ohio



State and Marion Bar Associations. Republican.

#### JOHN D. FACKLER.

Residence, 2866 Sedgewick Road, Shaker Heights; office, 1306 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Richland County, Ohio, January 18, 1878. Son of N. C. and Mary (Boyce) Fackler. Married to Alice M. Haukinson, 1902. Attended Savannah Academy; received A. B. degree from Wooster College; attended Harvard Law School; Western Reserve Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1905. Member Union, University and City Clubs of Cleveland. Member Fourth Ohio Constitutional Convention.

#### HERBERT RAY FAIRALL.

Residence, 751 S. Maple Street; office, Herberich Building, Akron. Born in Frazeyburg, Muskingum County, Ohio, August 19, 1893. Son of Cary L. and Elzina Josephine Fairall. Married to Loucina Pearl Calebaugh, April 4, 1920. Educated in District Schools of Scrigon and Black Run; graduate of Frazeyburg High School; taught district school in Scrigon, 1913-14; graduate of Ohio State University, Law Department, in 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1917. Associated with Herberich, Burroughs and Smith. Served in United States Army, July 23, to November 30, 1918. Member Order of the Coif Fraternity, Summit County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### MATTHEW SINGLETON FARMER, JR.

Residence, 1833 East 97th Street; office, 525 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born

in Flat Rock, North Carolina, July 6, 1886. Son of Matthew S. and Lucy (Price) Farmer. Educated in the public schools of Washington, D. C.; graduate of Eastern High School, June, 1908; attended Law School of the University of Michigan, 1908-1909; graduate of Law School of the George Washington University, Washington, D. C., with LL. B. degree, 1911. Admitted to the bar of the District of Columbia; Court of Appeals; United States Court of Claims, 1911; of Ohio, December, 1917; United



States Supreme Court, January, 1920. Engaged in the individual practice of law in Washington, D. C., 1911-1917. Associated with the firm of Crampton & House, 1917-1920. Associated with Paul S. Crampton since 1920. Served with Company B, 71st Infantry, 11th Division, United States Army, as private and corporal. Candidate for a commission in 5th Battalion, Central Officers' Training School, Camp Gordon, Georgia, at the end of World War. Member Theta Delta Chi fraternity; The University Club of Washington, D. C.; The American Legion, Alumni Association of Cleveland, U. of M.

#### LOUIS T. FARR.

Residence, E. Lincoln Way; office, Court of Appeals, Lisbon. Born in Columbiana County, Ohio, July 24, 1865. Son of Jonas H. and Christina A. (Gardner) Farr. Married to Pearl A. Byers, December 31, 1891. Educated in the common schools, East Carmel, Ohio; graduate Mt. Hope Academy, June 11, 1889; received A. M. degree from Volant College; A. M. degree from Bethany College. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 3, 1891; United States District and Circuit Courts, October 3,



1905. Judge of the Probate and Juvenile Courts, Columbiana County, eight years. Judge Court of Appeals, 7th District of Ohio. Was volunteer in Spanish American War, but not inducted into service. Member F. & A. M., R. A. M., K. T., Ohio State Bar Association. Republican.

#### **GEORGE T. FARRELL.**

Residence, North Market Street; office, Post Office Building, Lisbon. Born in Lisbon, Ohio, May 31, 1876. Son of James D. and Mary (Maloney) Farrell. Married June 27, 1900, to Helen Cavanaugh, of Lisbon. Attended public and high schools of Lisbon; read law in office of Hon. Charles



S. Speaker, of Lisbon. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1898; later to United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, and United States Court of Appeals. Engaged in the general practice alone in Lisbon. Mayor of Lisbon from 1899 to 1908. Member B. P. O. E., Columbiana County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Chairman Columbiana County Red Cross. Republican.

#### **JAMES ALOYSIUS FARRELL.**

Residence, 1345 East 112th Street; office, 625 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Sandusky, Ohio, May 26, 1877. Son of James and Mary (Linsky) Farrell. Married to Dorothy E. Lewis, of Sandusky, Ohio, September 25, 1912; two children: James Edward and Walter Lewis. Attended parochial and public schools, Sandusky; graduate of Cleveland Law School, Baldwin University, with LL. B. degree, June, 1901; read law in office of Hoyt, Dustin & Kelley for several years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1901; later United States District

Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. In partnership with Ralph W. Edwards under the firm name of Farrell & Edwards since admission. Vice President P. A. Geier Co., Cleveland; Director Betz-Pierce Co.,



Cleveland. Member Knights of Columbus, Cleveland Bar Association, St. Thomas Aquinas Church, Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

#### **JESSE BYRON FAY.**

Residence, Willoughby; office, 1021 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Sandusky, September 8, 1860. Son of Byron and Eliza A. Fay. Graduate of Cleveland High School; attended Hamilton College; Law Department of Michigan State University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio and United States District and Circuit Courts. Commenced the practice of patent law as a member of the firm, Hall & Fay; later with firm, Fay & Oberlin; at the present time, Fay, Oberlin & Fay. Member Willowick Country Club, Union Club, Athletic Club, Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland Bar Association, President of Cleveland Patent Law Association 1919-1920. Member Patent Law Association of Washington, D. C., Ohio State Bar Association.

#### **LEWIS C. FEIGHNER.**

Residence and office, Bucyrus. Born in Crawford County, Ohio, July 28, 1854. Son of John and Margaret J. (Gratz) Feighner. Married May 28, 1882, to Ann Elizabeth Duncan, who died June 3, 1917; married December 29, 1919, to Dr. Lucia Kemp. Graduate of Heidelberg University with A. B. degree in 1879; studied law in office of Stephen R. Harris, of Bucyrus. Admitted to the bar of

Ohio, May, 1882; later to United States District Court. Has practiced continuously and alone to date in Bucyrus. Member First

1909. Member of the firm of Young, Stocker & Fenner. Member Beta Theta Pi Fraternity, Sons of American Revolution, F. & A. M. Republican.



Presbyterian Church, of Bucyrus; Crawford County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **GEORGE NICHOLAS FELL.**

Residence, 2330 Warren Street; office, 842 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, July 15, 1871. Son of Nicholas and Anna (Selz) Fell. Married June 26, 1907, to Anna McDonald; two children: George H. and Charles F. Attended the parochial school of Toledo. Received L.L. B. degree from University of Michigan Law School in 1898. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1898; later to the United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Member of the firm of Fell & Schaal. For many years Instructor in Law at St. John's College Law Department at Toledo. Member Knights of Columbus; St. Mary's Church; Ohio State Bar Association; Treasurer Lucas County Bar Association since 1900. Assistant City Solicitor of Toledo for several years. Democrat.

#### **JESSE A. FENNER.**

Residence, 2112 East 83rd Street; office, 609 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Shiloh, Ohio, March 25, 1872. Son of Joseph C. and Anna (Maring) Fenner. Married to Marian Wildman. Educated in the public schools of Shiloh; graduate Wittenberg College with A. B. degree in 1894; Ohio State University with L.L. B. degree in 1898. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1898; United States District Court, 1901; United States Court of Appeals, 1907; United States Supreme Court,

#### **ALBERT HENRY FIEBACH.**

Residence, 10110 Lake Shore Boulevard; office, 1136 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Brownhelm, Lorain County, Ohio, August 28, 1876. Son of Peter and Sarah (Leuszler) Fiebach. Married to Louise June Bogart at Shenandoah, Iowa, November 30, 1905; one child, Mary. Attended public schools, Lorain County; Oberlin Academy, 1892; received A. B. degree from Oberlin College, 1899; L.L. B. degree from Harvard Law School, 1902.



Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1902; later United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Engaged in the general practice of law. Member Masonic Order; 32nd Degree, Shrine; Chamber of Commerce; Union Club; Cleveland Athletic Club. Republican.

#### **BENJAMIN FRANKLIN FIERY.**

Residence, Cleveland; office, 1307 Union National Bank Building, Cleveland. Born in Martinsburg, West Virginia, April 19, 1894. Son of Dr. S. V. and Emily (Dukehart) Fiery. Attended public and high schools of Martinsburg; graduate of Washington & Lee University with A. B. degree in 1913; Harvard Law School with L.L. B. degree in 1916. Admitted to the bar of West Virginia, October, 1916; Ohio, January 1, 1917; United States Supreme Court, January 3, 1921. Associated with law firm of Baker, Hostetler & Sidlo since July, 1916. Enlisted as Private in Signal Corps, Aviation Section, July 31, 1917; graduate of Ohio State School of Military Aero-

navatics, November 3, 1917; sailed for France, November 23, 1917; commissioned 2nd Lieutenant, Air Service, as Pilot, May 15, 1918; discharged March 14, 1919. Private Secretary to Secretary of War Newton D. Baker, February 1, 1920, to March 4, 1921. Member Delta Tau Delta Fraternity, Ohio State Bar Association, University Club. Democrat.

#### **VERE WELLS FILIATRAULT.**

Residence, 129 North Prospect; office, Prosecuting Attorney's office, Ravenna. Born in Rutland, Vermont, June 27, 1891. Son of Darius and Nellie (Bolster) Filiatrault. Married to Gladys Gouldin in Ravenna, November 24, 1914. Attended grammar schools to eighth grade and graduated from high school, Rutland, Vermont, June, 1910; graduate of Syracuse University, Syracuse, New York, with degree of LL. B., June, 1914.



Admitted to the bar of Ohio January, 1916. Engaged in the individual practice of law in Ravenna since January, 1916. Director and attorney for United Roll & Foundry Company, Ravenna; director and attorney Jones Brothers Structural Steel Company, Ravenna. County Chairman Food Administration during the World War. Secretary Chamber of Commerce of Ravenna; member Sigma Phi Epsilon fraternity; K. of P., Elks, Ohio State and Portage County Bar Associations, Prosecuting Attorneys' Association of Ohio. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Portage County, 1918, re-elected 1920. Republican.

#### **GEORGE T. FILLIUS.**

Office, 702 Western Reserve Building, Warren. Born in Warren, April 28, 1883. Son of

Judge Charles and Mary T. Fillius. Married, August 11, 1910. Received A. B. degree from Western Reserve University, 1904; LL. B. degree from Harvard University, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909. Member of the firm of Fillius & Fillius since 1909. Republican.

#### **HERMAN H. FINKLE.**

Residence, 2479 East 40th Street; office, Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Detroit, Michigan, April 28, 1891. Married to Della Gold, of Cleveland. Attended the Cleveland public schools; graduate of



Central High School, 1910; Cleveland Law School of Baldwin-Wallace University, with degree of LL. B. in 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1914; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Past Chancellor Commander of Deak Lodge No. 334, K. of P.; member B. P. O. E. No. 18, B'nai B'rith, C. I. A. S., H. B. S. V., Tippecanoe Club, Western Reserve Club, Cleveland Bar Association. Member of City Council, Ward 12; now serving second term. Republican.

#### **ERNEST L. FINLEY.**

Residence, 1063 La Belle Avenue; office, 412-13 National Exchange Bank Building, Steubenville. Born in Zanesfield, Logan County, Ohio, August 24, 1868. Son of Dr. James E. and Amanda (Hanna) Finley. Married October 31, 1901, to Julia B. White; two children: Louise and Katherine. Attended the public schools of Jefferson County; Mt. Pleasant High School; Graduate Wooster University in 1891 with A. B. degree; attended University of

Michigan, 1892-93. Read law in offices of R. G. Richards, of Steubenville, and C. L. Weems, of St. Clairsville, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March, 1894; later to United States District Court Southern District of Ohio. Engaged in the general practice alone in Steubenville. Member B. P. O. E., K. of P., Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity, Ohio State and Jefferson County Bar Associations; President Jefferson County Law Library Association. Republican.

#### **GUY B. FINDLEY.**

Office, 404 Lorain County Bank Building, Elyria. Born in Monroe Mills, Ohio, October 10, 1885. Son of Jacob A. and Dora Findley. Married to Jennie C. Charles, February 25, 1910. Graduate of Sullivan (Ohio) High School, May, 1903; attended Baldwin-Wallace College, 1904-05; graduate of Law Department, University of Michigan with LL. B. degree, June, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, May, 1908; Ohio, June, 1908; United States District Court, February, 1909. Member of the firm of Findley & Myers. City Solicitor of Elyria, 1912 to 1915. Prosecuting Attorney of Lorain County, Ohio, 1917 to 1920. Member F. & A. M., Sons of Veterans, K. O. T. M.

#### **QUAY H. FINDLEY.**

Residence, 1875 East 101st Street; office, 816 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Hartstown, Pennsylvania, December 8, 1888. Son of R. C. and Minnie (Hedges) Findley. Married to Margery King, of Cleveland, December 28, 1916. Educated in the Cleve-



land public schools; received A. B. degree from Western Reserve University, 1911; LL. B. degree from that institution in 1913.

Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913. Associated with the law firm of Wilkin, Cross & Daoust, of Cleveland. Served in the United States Army during the World War as 1st lieutenant, Supply Company, 135th F. A., 62nd Brig., 37th Division, Troop A, 1st Ohio Cavalry. Member University Club, City Club, American Legion, Sons of American Revolution, Cleveland Bar Association, Beta Theta Pi and Phi Delta Phi fraternities.

#### **CHARLES N. FISCUS.**

Residence, 2585 Euclid Boulevard, Cleveland Heights; office, 1429 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Derry Township, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, August 20, 1870. Son of Jacob S. and Amanda C. (Scholl) Fiscus. Married to Ada L. Blundy, October 22, 1902. Graduate of Western Reserve Law School with LL. B. degree, 1897. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January 11, 1897; later to United States District Court. Member Masonic Order: 32 degree, Knights Templar, Shrine, Masonic Club; Cleveland Automobile Club. Independent politically.

#### **VINCENT L. FISHEL.**



Residence, 2211 Shunk Avenue; office, Wicke Building, Alliance, Ohio. Born in Minerva, Ohio, November 4, 1884. Son of Charles D. and Anna (Fultz) Fishel. Married to Ann M. Jones, of Alliance, Ohio, November 12, 1913; two children, Edwin Clark and Dorothy Ann. Attended grade and high schools of Minerva from 1890 to 1901; graduate of Alliance high school, 1902; graduate of Mt. Union College, Alliance, with A. B. degree, 1906; granted A. M. degree therefrom, 1911; graduate of Western Reserve University Law School, with LL. B.

degree, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1910; United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, September, 1912. In the general practice of law in Alliance. Secretary The Alliance Business Mens' Association, 1912-15. During the war member Legal Advisory Board of Alliance. Member Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity, Masonic Order, Chamber of Commerce, Alliance; Sons of Veterans, Presbyterian Church, Stark County and Alliance Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **CHARLES C. FISHER.**

Residence, 402 Mount Vernon Avenue; office, Bennett Building, Marion. Born in Marion, June 10, 1855. Son of Timothy B. and Elenora (Bennett) Fisher. Married to Rose Scofield, December 12, 1883; two daughters: Hope and Ruth (Fisher) Sawyer. Attended Marion Public Schools; Kenyon College; L.L. B. degree from Harvard University Law School, 1878. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1878; later United States District Court. Trustee of Red Cross Society. Member Board of Education six years. Member The Marion Club, The Marion Country Club, Chamber of Commerce, Chataqua Association, Marion Cemetery Association, Marion County Bar Association. Vice President Marion County Bank. Republican.

#### **CLARENCE A. FISHER.**

Residence, Canton, Ohio; office, 302-05 Harter Bank Building, Canton. Born in Steubenville, Ohio, September 17, 1882. Son



of Dr. Benj. H. and Elizabeth (Rittenhouse) Fisher. Married to Alice Rogers, of Owosso, Michigan, December 3, 1906. Grad-

uate of Steubenville high school, 1900; special course, Rochester University, 1900-01; special and law courses, Ohio State University, 1901-02; entered University of Michigan Law School, 1902, graduated with L.L. B. degree, 1904. Admitted to the bar of Michigan and the bar of Ohio, 1904; United States District Court, September, 1913; United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court, 1917. Commenced law practice in Steubenville, 1905; moved to Canton in 1906, where he has continued in practice to the present time. Member of the firm of Burch, Fisher & McCuskey, 1909-13; Fisher & McCuskey, 1913-21. April, 1918, volunteered special government service with Italian armies; served at Italian front; commissioned captain; received Italian War Cross and official citation for service at front; discharged December, 1918. In civilian capacity Government Appeal Agent with draft boards of Canton and Stark County districts. Member Alpha Tau Omega fraternity; Masonic Order, I. O. O. F., Elks, Moose, American Legion, Ohio State, Stark County and American Bar Associations. Criminal Prosecutor of Canton, Ohio, 1915-17; city solicitor of Canton two terms, 1917-18 and 1918-20. Republican.

#### **DeWITT FISHER.**



Residence, 1128 Dorr Street; office, 1038-39 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Ada, Ohio, May 28, 1883. Son of John S. and Mary A. (Greene) Fisher. Married to Charlotte M. Witt, of Buffalo, New York, August, 1913. Attended common schools of Ohio and Michigan; received L.L. B. degree from Toledo University, 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1912; later United States District Court North-



ern District of Ohio. Member of the law firm of Rowley, Rowley & Fisher, Toledo, since date of Admission. Member Masonic Bodies, I. O. O. F., K. of P., B. P. O. E., L. O. O. M., Lucas County Bar Association. Local-non-partisan. Democrat.

### JEROME C. FISHER.

Residence, 11480 Hessler Road; office, 1239 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born March 10, 1889, at Chanute, Kansas. Son of Jerome H. and Effie (Collett) Fisher. Married June 23, 1917, to Katherine Bingham. Attended Conneaut high school; graduate Harvard College with A. B. degree in 1908; Harvard Law School in 1911 with LL. B. degree. Admitted to Ohio Bar, 1911, United States District Court, United States Circuit Court of Appeals Sixth Circuit. Associated in general law practice with Thompson, Hine & Flory. Served in military capacity member of Troop A, 1912-1917. Commissioned Captain M. I. D., 1917-1919. Member Cleveland Athletic Club, City Club and Council of Sociology.

### JOHN A. FITHIAN.

Residence, 58 West Delason Avenue; office, 303-4 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, Ohio, April 26, 1870. Son of Charles L. and Mary Jane (Powers) Fithian. Married October 26, 1897, to Jennie O. Miller; two children: Adelbert and Paul M. Attended the public schools of Youngstown; Grove City College, Grove City, Pennsylvania; studied law at Y. M. C. A. Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1915. Member Masonic Order, Knights Templar; Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

### WILLIAM SINTON FITZGERALD.

Residence, New Amsterdam Hotel; office, City Hall, Cleveland. Born in Washington, D. C., October 6, 1880. Son of David and Esther (Sinton) Fitzgerald. Attended grade and high schools of Washington, D. C.; George Washington University; graduate of George Washington Law School with LL. B. and LL. M. degrees. Admitted to the bar of the District of Columbia, 1903; to the bar of Ohio, 1904. Member of the firm Fitzgerald & Fuller for a short time. Member Masonic Order, University Club, Phi Sigma Kappa Fraternity. Director of Law of Cleveland until appointed Mayor of Cleveland in 1920. Republican.

### KARL A. FLICKINGER.

Residence, Bronson Place; office, 607 Gardner Building, Toledo. Born in Defiance, Ohio, November 7, 1863. Son of Carl A. and Eliza (Blair) Flickinger. Married to Martha L. Rodgers, April 20, 1897; two children: Frederick R. and James R. Graduate of Defiance High School; attended Wooster College; graduate of Cincinnati Law School with degree of LL. B., 1889. Instructor in Law Department

of Toledo University one year. Admitted to the bar of Ohio and to United States District Court. Engaged in the general practice of law in Toledo. Captain and Quartermaster on Staff of Col. H. S. Bunker of the 16th O. N. G. Member Phi Kappa Psi and Theta Delta Theta Fraternities, Masonic Order, Lucas County Bar Association.

### JOSEPH L. FLOYD.

Residence, R. D. No. 2; office, 508 George D. Harter Bank Building, Canton. Born in Noble County, Ohio, November 18, 1876. Son of Morris and Elizabeth (Craig) Floyd. Married March 26, 1913, to Margaret Hillish, of Canton. Attended country schools; received A. B. degree from Mt. Union Col-



lege in 1897; LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern University in 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1903. Member of the firm of Floyd & Yutzey, of Canton, since 1906. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., Maccabees, L. O. O. M., Ad Craft Club, McKinley Club, Sigma Nu Fraternity, Kiwanis Club, Ohio Abstracters Association, Stark County Bar Association. Republican.

### IVO JOSEPH FLORY.

Residence, 1817 Superior Street; office, 934 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Archbold, Ohio, March 5, 1889. Son of Joseph P. and Catherine M. Flory. Graduate of Archbold High School in 1905; St. John's University Law School, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 18, 1913. Member of the firm of Denman, Kirkbride, Wilson & McCabe. From October 25, 1918, to March 3, 1919, with 4th Division, Aircraft Service, Aircraft Production, at Buffalo, New York. Member Knights of Columbus.

**WALTER LEROY FLORY.**

Residence, 2265 Stillman Road; office, 1239 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Newark, Ohio, March 31, 1880. Son of Jesse A. and Phoebe H. (Smith) Flory. Married to Julia McCune, October 2, 1908. Attended the public and high schools of Newark; graduate Denison University with L. B. degree, 1903; attended Yale Law School, 1903-1904; graduate Western Reserve Law School with LL. B. degree, 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1905. Associated in practice of law with Amos Burt Thompson, 1905. Member of the firm of Thompson, Hine & Flory since December, 1911. Member Troop A, of Cleveland, 1905-1908; Local Board No. 15 Selective service in City of Cleveland, 1917-1918; Branch Officer of United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation for the Great Lakes District, 1918. Member Beta Theta Pi; Phi Delta Phi; Corbey Court (Yale Law School); Union Club; University Club; Cleveland Chamber of Commerce; City Club; American, Ohio and Cleveland Bar Associations.

**EDGAR MONROE FLOWERS.**

Residence, 662 Islington Street; office, 811 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, June 10, 1888. Son of Joseph W. and Jesse D. (Hovey) Flowers. Married to Cecile B. Kapp, May 3, 1916; one son: Jackson G. Graduate of Toledo Ward Schools, 1902; Toledo Central High School, 1906; University of Michigan with LL. B. degree, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909; and later to the United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Since August, 1919, associated with N. J. Walinski and Cornell Schreiber. Member Sylvania Golf Club, Toledo Chamber of Commerce, Masonic Order, Toledo Bar Association. Republican.

**JAS. F. FLYNN, JR.**

Residence, 1304 Columbus Avenue; office, Donahue Building, Sandusky. Born in Sandusky, Ohio, May 1, 1887. Son of James and Margaret (Moos) Flynn. Married to Caroline D. Drucker, February 22, 1916. Attended Sandusky Schools; Sandusky Business College, 1905; University of Michigan; graduate of Cincinnati Night High School, 1907; University of Cincinnati Law Department, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1908; United States District Court, 1909. Member of the firm King, Ramsey, Flynn & Pyle. Member Masonic Order, Sigma Alpha Epsilon Fraternity, T. N. E., Rotary Club, K. of P. Democrat.

**GEORGE B. FOLK.**

Residence, 1886 Garfield Road; office, 805 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Martinsburg, West Virginia, September 15, 1887. Son of George W. D. and Elizabeth (Billmyer) Folk. Married to

Marjorie M. Kinkead, of Columbus, Ohio, December 19, 1917. Attended West Virginia



University receiving A. B. degree, 1908; Columbia University Law School, 1910-11; Western Reserve Law School from which he received LL. B., 1915. Admitted to the bar of West Virginia, September 15, 1914; to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915. Assistant Prosecutor in Municipal Court of Cleveland, July, 1915 to January, 1916, since which time he has been associated with the law firm of Treadway & Marlatt. Member City Club, Southern Club, Phi Delta Phi and Sigma Phi Epsilon, Americanization Committee of Cleveland Bar Association.

**MARTIN AMBROSE FORAN.**

Residence, Ambler Drive, East Boulevard; office, Court House, Cleveland. Born in Choconut, Susquehanna county, Pa., November 11, 1844. Son of James and Catherine (O'Donnell) Foran. Married December 29, 1868, to Kate Kavanaugh (deceased). Two children: Gertrude M., Margaret O. Married to Emma Kenny, December, 1893. Educated in public schools of Susquehanna County, Pa., worked on father's farm until sixteen years of age, where he learned the trade of cooper; at the age of eighteen, entered St. Joseph's College near Montrose, Pa.; taught school two years; meanwhile studied law; engaged in cooper trade in Meadville, Pa.; came to Cleveland, Mar. 11, 1868, worked at his trade and was elected President Coopers' International Union; editor Coopers' Journal 1870-74; elected member Ohio Constitutional Convention, 1873. Admitted to the bar of Ohio May 11, 1874. Prosecuting Attorney of Cleveland, 1875-77; candidate for Police Judge, 1881; elected member of

Congress from the 20th and 21st districts of Ohio, 1882; re-elected 1884 and 1886. In partnership with the late Judge J. P. Dawley, 1889-1910; when he was elected Judge Common Pleas Court, which office he holds to date. Served with the 4th Pennsylvania Volunteer Cavalry during the Civil War, 1864-65. Member B. P. O. E.; G. A. R.; Chamber of Commerce; Cleveland, Ohio State and American Bar Associations.

#### **RALPH SHAYLOR FORCE.**

Residence, 14708 Aspinwall Avenue; office, 418 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 4, 1891. Son of William S. and Mary L. (Shaylor) Force. Married to Fern A. Shepard, February 14, 1917. Graduate of Collinwood High School, 1908; Adelbert College with degree of A. B. in 1912; Western Reserve Law School with degree of LL. B. in 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1914, and later to the United States District Court. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Secretary of The Western Reserve Congregational Club. Member City and Tippecanoe Clubs; F. & A. M.; Delta Theta Phi and Delta Upsilon Fraternities; Cleveland Bar Association.

#### **CARL B. FORD.**



Residence, Hollenden Hotel; office, 718 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born at Burton, Ohio, May 30, 1878. Son of George H. and Corrine E. (Williams) Ford. Married to Elizabeth M. Hurd, of Aurora, Ohio, June 10, 1901; two children: Seabury Hurd and Frances. Educated at Burton public schools and later one year at Burton High School. Attended Oberlin Academy, 1892 to 1894; Western Reserve University, 1895-

1896; graduate of University of Michigan Law Department, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1900; United States District and Circuit Courts, 1905. Associated with the firm of Kline, Carr, Tolles & Goff in Cleveland, from 1900 to 1901. Practiced in Toledo, Ohio, for a period in 1903; returned to Cleveland in 1904. Member of the firm of Marvin & Ford, in 1907; Smart, Marvin & Ford, from 1908 until 1913, when Mr. Marvin withdrew, and the firm continues to practice under the firm name of Smart & Ford to the present time. Took an active part in war work of city and Federal Reserve District; Liberty Loan Speaker in five government loan campaigns. Member of Hermit, Athletic and Nisi Prius Clubs of Cleveland. Chairman Geauga County Central Committee, 1900-1901; chairman Leonard Wood Republican Campaign in 20th, 21st, and 22nd Congressional Districts in 1920. Republican.

#### **HORATIO FORD.**

Residence, Mayfield Road, South Euclid; office, 914 Williamson Building, Cleveland, Ohio. Born June 23, 1881, in Cleveland, Ohio. Son of H. Clark and Ida (Thorp) Ford. Married May 7, 1908, to Ella A. White. Educated at the public and high schools of Cleveland. Graduate of Yale University with A. B. degree in 1904; Western Reserve University with LL. B. degree in 1906. Admitted to the Ohio Bar, June, 1906. Associated with the Garfield Savings Bank for seven years. In 1913 became a member of the firm, Ford, Snyder & Tilden, of which firm his father was a senior partner. Member of the firm Snyder, Henry, Thomsen, Ford & Seagrave. Served in Troop A., O. N. G., 1904 to 1910. Member of The Union Club, The Chagrin Valley Hunt Club, The Chamber of Commerce. Commissioner of The Cleveland Council, Boy Scouts of America. Republican.

#### **JOHN WILLARD FORD.**

Residence, Youngstown; office, Wick Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, October 6, 1888. Son of Edward L. and Blanche (Butler) Ford. Married to Dorothy Brandt, March 3, 1920. Graduate public and high schools, Youngstown. Received A. B. degree from Yale University, 1910; A. M. degree from Harvard University, 1911, and LL. B. degree, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 16, 1914. Member of the firm Hine, Kennedy, Manchester, Conroy & Ford. Captain Air Service of A. E. F. from July 1918 to May, 1919. Member Alpha Delta Phi Fraternity.

#### **SIMPSON STEPHEN FORD.**

Residence, 1945 East 90th Street; office, 1030 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Richmond, Jefferson County, Ohio, October 7, 1854. Son of William and Eliza J. (Frederick) Ford. Married October 5, 1887,



to Alta Marie Scott. Received his early education in the country school. Taught country school, 1873 to 1874; preparatory training at Richmond (Ohio) College, 1874-77. Graduate Allegheny College, Pennsylvania, with Classical Course in 1881 (was class orator). Taught mathematics in Richmond College, 1881 to 1882. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 4, 1884;



later to United States Courts. Has practiced law in Cleveland ever since admission. In partnership with Judge Chas. J. Estep, 1885 to 1890. Member Cleveland Board of Education, 1892-96. President of the Board in 1920. Second Assistant to Director of Law of Cleveland, 1895-97; First Assistant to Director of Law of Cleveland, 1897-99. Elected Common Pleas Judge in 1899; re-elected in 1904 and served in that office twelve years. Member Board of Trustees Allegheny College. President The Guaranty State Savings & Loan Co.; President The Underwriters Mortgage & Investment Co.; President The Rapid Transit Land Co., The Cedar Heights Land Co., The Ford Realty & Construction Co., The Indian River Co. Member Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland Athletic Club, Tippecanoe Club, Colonial Club, Phi Kappa Psi, Phi Beta Kappa and Phi Alpha Delta (law) Fraternities, American and Cleveland Bar Associations.

#### **FRANK H. FOSTER.**

Residence, 14 Kenilworth Drive; office, Ohio Building, Toledo. Born in Sidney, Ohio, December 8, 1866. Son of Christian and Elizabeth (Winter) Foster. Married in 1895 to Carrie Sanzenbacher; three children: Mary Elizabeth, Frank H., Jr., and Robert R. Attended the country schools of Shelby County, Ohio; Eastern Iowa Normal School. Taught school for a number of years. Graduate of

Ohio Normal University, 1893; Ohio State University Law Department with LL. B. degree in 1897. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1897; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Member Charter Commission of Toledo in 1916; I. O. O. F.; Masonic Order; Toledo Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **BYRON A. FOUCHE.**

Residence and office, Fremont. Born September 8, 1858, in Wayne County, Ohio. Son of Josiah P. and Susannah (Stutzman) Fouché. Married December 31, 1886, to Jane Parmenter, of Burbank, Ohio; one child, Isadora. Attended Canaan Center Academy; Smithville High School. Graduate of University of Wooster in 1883, with degree of A. B. Studied law in office of John McSweeney, Jr., Wooster. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1886. Practiced law continuously in Fremont. Member Board of Elections of Sandusky County five years. Member City Council, Fremont, eight years. City Solicitor, Fremont, several years; resigned, December 31, 1920.



Elected, November, 1920, Prosecuting Attorney, Sandusky County. Member Phi Gamma Delta fraternity; B. P. O. E.; K. of P.; W. O. W.; Sandusky County Bar Association. M. E. Church, Fremont. Republican.

#### **FRED B. FOWLER.**

Residence and office, Wauseon. Born in Fulton County, Ohio, March 6, 1870. Son of William and Catherine Fowler. Married October 13, 1907, to Katherine Clara Vocke. Attended the Northwestern Collegiate Institute at Wauseon. Studied law in office of W. H. Fuller, of Wauseon. Admitted to

the bar of Ohio, June 30, 1905; later to United States District Court. Member Fulton County Bar Association. Democrat.

**MARSHALL H. FRANCIS.**

Residence, 1503 West Market Street; office, 134 North Fourth Street, Steubenville. Born in Hopedale, Ohio, September 22, 1893. Son of Joseph B. and Mary (Higgins) Francis. Married to Pauline Thompson, August 21, 1919. Graduate of Smithfield, Ohio, High School, 1910; University of Wooster Academy, 1911; attended Western Reserve University, 1911-12; received degree of LL. B. from George Washington University Law School, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1916. Member of the firm of Kithcart & Francis, 1916-17; Francis & Van Tilburg since 1919. Served in United States Army during the World War as Sergeant Headquarters Motor Battalion, 308th Ammunition Train. Member Kappa Alpha fraternity; B. P. O. E.; Jefferson County Bar Association. Secretary to Congressman W. B. Francis, of the 18th Ohio District, 1913-16.

**CLAUDE F. FRANKE.**

Residence, 1216 Bender Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 512 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 14, 1887. Son of Dr. F. C. and Clara A. (Tamblyn) Franke. Married to

Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1920. Engaged in the individual law practice in Cleveland. Republican.

**HAROLD W. FRASER.**

Residence, Ottawa Hills; office, 1032 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born October 26, 1872, in Woodstock, Ontario, Canada. Son of George and Sarah (Shepherd) Fraser. Married September 30, 1896, to Helen Burnep, of Toledo.



Educated in the public schools of Ontario, Canada; Upper Canada College, Toronto. Studied law in office of E. W. Tolerton, Toledo. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1894, and later to the United States District Court and to the United States Supreme Court. In 1896 formed partnership with Edwin J. Marshall, under the name of Marshall & Fraser, which continues to the present time. Member of Ohio Legislature for one term. Member Legal Advisory Board and Captain of Liberty Loan Squad during the war. Past Master of Masonic Order. Member of Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations. Member of Toledo Club; Commerce Club; Inverness Club and Sylvania Golf Club. Republican.

**EMERICH BURT FREED.**

Residence, 1316 East 89th Street; office, 599 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Budapest, Hungary, November 22, 1897. Son of Nicholas and Sarah (Benfield) Freed. Attended the grammar schools of Budapest, Hungary; graduate of Central High School, Cleveland, January, 1915; Adelbert College of Western Reserve University, with degree of A. B., in June, 1918; Thomas Backus Law School of that institution, with degree of



Mary DeWitt, of Old Glenville (now Cleveland), November 16, 1915. Educated in the Cleveland public schools and graduate of Shaw High School, June, 1907; received degree of LL. B. from Baldwin-Wallace University, June, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1910; United States District

L.L. B., June, 1920. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 23, 1919. Associated with the firm of Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Saeger & Jamison



since April, 1917. Member City Club, Cleveland.

**CARL DAVID FRIEBOLIN.**



Residence, 1827 East 89th Street; office, 613 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Owatanna, Minnesota, January 19, 1878. Son of William and Kate (Dennerline) Friebolin. Married to Florence Brookes in Cleveland, June 30, 1906. Educated in

Cleveland schools and colleges. Graduate of Western Reserve University Law School with degree of L.L. B., 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1899. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Associated with the firm of Hadden & Parks, 1899-1900; since 1901 a member of the firm of Friebolin & Byers. Member Phi Gamma Delta and Phi Delta Phi Fraternities. President Cleveland City Club, 1917-18; Chairman Cleveland Americanization Council, 1919-20; Member Delta Sigma Rho (honorary scholastic fraternity); Nisi Prius Club, Chamber of Commerce, Member Ohio State House of Representatives, 1911-13; Ohio State Senate, 1913-14; appointed Judge Common Pleas Court, July, 1914; served until December 1, 1914; Referee in Bankruptcy, since January 1, 1916.

**CHARLES KNOX FRIEDMAN.**

Residence, The Belvedere; office, Suite 929 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, January 14, 1873. Son of Mor-



ris and Fannie (Tyroler) Friedman. Married to Nuna Laudman, of Toledo, June 1, 1898; two sons: Stanley and James. Attended Toledo Grade Schools; graduate of Toledo High School and Scott Manual Training School, 1890; graduate of University of Michigan Law School with L.L. B. degree, 1893; L.L. M. degree in 1894. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1894; later to U. S. District Court and U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals. Engaged in the general practice in Toledo. Manager Red Cross Salvage Department, Toledo. Member Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity; Phi Gamma Delta Club of New York, Masonic Order, De Witt Clinton Consistory of A. A. Scottish Rite,

Knights of Pythias, Toledo and Ohio State Bar Associations. Assistant City Solicitor of Toledo from 1896 to 1903.

### JOSEPH FRIEDMAN.

Residence, 457 West Norwood Avenue; office, 202 Stambaugh Building, Youngstown. Born in Hungary, February 15, 1882. Son of D. H. and Hannah (Moskovitz) Friedman. Married to Mabel E. Krohn-gold, of Cleveland, March 15, 1910; two children: Reheda N. and Arthur N. Early education received in the schools of Hungary; moved to the United States 1895; attended night school of New York; Regents High School of New York State;



graduate of Baldwin-Wallace Law School with LL. B. degree, June, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1898; United States District Court, 1910. Engaged in the general practice of law in Youngstown. Member K. of P., I. O. B. B., Mahoning County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Independent in politics.

### EDWARD M. FRIES.

Residence and office, Bowling Green. Born in Wood County, Ohio, September 29, 1866. Son of Solomon and Louisa (Steckel) Fries. Married July 15, 1903, to Anna M. Davis, of Wood County, Ohio; four children: Gertrude L., Edward S., Robert A., and Zenobia. Educated in the common schools; attended Academy at Fostoria, Ohio, for two years; received B. S. degree from Ohio Northern University in 1887, and completed course in Civil Engineering there at that time, following which time, for two years, was engaged as

Civil Engineer. Received LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School in 1893. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1893; later to United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in 1895, at Bowling



Green, in partnership with Judge Robert S. Parker, under the firm name of Parker & Fries, for three years. Later member of the firm of Fries & Painter, until 1903, when elected Common Pleas Judge. In January, 1914, formed partnership with Charles S. Hatfield, under the firm name of Hatfield & Fries, which continues to date. Referee in Bankruptcy for several years. Judge Common Pleas Court of the Tenth District of Ohio from 1903 to 1909. President Wood County Savings Bank. Member Wood County Bar Association. Republican.

### RATHBUN FULLER.

Residence, 2420 Monroe Street; office, Suite 1604 Second National Bank Building, Toledo. Born in Utica, New York, March 29, 1857. Son of John W. and Anna B. (Rathbun) Fuller. Married to Katherine M. Grout, in Detroit, Michigan, September 2, 1882. Graduate of Toledo High School, 1875; Ann Arbor Michigan High School, 1875; finished course in Literary Department, Sophomore year, University of Michigan, class of 1879. Studied in the office of Haynes, Potter & Beckwith, Toledo, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 17, 1879; later United States District and Circuit Courts. Practiced law in Toledo, Ohio, since 1879. In partnership with the Hon. William A. Collins, under the firm name of Collins & Fuller, from 1881 to 1888; now in individual practice. Vice President Toledo Railway & Light Co.

and subsidiary corporations; Vice President First National Bank, Toledo; President Northwestern Elevator & Mill Co.; Vice President The Summit Trust Co.; President Toledo Plate & Window Glass Co.; Director Willys Overland Co., Bostwick Brass Co., Mather Spring Co., Edward Ford Glass Co., Hercules Motor Co., Motors Casting Co., Title Guaranty & Trust Co., Security Savings Bank & Trust Co. Member Toledo Club, Country, Inverness and Toledo Yacht Clubs, D. K. E. Club, New

ing the late war served as private in 158 Depot Brigade, Company H, in Camp Sherman, Ohio. Member Phi Gamma Delta, Phi Delta Phi, Masonic Order, Cleveland



York City; Midwick Club, Pasadena, California; Toledo and Ohio State Bar Associations. Deputy Clerk of United States District Court in Toledo, 1879-80, at which time he was United States Commissioner. Chairman Republican Campaign Committee, 1907-08. Republican.

#### **PARKER FULTON.**

Residence, 448 East 148th Street; office, 538 East Ohio Gas Building, Cleveland. Born in Warnock, Belmont County, Ohio, March 25, 1894. Son of A. P. and Ellen (Myers) Fulton. Married June 2, 1917, to Grace Warnock. Attended public schools of Homestead, Pennsylvania, 1901-07; C. M. Schwab Manual Training School, 1905-09; Homestead High School, 1907-11; graduate of University of Pittsburgh in 1915, with A. B. degree; attended Ohio State University Law School, 1915-16; Western Reserve University Law School, 1916-17. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 15, 1917; United States District Court, February, 1919. Practiced law with firm of White, Johnson, Cannon & Neff, of Cleveland, from April 1, 1918, to February 15, 1920; now with Payer, Winch, Minshall & Karch. Dur-



Bar Association. Campaign speaker during the Davis-Bishop mayoralty election in Cleveland, 1919, associated with the Bishop Non-Partisan Committee. Democrat.

#### **FRANK B. FULTS.**



Residence, 3125 East Overlook Road; office, 8th floor Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Salem, Ohio, August 21, 1881.

Son of William Henry and Lydia Jane (Fawcett) Fults. Married to Helen Ruth Fink, in Salem, Ohio, June 14, 1913. Attended District School, Columbiana County; Public School, Salem, Ohio; graduate of Salem High School, June, 1899; taught district school, Columbiana County, 1900-01; attended Ohio Wesleyan University, 1902-05; received A. B. degree from Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, and in 1909 LL. B. from Western Reserve University Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1909; to the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1911. Member of the law firm of Pfeiffer & Fults since 1916. Member Masonic Order, Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity, City Club, Civic Club, Cleveland Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **DANIEL COYLE FUNK.**

Residence and office, Wooster. Born in Wooster, Ohio, February 11, 1895. Son of Ross W. and Cordelia (Coyle) Funk. Attended the public and high schools of Wooster, Ohio; received Ph. B. degree from College of Wooster, in 1917; attended Western Reserve University Law School. Studied law in office of his father, Ross W. Funk. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December,



1919. Engaged in the practice of law in Wooster in partnership with his father under the firm name of Funk & Funk. Taught Public Speaking and Economics in Wooster High School for one year. Chairman Wayne County Republican Club; Director Wooster Board of Trade. Instructor in Ammunition and Explosive School at Camp Hancock, Augusta, Georgia, during the World War. Member Masonic Order, Delta

Theta Phi Law Fraternity, American Legion, First Presbyterian Church. Republican.

#### **ROSS W. FUNK.**

Residence and office, Wooster. Born in Wooster, Ohio, January 11, 1861. Son of Daniel and Matilda (Imhoff) Funk. Married, August 30, 1893, to Cordelia Coyle, of Galion, Ohio; four children: Daniel C., Julia M., wife of F. R. Seibert, attorney, of Saginaw, Michigan, Estella A., and



Marjorie E. Attended the public and high schools of Wooster; received A. B. degree in 1883, and A. M. degree in 1886, from University of Wooster; LL. B. degree in 1885 from Cincinnati Law School. Read law in office of Hon. John McSweeney. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1885; later to United States District Court. Practiced alone in Wooster, until January 1, 1920, when he formed partnership with his son, Daniel C. Funk, under the name of Funk & Funk, to date. City Solicitor of Wooster, April, 1887, to April, 1889. Prosecuting Attorney of Wayne County, January, 1895, to January, 1898. Attorney for The Wayne Building & Loan Co., and The Wayne County National Bank, both of Wooster. Member Masonic Bodies, Knights Templar, Past Master F. & A. M., and Past High Priest R. A. M., Past Eminent Commander K. T., Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree. Member Presbyterian Church, Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity at the College of Wooster, K. of P., Royal Arcanum, Commercial Law League of America. Republican.

#### **BENJAMIN ANDREW GAGE.**

Residence, 13304 Forest Hill, East Cleveland; office, 303-9 Park Building, Cleveland.



Born in Elkhart, Indiana, July 20, 1874. Son of Solomon T. and Emily (Kenyon) Gage. Married to Lucy Woodrow Hough, of Hillsboro, Ohio, October 18, 1900; two children: Robert Hough and Emily Kenyon. Educated in the grammar schools of



Elkhart, Indiana, and Cleveland, Ohio; attended Cleveland High School; University of Michigan Law School, 1894-96, received LL. B. degree therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1896; United States District and Circuit Courts, 1897. Member of the firm of Gage, Marvin & Dawley. Lecturer Cleveland Law School, 1902-08. Member Cleveland Athletic Club, Nisi Prius Club, Chamber of Commerce, Phi Delta Phi Fraternity. Assistant Attorney for City of Cleveland from 1899 to 1902. Republican.

#### **HARRY C. GAHN.**

Residence, 2205 East 79th Street; office, 1130 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Elmore, Ohio, April 26, 1880. Son of Dr. Louis F. and Esther (Knight) Gahn. Educated in Elmore, Ohio, public and high schools; attended University of Michigan (Literary Department) one year; graduated from law department of same institution, June 23, 1904, with LL. B. degree. Taught school three years after, graduating from high school. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and Michigan, in June, 1904; United States District Court, January, 1909. Associated with law firm of Burton & Dake, 1906-1909; now engaged in a general law practice. Member Masonic Order, Knights of Pythias, Legal Aid Society, American Association of Port Authorities, Y. M. C. A., Western Reserve Club, City Club, and Obiter Club. Elected a member of Cleveland City Council, 1909;

President of Council, 1918-1920; member of Cleveland River and Harbor Commission since 1911; Cuyahoga County Republican Executive Committee since 1919; Treasurer of American Association of Port Authorities, 1912-1920; member Ohio Municipal



League, 1912-1914. Elected to Congress from the 21st District, November, 1920. Republican.

#### **FREDERICK W. GAINES.**



Residence, 2621 Parkwood Avenue; office, Nicholas Building, Toledo, Ohio. Born in

Cleveland, Ohio. Son of James C. and Lucy L. (Reed) Gaines. Married to Fanny Olmstead, of Stamford, Connecticut, June 21, 1898; three children: James O., Frederick W., III., and Frances M. Graduate Sibley Grammar School, Manual Training School and Central High School, Cleveland; A. B. degree from Yale College and LL.B. degree from Yale Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio and the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio; United States Supreme Court. Associated with law firm of Doyle & Lewis in Toledo. Attorney for Toledo & Ohio Central Railway Co., assumed same duties under Director General during Federal Control. Member Toledo, Ohio State and American Bar Associations, United States Commissioner since 1904; Deputy Clerk of United States District Court at Toledo for several years.

### **JAMES WILLIAM GALBRAITH.**

Residence, 48 West Second Street; office, Court House, Mansfield. Born in Mansfield, Ohio, January 23, 1874. Son of James Oliver and Margaret E. (Hunt) Galbraith. Married to Isabelle E. Wright at Mt. Vernon, Ohio, June 27, 1900; one child, William Harold. Educated in the public and high schools of Mansfield. Studied law in the office of Donnell & Marriott, Mansfield, during which time was Deputy in the office of Clerk of Courts, Richland County, and Deputy Clerk Probate Court of Richland County. In partnership with



James J. Maguire under the firm name of Maguire & Galbraith, Mansfield, June, 1895, to March, 1905. Elected County Prosecuting Attorney of Richland County, November, 1908; served two terms, 1909-12; Chairman Richland

County Democratic Executive Committee, 1916-18; elected Judge Common Pleas Court, November, 1918, and holds that office at the present time. One of the organizers of Richland Rifles, Independent Military Company, 1892-93; mustered into service with and member of Company M, 8th O. N. G., until the fall of 1895. Past Chancellor K. of P. Past W. M. of F. & A. M.; member Chapter; Council; Commandery; Modern Woodmen; Maccabees; Richland County and Ohio State Bar Associations; First M. E. Church, Mansfield. Democrat.

### **MILAN GALLAGHER.**

Residence, 2081 East 100th Street; office, 629 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland, Ohio. Born in Cleveland, September 23, 1856. Son of Aaron Anthony and Cathrine Elizabeth



(Moran) Gallagher. Married Inez Ione Phillips, December 10, 1877. Their children are Mabel E., Grace I., Chester A. and Daphne Sherman. Graduate of the grammar and high schools of Cleveland. Member of the 70th General Assembly of Ohio. Sponsor of the Park Bill creating the Park Board. Sponsor for the Tax Levy Bill for the establishment of Manual Training in the public schools of Cleveland. Sponsor for the bill authorizing the City of Cleveland to issue notes for five years payable for public improvements, to wit: pavements, sewers, etc., permitting the property owners to pay for said improvements in ten semi-annual payments, thereby encouraging the property owner to favor improvements which have done so much to build up and popularize Cleveland, making it a pleasant and healthful place to live in. President of The Gardner Club six years; President of The Americus Club seven years; President of the



Alumnus of the Cleveland Law School one year; President of The M. A. Hanna Club 17 years. With his son, Chester A., took law course in the Cleveland Law School, class of 1905. Graduated and received degree of LL. B., Baldwin University. Mr. Gallagher and his son, Chester A., were admitted to the Ohio Bar, June, 1905, and admitted to practice in the United States Courts at the same time. The law firm of Gallagher & Gallagher was formed in 1905 and continued ten years, when Chester A. withdrew from said partnership. Mr. Gallagher is a member of the Cleveland Bar Association; Erie Lodge No. 27, I. O. O. F.; Pearl Lodge No. 163, K. of P.; Wade Park Commandery No. 515, K. of M.; Cleveland Council No. 20, National Union and St. Paul's Episcopal Church. Republican.

#### R. S. GALLEHER.

Residence, Port Clinton, Ohio; office, American Bank Building, Port Clinton. Born in Morrow County, Ohio, December 8, 1855. Son of Joseph and Charlotte Galleher. Read law in office of B. Andrews and Mitchell & Bruce, of Mt. Gilead, Ohio, three years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1890; United States District Court, January 8, 1903. Practiced law in Sycamore, Wyandot County, from 1892 to 1900; Port Clinton, Ohio, since 1900. Member I. O. O. F. and Encampment; Secretary Port Clinton Business Men's Association; Member Port Clinton Yacht Club, Ottawa County Automobile Association; Ohio State Bar Association. Republican.

#### MARIE GRACE CLARK GALLEHER.



Residence, 1921 East 70th Street; office, 403 Clarence Building, Cleveland. Born in Denver, Colorado. Daughter of Rev. Joseph

and Dr. Harriet B. (Bailey) Clark. Married to Howard Leith Galleher, in Columbus, Ohio, August 5, 1914. Graduate of Ohio State University, June, 1914; received degree of LL. B. from University of Pittsburgh, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 25, 1914; to the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, September 29, 1919. Moved to Cleveland in 1916, and at the present time engaged in the practice of law. Member The Business Women's Club, The Women's City Club, The Conversational Club, Cleveland Bar Association.

#### CHARLES GALLINGER.

Residence and office, Bucyrus. Born in Brokensword, Crawford County, Ohio, June 26, 1868. Son of Philip and Louise (Angene) Gallinger. Married to Clara Hoffman, 1903. Educated in the district schools; attended Northwestern Ohio Normal University; read law in the office of Gen. E. B. Finley and S. W. Bennett. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1893; later United States District and Circuit Courts. Member of the firm of Finley & Gallinger, 1897 to 1916; Gallinger & McCarroll since January 1, 1920. Member B. P. O. E.; Ohio State and Crawford County Bar Associations. Prosecuting Attorney of Crawford County, 1900 to 1906. Democrat.

#### JOHN DUNHAM GARDNER.

Residence, Steubenville, Ohio; office, 506-08 National Exchange Bank Building, Steubenville. Born in Milford, Michigan, January 12, 1891. Son of A. G. and Eva A.



(Dunham) Gardner. Married to Almah G. Budd, in Toledo, Ohio, May 11, 1915; one daughter: Dorothy. Attended common

schools of Toledo and Dillonvale, Ohio; graduate Boxwell Examination, 1906; attended high school, Mt. Pleasant, Ohio; graduate of Scio College Academy, 1909; graduate of Northwestern University Law School, with degree of LL. B., 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913; United States District Court, 1915. Associated in the law practice in Steubenville with J. C. Bigger, under firm name of Gardner & Bigger. Member Legal Advisory Board of Steubenville during the World War. Member K. of P., D. O. K. K., Red Men, Moose, Maccahees, Modern Woodmen, Alpha Kappa Phi Legal Fraternity. Republican candidate for Prosecuting Attorney of Jefferson County in 1916. Republican.

### **WILLIAM K. GARDNER.**

Residence, 11005 Ashbury Avenue; office, Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born in Gloster, Mississippi, June 25, 1888. Son of Henry Clay (deceased) and Martha E. (Jagers) Gardner. Educated in the grammar schools of Mississippi; left school at the age of fifteen. Took academic examination in



Columbus, Ohio, studied law in office of Reed & Eichelberger. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1915; later to the United States District Court. Associated with the firm of Reed, Meals & Eichelberger, Cleveland, for some time. Now associated with George H. Eichelberger. Member U. S. regular army for three years. In Philippine service from May, 1907, to May, 1910. Member Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, Athletic Club, City Club, and Yacht Club.

### **JAMES RUDOLPH GARFIELD.**

Residence, West Mentor; office, 1029 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Hiram, Ohio, October 17, 1865. Son of Hon. James A. (who was President of the United States) and Lucretia (Rudolph) Garfield. Married to Helen Newell, December 30, 1890. Educated in the public schools in Washington; St. Paul's School, Concord, New Hampshire;



Williams College, Columbia Law School, from which he received degrees of B. A. and LL.D. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 18, 1888; later to United States Courts. Member of the firm of Garfield & Garfield, Cleveland; later Garfield, Garfield & Howe; Garfield, MacGregor & Baldwin to date. Member of Union Club; University Club of Cleveland; University and Williams Clubs, New York City; Ohio State, Cleveland, American Bar Associations. Member Ohio Senate, 1896-1900; United States Civil Service Commission, 1902-03; United States Commissions of Corporations, 1903-07; Secretary of Interior of United States of America, 1907-09.

### **JOHN MILAN GARFIELD.**

Residence, 2819 Coleridge Road; office, 1208-1235 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in San Francisco, California, September 9, 1876. Son of John Quincy and Emma Jane (Parker) Garfield. Married to Helen Pond Bowen, of Elyria, Ohio, September 28, 1910. Attended the public and high schools of San Francisco; graduate of Western Reserve Law School of Cleveland with degree of LL. B., 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in June, 1900; to United States District Court of Northern District of Ohio; Northern District of Michigan;

Northern District of Kentucky; United States Circuit Court of Appeals of Sixth Circuit; United States Supreme Court on December 14, 1917; United States Court of Customs Appeal. Associated with firm of Hoyt, Dustin & Kelley, 1900-1901; later

Court, March, 1913. Formed partnership with Oliver Kies in Lima, Ohio, 1915, under the firm name of Kies & Garling. During the World War Attorney for Home Service Division Red Cross and on all Loan Drives. Member L. O. O. M., A. I. U., Allen County



with Blandin, Rice & Ginn; Blandin, Hogsett & Ginn, from October, 1901, to April, 1913; Tolles, Hogsett, Ginn & Morley since 1913; member of that firm since January 1, 1919. Member The Union Club, Cleveland. Republican.

#### **RAYMOND T. GARRISON.**

Residence, 921 Fernwood Avenue; office, Nasby Building, Toledo. Born in Rochester, Ohio, January 2, 1877. Son of George M. and Meda (Jones) Garrison. Married January 2, 1905, to Grace L. Rugg. Attended Rochester High School; Baldwin University; received L.L. B. degree from Detroit College of Law in 1904. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio, 1904; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Garrison & Phillips. Member Toledo Bar Association. Republican.

#### **H. E. GARLING.**

Residence, 1563 W. High Street; office, 407-09 Holmes Block, Lima. Born in Port Jefferson, Ohio, October 10, 1881. Son of W. E. and Anna B. (Hicks) Garling. Married December 28, 1909, to Ethel Huber, of DeGraff, Ohio; one son, Eugene Huber. Early education received in country schools; graduate of Ohio Northern University, received degree of B. S. in 1903, and degree of L.L. B. in 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1906; United States District



Bar Association, Chamber of Commerce, City Solicitor of Lima, Ohio, since January 1, 1920. Republican.

#### **THOMAS H. GARRY.**



Residence, 2037 East 77th Street; office, 915 Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born at

Stratford, Ontario, Canada, March 18, 1868. Educated through grade and high schools. Attended University of South Dakota two years; later the University of Wisconsin, where he received degree of B. L. Studied law in the office of John J. Sullivan, at Warren, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1895; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1904; later 6th, 7th, 2nd, 8th and 3rd Circuits; United States Supreme Court, 1917. Practiced law at Warren, Ohio, in partnership with John J. Sullivan, under firm name, Sullivan & Garry, 1895-96, after which he came to Cleveland; was appointed United States District Attorney of the Northern District of Ohio in 1904, serving until 1910, when he became a member of the firm Goulder, Day, White & Garry, which continued until 1916, since which time is a member of the firm Goulder, White & Garry. Member Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland Athletic Club, University Club and Tippecanoe Club, Republican.

### **RHEU J. GARTY.**

Residence, 3240 Kimball Avenue; office, 206-10 Gardner Building, Toledo. Born in Fayette, Fulton County, Ohio, August 17, 1879. Son of Jacob B. and Mary (Crouse) Garty. Married to Mary Elizabeth Adam, June 3, 1908; two children: Paul H., and Mary Louise. Attended Fayette public schools; Fayette Normal University, re-



ceived B.S. degree therefrom, 1897; attended University of Michigan Law School, 1901-05, received LL.B. degree. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio, 1905. Specialized in Real Estate Law; Secretary and Attorney for The Toledo Title

and Trust Company for the past fifteen years. Member Kiwanis Club, The Keystone Club, First Congregational Church, Toledo Bar Association.

### **JOHN T. GARVER.**

Residence, 408 So. Park Avenue; office, Court House, Fremont, Ohio. Born in Wayne County, Ohio, July 26, 1848. Son of John and Catherine (Shoemaker) Garver. Married to Sarah E. Gilbert, of Medina County, Ohio. Their two children are Percival D. and Mary Ett Garver. He at-



tended public schools of Wayne County; Academies at Fredricksburg and Smithville, Wayne County, Ohio; attended Ohio State and Union Law College, Cleveland, where on June 29, 1870, he received the degree of B. L. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March, 1870; later to United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law at West Salem, Wayne County, Ohio, which continued until 1871, when he moved to Fremont, Ohio, and after two years formed partnership with Hon. H. W. Winslow, under the firm name of Winslow & Garver for a few years; with brother Samuel C. Garver, under the firm name of Garver & Garver for several years; later with Frank O'Farrell, under the firm name of Garver & O'Farrell for several years; with brother, Birt S. Garver, firm name of Garver & Garver, and later his son, Percival D. Garver, joined the firm which became Garver, Garver & Garver, which was dissolved January, 1911. He was elected City Solicitor of Fremont for two terms. Prosecuting Attorney of Sandusky County for two terms; member of the City Council of

Fremont for one term; was a member of the Board of School Examiners of Sandusky County for several terms, and member of the Legal Advisory Board during part of the World War. He was appointed by Governor Harmon Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of 1st Sub Div. 4th Judicial District of Ohio, taking office January 18, 1911; in 1912 was elected as such judge for short and long term, and in 1918 was re-elected judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Sandusky County for a six-year term, commencing February 10, 1919. Member Masonic Order, Maccabees, Elks, Sandusky County and Ohio State Bar Associations.

#### PERCIVAL D. GARVER.

Residence and office, Fremont. Born in Fremont, June 11, 1879. Son of Judge John T. and Sarah E. (Gilbert) Garver. Married November 27, 1909, to Hazel Biddle (deceased February 28, 1913); two children: John, Jr., and Hazel Mary. Attended public and high schools of Fremont; studied law in office of his father and uncle, Garver & Garver, Fremont. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 7, 1900; later to United States District Court. In partnership with father, John T., and his uncle, Birt S. Garver, under the firm name of Garver, Garver & Garver, which continued until January 18, 1911; with his uncle, under the firm name of Garver & Garver, until January 7, 1917, since which time he continues alone. Member Masonic bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree; Sandusky County Bar Association; St. Paul's Episcopal Church of Fremont. Republican.

#### C. L. GATES.

Residence, Chagrin Falls; office, 604 Marshall Building, Cleveland. Born in Chagrin Falls, February 4, 1874. Son of James M. and Elnoria E. (Cutler) Gates. Educated in the public and high schools of Chagrin Falls; graduate of Ohio Wesleyan University, with B. S. degree, 1898; later conferred degree of A. M.; Western Reserve University Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1900; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Wenneman, Gates & Edgerton. Member Masonic Order; City Club; Cleveland and Ohio Bar Associations. Republican.

#### AUGUSTUS L. GEBHARD.

Residence, 222 North Myers Street; office, 130 S. Lynn Street, Bryan. Born in Edgerton, Ohio, July 27, 1880. Son of Louis and Mary (Shack) Gebhard. Married to Gladys A. Stone, of Butler, Indiana, June 17, 1908; two children: Jane E. and George L. Educated in the public schools of Edgerton, Ohio; Ohio Northern University; graduate of Yale, with A. B. degree, 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1905. In partnership with C. L. Newcomer, 1907 to 1921. Member Masonic

Order; Williams County Bar Association. Republican.

#### FREDERICK LYMAN GEDDES.

Residence, 2116 Parkwood Avenue; office, 1102-20 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born in Adrian, Michigan, November 10, 1850. Son of Norman and Laura (Casey) Geddes. Married to Kate Adele Rosebrugh, December 24, 1879; five children: Paul Rosebrugh, Laura Casey (Mrs. Walter Siegrist Miller), Katharine Rachel, Florence Dority (Mrs. John Usher Loomis) and Donald Frederick (who was Ensign U. S. N. R. F., died January 39, 1918). Graduate of Adrian, Michigan, High School, 1868; of University of Michigan, with degree of A. B., 1872; A. M., 1875. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, March 10, 1875; of Ohio, April 10, 1875. In partnership with Barton Smith in Toledo, 1875-1881; with Clarence Brown from 1882 until the death of



Mr. Brown, July 30, 1918; now member of the firm of Brown, Geddes, Schmettau & Williams. Director Northern National Bank, Toledo; Toledo Glass Company; Owens Bottle Company; Owens European Bottle Machine Company; Toledo Scale Company (Vice President); Kent-Owens Machine Company; Title Guarantee and Trust Company; Walter S. Miller Company. Trustee Toledo Museum of Art; member Toledo, Country, Commerce, Transportation and Automobile Clubs, Toledo; Dome Lake (Wyoming); Alpha Delta Phi and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; all Masonic bodies, 33rd Degree; Grand Commander K. T. of Ohio, 1906; Unitarian Church; American, Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations; International Law Association; American Society of International Law. Republican.



**FRANK HAMILTON GEER.**

Residence, 2553 Glenwood Avenue; office, 1226-30 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born on a farm in Lucas County, Ohio, November 6, 1869. Son of Amos W. and Mary E. (Lloyd) Geer. Married to Mary E. Summerskill, June 2, 1897; three children: Ruth, Gertrude, Gratia. Education received in the common and high schools of Lucas County. Studied law in office of King & Tracy, Toledo. Admitted to the bar of

farm until he reached his majority. Attended Commercial College in Cincinnati; graduate of the Cincinnati Law School with



Ohio, March 17, 1899; later to the United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Toledo since admission. In 1914 formed partnership with Joseph W. Lane, under firm name of Geer & Lane, which continues to the present time. Associated with Commercial Savings Bank & Trust Co., Toledo, and North Western Mutual Life Insurance Co., Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Member Legal Advisory Board during the late war. President Toledo Bar Association, 1918-19. Member Ohio State Bar Association, Toledo Chamber of Commerce, all Masonic bodies, Shrine, St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal Church, Trustee Y. M. C. A., Chairman Lucas County Republican Campaign Committee, 1918; Alternate National Convention Committee, Chicago, 1920. Republican.

**WILLIAM J. GEER.**

Residence and office, Galion. Born on a farm in Clermont County, Ohio, 1858. Son of Rev. John J. and Sarah Ann (Smith) Geer. Married August 7, 1901, to Edith K. Drennan, of Plymouth, Ohio; two children: William Drennan, and David Smith. Attended district school and worked on the

LL. B. degree, in May, 1886. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in May, 1886, and later to the United States District Court, United States Circuit Court of Appeals and the United States Supreme Court. Began the practice of law in the City of Galion, 1886, and has continued actively in the practice since that date. Elected City Solicitor of Galion for two terms, and Mayor of the City of Galion for four terms. He has been Secretary and Attorney for the Galion Building & Loan Association for 28 years. Chairman of the Board of Trustees of The Crawford County Children's Home. Member of the Masonic Bodies, Knights Templar, B. P. O. E., K. of P., the American, Ohio State, and Crawford County Bar Associations. Republican.

**SYDNEY L. GEIGER.**

Residence, 2105 S. Arch Avenue; office, First National Bank Building. Alliance. Born in East Liverpool, Ohio, 1889. Son of Max and Lena B. (Lemer) Geiger. Married to Rose Friedman, in Youngstown, Ohio, September 16, 1913. Attended the public schools of Alliance; graduate of Alliance High School, 1908; attended Mt. Union College, Alliance, Ohio; graduate of Western Reserve University Law School, with degree of LL. B., 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1911; to the United States District Court, July 6, 1912. Engaged in the practice of law in Canton from 1911-12. In 1912 became member of the firm name of Morris & Geiger. The firm are attorneys for: The City Savings Bank & Trust Co., Motor

Service Co., The King Bee Milling Co., The Security Loan & Building Co. Associate Member Legal Advisory Board, District No. 2, during the World War. Member Masonic Order, Lake Erie Consistory, Scottish Rite,



Alliance Country Club, Alliance Chamber of Commerce, Stark County and Alliance Bar Associations. Republican.

#### MYER GELEERD.



Residence, 2232 Scottwood Avenue; office, 1236 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, May 28, 1871. Son of Lah-

man and Bluma (Staal) Geleerd (both of whom were natives of Amsterdam, Holland). Married November 28, 1905, to Miriam Brooks, of Augusta, Georgia; one child, Brooks. Attended the public and high schools of Toledo; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1902. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio in 1902, and later to the United States District Court. Practiced law in Toledo alone to date. Captain Company C, Sixth Regiment, O. N. G. for some time. Lieutenant, commanding First Division, First Battalion Ohio Naval Brigade for some time; Captain 10th Regiment U. S. Volunteer Infantry during the Spanish American War. Member Lucas County Legal Advisory Board; Member Examining Committee for the Military Training Camps' Association during the World War. Member B. P. O. E., Masonic Order, Maccahees, Spanish War Veterans, Lucas County Bar Association. Member Ohio Legislature two terms, Republican.

#### FRANK FERDINAND GENTSCH.

Residence, 11104 Wade Park Avenue; office, 804 Illuminating Building, Cleveland. Born in New Philadelphia, Ohio, July 22,



1874. Son of Daniel Conrad and Elizabeth (Powleson) Gentsch. Married to Jane Fribley McClean, in New Philadelphia, June 12, 1902. Attended grammar school, Washington, District of Columbia; graduate of high school, New Philadelphia, Ohio, 1892; took special course in Georgetown University; received degree of LL. B., 1895, and L. M., 1896, from Columbian University Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 11, 1898; United States District Court,

Northern District of Ohio, November 1, 1899; United States Supreme Court, March 20, 1918. In 1899 formed partnership with L. Q. Rawson, under the firm name of Rawson & Gentsch, which continued until 1910; then in the individual practice until November, 1915, when he formed partnership with C. W. Collister & F. B. Kavanagh, under the firm name of Collister, Gentsch & Kavanagh, which continued until January 1, 1917, when the new firm of Gentsch, Rawson, Smith, Kavanagh & Carpenter was formed, which firm continues to the present time. Member of K. of P., Woodman of the World, National Union, Tyrian Lodge No. 37 F. & A. M., Webb Chapter, Oriental Commandery, Lake Erie Consistory, Al Koran Shrine, Al Sirat Grotto, Ohio State and American Bar Associations, Local Council for Ohio of the American Bar Association, Executive Committee Cleveland Bar Association from 1920 to 1923. Appointed Special Examiner United States Pension Bureau, February, 1895, located at Washington, District of Columbia, Columbus, Indiana, and Lawrenceburg, Indiana; left government service July 1, 1898; Served as President Board of Deputy State Supervisors and Inspectors of Election, from May, 1904, to 1908. Democrat.

#### HERMON NEWTON GEORGE.



Residence, 198 West Marion Avenue; office, 516 Stanbhang Building, Youngstown. Born in Columbiana County, Ohio, March 28, 1886. Son of Robert E. and Minnie J. (Rayl) George. Married to Edna C. Dean, of New Castle, Pennsylvania, October 6, 1910; two children: Eleanor J., and Robert Dean. Attended the

common schools of Madison Township, Columbiana County, Ohio; graduate of Slippery Rock State Normal School, Butler County, Pennsylvania, 1906; graduate of Youngstown Association School, 1916; post-graduate course in same school and LL. B. degree 1920. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1916. Engaged in the general practice of Corporation, Insurance and Negligence Law as a member of the firm of Pfau, George & Carlyle, of Youngstown. Member Masonic Order and Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

#### LAWRENCE L. GEORGE.

Residence, 558 Garfield Street; office, Home Savings Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Niles, Ohio, April 2, 1873. Son of William Henry and Hannah E. (Homer) George. Married July 2, 1902, to Edith L. Niles; two children: Hilda and Alice. Attended high school at Rock Creek, Ohio; graduate of University of Michigan Law Department, with LL. B. degree, in 1893. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1908; later to the United States District Court. Served in Company A, 18th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, during the Spanish-American War. Member United Spanish War Veterans; I. O. O. F.; B. P. O. E.; Maccabees; Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations, Republican.

#### GEORGE T. GERAN.

Residence and office, Marion. Born in Warren County, Ohio, October 29, 1880. Son of Theodore F. and Rebecca (Gustin) Geran. Married December 12, 1903, to Margaret Smith; one child, Robert. Attended the public schools of Warren County; received B. S. degree from National University, 1900; LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1903; later to United States District Court. City Solicitor of Marion since January 1, 1920. Captain Company D, 4th Ohio Infantry, for some time; Major 2nd Battalion, 166th Infantry, 42nd Division, United States Army; overseas during the World War. Member Masonic Order; K. of P.; B. P. O. E.; Marion Club; Marion Country Club; American Legion; Marion County Bar Association. Republican.

#### WALTER GERSTENLAUER.

Residence, 829 Brice Avenue; office, Open House Building, Lima. Born in Lima, Ohio, April 3, 1891. Son of William and Ellen (Staum) Gerstenlauer. Graduate of Lima grammar schools, 1905; Lima High School, 1909; A. B. degree from Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, 1913; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1915. Member of the law firm of McClain & Gerstenlauer since December 15, 1919. During the World War member Sorbonne Detachment, 83rd Division, Personnel Office at



Camp Sherman and Le Mans, France. Member Order of the Coif fraternity; Ohio State and Allen County Bar Associations.

#### **GEORGE HERBERT GESSNER.**

Residence, 50 Williamson Avenue; office, City Hall, Youngstown. Born in Gambier, Ohio, September 13, 1878. Son of John and Lucy (Ashburn) Gessner. Married August 28, 1917, to Ruth Robinson, of Palmyra, Ohio; one child, John Franklin. Attended



the public schools of Mahoning County; Hiram College two years; received LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law Department, in 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1913; later to the United States District Court. Has practiced continuously in Youngstown. In partnership with Peny Robison and Henry Church, under the firm name of Robison, Gessner & Church, in 1916. Dean of Youngstown Law School since November 4, 1920. Trustee of Youngstown Society for the Blind. Director Christ Mission (Settlement House). Member Masonic Order, K. of P., Granger L. O. O. M., Mahoning County Bar Association. Assistant City Solicitor of Youngstown, 1914 to 1915. In April, 1917, appointed Municipal Judge of Youngstown, where he continues to date. Democrat.

#### **EDWARD KELLEY GIBLIN.**

Residence and office, Painesville. Born in Painesville, Ohio, November 24, 1886. Son of James and Mary (Ferron) Giblin. Attended common schools of Lake County, Ohio; Painesville High School, 1900-04; attended University of Chicago; studied languages in Cleveland School of Education. Studied law in the office of Harry T.

Nolan, Painesville. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915; United States District Court, November 30, 1918. Engaged in the individual law practice in Painesville, from



July 1, 1915, to the present time. Accepted and inducted as Student in Officers Training School, Motor Transport Corps of U. S. A., at Camp Joseph Johnston, Jacksonville, Florida, November, 1918; signing of armistice prevented his going on with work. Engaged in Civilian War Activities during the war. Member Painesville Council Knights of Columbus, Lake County Bar Association, Secretary Democratic Executive Committee of Lake County, from 1914 to the present time. Assisted in Senator Pomerene's campaign as member National Senatorial Committee in 1916; Democratic Candidate for Prosecuting Attorney of Lake County in 1916. Was tendered the Democratic nomination for Congress in the 22nd District of Ohio, 1920. Democrat.

#### **W. W. GIFFEN.**

Residence, 209 Cedar Street; office, 32 S. Main Street, Niles, Ohio. Born near Mt. Pleasant, Pennsylvania, February 15, 1885. Son of John C. and Susan A. (Smith) Giffen. Married January 24, 1914, to Edna F. Lodwick, of Mineral Ridge, Ohio. Attended common schools of Pennsylvania; Washington and Jefferson College, two years; graduate of Wooster University with A. B. degree, in 1910; attended Youngstown Y. M. C. A. Law School; studied law in office of Judge E. A. Brown, of Circleville, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1917. Engaged in the general practice of law in Niles, Ohio, as member of the firm of Smith & Giffen, from 1919 to 1921. Sec-

retary of Local Draft Board No. 2 Trumbull County, during the World War. Member Trumbull County Bar Association. Masonic Bodies, I. O. O. F., Knights of

States Circuit Court, February 3, 1900. Engaged in law practice in Mansfield, individually ever since 1893. Member Masonic Order, Council, Knights Templar; Jr. O. U.



Golden Eagle, Delta Tau Delta Fraternity, First Presbyterian Church of Niles. Republican.

#### **THOMAS LINCOLN GIFFORD.**

Residence, 709 Walbridge Avenue; office, 742 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born near Mansfield, Ohio, May 6, 1865. Son of James and Mary Ann (Hale) Gifford. Married December 23, 1893, to Ginevra Hughes; one child, Burleigh H. Attended the Ohio country schools; graduate of Ohio Northern University, with B. S. degree, in 1890; studied law privately. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 16, 1893; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Member Masonic Order, Knights Templar; K. of P. City Council of Toledo four years; Legal Department, Toledo, 1915 and 1916; Vice President Charter Commission of Toledo; elected member Ohio Senate, 1920. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM H. GIFFORD.**

Residence and office, Mansfield, Ohio. Born in Richland County, Ohio, April 17, 1862. Son of James and Mary Ann (Hale) Gifford. Married to Florence McBride, July 10, 1919. Early education in the country schools; graduate Ohio Northern University in scientific course, with degree of M. S., 1887; read law in office of Cunningham & McCarty, in Emporia, Kansas. Admitted to the bar of Kansas, July 12, 1890; to the bar of Ohio, March 9, 1893; United



A. M., Modern Woodmen of America, Mystic Club, Automobile Club; president Richland County Bar Association, 1919-1920; member Ohio State Bar Association; First Presbyterian Church, Mansfield. Member local Republican Central Committee a number of years; delegate to practically all local conventions. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM J. GILL.**



Residence, 2257 Rosewood Avenue; office, 341 Erie Street, Toledo. Born in Buffalo, New York, January 12, 1861. Son of John and Mary (Donovan) Gill. Married in 1894 to Hannah O'Donnell, of Cleveland; two children: John Donald and Helen M. Attended the public and parochial schools and Davis Business College of Toledo; then began the study of law in the office of the late Hon. Gilbert Harmon, and after three years preparation was admitted to the bar of Ohio. Has practiced continuously in Toledo. For a time associated with Judge Gilbert Harmon and Judge P. A. McGahan. Deputy United States Marshall for Northern District of Ohio for two years. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Lucas County, 1918 to 1920. Member B. P. O. E.; Toledo Bar Association. Independent in politics.

#### WM. H. GILLIE.

Residence, 1888 East 90th Street; office, 635 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Twinsburg, Ohio, January 10, 1879. Son of Robert J. and Jessie (Hamilton) Gil-



lie. Married to Bessie O. Trescott, of Cleveland, January 26, 1910. Attended Twinsburg district schools; graduate of Twinsburg high school, 1899; Adelbert College of Western Reserve University, with degree of A. B., 1905; Law Department of same institution, with degree of LL. B., 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1906; United States District Court, December 6, 1912. Member of the firm of Webber & Gillie, Elyria, Ohio, 1908-10; Blake, Hansen & Gillie, in Cleveland, from 1916 to the present time. Member Y. M. C. A., Chamber of Commerce, City Club, Civic League, Christian Church, Cleveland Bar Association.

#### G. P. GILLMER.

Residence, 321 N. Park Avenue; office, Stiles Building, Warren. Born in Newton Township, Trumbull County, Ohio, July 31, 1872. Son of James A. and Laura A. (Byers) Gillmer. Married to Maud Ella Kearn, August 22, 1900. Graduate of Newton Falls Public Schools, 1901; received B. S. degree from Northern Indiana Normal University, 1899; Post-graduate course in Waynesburg College, 1900-01; attended Cincinnati Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1903, and later to the United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Practiced law in Niles, Ohio, from 1903 to 1909. In partnership with his wife, Maud E. Gillmer. Member all Masonic bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree, Shrine; Sigma Alpha Epsilon; Warren Rotary Club; Trumbull County and Ohio State Bar Associations. City Solicitor of Niles, Ohio, 1906 to 1909; Prosecuting Attorney of Trumbull County, 1909 to 1913. Republican.

#### ROLLIND I. GILLMER.

Residence, Warren; office, 47½ East Market Street, Warren. Born in Newton Falls, Ohio, September 16, 1873. Son of Judge Thomas I. and Helen (Earle) Gillmer. Married January 22, 1894, to May Woods, of Warren, Ohio, who died in 1901. On January 24, 1917, married Stella Morgan, of New Castle, Pennsylvania; one child, Katherine. Attended the public and high schools



of Warren; Hiram College, Western Reserve Academy, University of Michigan; studied law in the office of T. I. Gillmer, of Warren, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1898; later to United States District Court.

Engaged in the practice of law in Warren in partnership with his father, Judge Thomas I. Gillmer, under the firm name of Gillmer & Gillmer, since 1903. United States Commissioner for several years. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Trumbull County for one year. Member Legal Advisory Board during the World War. Member Delta Tau Delta fraternity, Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., Trumbull County Bar Association. Republican.

### THOMAS I. GILLMER.

Residence, Warren; office, 47½ East Market Street, Warren. Born in Newton Township, Trumbull County, Ohio, May 13, 1844. Son of William and Catherine (Miller) Gillmer. Married January, 1870, to Helen Earle, of Newton Falls, Ohio; two children, Elizabeth, wife of J. W. Packard, and Rollind I. Attended the public schools of Newton Falls; Iron City Commercial College, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Studied law in the office of John F. Beaver, of Newton Falls,



Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May, 1870; later to United States District Court; in 1873 to United States Supreme Court. Commenced the practice of law in Newton Falls in partnership with John F. Beaver, under the firm name of Beaver & Gillmer. Moved to Warren in 1874. Formed partnership with L. C. Jones, under the firm name of Jones & Gillmer, in 1880. In 1903 formed partnership with his son, Rollind I. Gillmer, under the firm name of Gillmer & Gillmer, which continues to date. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Trumbull County in 1875; served two terms. In 1885 elected Common Pleas Judge Trumbull County, and held that office until 1903, when he resigned. Director

Union Savings & Trust Company. President Warren Library Association. Director Warren City Hospital. Member Masonic Order, American and Ohio State Bar Associations. President Trumbull County Bar Association. Republican.

### QUINCY ALANSON GILLMORE.

Residence, 401 West Avenue; office, 462 Elyria Block, Elyria. Born in Lorain, Ohio, May 12, 1859. Son of Edmund and Adelaide E. (Gillmore) Gillmore. Married, November 27, 1884, to Frankie G. Brown, of Delaware, Ohio (died March 8, 1921); one child, Scott E. Attended district school in Lorain;



grammar and high schools, Elyria; graduate of Ohio Wesleyan College, Delaware, with degree of A. B., 1881; of Cincinnati Law School, 1883. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 31, 1883; United States District Court, October, 1907. Began the practice of law in Lorain, October, 1884; moved to Elyria in April, 1886, where he continues to date. Member King Solomon's Lodge, F. & A. M., twenty-five years; Marshall Chapter; Lodge of Perfection; Lake Erie Consistory, Cleveland; Lorain County Bar Association; Lorain County Law Library Association. Republican.

### FRANK HADLEY GINN.

Residences, Gates Mill, Ohio; 1909 East 71st Street; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Fremont, Ohio, February 25, 1868. Son of Francis Marion and Millicent Ophelia (Pope) Ginn. Married to Cornelia Root, June 25, 1899. Primary and high school education received in Clyde, Ohio; one year in Kenyon Military Academy; graduate

of Kenyon College, with degree of Ph. B., 1890. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1892. Member of the law firms of Blandin, Rice & Ginn, Cleveland, 1899-1912; Blandin, Hogsett & Ginn, 1912-1913; Tolles, Hogsett, Ginn & Morley since 1913. Member Union, Rowfant, Mayfield Country Clubs of Cleveland; Chagrin Valley Hunt Club; Delta Kappa Epsilon and Phi Beta Kappa fraternities.

#### **HARRY FREMONT GLICK.**

Residence, 1478 East 114th Street; office, 444 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, August 27, 1833. Son of Israel and Bertha (Rosenfeld) Glick. Married to Alice Greenwald, in Cleveland, August 19, 1919. Graduate of Case public



school, Cleveland, 1906; attended Glenville High School two years; Baldwin Academy; graduate of Cleveland Law School, with LL. B. degree, June, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1914; later to the United States District Court. Served in United States Infantry at Camp Gordon, from May 28, 1918, to November 29, 1918; promoted from private to corporal, and from sergeant to 2nd lieutenant. Member B. P. O. E. and K. of P.

#### **GEORGE L. GLITSCH.**

Residence, 1033 East Erie Street; office, 600 Broadway, Lorain. Born in Johnstown, Pennsylvania, March 14, 1857. Son of Casper and Anna Elizabeth (Hoffmann) Glitsch. Married to Amelia K. Hesselbein, October 24, 1895. Attended public and high schools of Pennsylvania; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan, 1895. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and Michigan, 1895; later United States Courts. Mem-

ber of the firm of Hughes & Glitsch, until 1900; Thompson & Glitsch, 1900-10; Thompson, Glitsch & Cinniger, 1910-15; since 1915, Glitsch & Stack. Appointed City Solicitor, 1899; Mayor of Lorain, 1900 to 1902. President National Bank of Commerce of Lorain. Member Masonic Order; Shrine, 32nd degree; K. of P.; I. O. O. F.; B. P. O. E.; Ohio State Bar Association; President Lorain County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **JOSEPH GEORGE GLUCK.**

Residence, 2272 Hollywood Avenue; office, 467 Spitzer Building, Toledo, Ohio. Born in New York City, February 10, 1889. Son of Samuel and Pauline (Burger) Gluck. Married to Rose Krauss, February 11, 1913; one son, Daniel Jack. Graduate of New York City public schools; completed academic course in College of the City of New York. Graduate of Law Department of



New York Law School in 1908, with degree of LL. B. Moved to Indianapolis, Indiana, and after attaining his majority was admitted to the bar of Indiana, June 21, 1912; Ohio May 20, 1918; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, October 18, 1919. Affiliated with the law firm of Bamberger & Feibleman, of Indianapolis, one year; moved to South Bend, Indiana, and engaged in the individual practice for two years, when he moved to Toledo, and has been in the active law practice since May 20, 1918. Member Toledo Commerce Club, Y. M. C. A., I. O. B. B., B. P. O. E., Toledo Bar Association. Democratic candidate for Judge of South Bend, Indiana, 1913. Instructor on "Partnership," Law Department, St. John's University, Toledo.



**J. HENRY GOEKE.**

Residence and office, Lima. Born in Minster, Ohio, October 28, 1869. Son of Mathias and Bernardina (Rumping) Goeke. Married in 1891 to Emma Kolter, who died March 13, 1904. Married September, 1906, to Catharine Nicholas; two children: Mary Jane and Catherine Irene. Attended the public and high schools of Ohio; graduate of Pio Nono College, St. Francis, Wisconsin in 1888; Cincinnati Law College, with LL. B. degree, in 1891. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1891; later to United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. Commenced the practice of law in 1891 in St. Marys, Ohio, in partnership with Judge W. T. Mooney, under the



firm name of Mooney & Goeke, until 1893. In 1895 moved to Wapakoneta and in 1896 became a member of the firm of Goeke, Hoskins & Anderson, which continued until 1907; Goeke & Anderson until 1912; Goeke, Anderson & Boesel until 1917; Goeke & Boesel until October, 1920, when he moved to Lima, where he continues in the general practice to date. City Solicitor of St. Marys for one term. Prosecuting Attorney of Auglaize County, 1895 to 1901. Member of Congress, 4th Congressional District, 1911 to 1915. Director First National Bank of Wapakoneta. President Democrat Printing Co. (who are publishers of The Daily News), Wapakoneta. President Abmer Manufacturing Co., Wapakoneta. State Counsel for Alien Property Custodian since 1917. General Counsel Fostoria & Fremont Ry. Co. since its organization. General Counsel Western Ohio Ry. Co. since its organization. Director Domestic Discount Co., of Lima. Member B. P. O. E.; K. of C.; L. O. O. M.; F. O. E.; Lima Club; Shawnee

Country Club; Wapakoneta Outing Club; St. Marys Idlewild Outing Club, St. Marys, Ohio; Ohio State Bar Association. Democrat.

**FREDERICK H. GOFF.**

Residence, 9929 Lake Shore Boulevard; office, Cleveland Trust Co., Cleveland. Born in Blackberry, Kane county, Illinois, December 15, 1858. Son of Frederick C. and Catherine J. (Brown) Goff. Married to Frances Southworth October, 1894. Three children: Fredericka S., William S., Francis M. Attended public schools of Cleveland; High school; Ann Arbor, Mich., graduate of University of Michigan in 1881, with Ph. B. degree. Returned to Cleveland in 1881 where he was librarian of Law Library and studied law under the direction of Judge C. E. Pennewell. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1883; later U. S. Courts. Commenced the practice of law October, 1883, associated with W. F. Carr. Member of the firm of Carr & Goff, 1883-90; Estep, Dickey, Carr & Goff, 1890-96; Kline, Carr, Tolles & Goff, 1896 until June 8, 1908. President Cleveland Trust Co. Member Rowfant Club; Union Club; Country Club; American, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations. Republican.

**CHARLES C. GOLDMAN.**

Residence, 925 Parkway Road; office, 401-7 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 1, 1891. Son of Isaac and Sarah (Cohen) Goldman. Married to Miriam Zupnik, of Cleveland, No-



ember 14, 1915. Educated in the Cleveland public schools; graduate of Central High School, 1911; University of Michigan Law Department with degree of LL. B., 1914.

Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1914; United States District Court, 1918. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Member Chamber of Commerce, I. O. O. F., Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### **CLARK GOOD.**

Residence and office, Van Wert. Born in Van Wert, Ohio, January 10, 1875. Son of A. B. and Rachael Good. Married to Millie R. Reed, December 24, 1905; one son, Clark, Jr. Attended public and high schools of Van Wert; graduate Ohio Northern University Law School, 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 11, 1903; United States Circuit Court, 1905. Local Attorney for Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Served in U. S. Army during the World War, two and one-half years as 1st Lieutenant of Company D, 2nd Regiment, O. N. G. Member B. P. O. E., F. O. E., K. of P., Van Wert Bar Association. City Solicitor of Van Wert, two terms; Prosecuting Attorney of Van Wert County, two terms. Member Van Wert County Republican Executive Committee. Republican.

#### **NOAH S. GOOD.**

Residence, 551 East 115th Street; office, 209-10 Republic Building, Cleveland. Born in Fostoria, Ohio, May 22, 1861. Son of Samuel and Susan (Kimmel) Good. Married to Lizzie Thompson, of Tiffin, Ohio,



December 27, 1894. Attended district schools and Fostoria Academy, Fostoria, 1882-1885; graduate of Ohio Wesleyan University in 1889, with degree of A. B. Read

law in office of Seney & Schaufelberger, Tiffin. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 4, 1891; United States District Court, December 3, 1917. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland continuously since 1891. City Councilman of Glenville, Ohio, five years next preceding the annexation of Glenville to Cleveland. Republican.

#### **MURRAY NEWTON GOODRICH.**

Residence, 123 Lusard Place; office, 224 Main Street, Painesville. Born in Chardon, Ohio, December 13, 1893. Son of Wesley and Ella (Collins) Goodrich. Married March 2, 1918, at Chardon, to Beatrice Basquin. Attended public schools of Chardon; graduate of Chardon, Ohio. High



School, 1912; attended Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, 1912-15; A. B. degree; Law School of Western Reserve University, 1915-18, LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1918; United States District Court Northern District of Ohio, December 20, 1919. Associated with H. E. Hammar in the practice of law at Painesville, from January 6, 1919, until the death of Mr. Hammar, March 28, 1920, since which date continues in the practice alone. Member Democratic County Executive Committee; Democratic Central Committeeman. Candidate for Prosecuting Attorney of Lake County in 1920. Second Lieutenant in Infantry, U. S. Army during the World War; now member of the Officers' Reserve Corps Infantry. Member Sigma Nu and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities, Masonic Order, I. O. O. F., Lake County Bar Association. Democrat.

**BENJAMIN DAVID GORDON.**

Residence, 10104 North Boulevard; office, 710 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Russia, October 27, 1890. Son of A. and Sadie (Gordon) Gordon. Graduate of Lorain High School, 1909; attended Lorain Business College; received A. B. degree from Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, 1914; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1916. Associated with the firm of Ulmer & Berne since 1916. During the World War served as Sergeant Company E, 2nd Provisional Regiment, 156 D. B., Camp Jackson, South Carolina, and Camp Sevier, South Carolina. Member B'nai B'rith, Order of the Coif. Independent Republican in politics.

**WILLIAM GORDON.**

Residence, 6904 Franklin Avenue; office, 725 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Oak Harbor, Ohio, December 15, 1862. Son of Washington and Margaret (Rymers) Gordon. Married September 12, 1893, to Elizabeth, daughter of C. Gernhard, former sheriff of Ottawa County; two children, Walter S. and Dorothy B. (Gordon) Thompson. Early education received in the public schools of Oak Harbor; attended business college, Toledo, two years; taught rural school three years; attended Literary



and Law Departments of University of Michigan two years. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio, 1893; to the United States Supreme Court, March 4, 1919. Commenced the practice of law in Oak Harbor, 1893; moved to Port Clinton, Ohio, 1895, as Prosecuting Attorney Ottawa County. In

November, 1906, moved to Cleveland, where he continues in the active practice of his profession to the present time. Member Masonic Order; Knights Templar, Shrine; Chamber of Commerce, Chamber of Industry. Member Board of County School Examiners of Ottawa County, Ohio, 1892-98. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Ottawa County, 1894, being only Democrat elected in that year; served from January 1, 1895, to January 1, 1901. Elected delegate to Democratic National Convention, 1896. Member Democratic State Executive Committee, 1903-04. Three times elected member of Congress from the 20th district of Ohio; served from March 4, 1913, to March 4, 1919. Democrat.

**HAROLD HERANCOURT GORMAN.**

Residence, 1783 Coit Road, East Cleveland; office, 1011 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Cincinnati, Ohio, November 28, 1894. Son of Judge Frank M.



and Lillian (Herancourt) Gorman. Married to Dorothy May Bowman, of Cincinnati, September 27, 1919. Attended Cincinnati public schools, 1900-08; Franklin Preparatory School of Cincinnati, 1908-12; Harvard College, 1912-15, received degree of A. B. from that institution, 1916; received degree of LL. B. from Harvard Law School, 1918. Associated with the firm of Peck, Shaffer & Peck, Cincinnati, summers of 1915 and 1916; Hill, Barlow & Homans, Boston, summer of 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1917. Solicitor in office of Department of State, Washington D. C., 1918-19. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland with the firm of Reed, Meals &



Eichelberger from May, 1919, to 1921, since which time associated with the firm of Reed, Meals, Orgill & Maschke. Served in United States Army with United States Infantry in 1918 during the World War. Member Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity, City Club and Harvard Club of Cleveland.

#### **ROBERT G. GOSLINE.**

Residence, 2505 Auburn Avenue; office, Court House, Toledo. Born in Oak Harbor, Ohio, May 9, 1877. Son of George and Cora (Gates) Gosline. Married December 27, 1899, to Ella Bradley; four children: Emily, Richard, Martha and Robert, Jr. Attended the public and high schools of Oak Harbor. Taught in the country school of Ottawa County, 1894 to 1895. Attended Ohio State University, 1895 to 1896. Studied law in the office of Scribner & Waite, Toledo; LL. B. conferred in 1917, by the Toledo University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 17, 1899. Elected Judge of City Courts, 1909; re-elected, 1913; in November, 1917, elected Judge of the newly formed Municipal Court for a term of six years. Lecturer in Law Department of Toledo University for several years. Member all Masonic bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree; B. P. O. E., K. of P., Toledo Bar Association; Typographical Union No. 63 of Toledo. Democrat.

#### **H. CLARK GOULD.**



Residence, 4209 Euclid Avenue, Del Prado; office, 1525 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Windsor, Illinois, August 2, 1875. Son of Lyman A. and Clara

(Ford) Gould. Attended public schools in Windsor; graduate of Oberlin Academy in academic and college courses with degree of Ph. B., 1898; took law course in Harvard College two years; graduate of Western Reserve University Law School, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1902. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Chairman Liberty Bond committee during the World War. Member Cleveland Athletic Club, Alumni Association of Harvard University, Highland Park Golf Club. Republican.

#### **HARVEY DANFORTH GOULDER.**

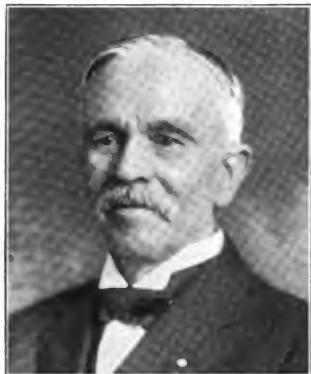
Residence, Cleveland; office, 915 Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, March 7, 1853. Son of Christopher D. and Barbara (Freeland) Goulder. Married, 1878, to Mary F. Rankin (deceased).



daughter of J. E. Rankin, D.D.; second marriage to Mrs. Seabury C. Ford, 1915. Educated in public schools of Cleveland, including Central High School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1875; later to the United States Courts. A member of the firm of Goulder, White & Garry. Member Union, Athletic, Rowfant, Gentlemen's Driving and Yacht Clubs, of Cleveland; Detroit and Fellowcraft Clubs, of Detroit; India House, New York; Ohio Society, New York; Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers. General Counsel for the Lake Carriers' Association, Great Lakes Protective Association and American Bureau of Shipping. Represents many other organizations having to do with lake shipping. Republican.

**EDWIN STUART GRAUEL.**

Residences, 1240 Melbourne Road, Cleveland; summer home, Painesville; office, 64 Public Square, Cleveland. Born in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, April 10, 1851. Son of Peter R. and Henrietta C. (Williams) Grauel (both of whom were very early set-



tlers in Ohio coming from Gt. Barrington, Massachusetts). Attended public schools of Cleveland; read law under tutorage of Judge G. N. Tuttle, thereafter entered University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan, graduating from Law Department, 1883. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1883. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland. Member Masonic Order, Woodward Lodge; I. O. O. F., Republican.

**D. HOMER GRAVEN.**

Residence, Loudonville, Ohio; office, Ashland, Ohio. Born in Perrysville, Ohio, May 21 1874. Son of Marion and Sarah Graven. Married August 13, 1903; one daughter, Marjorie. Attended Ohio Northern University; University of Wooster, 1893-1898, received degrees of A.B. and A.M. therefrom; Ohio State University, 1898-1900 received LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1900. Engaged in the practice of his profession in Ashland; President The Loudonville Mill & Grain Company, Loudonville, Ohio; Vice-President The Ohio Grain Elevators Company, Milford Center, Ohio. Member Masonic Order; Commandery, Al Koran Shrine; Elks; K. of P.; Ohio State Bar Association. Elected Judge Common Pleas Court of Ashland County, Ohio, November, 1914; took office February, 1915. Republican in national elections.

**CHAS. H. GRAVES.**

Residence, 3 Ashland Place; office, 929 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born in Ottawa County, Ohio, June 24, 1872. Son of John Henry and Mary (Joseph) Graves. Graduate of Oak Harbor High School, 1889; University of Michigan Law Department with LL. B. degree, 1893. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 9, 1893, later to the United States Courts. Practiced law in Oak Harbor; later moved to Toledo. Member of the firm name of Graves & Stahl, since 1915. Member Masonic bodies; Shrine; Toledo Bar Association. Prosecuting Attorney Ottawa County, 1901-07; elected Secretary State of Ohio, 1910; re-elected, 1912.

**DAVID EDWARD GREEN.**

Residence, 2030 East 69th Street; office, 512 Hickox Building, Cleveland. Born in Renrock, Ohio, April 3, 1874. Son of D. J. and Mary (Fairchild) Green. Married to Alice Dunham, of Cleveland, Ohio, July 30, 1909. Attended public school, Renrock, Ohio; graduate of Doan Academy, Granville, Ohio, 1897; received degree of B.S. from Denison University, 1901; received degree of LL. B. from Western Reserve University, Cleveland, 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904; United States District



and Circuit Courts, 1908. Commenced the practice of law in Cleveland in partnership with Amos Burt Thompson. From 1905 to 1912, member of the firm of Myers & Green; Myers, Green & Keough, 1912-17; from 1917 to the present time Griswold, Green, Palmer & Hadden. Chairman Legal Advisory Board No. 6 of Cleveland during

the World War. Member Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, University Club, City Club, Tippecanoe Club; President Federated Churches of Cleveland in 1917; Trustee Cleveland Welfare Federation. Member Cleveland Community Fund; Trustee Denison University; Trustee First Baptist Church; Ohio Baptist Convention; Cleveland Baptist City Mission Society; Manager Cuyahoga County Dry Campaign, 1914-15-18; Vice President Dry Maintenance League, 1918-20. Republican.

#### IRWIN GREENBERG

Residence, 661 East 126th Street; office, 518 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Russia, Poland, August 24, 1893. Son of Morris and Nellie (Fogel) Greenberg. Married to Marjorie Esserman, of New York City, February 22, 1920. Received public school education in London, England; attended Baldwin-Wallace College, from which



he graduated May 30, 1919. Under the act entitling returned soldiers to take bar examination previous to their graduating from law school, he was passed and admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 22, 1919. Engaged in the practice of law since December 30, 1919, in Cleveland. Received degree of LL. B. from Baldwin-Wallace Law School in June, 1920. Enlisted in the U. S. army, September 17, 1917; ordered overseas October 22, 1918; returned before armistice was signed; honorably discharged January 14, 1919. Member 12th Ward Newton D. Baker Club; Owatona Lodge No. 62 Knights of Pythias, Cleveland Independent Aid Society, Organizer of the World War Veterans. Democrat.

#### NICHOLAS M. GREENBERGER.

Residence, 171 Casterton Avenue; office, 930 Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born in New York City, October 18, 1878. Son of Morris and Regina (Geiger) Greenberger. Married to Ethel Spira, January 18, 1911; two sons: Morton S. and Robert



B. Attended public schools, Akron. Read law in office of Voris & Voris, Akron. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1902; later United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Engaged in the general practice of law. City Solicitor of Akron, 1908-12. Legal Counsel for the Jewish Federation of Summit County. Member B. P. O. E., B'nai B'rith, Summit County and American Bar Associations. Republican.

#### THOS. E. GREENE.

Residence, 10810 Clifton Boulevard; office, 102 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, April 3, 1876. Son of John William and Mary (Horn) Greene. Married to Maude Joyce, of Cleveland, October 19, 1896; two daughters: Marilla and Mildred. Educated in the Cleveland Public and High schools; graduate of Baldwin-Wallace Law School, 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1901; United States District Court, 1903. Member of the firm of Dowling & Greene, 1901 to 1903. Member Legal Advisory Board; Chairman Local Draft Board No. 1 during the World War. Member B. P. O. E., Knights of Columbus, Knights of St. John (Judge Advocate of the Grand Commandery), High Trustee Catholic Order of Foresters, Mem-

her City Club, West Side Chamber of Industry. Justice of the Peace of Cleveland from 1903 to 1906; Assistant Prosecuting Attorney under John W. Cline four years. Republican.



**GEORGE F. GREVE.**

Residence, 864 East 149th Street; office, 793 East 152nd Street, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June 10, 1891. Son of



Fred A. and Victoria (Cabot) Greve. Married August 26, 1919, to Adelaide D. Small. Educated in the public schools of Collin-

wood, Ohio; graduate of Collinwood High School, 1911; Cleveland Law School with degree of LL. B., June 6, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January 2, 1917. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Member Mayor's Advisory War Committee during the World War, Cleveland Bar Association, State Representative, Ohio Legislature, 83rd General Assembly, from 1919 to 1920. Democrat.

**LYNN B. GRIFFITH.**

Residence, 405 North Park Avenue; office, 307 Second National Building, Warren. Born in West Farmington, Ohio, October 30, 1886. Son of Herbert F. and Lovira M. (Snyder) Griffith. Married to Stata N. Miller, September 9, 1916; two children: David Miller and Patricia Ann. Attended district and high schools; Mt. Hermon (Mass) Boys' School; graduate of Oberlin Academy, 1906; received A. B. degree from Oberlin College, 1910; attended University of Pennsylvania Law School, 1911-13; graduate Western Reserve University Law School, 1914, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1914. Member Delta Theta Phi Fraternity; Masonic Order; Knights Templar, Shrine; K. of P. Trumbull County Bar Association, Chairman the Trumbull County Democratic Executive Committee. Democrat.

**JAMES HARLEN GRISWOLD.**



Residence, 1889 Windemere Street; office, 512 Hickox Building, Cleveland. Born in Harts Grove, Ohio, January 27, 1873. Son of Henry F. and Susan L. (Laird) Griswold. Married to Hope Erwin, of Bourbon,

Indiana, September 30, 1902. Graduate of New Lyme Institute, Ashtabula County, Ohio, 1892; graduate of Oberlin College with degree of A. B., 1898; Western Reserve University Law School with degree of LL. B., 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1901; to the United States District Court, 1906. Commenced the practice of law in Cleveland in partnership with Hon. Alexander Hadden and Harold F. Parks, under the firm name of Hadden, Parks & Griswold, which continued for one year, when Mr. Hadden left the firm to accept the appointment as Judge of Probate Court and the firm became Griswold & White. In 1911 John A. Hadden entered the firm which then became Griswold, White & Hadden. Since 1918 the firm is Griswold, Green, Palmer & Hadden. Member Sons of American Revolution, Chamber of Commerce, University Club, and Tippecanoe Club. Republican.

#### HAL HOWARD GRISWOLD.

Residence, 142 Center Street; office, 1½ Main Street, Chardon. Born in Chardon, Ohio, May 25, 1885. Son of Eli J. and Ellen (Mynderse) Griswold. Married to Gertrude L. Carter, of Oberlin, Ohio, July 23, 1914; one daughter, Marjorie Carter. Educated in the common and high schools of Chardon; received A. B. degree from Adelbert College, Western Reserve University; studied law in office and by correspondence; taught Science and Mathe-



matics in Chardon Schools, 1909-10; Principal Chardon High School, 1910-11; Superintendent of Schools, Chardon, 1911-16; Member Board of School Examiners, 1911-16. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January

4, 1916. Engaged in the practice of law in Chardon since July 1, 1916. During the war, Chairman Geauga County United War Work Campaign and Speaker for all Liberty Loan, Red Cross and W. S. S. Drives. Member I. O. O. F., Knights of Pythias, Phi Beta Kappa Fraternity. Member of 83rd and 84th General Assembly. Republican.

#### GEORGE ANDERSON GROOT.

Residence, 15021 Euclid Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 309-10 The Arcade, Cleveland. Born in Shushan, Washington County, New York, August 3, 1843. Son of John Aaron and Eliza Jane (Heath) Groot, Mar-



ried to Maora Agnes Sage in Huron, Ohio, December 12, 1872. Educated in common schools. Attended Oberlin College; graduate of Hillsdale College, Michigan, June 16, 1870, with B. S. degree; graduate of Ohio State University and Union Law College, Cleveland, Ohio, with LL. B. degree, July 3, 1872. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, September 25, 1871; United States District and Circuit Courts for the Northern District of Ohio, December 8, 1873; United States Supreme Court, December 3, 1883. Traveled on the continent for three months thereafter. Upon his return read law with Estep & Burke of Cleveland until the dissolution of the firm. In partnership with Judge Stevenson Burke, 1875-76; formed partnership with E. J. Blandin, firm name of Groot & Blandin, continuing three years, since which time he has been in the individual practice. Appointed Judge of the Police Court of Cleveland by Gen. Ed. S. Meyer, acting Mayor of Cleveland. Wrote history of Company I, 8th O. V. I. and



edited and published History of the 8th O. V. I.; author of "The Science and Function of Money" and several other articles on the money question in 1894; contributed articles on that subject to magazines and also to the Monetary Commission held in Indianapolis. Enlisted in the U. S. army, April 20, 1861; served with Co. H, 8th O. V. I. three months; re-enlisted in Co. I, of same regiment, August 10, 1861, with rank of Sergeant; was in twenty-two engagements; wounded December 13, 1863, given up to die; discharged from hospital December 20, 1863; elected Captain of State Militia by the people of Camden Township, in 1864; served in that capacity until the end of war. Member Masonic Order, 32nd degree. Member Gibson Lodge No. 301 F. & A. M., Charter Member Oberlin Lodge F. & A. M. No. 380, Charter Member Forest Hill Lodge No. 644 F. & A. M. East Cleveland; Charter Member Memorial Post G. A. R. of Cleveland, Member American and State Bar Associations; one of the Charter Members Cuyahoga County Bar Association. Elected to the Board of Education from 15th Ward, 1876; candidate for same in 1878 and 1880; candidate for Common Pleas Judge, 1883, and at three subsequent periods. Delegate and Secretary to Republican State Convention that nominated J. P. Foraker Governor; Chairman Cuyahoga County Delegation to State Convention held in Cleveland that nominated Mark A. Hanna delegate at large to the Chicago Convention; Delegate to the Free Silver Convention held in St. Louis, 1896; appointed Chairman Notification Committee and tendered nomination to W. J. Bryan in Lincoln, Nebraska, September 8, 1896; delivered one hundred speeches in support of Mr. Bryan in Nebraska, Missouri, Illinois and Ohio; delegate to the Peoples Party Convention held in Kansas City in 1900. Now independent in politics.

#### LOUIS J. GROSSMAN.

Residence, 10519 Lake Shore Boulevard; office, 1002 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 16, 1864. Son of Marcus and Hannah Grossman. Married to Lillie M. Meyer. Attended Cleveland Public and High Schools; received A. B. degree from Columbia College, New York City, 1885; Columbia Law School, LL. B. degree, 1887. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1888; United States District Court, 1889. Member Masonic Order, Excelsior Club, Oakwood Club, City Club, Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland.

#### ISADOR GROSSMAN.

Residence, 2481 Stratford Road; office, 410 East Ohio Gas Building, Cleveland. Born in St. Ivan, Hungary, July 13, 1880. Son of Jacob and Lina (Farkash) Grossman. Married to Adele Seasongood, of St. Louis, Missouri, in 1911. Educated in the

Cleveland public schools; graduate of Harvard College, 1902; Harvard Law School, 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904. Engaged in the general practice of law in



Cleveland. Member of the firm of Niman, Grossman, Buss & Holliday.

#### MARC JUSTIN GROSSMAN.



Residence, 2219 St. James Parkway; office, 1010 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 1, 1892. Son of Louis J. and Lillie (Meyer) Grossman. Married to Carolyn Kahn, of Cincinnati.

Ohio, June 5, 1916. Educated in the Cleveland public schools; received degree of A. B. from Harvard College, 1913; later attended Harvard Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1915; later to the United States District Court. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Member Legal Advisory Board during the World War. Member Cleveland and American Bar Associations.

#### DAVID M. GRUBER.

Residence 743 6th Avenue; office, National Exchange Bank Building, Steubenville. Born in Annapolis, Jefferson County, Ohio. Son of John and Elizabeth (Powell) Gruber. Married to Myra A. Ferry, of Steubenville. Attended village school of Jefferson County, Ohio; Hopedale Normal School, Harrison County, Ohio; Mt. Union Scio College. Read law in office of W. A.



Waldin, Steubenville. Admitted to the bar of Ohio and United States Courts and began practice of law in Steubenville, August 17, 1887. Attorney for the National Exchange Bank of Steubenville. Delegate to Democratic Convention at Denver, Colorado, in 1907, from 18th District of Ohio, representing the State of Ohio on Platform Committee. Member Ohio State and Jefferson County Bar Associations; Hamline Methodist Church. Democrat.

#### STANLEY A. GRZEZINSKI.

Residence, 145 Dexter Street; office, 642 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, October 18, 1887. Son of Michael and Juliana (Prelinski) Grzezinski. Attended the Parochial School of Toledo;

graduate of Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, with LL. B. degree, in 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1911; later to the United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Toledo in 1911.



associated with the firm of Hankison, Axline & Deeds, which continued until 1919, since which time he is associated with the firm of Hackett & Lynch. Director Ohio Polish Savings Loan & Building Association; President The Polonia Clothing & Shoe Co. During the World War member Officers Reserve Corps Field Artillery, at Camp Zachary Taylor. Member B. P. O. E., K. of C., F. O. E., L. O. O. M., Commerce Club, Toledo Automobile Club, Phi Delta Phi Fraternity, American Legion, number of Polish societies. Candidate for Judge of Municipal Court in 1915. Republican.

#### LEWIS L. GUARNIERI.

Residence, 305 East Market Street; office, Gnarnieri Block, Warren. Born in Warren, Ohio, July 10, 1896. Son of Albert and Mary (Basso) Gnarnieri. Attended public and high schools, Warren, Ohio; graduate of Catholic University, Washington, D. C., with LL. B. degree, in 1918; Georgetown University, Washington, D. C., with LL. M. degree, 1919; attended George Washington University, Washington D. C. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1919; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, December, 1920. Engaged in the general practice of law in Warren. Served in United States Navy during the war from June 18, 1918, until his discharge, March 1, 1919. Member Sigma Chi and Epsilon Lambda

fraternities, B. P. O. E., L. O. O. M. Knights of Columbus, Army & Navy Union, Ohio



State and Trumbull County Bar Associations, Roosevelt Club. Republican.

**CHARLES A. GUERNSEY.**

Residence, 1011 N. Union Street; office, Weller Block, Fostoria. Born in Fostoria, Ohio, July 17, 1884. Son of Charles L. and



Malina G. (Brown) Guernsey. Married to Irma F. Schwaab, of Cincinnati, Ohio, January 27, 1908; four children: Kathleen, Ma-

rian, Thomas and Margaret. Attended public schools of Fostoria, graduating June, 1902; graduate of University of Cincinnati College of Law with LL. B. degree, June, 1906. Read law in office of his father, Charles L. Guernsey. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1906; United States District Court, July, 1912. Member of the firm of Guernsey & Guernsey, of Fostoria, since 1906. City Solicitor of Fostoria, 1909-10. Director Fostoria Country Club. Member Masonic Order: K. T., Shrine; B. P. O. E.; Phi Delta Phi fraternity, Seneca County, Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Republican.

**CHARLES LAMSON GUERNSEY.**

Residence, 1004 North Union Street; office, Rooms 9 to 12 Weller Block, Fostoria, Ohio. Born January 31, 1858, in Montgomery Township, Wood County, Ohio. Son of Samuel Curtis Guernsey and Arabella Wright (Lamson) Guernsey, and is a scion of several of the oldest American families of English origin. Married January 31, 1880, at Fostoria, Ohio, to Malina G. Brown, daughter of Alexander and Mary A. (Pugh) Brown. He has two sons, Charles A. and R. Curtis, both of whom are lawyers; two



daughters, Ethel G. Barnd, wife of Jules V. Barnd, of Toledo, Ohio, and Marion Bernice Jacot, wife of Professor D. W. Jacot, of Connersville, Indiana. Educated in public and normal schools and taught school for several terms; studied law with Jones & Brown at Fostoria. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 8, 1879; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, September 26, 1908. Formed partnership with



Alexander Brown, his preceptor, January 1, 1880, and was engaged with him in general law practice at Fostoria, under the firm name of Brown & Guernsey, until 1898, when Alexander Brown retired from practice and the partnership was dissolved; engaged in general law practice at Fostoria alone until 1906, when he entered into partnership with his son, Charles A. Guernsey under the firm name of Guernsey & Guernsey, which continues to the present time. Member Republican party since 1879, when he cast his first vote; has never been a candidate for any office or accepted a political appointment. Member B. P. O. E. Fostoria.

#### **CURTIS GUERNSEY.**

Residence, Fostoria; office, Alcott Building, Fostoria. Born in Fostoria, Ohio, May 17, 1888. Son of Charles L. and Malina G. (Brown) Guernsey. Married August 14, 1912, to Gretchen McDowell, of Fostoria;



two children; James D. and Phyllis J. Entered Fostoria, Ohio, public schools the fall of 1894 and graduated from high school June, 1906; graduate University of Michigan Law Department, with LL. B. degree, June, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 24, 1910; Michigan June 28, 1910. Commenced the practice of law in Fostoria, July, 1910, and continues to date. Secretary, treasurer and general manager The Fostoria & Fremont Railway Co. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E. Republican.

#### **CARL J. GUGLER.**

Residence, Galion, Ohio; office, 203-05 Wyandot Building, Galion. Born in Galion, Ohio, April 29, 1883. Son of J. and Kath-

ine (Herzog) Gugler. Married to Menzaita Smith, of Galion, August 25, 1915. Graduate of Galion High School, 1900; LL. B. degree from Law Department University of Michigan, 1907. Admitted to the bar of



Ohio, 1907; United States District Court Northern District of Ohio, 1912. Engaged in the law practice in Galion since 07. Attorney Citizens National Bank of Galion. During the World War Chairman of Four Minute Men for Crawford County, Local Enrollment Agent for Public Service Reserve U. S. Member K. of P., B. P. O. E., and Lambs Club, Crawford County Bar Association. Justice of Peace of Galion, 1907-12; City Solicitor of Galion, 1912-13; Delegate to National Republican Convention from 13th Congressional District at Chicago, in 1912. Republican.

#### **ROBERT GUINTHER.**

Residence, 553 Stratford Avenue; office, 329-332 Second National Building, Akron. Born in Utica, Ohio, March 11, 1890. Son of I. C. and Mary M. (Rexroth) Guinther. Married to Winifred Winn, of Lexington, Missouri, September 12, 1917. Graduate of Galion, Ohio, High School, 1907; degree of Ph. B. from University of Wooster, Wooster, Ohio, 1911; J. D. degree from University of Chicago, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Illinois, October 6, 1915; Ohio, January 4, 1916. Associated with R. Robert Collins, of Chicago, in the law practice, six months; with Mather & Nesbitt, of Akron; Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Summit County January 1, 1917 to June 1, 1919; since which date he has been a member of the firm. Slabaugh, Young, Seiberling, Huber & Guinther. Faculty Officer of Wentworth

Military Academy, Lexington, Missouri, 1911-13. Served on Mexican Border with Ohio Field Artillery from June 19, 1916, to February 20, 1917; officer Heavy Artillery



(C. A. C.) June 24, 1918, to January 1, 1919. Member Alpha Tau Omega, Phi Alpha Delta and Order of the Coif fraternities, B. P. O. E., Masonic Order, University Club. Summit County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### MARK M. GUNLEFINGER.

Residence, 850 Pennsylvania Avenue; office, 601 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Warren, Ohio, April 8, 1880. Son of Nathan and Emilia (Moses) Gunlefinger. Married January 3, 1912, to Ethel M. Wood; one child: Mark J. Attended the public and high schools of Warren; graduate of Kenyon College, with Ph. B. degree, in 1901; Cincinnati Law School, with LL. B. degree, in 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1904; United States District Court in 1912. In 1909 formed partnership with B. F. Wirt, under the firm name of Wirt & Gunlefinger, which continues to date. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., Phi Beta Kappa and Beta Theta Pi fraternities; Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

#### FRANK DORR GUNSAULLUS.

Residence, Plymouth, Richland County. Born in Richland County, Ohio, August 22, 1854. Son of Levi Bodley and Susannah Maria (Hills) Gunsaulus. Married October 8, 1877, to Jennie E. Gettings; one child: Mrs. Mildred J. Walker, of Akron. Early education received in the country schools; attended

grammar and high schools of Plymouth; studied law in the office of W. W. Drennan, Plymouth; attended Law Department of Cincinnati College, 1875-76. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and Nebraska, 1877; in 1878 to the United States District Court at Omaha, Nebraska; United States District Court at Toledo, 1880. Member of the firm of Bell & Gunsaulus, Plymouth, one year; Gunsaulus & Glover, Hamilton, Nebraska, six months; Gunsaulus, Bell & Culp, Norwalk, Ohio, one year. Practiced law in Richland, Huron, Erie, Seneca and Crawford counties for more than 40 years, nine years of which he was counsel for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. With his father and John D. Fate, he helped organize The Fate & Gunsaulus Clay Working Machinery Co. Later became interested in agriculture, at the same time kept up the practice of law until the winter of 1919, when he retired on account of ill health. One of the oldest members of Richland Lodge No. 301, F. & A. M. Member Richland and Huron County Bar Associations.

#### ARTHUR PHILIP GUSTAFSON.

Residence, 9377 Amesbury Ave.; office, 486 The Arcade, Cleveland. Born in Ottumwa, Iowa, December 23, 1887. Son of Charles and Charlotte (Peterson) Gustafson. Married to



Lulu O'Hara, of Cleveland, July 16, 1913; one son. Educated in the public schools of Jamestown, New York; graduate of Baldwin-Wallace Academy, June, 1917. Registered as law student in office of H. C. Boyd, Cleveland, and studied law four years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1917. Engaged in the individual general

practice of law in Cleveland. Associate Member Legal Advisory Board District No. 4. Member Cleveland Bar Association. Independent in politics.

#### **FREDERICK E. GUTHERY.**

Residence and office, Marion. Born in La Rue, Ohio, January 13, 1868. Son of John D. and Susan (Frederick) Guthery. Married June 22, 1898, to Mildred Howard; three children: Howard F., Philip E. and Esther. Attended public schools of La Rue; received B. S. degree from Ohio Northern University in 1888; and later A. B. degree from same university; LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School in 1891. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1891; later to United States District Court. In 1900 formed partnership with D. R. Crissinger under the firm name of Crissinger & Guthery, which continued until 1914, when the firm became Crissinger, Guthery & Strelitz. Prosecuting Attorney of Marion County for 8 years; member of Marion School Board for 4 years. Chairman Marion County War Board during the World War. Vice president and director National City Bank & Trust Co. of Marion; director Marion Savings Bank Co.; director Campbell National Bank of La Rue; First National Bank of Forest, and Citizens Bank Co. of Prospect; president and director Marion County Telephone Co.; director The Fairmont Big Vein Coal Co.; director and vice president Central Fairmont Coal Co., and The Anthony Laundry Co. Member Masonic bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree, Shrine; B. P. O. E., K. of P., L. O. O. M., Kappa Sigma fraternity, Marion Club, Ohio State and Marion County Bar Associations. Democrat.

#### **MOSES MAX GUZIK.**



Residence, 1085 East 79th Street; office, 348 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, May 18, 1894. Son of Henry J. and Hannah (Weinberg) Guzik. Educated in Cleveland Public Schools; graduate of East High School, 1912; received degree of A. B. from Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, 1916; received degree of LL. B. from Law School of that institution in 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1918; United States District Court, January, 1920. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Member Knights of Pythias, Windermere Lodge; Young Men's and Young Women's Hebrew Associations, Cleveland Bar Association.

#### **PHILMORE J. HABER.**

Residence, 1568 East 117th Street; office, 906 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, May 24, 1895. Son of Markus and Rickie (Lorber) Haber. Married to Constance N. Mayer, of Cleveland, March 14, 1918. Primary education received in Cleveland schools; graduate of South High School, 1911; received A. B. degree from Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, 1915; attended Western



Reserve Law School, 1915-16; received LL. B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace Law School, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 8, 1917; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland. Associated with Clayton C. Townes in 1917. Member Excelsior Club, City Club, K. of P., Cleveland Bar Association. Secretary, Department of Public Welfare from January 1, 1916, to January 1, 1918; Secretary, Campaign Committee, League of Republican Clubs, 1917. Presi-

dent Independent Order of B'nai B'rith, 1918-19. Independent Republican.

**EDWARD G. HACHTEL.**

Residence, 198 Williams Street, Cuyahoga Falls; office, 402 Ohio Building, Akron. Born near Dundee, Ohio, February 10, 1880. Son of John M. and Clara (Groh) Hachtel. Educated in the country and village schools of Tuscarawas County, Ohio; Northern University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915. Member I. O. O. F., K. of P., Summit County Bar Association. Democrat.

**JOHN W. HACKETT.**

Residence, 2849 Parkwood Place; office, 642 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Son of Michael W. and Catherine (Kelly) Hackett. Married to Irene Cecilia Sawkins, July 11, 1911; three children: Jane Marie, Dorothy, and John Wallace, Jr. Attended St. Francis de Sales Academy, Toledo; graduate of St. John's University with LL. B. degree, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1910; later



United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Toledo in partnership with Edwin J. Lynch, under the firm name of Hackett & Lynch. For three years Lecturer on "Sales and Personal Property," at St. John's University. During the World War member Legal Advisory Board, Grand Knight of Knights of Columbus, Toledo Council 386; member Catholic Cathedral Chapel, American, Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Lucas County, 1916 to 1918. Democrat.

**ALEXANDER HADDEN.**

Residence, Glen Ridge Road, Euclid Village; office, New Court House, Cleveland. Born in Wheeling, West Va., July 2, 1850. Son of Alexander and Mary E. Hadden. Married July 17, 1883, to Frances Hawthorne; March 29, 1917, to Jessie E. Hutchins. Attended common schools and Shaw



Academy, Cleveland; Oberlin College from which he received A.B. degree, 1873 and LL.D., 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1875; later U. S. Courts. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland as member of the following firms: Goulder & Hadden; Hadden & Parks; Wilcox, Collier, Hadden & Parks. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney, 1882-85; Prosecuting Attorney, 1885-91. Probate Judge since February, 1905. Member University Club; Cleveland, Ohio State and American Bar Associations.

**JOHN A. HADDEN.**

Residence, 3813 Euclid Avenue; office, 512 Hickox Building, Cleveland. Born July 11, 1886, in Cleveland. Son of Judge Alexander and Frances (Hawthorne) Hadden. Educated in Cleveland public and high schools; graduate of Harvard College, with A. B. degree, in 1908; Harvard Law School in 1910, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1910; United States District Court in 1912. Member of the firm of Griswold, White & Hadden, 1912 to 1916; Griswold & Hadden, 1916 to 1917; Griswold, Green, Palmer & Hadden since 1919. Enlisted in Troop A, 1st Ohio Cavalry, December 9, 1910. Served on Mexican border, 1916 to 1917; Captain Battery F. 135, F. A., May 22,

1917, to April 10, 1919. Member of Hermit Club, University Club, Cleveland Athletic Club, Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland Bar Association. Assistant United States District Attorney, 1912 to 1913.

### **HENRY MARCELLUS HAGELBARGER.**

Residence, Village of Silver Lake, Ohio; office, City Hall, Akron. Born at Spring Mountain, Ohio, December 2, 1867. Son of Henry and Louisa (Raley) Hagelbarger. Married September 10, 1895, at Akron, Ohio, to Martha May Jones (who died March 23, 1912); four children: Paul Raley, Ralph Henry, Martha Louise and Sara Marcella. Married January 1, 1914, at Silver Lake, Ohio, to Lillian Lodge. Attended Country



Schools: High School, Warsaw, Ohio, Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1897; United States Supreme Court, January, 1901. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Summit County, Ohio, November, 1901, and served in that office seven years. Appointed first Director of Law of Akron, February 1, 1920, under new City Charter. Engaged in the practice of law in Akron in 1899. From 1909 to 1914 member of the firm of Hagelbarger & Mottinger, which firm was succeeded by the firm of Hagelbarger & Doolittle. Member Masonic Order, Methodist Episcopal Church, Silver Lake Country Club, Republican.

### **GEORGE E. HAGENBUCH.**

Residence, University Club; office, Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born at Urbana, Ohio, October 8, 1881. Son of Edwin and

Nellie (Howard) Hagenbuch. Attended the public schools of Urbana; graduate Ohio State University, with degree of Ph. B., 1903; LL. B. degree 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 27, 1905. Member of Troop A., O. N. G., three years; Captain in the United States Army, June, 1917, to June, 1919. Member Cleveland Athletic Club, University Club, Masonic bodies, American Legion, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations, Beta Theta Pi and Phi Delta Phi.

### **EDGAR A. HAHN.**

Residence, 10200 Lake Shore Boulevard, Bratenahl; office, 800 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, November 24, 1882. Son of Aaron and Theresa (Kalb) Hahn. Married to Irene Moss, Jan-



uary 13, 1910. Attended Cleveland public schools and Central High School; Columbia College, New York; received degree of LL. B. from Western Reserve University Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904; later to the United States District Court. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland. Member of the firm of Mooney, Hahn, Loeser & Keough.

### **GEORGE PHILIP HAHN.**

Residence, 2635 Scottwood Avenue; office, 1007-16 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Napoleon, Ohio, June 26, 1879. Son of Anton and Sophia (Yackee) Hahn. Married November 14, 1906, to Estella C. Vocke; two children: Philip Vocke and Frances Elaine. Attended the public and high schools of Napoleon; received A. B. degree from Ohio State University in 1903; LL. B. degree in



1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1905; United States District Court, 1906. Member of the firm of Brown, Hahn & Sanger. Director Toledo University. Instructor in "Partnership" and "Damages" in Law Department of St. John's University, Toledo, several years. Member Lucas County Bar Association, Lawyers Club, B. P. O. E. Republican.

### FRANK E. HAINEN.

Residence, 1564 Rydal Mount Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 740 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Meadville, Pennsylvania, November 15, 1875. Son of Samuel R. and Frances A. (Higgins) Hainen. Married to Jean W. Wanless, of Marquette, Michigan, September 25, 1912. Attended the common and high schools and Allegheny College, Meadville, Pennsylvania; graduate of New York University Law School with LL. B. degree, 1898. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1900; United States



District and Circuit Courts for the Northern District of Ohio, September 23, 1909. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland continuously since 1900. Attorney in United States General Land Office, 1908-09. Government Representative and Agent for Draft Board No. 2, during the World War; Chairman Legal Advisory Board No. 5. Member of the Masonic Bodies, Woodward Lodge F. & A. M., McKinley Chapter R. A. M., Cleveland Council Royal and Select Masters, Cleveland, Ohio State and American Bar Associations, Life member of Episcopal Church. Republican.

### MILTON B. HAINES.

Residence and office, Massillon. Born in Union County, Ohio, September 24, 1876.

Son of Caleb F. and Margarette (Miller) Haines. Attended country schools of Union County; received B. S. degree from Northern Ohio University, 1898; attended George Washington University Law School, 1905-08; received LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Union County, 1914; re-elected 1916; resigned 1918. Member B. P. O. E., Masonic Order, L. O. O. M., Phi Delta Phi, Stark County Bar Association. Republican.

### JOHN C. HALE.

Residence, 11333 Belleflower Road, Cleveland, Ohio. Born in Orford, N. H., March 3, 1831. Son of Aaron and Mary (Kent) Hale. Married in 1859 to Carrie A. Sanborn. Educated in the district schools and Academy of Orford, N. H., attended Dartmouth College, 1853-57, graduating with honors in 1857; was conferred degree of LL.D. in 1897. After graduating moved to Cleveland where he taught in the public schools for three years. Read law in the office of S. B. and F. J. Prentiss one year and was admitted to the bar of Ohio. Commenced the practice of law in Elyria where for a short time was in partnership with W. W. Boynton. Prosecuting Attorney Lorain county, 1863-69; member Constitutional Convention, 1872; Judge Common Pleas Court, 1877-83; returned to Cleveland in 1883 and again formed partnership with Judge W. W. Boynton, which continued until 1892; elected in 1892 Associate Judge of the Circuit Court of Ohio, 8th district; in 1894 became presiding Judge of that Court. Chief Justice of that Court until February 8, 1905.

### JAMES WOOD HALFHILL.

Residence, 127 North Collett Street; office, 310-16 Cincinnati Block, 35 Public Square, Lima, Ohio. Born in Mercer, Mercer County, Ohio, March 1, 1861. Son of Moses and Eleanor M. (Wood) Halfhill. Married to Cora A. Miller in Lima, Ohio, September 23, 1896; one son, James Wood, Jr. (medical student at University of Michigan). Attended public schools of Mercer, Ohio; Ohio Northern University from 1881 to 1884, received degree of B.S.; studied law in office of Judge William H. West, Bellefontaine, Ohio; graduate University of Cincinnati Law School with LL. B. degree, 1887. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1887; later to United States District Court, United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Commenced practice in Lima, June, 1887, in partnership with the late Hon. J. C. Ridenour, which continued until his death, July 8, 1908; the latter part of 1908 formed partnership with Judge George H. Quail and William B. Kirk, under the firm name of Halfhill, Quail & Kirk, which firm continues to the present time. Director and

counsel The Old National Bank of Lima, Ohio, The First National Bank of Ada, Ohio, The Ohio State Life Insurance Co., The Lima-Cincinnati Block Co. Attorney Erie Railroad Company for 30 years. During the World War engaged in Civilian War activities. Member The Lima Club, Country Club, The Elks Club of Lima, Masonic Bodies, Knights Templar, Shrine, B. P. O. E., K. of P., Allen County, Ohio State and American Bar Associations. City Solicitor of Lima, 1900-04; Member from Allen



County of the Ohio Constitutional Convention in 1912; attended every Republican State Convention for Ohio except one, and every National Convention except one, since attaining majority. Delegate from the Fourth Ohio District to the Republican National Convention in 1920. Republican.

#### ARTHUR J. HALLE.

Residence, 1937 East 71st Street; office, 429 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June 5, 1876. Son of Charles K. and Sadie (Hart) Halle. Married to Lillian Nederlander, of Detroit, Michigan, January 31, 1903; two children: Mary and Lucile. Educated in public schools of Cleveland; graduate of Central High School, 1894; Harvard College, 1898; Harvard Law School, 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1901; United States District Court Northern District of Ohio, 1902. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland. Member of the firm of Collier & Halle, 1903-1908; Halle & Geisner, 1909-1915. Member Harvard Club, Harvard

Graduate Association, Excelsior Club, Oakwood Club, City Club, Chamber of Com-



merce, Cleveland Bar Association. Member City Council, 1902-05. Republican.

#### FRANK S. HAM.



Residence and office, Wauseon. Born in Wauseon, Ohio, November 2, 1871. Son of Thomas F. and Charlotte A. (Scudder) Ham. Married to Clementine Mattison, of Wauseon (deceased, 1898). Of this marriage were born three children:

Joseph M., Margaret Helen and Howard R. Married in 1901, to Alice E. Hinkle (deceased), of this marriage was born one child; Charles Frank (deceased). Attended the public and high schools of Wauseon; N. W. Normal School, Wauseon. Studied law in offices of his father, T. F. Ham, and his uncle, H. H. Ham, of Wauseon. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1904; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. In partnership with his father and uncle under the firm name of Ham, Ham & Ham, until 1912. In 1913 formed partnership with his son, J. M. Ham, and the firm continues to date as F. S. & J. M. Ham. Reieree in Bankruptcy for one year. Active in Civilian War activities during the World War. Member K. of P., Maccabees, I. O. O. F., and Fulton County Bar Association. Republican.

### JOSEPH M. HAM

Residence and office, Wauseon. Born in Wauseon, Ohio, April 30, 1891. Son of Frank S. and Clementine (Mattison) Ham. Married August 14, 1911, to Zona Connin,



of Wauseon; two children: Robert and Charles. Attended the public and high schools of Wauseon; received LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern University Law Department in 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1913. In partnership with his father, F. S. Ham, under the firm name of F. S. & J. M. Ham, to date. Member Masonic Bodies, Knights Templar, K. of P., Fulton County Bar Association. Republican.

### HENRY H. HAM.

Residence and office, Wauseon. Born in Wayne County, Pennsylvania, August 25,

1845. Son of John C. and Mary A. (Keyes) Ham. Married in November, 1877, to K. E. Barnes; one child; Eliza B. Attended the common schools of Pennsylvania; Wyoming Seminary, Kingston, Pennsylvania. Read law in office of Samuel E. and W. H. Dimmick, of Holmesdale, Pennsylvania. Admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania, December, 1869; of Ohio, 1870; later to United States District Court. Taught in the schools of Pennsylvania for some time. Moved to Wauseon in 1870 and formed partnership with his brother, Thomas F. Ham under the firm name of H. H. & T. F. Ham. Later Frank S. Ham entered the firm, which became Ham, Ham & Ham. In 1912 the firm changed to Ham & Ham. Prosecuting Attorney of Fulton County for two terms. Member I. O. O. F. and K. of P. Republican.

### THOMAS F. HAM.

Residence and office, Wauseon. Born in Wayne County, Pennsylvania, December 1, 1847. Son of John C. and Mary A. (Keyes) Ham. Married in February, 1869, to Charlotte A. Scudder; four children: Thomas J., Frank S., Harold H. and Mary E., wife of J. E. Wilson, of Buffalo. Attended the common schools of Pennsylvania; Wyoming Seminary, Kingston, Pennsylvania. Read law in office of Wallers & Bentley, of Holmesdale, Pennsylvania. Admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania in December, 1869; of Ohio in 1871; later to United States District Court. Taught in the schools of Pennsylvania until 1871. In 1870 formed partnership with his brother, Henry H., under the firm name of H. H. & T. F. Ham. In 1871 moved to Wauseon, Ohio, where he commenced the practice, and later his son Frank S. joined the firm, which became Ham, Ham & Ham until 1912, since which time the firm name is Ham & Ham. Probate Judge of Fulton County for 8 years. Member Masonic Order, K. of P. Republican.

### THOMAS ROY HAMILTON.

Residence, 826 West High Street; office, 319 Opera House Block, Lima. Born in Hancock County, Ohio February 26, 1867. Son of Jonathan and Sarah Ann (Anderson) Hamilton. Married August 14, 1895, to Leta McBride (deceased January 8, 1916); two children: Ruth A. and Helen M. Attended country school, 1873-87; graduate Ohio Northern University in 1901, with degree of B. S., and in 1904 of LL. B. Taught school four years in country district; superintendent of village school in Beaverdam three years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio October 4, 1894; later to United States District Court. Member K. of P., I. O. O. F., M. W. A.; President Federation of Churches of Lima; Chairman County Sunday School



Association. Member Ohio State and Allen County Bar Associations. Republican.

### **JOHN V. HAMMERSMITH.**

Residence, 203 Locust Street; office, 15 East Main Street, Massillon, Ohio. Born in Massillon, Ohio, March 29, 1890. Son of Charles V. and Anna E. (Henrich) Hammersmith. Educated in public grammar schools of Massillon, graduating from Massillon High School June, 1909; attended University of Michigan six years; received A. B. degree from Literary Department June, 1913; J. D. degree from Law Department, June, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, June, 1915; Ohio, July 1, 1915. Engaged in the practice of law in Massillon



since 1915. Entered United States Army service in World War, July, 1918; engaged in personnel work in Adjutant General's Department; stationed first at Camp Jackson, South Carolina, later transferred to Sevier, South Carolina; discharged April, 1919. In civilian capacity employed six months as Correspondent in Correspondence Department of the U. S. Food Administration, Washington, D. C. Member Elks, Knights of Columbus, University Club, Stark County Bar Association, Stark County Law Library Association, Massillon Lawyers Club, Sigma Upsilon Psi.

### **G. F. HAMMOND.**

Residence, 139 Willis Avenue; office, 805-10 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Ashtabula County, Ohio, April 13, 1881. Son of Martin and Edna (Rowe) Hammond. Married to Hazel Foltz of Youngstown, July 1, 1911; two children: Rae Esther and Robert Martin. Attended

Conneaut High School; Oberlin College; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law School in 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1908; later to United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals; United States Supreme Court.



Commenced law practice in 1908 in Youngstown in partnership with A. D. Spellman, under firm name of Spellman & Hammond, until 1912; then formed partnership with J. H. C. Lyon under firm name of Lyon & Hammond, until April 15, 1918, when he joined E. H. Moore and Judge W. P. Barnum under the firm name of Moore, Barnum & Hammond which continues to date. General Counsel for Building Trades Credit Association; Builders Exchange and the various lumber companies and builders supplies. Member Masonic Order; Kiwanis Club; Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Republican.

### **HOMER W. HAMMOND.**

Residence, South Main Street; office, South Main Street, Columbiana, Ohio. Born in Lisbon, Ohio, June 6, 1886. Son of George and Annie (Knepper) Hammond. Married to Elizabeth Shingler, of Columbiana, Ohio, December 24, 1913. Educated in the common and high schools of Lisbon, Ohio; attended Academic Department Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio; later Law Department of same institution. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1910; United States District Court, November 13, 1914. Engaged in the individual practice in Columbiana, Ohio, since admission. Commercially connected with The Columbia Tire & Rubber Co., The Meyer Rubber Co., The Allied Oil Co., Columbiana, Ohio, and The

Isaly Dairy Co., Youngstown, Ohio. Legal adviser The Union Banking Co., Columbiana. Member Legal Advisory Board and active in all drives during the War. Mem-



ber Delta Theta Phi Fraternity, I. O. O. F., Knights of Pythias, Columbiana County Bar Association. Republican.

#### WILLIAM H. HANDY.

Residence and office, Ottawa. Born in Pike Township, Lucas (now Fulton) County, Ohio, January 29, 1847. Son of Michael and Mary (Bryan) Handy. Married to Isabel J. Van Arsdale, October 16, 1869; three children: Clive C., Harry L. and May B. Educated in public schools of Attokee Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio November 1868; United States Circuit Court of Appeals in 1901; United States District Court. Practiced law in Attokee and Wauseon, Ohio. Member of the firm of M. & W. H. Handy from 1885 to 1888; member of the firm of Handy & Unverfeith, Ottawa, 1894 to 1919. Member 86 O. V. I., from June, 1863, to February, 1864; member 67th O. V. I. from April 15, 1864, to September 15, 1865. Member Masonic Order; G. A. R.; Putnam County Bar Association. Judge Common Pleas Court of 3rd District of Ohio, from February, 1885, to May 10, 1894; Mayor of Ottawa, 1918-19. Democrat.

#### OTTO L. HANKISON.

Residence Manitou Grounds, River Road; office, Suite 823 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born September 13, 1886, in Hocking County, Ohio. Son of Charles E. and Maggie E. (Wetzler) Hankison. Married July 24,

1915, to Lucy S. Gable, of Fremont, Ohio. Two children: Jack Ellsworth and Martha Jeanne. Educated in the public and high schools of Lancaster, Ohio. Graduate of



Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, in 1910, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1910, and later to the United States District Court. In 1913 formed partnership with Samuel P. Axline and Clyde L. Deeds, under the firm name of Hankison, Axline & Deeds, which continued until the death of Mr. Axline in 1916. Since which time the firm continues as Hankison & Deeds. Member of the Ohio National Guard and Ohio Naval Militia from 1910 to 1917, when he was commissioned Senior Lieutenant in the U. S. Navy. Served on Battleship New York and troopship U. S. S. Leviathan. Discharged in 1919. Member of Masonic Order, Knights Templar, Grotto, B. P. O. E., K. of P., I. O. O. F., Moose, Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations, Delta Theta Phi Law Fraternity, Commerce Club, Sylvania Golf Club. Republican.

#### JESSE C. HANLEY.

Residence, 501 College Street; office, Potter Savings & Loan Company Building, East Liverpool. Born in East Liverpool, Ohio, July 17, 1888. Son of James N. and Cora (Gorby) Hanley. Attended public schools of East Liverpool; High School, Lisbon; Ohio State University, 1906-07, and 1909-12; studied law in office of James G. Moore of Lisbon. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1911; later to United States District Court Northern District of Ohio. Practiced alone from 1911 to 1915; associated with W. F. Lones of East Liver

pool, 1915 to 1919. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Columbiana County, 1919 to January 1, 1921; County Prosecutor from January 3, 1921, to 1923. With 27th Company at Central Officers Training School at Camp Gordon, Georgia, from July, 1918, to December 15, 1918. Member I. O. O. F.,



B. P. O. E., L. O. O. M., Delta Tau Delta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities, Columbiana County Bar Association, East Liverpool Country Club, Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM S. HANNA.**

Residence, Cleveland; office, 737 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born near Holmesville, Holmes County, Ohio, January 14, 1860. Son of Milton and Elizabeth A. (Stiffler) Hanna. Married to Nevada B. Ewing, of Millersburg, Ohio, September, 1887; five children: Fern Wells, Hazel Getz, William E. Hanna, Milton A. Hanna and Vada V. Hanna (deceased). Attended public schools of Prairie Township, Holmes County, Ohio, until 1877; Millersburg Normal School until 1880; Mt. Union College, Alliance, 1881-83; taught school from 1880 to 1886; Superintendent of Holmesville Schools, 1885-86. Read law in offices of Hon. D. S. Uhl and Critchfield & Huston. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 1886; United States District Court for Northern District of Ohio, 1898; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 1902. Began the individual practice in Millersburg, 1890. In partnership with ex-Judge William Reed, 1892 to 1894. In partnership with Irving H. Huggett, in Cleveland under firm name of Huggett & Hanna, since September 15, 1919. President The Reserve Mortgage &

Investment Company of Cleveland. Has written and published in local Holmes County papers the following articles: "Early Civil Jurisdiction of Holmes County;" "The Indian Boundary;" "A History of the Newspapers of Holmes County;" "The Indians of the Killbuck;" "Colonel Crawford." Is preparing "A Manual of Code Pleading and Practice." During the late war served in a civilian capacity as Chairman Legal Advisory Board for Holmes County, Ohio, 1917-18. Member I. O. O. F., Ohio State Bar Association. Active in Holmes County politics; also in district and state campaigns; County School Examiner for Holmes County from



1885 to 1890; County Surveyor of Holmes County from 1886 to 1890. Prosecuting Attorney Holmes County, 1891-97; Solicitor for Millersburg, 1910-12; Judge Common Pleas Court of Coshocton, Holmes and Wayne Counties, 1913 to 1919. Democrat.

#### **MAURICE F. HANNING.**

Residence, Cleveland; office, 410 East Ohio Gas Building, Cleveland. Born in Delaware, Ohio, February 8, 1894. Son of J. S. and Nellie A. (Kelley) Hanning. Married to Mary Miller, of Galloway, Ohio, June 9, 1920. Attended St. Mary's Parochial School, Delaware, Ohio, 1908; Delaware High School, 1909-10; Ohio Wesleyan Academy, 1911; Ohio University, Athens, Ohio; received A. B. degree from Ohio Wesleyan University, 1916; attended Ohio State University, 1916-18; graduate of Western Reserve University in 1919, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1918. Associated with the law firm of

Howe's & Grossman, 1919; Niman, Grossman, Buss & Holliday, 1920. Member Knights of Columbus; B. P. O. E.; Phi



Delta Phi, and Delta Sigma Rho fraternities. Democrat.

**GEORGE C. HANSEN.**



Residence, 12612 Detroit Avenue; office, 635 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Denmark, May 30, 1868. Son of Henry William and Hannah (Petersen) Hansen. Married to Orna Phillips, of Cleveland, June 28, 1904; four children:

Paul, Ruth, George and David. Attended the district schools in Wood County; graduate of Ohio Northern University with A. B. degree, 1895; and University of Michigan Law Department, 1898. Moved to Cleveland July 1, 1898. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1898; later to the United States District Court. Member of the firm of Blake, Hansen & Gille, twelve years. Member Legal Advisory Board during the war. Member I. O. O. F.; Masonic Order; Lakewood Chamber of Commerce; Lakewood Christian Church. Assistant County Prosecutor, 1909-10; Assistant County Prosecutor since January, 1921. Republican.

**WILLIAM N. HARDER.**

Residence and office, Marion. Born in Cass County, Michigan, December 31, 1869. Son of James E. and Euphemia (Abbey) Harder. Married December 30, 1896, to Margaret Gow. Attended high school at Niles, Michigan; received LL. B. degree in 1892, and LL. D. degree in 1896 from National University Law Department, Washington, D. C. Legal Examiner Pension Service Interior Department United States for seven years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1906; later to United States District Court. Since September 1, 1917, member of the firm of Scofield, Durfee & Harder. Member Civil Service Commission of Marion. Member Masonic Order; K. of P.; B. P. O. E.; First Presbyterian Church; Trustee Marion Presbytery. Republican.

**JOHN T. HARRINGTON.**

Residence, 678 Wick Avenue; office, 1201 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Rock Creek, Ohio, May 22, 1873. Son of Frederick and Hannah (Truesdale) Harrington. Married to Grace B. Booth, of Youngstown, November 14, 1908; one child, Florence. Educated in New Lyme Academy, New Lyme, Ohio, received A. B. degree from Oberlin College in 1894; LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law School, 1896. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1896; subsequently to United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. Commenced the practice of law in 1896 in Jefferson, Ohio, until 1900 when he moved to Youngstown, where he became a member of the firm of Arrel, McVey & Robinson; later Arrel, McVey & Taylor; Arrel, McVey, Rowland & Harrington; Arrel, Wilson & Harrington; Arrel, Wilson, Harrington & DeFord; Harrington, DeFord, Heim & Osborne; since 1920 Harrington, DeFord, Heim & Huxley which continues to the present time. General Counsel The Trumbull Steel Co., and The Republic Rubber Corporation, and 25 other companies; Director Mahoning National

Bank; Mahoning Savings & Trust Co. During the World War member Legal Advisory Board on committee to recommend men for appointment as officers in Mahoning County; also member Civilian Relief



Board. Member Youngstown Club, Youngstown Country Club, Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **NEWTON ROSS HARRINGTON.**

Residence and office, Bowling Green, Ohio. Born in Darbyville, Ohio, August 27, 1860. Son of William Ashley and Helen (Ross) Harrington. Married to Laura Belle Case, of Greene, Ohio, January 1, 1889; three children: Edward Ashley, Helen M. (Mrs. Wilson Compton) and Frank A. Educated in the public and high schools of Warren, Ohio. Studied law with his uncle, Charles Harrington, of Warren, Ohio. Connected with Lima paper mills six years; employed first as office boy, subsequently general manager. Admitted to the bar of Ohio May, 1887; United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Bowling Green from date of admission to present time. Associated with Robt. Dunn for a time; with Frank A. Baldwin for twenty years; now with Robert Dunn, Jr., under firm name of Harrington & Dunn. The firm are attorneys for Wood County Savings Bank, City Water Co., Equitable Building & Loan Co., B. & O. R. R., Ohio Electric Street Railway, Maumee Valley Street Railway, The Ohio Northern Public Service Company. During the World War served as Four-Minute-Man; on Legal Advisory Board and Liberty Loan drive. Member Masonic Bodies; Knights Templar, Scot-

tish Rite, 32nd degree; Shrine, K. of P., Bowling Green Commercial Club, Toledo Commerce Club, Wood County, Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Member Republican County Executive Committee.



Elder of the First Presbyterian Church, Bowling Green, for a number of years. Republican.

#### **GEORGE BARNES HARRIS.**



Residence, 1866 East 97th Street; office, 1102 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born



in Findlay, Ohio, October 27, 1881. Son of Julius and Emma (Wolfe) Harris. Married to Fannie B. Davis, in 1909. Received early education in the public schools of Findlay; Ohio Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home at Xenia, Ohio; received A. B. degree in 1900 and A. M. degree in 1903 from Ohio Wesleyan University; graduate of Cleveland Law School with LL. B. degree, 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1903; to the United States District Court, 1906. Member of the firm of Klein & Harris, 1904-09; Hidy, Klein & Harris, 1909-12; Klein & Harris, 1912-18; Rogers, Klein & Harris, 1918-20; member of the firm of Klein & Harris to date. Member of Union, Cleveland Athletic, University, City, Shaker Heights and Advertising Clubs; Chamber of Commerce, Council of Sociology, Masonic Order, Knights of Pythias, B. P. O. E., Euclid Avenue M. E. Church. Member Republican County Central Committee since 1912; chairman of same, 1912-18; member Republican State Central Committee, 1914-21; Republican County Executive Committee, 1916-20. Republican.

#### HENRY BARTON HARRIS.

Residence, 523 Jefferson Avenue; office, 516-18 Clinton Street, Defiance. Born in Defiance, Ohio, November 4, 1853. Son of Thomas D. and Elizabeth (Ashton) Harris. Married to Alice Shaw, of Rushville, Ohio, October 18, 1882. Attended union schools



and high schools of Defiance; graduate of Ohio Wesleyan College, 1874. Teacher for some time. Studied law in Defiance. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1875, and later to the United States District Court and the United States Supreme Court. Prac-

ticed law continuously in Defiance since admission. Now engaged in the practice of law at Defiance with Judge T. T. Shaw under the firm name of Harris & Shaw. Attorney for Defiance State Bank, The First National Bank and The Merchants National Bank of Defiance, The B. & O. R. R. Co.; president of Defiance Public Library for many years; president of building committee of that institution. Author of many articles for legal magazines and periodicals; also for literary magazines, encyclopedias and reviews. Member The Defiance Club, Masonic Bodies; Knights Templar; Ohio State, Defiance County and American Bar Associations. Republican.

#### JOHN McCALLA HARRIS.

Residence, 2466 Kenilworth Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 1208 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Bloomington, Indiana, December 9, 1885. Son of Charles and Mary (McCalla) Harris. Attended public school and University School, Cleveland. Graduate of Adelbert College of Western Reserve University, with degree of A. B.; Western Reserve Law School in 1911, with degree of LL. B.. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1911; United States District Court, 1915. Ensign in Naval Aviation service during World War. Member University and City Clubs of Cleveland.

#### SAMUEL R. HARRIS.



Residence, 527 West Bancroft Street; office, 942 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in New York City, June 16, 1889. Son of Joseph and Fromme Lea (Friedgood) Harris. Attended Cincinnati public schools, night high school, University School and

Cincinnati Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1913; United States District Court, 1914. Practiced law in Lima from 1913 to 1917. Volunteered into the enlisted personnel of the military service in December, 1917; served in United States and France as reporter for General Court Martial, Judge Advocate General's Department. Received honorable discharge April 15, 1919. Entered practice of law in June, 1919, at Toledo, where he is now located. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Lucas County. Member B. P. O. E., I. O. B. B., American Legion, Collingwood Avenue Temple. Republican.

#### **HENRY HART.**

Residence, 1210 Col. Avenue; office, Tierney Block, Sandusky. Born in Erie County, Ohio, December 1, 1867. Son of William and Louise Hart. Married October 2, 1898, to Laura M. Buderus, who died June 11, 1909; second marriage August 6, 1911, to Olive A. Stroebel; two children: Richard B. and Evelyn M. Attended country schools until seventeen years of age;



Normal School, Milan, Ohio, two years; taught country schools for five winters; entered Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, the fall of 1888; completed scientific course and then entered Law Department of that institution. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1893; United States Circuit and District Courts, October 5, 1903. Practiced law in Huron, Erie County, Ohio, for one year; removed to Sandusky; engaged in the individual practice for a period, then formed partnership with Henry Schoepfle under the firm name of Hart & Schoepfle, January 1, 1913, which continues to the present time. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., and Ea-

gles. Elected City Solicitor of Sandusky, Ohio, 1897; held that office three terms; in the fall of 1910 elected Prosecuting Attorney of Erie County, Ohio; served two terms. Democrat.

#### **WAYNE HART.**

Residence, 565 N. Market Street; office, Quimby Building, Wooster. Born in Wooster, September 19, 1878. Son of Hugh A. and Catherine (Imgard) Hart. Married to Mary Dunham, August 12, 1918. Attended public and high schools of Wooster; received Ph. B. degree from University of Wooster, 1900; read law in office of John S. Adair, Wooster. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904; later United States District Court, City Solicitor of Wooster, 1910-12. Member Masonic Order; Beta Theta Pi Fraternity; Wayne County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **WILLIAM LINCOLN HART.**

Residence, 1215 South Arch Avenue; office, Alliance Bank Building, Alliance, Ohio. Born in Salineville, Ohio, February 5, 1867. Son of Benjamin F. and Ariel S. (Dreg-horn) Hart. Married to Ida B. Caskey, of Alliance, Ohio, September 15, 1897; two children: Ian Bruce and William Lincoln, Jr. Attended common schools of Columbiana County, Mt. Union College, Alliance, Ohio, 1888-95; received degree of A. B. therefrom; University of Michigan Law Department, 1895-97; received degree of



LL. B. President of Law Class of that institution, 1897. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 10, 1897; United States Circuit and District Courts, Northern District of Ohio, March 23, 1903. Engaged in the general

practice in Alliance with Dennis E. Rogers, under firm name of Rogers & Hart, from 1897 to January 15, 1903; with Hugo C. Koehler under firm name of Hart & Koehler in the general practice, specializing in railroad and corporation law since February 15, 1903. Trustee of Mt. Union College and lecturer in International Law of same institution. Author of various articles for law magazines. During the war associate member Legal Advisory Board for Stark County. Member Al Koran Temple of the Order of the Mystic Shrine, Lake Erie Consistory, Scottish Rite, Alliance Commandery No. 67, and all subordinate Masonic bodies; Alpha Tau Omega fraternity, Lone Rock Lodge Knights of Pythias, The Wranglers' Club, Rotary Club, Country Club, Chamber of Commerce of Alliance, The Congress Lake Country Club, American Society of International Law, American and Stark County Bar Associations; executive committee Ohio State Bar Association. Member Stark County Republican Executive Committee. Republican.

#### DOW W. HARTER.

Residence, 29 Borton Avenue; office, 829-32 Second National Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, January 2, 1885. Son of Josiah J. and Anna L. (Watters) Harter. Married to Winifred Cole at Akron, Ohio,



May 16, 1911. Attended the public and high schools of Akron; University of Michigan, Academic 1 year, 1903-04; University of Michigan Law Department 3 years, 1904-07; received LL. B. degree therefrom. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and Michigan in 1907; later to the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Practiced alone

in Akron from 1907 to 1911; member of the firm of Harter & Ahern, later Harter & Walker; Harter, Walker & Watters since January, 1921. Member University Club, City Club, Chamber of Commerce, Summit County Bar Association, Lions Club First Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Summit County, 1914 to 1916; appointed United States Commissioner by United States District Judge D. C. Westenhaver in 1917, which office he holds to date; member Ohio General Assembly 1919-1920. Democrat.

#### CHARLES S. HATFIELD.

Residence and office, Bowling Green. Born in Wood County, Ohio, June 29, 1882. Son of Nathan S. and Aura (Foster) Hatfield. Married September 6, 1906, to Kathryn Taylor, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; three children: Margaret, Dos., and Norma. Attended the public and high schools of Bowling Green; received A. B. degree from



Hanover College in 1904; Post-graduate course at Indiana University for one year; attended Ohio State University Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1907; later to United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Bowling Green, with George H. Lewis, under the firm name of Hatfield & Lewis, which continued for two years. In January, 1915, formed partnership with Judge E. M. Fries, under the firm name of Fries & Hatfield, which continues to date. Prosecuting Attorney of Wood County, from January, 1911, to January, 1915. Republican candidate for Congress in 13th District, in 1914. Member Republican State Central Committee since 1916. Chairman Republican State Ex-



ecutive Committee, 1916 and 1917. Chairman Wood County Savings Stamp Committee during the World War. Member B. P. O. E.; Masonic Order; Delta Chi and Phi Delta Theta fraternities; Ohio State and Wood County Bar Associations; First Presbyterian Church. Republican.

#### **FRANK C. HARTMAN.**

Residence, 2950 Berkshire Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 548 Leader-News Bldg., Cleveland. Born in Wilmington, Ohio, July 21, 1874. Son of Nathan George and Elizabeth (Carard) Hartman. Married to Maude



Irene James, September 14, 1905. Graduate of Wilmington College with degree of B. S., 1901; and University of Michigan Law Department with degree of LL. B., 1904. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, June, 1904; Ohio, June 30, 1904; United States District Court, June 1, 1911. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Member of Cleveland Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

#### **J. GARFIELD HARTWELL.**

Residence, McGuffey Road; office, 410 Stambaugh Building, Youngstown. Born in Hartford, Ohio, March 27, 1882. Son of D. J. and Mary E. (Ford) Hartwell. Married June 2, 1908, to Ellen L. Gault, of West Middlesex, Pa.; two children; Elizabeth and Mary J. Attended the public schools of Hartford, Ohio; graduate of Grove City College, Grove City, Pa., with Ph. B. degree in 1906; studied law in office of W. W. Pierson, of Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1910; later to the United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law

in Youngstown continuously to the present time. Member Methodist Episcopal Church.



Youngstown; Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **FRANK H. HARVEY.**



Residence, 78 Bittman Street; office, City Building, Akron. Born in North Lewisburg, Ohio, August 11, 1892. Son of Charles and Eleanor (Walker) Harvey. Attended public schools of St. Paris, Ohio, high schools of St. Paris, Springfield and Cincinnati, Ohio received A. B. degree from

University of Cincinnati in 1916; LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School in 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1918. Associated with Jonathan Taylor in the law practice in Akron from September, 1919, to February, 1920. Assistant Director of Law of Akron since February 1, 1920. During the World War served with 1st and 2nd Army, A. E. F., from April 30, 1918, to July 26, 1919. Member Sigma Delta Pi and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities; University Club of Akron; Chamber of Commerce, Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM H. HASSELMAN.**

Residence, 10830 Tacoma Avenue; office, 1605 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Lorain, Ohio, June 12, 1886. Son of William and Fredericka (Grugel) Hasselman. Married January 7, 1917, to Montana Hildebrand, at Columbus, Ohio. Attended the public schools of Lorain, Ohio, graduating from high school June 10, 1904. Entered Adelbert College September, 1904, graduating therefrom with A. B. degree in 1908.



Received LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School in 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1910; later to United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Associated with the firm of McMillin, Estey & Pattison, 1909-11; Pattison & Austin, 1911-14; Keller, Pattison, Hasselman & McConnell, 1915-17; Pattison, Taylor & Hasselman since 1917. Ohio State Representative, 1915-17. Member Masonic Order, I. O. O. F., Beta Theta Pi fraternity, Cleveland Exchange Club, Ohio State and Cuyahoga County Bar Associations. Democrat.

#### **HENRY AUSTIN HAUXHURST.**

Residence, 9400 Euclid Avenue; office, 500 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Bay City, Michigan, May 11, 1881. Son of John W. and Mary F. (English) Hauxhurst. Graduate of Bay City High School; Princeton University with B. S. degree in 1902; Harvard Law School in 1905. Admitted to



the bar of Michigan, April, 1906; Ohio, June, 1906; later to United States District Court; United States Court of Appeals, 1919; United States Supreme Court, 1920. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Associated in the office of McGraw & Messick until 1909, when he became a member of the firm of McGraw & Hauxhurst; later McGraw, Hauxhurst & Saeger until 1911; Hauxhurst & Saeger, 1912; Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Ingles & Saeger, 1912 to 1914, when the firm became Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Saeger & Jamison and so continues to the present time. Member Troop A, Ohio National Guard. Member University, Union, Mayfield Country, Kirtland Country, and Country Clubs; Cleveland Bar Association.

#### **THEODORE E. HAWLEY.**

Residence and office, Jefferson. Born in Jefferson, Ohio, October 4, 1848. Son of Almon and Sophronia Hawley. Married December 20, 1876. Graduate of Jefferson High School; attended Grand River Institute; Oberlin College. Director of Jefferson Village School, Jefferson, Ohio, for four years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 8, 1872. Practiced law in Columbus, Ohio, 1872-76. Member Ashtabula County Bar Association. Republican.

**BENTON G. HAY.**

Residence and office Wooster. Born in Ashland County, Ohio, February 18, 1874. Son of Isaac and Sarah (Givler) Hay. Married July 6, 1920, to Grace Kaufman. Attended public schools of Ashland County. Taught in public schools of Ohio for three years. Graduate of Law Department of Ohio Northern University in 1898, with degree of LL. B.; studied law with C. E. McBride, of Mansfield, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1898. Member I. O. O. F.; K. of P.; F. O. E. City Solicitor of Wooster, five years. Member Wayne County Board of Deputy State Supervisors of Elections two terms. Elected Prosecuting Attorney, Wayne County, November, 1916; re-elected November, 1918, which office he held until January 1921. Democrat.

**DWIGHT G. HAY.**

Residence, 669 Schiller Avenue; office, 501-2 Flatiron Building, Akron. Born in Seville, Ohio, August 13, 1875. Son of Geo. H. and Sarah (Billman) Hay. Married to Elizabeth Baumgardner. June 8, 1898; two children: George B. and Janet. Attended the district and high schools of Seville; Wooster University; Ohio State University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 12, 1902. Member firm of Kean & Hay, Wooster, 1902 to 1903. Moved to Akron in 1915. In partnership with C. W. Chorpensing, since 1918. Member Alpha Tau Omega; K. of P.; Akron Bar Association. Republican.

**FREDERICK L. HAY.**

Residence, 836 Preston Avenue; office, Court House, Defiance. Born in Girard, Pennsylvania, December 22, 1856. Son of James L. and Emma (Bennett) Hay. Married October 18, 1887, to Marguerite C. Daoust (deceased May 28, 1919); three children: Frederick Leslie, Jr., Roger D. and Mamie (Mrs. W. R. Shugers). Attended select and public schools; graduate of Girard High School, 1875; studied law in the office of the late Frank W. Knapp, Defiance; one year in Allegheny College, Meadville, Pennsylvania. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1887; United States Supreme Court, April 16, 1903. In partnership with John W. Winn, from February 9, 1897, to February 9, 1913. Elected Mayor of Defiance April, 1888; re-elected April, 1890; elected Probate Judge of Defiance County, November, 1893; served until February 9, 1897; elected Common Pleas Judge, 2nd Sub-division, 3rd Judicial District (composed of the counties of Defiance, Paulding, Van Wert, Williams and Fulton) November, 1912; re-elected in Defiance County, November, 1918; elected City Solicitor of Defiance, November, 1902. President and

member Sinking Fund Trustees of Defiance, 1904 to 1913. Member Defiance Club; Defiance Rotary Club; Masonic Order; Commandery of Defiance, Consistory of Toledo;



B. P. O. E.; Charter Member K. of P. and K. O. T. M., Defiance. Republican.

**ROGER D. HAY.**

Residence and office, Defiance. Born in Defiance, Ohio, December 6, 1892. Son of Hon. Fred L. and Marguerite (Daoust) Hay. Married May 18, 1917, to Eva M. Sass, of Chicago, Ill.; one child: Nathalia May. Attended the public and high schools of Defiance; graduate of Ohio State University Law Department in 1914; attended one summer term at Law School of University of Michigan in 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1914; to United States District Court in 1921. Has practiced continuously and alone in Defiance, Prosecuting Attorney of Defiance County from 1915 to 1919; assumed that office again January 3, 1921. Exalted Ruler No. 147 B. P. O. E., of Defiance; member of National Union, Masonic Bodies, Knights Templar; St. Paul's Lutheran Church. Member of the abstract firm of Hay, Gilson & Hay, of Defiance. Republican.

**ROBERT P. HAYS.**

Residence, 403 North Main Street; office, Bryan. Born in Williams County, Ohio, March 8, 1858. Son of James and Catherine (McCrea) Hays. Attended Williams County Public Schools. Read law in office of Thomas Emery of Bryan. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1882. Engaged in the general practice of law in Bryan. Member

Board of School Examiners, Williams County for ten years; School Examiner Village of Bryan for five years. Member K. of P.; Masonic Order; Williams County Bar Association. Democrat.

**WILLARD J. HAYS.**

Residence, 531 East 120th Street; office, 312 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Salineville, Ohio, January 8, 1889. Son of William and Laura (Mick) Hays. Married to Edna Issel, of Cleveland, September 8,



1916. Primary education received in country schools; graduate of Salineville High School, 1909; in the fall of the same year entered Wooster College, graduating therefrom with A. B. degree, June, 1913. Appointed by Judge Alexander Hadden as recording clerk of Probate Court, meanwhile studied law in Western Reserve Law School, graduating with LL. B. degree, June, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1916. Engaged in the individual law practice in Cleveland. Member City Club and Cleveland Bar Association. Democrat.

**FRANK HEATH.**

Residence and office, Medina. Born in Medina, October 5, 1852. Son of Richard M. and Ann (Fritz) Heath. Married May 16, 1880, to Nora B. Oatman (deceased February 18, 1915); Myrta Lee, June 14, 1919; two children: Lillian Kindig and Harry Kline. Attended common schools of Medina; Medina Normal School from 1875 to 1878. Studied law in office of Woodard, Andrew & Lacey, of Medina. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, February 3, 1880; United States District Court, January

23, 1884. Attorney Erie R. R.; B. & O. R. R.; Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R.; A. C. & Y. R. R.; Cleveland Southwestern & Columbus R. R. Co. Northern Ohio Traction & Light Co. Director Medina County National Bank. Republican.

**LOUIS D. HEDRICK.**

Residence, 1712 Coventry Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 635 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Columbus, Ohio, June 9, 1884. Son of Isaac P. and Laura (Smith) Hedrick. Married to Sarah Philipps, of Newark, Ohio, in 1910. Two children. Completed primary grades in public schools of Columbus, Ohio; graduate of North High School, Columbus, 1903; attended Ohio State University, 1903-04; studied law under Wm. R. Pomerene, Columbus; used Ohio State University texts and course. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 29, 1917.



Practiced law with his wife, Sarah P. Hedrick, in Columbus, Ohio, from June, 1917, to October, 1917; moved to Cleveland and engaged in the general practice from March, 1918, to November 1, 1919, when he became connected with the firm of Maurer, Bolton, Wilson & McGiffin, until November, 1920. In the individual practice to date. Member O. S. U. Cadets, 1903-04. Member Masonic Order, Kappa Sigma fraternity; Republican Club, Franklin County, Ohio. Republican.

**SARAH PHILIPPS HEDRICK.**

Residence, 1712 Coventry Road, Cleveland. Born in Newark Ohio, January 21, 1891. Daughter of Thomas Wendell Philipps and Harriet Stevens Philipps. Married in 1910, to Louis D. Hedrick; two children. Com-

pleted primary grades in public schools of Newark, Ohio. Was graduated in 1908 in Latin-Literary Course at St. Marys of the Springs Academy. Attended Denison University one year; studied law at Ohio State University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio,

chants National Bank of Massillon. During the World War served in civilian capacity as team worker in all loan campaigns. Member Delta Theta Phi and Phi Sigma Epsilon fraternities, Masonic Order, Past Exalted Ruler B. P. O. E. member



June 29, 1917. Practiced law at Columbus, Ohio, in partnership with her husband, Louis D. Hedrick, from June 29, to October 1, 1917. In Legal Department of O. S. Industrial Commission from October, 1917, to May 1, 1918. Counsel for Platten Realty Co., from September, 1919, to March, 1920. At present practicing with husband, Louis D. Hedrick. Member Franklin County Suffrage Association, American Association of Women Lawyers, Women's National Association of Commerce. Active for Women Suffrage since 1911.

#### **CHALMER RAYMOND HEGGEM.**

Residence, 1609 Wellman Street; office, 814 S. Erie Street, Massillon. Born in Salem, Ohio, July 18, 1882. Son of Charles O. and Elise R. (Boe) Heggem. Married to Arline L. Snyder, in Massillon, June 20, 1912. Attended Massillon Public Schools; graduate Massillon High School, 1900; Ithaca, New York, High School, 1901; LL. B. degree from Cornell University Law School, 1904. Practiced law in Guthrie, Oklahoma, as a member of the law firm of Erixon, Remy & Heggem, 1905-07; in Massillon since 1907 as Corporation Counsel for The Russell & Company, also Vice President in charge of Law, Collections and Finance; Director The Cleveland & Milwaukee Billiard & Bowling Club Company; also interested in The Massillon Bridge & Structural Company; The Reynolds Machine Company, and The Mer-



Massillon Social Club, Stark County and Massillon Bar Associations. Served on local and County Committees. Member City Council, 1910-11. Republican.

#### **FRED J. HEIM.**

Residence, 175 Laclede Avenue; office, 1201 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Paradise, Wayne County, Ohio, November 27, 1876. Son of Christian and Susan (Luginbuhl) Heim. Married to L. Elaine Sturdevant, June 24, 1914. Attended the public schools of Ohio, Colorado and Nebraska; graduate of New Lyme Institute; received A. B. degree from Colorado College in 1902; LL. B. degree from University of Nebraska in 1904. Admitted to the bars of Nebraska and Wyoming in 1904; Ohio in 1905; subsequently to the United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Commenced the practice of law in Lewistown, Montana; moved to Ohio in 1905; member of the firm of Harrington, DeFord, Heim & Huxley, of Youngstown, at the present time. Member I. O. O. F.; Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **RUSSELL E. HEIMBERGER.**

Residence, 4100 Riverside Avenue; office, 1011 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 26, 1895. Son of John C. and Agnes B. (Anthony) Heim-



berger. Attended Cleveland grammar schools; graduate of Lincoln High School, Cleveland, 1913; received LL. B. from Baldwin-Wallace University, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1917. Asso-

Attended the public schools of Cleveland and holds the distinction of being the first graduate of the Public Night High School; attended Cleveland Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 28, 1917; to United



ciated with the law firm of Orgill, Maschke & Mellen, Cleveland, until January, 1921, since which time associated with Reed, Meals, Orgill & Maschke. Lieutenant in the Reserve Corps of the United States Marine Corps during the war. Member Masonic Order, City and Yacht clubs of Cleveland, Southern Athletic Club, Marine Corps Post, American Legion. Republican.

#### **GEORGE B. HEISE.**

Office, National Bank Building, Wauseon. Born in Circleville Township, Pickaway County, Ohio, November 6, 1862. Son of Solomon S. and Olivia (Coontz) Heise. Married to Minnie E. Riger, August 30, 1884; two sons: Roscoe S. and Bryan. Educated in the common schools of Pickaway County; attended Ohio Central Normal; the Fayette Normal and Business College. Read law in the offices of J. P. Winstead, of Circleville, Ohio, and of J. W. Roseborough, Elmira, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 8, 1893. Member of Heise & Farber. Member I. O. O. F.; Court of Honor; Modern Woodmen of America; Fulton County Bar Association.

#### **ALBERT WALTER HEINRICH.**

Residence, 11225 Detroit Avenue; office, Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 6, 1881. Son of John and Tillie (Lowenstern) Heinrich. Married to Minnie Rossow, July 10, 1905.

States District Court, April 15, 1920. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Appointed Justice of the Peace of Rocky River, Ohio, in 1919. First Lieutenant in Ordnance Department of U. S. Army during the war. Member F. & A. M., R. A. M. Cleveland Council, Delta Theta Phi fraternity.

#### **ABNER LOWRIE HEISLER.**



Residence, 144 N. Freedom Street; office, Reed Block, Main Street, Ravenna. Born in Ravenna, Ohio, March 30, 1893. Son of Adam and Tina (Lowrie) Heisler. Married June 30, 1917, at Saginaw, Michigan, to Gwendolyn Jones; one child, Jean. Attended the public and high schools of Ravenna; Hiram College, Hiram, Ohio. Received L.L. B. degree from University of Michigan in 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1918. Engaged in the general practice of law alone in Ravenna. Member Masonic Order, I. O. O. F., Portage County Bar Association. Republican.

#### WILLIAM E. N. HEMPERLY.

Residence, 107 S. Lincoln Avenue; office, McClymonds Building, Massillon. Born in West Brookfield, Stark County, Ohio, October 10, 1871. Son of Daniel and Louisa (Hamilton) Hemperly. Attended Grade Schools of West Brookfield, Ohio, Massillon Ohio, High School; in 1889 entered Western Reserve Academy, Hudson, Ohio; graduate of Western Reserve University, with A. B. degree, 1893; attended New York Law School, New York City, 1894-95. Stud-



ied law in office of R. W. McCaughey, of Massillon, 1893-96. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1896; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio in 1900. In 1900 became a member of the firm of Hemperly & Howells, which continued until 1906, since which time in the general practice of law alone. Member Masonic Order; Shrine, Knights Templar; Massillon Social Club; Massillon, Ohio State and Stark County Bar

Associations; St. Timothy's Protestant Episcopal Church; Beta Theta Pi fraternity. Republican.

#### ANDREW M. HENDERSON.

Residence, 205 Park Avenue; office, Dollar Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, Ohio, July 21, 1881. Son of William and Justina (McKenzie) Henderson. Married July 26, 1905, to Mary Packard, of Youngstown; one child, Charles P. Attended the public and high schools of Youngstown. Studied law in the office of Sanderson & Anderson, in Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 1904; later to the United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in



Youngstown in 1904, in partnership with Emil J. Anderson, under the firm name of Anderson & Henderson, which continued until 1906, when he became Official Stenographer for the Common Pleas Court of Mahoning County. In 1910 formed partnership with J. H. C. Lyon and W. I. Lyon, under the firm name of Lyon, Henderson & Lyon, until November, 1912, when elected Prosecuting Attorney of Mahoning County, which office he held until January, 1917, when he became a member of the firm of Henderson, Wickham & Maiden, which continued until September, 1920, when he became a member of the firm of Henderson, Wickham & Barrett. Member all Masonic Bodies, Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd degree, Shrine, I. O. O. F., K. of P., Rotary Club, Ohio State and Mahoning Bar Associations. Republican.

**BERKELEY WOODRUFF  
HENDERSON.**

Residence, 3328 Enclid Avenue; office, Fidelity Mortgage Building, Cleveland. Born in Kenton, Ohio, September 10, 1892. Son of Judge Wm. P. and Olive R. (Sagebiel) Henderson. Attended the Kenton public schools; graduate of High School, 1909; Adelbert College of Western Reserve University, with degree of A. B., 1914; West-



ern Reserve Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1916; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, December, 1919. Associated with the firm of Goulder, White & Garry, of Cleveland, July, 1916, to April, 1920; a member of the firm of Townes, Krueger & Portmann April, 1920, to 1921. Member of the firm of Townes, Krueger, Portmann & Pelton to date. Attended Second Officers' Training Camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison Indiana August 31, 1917, to November 26, 1917, commissioned Lieutenant 45th Infantry, November 26, 1917; discharged from service December, 1918. Member University Club, American Legion, Army and Navy Post. Democrat.

**DON CARLOS HENDERSON.**

Office, 607 Savings Building, Lima. Born in Oil City, Pennsylvania, February 12, 1862. Son of James K. and Susannah H. (Hine) Henderson. Married May 27, 1894, to Minnie W. Kahle. Educated in public schools; graduate of Ohio Northern University, 1887. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1889. Member of the firm of Henderson & Durbin. City Solicitor, Lima, two terms. Member B. P. O. E.; Ohio State and American Bar Associations.

**DUDLEY KAHLE HENDERSON.**

Residence, 4008 Prospect Avenue; office, 948 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Lima, Ohio, January 7, 1893. Son of D. C. Henderson. Married April 10, 1920, to Irene Adeline Wilson. Attended common and high schools of Lima; Tennessee Military Institute; Ohio Northern University; Ohio State University Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1917; United States District Court, 1919. Member of the firm of Gott, Chamberlin & Bloomfield, since July 1, 1920. Member the City Club; B. P. O. E.; Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations. Member of U. S. Naval Reserve, 1918-19.

**JOHN MORELAND HENDERSON.**

Residence, 1980 Taylor Road, East Cleveland; office, National City Bank Building, Cleveland. Born at Newville, Richland county, Ohio, April 14, 1840. Son of Dr. James P. and Ann (Moreland) Henderson. Married June 20, 1872, at College Hill, Ohio, to Anna Carey. Seven children. Attended district schools and nearby Academy; Preparatory Department, Kenyon College, for three years; graduate of Miami University, Oxford, Ohio, in 1862. Studied law under the preceptorship of Judge Darius Dirlam of Mansfield. Subsequently he removed to Cleveland and attended Cleveland Law School from which he was conferred LL.B. degree in 1864. After admission to the



bar of Ohio commenced the practice of law in Cleveland, where he has continued uninterruptedly since admission to the bar. Associated with John C. Grannis, 1865-1874. Later with Virgil P. Kline, under the firm



name of Henderson & Kline, July, 1875, to October, 1882. In 1882 S. H. Tolles was admitted to the firm which became Henderson, Kline & Tolles, until 1895. Mr. Henderson withdrew from the firm in that year and formed partnership with F. A. Quail under the firm name of Henderson & Quail. Later George B. Siddall and D. E. Morgan were admitted to the firm which continues to the present time as Henderson, Quail, Siddall & Morgan. President Board of Trustees of Case School of Applied Science and of the A. M. McGregor Home for Aged People. Director in several banking and business corporations.

#### J. F. HENDERSON.

Residence, Sandusky Street; office, East Main Street, Ashland. Born in Rowland, Ohio, November 20, 1874. Son of Robert and Lottie (Cunningham) Henderson. Married to Mary F. Ray, August 3, 1898; one son, Robert R. Attended Marietta Academy, 1895-96; received degree of A. B., 1898, and A. M., 1903, from Ohio University; studied law with J. W. Long, Waverly. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1908; United States District Court, 1912. Member F. & A. M.; K. of P.; Ashland County Bar Association. Elected Prosecuting Attorney, Ashland County, November, 1920.

#### C. H. HENKEL.

Residence, 508 Park Avenue West; office, 30½ South Park Street, Mansfield. Born in Galion, Ohio, October 25, 1880. Son of H. C. and Wilhelmina (Sames) Henkel. Married June 10, 1903, to Olive Barr; two children; Jeannette and Oliver. Attended public and high schools of Galion; received L. L. B. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1901; later to United States District Court; United States Circuit of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. Practiced law in Galion until 1913, when he moved to Mansfield and formed partnership with Judge Lewis Brucker and William F. Voegelé, under the firm name of Brucker, Voegelé & Henkel; in 1918 the firm became Brucker & Henkel; in 1919 A. B. Mabee and D. F. Brucker joined the firm which became Brucker, Henkel, Mabee & Brucker and continues to date. City Solicitor of Galion, 1903 to 1907. Prosecuting Attorney of Crawford County, 1907 to 1912. Member Masonic Order; B. P. O. E.; Richland County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### FREDERICK A. HENRY.

Residence, 1817 East 63rd Street; summer home, Geauga Lake, Ohio; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Bainbridge, Geauga County, Ohio, June 16, 1867. Son of Captain Charles Eugene and Sophia Marcia (Williams) Henry. Married to

Louise Adams, January 25, 1893. Educated in the Bainbridge Township District Schools; public and high schools of Cleveland; graduate of Hiram College with A. B. degree, 1888; University of Michigan, with degree of A. M. and LL. B., 1891. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March, 1891. Member of the firm of Winch, Henry & Thompson, 1897-98; Ford, Henry, Baldwin & McGraw; later Ford, Snyder, Henry & McGraw until 1905, when he was elected Judge of Circuit Court of Ohio, which position he resigned January, 1912, to enter into partnership with Harrison W. McGraw; later the firm became Henry, Fauver, McGraw & Thomsen. Since 1918 member of the firm of Snyder, Henry, Thomsen, Ford & Seagrave. Author of "Henry Family Record" (genealogy) in 1905. Member of Cleveland Chamber of Commerce (vice president, 1912-13); Northeastern Historical Genealogical Society,



Philosophical Club of Cleveland (president, 1915-1916); Loyal Legion; Sons of Veterans; Phi Delta Phi Fraternity; University; Union; Nisi Prius; Tippecanoe; Western Reserve Clubs of Cleveland. Professor of Law of Western Reserve University, 1894-1911; President of Board of Trustees of Hiram College; Trustee of Y. M. C. A.; President of General Convention of Disciples of Christ, 1913; President Cleveland Federated Churches, 1914; President Business Men's Commission of Men and Millions Movement, 1915-1918. Republican.

#### HERBERT H. HENRY.

Residence, 1827 Wilton Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 940 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Geauga County, Ohio, August 4, 1862. Son of Nelson C. Henry

and Mary L. (Chase) Henry. Married to Mary E. Cheshire, October 17, 1900. Attended Bainbridge District School; graduate Buchtel College with degree of B. S., 1887; received degree of LL. B. from Cincinnati Law School, 1890. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1890. Appointed Assistant City Solicitor in April, 1893; In partnership with Howard A. Couse, 1896-10.

**ALFRED HERBERICH.**

Residence, 99 Atlas Street; office, 8th floor Herberich Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, January 28, 1892. Son of David and Lena (Fuchs) Herberich. Married to Agnes LaRoe, of Akron, May 25, 1916; one son, Edward Alfred Herberich. Attended public schools of Akron; graduate of Akron High School, 1908; Ph. B. degree from University of Akron, 1911;



LL. B. degree from Harvard Law School, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 16, 1914. Began the individual practice of law in Akron, 1914, continuing until November 1, 1916, when he formed partnership with Edmund Burroughs and E. Vergon Smith, under firm name of Herberich, Burroughs & Smith; later Mr. Ralph Burroughs joined the firm. Government Appeal Agent for local draft board during late war. Member University and City Clubs, Akron; Portage Country Club, Masonic bodies: Knights Templar, Akron Commandery, 32nd degree, Grotto, Al Koran, Shrine Summit County Bar Association.

**THOMAS J. HERBERT.**

Residence, 2035 East 100th Street; office, City Hall, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, October 28, 1894. Son of John T.

and Jane A. (Jones) Herbert. Married April 30, 1919, to Jeannette Judson of Cleveland. Attended public and high schools, Cleveland; received A. B. degree from Adelbert College in 1915 and LL. D. degree from Western Reserve Law School in 1920. Ad-



mitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1919. Assistant Law Director of Cleveland since January 1, 1921. Entered Officers Training Camp, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, May 15, 1917; transferred to Aviation Section Signal Reserve Corps, July 15, 1917. Member A. E. F., September 18, 1917. Commissioned 1st Lieutenant Air Service in England March, 1918; wounded August 8, 1919; served until May 15, 1920. (Awarded "Distinguished Flying Cross" by the British Government, August, 1918). Member City Club; American Legion; Veterans of Foreign Wars; Cleveland Bar Association; Delta Tau Delta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Director Cleveland Aviation Club. Republican.

**CLARENCE G. HERBRUCK.**

Residence, 1240 Cleveland Avenue, N. W.; office, 400 George D. Harter Bank Building, Canton. Born in Canton, Ohio, August 18, 1880. Son of Charles and Elizabeth (Little) Herbruck. Married to Frances Alexander, of Canton, September 19, 1911; two children: Henry and Charles. Educated in the public schools of Canton. Studied law in office of Welty & Albaugh, Canton, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904; United States District Court, 1906. In the individual practice in Canton since 1904. Director The Geo. D. Harter Bank, The Hoover Suction Sweeper Co., The Central Steel Company, The Superior Sheet Steel Co., The

American Mine Door Co., The Holmes Automobile Co., The Gilliam Mfg. Co. Member The Canton Club, Brookside Country Club, Lakeside Country Club, Congress



Lake Club, Masonic Order (including 32nd degree and Shrine), Stark County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **WENDELL HERBRUCK.**

Residence, 1135 Market Avenue; office, 713 Renkert Building, Canton. Born in Canton, February 23, 1888. Son of Emil P. and Iris L. (Zwisler) Herbruck. Married October 14, 1916, to Hazel L. Gibbs; one child, Catherine. Attended public schools of Canton; graduate of Canton High School, 1905; attended University of Purdue, 1905-06; graduate University of Michigan, 1909, with LL. B. degree; attended Queens College, Oxford, England; University of Kiel, Germany. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909; United States District Court Northern District of Ohio, 1916. American Exchange Teacher in Royal Gymnasium, Kiel, Germany, 1913-15. Member of the firm of Ake & Herbruck 1909-10; Webber, Turner & Herbruck since 1916. Member Phi Delta Phi Fraternity; Stark County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **FRANK RUFUS HERRICK.**

Residence, Lake Shore Boulevard, Wickliffe-on-the-Lake; office, 912 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, April 26, 1865. Son of G. E. and Ursula M. (Andrews) Herrick. Married to Josephine Pomeroy, of Auburn, New York, October 7, 1891. Educated in private and public schools of Cleveland; prepared for college under Isaac Bridgman; received A. B. degree from Yale College, 1888; attended

Harvard Law School, 1889-90. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1890. In partnership with Evan H. Hopkins, under the firm name of Herrick & Hopkins, 1893-1916;



John N. Stockwell, Jr., and Alfred A. Benesch joined the firm in 1916, which continues to date under the firm name of Herrick, Hopkins, Stockwell & Benesch. Member Troop A, First Cleveland Troop, eight years. Member Union, University and Country Clubs; Chamber of Commerce of Cleveland. Republican.

#### **NATHAN HERSTAM.**



Residence, 10403 South Boulevard; office, 1006 Scofield Building, Cleveland. Born in Sidney, Ohio, January 27, 1886. Son of A. Herstam. Attended the grammar and high schools of Sidney, Ohio; later course in business college; graduate of Western Reserve University, Cleveland, with L.L. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1908; United States District Court, May 23, 1916. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland. Compiler and publisher of Herstam's Real Estate Dictionary. Member B. P. O. E., K. of P., I. O. O. B.

#### **HUGH HEWITT.**

Residence, 22 Seymour Road; office, Schaffner Building, Ashtabula. Born in Sandy Lake, Pennsylvania, June 9, 1878. Son of James and Mary J. (Patterson) Hewitt. Married September 20, 1917, to Grace Kochenderfer; one child: Hugh Harold. Attended public and high schools of Stoneboro, Pennsylvania; Grand River Institute; received L.L. B. degree from Ohio Northern University Law Department, in 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 1913. Member B. P. O. E.; L. O. O. M.; Ashtabula County Bar Association; Ashtabula Lawyers Club. Republican.

#### **STANLEY JOHN HIETT.**

Residence, 604 Stratford Place; office, 1032 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, October 7, 1892. Son of Emery R. and Ella F. (Hiett) Hiett. Attended public and high schools, Toledo; graduate Cornell University in 1914, with A. B. degree; University of Michigan Law School, 1916, with L.L. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January 2, 1917; United States District Court, 1917. Associated with the firm of Marshall & Fraser. Served in Ordnance Department U. S. Army from January 10, 1918, to July 24, 1919. Member Phi Alpha Delta Fraternity; Toledo Bar Association. Republican.

#### **GROVER HIGGINS.**

Residence, 3328 Euclid Avenue; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Columbus, Ohio, October 15, 1883. Son of Charles C. and Anna (Creighton) Higgins. Attended Lawrenceville School; graduate Yale University in 1906, with degree of A. B.; Harvard Law School in 1909 with L.L. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909. Associated with law firm of Tolles, Hogsett, Ginn & Morley.

#### **CHAS. HIGLEY.**

Residence, 10919 Clifton Boulevard; office, 940 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in South Bend, Indiana, October 11, 1866. Son of Aaron and Charlotte (Finney) Hig-

ley. Married to Harriet Smith, January 10, 1894. Attended the public schools of Cleveland; received L.L. B. degree from University of Michigan, 1890. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1890. Member of the firm of Higley & Maurer 1903 to 1913; since 1913 in the individual practice. Member Lakewood,



Ohio, Draft Board during the World War. Member Union Club, Mayfield Country Club, Cleveland Athletic Club. Republican.

#### **H. EDMUND HILL.**

Residence and office, Marion. Born in Washington Court House, Ohio, June 7, 1868. Son of William F. and Hannah G. (Cowger) Hill. Married September 9, 1896, to Mae M. Miller. Attended public schools of Agosta; Agosta Normal Academy and Business College; received L.L. B. degree from Ohio State University Law Department, in June, 1892. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1892; later to the United States District Court. Member Epworth M. E. Church of Marion; Ohio State and Marion County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **H. RAYMOND HILL.**

Residence, Ashtabula; office, Schaffner Block, Ashtabula. Born in Andover, Ohio, December 23, 1874. Son of Edwin S. and Viola (Throop) Hill. Married September 10, 1902, to Grace Webb, of Andover; three children: William, Marjorie and Rogene. Attended primary and high schools, Andover; Hiram College, 1894. Read law in office of F. J. Bishop, of Andover. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1897; later United States District Court, Northern Dis-

trict of Ohio. Engaged in the general practice of law alone in Ashtabula. Member



B. P. O. E.; Chamber of Commerce; Ashtabula Lawyers' Club. Republican.

#### WALTER B. HILL.



Residence, 606 East Third Street; office, Potters Savings & Loan Building, East Liverpool. Born in East Liverpool, Ohio, September 10, 1866. Son of Harrington R. and Louisa (Briggs) Hill. Married, December 6, 1893, to Mabel E. Ball, daughter of Attorney Dan H. Ball, of Marquette, Michigan;

four children: Roland, Eleanor, Dan and Mabel. Attended the public schools of East Liverpool, Oberlin College Preparatory; received A. B. degree in 1890 and A. M. degree in 1892 from Princeton University; received L. L. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School, 1892. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1892; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, in 1895; United States Supreme Court in 1905. Practiced law with his father, Col. H. R. Hill, for 15 years. Now a member of the firm of Lones, Hill & Davidson. Director of the First National Bank of East Liverpool. Member Board of Education for 12 years. Secretary Southern Columbiana County Bar Association for 20 years. Member B. P. O. E., East Liverpool Country Club, Kiwanis Club, Sons of Veterans, Commercial Law League of America. Republican.

#### WILLIAM MERIDEN HILL.

Residence, East Liverpool, office, First National Bank Building, East Liverpool. Born in East Liverpool, Ohio, October 24, 1869. Son of Harrington R. and Louisa D. (Briggs) Hill. Married to Edna E. Cunningham, November 15, 1904; four children: Helen L., Irene, Margaret and John H. Attended public schools of East Liverpool; Oberlin Preparatory School; Chester Military Academy; Western Reserve University; graduate Ohio State University Law School in 1893 with L. L. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1893. Captain Co. E, 8th Ohio National Guard four years preceding war with Spain; in Spanish War, Captain Co. E, 8th Ohio Volunteer Infantry with Army of Occupation in Cuba, campaign against Santiago; in the World War, Captain Co. E, 10th Ohio Infantry; recruited Company E, 10th Ohio National Guard in 1917, which Company later became a part of the 134th Machine Gun Battalion, being part of the 37th Division. Member Alpha Delta Phi; Phi Delta Phi; Southern Columbiana County Bar Association; Veteran of Foreign Wars. Republican.

#### ADIN T. HILLS.

Residence, 2066 East 100th Street; office, Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Plymouth, Richland County, Ohio, October 20, 1854. Son of George A. and Sarah A. (Jones) Hills. Married June 30, 1886, to Sarah C. Tucker, of Plymouth, Ohio. Attended the common schools of Plymouth; Plymouth High School, 1873 to 1874. Taught country school; studied Latin and Greek under private tutor one year; four years at Wittenberg College, graduating with A. B. degree in 1880; studied law with law firm of Dirlam & Leyman, of Mansfield, Ohio, two years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in May, 1882; United States District and Circuit Courts, September, 1884; United States Court of Appeals, February, 1911. Member of the firm of Hills & Mitchell, of Cleveland.



from 1882 to 1884; Gary, Gilbert & Hills, 1884 to 1889; Gilbert & Hills, 1889 to 1901; Gilbert, Hills & VanDerveer, 1901 to 1904; Hills & VanDerveer, 1904 to the present time. Member Union Club, Country Club, Chamber of Commerce, Church of the Co-



venant (Presbyterian), Beta Theta Pi fraternity; American, Ohio State and Cuyahoga County Bar Associations.

### **CALVIN J. HINDS.**



Residence, 1830 East 81st Street; office, 1525 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born

in Girard, Pa., July 13, 1880. Son of Calvin J. and Frances (Stewart) Hinds. Married to Edna F. Fuller, of Kent, Ohio, June 7, 1919. Graduate of Girard High School, 1899; received LL. B. degree from Western Reserve Law School, 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904; Pennsylvania, 1905; United States District Court, 1907. Associated with his father in the law practice at Girard from 1904 to 1907. Moved to Cleveland, where he continues the practice of his profession since 1912. Served with Oklahoma National Guards, Fifth Infantry; honorably discharged. Member Legal Advisory Board Precinct M, Ward 20. Republican.

### **CHARLES P. HINE.**

Residence, 1561 Mistletoe Drive; office, 1239 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born at Poland, Mahoning County Ohio, September 5, 1877. Son of Samuel and Emma (Kirtland) Hine. Married to Helen M. Greene, October 22, 1907. Attended Episcopal Academy of Connecticut, 1890-94; graduate Yale College, with B. A. degree, 1898; Yale Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1901; United States Supreme Court, 1907. Associated with the firm of Brewer, Cook & McGowan, 1901-03; Wilbur & Hine, 1903-05; Second Assistant Attorney General of Ohio, 1906-1907. Member of the firm of Thompson & Hine, 1907-12; Thompson, Hine & Flory, since 1912. Member of Troop A, Cleveland, 1901-06. Member of Union Club, Mayfield Country Club; Cleveland Chamber of Commerce; Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

### **REUBEN HITCHCOCK.**

Office, 1306 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio July 1874. Son of Peter M. and Sarah (Wilcox) Hitchcock. Married to Edith Meacham, October, 1912. Attended Brooks Private Preparatory School, Cleveland; St. Paul's School, Concord, New Hampshire; received Ph. B. degree from Yale University, 1897; J. L. B. degree from Harvard University, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1900; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Wood & Hitchcock, 1902-03; Wood, Hitchcock & Morgan, three years; Hitchcock, Morgan & Fackler until 1910. Lieutenant Colonel, Spruce Division during the war. Member City Club; Union Club; University Club; Tavern Club; Nisi Prius Club. Republican.

### **JOHN H. HOGG.**

Residence, 10632 Lake Shore Boulevard; office, 1635 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 31, 1888. Son of John and Sarah (Gray) Hogg. Married December 8, 1912, to Ruby Theopil, of

Cleveland; one child, John. Attended public and high schools, Cleveland; received L.L. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School, 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1905; later United States District Court. In partnership with Charles T. Austin under the firm name of Austin & Hogg for several years; later associated with Louis J. Esty; now associated with H. W. Lower. Director Public Safety Village of Glenville, prior to its annexation to

since 1913. Two terms Director Chamber of Commerce and connected with the Municipal Association. By appointment of ex-Governor Harris member of the Ohio Tax Commission.



Cleveland. Member Chamber of Commerce; City Club; Glenville Presbyterian Church; Cleveland Bar Association. Independent in politics.

#### **THOMAS H. HOGSETT.**

Residence, 2404 Kenilworth Road; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Highland County, Ohio, May 17, 1858. Son of John N. and Hannah E. (Hughes) Hogsett. Married at Columbus, Nebraska, June 8, 1883, to Miss Rebecca Jones; two children: Edith and Robert. Educated in the common and high schools and with private teachers. Studied law in the office of Hon. Charles H. Collins, Hillsboro, Ohio, completing law course in Cincinnati Law School, 1882. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1882, and later to United States Courts. Practiced law in Hillsboro Ohio, with Judge Albert G. Mathews two years; then associated with Judge Samuel F. Steel, Hillsboro. Moved to Cleveland in 1895 and formed partnership with Judge G. B. Solders, and after three years appointed by Mayor Farley, Director of Law for the City of Cleveland. Later formed partnership with M. B. and H. H. Johnson, devoting his time to corporation practice. Member of the firm of Tolles, Hogsett, Ginn & Morley



Member American Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations; trustee Calvary Presbyterian Church; member Union, Euclid, Country, Mayfield Country Clubs, Cleveland; Columbus Club.

#### **FRED ROLLAND HOGUE.**

Residence, 20 East Street; office, 154½ Main Street, Ashtabula. Born in New Vernon, Mercer County, Pennsylvania, July 13, 1875. Son of John B. and Amelia B. (Leech) Hogue. Married to Ina A. Farnham, October 15, 1902; three children: Farnham Francis, Frederick William and Alice Amelia. Graduate of public schools of Mercer County, Pennsylvania, 1889; attended McElwain Institute, New Lebanon, Pennsylvania, one year; graduate of Ashtabula High School, 1895; attended Ohio State University, 1895-97. Studied law in office of R. W. Calvin, Ashtabula. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 7, 1900; United States Circuit and District Courts, March 11, 1904. Member of the firm of Calvin, Hogue & Goddard, 1901-05; Hill & Hogue, 1905-08. Member Masonic Order; Knights of Pythias; Sons of Veterans; Y. M. C. A.; Chamber of Commerce of Ashtabula; Ashtabula County Bar Association; First Presbyterian Church. Secretary of Ashtabula City Charter Commission, 1914. City Solicitor of Ashtabula, Ohio, 1905-08; Prosecuting Attorney Ashtabula County, 1908-12; City Solicitor since 1916. Republican.

**CLEMENT D. HOKE.**

Residence and office, Van Wert; Born in Fort Seneca, Ohio, February, 1864. Son of George W. and Susan (Ambrose) Hoke. Married October 14, 1886, to Jennie Buckingham; two children: Harry H. and Karl B. Attended the public schools of Attica, Ohio; studied law in the office of Burgess, Hanson, Price & Logan. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1886; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Member of the firm of Saltzgaber, Hoke & Burtfield; later Saltzgaber & Hoke; Dailey & Hoke to date. Prosecuting Attorney of Van Wert County for one term. Democrat.

**GEORGE M. HOKE.**

Residence and office, Tiffin. Born in Ft. Seneca, Ohio, March 18, 1863. Son of Augustus and Rachel (Stamey) Hoke. Married to Anna R. Martin, December 31, 1885; three children: Neil A., George A., and Rachel (Hoke) Miller. Received early education in the Country Schools; attended Heidelberg College, Tiffin, Ohio; Hillsdale College, Michigan. Ada Normal College. Taught school and was Superintendent Public Schools a number of years. Studied law in the office of Seney & Schaufelberger, Tiffin. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 8, 1893; Indiana, October 3, 1897; United States District Court, 1900. Member K. of P.; Jr. O. U. A. M.; Seneca County Bar Association. City Solicitor of Tiffin, 1901 to 1906; Judge Probate Court of Seneca County, from February 9, 1909, to February 9, 1917. Democrat.

**RALPH S. HOLBROOK.**

Residence, Miltmore Apartment; office, 405 Bank of Commerce Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, October 10, 1866. Son of William L. and Lois W. (Sheldon) Holbrook. Married June 17, 1897, to Mame Cummings; one child, Annette C. Attended Toledo Public Schools; Kenyon Military Academy, 1882-83; Kenyon College, 1884-87; received A. B. degree 1887; A. M. degree, 1890. Studied law in the offices of Doyle, Scott & Lewis, Toledo. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1890; Michigan, 1912; United States Supreme Court, 1914. Member of the firm of Holbrook & Mousarrat, 1910-13; Holbrook, Banker & Lewis since 1919. 1st Lieutenant and Captain 16th Infantry O. N. G., from 1890 to 1894. Member American, Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations; Toledo Club; Toledo Country Club; Toledo Commerce Club; Maumee River Yacht Club. Republican.

**JAMES WARREN HOLCOMB.**

Residence, 11124 Euclid Avenue; office, 916 Citizens Building, Cleveland. Born in Paris, Portage County, Ohio, February 14, 1857. Son of Chester and Julia (Patterson) Holcomb. Married to Katharine Merts, in Ravenna, Ohio, March 1, 1892. Graduate of Ravenna public schools, June, 1877; entered



Cornell University, September, 1877, taking a three-year course in Science and Letters, and received A. B. degree in 1880. Studied law in the office of Judge George F. Robinson, of Ravenna. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1883; later to the United States District Court. Practiced law in Ravenna until May, 1892, when he came to Cleveland and associated in the office of Judge Martin A. Foran and Jay P. Dawley; one year later became a member of the firm of Foran, Starr, Schwan & Holcomb, which continued for two years. Continues the general practice of law to date. Member of the Union Club, Country Club and Cleveland Athletic Club. Mayor of Ravenna, Ohio, 1886 to 1892. Chairman of the Republican County Executive Committee 1896-1897. Republican.

**SAMUEL HOWARD HOLDING.**

Residence, 1886 East 82nd Street; office, 1020 Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born in Philadelphia, Pa., January 27, 1858. Son of E. B. and Martha P. Holding. Married to Caroline Kunz, September 26, 1900. Attended the public schools and World's Academy, West Chester, Pa.; studied law under Robert Emmet Monaghan, West Chester, Pa., and Daniel Dougherty, Philadelphia, Pa. Admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania, March



11, 1880; in the same year he came to Cleveland and was admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1880, and later to the United States Courts. Attorney in the legal department of the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis Railway Company, 1880-87. Member of the firm of Matthews, Holding & Greve, Cincinnati, Ohio, 1887-88; Assistant General Attorney for the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company, 1888-93; member of the firms of Goulder & Holding and Goulder, Holding & Masten,



1893-1910; since that date member of the firm of Holding, Masten, Duncan & Leckie. Member Union Club of Cleveland. Was first president of the Civil Service Commission of Cleveland and president for three of the four years during which he was member of that commission, serving as a Democratic member.

#### **WILLARD E. HOLDEN.**

Residence, 287 Storer Avenue; office, 326 Ohio Building, Akron. Born in Ravenna, Ohio, October 3, 1891. Son of Gilston L. and Fannie (Mahan) Holden. Married to Lelia McCullum of New Albany, Indiana, November 20, 1919. Attended country schools of Charlestown, Ohio; Ravenna, Ohio High School. Studied law in office of R. S. Webb, of Ravenna. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January 4, 1916. Engaged in the practice of law in Ravenna, June, 1916, to July, 1918. Since April, 1919, member of the firm of Holden & Stevens Akron. Vice President Horning Lumber Co., of Akron. During the World War 2nd

Lieutenant Field Artillery, August 1, 1918, to January 1, 1919. Member Summit County



Bar Association. City Solicitor of Ravenna in 1917.

#### **WARREN W. HOLE.**

Residence, 1840 Stanwood Road, East Cleveland; office, 1222 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Salem Ohio, November 9, 1858. Son of Robert and Caroline (Norlan) Hole. Married to Martha E. Whitteley, July 10, 1884. Attended public and high schools of Salem, Ohio; received degree of Ph. B. from Mt. Union College, 1878, and degree of M. Ph. a few years later. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 6, 1882; later United States District Court. Practiced law in Salem until 1899, when he moved to Cleveland. Member Masonic Orders; B. P. O. E.; F. & A. M. Chamber of Commerce, East Cleveland; City Club; Chess and Checker Club; Cleveland Bar Association. Judge Common Pleas Court for the first subdivision of the Ninth District for a term commencing November 1, 1900; was appointed by Governor Nash as successor to fill the unexpired term of a vacancy made February 20, 1900; re-elected 1904, and served until December, 1910. Since coming to Cleveland served two terms as President of the Methodist Union.

#### **WALLACE TREVOR HOLLIDAY.**

Residence, 1851 Crawford Road; office, 410 East Ohio Gas Building, Cleveland. Born at Cleveland, Ohio, March 10, 1884. Son of William Wallace and Mary E. B. (McDonald) Holliday. Married to Ella Boyd

Stiers, December 28, 1910. Attended Miles Park School and South High School, Cleveland; received A. B. degree from Cornell University, 1905; LL. B. degree from Harvard University, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1908; United States Supreme Court, January 26, 1917. Associated with the firm of Kline, Tolles & Morley, 1908-13; member of the firm of Clevenger, Buss & Holliday, April 1, 1913, to April 1, 1918; Kline, Niman, Buss & Holliday, April 1, 1918, to December

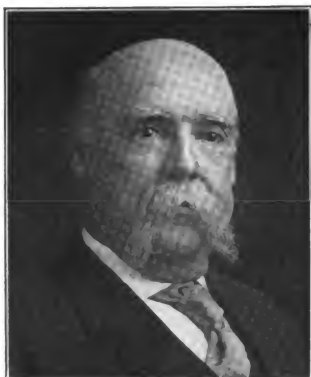
the general practice in Cadiz from September, 1869, to the present time. Enlisted while a schoolboy and served as private in Company B, Twenty-fifth Ohio Volunteer Infantry in the Union Army during the Civil War. Member Masonic Order, Elks, Knights of Pythias, G. A. R., Methodist Church and Ohio Society of Washington, D. C.; vice president Ohio State Bar Association since its organization and acting president at the annual



1, 1919, from which date to the present time member of the firm of Niman, Grossman, Buss & Holliday. Member of University Club, Cleveland Athletic Club, Delta Upsilon fraternity, Harvard Club of New York, Cleveland, Ohio State and American Bar Associations.

#### DAVID ADAMS HOLLINGSWORTH.

Residence and office, Cadiz. Born in Belmont, Belmont County, Ohio, November 21, 1844. Son of the late Elihu Hollingsworth, of Flushing, and a lineal descendant of Valentine Hollingsworth, Sr., of the Society of Friends, who in 1682 came to America in the ship *Welcome* with William Penn; his mother, Lydia Ann (Fisher) Hollingsworth, was a native of Virginia, daughter of Barrak Fisher, a German farmer of near Gainsboro, Virginia. Married to Linda McBean (daughter of John McBean, native of Scotland), in Cadiz, Ohio, April 8, 1875; two children: Henry McBean and Donald McBean, both deceased. Educated in the common schools of Flushing, Ohio; attended Mt. Union College, Alliance, Ohio; studied law and admitted to the bar of Ohio, September 17, 1867; to the United States Supreme Court, March 2, 1880. Engaged in



meeting at Put-in-Bay, 1908. Mayor of Flushing, Ohio, 1867; elected Prosecuting Attorney of Harrison County, Ohio, 1873; re-elected 1875; elected State Senator, 1879; re-elected 1881; chairman Republican State Convention, 1882; Attorney General of Ohio, 1883-84; elected to the 61st Congress from the sixteenth Ohio District, 1908; to the 64th Congress from the eighteenth Ohio district, 1914; elected to the 65th Congress, 1916. Republican.

#### ROLLIND O. HOLLOWAY.

Residence, 2444 Nelson Drive; office, 921-23 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, May 28, 1892. Son of Otto W. and Ida (Hinkle) Holloway. Married to Helen A. Ward; four children: Elaine F., Imogene A., John R., Norman D. Early education in public and high schools of Monclova, Ohio. Attended Ohio Northern University; graduate of Ohio State University Law Department in 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1917. Member of the firm of Conn & Holloway. Member Lucas County Bar Association; Toledo Lawyers' Club. Republican.

**BENJAMIN D. HOLT.**

Residence, 1875 Crawford Road; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Portland, Maine, August 11, 1890. Son of E. Eugene and Mary (Brooks) Holt. Married to Anne Carroll Payson. Graduate of Portland High School, 1909; Bowdoin College, Brunswick, Maine, 1913, with A. B. degree; Harvard Law School in 1917, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Maine, 1917; Ohio, 1919. Associated with Cook, McGowan, Foote, Bushnell & Lamb. Entered training camp for military service, May, 1917; commissioned 2nd Lieutenant of Infantry; overseas, June, 1918, to February, 1919. Discharged March, 1919. Member University Club.

**JAMES LEWIS HOMER.**

Residence and office, Galion. Born in Galion, Ohio, October 25, 1895. Son of Charles O. and Minnie (Lewis) Homer. Attended public and high schools of Galion; Ohio State University; Cincinnati Law School; read law in office of Frank Pigman, of Galion. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1919. Member the firm of Pigman & Homer. Served with Base Hospital No. 25 overseas during the world war. Member Masonic Bodies; Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree, Shrine; B. P. O. E.; Crawford County Bar Association. Republican.

**WILLIAM D. HOOD.**

Residence, Shelby, Ohio; office, 75 West Main Street, Shelby. Born in New Philadelphia, Ohio, June 14, 1896. Son of William I. and Sarah M. (Dillon) Hood. Mar-

ried to Ruth G. Horner of Shelby, Ohio, September 4, 1915; one daughter, Dorothy Louise. Early education received in grade schools of Norwalk and Shelby, Ohio; attended University High School (branch of University of Chicago) at Chicago, Illinois, two years; Shelby, Ohio, High School, two years; Ohio State University College of Arts, one year, and College of Law three years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1918. Associated with the law firm of Herberich, Burroughs & Smith, of Akron, for one year. Member Legal Department The Commercial Savings & Trust Co., of Akron, four months. Practiced law alone in Akron one year. Moved to Shelby, January, 1921, where he is engaged in the practice of law. Instructor in Business Law at Akron Municipal University for one term, 1918-19. Member Masonic Order; K. of P., Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

**GEORGE A. HOOVER.**

Residence and office, Canal Fulton. Born in Canal Fulton, April 8, 1877. Son of George and Martha J. Hoover. Graduate of Canal Fulton High School, 1894; taught school three years; completed law course in Ohio State University, 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 6, 1899. Director Exchange Bank; member Canal Fulton Board of Education seventeen years; M. E. Church. Republican Central Committee a number of years. Republican.

**DAVID HARRIS HOPKINS.**

Residence, 169 Beech Street, Berea, Ohio; office, 944 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Granger, Medina County, Ohio, Oc-

tober 8, 1882. Son of Chawncey I. and Allie (Harris) Hopkins. Married to Marie Kerstetter, of Granger, Ohio, January 16, 1904. Graduate of Granger High School, 1901; attended Ohio Northern University, 1901-02; engaged in farming for six years; entered Baldwin University and Cleveland Law School, 1908; graduated therefrom with degrees of Ph. B. and LL. B., 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1911, and later to the United States District Court. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland, and organized the Baldwin-Wallace Preparatory School in 1911. Established the Baldwin-Wallace night college for regular degree work in September, 1920, with the official title of Dean. Member Knights of the Maccabees of the World, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Berea Lodge F. & A. M. No 382.

#### EVAN HENRY HOPKINS.

Residence, 9314 Miles Avenue; office, 912 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Johnstown, Pa., November 4, 1864. Son of David J. and Mary (Jeffreys) Hopkins. Married to Frances P. M. Shain, of Cleveland, Ohio, December 27, 1892. Attended the public schools of Alliance and Cleveland; Western Reserve Academy, 1885;



received A. B. degree from Adelbert College, 1889; LL. B. degree from Harvard Law School, 1892. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1891. Professor and dean of Western Reserve University Law School, 1892-1910. Member of the firm of Herrick & Hopkins, 1893-1916; Herrick, Hopkins, Stockwell & Benesch since 1916. Member Adelbert Chapter Delta Upsilon fraternity, Cleveland Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

#### E. J. HOPPLE.

Residence, 1843 Hastings Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 1110 Hippodrome Building, Cleveland. Born in Crawford County, Ohio, February 5, 1881. Son of J. J. and Martha (Schieber) Hopple. Married to Elizabeth Benoit, October 12, 1912; two children: E. J., Jr., and Charlotte. Early education received in the public schools; attended Heidelberg Academy two years; later Adelbert Law School; taught in the public schools of Crawford County, Ohio, for three years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 27, 1905; later to the United States District and Circuit Courts. Taught night school after admission for three years. Engaged in the



practice of law in Cleveland. Formed partnership, January 1, 1906, with C. E. Alden, under the firm name of Alden & Hopple, which continued until August 1, 1907, when W. C. McCullough joined the firm, which became McCullough, Alden & Hopple, and so continued until January 1, 1910, when Mr. Alden retired from the firm, which then became McCullough & Hopple; at the present time in the general practice. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., B. P. O. E. Member Ohio State Senate from 1912 to 1916; Ohio House of Representatives from 1916 to 1920; leader of Senate minority, 1915-16; speaker of House, 1917-18; leader of House minority, 1918-20; candidate for Prosecuting Attorney, 1920. Appointed by Judge D. C. Westenhaver, U. S. Commissioner for the Northern District of Ohio, March 21, 1921. Democrat.

#### OSCAR J. HORN.

Residence, Chagrin Falls, Ohio; office, 1024 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born Sep

tember 24, 1872, at Cleveland. Son of Bishop William and Mary (Fishback) Horn. Married June 8, 1916, to Katherine M. Hostetler. Graduate of Adelbert College, with A. B. degree; attended Western Reserve Law School three years. Admitted to Ohio Bar, November, 1899; United States District and Circuit Courts, 1901; United States Supreme Court, 1916. Member of the City Club; Cleveland Athletic Club; Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### **SAMUEL HORWITZ.**

Residence, Cleveland; office, 713 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Russia. Son of Abraham and Lena Horwitz. Attended the public schools of New York City, and the public and high schools of Philadelphia, Pa.; Western Reserve University



Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1911. In partnership with Judge P. L. A. Lieghley and W. K. Stanley, under the firm name of Lieghley & Stanley, for some time, now member of the firm of Stanley & Horwitz. Served with 3rd Infantry Rifle Regiment in Central Officers' Training School, Camp Gordon, Georgia, from May, 1918, to September, 1918; commissioned 2nd Lieutenant of Infantry from September, 1918, to December, 1918.

#### **GROVER CLEVELAND HOSFORD.**

Residence, 1764 Radnor Road; office, 1509 Union Commerce National Bank Building, Cleveland. Born in Natural Bridge, New York, October 6, 1882. Son of Clark B. and Edith A. (Stevens) Hosford. Graduate of Watertown, New York, high school, June, 1899; attended Western Reserve University, Cleveland, 1904-05; entered University of

Missouri, Columbia, Missouri, 1905, graduating therefrom with LL. B. degree, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Missouri, 1908; Ohio, 1911; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1918. On the editorial staff of Edward Thompson Co., Northport, New York, 1909-10; Assistant Professor of Law in Missouri State University Law School, Columbia, Missouri, 1910-14; in 1914



moved to Cleveland, where he is engaged in the general law practice to date. Member Legal Advisory Board during the World War. Instructor in Criminal Law at Rufus P. Ranney Law School, Cleveland, 1918. Member Phi Delta Phi and Delta Sigma Rho fraternities, F. & A. M., R. A. M., Acacia fraternity, Cleveland Athletic Club, Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### **JOSEPH H. HOSTETLER.**

Residence, 413 Walnut Street; office, 236 Factory Street, Dover. Born in Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, February 13, 1853. Son of Adam and Catherine (Ross) Hostetler. Married to Caroline Myers at Bolivar, Ohio, November 1, 1885; two children: Joseph C. and Mrs. Katherine Horn. Early education received in common schools; attended Normal School at Goshen, Indiana, 1876-77. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 1, 1886. Engaged in the practice of law in Dover, in partnership with brother John A. Hostetler until 1889; since then in the individual practice. Member Tuscarawas County Bar Association. Mayor of City of Dover two terms; City Solicitor three terms. Democrat.

#### **JOSEPH C. HOSTETLER.**

Residence, 2084 East 107th Street; office, 1307 Union National Bank Building, Cleveland. Born in Canal Dover, Ohio, August 8, 1885.



Son of Joseph H. and Caroline (Myers) Hostetler. Married to Hazel Prior, of Cleveland, January 4, 1917. Attended the public and high schools of Canal Dover; graduate of Western Reserve Law School in 1908, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of



Ohio, 1908; later to United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in the office of W. R. Hopkins, remaining until January 1, 1910, when he became Assistant Director of Law of the City of Cleveland under Newton D. Baker. On January 1, 1916, formed partnership with Newton D. Baker and Thos. L. Sidlo under the firm name of Baker, Hostetler & Sidlo, which continues to date. Member of City Club; Nisi Prius Club. Democrat.

#### **JOHN DONALD HOTCHKISS.**

Residence, 50 Atlas Street; office, Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born in Meadville, Pennsylvania, May 18, 1887. Son of Henry O. and Jessie Hamilton (Tier) Hotchkiss. Attended Meadville High School, 1899; Allegheny College, 1900; Buchtel College, 1900-03, received Ph. B. degree; University of Michigan, 1903-06, received LL. B. degree; University of Padua, Italy, 1919. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and Michigan, 1908. Served in United States Army, 1917-1919. Member Delta Chi fraternity; American Legion. Republican.

#### **GUY W. HOUSE.**

Residence, Lake Shore Boulevard, Euclid Village; office, 11001 Madison Avenue, Cleveland. Born at Sandusky, January 28, 1887. Son of Lewis W. and Dollie (Veader) House. Married to Isabella H. Hartley, March 31, 1917. Educated at country schools of Perkins Town-

ship, Erie County, Ohio, 1893-1900; graduate of Sandusky High School, 1904; attended Oberlin College, 1905-1907; graduate of University of Michigan, with A. B. degree, in 1909; Law School of University of Michigan, with LL. B. degree, in 1912; J. D. degree in 1912. Admitted to Ohio Bar, December, 1912; United States District Court of Northern District of Ohio, April 16, 1917. In 1919 formed partnership with Paul S. Crampton under the firm name of Crampton & House, which continued until December, 1920, since which time is in charge of legal department of The Glidden Co. Enlisted in 5th Ohio Infantry O. N. G., August 6, 1912; Battalion Sergeant, September 5, of the same year; Second Lieutenant 5th Ohio Infantry, November 12, 1915, to November 29, 1916; First Lieutenant 5th Ohio Infantry, November 29, 1916, to May 4, 1917; Captain 5th Ohio Infantry (145th United States Infantry), May 4, 1917, to May 6, 1919; served on Mexican Border, 1916-1917; served overseas with 145th United States Infantry and 112th Ammunition Train, 37th Division. Member City Club; Arthur S. Houts Post No. 2; Commander of Post, American Legion; Cleveland Grays. Republican.

#### **ERNEST C. HOUSEL.**

Residence, 8 South 4th Street, Cuyahoga Falls; office, 307-8 Everett Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, August 18, 1868. Son of Martin J. and Amanda C. (Viall) Housel. Married December 28, 1892, to Emma E. Caine; one child, Mrs. Elinore L. Koerner. Attended the public and high schools of Akron; studied law in the office of John J. Hall, Akron. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 3, 1889; later to the United States District Court; United States Supreme Court. Engaged in the private practice of law in Akron. Member Masonic Order; K. of P.; Chamber of Commerce; Summit County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Justice of the Peace of Akron from 1890 to 1894. Member Board of Education a number of years. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM HOWELL.**

Residence, 14823 Lake Avenue, Lakewood; office, 1026 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Harrison County, Ohio, March 10, 1870. Son of William and Margaret (McConnell) Howell. Married September, 1901, to Nelle R. Barcus (deceased, 1911). August 1, 1916, to Julia Indlekofer; one child: William D. Attended country schools of Harrison County; received B. S. degree from Franklin College, 1891; studied law in office of George C. McKee, Bridgeport, Ohio; graduate of University of Michigan Law Department, with LL. B. degree, 1893. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1893; later United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. Associated with the firm of Burton & Dake for about twenty years.

after which time in 1913 became a member of the firm of Howell, Roberts & Duncan, which continues to date. Member Civic League,



Lakewood; City Club; Chamber of Commerce; Cleveland Yacht Club; Lakewood M. E. Church. Independent.

#### **GEORGE A. HOWELLS**

Residence, 1301 West Boulevard; office, City Hall, Cleveland. Born in Youngstown, October 23, 1877. Son of David and Jennie (Thomas) Howells. Married to Mary Mulhall, January 8, 1914. Educated in Massillon public and high schools; received degree of LL. B. from Ohio State University, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1900. Judge Municipal Court of Cleveland since 1919. Democrat.

#### **HARRY B. HOWELLS.**

Residence, 10501 Miles Avenue; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, July 13, 1880. Son of John R. and Jean (Barren) Howells. Married to Frances Woodsworth, 1911. Educated in the Cleveland public and high schools; received A. B. degree from Western Reserve University, 1901; LL. B. degree from Harvard Law School, 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1904. Member Masonic Order. Republican.

#### **PAUL HOWLAND.**

Residence, 1448 West 65th Street; office, 802 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Jefferson, Ohio, December 5, 1865. Son of W. P. and Esther (Leonard) Howland. Married to Jessie F. Pruden, of Burghill, Ohio, January 18, 1905. Graduate of high school, Jefferson, Ohio, 1883; received degrees of A. B., 1887, and A. M., 1904, from Oberlin College; LL. B. degree from Harvard Law School, 1890. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1890; later to all Federal Courts.

Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Second Lieutenant and Squadron Adjutant of 1st O. V. C. during the Spanish-American War. Member First Congregational Church; 32nd Degree Mason; Union Club, Cleveland; Ohio State and American Bar Associations; Executive Com-



mittee of the American Bar Association from 1919 to 1921. Member of Congress from the 20th Congressional district of Ohio, 60th, 61st and 62nd Congresses, March 4, 1907, to March 4, 1913. Republican.

#### **CARL C. HOYT.**



Residence, 205 South Portage Path; office, 731 Second National Building, Akron. Born in Parkersburg, West Virginia, August 20, 1889. Son of William H. and Martha E. (Davis) Hoyt. Married to Marie McClure, of Marietta, Ohio, December 16, 1916; two children: Richard M. and John Henry. Graduate of Beverly High School, June, 1907; attended Ohio University summer of 1907; graduate of Marietta College, degree of A. B. (Cum Laude), June, 1911; graduate of Columbia University, degree LL. B., June, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1914. Engaged in the general practice in Akron since admission. Member Masonic Order, Masonic Club, Alpha Sigma Phi fraternity, Summit County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Delegate to state convention, June, 1902. Republican.

### JAMES BURTRAM HUBER.

Residence, 84 South Portage Path; office, 330-1-2 Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, December 12, 1878. Son of Henry and Rachel (James) Huber. Attended public schools of Akron and Akron High School; studied law in the office of Slabaugh & Seiberling in Akron. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December,



1902. Engaged in the law practice alone for 5 years; then became a member of the firm of Slabaugh & Seiberling; now member of the firm Slabaugh, Young, Seiberling, Huber & Guinther. President Akron Chamber of Commerce, 1921. Member Masonic Order; 32nd degree; Masonic Club, City Club, Portage Country Club, Fairlawn Heights Golf Club, Summit County Bar Association. Secretary to United States Senator Burton, 1901 to 1902. Republican.

### HARRY H. HUDSON.

Residence, 2208 East 100th Street; office, 213 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, December 12, 1870. Son of Dr. W. S. and Malissa (Harper) Hudson. Graduate of Hiram College (Philosophical



Course), in 1895. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1899. Associated with the Maryland Casualty Company of Cleveland. Has written short stories for various syndicates, newspapers and magazines, contributing one each week for fifteen years. Member Masonic Order, Shrine.

### ROBERT CALVIN HUEY.

Residence, 121 West Wood Street; office, Mahoning County Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Enon Valley, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, August 15, 1874. Son of Thomas D. and Margaret S. (Moore) Huey. Attended the public schools of Pennsylvania; graduate of Ohio Northern University, with LL. B. degree, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1900; later United States District Court. Member of the firm of Huey & Smith until 1905; Craver, Diser, Huey & Starrs since 1920. Member I. O. O. F.; B. P. O. E.; Mahoning County Bar Association. Member Ohio Legislature, 1904 to 1909; Chairman Republican County Executive Committee, 1914-18.

### DENVER C. HUGHES.

Residence, 415 Fulton Road, N. W.; office, 336 Schaefer Block, Canton. Born in Plimpton, Ohio, November 1, 1870. Son of John S. and Lavenia E. (Quick) Hughes. Married to Loretta Moore, November 25, 1896; one son, Charles V. Attended the country schools, 1876-87; Mt. Union College, 1888-93; graduate



of University of Michigan Law Department, with degree of B. S. and degree of LL. B., 1895; read law with Housel & Welber, of Canton. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1893; United States District Court, 1899. Engaged in the practice of law in Canton. Member Masonic Order; Knights of Pythias; Stark County Bar Association. City Solicitor of Canton from 1901 to 1906. Republican.

#### KENT W. HUGHES.

Residence and office, Lima. Born in Lima, April 8, 1873. Son of Charles M. and Nancy (Worley) Hughes. Married to Edith Morris, June 28, 1904; two children: Helen Ann and Morris Kent. Educated in Lima public schools; attended Swarthmore (Pennsylvania) College; graduate of University of Michigan Law School, June, 1896, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1896; United States District Courts, 1903; United States Court of Appeals, 1905. President Lima Chamber of Commerce, 1913-16. During the Spanish War Sergeant Company C, 2nd Regiment, O. V. I. Member B. P. O. E.; K. of P.; Masonic bodies: Knights Templar; Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree; Allen County and Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Elected Judge Court of Appeals, 3rd District, November, 1916; re-elected November, 1918. Democrat.

#### IRVING H. HUGGETT.



Residence, 33 Water Street, Chagrin Falls, Ohio; office, 737-9 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Chagrin Falls, Ohio, July 27, 1876. Son of Earnie and Fanny (Vincent) Huggett. Married to Agnes Wolfram, of Cleveland, Ohio, October 12, 1910. Graduate of Chagrin Falls, Ohio, high

school; attended Hiram College three years; graduate of Ohio Northern University, with LL. B. degree, June, 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 11, 1903; Michigan, October 9, 1903; United States Circuit Court, Northern Division, March 20, 1907. Practiced law in Charlotte, Michigan, six months; moved to Cleveland January, 1904. Associated with Hon. W. S. Hanna (former Common Pleas Judge of Holmes County), under the firm name of Huggett & Hanna, since October, 1919. Member City Club. Republican.

#### CLEMENT V. HULL.

Residence, 1597 East 85th Street; office, 302 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Greenville, Pennsylvania, November 7, 1866. Son of Seth and Mary M. (Alexander) Hull. Married to Evelyn A. Hurley, May 30, 1910. Attended the public schools of Greenville, Pennsylvania, and University of Toronto.



Studied law with Messrs. Carr & Goff. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1889; later to the United States District Court. Formerly associated in law practice with his brother, John M. Hull (deceased), and later with Hon. Henry McKinney (deceased). Member Cleveland Bar Association. Cleveland City Council two terms. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney in Police Court under Hon. C. J. Estep. Democrat.

#### HAROLD H. HULL.

Residence, 272 Norwood Avenue; office, Court House, Youngstown. Born in Grove City, Pennsylvania, August 23, 1885. Son of Charles H. and Isabelle (Beveridge) Hull. Married to Mary Tunison, June 16, 1915; one child, Jane. Attended the public and high

schools of Greenville, Pennsylvania; received A. B. degree from Allegheny College, Greenville, 1907; LL. B. degree from Harvard University Law School, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1910. Member of the firm of Huxley & Hull until 1917, when he became Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Mahoning County. Appointed Prosecuting Attorney of Mahoning County, which office he holds to date. Member Masonic Order; B. P. O. E.; L. O. O. M.; F. O. E.; Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **LEROY WELLINGTON HUNT.**

Residence, 3238 Maplewood Avenue; office, 716-17 Nasby Building, Toledo. Born in Baxter Springs, Kansas, September 9, 1885. Son of Alice and Wilson W. (Whitehead) Hunt. Married to Laura Killinger, June 10, 1913; two children: Leroy Wellington and Richard Carlton. Attended common schools of Connersville, Indiana; studied law under Hon. W. E. Ochiltree in Connersville, Indiana, 1903-06; graduate of Toledo University Law Department, June, 1916, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1916. Engaged in the general practice in Toledo since July, 1916. Served two enlistments in Indiana National Guard; 1st Lieutenant of a company organized at Connersville, Indiana, 1908. Member F. & A. M.; K. of P.; I. O. O. F. Republican.

#### **JAMES P. HUNTER.**



Residence, 12712 Grass Avenue; office, 850 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Liverpool, England, February 17, 1889. Son of Adam and Helen (Wallace) Hunter. Married to Margaret Edlestone, June 15, 1914; one son: James P., Jr. Attended

Cleveland public schools and Central Institute; graduate of Cleveland Law School with LL. B. degree, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1919. Engaged in the general practice in Cleveland. During the war served in Naval Ordnance service, stationed in Washington, D. C., from September, 1917, to April, 1919. Member Delta Theta Phi (Law fraternity), City Club, Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### **FRANCIS E. HUNTER.**

Residence, 524 E. High Street; office, Ohio Building, Alliance. Born January 17, 1884, in Salineville, Ohio. Son of James and Jane Ann (Elliott) Hunter. Married to Edith Kayler, September 5, 1912; three children: Frederick J., F. Edmund, Robert R. Educated in the common schools; attended Mt. Union College, four years; graduate of Ohio State University Law School, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915. Member Alliance, Ohio State and Stark County Bar Associations; Masonic Order. Republican.

#### **LAFAYETTE HUNTER.**

Residence, 11 E. Summit Street; office, E. Market Street, Warren. Born in Trumbull County, Ohio, January 28, 1847. Son of George and Mary A. (Thayer) Hunter. Married to Mantie L. Sigler, October 14, 1874. Attended village school in Newton Falls, Ohio; McNealy Normal Institute, Hopedale, Ohio, teaching school at intervals; commercial course in Spencerian Business College, Cleveland; graduate Albany Law School, with LL. B. degree, in 1874. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, September 28, 1874; later United States District Courts. Referee in Bankruptcy, 1898-1918. Member B. P. O. E.; County Humane Society; Trumbull County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **LOUIS JONES HUNTER.**

Residence, 178 Regent Street; office, Home Savings Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Huntersville, N. C., January 13, 1882. Son of A. Jones and Harriett (Sample) Hunter. Married September 16, 1914, to Leta Thompson; one child, Dallas Walker. Attended public and high schools in Huntersville, North Carolina; Erskine College, South Carolina; University of North Carolina; graduate of Muskingum College in 1906, with B. S. degree; attended University of North Carolina Law Department; studied law in offices of John A. Parker, Charlotte, North Carolina. Admitted to the bar of North Carolina, August 28, 1911. Practiced law in Charlotte, North Carolina, until 1917, when he moved to Youngstown. Member K. of P. Democrat.

#### **R. A. HUNSINGER.**

Residence and office, Fremont. Born in Fremont, April 4, 1880. Son of Henry and Julia (Heim) Hunsinger. Married July 12, 1902, to

Ethel Thomas; four children: Harry, Paul, Eleanor and Ruth. Attended public and high schools of Fremont; graduate of Fostoria Business College; studied law in office of S. E. Garver, Fremont. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, in 1912; later to United States District Court. County Recorder of Sandusky County, 1909 to 1913; Councilman of Fremont during 1919; City Solicitor of Fremont, January 1, 1921; Chairman Republican Central Committee of Sandusky County, 1920. Member Chamber of Commerce; F. O. E.; W. O. W.; American Insurance Union and Sandusky County Bar Association. Republican.

#### JOY SETH HURD.

Residence, 1258 Ethel Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio; office, 718 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June 11, 1886. Son of Charles S. and Mary H. (Hogan) Hurd. Married to Frances Elizabeth Stimmel, of Cleveland, June 26, 1911; five children: Joy, Francis, Paul, Rita and Thomas. Attended Glenville public schools, 1892-1902; Notre Dame Academy, 1902-03; St. Ignatius College, 1903-07; Bald-



win-Wallace College; graduate of Cleveland Law School with degree of LL. B., 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1910. Counsel for Cuyahoga Telephone Co. and Ohio State Telephone Co., 1910-1916; since 1916 engaged in the general law practice. Gave services during the recent war as Liberty Loan speaker and Four-Minute-Man. Member Cleveland Bar Association, Electrical League, Chamber of Commerce, Art Museum, West Shore Club, Delta Theta Phi (legal fraternity), Knights of Columbus, Hurvauart Club, St. Vincents Guild, Lakewood Chamber of Commerce. Democrat. (Independent).

#### SILAS EVERETT HURIN.

Residence, 340 West Woodruff Avenue; office, 1215-18 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Cincinnati, Ohio, December 22, 1858. Son of James Kemper and Cynthia A. (Halsey) Hurin. Married to Anna E. Howe, June 30, 1898; Mary Ruth Locke, July 19, 1909. Attended the common schools in Cincinnati and Wyoming, Ohio, until 1877; Freehold Institute (New Jersey), 1877-78; graduate Princeton College in 1882, with A. B. degree, and in 1885 degree of A. M.; Cincinnati Law School, degree of LL. B., in 1885. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 28, 1885; United States Circuit Court, September 22, 1898. Practiced law in Cincinnati, 1885-87; in Findlay, Ohio, 1887-1905; Circuit Judge of Third Circuit of Ohio, 1905-1911; resumed law practice in Findlay, 1911, continuing until 1916, when he removed to Toledo, where he has since been in the active practice. Member Toledo Chamber of Commerce; Trustee Historical Society of Northwestern Ohio; President Anthony Wayne Chapter, S. A. R.; member Collingwood Avenue Presbyterian Church; Toledo Bar Association. Republican.

#### D'ARCY D. HURLBUT.

Residence, 1628 Delmont Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 410 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born at Cleveland, Ohio, May 26, 1875. Son of James M. and Nancy Ann (Duncan) Hurlbut. Married to Mae E. Carroll, of Cleveland, June 22, 1897. Attended



Onthwaite School, Cleveland, 1881-89; Central High School, 1889-93; graduate of Baldwin-Wallace University Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 20, 1900; United States District Court, April 18, 1918. Engaged in the gen-

eral practice of law, specializing in "Service by Publication." Member of City Club and Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### ANDREW B. HUSTON.

Residence, 631 East Broadway; office, 910 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Logan County, Ohio, October 24, 1859. Son of Samuel P. and Elizabeth (Bowman) Huston. Married to Margaret R. Hinkle, December 27, 1883; two children Edna M. (McClelland) and Esther M. Graduate of High School, DeGraff, Ohio, May, 1881. Read law in Bellefontaine. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1888; later in United States District Court. Member Lucas County Bar Association. Republican.

#### CHARLES H. HUSTON.

Residence, 356 W. 3rd Street; office, 22½ South Park Street, Mansfield. Born in Richland County, Ohio, July 27, 1870. Son of James and Dorcas (Zigler) Huston. Married June 20, 1900, to Marie Pettker; two children: Henry P. and Margaret E. Attended the country and high schools of Richland County; graduate of Tri-State College (Indiana), with B. S. degree, in 1894; received LL. B. degree from Ohio State University Law Department in 1897. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1897; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Laser & Huston, 1897, to 1901; Laser, Huston & Marquis, 1901 to 1906; Huston & Marquis, 1906 to 1913; since 1919 member of the firm of Huston & Hutchison. Director Mansfield Chamber of Commerce; Y. M. C. A.; Prosecuting Attorney Richland County, 1903 to 1908; Secretary Board of Managers Ohio State Reformatory, 1911-12. Member Company M, 8th O. V. I., 1898; member 8th Regiment, Ohio Infantry, from 1898 to June 30, 1917, and served on the Mexican Border, 1916-17, in command of the Supply Company of that Regiment; in 1917 was promoted to the rank of Major and put in command of "Small Arms Section" of the 112th Ammunition Train, 37th Division, and served with that Company during the World War until May 6, 1919. Member Masonic bodies: Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree; American Legion; K. of P.; B. P. O. E.; Spanish War Veterans; Park Avenue Baptist Church of Mansfield; Richland County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### JOHN CORYDON HUTCHINS.

Residence, The New Amsterdam Hotel; office, 613 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Warren, Trumbull County, Ohio, May 8, 1840. Son of ex-Congressman, Hon. John and Rhoda (Andrews) Hutchins. Married to Jurrrie M. Campbell, of Ravenna, Ohio, 1861; five children: Helen Eugenie (Mrs. T. B. Salisbury); Jane Campbell, Horace C., J. Frank and Carleton C. Attended public and high schools of Warren; Oberlin College; Albany, N. Y., Law School. Admitted to the bars of New York

and Ohio, 1866; later to United States District Court. Practiced law in Youngstown, in partnership with General T. W. Sanderson, 1866; in Warren in partnership with his father, John Hutchins. Since 1868 in partnership in Cleveland at various times with John Hutchins, J. E. Ingersoll, O. J. Campbell and Thos. L. Johnson. Lieutenant Co. C, Second Ohio Cav-



alry from 1861-63. Member Cleveland School Board, 1872; Cleveland Public Library Board, 13 years; president of same nine years; member Chamber of Commerce, Euclid Club of Cleveland; Military Order The Loyal Legion. Prosecuting Attorney of Cuyahoga County, 1877; Judge of Municipal Court two terms; Judge Common Pleas Court one term; Postmaster of Cleveland, by appointment of Grover Cleveland, 1895 to 1899. In politics Republican until 1872; Democrat until 1896; since that date a free lance politician.

#### ROBERT E. HUTCHISON.

Residence and office, Mansfield. Born in Butler County, Pa., June 29, 1871. Son of William R. and Serepta (Gailey) Hutchison. Married to Mary Gibson, December 25, 1905. Attended public schools of Ottawa, Kansas; Savannah Academy, Ohio, 1889-92; graduate of University of Michigan Law School, with degree of LL. B. in 1896. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1897, and later to the United States District Court. Member of the firm of Douglass & Hutchison ten years; Huston & Hutchison since 1919. Member Masonic Bodies: Knights Templar; Scottish Rite, 32nd degree; Elks, K. of P., Richland County Bar Association, Ohio Legislature, 1896-97-98. Referee in Bankruptcy since 1915. Democrat.

**WALTER S. HUTCHISON.**

Residence, 488 Nash Street; office, 524 Akron Savings & Loan Building, Akron. Born in Scott, Ohio, August 11, 1892. Son of Alvin T. and Margaret M. (Walton) Hutchison. Married to Eva Carey Mead, September 14, 1916. Educated in public schools and high school of Scott, Ohio; Ohio Wesleyan, 1909-10; graduate of University of Michigan Law School, LL. B. degree, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January 1, 1917; United States District Court, 1918. In partnership with E. W. Finkle, of Akron, until November 1, 1917; in partnership with A. B. Underwood since October 1, 1919. Member Summit County Bar Association.

**JARED PAUL HUXLEY.**

Residence, 19 Lincoln Avenue; office, 1209 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Ellsworth, Ohio, July 13, 1874. Son of Philo and Evaline (Cessna) Huxley. Married to Margaret Dow, October 28, 1898; three children: Esther, Robert and Ruth. Educated in the public and high schools of Salem; graduate of University of Cincinnati Law School in June, 1895, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1895. Member of the firm, Harrington, DeFord, Heim & Huxley. Member Youngstown Club, Youngstown Country Club, Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Mayor of Salem, 1898-1902; Prosecuting Attorney Mahoning County, 1916-1920. Republican.

**CHARLES A. HYDE.**

Residence, 3392 Beechwood Avenue, Cleveland Heights; office, 721 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland,

Ohio, December 19, 1884. Son of Averill L. and Mary H. (Marshall) Hyde. Married to Gladys M. Knopf, of Cleveland, October 6, 1914. Educated in the public and high schools of Cleveland; attended Case School of Applied Science (Course in Civil Engineering); received B. S. degree therefrom; LL. B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace University, Cleveland Law School, 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1912; United States District Court, 1913. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland. Member Legal Advisory Board No. 9 during the war. He had charge of tank campaign in Kentucky; captain in charge of this campaign for sale of Liberty Bonds. Member Masonic Order, Knights Templar, Consistory, Grotto, Shrine; Delta Theta Phi legal fraternity. Republican.

**WASHINGTON HYDE.**

Office, Second National Bank Building, Warren. Born in Trumbull County, Ohio, May 9, 1847. Son of Julius E. and Ann (Oatley) Hyde. Married May 22, 1873 to Delia Churchill, of Warren, who died August 17, 1876; to Laura A. Tibbits (deceased, 1876); Victoria Pinkard, of Warren, June 20, 1893. Graduate of Western Reserve Seminary, West Farmington, Ohio; University of Michigan, A. B. degree, 1870; and in 1872 with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 5, 1872; later to the United States District Court. Member Masonic Order, Knights Templar, Trumbull County Bar Association. Member Republican County Executive Committee, 1874-84; committee to examine applicants for admission to the bar, 1891-92; Prosecuting Attorney of Trumbull County, 1880-85. Republican.

**RAYMOND EUGENE HYRE.**

Residence, 4318 West 30th Street; office, Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Brooklyn, Ohio, January 29, 1890. Son of Alonzo E. and Sarah E. (Cadwallader) Hyre. Attended Cleveland Public and High Schools; received A. B. degree from Western Reserve University, 1912; LL. B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace College in 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 25, 1914. Member of the firm of Hyre & Hyre. First Lieutenant United States Infantry, August 29, 1917; served until May 26, 1919. Member American Legion, F. & A. M., Delta Tau Delta; National Secretary of Delta Theta Phi. Republican.

**ALVIN FULLER INGERSOLL.**

Residence, 2501 Marlboro Road, Cleveland Heights; office, Court House, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, October 5, 1859. Son of Jonathan E. and Mary (Fuller) Ingersoll. Married to Della Bishop, September 6, 1881, in Akron, Ohio. Attended Cleveland public schools, Cleveland Central High School, 1879; Western



Reserve College, 1881; studied law in the office of Burke, Ingersoll & Sanders in Cleveland. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1885; United States District Court, 1887. Member of the firm of Burke & Ingersolls, 1892 to 1899; Ingersoll & Clum, 1899-1900; McMillan & Ingersoll, 1901-05; Ingersoll &



Bacon, 1906-09; Ingersoll & Logue, Ingersoll & Duffey, 1917 to 1920. Member Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity; Cleveland Athletic Club, Dover Bay Country Club, Cuyahoga County, Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Referee in Bankruptcy in Cleveland from January, 1910, to January, 1916; elected Judge Court of Appeals, 8th District of Ohio, on November, 1920. Republican.

#### **RICHARD INGLIS.**

Residence, 1872 East 97th Street; office, 316 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Detroit, Michigan, November 23, 1880. Son of Frank and Mary (Meginnity) Inglis. Married to Marian Coale. Attended Detroit public schools; graduate Harvard College, with A. B. degree; Harvard Law School, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1907; United States Supreme Court, 1911; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 1913. Associated with law firm of Hoyt, Dustin & Kelley, 1906-1909; member of firm of Bulkley & Inglis, 1909-1911; Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Inglis & Saeger, 1911-1917; associated with Otis & Co. since 1917; member of Faculty of Western Reserve Law School. Member Nisi Prius; American Bar Association; Lake Seamen's Union, 1906. Republican.

#### **FRED A. IRVINE.**

Residence, 1601 Mars Avenue, Lakewood; office, 301 Superior Building, Cleveland. Born in Cincinnati, Ohio, November 8, 1891. Son of Robert W. and Dora (Walters) Irvine. Married to Marie Rutledge, April 29, 1914. Graduate of Kentucky School, Cleveland, June, 1904; attended Cleveland Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1913; to United States District Court, November 17, 1917. Commenced the law practice in Cleveland, with C. T. Austin and C. T. Kirkbride, under the firm name of Austin, Kirkbride & Irvine; Assistant Police Prosecutor from September 15, 1916, to September 1, 1917; since which date he has been



associated with Thomas C. Brinsmade. Member Cleveland Bar Association, Glenville Lodge No. 618, F. & A. M.; Cunningham Chapter No. 187, R. A. M.; Al Sirat Grotto No. 17, M. O. V. P. E. R.; Lakewood Lodge No. 1350, B. P. O. E.; Legal Advisory Board of Lakewood during the war.

#### **ROBERT T. IZANT.**

Residence and office, Warren. Born in Great Elm, Somersetshire, England, March 18, 1855. Son of Walter and Martha (Rossiter) Izant. Married to Sadec King, May 8, 1888. One son, James Rossiter. Graduate of parochial school of Church of England, Mells, Somersetshire, England, at the age of 14. Studied law in the office of Hutchins, Tuttle & Stull of Warren. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, April 9, 1878. Practiced law in Warren until 1898, when he devoted his time to building up The Trumbull Savings & Loan Co., Warren, as Secretary and Attorney until January 1, 1920, when elect-

ed President and Attorney of that company. Member Old Erie No. 3 Lodge F. & A. M., Warren; R. A. M. No. 66; Independence Lodge No. 90, K. of P., Warren; Grand



Patron Order of Eastern Star of Ohio, 1909-10; member Trumbull County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **T. LAMAR JACKSON.**

Residence, Coitsville; office, 1201 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Coitsville, Ohio, July 14, 1894. Son of John C. and Evalena (Clingan) Jackson. Married December 22, 1917, to Mamie J. Fitch. Attended the public and high schools of Coitsville; High School of Youngstown; received A. B. degree from Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, in 1916; LL. B. degree from Law Department of that institution in 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1918. Associated with the firm of Harrington, DeFord, Heim & Huxley, of Youngstown, to date. Member Delta Tau Delta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Mahoning County Bar Association; Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

#### **JOHN WILBUR JACOBY.**

Residence and office, Marion, Ohio. Born in Marion County, Ohio, December 23, 1871. Son of Michael, Jr., and Catharine (Emery) Jacoby. Married to Edna Bird, of Covington, Kentucky August 8, 1900; two children: Wilbur Bird and Robert Bird. Educated in the common schools of his native county; received A. B. degree from Ohio Wesleyan University, 1895; LL. B. degree from Cincinnati, Ohio, Law School, 1897; A. M. degree from Ohio Wesleyan University, 1898. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1897; United

States District and Circuit Courts, 1899. Engaged in the individual general practice in Marion, Ohio, from 1897 to 1902; formed partnership with Hake Donathen, under firm name of Jacoby & Donathen, from 1902 to 1911; in the individual practice from 1911 to present time. Vice president, Marion Savings Bank; vice president and attorney, Citizens Building & Loan Co.; president, Economy Lumber Co., president, Marion Developing Co.; member of Board of Education, 1908-12. Author of History of Marion County; associate Editor of History of Northwest Ohio. Member Masonic Order,



Knights Templar, Shrine; B. P. O. E., I. O. O. F., K. of P., Marion County Bar Association, Marion Club; director Marion Country Club. City Solicitor of Marion, Ohio, from 1900 to 1904. Chairman Marion County Red Cross. Democrat.

#### **EVA LEAH JAFFA.**

Residence, 8806 Harkness Road; office, 813-15 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, February 14, 1893. Daughter of Mair C. and Sarah Zelda (Kaufman) Jaffa. Graduate of Mayflower School, 1908; Lincoln High School, 1912; Cleveland Law School of Baldwin-Wallace College in 1915, with degree of LL. B. (cum laude). Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1915. Member Cleveland Bar Association; Business Woman's Club; Woman's Political and Equality League; Young Men's and Women's Hebrew Associations.

#### **MIRIAM JAFFA.**

Residence, 8806 Harkness Road; office, 813-15 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, November 3, 1895. Daughter

of Mair C. and Sarah Zelda (Kaufman) Jaffa. Graduate of Scranton School, 1911; Lincoln High School, 1915; Cleveland Law School of Baldwin-Wallace University, 1918, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1918. Member of the firm of Jaffa & Jaffa; member Woman's Business Club; Political and Equality League; Young Men's and Women's Hebrew Associations.

#### JOSEPH PETER JAGLENSKI.

Residence, 2443 Professor Avenue, S. W.; office, 1011 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Warsaw, Poland, February 7, 1887. Son of Walter and Rose (Ciechuch) Jaglenski. Married to Bessie Serowski,



of Cleveland, Ohio, June 25, 1912. Attended parochial and public schools of Cleveland; Orchard Lake Seminary, 1905-13; graduate of Cleveland Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1916. Member of the firm of Merrick, Jaglenski & Mueller, Cleveland, 1916-17, since which time engaged in the individual practice. Candidate for State Legislature, 1920. Democrat.

#### BENJAMIN FRANKLIN JAMES.

Residence, Bowling Green; offices, State Bank Building, Bowling Green, and Second National Bank Building, Toledo, Ohio. Born in Mt. Gilead, Ohio, April 30, 1863. Son of William D. and Sarah (Merideth) James. Married to Myrtle E. McElroy, of Washington, D. C., September 4, 1901. Attended high school, Chesterville, Ohio, 1880; Ohio Wesleyan University, 1880-1; Denison University, 1881-4; received degree of A. B. from University of Chicago, 1884; LL. B.

degree from Yale University, 1887. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 5, 1887; United States District Court, 1889; United States Supreme Court, 1906. Maintained law offices in Bowling Green and Toledo, Ohio, since 1895. Member of the firm Nearing & James, of Bowling Green, Ohio, 1887-



91; James, Taber & Beverstock, 1891-2; James & Beverstock, 1892-99; James, Beverstock & Donahey, 1899-1903; James, Millard & Powell, 1903-06; James & Kelly, 1906-10; in the individual practice since 1910. Member Zeta Psi and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Masonic Bodies: 32nd degree, Scottish Rite, Knights Templar, Cincinnati Consistory; Yale Club, Washington, D. C.; Toledo Club, Toledo; American, Ohio State and Wood County Bar Associations. City Solicitor Bowling Green, Ohio, 1890-91; member Ohio Legislature, 1891-95; attorney for the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission, Washington, D. C., 1905-07. Republican.

#### WILLIAM B. JAMES.

Residence and office, Bowling Green. Born in Bradner, Ohio, March 7, 1883. Son of R. J. and Keturah O. (James) James. Married June 7, 1911, to Bess Yaeger, of Napoleon, Ohio; three children: Robert, Norman and Helen. Received A. B. degree from Tri-State College in 1904; LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1908; later to United States District Court. Associated with his uncle, Benjamin F. James, in Bowling Green for one year. In 1909 formed partnership with Jonathan E. Ladd, under the firm name of Ladd & James, until 1917, when the firm became Ladd, James & Ladd and so continues to



date. City Solicitor of Bowling Green since January 1, 1910. Chairman Liberty Loan Committee, Bowling Green and Home Service Section Red Cross, Wood County, dur-



ing the World War. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., B. P. O. E., Kiwanis Club, Wood County Bar Association. Republican.

#### ROBERT H. JAMISON.



Residence, Chardon Road; office, 500 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born September 18, 1884, at Greenville, Ohio. Son of Robert B.

and Mary L. (Huddle) Jamison. Married May 27, 1918, to Marjorie Leigh Carr. Early education received at Greenville public schools. Attended Ohio Wesleyan University, 1902-06, receiving A. B. and M. A. degrees; Harvard University in 1907 and 1909, and Western Reserve Law School, 1908. Graduate of Harvard Law School in 1910, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909; United States District Court, June, 1911. Associated with the firm of Bulkley & Inglis, 1910-13; Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Inglis & Saeger, 1913-14; admitted to partnership in 1914, the firm being changed in 1916 to Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Saeger & Jamison. Was Sergeant of Troop A, 1st Squadron, Ohio Cavalry, and from 1916 to 1917 served in Mexican Border Campaign. Commissioned First Lieutenant, Troop A, 1st Regiment of Ohio Cavalry, acting in that capacity May 4, 1917, to August 4, 1917. Captain 135th F. A. and Headquarters 62nd F. A. Brigade, August 4, 1917, to September 1, 1918. Commanding Battery E, 135th F. A., September 1, 1918, to February 1, 1919; Inspector of Artillery, Staff 9th Corps, American Expeditionary Forces, February 1, 1919, to April 1, 1919. Member Beta Theta Phi; Phi Delta Phi; University Club; Kirtland Country Club; Hermit Club; Chamber of Commerce; American Legion.

#### FORREST JEFFRIES.

Residence, 2035 Carrollton Avenue; office, 1604 Second National Bank Building, Toledo. Born in Hicksville, Ohio, May 21, 1885. Son of F. W. and Bertha J. (Will) Jeffries. Married to Mary H. Gunther, November 3rd, 1911; one son, Robert H. Graduate of West Denver High School, Denver Colorado, 1903; University of Denver, with A. B. degree, 1906; M. A. degree, 1907; Law Department, with LL. B. degree, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Colorado, 1909; Ohio, 1911; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1913. Engaged in the general law practice in Denver, Colorado, until 1911, when he moved to Toledo.

#### DAVID GOTTLIEB JENKINS.

Residence, Indianola Road; office, Court House, Youngstown. Born in Port Talbot, Wales, October 18, 1879. Son of Daniel R. and Mary A. (Williams) Jenkins. Married, July 10, 1915, to Edna J. Williams, of Youngstown; three children: Bronwen Elise, Elwyn Vernon and Ivor Neville. Early education received in the public schools of Germany, Austria and Wales. Moved to the United States at the age of 15. Graduate of New Castle, Pa., high school; Ohio Northern University Law Department, with LL. B. degree, in 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1906; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Editor of "Youngstown Labor Advocate" in 1903 and 1904. Commenced the practice of law in Youngstown in 1906 in

partnership with Clyde Osborne, under the firm name of Osborne & Jenkins, which continued until January 1, 1908, when he was appointed Assistant City Solicitor. In 1909 elected City Solicitor, which office he held for two terms. In 1916 formed partnership with W. J. Kenealy under the firm name of Kenealy & Jenkins until 1918, when he was elected Judge Common Pleas Court of Mahoning County, where he continues to date. In January, 1913, elected member Youngs-



man Legal Advisory Board No. 3, of Cleveland, during the war. Treasurer of Shaker Heights Village.

#### RALPH WILLIAM JEREMIAH.

Residence, 1713 Shaw Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 7th floor Marshall Building, Cleveland. Born in Sharon, Pennsylvania, February 27, 1890. Son of William C. and Gertrude (James) Jeremiah. Married to Bernice Katherine Wynant, September 2, 1911. Attended public and high schools, Youngstown; graduate Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, Cleveland, 1912, with A. B. degree; LL. B. degree from Law Department of the same university, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 25, 1914; United States District Court, February 10, 1919. Member of the firm of Smith, Olds & Smith. Member City Club, Cleveland; East Cleveland Good Government Club; Phi Beta Kappa; Delta Sigma Rho and Delta Theta Phi fraternities.

#### FRANK JOSEPH JEROME.

Residence, Painesville; office, New York Central Building, Cleveland. Born in Painesville, Ohio, November 2, 1855. Son of Joseph and Susan C. (Foster) Jerome. Married to Lucy E. Dingley, September 10, 1884. Attended Painesville public and high schools; attended Ann Arbor, Michigan, Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1877. Practiced law in Painesville in partnership with Hon. J. B. Burrows until 1893, when he became connected with the law department of the New York Central Railroad Co., Cleveland; General Counsel from 1912 to 1919; now Assistant Vice President in the Executive Department, Division of Law. Member Union Club,



town Charter Commission. Has made a special study of Economics and Historical Subjects and has delivered lectures and written magazine articles on these subjects. Member Draft Board No. 3 during the World War. Mahoning district representative in the Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F. of Ohio. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations; member of vestry of St. Andrew's Episcopal Church. Republican.

#### BENJAMIN LANE JENKS.

Residence, South Woodland Road, Shaker Heights Village; office, 1200 Marshall Building, Cleveland. Born in St. Clair, Michigan, June 13, 1869. Son of Robert H. and Mary S. (Clarke) Jenks. Married to Louise Davidson, of Cleveland, October 4, 1899. Graduate of St. Clair, Michigan, High School, June, 1886; attended Michigan Agricultural College, Lansing, Michigan, 1887-88; graduate of Cleveland Law School, 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1903. Chair-

Cleveland; Ohio Society of New York; Lake County Chamber of Commerce; Cleveland Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

### JOHN ROGERS JEWITT.

Residence, 1832 Taylor Road, East Cleveland; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born May 6, 1891, in Cleveland. Son of Dr. Edward Henry and Cora B. (Pelton) Jewitt. Married, October 12, 1915, to Jessie June Stork. Graduate of Central High School, Cleveland 1909. Attended Ohio Wesleyan University, 1909-10; graduate Western Reserve University, with A. B. degree, in 1913; attended Western Reserve Law School, 1913-15. Admitted to Ohio Bar, December 21, 1914. Member of Masonic Order; University Club. Democrat.

### LOUIS L. JIRA.

Residence, 5409 Clark Avenue; office, 202 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 10, 1896. Son of John and Anna (Fantys) Jira. Married to Mae Jessel, June 30, 1920. Attended parochial school, Cleveland; graduate of Baldwin-Wallace University Law School, with LL. B. de-



gree, June, 1920. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1920. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. During the World War served in Quartermaster Corps, 158th Depot Brigade, United States Army, at Camp Sherman, 1918; subsequently Director Compensation Department American Red Cross, Cleveland Chapter, until October 1, 1920. Member Knights of Columbus; Delta Theta Phi fraternity; American Legion; Cleveland Bar Association. Independent in politics.

### BEN W. JOHNSON.

Residence, 665 Lincoln Avenue; office, 838 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Elyria, Ohio, March 19, 1871. Son of Norman L. and Sarah (Tillotson) Johnson. Married to Kate Snow Walker, June 18, 1901. Attended public schools of Elyria; graduate of Elyria High School, 1887; attended Oberlin College, 1888-89; Brown University, 1890-93; received A. B. degree therefrom. Studied law at Columbia Law School, Washington, D. C., and New York Law School, New York City. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1896; later United States District Court, Northern District of



Ohio, and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Practiced in Elyria as member of the firm of N. L. & Ben W. Johnson, 1896 to 1901; in Toledo, member of the firm of Paddock, Johnson & Rowley, 1901-04; alone, 1904-06, Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Lucas County, 1907-08; member of the firm of Curtis T. & Ben. W. Johnson, 1908-09; in the individual practice since that time. Member Board of Trustees Toledo University, 1909 to 1918; Cammarian Club, Brown University; Zeta Psi college fraternity; Toledo Club; American Academy Political and Social Science; National Municipal League; American Judicature Society; Northwestern Ohio Historical Society; Sons of American Revolution; Kenilworth Club, Toledo.

### CURTIS TILLOTSON JOHNSON.

Residence, 665 Lincoln Avenue; office, Court House, Toledo. Born in Pittsfield, Massachusetts, November 5, 1861. Son of Norman L. and Sarah S. (Tillotson) Johnson. Attended the public schools of Elyria; graduate

of Williams College with A. B. degree in 1882; studied law in the office of Ballinger, Mett & Terry, Galveston, Texas. Moved to Toledo in 1887. Studied law with Emery Potter, Toledo. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1887; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals.



Commenced the practice of law in Toledo. In 1898 entered partnership with Judge Henry W. Sency and Charles K. Friedman under the firm name of Sency, Johnson & Friedman and so continued for a number of years. Elected Judge Common Pleas Court of Toledo, November, 1908; re-elected November, 1914, and continues in that office to the present time. Instructor in Evidence and in Equity at St. Johns Law College, Toledo, since 1910. Chairman Legal Advisory Board during the World War. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations. Democrat.

#### DAVID LAUNDON JOHNSON.

Residence, 2225 Chestnut Hills Drive; office, 1009 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Elyria, Ohio, June 27, 1888. Son of Attorney Melvin B. and Mary (Laundon) Johnson. Married to Frances Jane Rayner, November 20, 1919, at Washington, D. C. One child: Margaret Jane; two children by former marriage: David Laundon Jr. and Melvin Blake, 2nd. Attended University School, Cleveland; received A.B. degree from Dartmouth College, 1910; LL.B. degree from Harvard Law School, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913. Member of the firm of M. B. and H. H. Johnson. Commissioned First Lieutenant Ordnance Department, U. S. Army, September, 1917;

promoted to Captain January, 1918. In Washington, D. C., did legal work in connection with determination of cost under



Ordnance Department contracts. Member Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity; Cleveland Bar Association; Union; University; Country; Canterbury Clubs; Chamber of Commerce.

#### HALE CLAY JOHNSON.



Residence, 804 Middle Avenue; office, 300 Troxel Building, Elyria. Born in Elyria, Ohio, October 20, 1873. Son of Hon. E. G. and Lydia

(Gott) Johnson. Married to Katherine I. Burger, July 2, 1902. Educated in the public schools of Elyria, Ohio; studied law under the late Hon. E. G. Johnson, of Elyria. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December 6, 1902; United States Circuit Court, June 28, 1904; United States Supreme Court, April 9, 1907. Associated with his father, the late Hon. E. G. Johnson, in the law practice from December, 1902, until his death, February 28, 1911. At the present in the general practice of law in Elyria. Attorney for New York Central Railroad Co., C. C. C. & St. L. Ry. Co., Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co., Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R. Co., Lake Erie & Pittsburgh R. R. Co., Lake Terminal R. R. Co. Member Masonic Order: King Solomon Chapter, Knights Templar of Elyria, Life Member Al Koran Shrine, Cleveland; B. P. O. E. of Elyria; T. C. of America; Ohio State and Elyria Bar Associations. Republican.

### HOMER H. JOHNSON.

Residence, Overlook Road; office, 1009 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Hartland, Huron County, Ohio, June 26, 1862. Son of Alfred S. and Philathea (Townsend) Johnson. Married to Louise Pope, of Cleveland, October 2,



1901. Attended public and high schools of New London, Ohio; A. B. degree from Oberlin College, 1885; A. M. degree and LL. B. degree from Harvard University, 1888. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1888; later to United States Courts. Member of the law firm of M. B. and H. H. Johnson. Member Union, University, Country, Mayfield, Shaker, Row-fault Clubs of Cleveland; Cleveland Bar Association.

### THEODORE A. JOHNSON.

Residence, Boardman Road; office, 312 Stambaugh Building, Youngstown. Born in Adams County, Indiana, November 14, 1869. Son of John and Abaline (May) Johnson. Married to Alice E. Wherry, of Adams County, Indiana, March 15, 1893; three children: Arthur W., Gladys E. and Theodore A., Jr. Attended the public schools of Adams County, Indiana; high school, Decatur, Indiana; graduate of Western Ohio College, Middle Point, Ohio, with B. S. degree, in 1894; studied law during the time



he was engaged in selling insurance in Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1905; subsequently to the United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Commenced the practice of law in Youngstown in 1907; engaged in the general practice to date. Teacher in Youngstown Law School 10 years; during which time he was for 8 years Dean; resigned October, 1920. Secretary and Librarian Mahoning Law Library Association from March, 1907, to March, 1919. Member I. O. O. F., K. of P., Chamber of Commerce, Mahoning County Bar Association, American Political Science Association. Democrat.

### THOMAS L. JOHNSON.

Residence, 12717 Euclid Avenue; office, 1408 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Mingo, Champaign County, Ohio, May 29, 1855. Son of Alfred and Ann Elizabeth (Stone) Johnson. Married March 4, 1879, to Isabel Wilder (deceased); Stella Reid Crothers, 1912. Attended National Normal School, 1871-73; Taught in schools of Woodstock, Ohio,



1873-76; attended Boston University, 1876-78. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1879. Member of the firm of Hutchins, Campbell & Johnson, Cleveland, 1881-84; Stewart & Johnson, 1885-88; White, Johnson & McCaslin, 1890-92; since



1919, White, Johnson, Cannon & Spieth. Member Union Club, Chamber of Commerce. Independent in politics.

#### WALTER O. R. JOHNSON.

Office, 600 Wick Building, Youngstown. Born in Renova, Pennsylvania, February 14, 1893. Son of Nils P. and Emma (Wilson) Johnson. Married June 1, 1919, to Maud Osberg; one child: Theo. Virginia. Attended the public and high schools of Youngstown; graduate of University of Michigan with A. B. degree in 1917 and LL. B. degree in 1921. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1920. Member of the firm of Calvin & Johnson. Enlisted May, 1917, in United States Infantry at First Officers Training Camp, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana. Commissioned First Lieutenant August 15, 1917; discharged from the service May 15, 1919. Member Phi Alpha Delta Fraternity. Republican.

#### ULYSSES S. JOHNSTON.

Residence, Canton, Ohio; office, Geo. D. Harter Bank Block, Canton. Born in Wilmet, Stark County, Ohio, June 29, 1864. Son of William M. and Hannah (John-on) Johnston. Married to Daisie D. Barr, 1894; three children: Elizabeth, Frank and William. Primary education in public schools of Wilmet, Ohio; attended Hayesville Academy, Normal School, Danville, Indiana; A. B. degree from Wooster College, 1887; Course in Washington Law School, St. Louis, Missouri. Admitted to the

bar of Ohio, 1892; United States District Court later. Engaged in the individual practice in Canton. Exalted Ruler Elks; Member Jr. O. U. A. M.; Lakeside Country Club; Stark County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Chairman Republican Stark County Committee, 1889-1900. Republican.

#### CHARLES C. JONES.

Residence and office, Wooster. Born in Mt. Vernon, Ohio, October 22, 1873. Son of Lake F. and Jennie (Rathell) Jones. Married in 1901 to Mary Rockey. Attended the public schools and business college of Wooster; Ohio State University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1900. Member of the firm of McClaran & Jones to date. Deputy Clerk Probate Court of Wayne County, 1894 to 1900. Probate Judge Wayne County since February, 1921. Member K. of P., L. O. O. M., Lutheran Church. Democrat.

#### DATUS RUE JONES.

Residence and office, Bowling Green. Born in Custar, Ohio, January 24, 1867. Son of Orson Hamilton and Agnes N. (Mears) Jones. Married to Ada C. Starr, April 30, 1895. Attended Common Schools of Custar; graduate of Ohio Northern University with B. S. degree, 1889; University of Michigan Law School with LL. B. degree, 1893. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 9, 1892. President Humane Society of Bowling Green; Member Ohio State and Wood County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### JOHN C. JONES.

Residence, Perrysburg, Ohio; office, 551 The Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Lock, Knox County, Ohio, April 9, 1857. Son of Basil and Isabel (Evans) Jones. Married to Addie M. Harris, December 24, 1885; six children: Waite D., Bessie B., Lucille E., John C., Jr., Ila and Avalene. Graduate of Utica Normal School, June 3, 1881. During the World War an active member of the Home Guards, of Toledo, Ohio. Member F. & A. M., O. E. S., Modern Woodmen, Central Christian Church. Member the Ohio Legislature from Lucas County, 1902-06. Postmaster of Sylvania under the Taft administration. Republican.

#### LEVI MILLER JONES.

Residence, 918 N. Cleveland Avenue; office, 204 S. Market Street, Canton. Born in Damascus, Columbiana County, Ohio, September 21, 1844. Son of Joshua and Rebecca (Miller) Jones. Married to Alice Danner, June, 1881; three children: John Paul, Edith and Joshua Lee. Attended Damascus Academy, 1862; graduate Mt. Union College in 1867. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, April, 1870. Practiced law in Canton over fifty years. Member I. O. O. F.; Canton and Stark County Bar Associations. Republican

**PAUL J. JONES.**

Residence, Lincoln Apartments; office, Court House, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, November 4, 1880. Son of W. B. and Mary (Harris) Jones. Attended the public and high schools of Youngstown; graduate of University of Michigan Law Department with LL. B. degree in 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1904; subsequently to United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. Practiced law in Cleveland from 1904 to January, 1906, when he moved to Youngstown and formed partnership with F. R. Hahn under the firm name of Hahn & Jones, which continued until July, 1908, when he became associated with the firm of Hine, Kennedy, Manchester, Conroy & Ford. Republican candidate for Mayor of Youngstown in 1909. Referee in Bankruptcy, 1912 to 1916. Assistant City Attorney of Youngstown, 1916-1917. In 1920 elected Judge Common Pleas Court of Mahoning County. Member University of Michigan (Point a Minute Team) Football Team in 1902 and was chosen a member of the all-American team that year. Coached Western Reserve University Football team in 1904 and 1905. President Mahoning Valley Athletic Federation. Member B. P. O. E.; I. O. O. F., Youngstown Club; Youngstown Country Club; Delta Chi Fraternity; American, Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Republican.

**THOMAS STEPHEN JONES.**

Residence, 1436 Ridge Avenue; office, 414 National Exchange Bank Building, Steubenville. Born in Yorkville, Ohio, November 1, 1876. Son of Charles and Sarah (VanMeter) Jones. Married to Fern Wallace Mertz, August 21, 1912; three children: Mertz H., Frederick C., Sarah E. Graduate of Martins Ferry, Ohio, High School, 1902; Ohio State University Law School, 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1905; United States District Court, 1915. Member of Masonic Bodies: 32nd degree, Shrine; K. of P.; Ohio State and Jefferson County Bar Associations. Republican.

**ROLLAND JONES.**

Residence, 186 South Union Street; office, 502 Central Savings & Trust Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, February 12, 1872. Son of Zenas C. and Sarah K. (King) Jones. Educated in Akron public schools, 1878-1889; graduate of Akron High School, June, 1889; attended Buchtel College, Akron, September, 1889, to May, 1891; entered University of Michigan Law School, October, 1893; graduated therefrom with LL. B. degree, June, 1895. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Illinois, 1895; Ohio, 1916. Practiced law in Chicago, 1895-1916; since which time in Akron. Member Lone Star



fraternity, Akron Law Library Association, Summit County Bar Association.

**CHARLES E. JORDAN.**

Residence and office, Findlay. Born in Hancock County, Ohio, December 27, 1871. Son of John M. and Isabell (Redman) Jordan. Married December 12, 1899, to Gail Dukes; one child: Richard D. Attended public and high schools, Hancock County; received S. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, 1899. Read law in office of Henry Brown, Findlay; received LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School, 1893. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1893; later United States District Court. Prosecuting Attorney Hancock County, January, 1897, to January, 1903. Member Board of Trustees Chamber of Commerce, Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., Hancock County Bar Association. Democrat.

**EMIL JOSEPH.**

Residence, 1689 East 115th Street; office, 1210 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in New York, N. Y., September 5, 1857. Son of Moritz and Jette (Selig) Joseph. Married to Fannie Dryfoos, of Cleveland, December 8, 1891. Attended public schools of New York City; graduate of Cleveland Central High School, 1875; graduate of Columbia University, 1879, and from the Law Department of that institution in 1881. Admitted to the bars of New York and Ohio, 1881. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland. Member Excelsior Club, Oakwood Golf Club, Tippecanoe Club, Western



Warren, Ohio; attended Warren High School two years; Wyoming Seminary, Kingston, Pa., 1906-08; received A. B. degree from Princeton University, 1912; LL. B. degree from University of Michigan, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, 1915; Illinois, 1916; Ohio, 1918. Associated with Claim Department Fidelity & Casualty Co. of New York in Chicago, 1915, to May 1, 1917; chief examiner of the same company in charge of Kansas City, Missouri, branch office, from May 1, 1917, to October 1, 1917; since that date associated with the law firm of Harrington, DeFord, Heim & Huxley, of Youngstown. Member Legal Advisory Board, Mahoning County, during the war. Member Dial Lodge, Princeton University; secretary Princeton Alumni Association of Youngstown; member Mahoning County Bar Association. Chairman Mahoning County Republican Hoover Campaign Committee, 1920.

#### CHARLES LLOYD JUSTICE.

Residence, 410 East Center Street; office, 133 East Center Street, Marion, Ohio. Born in Ottawa, Ohio, November 26, 1880. Son

Reserve Club, Chamber of Commerce, City Club, Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### WALLACE F. JUDD.



Residence, 473 LaCleda Avenue; office, 1200 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Dixon, Illinois, September 4, 1890. Son of Asa G. and Carrie F. (Fuller) Judd. Married to Margaret E. Wylie in Scranton, Pa., October 16, 1915; one son, Wallace Wylie. Educated in the public schools of



of Joseph and C. Irene (Henderson) Justice. Attended public schools of Ottawa; graduate Ottawa high school, 1898; received A. B. degree from University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 1903; LL. B. degree from Law Department of that institution in 1905. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio, 1905; United States District Court, Northern and Southern Divisions, 1910. In partnership with Hector S. Young, under the firm name of Justice & Young, from January 1, 1917, to January 1, 1920, when Grant E. Mouser, Jr., joined the firm, which



became Justice, Young & Mouser. During the World War connected with Red Cross and bond drives; member Marion County War Board. Member Marion Club, Tally Wag Club, Masonic Bodies, Knights Templars. Chairman of the Committee on Legislation of the Grand Lodge of K. of P., of the Grand Domain of Ohio; Exalted Ruler Lodge No. 32, B. P. O. E.; member Alpha Tau Omega fraternity; Ohio State and Marion County Bar Associations; First Presbyterian Church. Prosecuting Attorney of Marion County from 1909 to 1913; president, Marion County Democratic Club at present time. Democrat.

#### PETER HENRY KAISER.

Residence, 1831 East 87th Street; office, 8608 Hough Avenue, Cleveland. Born in Rush Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, September 14, 1840. Son of Martin and Mary (Colver) Kaiser. Married to Beza (Boynton) Kaiser, August, 1872. Attended country district schools; Oberlin College, 1860 to 1867; received degrees of A. B. and A. M. from Oberlin and State and Union Law School of Cleveland, 1868 and 1869. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1869; later to United States District and United States Supreme Court. 1867 to 1868, Superintendent of Schools at Elyria, Ohio. In partnership with A. T. Brewer, 1870 to 1871; with W. W. Andrews, 1873 to 1878. Served at Fort Stevens, 150th O. N. G., Mustered out August, 1864; at present Regimental Historian. Member Order of Chosen Friends and G. A. R. Republican.

#### ARTHUR N. KALEY.



Residence, 509 North Street; office, City Hall, Massillon. Born in Massillon, Ohio,

December 1, 1867. Son of Joseph S. and Miriam C. (Warren) Kaley. Attended Massillon public schools; graduated (with honorable mention), 1886; special student Ohio Wesleyan University, 1889-90; instructor Commercial Business College, Massillon, 1888; private secretary in law office, Cleveland, 1891-96; attended Law School of Western Reserve University, 1896-99, LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 14, 1899. Practiced individually in Cleveland from 1899 to 1900; in Massillon from 1900 to date. During the World War associate member Legal Advisory Draft Board. Member Masonic Order, Sons of Revolution; treasurer Loyal Order of Moose; treasurer Protected Home Circle; chaplain and Past Exalted Ruler Elks; Worthy Past President Eagles; trustee Knights of Pythias; member Stark County Bar Association. Mayor of Massillon, Ohio, from 1912 to 1916; first Judge Municipal Court of Massillon, 1920.

#### JOHN P. KALINA.

Residence, 4005 Hyde Avenue; office, 102 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 24, 1892. Son of P. V. and Antoinette (Fridel) Kalina. Married to



Mary C. Kapl in Cleveland, Ohio, August 4, 1915. Attended St. Prokop's parochial school, Cleveland; graduate of St. Ignatius College with A. B. degree, 1911; Cleveland Law School with LL. B. degree, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 25, 1914. Member of the law firm of Doerfler, Haas & Kalina from August 1, 1914, to July, 1915; now engaged in individual practice. Member Knights of Columbus, B. P. O. E., City Club, The Alpha Club.

**ABRAM ABBA KALISH.**

Residence, 13611 Third Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 1320 Ontario Street, Cleveland. Born in Poland, April 25, 1889. Son of Joel and Anna (Levenson) Kalish. Married to Beatrix Franks Margolies, sister of the late Rabbi Samuel Margolies, of Cleveland. Attended the Cleveland public schools; graduate of Central High School; attended Baldwin-Wallace College and Cleveland Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1917. In partnership with his brother, J. L. Kalish, in Cleveland, under the firm name of Kalish & Kalish. Associate member Legal Advisory Board, District No. 17, during the war; member City Club, I. O. B. B.

**JACOB LOUIS KALISH.**

Residence, 10527 Olivet Avenue; office, 1320 Ontario Street, Cleveland. Born in Poland, December 16, 1892. Son of Joel and Anna (Levenson) Kalish. Attended the primary schools of Cleveland and Central High School; graduate of Adelbert College,



Western Reserve University, with A. B. degree, 1914; Baldwin-Wallace Law School, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1916. In partnership with his brother, A. A. Kalish, under the firm name of Kalish & Kalish. Served in the U. S. Army in a military capacity from August 14, 1917, to April 19, 1919; in France from September 8, 1917, to March 30, 1919. Member I. O. B. B., Zeta Beta Tau fraternity. Independent politically.

**WILLIAM ALOYSIUS KANE.**

Residence, 448 East 124th Street; office, 1119 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born

in Cleveland, Ohio, October 8, 1870. Son of Dennis and Ellen (O'Malia) Kane. Received primary and commercial education in St. Edward's Academy, Cleveland; attended Central Institute and Cleveland prepara-



tory school (night sessions). Received L.L. B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 5, 1918. Associated with law firm of Quigley & Byrnes. Member Gilmour Council, Knights of Columbus; Delta Theta Phi (law fraternity), Cleveland Bar Association.

**KARL WALTER KARCH.**

Residence, 2037 East 77th Street; office, 538 East Ohio Gas Building, Cleveland. Born in Mt. Hope, Holmes County, Ohio, July 5, 1884. Son of Jacob T. and Emma N. (Albright) Karch. Married to Anne S. Sullivan, of Muncie, Indiana, March 7, 1916. Attended public schools of Massillon, Ohio; Baldwin-Wallace College, Cleveland, 1906-1908; read law in the office of Willison & Day, Massillon, Ohio; graduate of Western Reserve Law School with degree of LL. B., 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 23, 1908; to United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1912. Member of the firm of Stanton & Karch, 1909-11; associated with Harry F. Payer, 1912-1918; since 1918 a member of the firm of Payer, Winch, Minshall & Karch. Member of Company B, Battalion of Engineers of Ohio National Guard, 1907-1911. Member Theta Lambda Phi and Delta Theta Phi fraternities; Cleveland Bar Association. Democrat.

#### PAUL G. KASSULKER.

Residence, 1568 East 85th Street; office, 1006 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Portage Du Fort, Canada, January 7, 1863. Son of Charles A. and Dora Kassulker. Married to Bessie R. Curtis, of Cleveland, Ohio, March 27, 1884. Educated in the parochial schools of Cleveland and with private tutors. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 7,



1884; United States District and Circuit Courts, December 20, 1898. Engaged in the practice of Corporation and Realty Law from October 7, 1884, to July 1, 1916, thereafter associated with son, Walter S., under the firm name of Kassulker & Kassulker. During the War served as Liberty and Victory Bond salesman. Member Cleveland,

American and Ohio State Bar Associations; Athletic and Automobile Clubs and Museum of Art of Cleveland. Republican.

#### WALTER SCOTT KASSULKER.

Residence, East 85th Street; office, 1006 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 16, 1888. Son of Paul G. and Bessie (Curtis) Kassulker. Educated in University School of Cleveland; received degree of Ph. B. from University of Chicago, 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1916. Engaged in the general law practice



in partnership with his father, Paul G. Kassulker, under firm name of Kassulker & Kassulker. Served in United States Army during the World War. Appointed 1st lieutenant at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, November 22, 1917; promoted to captain, September, 1918; served in 46th Field Artillery, 16th Division. Member Cleveland Army & Navy Post, University Club, Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity. Republican.

#### HARRY J. KATZ.

Residence, 861 East 72nd Street; office, 519 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Warsaw, Russ-Poland, June 6, 1896. Son of Victor and Rebecca (Greenbaum) Katz. Attended the Cleveland public schools, 1900-08; East Technical High School, 1908-09; West High School of Commerce, 1909-13; received LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School of Baldwin-Wallace University, 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1918; to the United States District Court, March 10, 1920. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Enlisted in United States Navy April, 1918;

released from active duty December 20, 1918. Member of American Legion, Cleveland Naval Reserve Club, Supreme Council World War Veterans, Quartermaster General for the state of Ohio and Judge Advocate General for the National Corps of the Army & Navy Union. Member Knights of Pythias, Gordon Park Recreation Club, Jonathan Club, High School and College Alumnus, Industrial Association of Cleveland. Secretary to Congressman H. I.



Emerson; president 23rd Ward Republican Club, League of Republican Clubs of Cuyahoga County since 1918; member The Western Reserve Republican Club, Republican precinct committeeman since 1914. Republican.

#### O. D. KAUFMAN.

Residence, 430 W. North Street; office, 128½ Public Square, Wooster. Born in Wayne County, Ohio, October 12, 1878. Son of Thomas J. and Susan (Urban) Kaufman. Married to Benlah Hauser, of Montgomery County, Ohio, September 20, 1910; four children: Gertrude, Kathryn, Mildred and Frances. Attended the country schools of Wayne County, Ohio; Wooster Business College and Wooster University. Read law in office of Benton G. Hay. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1917. Associated with Captain Mahlon Rouch, at Wooster. Enlisted in the United States Army for service in the World War, August 27, 1917. Discharged November 27, 1917. Member Masonic Order; Knights Templar; Wayne County Bar



Association, American Legion, Sons of Veterans. Republican.

#### FRANCIS BERNARD KAVANAGH.

Residence, 1473 East 108th Street; office, 804 Illuminating Building, Cleveland. Born in Union City, Pa., August 14, 1879. Son of John F. and Mary E. Kavanagh. Married to Mildred Sigler, of Cleveland, Ohio, May 30, 1916; one son: Maurice S. Received primary and high school education in schools of Union City, Pa.; graduate of the high school (valedictorian), 1896; preparatory college training in Vincennes Academy, Germantown, Pa.; graduate of Baldwin-Wallace University Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 23, 1909; later to United States District and Appellate Courts and United States Supreme Court. Interested in journalism for several years prior to admission to the bar. On reportorial staff of Cleveland Leader; also editorial and reportorial staffs of the Warren, Ohio, Daily News, and several country papers; one of the organizers and establishers of the Harrison County Herald, of Clarksburg, West Virginia. During his newspaper experience became interested in sociological conditions, finally giving up this work to assist in establishing the Cleveland City Farm School for dependent and delinquent boys in Hudson, Ohio, 1906; Assistant General Agent of the Cleveland Humane Society and assisted in the accomplishment of the re-organizing of same. Commenced the practice of law in the office of Hon. Martin A. Foran, in Cleveland; thereafter an associate in the office of George H. Billman; became a member of the firm of Collister, Gentsch & Kavanagh, June, 1915; since January 1, 1918, a member of the firm of Gentsch, Raw-

son, Smith, Kavanagh & Carpenter. Active in Democratic politics in Cleveland and vicinity for fifteen years; managed the Congressional campaigns for the 20th Congressional district, 1910-12; chairman of lawyers' committee in the fall of 1914; appoint-



ed by the Attorney General of the United States as First Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Ohio, June 15, 1915; appointed special assistant to the United States Attorney for the Northern District of Ohio for the prosecution of cases arising out of the war against the Imperial German government; 32nd Degree Mason, member of Shrine; Delta Theta Phi (legal fraternity); Cleveland Athletic Club; Cleveland, Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Democrat.

#### **WILLIAM FRANCIS KEAN.**

Residence, 463 East Bowman Street; office, 201-2 People's Savings & Loan Building, Wooster. Born in Plain Township, Wayne County, Ohio, February 9, 1855. Son of Dewitt C. and Mary E. (Brubaker) Kean. Married to Alice A. Smith, October 24, 1883; two children: Clara E. Coffey and Frances G. Attended country school from 1860 to 1870; select school, Shreve, Ohio, 1871; select school, Smithville, Ohio, 1871-73; Wooster University, Wooster, Ohio, 1875-81; received degrees of Ph. B. and Ph. D. therefrom. Studied law in office of McClure & Smyser, Wooster, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 6, 1886; to the United States District and Circuit Courts, 1904. Commenced the practice of law alone in Wooster, June 6, 1886, continuing until January 1, 1900; then entered into partnership with Dwight G. Hay, which

continued until July 1, 1900; alone until July 1, 1908, when a partnership was formed with R. L. Adair, which continues to the present time. Attorney for People's Savings & Loan Company of Wooster, since 1904; also for American Surety Company since 1900; di-



rector and attorney for Commercial Banking & Trust Company of Wooster. Chairman Legal Advisory Board for Wayne County, Ohio, during the World War. Member K. O. T. M., Wooster Tent No. 38; Methodist Episcopal Church. Referee in Bankruptcy for district of Wayne and Holmes Counties, from September 9, 1898, until September 9, 1914. Republican.

#### **GEORGE QUAID KEELEY.**

Residence, 3211 West 14th Street; office, 322 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June 13, 1894. Son of John J. and Ella (Quaid) Keeley. Attended St. Joseph's Convent (school for boys); St. Augustine School and Lincoln High School of Cleveland; Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915; United States District Court, March 23, 1917. In partnership with Fred Desberg under the firm name of Desberg & Keeley since March 1, 1920. Member Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Democrat.

#### **JOSEPH B. KEENAN.**

Residence, 3813 Euclid Avenue; office, 617 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Pawtucket, Rhode Island, January 11, 1888. Son of Bernard A. and Sarah A. (Berry) Keenan. Graduate Brown University with A. B. and A. M. degrees, 1910; Harvard Law School with LL. B. degree, 1913. Admitted to the



bar of Ohio, December, 1913. Member of firm of Morgan & Keenan, 1916-1917; associated with the firm of Day, Day & Wilkin, 1919. Enlisted in 135th Field Artillery; appointed Sergeant. Commissioned First Lieutenant in A. E. F. during the war. Member Troop A. Veterans, University Club, Hermit Club, Knights of Columbus. Republican.

### **CORNELIUS P. KEISER.**

Residence, Alameda Avenue; office, Wick Building, Youngstown. Born October 3, 1880. Son of Peter and Maria Keiser. Married June 20, 1911, to Emma Smith, of Sharon, Pa.; two children: Cornelia and Eileen. Studied law privately. For 14 years



engaged in commercial pursuits. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1917; United States District Court, November, 1919. Practiced law in Youngstown continuously to the present time. Represents Roumanian interests in Mahoning County. Expert in Languages and International Law. Member Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Republican.

### **ALFRED KENDALL KELLEY.**

Residence, Overlook Road, Euclid Heights; office, Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, September 22, 1891. Son of Herman A. and Florence A. (Kendall) Kelley. Educated in the University School, Cleveland; attended Ecole Des Cartes in Lyons, France, 1909. Graduate of Yale University with degree A. B. in 1914; Harvard Law School with LL. B. degree, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1918. Associated with firm of Hoyt, Dustin, Kelley, McKeehan, and Andrews from June, 1917 to January 1,

1919; Hoyt, Dustin, McKeehan and Andrews, January 1, 1919, to February 1, 1920; now with the firm of Kelley and Cottrell. In Headquarters Company, Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, during 1918; transferred to Officers Training Camp, Fremont, California, November, 1918; discharged December 18, 1918. Member University Club.

### **HERMON ALFRED KELLEY.**

Residence, Overlook Road, Euclid Heights; office, 1548 Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born May 15, 1859, at Kelley's Island, Ohio. Son of Alfred Stow and Hannah (Farr) Kelley. His father was the son of Datus Kelley, who bought Kelley's Island in 1833 and removed his family there in 1836; he was the son of Judge Daniel Kelley, who was the second president of Cleveland Village in 1816, succeeding his son Alfred Kelley, who was first president in 1814. The family came to Cleveland 1796 to 1812. Attended Buchtel College, from which he received degrees of B. S., 1879; A. B., 1880; and A. M., 1883; was conferred LL. B. degree,



1907; attended Harvard Law School, 1880-1881; and Goettingen University, at Germany (courses in Roman Law and German Literature), 1882-1883. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, 1883; Ohio, 1884; United States Circuit Courts of Appeals, 2nd, 6th, 7th Circuit; United States District Courts in Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and to Supreme Court of United States, 1907. Began the practice of law in Detroit, being associated with Griffin, Dickinson, Thurber & Hosmer, 1883. Removed to Cleveland, where he practiced alone for a short period, 1884. Member of the firm of Stearns & Kelley,

1885-1891. First Assistant Corporation Counsel of Cleveland, 1891-1893; member of the firms of Hoyt, Dustin & Kelley, and Hoyt, Dustin, Kelley, McKeehan & Andrews, 1893-1919, finally Kelley & Cottrell, which exists to date. General counsel American Shipbuilding Co.; Pittsburgh Steamship Co., Interlake Steamship Co., Great Lakes Touring Co., Atchison & Eastern Bridge Co. Member Union, University, Roadside, Country and Mayfield Clubs, of Cleveland; Twaalfskill Club, of Kingston, New York; Cleveland Chamber of Commerce; past president Western Reserve Society, also Ohio Society Sons of American Revolution; vice president of New England Society of Cleveland; president and treasurer of The Horace Kelley Art Foundation. Member board of trustees and ex-com. Cleveland Museum of Art; chairman board of directors Morris Plan Bank of Cleveland, and member of board of directors, National City Bank of Cleveland. Republican.

#### WALTER CARL KELLEY.

Residence, 1534 Elbur Avenue, Lakewood; office, 912 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Hillsboro, Ohio, June 4, 1883. Son of Warren L. and Florence (Hurst) Kelley. Married to Carolyn Johnson June 24, 1913. Educated in the common and high schools of Hillsboro; graduate of Marietta College with degree A. B., 1906; Harvard Law School, 1909, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1909; Virginia Bar, 1910. Practiced law in Norfolk, Virginia, one year. Moved to Cleveland in 1911. Member Lakewood Chamber of Commerce; City Club of Cleveland; Cleveland Bar Association.

#### JOHN HALL KELLOGG.



Residence, 1437 E. 137th Street; office, 500 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Topeka, Kansas, January 6, 1891. Son of John R. and Charlotte A. (Hall) Kellogg. Married Hannah A. Witkop, September 3, 1920. Attended Madison (Ohio) primary schools; graduate of Painesville (Ohio) High School, 1908; Oberlin College, with degree of A. B., in 1912 and degree of A. M. in 1914; attended University of Chicago Law School (summer quarters), 1915-1916; graduate Western Reserve University Law School in 1917, with degree of LL. B. and Order of the Coif. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 15, 1917. Associated with the firm of Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Saeger & Jamison. Member The City Club; Phi Beta Kappa and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities.

#### EDWARD W. KELSEY, JR.

Residence, 2330 Scottwood Avenue; office, 1002 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, September 29, 1885. Son of Edward W. and Elizabeth (Hall) Kelsey. Married September 9, 1914, to Charlotte Dwight; one child: Dwight Edward. Attended the public and high schools of Toledo; Ohio State University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1912; later to the United States District Court. Member of the firm of Tracy, Chapman & Welles since 1918. Member Masonic Order, Ohio State and Toledo Bar Associations, Phi Delta Theta, Phi Delta Phi and Delta Sigma Rho Fraternities. Republican.

#### CORTLAND LATIMER KENNAN.

Office, 11 Gardiner Block, Norwalk. Born in Norwalk, December 29, 1847. Son of Jairus and Charlotte E. (Gardiner) Kennan. Educated in Norwalk Public and High Schools; graduate of Western Reserve University Law School, June, 1867. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, April 23, 1869; United States Circuit Court, October 16, 1874. In partnership with his father, Jairus Kennan, for three years; with his brother, H. L. Kennan; subsequently with his brother, J. R. Kennan. Enlisted in Co. G., 6th O. N. G., August 6, 1877; appointed First Sergeant, August 9, 1877; elected Second Lieutenant, May 1, 1879; First Lieutenant, May 13, 1882; Captain, December 30, 1885; appointed Colonel and Aide on staff of Governor J. B. Foraker, January 11, 1886; elected Colonel 5th O. N. G. April 19, 1893 and again on April 2, 1898; commissioned Colonel 5th O. N. G. April 26, 1898; commissioned May 11, 1898, Colonel 5th O. V. I.; served with Co. G in Cincinnati and 5th O. N. G. in Massillon; discharged November 5, 1898. Served in the Spanish-American War, May 11, 1898, to November 5, 1898. Member F. & A. M.; Knights Templar; Al Koran Temple; A. A. O. N. M. S.; Norwalk Bar Association. Clerk of Norwalk Village for some time. Elected Councilman 1881 and 1884 Republican.

# **JAMES KENNEDY.**

Residence, 130 Madison Avenue; office, 604 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Mahoning County, Ohio, September 3, 1853. Son of Thomas Walker and Margaret (Truesdale) Kennedy. Married to Phoebe Jane Erwin, of Youngstown; one child: Grace (wife of Richard Mitchell). Graduate of Westminster College, New Wilmington, Pennsylvania, with A. B. degree in 1876; studied law in the office of General T. W. Sandersen, of Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1879; subsequently to the United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. In 1879 became a member of the firm of Maline & Kennedy at Youngstown; later Kennedy, Moore, Williams & Connell, until he was elected to Congress in 1902, where he served until March 4, 1911. Resumed the practice in Youngstown as member of the firm of Kennedy & Mumaw, which continued until 1920. Member B. P. O. E., Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Member Youngstown City Council for a number of years. Democratic Candidate for Congress, 19th District, in 1920. Democrat.

# **JOSEPH W. KENNEDY.**

Residence, 2102 Adelbert Road; office, 805 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Augusta, Ohio, July 18, 1892. Son of George W. and Mary Ellen (Figley) Ken-



nedly. Primary education received in country school of New Alexander, Ohio; attended Mt. Union preparatory school, 1908-1910; Wooster College, Wooster, Ohio, 1910-1914; received degree of Ph. B. therefrom; The Franklin T. Backus Law School of Western

Reserve University, Cleveland, 1915-1919. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 3, 1919. Associated with law firm of Treadway & Marlatt, Cleveland, since April 2, 1919. Served in France with Base Hospital No. 4 in the World War from May 25, 1917, to November, 1917; commissioned lieutenant in the fall of the same year; with 119th F. A. 32nd Division; in active service 23 months; discharged March 21, 1919. Member Cleveland Grays; Chas. H. Kell Post, American Legion No. 47; Delta Tau Delta (college fraternity), Delta Theta Phi (professional fraternity), Erie Lodge K. of P.. Member of Non-Partisan League, which sought to elect Dr. Bishop in 1919. Independent politically with Democratic leanings.

# **OTHO WALTER KENNEDY.**

Residence and office, Bucyrus, Ohio. Born in Crawford County, Ohio, May 25, 1878. Son of Thomas S. and Hester F. (Monnette) Kennedy. Married to Edna T. Birk, in Bucyrus, November 24, 1910; one child: Paul C. Attended public schools until the age of 19; then entered Ohio Normal College (now Ohio Northern University), Ada, Ohio; studied literary branches and completed business course, graduating with B. C. S. degree, 1899; studied law at Western Reserve University and Law Department of Ohio Northern University, graduating from latter 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 6, 1902; United States



District Court, Northern District of Ohio, February 2, 1912. Practiced law for a time in Marion, Ohio, in partnership with his brother, T. M. Kennedy; subsequently they both moved to Bucyrus and continued the practice as partners until 1908, when the firm



was dissolved; since that date in the individual practice. Member B. P. O. E., F. O. E., L. O. O. M., Crawford County Bar Association. Solicitor for city of Bucyrus, January 1, 1908, to January 1, 1914; Prosecuting Attorney of Crawford County, Ohio, January 1, 1915, to January 1, 1919. Deputy State Supervisor of Election. Democrat.

#### **THOMAS MARTIN KENNEDY.**

Residence, 1880 East 79th Street; office, New Court House, Cleveland. Born in Ireland, May 26, 1859. Son of John and Sarah (Costello) Kennedy. Married to Ellen F. Noonan, 1890. Attended Western Reserve Academy; Adelbert College of Western Reserve University; graduate Law School of The University of Cincinnati with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1888. Prosecuting Attorney and Judge of Police Court, 1891-1901; Judge Common Pleas Court, Cuyahoga County, since 1901. Republican.

#### **WALTER KROH KEPPEL.**

Residence, 252 Melmore Street; office, 11½ Court Street, Tiffin. Born in Tiffin, Ohio, July 5, 1880. Son of Guilford B. and Emeline (Kroh) Keppel. Married to Della Warnebold, of Davenport, Iowa, November 24, 1915; three children: Walter Kroh, Jr., Gretchen, and Dorothy. Attended public and high schools,



Tiffin; Heidelberg University, Tiffin, 1900-01; Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, 1902-04; received LL. B. degree. Read law in office of his father, Guilford B. Keppel, Tiffin, who was one of the prominent members of the Seneca County Bar. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1904. Engaged in the general practice of law, alone, at Tiffin. Mayor of

Tiffin, 1912-17. Member Masonic Order; K. of P.; B. P. O. E.; Jr. O. U. A. M.; Seneca County Bar Association; Theta Nu Epsilon Fraternity. Democrat.

#### **OTIS W. KERNS.**

Residence and office, Van Wert. Born in Fairfield County, Ohio, May 2, 1874. Son of Martin J. and Philena (Kiger) Kerns. Married to Della Tumbleson, December 28, 1897. Early education received in the common schools of Ohio; graduate Ohio Normal University, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 13, 1901; United States District Court, 1913. Member of the firm of Priddy & Kerns, 1901-03; Blachly, Priddy & Kerns, 1903-05; Blachly & Kerns, 1905-1916. Member K. of P.; B. P. O. E., Van Wert County, Ohio State and American Bar Associations. City Solicitor of Van Wert for six years, Prosecuting Attorney for Van Wert County, Ohio, two terms. Republican.

#### **FRANK H. KERR.**

Residence, 712 N. Fourth Street; office, 508 National Exchange Building, Steubenville. Born near Richmond, Ohio, February 5, 1862. Son of William E. and Mary A. (Stoneman) Kerr. Married to Bella Cochran, of Steubenville, April 27, 1905. Educated in the public schools of Richmond,



Ohio; attended Richmond College. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 8, 1891; United States Supreme Court at Washington, D. C., April 25, 1913. Engaged in the general law practice in Steubenville. Member Jefferson County and State Bar Associations; Knights of Pythias, Odd Fellows, Masonic Bodies: 32nd degree. Judge of Pro-

late Court of Jefferson County two terms; second term terminated in 1906. Member of Ohio Constitutional Convention, 1912. Active in Republican committee work. Republican.

### **SAMUEL CLIFFORD KERR.**

Residence, West Market Street; office 901-03 Sinclair Building, Steubenville. Born in East Springfield, Ohio, May 26, 1886. Son of Samuel R. and Clara A. (Hooper) Kerr. Married to Pearl Ulery, in Washington, Pa., December 25, 1911; two children: William U. and Clara M. Received primary education in schools of East Springfield, Ohio; took academic course in Mt. Union Academy, 1907; attended Pearce School of Public Speaking and Dramatic Arts, 1908; received



degree of A. B. from Washington & Jefferson College, 1911; received degree of LL. B. from Western Reserve University Law School, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1914. Associated with Addison C. Lewis in Steubenville, ever since 1914. Commercial connections: The Steubenville Bank & Trust Company; The Stanton Investment Company. Member Masonic Order; B. P. O. E., K. of P., Republican Club, Sigma Nu and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities; Steubenville Bar Association, Athletic Advisory Committee of Washington & Jefferson College. Republican.

### **W. GEORGE KERR.**

Residence, 2066 East 77th Street; office, 538 East Ohio Gas Building, Cleveland. Born in Portland, Oregon, February 17, 1889. Son of James A. and Mary H. (Keasey) Kerr. Educated in the grammar

and high schools of Portland, Oregon; Boston, Massachusetts; St. Louis, Missouri; Detroit, Michigan, Cleveland, Ohio; attended the University of Michigan six years; received degrees of A. B. and LL. B. therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1915. Member of the firm of Payer,



Winch, Minshall & Karch. Member Phi Sigma Kappa fraternity, City and Athletic Clubs, of Cleveland; Cleveland Bar Association.

### **SHELDON Q. KERRUISH.**

Residence, 12345 Cedar Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 1011 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, February 26, 1861. Son of William S. and Margaret (Quayle) Kerruish. Educated in the public and private schools of Cleveland; later attended Brooks School; graduate of Yale College with A. B. degree, 1883. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1885; later to the United States District Court. Member of the firm of Kerruish, Chapman & Kerruish; Kerruish, Kerruish, Hartshorn & Spooner at the present time. Member Troop A., O. N. G., for seven years. Member Union Club, of Cleveland; Yale Club, of New York City; Psi Upsilon fraternity. Democrat.

### **WILLIAM SHELDON KERRUISH.**

Office, Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, October 30, 1831. Son of William and Jane (Kelly) Kerruish, in the Isle of Man. Married in 1859, to Miss Margaret Quayle. Attended public schools at Warrensville and prepared for college at Twinsburg Institute. Attended

Western Reserve College for two years. Graduate of Yale College in 1855. Taught languages in Twinsburg Institute and in 1857 began the active study of law in the office of Ranney, Backus & Noble. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1858. During his practice, member of the following firms: Hayes & Kerruish; Kerruish & Heisley; Kerruish & Chapman; Kerruish & Kerruish; Kerruish, Kerruish, Hartshorn & Spooner. Member St. Paul's Episcopal Church.

#### **HAROLD A. KESLER.**

Residence, Toledo Club; office, Sptizer Building, Toledo. Born in Carthage, New York, August 6, 1887. Son of Augustus and Margaret (Holland) Kesler. Married June 28, 1915, to Maybell Sullivan (deceased February 7, 1920). Attended St. James School, Carthage, New York; public schools, Urbana, Ohio; graduate of Urbana High School, 1906; attended Denison University two years; graduate of University of Michigan, with A. B. degree, 1910; graduate of Georgetown University, Washington, D. C., with LL. B. degree, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1913; United States Dis-



trict Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1914. Began the individual practice in Toledo, 1913; associated with Marshall & Frazer, 1914; member of that firm since January 1, 1920. During the war special assistant to the State Department, Washington, D. C., associated with Dr. Frank J. Goodnough, president of Johns Hopkins University. Member American Economic Association, American Academy Political and Social Science, Toledo Club, Inverness Country Club, Chamber of Commerce, Knights of

Columbus, Phi Gamma Delta Club of New York, Toledo Bar Association. Republican.

#### **SAMUEL S. KEST.**

Residence, 1552 East 86th Street; office, 709 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Hungary, January 9, 1879. Son of Lasar and Ethel (Zahlinger) Kest. Married January 19, 1902, to Louisa Fried, of New York; five children: Ethel, Bertha Marvin, Lloyd and Loretta. Attended the public schools in Hungary;



Baldwin-Wallace College, Berea, Ohio. Received LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School in 1920. Read law in office of F. W. Poulson, of Cleveland. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1920. Engaged in the general practice, alone, in Cleveland, to date. Member K. of P., I. O. O. F. Democrat.

#### **JOHN MILTON KILLITS.**

Residence, 324 Rockingham Street; office, Federal Building, Toledo. Born in Lithopolis, Fairfield County, Ohio, October 7, 1858. Son of Andrew W. and Clerissa (Crumley) Killits. Married to Alice N. Steuart, at Washington, D. C., June 21, 1887; two children: Alice, wife of Harry W. Gardner, Bryan, Ohio, and Edith, wife of Dr. Howard L. Smallman, Barberton, Ohio. Attended public schools, Bryan, Ohio; Preparatory School, Oberlin, Ohio; graduate of Williams College with A. B. degree, 1880, and A. M. degree, 1887; awarded LL. D. degree from that College, 1914; Columbian University (now George Washington University), Washington, D. C., with LL. B. degree, 1885; LL. M. degree, 1886. Admitted to the bar of the District of Columbia, 1886; Ohio, 1887. Practiced law in Bryan, Ohio, 1888 to 1904. Editor and publisher, Daily and Weekly Express, Red Oak,

Iowa, 1880, to June, 1883. Editor, Publications Signal and Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., 1884 to 1887; Private Secretary to Chief Signal Officer, 1893 to 1898. Prosecuting Attorney Williams County, Ohio, 1893-1898. Councilman Village of Bryan, 1898-1899. Elected Judge Common Pleas Court, 3rd Sub-

Northern District of Ohio, 1881; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, November, 1901; United States Supreme Court, January 24, 1910. Prosecuting Attorney of Medina County, January 1, 1874 to October, 1875, when he resigned at Medina. Member of firm of Bowen & King, Sandusky, October, 1875 to



Division, 3rd Judicial District of Ohio, in 1904, which office he held until his resignation, June 28, 1910, to become Judge of United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, to which office he was appointed, June 24, 1910. Member Quadrennial General Conferences of Methodist Episcopal Church, Baltimore, 1908; Minneapolis, 1912; Saratoga Springs, 1916; Des Moines, 1920. Member General Conference Judiciary Committee; Chi Psi and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Masonic Bodies: 32nd degree; Knights of Pythias; Toledo Club; Commerce Club; Rotary Club; Inverness Club, of Toledo; and Nisi Prius Club, of Cleveland; American and Ohio State Bar Associations. Member prior to 1905 of various local Republican Committees. Republican.

#### EDMUND BURRITT KING.

Residence, 1625 Columbus Avenue; office, Masonic Temple, Sandusky. Born in Montville, Medina County, Ohio, July 4, 1850. Son of Cyrus and Harriet (Bennett) King. Married February 26, 1874, to Emma Hackett, at Milan, Erie County, Ohio; two children: Cora King Graves, of Hackfield, Massachusetts, and Clifford M. King, of Cleveland. Attended common school, Medina Academy, Oberlin Academy and Baldwin-Wallace University. Studied privately and in law offices at Norwalk and Medina. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, August, 1873; United States District Court



January 1, 1878. Taylor, Phinney & King, January, 1878 to January, 1880. King & Sloane, January, 1880 to July, 1885. Colver & King, July, 1885 to January, 1891. King & Hull, January, 1891 to February, 1895. King & Guerin, January, 1900 to April, 1904. King & Ramsey, 1904 to 1918. The firm then became King, Ramsey & Pyle, and continued to December, 1919, when the firm became King, Ramsey, Flynn & Pyle. Elected Judge of the Circuit Court of the 6th Circuit in 1894 and served to the close of the year 1899, when resigned to resume practice. Member of County and State Republican Committees at different times between 1875-1895. Frequently on the stump during those years and to some extent after resigning from the bench at the close of the year 1899. Presidential Republican Elector in 1888. Was elected and served as member of the Fourth Constitutional Convention from Erie County, Ohio. Member Ohio National Guard from June, 1880 to December, 1896; resigned as Major 16th Infantry Ohio National Guard. Afterwards 6th Infantry of same and afterwards 147th United States Infantry in the World War. Member Sunyendeand Club; Plum Brook Country Club; Sandusky Yacht Club; Chamber of Commerce; Erie County Auto Club; Erie Fishing Club of Sandusky; Erie County, Ohio State and American Bar Associations. (Past President of County and State Associations); B. P. O. E. No. 285, Sandusky; Sandusky Lodge K. of P. No. 128. Masonic bodies:

member and Past Master Science Lodge No. 50; member and Past H. P. Sandusky Chapter, R. A. M. No. 72; member and Past T. J. I., Master Sandusky Council R. & S. M. No. 26, member and Past Commander Erie Com. K. T. No. 23; member and Past Grand Com. Grand Commandery of Ohio, member Toledo Consistory A. A. Scottish Rite, Supreme Council, 33rd degree A. A. Scottish Rite, Al Koran Temple N. of M. Shrine, Cleveland, Ohio. Republican.

#### **OLIVER KIES.**

Residence, 1561 West High Street; office, Holmes Building, Lima. Born in Spencerville, Ohio, January 29, 1867. Son of James M. and Mary M. (Volz) Kies. Married March 23, 1914, to M. Stella Gill, of Port Clinton, Ohio. Attended the public schools of Spencerville, Ohio; Ohio Northern University; read law in office of J. N. Bailey, of Spencerville. Taught in the schools of Ohio for a number of years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1914. Commenced the practice of law in Lima in 1915; formed partnership with H. E. Garling under the firm name of Kies & Garling, which continues to date. Member Masonic Order, I. O. O. F., Allen County Bar Association, Methodist Church. Democrat.

#### **JAMES E. KINNISON, JR.**



Residence, Newton Avenue, N. W.; office, Renkert Building, Canton. Born in Jackson, Ohio, June 8, 1890. Son of James E., Sr., and Emma E. (Shadrach) Kinnison. Married to Kathryn Herbert, November 19, 1919. Attended high school, Jackson, Ohio;

Classical Course, Ohio University, three years; Law Course Ohio State University, three years; received LL. B. degree therefrom in 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1915. In partnership with Lyman W. Rogers, 1916-21. Since which time member of the firm of McCarty, Armstrong & Kinnison. During the World War served as 1st lieutenant Infantry, U. S. Army, 1917-18 and part of 1919. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., Adcraft, Beta Theta Pi and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Ohio State and Stark County Bar Associations. Trustee Phi Delta Phi, 1920 to 1921. Assistant City Solicitor for city of Canton, 1919-20. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM IRVIN KINSEY.**

Residence, 431 Washington Street; office, 104 S. 3rd Street, Steubenville. Born in Tuscarawas County, Ohio, May 3, 1876. Son of William and Caroline (Arbogast) Kinsey. Married June 16, 1897, to Alberta Roser, of Tuscarawas County; two children: Wilma Kathryn and Marian Alberta. Attended the public schools of Tuscarawas County, Ohio; high school, Canal Dover, Ohio. Read law in office of Hon. James A. D. Richards, of New Philadelphia, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1907; later to United States District Court Northern District of Ohio, and United States District



Court Southern District of Ohio. Member of the firm of Richards & Kinsey at New Philadelphia, Ohio, from 1908 to 1911; alone from 1911 to 1913; member of the firm of Healea & Kinsey, at Steubenville, 1913 to 1919, since which date in the general prac-



tice alone. Deputy Clerk of Courts of Tuscarawas County, from 1897 to 1907. Member B. P. O. E., Sons of Veterans, Jefferson County Bar Association. Democrat.

**EDWARD GEORGE KIRBY.**



Residence, 2833 Scottwood Avenue; office, The Guardian Trust & Savings Bank of Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, May 15, 1886. Son of John J. and Josephine (Scheets) Kirby. Married to Sarah Barlow Sawyer, September 5, 1914; one son, Edward George, Jr. Educated in the Toledo Public Schools; graduate of Toledo High School, June, 1905. Attended Literary Department, University of Michigan, 1905 to 1907, when he entered Law Department of that institution and graduated therefrom with degree of LL. B., June 1910. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio, June, 1910. Engaged in the general law practice in office of Smith & Beckwith, Toledo, from August, 1910, to August, 1914, when he resigned to accept the position of Trust Officer of The Guardian Trust & Savings Bank of Toledo; became Vice President same institution, January 1, 1920. Enlisted in U. S. army; member Troop D, Squadron A, Cavalry, Ohio National Guard; served three years. Member Sigma Nu Fraternity; Knights of Columbus, Toledo Club, Toledo Commerce Club, Toledo Automobile Club, Lucas County Bar Association. Independent in municipal politics; Democratic in National State and County politics.

**THOMAS MINER KIRBY.**

Residence, 1826 Crawford Road; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Upper Sandusky, Ohio, December

4, 1880. Son of General I. M. and Anna (White) Kirby. Married to Dorothy Williams in Cleveland, March 15, 1919. Attend-



ed public schools in Upper Sandusky; University of Michigan, from 1900-03, received degree of LL. B. therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1903; United States District Court, February 12, 1912; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 4th Circuit, April 9, 1912; 3rd Circuit, November 18, 1914; 6th Circuit, March 8, 1916; United States Supreme Court, October 7, 1918. Associated with firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of Cleveland, from 1906 to 1918; since January 1, 1918, a member of the firm. Member Union Club, Nisi Prius Club, Phi Delta Phi Fraternity, Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

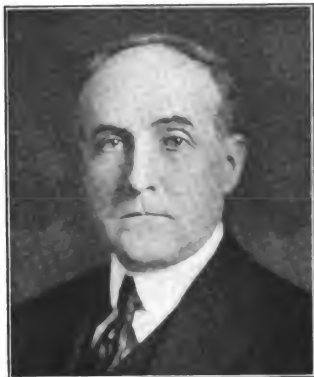
**WILLIAM B. KIRK.**

Office, Cincinnati Building, Lima. Born in Lima, Ohio, October 22, 1870. Son of Torrey and Mary (Dickerson) Kirk. Married October 28, 1902, to Mary Stout; one child, Mary. Attended the public and high schools of Lima; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1907. Member of the firm of Halfhill, Quail & Kirk. Member Y. M. C. A., Allen County Bar Association. Republican.

**CLYDE T. KIRKBRIDE**

Residence, 2180 East 93rd Street; office, 1111 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Deerfield, Portage County, Ohio, August 3, 1876. Son of John M. and Mary M. (Craig) Kirkbride. Married to Mattie E. Kirk, Salineville, Ohio, June 22, 1909. Received his early education in the public and

high schools of Deerfield, Ohio; attended Ohio Northern University and Mt. Union College, spending one and one-half years in



each; Law Department of Western Reserve University, two years; received LL. B. degree therefrom in 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1905; United States Circuit and District Courts, 1911. Taught school in Portage and Mahoning counties, from 1897 to 1900, and high school in same counties from 1900-02; Principal of Schools in New Baltimore and Garfield, Ohio, two years; taught night school in Cleveland, 1905-12; Domestic Relations in John Marshall Law School two years, 1918-19. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland. Member of the firm of Doster & Kirkbride, 1905-08; since 1913 member of the firm of Austin & Kirkbride. Member Sigma Nu and Phi Delta Phi (Ranney Chapter) fraternities.

#### WALTER G. KIRKBRIDE.

Residence, 2439 Scottwood Avenue; office, 934 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Parkers Landing, Pennsylvania, January 13, 1881. Son of Joseph A. and Annie B. (Loftus) Kirkbride. Married to Alice Harrop, June 21, 1904; three children: Alice, Esther and Mabel. Attended the public schools of Findlay, Ohio; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan in 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1902; United States District Court, 1907; United States Supreme Court, 1914. Member of the law firm of Denman, Kirkbride, Wilson & McCabe. Member all Masonic bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd degree, Shrine, Toledo Club; Iverness Club; Toledo Bar Association. Republican.

#### FRED H. KIRTLEY.

Residence, 22 Proctor Place; office, 334 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Defiance, Ohio, March 30, 1885. Son of William and Amy Belle (Moore) Kirtley. Married, February 26, 1914, to Katherine E. Dono-



van, daughter of Judge James Donovan, of Napoleon, Ohio; three children: William, III, James D., and Susan. Attended high school and Christian College, of Defiance, Ohio; Ohio State University Arts and Law Course. Admitted to the bar of Michigan in 1906; Ohio, June 19, 1906; United States District Court, June 19, 1909; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, June, 1912. Commenced the practice of law in Detroit in 1906. Associated with the Law Department of Great Central Railway System until 1908, when he became Special Counsel of the Attorney General of Ohio, which position he still holds. In January, 1910, moved to Toledo and became associated with Brown, Hahn & Sanger. In December, 1913, formed partnership with Holland C. Webster, under the firm name of Webster & Kirtley. A. F. Connolly joined the firm in 1915 which then became Webster, Kirtley & Connolly, and so continued until the death of Mr. Webster. The firm continues as Connolly & Kirtley to date. Government Appeal Agent for 3rd Federal District of Ohio during the World War. Member Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations; Lawyers' Club. Republican.

#### JOSEPH MITCHELL KISS.

Residence, 2184 East 85th Street; office, 412 Lennox Building, Cleveland. Born in New York City, September 29, 1893. Son of Joseph and Susanna (Boldizsar) Kiss. Graduate of Sharon, Pennsylvania, High

School, 1911; received degree of A. B. from University of Pittsburgh, 1915; attended Western Reserve University Law School, 1915, 1916, 1917 and 1919; University of Chicago Law School, summers of 1916 and 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, September 12, 1919; Illinois, September, 1919. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Served in the U. S. Army during the World



War, with Ordnance Department, from September 3, 1917, to March 1, 1919. Member Phi Delta Theta and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities.

**DAVID KLEIN.**



Residence, 2389 West 5th Street S. W.; office, 227 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June 2, 1879. Son of Joseph H. and Pauline (Sampliner) Klein. Graduate of Fremont Public School; West High School, Cleveland; Franklin T. Backus Law School of Western Reserve University, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1901. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland.

**ADOLPH M. KLEIN.**

Residence, 10701 Greenlawn Avenue; office, 202 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Hungary, October 10, 1885. Son of Samuel and Raley (Greenwald) Klein. Married to Hannah (Wohlgemuth), February 24, 1910. Attended the Cleveland Public Schools, graduating from Central High School, 1904; from Western Reserve University with the degree of LL. B., 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 23, 1908. Member of K. of P., and K. of J. lodges.

**EUGENE M. KLEIN.**

Residence, 1744 Hartshorn Road, East Cleveland; office, 519 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born at Cleveland, Ohio, December 25, 1889. Son of Samuel A. and Sarah (Halle) Klein. Married to



Gertrude Schaffner, August 8, 1915. Attended Cleveland Schools; South Case School, 1896-1903; Central High School, 1903-07; Western Reserve University, 1908-09; received degree of LL. B. from Baldwin-Wallace University Law Department, 1911.



Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1911; United States District and Circuit Courts, March 19, 1920. Associated with M. V. Emerman in Cleveland, Ohio, from June, 1918, to November, 1918; since that date in partnership with his brother, Edwin H. Klein, under the firm name of Klein & Klein. Member Zeta Beta Tau, Knights of Pythias, City Club, Chamber of Commerce, H. B. S. U., B'nai B'rith, Commercial Law League of America, Cleveland Bar Association; American Protective League throughout the duration of the war.

#### **EDWIN HARVEY KLEIN.**

Residence, 1771 Carlyon Road, East Cleveland; office, 519 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, May 10, 1895. Son of Samuel A. and Sarah (Halle) Klein. Attended Outhwaite and Giddings Schools, Cleveland, 1901-08; graduate of Central High School, 1912;



in the same year entered Adelbert College, Western Reserve University; graduate of Cleveland Law School with LL. B. degree, in 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 2, 1919. Police and Court Reporter of Cleveland News, two years. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland. In partnership with his brother, Eugene M. Klein, under the firm name of Klein & Klein. In the U. S. Army service during the World War, from May, 1918, to February, 1919; First Sergeant Infantry Replacement Troops, Camp Gordon, Georgia; later instructor of Army Correspondence in Adjutant General's Office for Southeastern Department of U. S. A. Member B'nai B'rith, H. B. S. U., and Cleveland Bar Association.

#### **JOSEPH JOHN KLEIN.**

Residence, 2440 Euclid Boulevard; office, 1101-06 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Austro-Hungary, November 3, 1877. Son of Benjamin and Augusta (Price) Klein. Married to Fannie Salberg, of Cleveland, March, 1900; one daughter, Lois Emily. Attended public schools of Cleveland; Baldwin-Wallace University, Cleveland Law School, 1901-03. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 16, 1903; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1904. Member of the firm of Klein & Har-



r's, since June 1903. Member Excelsior Club, Oakwood Country Club, B. P. O. E., B'nai B'rith, Chamber of Commerce, City Club of Cleveland; Criterion Club, New York. Republican.

#### **DONALD WRIGHT KLING.**

Residence, New Amsterdam Hotel; office, 617 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Marion, Ohio, July 30, 1886. Son of Arthur Howry and Gertrude (Wright) Kling. Attended the public and high schools of Marion, Ohio; received Law Certificate from Ohio State University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1911; United States District Court, 1919. Associated with firm of Bennett & Westfall, Columbus, June, 1911-1917; moved to Cleveland, and in August, 1917 associated with the firm of Gage, Day, Wilkin & Wachner; July 1, 1919, became associated with the firm of Day, Day & Wilkin, and July 1, 1920 was admitted as a member of the

firm. Member Presbyterian Church, Marion (Ohio) Club, Alpha Sigma Phi Fraternity, Buckeye Republican Club. Assistant to



the Chairman of the Franklin County Republican Executive Committee, 1914-1916. Republican.

**WM. KLINGER.**



Office, Holmes Block. Born in Allen County, Ohio, September 11, 1870. Son of Phillip and Mary (Naas) Klinger. Married to Ida Hood, February 28, 1892. Graduate

of Ohio Northern University in 1894 with degree of A. B.; attended University of Michigan Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1895; United States District Court. Prosecuting Attorney of Allen County, 1900-06. Judge of Common Pleas Court, Allen County, 1909-1921. Member of Ohio State and Allen County Bar Associations. Democrat.

**SOLON TREMBLEY KLOTZ.**

Residence, 3130 Scottwood Avenue; office, 918-19 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, April 5, 1864. Son of John Calhoun and Sarah (Culp) Klotz. Married to Florence Bruning; one son, Robert Ensign. Attended the public schools and business colleges in Toledo. Studied law in office of C. F. Watts, Toledo. In 1917 was



conferred LL. B. degree from Law School of Toledo University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 8, 1903; United States District Court, 1912. Engaged in the practice of law in Toledo continuously and alone since date of admission. Instructor, Law School Toledo University for four years. Served five years as member of O. N. G. Member Rubicon Lodge F. & A. M., Toledo Chapter R. A. M., Toledo Council; St. Omer Commandery, Zenobia Shrine, Scottish Rite, Eastern Star, Knights of Pythias, Musicians' Union, Lucas County Ohio State and American Bar Associations, American Civil Liberties Union, Literary and Musical Societies. Socialist in politics.

**WILLIAM JOHN KLOTZBACH.**

Residence, 1557 Rockway Avenue, Lakewood; office, 512 Society for Savings Build-

ing, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 29, 1884. Son of Dr. Oscar and Elizabeth (Riglin) Klotzbach. Married to Olivia Gough, of Strathroy, Ontario, Canada, July 31, 1909; three children. Early education in public schools of Cleveland; attended St. Ignatius College, 1902; L.L.B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace Law School, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 22, 1910. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. During World War



became Permanent Member Legal Advisory Board, District No. 4, and served on "Attorneys War Service Board." Member Halcyon Lodge No. 498 F. & A. M., Al Sirat Grotto, Sigma Kappa Fraternity, The Singers' Club. Clerk for Charles P. Salen, Director of Public Works during the late Tom L. Johnson's administration, 1901-03; Deputy County Clerk, 1903-11.

#### **AUGUSTUS C. KNIGHT.**

Residences 1316 East 90th Street, and Willoughby-on-the-Lake; office, 619 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in New York City, March 24, 1877. Son of Augustus and Agnes Knight. Married to Marie A. Bauer, June 26, 1907; three children: Agnes Marie, Adele Irene, and Arline Helen. Early education received in public schools; attended St. Ignatius College; received L.L.B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace Law School, 1904; Course in Sociology in Western Reserve University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1904. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland since that time. At the outbreak of the World

War entered Cleveland Military Training School, O. N. G., 5th Regiment. Member Knights of Columbus, Chamber of Com-



merce, Real Estate Board, Cleveland Museum of Art, Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### **CHARLES MARSHALL KNIGHT.**



Residence, 13122 Forest Hill Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 1026 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in New Liberty, Kentucky, February 13, 1866. Son of A. A. and Mary

(Robeson) Knight. Married to Ione Canheld, of Brecksville, June 15, 1892. Received primary education in Cleveland Public Schools; graduate of Central High School, 1885; received A.B. degree from Hiram College, and LL.B. degree from Cleveland Law School, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1900; United States District Court, 1918. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Taught History, Mathematics and Economics in East High School, Cleveland, many years. Member of Knights of Pythias, I. O. O. F., City Club, Cuyahoga County Board of School Examiners, six years, from 1895 to 1901. Republican.

#### PAUL S. KNIGHT.

Residence, 2879 Scarborough Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 810 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Birmingham, Ohio, June 12, 1883. Son of Rev. D. W. and Laura V. (Shaw) Knight. Married to Lillian Brewster, December 12, 1907; two



children: Margaret Virginia and John. Graduate of Cuyahoga Falls High School, 1900; received degrees of A.B., 1904, and A.M., 1907, from Ohio Wesleyan University; LL.B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1906; United States District Court, 1907. Member of the firm of Mills, Knight & Miller.

#### WALLACE I. KNIGHT.

Residence, 1852 East 87th Street; office, 909 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Falmouth, Kentucky, March 31, 1870. Son

of Allen A. and Mary R. (Robeson) Knight. Married to Ethel M. De Camp, of Cleveland, Ohio, June 20, 1901. Attended Cleveland Public Schools; studied law in office of S. Q. Kerruish, of Cleveland, three years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March, 1893; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland. Chairman of District No. 8 Legal Advisory Board during the war. Member Cleveland, American and Ohio State Bar Associations; Masonic Order, Hermit Club. Republican.

#### HUGO C. KOEHLER.

Residence, 82 West Cambridge Street; office, Alliance Bank Building, Alliance. Born in Dundee, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, June 14, 1869. Son of Conrad and Catherine (Allman) Koehler. Married to Mae Myers, of Wilmot, Ohio, June 8, 1899; two children: Helen Christine and Hugo Lee. Attended District Country Schools of Wayne Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio; Normal College, Ada Ohio; Baldwin-Wallace University, Berea, Ohio; graduate of Mount Union College, Alliance, Ohio, with degree of Ph. B., 1896; earned his way through college by teaching school; granted high school life certificate in Ohio in 1899; read law in law offices; admitted



to the bar of Ohio, December, 1902; United States Circuit Court Northern District of Ohio, May 28, 1907. Engaged in the general practice in Alliance in partnership with William L. Hart, under the firm name of Hart & Koehler, since February 1, 1903. Member Board of Directors, First National Bank, Alliance; Past President Alliance

Board of Trade, 1912-1913; member of the Board of Trustees, Kent Normal School, Kent, Ohio, for five years; member of the Masonic Order: Shrine, Knights Templar, Consistory (32nd degree); B. P. O. E., Alliance Chamber of Commerce, Alliance Country Club, Congress Lake Country Club, Sigma Alpha Epsilon Fraternity, Local, Ohio State and American Bar Associations, Rotary Club; member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church. Republican. During the war, was chairman of the Legal Advisory Board of Alliance and vicinity, and Legal Adviser of Civilian Relief and Red Cross.

#### **J. SYLVESTER KOHN.**

Residence, 10708 Ashbury Avenue; office, 214 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June 24, 1881. Son of S. and Hannah (Roth) Kohn. Married to Florence S. Silberberg, of Chicago, Illinois, June 9, 1913. Educated in the public and high schools of Cleveland. Graduate



of University of Michigan in 1903, from which he received degree of A. B. and degree of LL. B. in 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1905, and later to United States District Court. In partnership with his brother, L. J. Kohn, under the firm name of J. S. and L. J. Kohn. Member Cleveland Bar Association.

#### **LOUIS J. KOHN.**

Residence, 10411 South Boulevard; office, 214 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, March 6, 1886. Son of Simon and Hannah (Roth) Kohn. Attended public and high schools, Cleveland;

received B. Sc. degree from Case School of Applied Science, Cleveland, 1906. Studied law privately. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1909; later United States Dis-



trict Court. Practiced continuously in Cleveland in partnership with his brother, J. S. Kohn, under the firm name of J. S. and L. J. Kohn, to date. Member City Club, Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland Yacht Club, Cleveland Bar Association. Independent in politics.

#### **CHARLES KOONCE, JR.**



Residence, 1745 Elm Street; office, 1209-14 Wick Building, Youngstown, Ohio. Born in Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, November 23, 1869. Son of Harry Alfred and Ada (Friedrick) Koonce. Attended public schools of Lewisburg; Preparatory Course in Bucknell Academy, 1885-88; Collegiate Course in Bucknell University, Lewisburg, 1888-92; received degrees of B. A. and A. M. therefrom. Studied law in the office of William W. Zimmerman, Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1894; United States Supreme Court, April 6, 1906; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Sixth Circuit, October, 1899; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Third Circuit, 1899; United States Circuit Court, District of South Carolina, February, 1901; United States Circuit Court, District of West Virginia, April, 1902; United States District Court, Northern Ohio District, 1898. Commenced the practice of law September, 1894. In 1903 became a junior member of the firm Murray & Koonce, which continued until 1906. Since 1907 in the general practice of law alone. Member Legal Advisory Board No. 4, Mahoning County, Ohio, during the war. Member Youngstown Club, Youngstown Country Club, Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity; American, Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **SAMUEL J. KORNHAUSER.**

Residence, Stop No. 27, Kinsman Road, Orange Township, Cuyahoga Co.; office, National Tool Co., Cleveland. Born in



Parma Township, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, December 4, 1879. Son of Albert and Yetta (Goldberg) Kornhauser. Married to Minnie Wolfenstein, January 30, 1906. Attended

District School, Parma, until 1884; graduate of Sterling Grade School, Cleveland, 1893; and Central High School, 1897; entered Harvard College in 1897, completing four-year course in three years and receiving A. B. degree, 1901; then entered Harvard Law School remaining there two years; completed law studies in Pittsburgh, 1903. Admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania, September, 1903. Began the law practice in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, with the firm of Way, Walker & Morris, in 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904; United States District Court, 1905. Moved to Cleveland in 1904 and formed partnership with Alfred A. Benesch, under the firm name of Benesch & Kornhauser, 1905; appointed Assistant County Prosecuting Attorney, 1911, serving until 1912; associated with the late P. J. Brady, from January, 1913, until the death of Mr. Brady; formed partnership with R. D. Morgan, under the firm name of Kornhauser & Morgan, November, 1913; since October, 1916, in the individual practice. Author of "President Taft and the Extra Constitutional Function of the Presidency," published November, 1910 in "The North American Review." President Western Reserve Club, 1911-1912. Member 17th Ward Republican Club, Chamber of Commerce, Harvard Club, American and Cleveland Bar Associations. Chairman Republican County Convention, 1912. Republican.

#### **A. F. KOTOWSKI.**

Residence, 7252 Broadway; office, 1127 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Poland, August 31, 1878. Son of Anton and



Frances (Kulakowski) Kotowski. Married to Nettie A. Kreft, of Detroit, Michigan. Edu-



cated in the parochial and public schools of Cleveland; graduate of St. Ignatius College, Cleveland, with A. B. degree, 1896; Baldwin-Wallace University Law School with LL. B. degree, 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 5, 1918. Member of the firm Hyde & Kotowski, Cleveland, one year. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland, to date. Teacher of foreigners in Cleveland Night School. Contributor to Polish-American Press. Vice President Klonowski Savings Bank, Cleveland. Secretary Draft Board No. 10 during the war. Member Ohio State Bar Association. Republican.

#### **ANDREW M. KOVACHY.**

Residence, 10818 Earle Avenue; office, 637 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Austria-Hungary, July 31, 1888. Son of Rev. S. M. and Helen (Liptalyi) Kovachy. Attended Cleveland public schools; Chicago Business College; Baldwin-Wallace College; Cleveland Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913;



later to United States District Court. Engaged in general practice of law. Served in the U. S. Army one year and two months, with Battery E, 64th Coast Artillery Corps; served in France eight months. Member City Club, K. of P., I. O. O. F., Hungarian Relief Society, Y. M. C. A., Hungarian American Federation. President, Hungarian Citizens Club and 16th Ward Young Men's Democratic Club. Democrat.

#### **JOHN F. KRAMER.**

Residence, 66 Lexington Avenue; office, 17½ N. Main Street, Mansfield. Born in Butler,

Richland County, Ohio, February 10, 1869. Son of Jonathan and Sarah C. Kramer. Married to Emma Maylott, July 31, 1895; three children: Helen, Dorothy and John F., Jr. Educated in the public and high schools of Belleville, Ohio. Received A. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, 1892; LL. B. degree from Ohio State University, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1902; United States District Courts, 1919. Associated in the practice of law with A. S. Beach, two years; with T. B. Jarvis, for nearly eight years; with D. W. Cummins since 1919. Member Mansfield Board of Education; Trustee Ohio Northern University. Member K. of P., Masonic Order, Mansfield Chamber of Commerce, Lutheran Church. Member Fourth Constitutional Convention, 1912; Member 80th and 81st General Assemblies. Special Counsel to Attorney General 1917-18; Federal Prohibition Commissioner since November 17, 1919. Democrat.

#### **SAMUEL E. KRAMER.**

Residence, 3005 Coleridge Road, Cleveland Heights; office, County Court House, Cleveland. Born December 4, 1878, at Newark, Ohio. Son of Charles and Nattie Kramer. Married October 14, 1908, to Flora C. Fitch. Educated in the public and high schools of Cleveland; graduate Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, in 1900, with Ph. D. degree; LL. B. degree in 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1903, and later to United States District Courts. Member of the firm of Kramer & Chapman, 1903-1907; Ewing, Nieding & Kramer, 1907-10. Member Cleveland City Council, 1908-1912. Member of the firm of Ewing, Kramer & Counts, 1910-12; Judge of Municipal Court, of Cleveland, 1912-18; resigned second term to assume office of Judge of Common Pleas Court in 1918. Member Alpha Delta Phi; Phi Beta Kappa; Phi Delta Phi; Cleveland Athletic Club. Republican.

#### **ALBERT J. KRANZ.**

Residence, 635 Lincoln Avenue; office, Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, June 12, 1893. Son of Peter J. and Helena Kranz. Attended St. Mary's College and High School, Dayton; University of Michigan, 1911-14; graduate University of Notre Dame in 1917, with LL. B. degree in 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1917. Associated with the firm of Brown, Hahn & Sanger, of Toledo.

#### **ALEXANDER LAZAR KREISBERG.**

Residence, 2170 East 70th Street; office, Police Court, Cleveland. Born in Bukharest, Roumania, March 15, 1891. Son of Joseph and Rebecca (Cohen) Kreisberg. Married to Rae Summers, in Cleveland, November 21, 1915. Educated in Cleveland

Public Schools. Attended Central High School, 1912; attended Baldwin-Wallace Preparatory School, from 1913 to 1916; received degree of LL. B. from Cleveland Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio,

Residence, 1233 West 117th Street; office, 541 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, April 5, 1878. Son of Martin (Bohemian Pioneer, grammar school, Minneapolis, Minnesota; Dean Academy, Franklin, Massachusetts; Oberlin Academy, Oberlin, Ohio, 1908; Oberlin College, 1912; Western Reserve University Law School, Cleveland, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1915. Engaged in the law practice in office with Howell, Roberts & Duncan, of Cleveland, and a member of the following firms: The Krogh-Barr Syndicate, The Krogh Syndicate, The Vermilion on the Lake Co., The Krogh-Modisette Syndicate, The Corning-Gilchrist Subdivision, Brookwood Beach, President The Comet Battery Co. Enlisted for service in war with Mexico; later enlisted in Y. M. C. A. Member Cleveland Grays, Museum of Art. Republican.

### EARL CARL KRUEGER.

Residence, 1623 Campbell Street; office, 2nd floor Laurence Building, Sandusky. Born in Huron County, Ohio, October 27, 1889. Son of Max C. and Clara (Weichel) Krueger. Married to Bess F. Root, in Mansfield, Ohio, October 27, 1917. Graduate of Berlin Heights High School, Erie County, Ohio, 1908. Attended McDonald

July, 1916; to the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1917. Associated Legal Adviser of three Draft Boards during the World War. Assistant Police Prosecutor of Cleveland since January, 1920. Republican.

### LAD EDWARD KREJCI.



Educational Institute, now Cincinnati Law School, Cincinnati, Ohio, 1912-14. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 25, 1914; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, September 10, 1915. Member of the firm of Krueger & Rosino, Sandusky, since 1919. Enlisted in U. S. Naval Auxiliary Reserve Force, June 27, 1918; discharged from the service February 18, 1919; mem-





ber Reserve Force until June 27, 1922. Member Masonic Order, Chamber of Commerce, K. of P., Kiwanis Club, Erie County Bar Association, American Legion, Perry Post No. 83, of Sandusky. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Erie County, 1920. Republican.

#### EVERETTE HENRY KRUEGER.

Residence, 899 Parkwood Drive; office, Fidelity Mortgage Building, Cleveland. Born in Berlin Heights, Erie County, Ohio, April 22, 1888. Son of M. C. and Clara (Weichel) Krueger. Married to Marian Cynthia, daughter of Charles E. and Mable (Root) Heath, of Plymouth, Richland County, Ohio. Attended the grammar and high schools of Berlin Heights; Ohio Northern University; graduate of Cleveland Law



School with LL. B. degree, 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1912. Associated with firm of Reed and Eichelberger; later with Reed, Eichelberger and Nord; later with Reed Meals & Eichelberger; member of the firm of Townes, Krueger & Portmann from June 1, 1918, to 1921, when the firm became Townes, Krueger, Portmann & Pelton. Member Cleveland Athletic and Cleveland Yacht clubs, Lake Erie Consistory, Al Koran Shrine, Al Sirat Grotto, Pythian Star Lodge K. of P. Member of City Council; now serving third term; Chairman of Judiciary Committee; member of Committee on River and Harbor two terms. Republican.

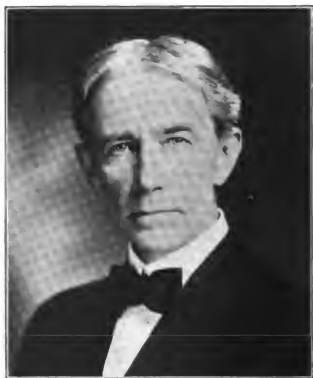
#### FRED H. KRUSE.

Residence, Perrysburg; office, Produce Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, August 31, 1877

Son of August T. and Mary (Hoffmann) Kruse. Married June 30, 1909, to Ethel E. Clark; two children: Richard and John. At-1849) and Laura (Wiesenberger) Krejci. Attended Outhwaite School, Cleveland, 1884-91; Central High School, 1891-95; Adelbert College, 1895-96; graduate of Western Reserve University Law School with LL. B. degree, 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1912; United States District Court, 1913. In partnership with W. H. Thomas, under the firm name of Thomas & Krejci, from 1913 to 1918. Member Delta Theta Phi legal fraternity, Cleveland Bar Association (Americanization Committee); Supervisor Citizenship Classes of Cleveland; member Executive Committee Citizen's Bureau; Cleveland Yacht Club (life member); Musical Mutual Protective Association; Halcyon Lodge, F. & A. M.; Life Member B. P. O. E.; Member St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church, Tippecanoe Club, John Hay Club. Naturalization Clerk of Common Pleas Court, 1911-1913.

#### CHARLES KRICHBAUM.

Residence, Canton, Ohio; office, Court House, Canton. Born in Stark County, Ohio, September 26, 1855. Son of David and Sarah (Buchtel) Krichbaum. Married to Lizzie S. Gaus, of Stark County, Ohio, 1891; two children: Elizabeth, wife of Dr.



George Hackett, and Charles Gordon. Attended country common schools; Smithville Academy, Wayne County; A. B. and A. M. degrees from University of Wooster, Wooster, Ohio, 1883; LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School, 1887. Professor of English in Pennsylvania State Normal School, Indiana, Pennsylvania, 1883-84; in Canton

Public Schools, 1884-85; Trustee of Wooster College the past twenty-five years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May, 1887. Practiced law in Canton, continuously for the past fourteen years, in partnership with Henry W. Harter, under the firm name of Harter & Krichbaum. Member I. O. O. F., B. P. O. E., Delta Tau Delta Fraternity; Ohio State Bar Association. President Young Men's Democratic Club during Cleveland administration; served as public speaker in Stark County; Prosecuting Attorney of Stark County, 1909 to 1913; Acting Juvenile Judge for seven years; Judge Probate Court of Stark County, February, 1913, to 1920 when he was appointed Judge Common Pleas Court, Stark County, where he continues to date. Democrat.

#### CHARLES NELSON KRIEG.

Residence, 857 East 185th Street; office, 414 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 15, 1891. Son of Edward L. and Elizabeth M. (Grimm) Krieg. Attended the Cleveland Public Schools; graduate of East High School, 1909; attended Western Reserve University, 1909-11; Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, 1912-1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1915. Associated with Geo. Palda, in practice of law in Cleveland, since 1918. Ensign in U. S. Navy, 1917-1918. Member of Delta Theta Phi Fraternity, City Club, K. of P.

#### MARTIN C. KROGH.



Residence, Del Prado Apartment; office, 1026 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Minneapolis, Minnesota, September 27,

1886. Son of Christian and Emma (Inglive) Krogh. Married February 14, 1920, in Miami, Florida, to Ora Louise McCulley, of Westover, Pennsylvania. Attended the public and high schools of Toledo; graduate of Columbian University, with L.L. B. degree, in 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1904; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Member of the firm of Fritche, Kruse & Winchester. Member all Masonic bodies. Knights Templar, 32nd Degree; Scottish Rite; Grotto; Sigma Chi fraternity; Toledo Bar Association. Republican.

#### RALPH L. KRYDER.

Residence, 191 Highland Avenue; office, 903 Second National Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, January 18, 1886. Son of J. Harvey and Mary B. (Benson) Kryder. Married to Pearle A. Hemington, January 11, 1911; three children: Richard H., Priscilla A., and Edward H. Attended the public schools of Akron; graduate of Central High School; graduate University of Michigan Law Department, in 1908, with L.L. B. degree. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and Michigan, June, 1908; Oklahoma, 1909; later the United States District Court. Practiced law in Okmulgee, Oklahoma, 1908-1910; moved to Akron, 1910. First Assistant City Solicitor, Akron, 1912-1917; with Russell E. Baer formed the firm of Kryder and Baer. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., American and Summit County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### PERRY A. KUHN.



Residence, 504 Front Street; office, Lincoln Theater Building, Massillon. Born

in New Wilmington, Pennsylvania, February 18, 1886. Son of Perry A. and Elizabeth (Oshul) Kuhn. Married to Elmira E. Higgins, of Erie, Pennsylvania, July 21, 1919; one child, Perry A. Attended public schools of New Wilmington, Pennsylvania; Westminster Preparatory School; received A. B. degree from Westminster College, New Wilmington, Pennsylvania, 1908; LL. B. degree from University of Michigan, 1911. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, June, 1911; Ohio, December, 1913. Associated with Joseph Friedman, of Youngstown, from 1913 to August, 1917. Now engaged in the general practice in Massillon. Enlisted in 2nd Officers Training Camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, August, 1917; discharged at Camp Meade, Maryland, October 16, 1919. Member B. P. O. E., I. O. O. F., Pi Rho Phi Fraternity, Lawyers' Club of Massillon, Stark County Bar Association.

#### **L. A. KUJAWSKI.**

Residence, 4614 Spokane Avenue; office, 206 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Posen, Poland, April 11, 1883. Son of John I. and Stanislaw (Wichert) Ku-



jawski. Married to Winnifred M. Stezewski, of Wallington, New Jersey, November 29, 1916; one son, Robert L. Educated in the parochial and public schools of Chicago, Illinois; graduate of St. Ignatius College, Chicago, 1901; Cleveland Law School, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913; United States District Court, March 21, 1916. Engaged in the individual general practice in Cleveland. Attorney for Lincoln Heights Savings & Loan Co., of Cleve-

land; President Skarb O.I. & Gas Company, of Wilmington, Delaware. During the war, member Legal Advisory Board. President Polish Singers' Alliance of America, six years; member Polish National Alliance, Cleveland Museum of Art, City Club, Civic League, Cleveland Bar Association, Democrat.

#### **ARTHUR F. KWIS.**

Residence, 3041 Somerton Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 1228 Citizens Building, Cleveland. Born in Findlay, Ohio, March 19, 1880. Son of Fred and Katherine (Ruhl) Kwis. Married to Maud Wagner. Attended public and high schools of Findlay; graduate of Case School of Applied Science in 1902 with degree of B. S.; Attended George Washington University, 1903-1904; graduate of McDonnell Institute, Cincinnati, with degree of LL. B., 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1906; United States Courts, 1907. Member of the firms of Brockett & Kwis, 1907-1910; Thurston & Kwis, 1910-1919; since 1919, Thurston, Kwis & Hudson.

#### **LAFAYETTE M. KYES.**

Residence, 377 N. Market Street; office, 137½ N. Market Street, East Palestine. Born in Unity, Ohio, May 29, 1879. Son of Lafayette M. and Elizabeth A. (Martin) Kyes. Married June 7, 1905, at Rogers,



Ohio, to Myra E. Rogers; one child, Roger M. Attended the country schools; graduate of East Palestine High School and Business College in 1897; attended Mt. Hope College in 1898; Ohio Wesleyan University

Summer School, 1899; Ohio Northern University, 1901-1902, received LL. B. degree therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 17, 1902; United States Circuit Court Northern District of Ohio, February 28, 1906; United States Supreme Court, October 10, 1911. Engaged in the general practice of law, specializing in corporation law. Mayor of East Palestine, 1908 to 1912. City Solicitor of East Palestine, January, 1912, to date. Member Methodist Episcopal Church, Ohio Society of New York, Cleveland Athletic Club, East Palestine Country Club, Masonic Order; 32nd degree; F. O. E., B. P. O. E., I. O. O. F., K. of P., Maccabees, Sons of Veterans, L. O. O. M. President East Palestine Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

### **JONATHAN E. LADD.**

Residence and office, Bowling Green, Ohio. Born in Sandusky County, Ohio, September 21, 1863. Son of Amos T. and Rosaltha D. (McCreary) Ladd. Married December 30, 1886, to Addie Jennings, of Sandusky County, Ohio; ten children, Major Jesse A., Captain Dale L., Lieutenant Ray-



mond E., Lieutenant Donald M., Lieutenant Paul C. (latter killed in action in France, September, 1918), Helen L. (deceased), Florence L., Rena B., Jonathan B. and Joseph J. Attended the public schools of Sandusky County, Ohio, Fostoria Academy, Ohio State University Law Department. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1900; later to United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Bradner, Ohio, until January, 1905, when he moved

to Bowling Green, where he became associated with the firm of Troup & Riegle, from 1910, until January, 1911, when he formed partnership with William B. James, under the firm name of Ladd & James, until January, 1917, when his son, Raymond E. Ladd, entered the firm, which became Ladd, James & Ladd, and so continues to date. Taught in the schools of Wood and Sandusky counties for 10 years. Prosecuting Attorney of Wood County, from January, 1905, to 1909; re-elected Prosecuting Attorney 1918 and 1920 without opposition, and continues to date. Member Board of Education of Bowling Green. During the World War active in civilian war activities. Member Masonic Bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree, Shrine; K. of P., I. O. O. F., B. P. O. E., First M. E. Church, Ohio State and Wood County Bar Associations. Republican.

### **RAYMOND EMILE LADD.**

Residence, 216 Clay Street; office, 166 N. Main Street, Bowling Green. Born in Bradner, Ohio, April 25, 1891. Son of Jonathan E. and Addie (Jennings) Ladd. Married to Roxie R. Reider, July 5, 1917; one son, Paul Reider. Attended high schools at Bradner and Bowling Green; Denison University, 1914; received LL. B. degree from Ohio State University, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January 4, 1916. Member of the firm of Ladd, James & Ladd. Enlisted May 19, 1917, Co. H., 2nd Ohio Infantry, 37th Division at 3rd Officers Training Camp, Ft. Oglethorpe. Commissioned 2nd Lieut., Co. B., 112th Ammunition Train, 37th Division. Overseas June to August, 1918. Commissioned 1st Lieut., Co. D., 80th Inf., 15th Div., at Camp Logan, Texas. Assistant Divisional Bayonet Instructor. Discharged February 4, 1919, at Camp Sherman, Ohio. Secretary B. G. Commercial Club, B. P. O. E., Trustee the B. G. Elks Home Association; Chairman Wood County Council American Legion; member Kappa Sigma and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Masonic Order; Shrine, Scottish Rite; B. P. O. E., K. of P., Wood County Bar Association. Republican.

### **JESSE E. LADOW.**

Residence and office, Mansfield. Born in Plymouth, Ohio, October 30, 1862. Son of Amos and Lozina (Rooks) LaDow. Married October 28, 1898. Graduate Ohio Northern University, 1884; studied law in office in Mansfield. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1887; United States Circuit Court, 1889; later United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Member of the firm of Kerr & LaDow 15 years; LaDow & Cook. Member I. O. O. F.; B. P. O. E.; Masonic Order; Mansfield Bar Association. Republican.

**VENICE J. LAMB.**

Residence, 1655 Ohio Street; office, 1003 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown; Cleveland office, 1028 Engineers Building. Born in Youngstown, Ohio, October 14, 1879. Son of Thomas W. and Margaret (Williams) Lamb. Married to Pearl W.



Whiteside, of Youngstown, April 16, 1902; two children: Caroline and Herschel. Attended Rayen High School, Youngstown; received A.B. degree from Harvard, 1902; A.M. degree in 1903. Read law in office of D. F. Anderson, Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1906; later United States District Court. Member of the firm Anderson & Lamb, 1909-1920; Anderson, Lamb & Osborne, since 1920. Member of Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Republican.

**LUCIUS R. LANDFEAR.**

Residence, 86 Harriman Street, Bedford, Ohio; office, 1201 Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born November 10, 1880, at Canal Fulton, Ohio. Son of Frank W. and Marian R. (Cook) Landfear. Married July 1, 1908, to Edith A. Pilcher. Graduate of Western Reserve Academy at Hudson, Ohio, in 1898. Attended Adelbert College of W. R. U., from 1898 to 1901, and graduate of Cleveland Law School in 1908. Admitted to Ohio Bar in 1908 and United States District Court, 1909. Commenced practice of law January 1, 1908, with John L. Fleharty and Louis A. Corlett, under firm name Fleharty, Corlett and Landfear, which firm continues to date. Member Bedford



Lodge No. 375, F. & A. M., and Summit Chapter No. 73, R. A. M. Solicitor for Village of Bedford since 1910. Republican.

**JOSEPH W. LANE.**

Residence, 2744 Parkwood Avenue; office, 1226-30 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Ft. Seneca, Ohio, April 22, 1872. Son of Joseph W. and Mary (Edwards) Lane. Married June 25, 1902 to Mary E. Holder, who died August 4, 1914; second marriage, October 27, 1917, to Cora A. Loudon. Educated in the common schools of Seneca

County, Ohio; studied law with Frank Rickenbaugh, of Toledo. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1896; later to the United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Toledo in 1896; in 1914 formed partnership with Frank H. Geer, under the firm name of Geer & Lane, which continues to the present time. Member all Masonic bodies, K. of P., National Union, Ohio State and Toledo Bar Associations, Toledo Chamber of Commerce, Toledo Yacht Club, Sylvania Golf Club, Y. M. C. A., Epworth Methodist Episcopal Church. Republican.

### REUEL ADAMS LANG.

Residence, 2027 East 77th Street; office, 619 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Wellington, Ohio, November 25, 1887. Son of Watson W. and Annie (Adams) Lang. Married to Ethel McNeal, of Oak Hill, Ohio, November 27, 1911. Educated in Cleveland Schools; graduate of Central High School, 1905; entered Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, 1905; attended law department of that Institu-



tion, 1907-09; received LL. B. degree from Baldwin University, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1910; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1915. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland. Member of the firm of Sullivan & Lang, since 1920. Member Legal Advisory Board No. 5 of Cuyahoga County; Masonic Order; Cleveland Chamber of Commerce.

### WILLIAM J. LAUB.

Residence, 929 West Market Street; office, 615 Second National Building, Akron. Born

in Cleveland, August 9, 1878. Son of Fred J. and Minnie (Wentz) Laub. Attended public and high schools of Akron; Adelbert College; graduate Western Reserve Law School in 1903, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1903; United States District Court, 1904. Associated with L. D. Slusser, Akron, 1903-08; Mayor of Akron, 1916-18; City Manager of Akron since 1920. Member Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; K. of P.; M. W. of A.; Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

### GUSTAV A. LAUBSCHER.

Residence, 1783 West 32nd Street; office, 931 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, October 26, 1853. Son of Theobald and Christina R. (Brodbeck) Laubscher. Married to Mary L. Parsons, September 7, 1880. Attended public and West High schools of Cleveland; Teller of People's Savings Bank, 1874-1877; graduate of Law School of Michigan University, 1877, with LL. B. degree, in 1879. During law school term took course in Logic and French; also attended lectures on Philosophy and History. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, February, 1879; Ohio, 1879. United States District and Circuit Courts, March, 1879; United States Court of Appeals, 1895. Member of firm, Laubscher & Kees. Member Franklin Avenue M. E. Church; Trustee Riverside Cemetery Association. Republican.

### JAMES JOSEPH LAUGHLIN, JR.



Residence, 1841 Rosalind Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 617 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Detroit, Michigan, January 11, 1895. Son of James J. and Cath-



arine E. (Mulcahy) Laughlin. Attended Loyola High School, Cleveland, 1909-1912; St. Ignatius College, 1913-1915; received A. B. degree therefrom, June, 1915; entered Harvard University Law School, September, 1915 (then 23 months' leave of absence for United States military service, 1917-1919); received LL. B. degree from Harvard Law School, September, 1919. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1919. Associated with the law firm of Day, Day & Wilkin, Cleveland, since September 15, 1919. Enlisted in First Officers' Training Camp, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, May 13, 1917; commissioned 2nd Lieutenant of Infantry, August 15, 1917; Adjutant of 4th Training Battalion, 158th Depot Brigade in Camp Sherman, Ohio, August, 1917, to May, 1918; transferred to 330th Infantry; left for overseas June, 1918; appointed Personnel Adjutant of 330th Infantry December, 1918; with A. E. F. eight months; returned to United States January 29, 1919; discharged in Camp Sherman, Ohio, February 13, 1919; commissioned First Lieutenant Infantry Reserve Corps, March, 1919. Member City Club, Lincoln Republican Club, American Legion, Army & Navy Post No. 54, St. Ignatius Alumni Association, Harvard Club of Cleveland, Harvard Law School Association, Cleveland Grays, Cleveland Bar Association, Republican.

#### HENRY CHARLES LAVINE.

Residence, 8104 Maryland Avenue; office, 1106 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Huntington, West Virginia, August 27, 1893. Son of Louis and Sarah (Perlman) Lavine. Married January 28, 1915, to Helen Ryan, of Cleveland; two children: Helen and Henry. Admitted public and high schools, Cleveland; graduate of Central Institute; received LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1918; United States District Court, 1919. Has practiced law continuously and alone in Cleveland to date. Member K. of P. National Union, Cleveland Bar Association, Republican.

#### MARION D. LEA.

Residence, 266 North Tod Avenue; office, 601-3 Western Reserve Building, Warren. Born in Columbus Grove, Ohio, August 28, 1884. Son of Rev. Isaac P. and Mary (Mathers) Lea. Graduate of Bowling Green, Ohio, High School. Studied law at Y. M. C. A. Law School, Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1918. Junior member of the firm of Lea & Lea, August, 1919, to April, 1920; Thomas, Woodworth & Lea since April 1, 1921.

#### JOHN W. LEAHY.

Residence, 2020 East 90th Street; office, 725 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born January 15, 1851, in Abbeyfeale, Coun-

ty Limerick, Ireland. Son of Thomas and Ellen (Hartnett) Leahy, and the oldest of nine children; his six brothers are all actively engaged in the legal, financial, medical and theological fields of endeavor; and his two sisters, Mary and Margaret Leahy, are living with their brother, Rev. Michael D. Leahy, pastor of St. James Church, Lake-



wood, Ohio. Married October 23, 1893, to Marie S. Lawler (daughter of Michael Lawler), in Tiffin, Ohio. Two children: Ellen M., now Mrs. Wm. J. Harshaw, of Cleveland, and Emma Louise Leahy, of Cleveland, Ohio. Early education received in the national schools of Ireland until 1863, when he came to the United States with his parents. Attended the common schools in Seneca County, Ohio, from 1863 to 1870; Academic Department, Heidelberg College, Tiffin, Ohio, 1871-72; Collegiate Department of that institution, 1877-78. Taught in the common schools during the winters of 1872-73-74-75-76 and 1879-1880. Studied law in the office of McCauley & Pennington, Tiffin, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 6, 1881; United States District Court, May 13, 1913. Commenced the practice of law in Tiffin, Ohio, December, 1881. In 1890 formed partnership with Thomas L. Magers under the firm name of Magers & Leahy, which continued until 1895; continued practice alone in Tiffin from 1895 to 1903; from 1903 until 1908 head of the legal department of a commercial enterprise carried on in Toledo, Ohio, and Detroit, Michigan, and of a manufacturing and shipping business carried on in Mobile, Alabama, and Havana, Cuba. In 1909 moved to Cleveland, where he continues in the general practice of law to the present time. Chief registrar and as-

sociate member of Legal Advisory Board under the Selective Service Law, District No. 14, during 1917 and 1918. Member Tiffin Lodge No. 94, B. P. O. E., since 1890; Past Exalted Ruler and member of Grand Lodge of B. P. O. E. since 1894. Member B. P. O. E. Ritual Committee, 1894-95; District Deputy Grand Exalted Ruler of northern Ohio, 1896. Contributor to B. P. O. E. journals at various times. Member the League to Enforce Peace since February 10, 1919. Member platform committee at Great Lakes Congress for League of Nations, held in Chicago, Illinois, February, 1919. Member of the American and Cleveland Bar Associations. Democrat. Has taken an active part in every political campaign since he cast his first vote. The name, Leahy, is of ancient Irish origin, and genealogists trace the descent of the family from Milesius of Spain, who married Scotia, daughter of King Pharaoh, of Egypt. From this union came Heremon, the seventh son of Milesius, who, with his brother Heber, came from Spain to Ireland, and, in the year 1699 B. C., became jointly the first Milesian monarchs of that country. The Milesians possessed and ruled the Kingdom of Ireland for twenty-eight hundred and eighty-five years; under 183 monarchs, until their submission to King Henry II, of England, who was a prince of their own blood. From Milesius through the line of Heremon, his son, is traced the descent of Colla da Chrioch, the ancestor of the O'Leahy family, and the Ruler of Ireland and Alba (now Scotland), and the head of the Clan Colla, who were the Milesian rulers of Ireland from A. D. 320, up to the reign of King Henry II, A. D. 1186. The Leahy family being members of this Clan were made chiefs of "Hy-Maine," a territory in the counties of Galway and Roscommon, Ireland, during the reign of the Clan Colla. Following the invasion by King Henry II, the main branch of the family went south to the County Kerry, where the father, the grandfather, John Leahy, and grandmother, Mary (Kane) Leahy and other ancestors were born. The Milesians bore figures of a lion on their shields and standards, which the chiefs of their posterity continue to the present time; some with additions, such as the "Fleur-de-Lys" in the Leahy coat of arms; others plain as they had it from their ancestors.

#### THOMAS H. LEAHY.

Residence, 2330 Cleveland Avenue, N. W.; office, fourth floor First National Bank Building, Canton. Born in Canton, July 1, 1890. Son of T. W. and Julia (Cook) Leahy. Married to Ethel M. Leonhart, May 5, 1917; two children: Martha M. and E. Carolyn. Attended public and high schools of Canton; University of Michigan, 1908 to 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 25, 1912. Member Stark County Bar Association, B. P. O. E. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Stark County two terms. Democrat.

#### EDWARD W. LEEPER.

Residence, 1436 Grace Avenue; office, Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Kewanee, Illinois, June 28, 1884. Son of Edward A. and Ella M. (Roth) Leeper. Married to Evangeline Hiatt, July, 1912. Graduate of Oberlin Academy, 1903; Oberlin College, with A. B. degree, 1907; Western Reserve Law School, with LL. B. degree, in 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June, 1910. Member of the law firm of Bartholomew, Leeper & McGill. Member City Club, Singers' Club; Ohio and Cleveland Bar Associations.

#### JOHN J. LEHMANN.

Residence and office, Fremont. Born in Sandusky County, Ohio, October 4, 1863. Son of Leodegar and Barbara (Staub) Lehmann. Married to Lillian B. Fry, Scott Township, October 16, 1894; four children: Lester L., Ruth E., William Elbert D. and John Fry. Attended country school Sandusky County; normal school, Ada, Ohio, 1890 to 1894; law course in Ohio Northern University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio October 4, 1894. Practiced law in Fostoria, Ohio, 1894 and 1895, when he moved to Fremont. Member Modern Woodmen of America, Woodmen of the World, Maccabees, American Insurance Union, Sandusky County Bar Association. County Representative of Sandusky County in the 76th and 77th General Assemblies of Ohio. Democrat.

#### JESSE HARRISON LEIGHNINGER.

Residence, 28 Halleck Street; office, City Building, Youngstown. Born in West Lafayette, Ohio, March 11, 1888. Son of Marion F. and Dollie (Starker) Leighninger. Married to Marjorie Lightner, September 5, 1914; two children: Robert Dean and David Scott. Attended public and high schools of West Lafayette, Ohio; graduate of West Lafayette College with A. B. degree, June, 1911; Western Reserve University Law School, with LL. B. degree, June, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 25, 1914; United States District Court, September 6, 1918. Associated with Judge A. B. Calvin from March, 1915, to January 1, 1916. Assistant City Solicitor and Police Prosecutor, January, 1916. First Assistant Solicitor, July 1, 1918, to January 1, 1920, when he assumed the office of City Solicitor. Member American Protective League during the World War. Member Westminster Presbyterian Church, F. & A. M., I. O. O. F., L. O. O. M., Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, Mahoning County Bar Association, Ohio Fish and Game Protective Association. Member Harding campaign committee during the primaries; The Union League Club. Republican.



**CHARLES HERMON LEMMON.**

Residence, 2049 Warren Street; office, 828 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, April 17, 1893. Son of Charles H. and Harriet A. (Weck) Lemmon. Married to Dorothy L. Richards, May 13, 1918. Attended the public and high schools in Toledo; University of Michigan Literary Department, 1913-14; graduate of Law Department of that institution in 1917, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January 2, 1917. Associated with the firm of Doyle & Lewis, Toledo. During the World War served with 329th Infantry, United States Army, April 1, 1918, to July 24, 1918; 103rd Infantry, July 24, 1918, to April 28, 1919; in St. Mihiel offensive from September 12 to 15, 1918; in Meuse Argonne offensive from October 17 to November 11, 1918.

**MANUEL LEVINE.**

Residence, 10824 Drexel Avenue; office, New Court House, Cleveland. Born in Maresch, Russia, May 25, 1880. Son of David J. and Michele Levine. Married to Jessie Bialosky; two children: Robert M. and Alfred D. Graduate of high school; special college studies; received LL. B. degree from Western



Reserve Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1902. Assistant Solicitor to Newton D. Baker, May 4, 1903; Assistant Police Prosecutor, May 4, 1903, to September 10, 1907. Elected Police Judge January 1, 1908, to December 31, 1911; Municipal Judge, January 1, 1912, to December 15, 1914 (resigned); elected Common Pleas Judge, 1914; re-elected November, 1920. Member K. of P.; B. P. O. E.; Independent Aid Society.

**RALPH LEVINSON.**

Residence, 319 S. 5th Street; office, 403-04 Sinclair Building, Steubenville, Ohio. Born in Pittsburgh, Pa., April 8, 1887. Son of Mayer and Sadie (Levy) Levinson. Married to Dora Brenner, of Findlay, Ohio, November 30, 1919. Attended public schools of Steubenville, Ohio, graduating from high school, 1906; attended Western Reserve University, Cleveland, 1907; Ohio State University Law School, Columbus, Ohio, 1907 and 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December, 1910; United States District Court, Southern District of Ohio, 1915. En-



gaged in the individual law practice in Steubenville. Enlisted for service in United States Army as private with Aviation Section, December 14, 1917; honorably discharged with rank of sergeant January 21, 1919. Captain of Victory Loan Campaign team in Steubenville, Ohio, after discharge from the army. Member Elks, K. of P., Maccabees, Moose, M. W. O. A., I. O. Red Men, I. O. B'nai B'rith, Y. M. C. A., Chamber of Commerce, Zeta Beta Tau fraternity; Ohio State Bar Association. Secretary and treasurer of the Jefferson County Bar Association. City Solicitor of Steubenville, Ohio; elected November 1919, assumed office January 1, 1920. Republican.

**WILLIAM LEVINSON.**

Residence, 511 N. 7th Street; office, 403-4 Sinclair Building, Steubenville. Born in Steubenville. Son of Mayer and Sadie (Levy) Levinson. Attended the public and high schools of Steubenville; Ohio State University; Cincinnati Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1919. En-

gaged in the practice of law in Steubenville. Member B. P. O. E., Theta Beta Tau fraternity. Republican.

**HARRY LEVISON.**

Residence, 2226 Putnam Street; office, 951-55 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, February 9, 1878. Son of Isaac and Amelia (Eppstein) Levison. Married June 12, 1902, to Esther Jacobson, of Toledo; six children: Maybelle, Maxine, Constance, Stanley, Dorothy, Robert. Graduate of public schools, Leipsic, Ohio, June, 1896; attended Ohio State University, 1896 to 1898; University of Michigan Law Department, 1898 to 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December 7, 1900; United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States District Court, April 17, 1903. Member of Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations. Republican.

**ABRAM LEWENTHAL.**

Residence, 1523 East Boulevard; office, 1513 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Mississippi, October 12, 1864. Son of Henry Lewenthal. Married May 10, 1900, to May Mahler; one child, Jeanne. Attended public and high schools, Mississippi; University of



Mississippi; studied law privately in Mississippi. Admitted to the bar of Mississippi, 1885; Ohio, 1900. Practiced law in Greenville, Mississippi, for a time under firm name of Skinner & Lewenthal. Moved to Cleveland in 1899. Member of the firm of Horr & Lewenthal, 1900-17. Mayor of Brookhaven, Mississippi, for one term. State Senator from Greenville, Mississippi, 1896 to 1899. Member Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations; City Club;

Chamber of Commerce; Excelsior Club; Oakwood Country Club; Director Lake Shore Electric Ry. Co. Republican.

**FRANK S. LEWIS.**

Residence, Milimore Apartment; office, 828 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Caldwell, Noble County, Ohio, June 18, 1879. Son of Charles T. and Dora (Glidden) Lewis. Married to Ethel Chesbrough, of Toledo, October 6, 1909; two children:



Nancy Jane and Chesbrough. Graduate of Toledo public school, Doane Academy, Granville, Ohio; Denison University, Granville, with A. B. degree, 1902; Harvard Law School with LL. B. degree, 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December, 1905; later to the United States District Court; United States Supreme Court, 1918. Commenced law practice in Toledo, associated with his father and Judge Doyle, under the firm name of Doyle & Lewis; member of the firm of Doyle & Lewis since 1915. General counsel Toledo & Ohio Central Ry. and Kanawha & Michigan Ry. The firm is district attorney for New York Central Railroads. During the World War chairman Legal Advisory Board of Toledo. Member Sigma Chi fraternity, Toledo Club, Toledo Country Club, Toledo Commerce Club, Masonic Order: Knights Templar; Ohio State, Toledo and American Bar Associations. Republican.

**GEORGE H. LEWIS.**

Office, Bank of Commerce Building, Toledo. Born in Jackson County, Ohio, December 29, 1878. Son of Rees and Julia A. (Greene) Lewis. Attended the public schools of Jack-

son County; Doan Academy; received A. B. degree from Ohio State University in 1904; L.L. B. degree from Ohio State University Law Department in 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1907. Member of the firm of Hatfield & Lewis, Bowling Green; later in partnership with Judge E. G. McClelland. In 1910 moved to Toledo. Member of the firm of Holbrook, Banker & Lewis. Member Masonic Order. Republican.

#### HOWARD LEWIS.

Residence, 2428 Scottwood Avenue; office, 828 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Caldwell, Ohio, October 18, 1877. Son of Charles T. and Dora (Glidden) Lewis. Married to Caroline M. Palmer, of Toledo, April 20, 1910; two children: Howard Lewis, Jr., and Melvin Palmer Lewis. Graduate of To-



ledo high school, 1896; Denison University, Granville, Ohio, with A. B. degree, 1900; Harvard Law School, with L.L. B. degree, 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1903; United States District Court, 1906; United States Court of Appeals, 1909; United States Supreme Court, 1920. Practiced law in the office of Doyle & Lewis, 1903-1913; member of the firm of Doyle, Lewis, Lewis & Emery, 1915 to 1917, when the firm became Doyle & Lewis. Vice president Martin V. Kelley Co.; director Conklin Pen Mfg. Co.; trustee Denison University, Granville, Ohio. Member Sigma Chi fraternity, Toledo Club, Inverness Golf Club, Toledo Country Club, American and Toledo Bar Associations. Republican.

#### WILLIAM EVANS LEWIS.

Residence, 8 Chalmers Avenue; office, 410 Stambaugh Building, Youngstown. Born

in Youngstown, Ohio, April 5, 1885. Son of Margaret (Evans) Lewis. Married to Ruth M. Osborne, of Youngstown, August 16, 1920. Attended public schools of Youngstown; Doane Academy, Granville, Ohio; Denison University, Granville, Ohio; studied law in office of Judge W. P. Barnum, Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January 4, 1916; later to the United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Youngstown in 1916, where he continues to the present time. For 10 years newspaper reporter; 8 years court reporter for the Youngstown Vindicator. Member



Masonic Order, I. O. O. F., St. David's Society, Phi Sigma Phi fraternity, Mahoning County Bar Association. Police Prosecutor of Youngstown six months. Republican.

#### CLARENCE V. LIGGETT.

Residence, 1532 Wagar Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio; office, 636 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Wooster, Ohio, May 31, 1874. Son of Bentley and Mary (Tarrh) Liggett. Married to Marie E. Townhill, of Cleveland, February 23, 1907; three children: Vivian Emily, Robert George and Genevieve Elizabeth. Attended the country schools; Jefferson High School, Austintown Academy; one year in Cleveland Law School; taught district, graded and high schools of Ashtabula and Summit counties from 1893 to 1903; taught night schools one winter in Akron and one winter in Cleveland. Admitted to the bar of Ohio January, 1901; United States District Court, 1911. Practiced law in Jefferson, Ohio, 9 months in 1903; in Cleveland since 1908; in partnership with T. A. Ryan from 1914 to 1920; now in the individual practice. Member City

Club, Maccabees of the World, Cuyahoga County Bar Association. Democratic dele-



gate to state convention, 1897; also delegate to county convention. Democrat.

**JAMES L. LIND.**



Residence, 1637 Glenmont Road; office, 718-711 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Canton, Ohio; March 2, 1890. Son of E. S. and M. B. (Connell) Lind. Married to Ruth G. Couch, of Cleveland, June 17, 1914. Attended public and high schools of Cleveland; two years in Adelbert College of

Western Reserve University; three years in Law School of Western Reserve University, from which he received L.L. B. degree in June, 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1912. Chief Assistant Police Prosecutor of Cleveland, January 1, 1916, to July 15, 1919. Member of the law firm of Ewing, Lind & Vickery since July 15, 1919. Member City Club, Cleveland Advertising Club, Western Reserve Club, Cleveland Bar Association, Phi Alpha Delta and Delta Tau Delta fraternities. Republican.

**JOHN F. LINDEMANN.**

Residence and office, Delphos. Born in Cincinnati, April 7, 1861. Son of Henry and Clara Lindemann. Married to Rosa H. Linbach, October 11, 1882; six children: Gertrude (Mrs. Alex J. Shenk), Dr. Clarence J., Arthur F., John A., Richard A., Eugene S. Attended Delphos parochial school; graduate Delphos Public High School 1879. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1901. Associated with Horace A. Reeve in Delphos for a short period. Since December, 1909, associated with his son, Arthur F. Lindemann, under the firm name of Lindemann & Lindemann. Member Board of Education of Delphos City School District four years (President of Board two years); Knights of Columbus; Allen County Bar Association. Elected Judge Probate Court of Allen County, Ohio, October, 1886; re-elected November, 1887; again elected November, 1890; Chairman Democratic County Central and Executive Committees of Allen County at various times. Democrat.

**JUDSON R. LINTHICUM.**



Office, 311 Nasby Building, Toledo, Ohio. Born in Napoleon, Ohio, October 25, 1867.

Son of Larkin J. and Sarah (Leist) Linthicum. Married to Beryl E. Musser, of Napoleon, Ohio, September 1, 1908; one son: Harold J. Attended country schools of Henry County, Ohio; high school of Napoleon, Ohio; normal school of Wauseon, Ohio; graduate of Law Department of University of Michigan, 1893. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, June 17, 1893; Ohio, March 11, 1894; United States District Court, May, 1898; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, October, 1913. In the individual practice of law in Napoleon, Ohio, July 1, 1894, to August, 1918, when he moved to Toledo, where he has since been engaged in the general practice. Member Ohio National Guard, April, 1895, to April, 1897. Member Knights of Pythias, Knights of the Maccabees, National Union, Henry County and Lucas County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### EUGENE T. LIPPINCOTT.

Residence, 734 West North Street; office, Opera House Block, Lima. Born in Allen County, Ohio, September 22, 1877. Son of James M. and Mary Ellen (Stewart) Lippincott. Married June 22, 1908, to Myrtle A. Bowsher, of Allen County, Ohio; two children: Janis Arthur and Naomi Rue. Attended the public and high schools of Beaver Dam, Ohio; received A. B. degree from Ohio Northern University in 1902; A. B. degree from Ohio Wesleyan University in 1904; at-

in the practice of law in Lima in partnership with his brother, Otis T. Lippincott, under the firm name of Lippincott & Lippincott. One of the owners of the Lippincott Pure Bred Stock Farms. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Allen County for four years. Prosecuting Attorney of Allen County since January 3, 1921. Member Alpha Tau Omega, Phi Beta Kappa and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities; B. P. O. E., L. O. O. M., I. O. O. F., Ben Hur, Lima Club, Kiwanis Club, Trinity M. E. Church, Chamber of Commerce, Allen County Bar Association. Republican.

#### OTIS T. LIPPINCOTT.

Office, 314 Opera House Block, Lima. Born in Beaver Dam, Ohio, February 8, 1875. Son of James M. and Mary E. (Stewart) Lippincott. Married to Luella M. Smith, June 6, 1900; two children: Lowell and Lillian Elizabeth. Graduate Ohio Northern University, with A. B. degree, 1898; LL. B. degree, 1899; A. B. degree from Ohio Wesleyan University, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1899. Member of the firm of Lippincott & Lippincott since 1902.

#### WALTER S. LISTER.

Residence, 13929 Lake Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio; office, 1527-1528 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born March 3, 1871, in Windham, Iowa. Son of Rev. James and Mar-



garet (McKenzie) Lister. Married May 18, 1898, to Minnie F. Bartlett, of Cleveland. Attended common schools for two years and nine months, and for a short period in the preparatory school of Denison University. Studied law in Cleveland. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1895; to the United

States Western Reserve University Law School, Cleveland, one year; University of Chicago in 1906; received degrees of J. D. and Ph. B. from that institution in 1906. Taught in the schools of Ohio for six years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1906; later to United States District Court. Engaged



States Circuit Court, Northern District of Ohio, July 16, 1903. Member of Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland Athletic Club. Originally a Prohibitionist, later a Roosevelt Republican and voting for Woodrow Wilson in 1912 and 1916.

**FIRMIS FLOYD LITZELL.**

Residence and office, Kent. Born in North Dover, Ohio, December 30, 1892. Son of Ambrose and Jennie (Foster) Litzell. Married February 2, 1914, to Marie L. Porter (deceased 1918). Educated in the public and high schools of Kent; studied law under direction of Britton S. Johnson, of Kent, 1916 to 1920. Worked at Mason Tire & Rubber Co., Kent, 1917 to 1920, and meanwhile studied law during spare time. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 22, 1920. Engaged in the practice of law in Kent. Democrat.

**CYRUS LOCHER.**

Residence, 1539 East Boulevard; office Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born at Bluffton, Ohio, March 8, 1878. Son of Christian and Fanny Locher. Married to Beulah L. Baker, January, 1908. Graduate Ohio Wesleyan University, with A. B. and A. M. degrees; Western Reserve Law School, with degree of LL. B., in 1907. Admitted to Ohio bar, 1907. Member of the firm of Remington & Locher, 1907-10; Gott & Locher, 1911-1912; Assistant City Solicitor of Cleveland, 1908-09; Prosecuting Attorney of Cuyahoga County, 1913-16; Locher, Green & Woods to date. Member of City Club; Cleveland Athletic Club; Masonic Order; K. of P.; B. P. O. E. Democrat.

**IRWIN N. LOESER.**



Residence, 10610 Pasadena Avenue; office, 800 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Buffalo, New York, July 31, 1881. Son of Herman N. and Rose Loeser. Married to Bertha M. Wile, of Buffalo, New York, December 18, 1906. Attended the grammar and high schools of Toronto, Canada; received A. B. degree from University of Toronto in 1903; from Baldwin-Wallace Law School, Cleveland, received degree of LL. B. (Summa Cum Laude) in 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1906; United States District and Circuit Courts, March, 1909. Member of the firm of Loeser & Loeser from 1912 to 1920; since 1920 a member of the firm Mooney, Hahn, Loeser & Keough. Member Excelsior, Oakwood and City Clubs, of Cleveland. Republican.

**NATHAN LOESER.**

Residence, 10214 Lake Shore Boulevard, Bratenahl, Ohio; office, 800 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, August 8, 1869. Son of Moses and Marianna (Loeb) Loeser. Married to Beatrice Moss, of Cleveland, January 15, 1913. Attended the public and high schools



of Buffalo, New York; Cornell University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1895; later to United States District Court, United States Circuit Court of Appeals, United States Supreme Court. Associated with Louis J. Grossman in the law practice for 25 years; in 1920 formed a partnership with M. P. Mooney, E. A. Hahn, Aaron Hahn, Irwin N. Loeser and Wm. C. Keough under the firm name of Mooney, Hahn, Loeser & Keough. Member Phi Kappa Psi fraternity; Excelsior Club, Oakwood Club, City Club, Chamber of Commerce, Cornell

Club, Cleveland and American Bar Associations; American Protective League, B'nai B'rith Lodge, Euclid Avenue Temple.

### **RAYMOND J. LOGAN.**

Residence, 887 Ansel Road; office, 504-6 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, January 13, 1891. Son of James A. and Martha (Greve) Logan. Attended public and high schools, Cleveland; received LL. B.



degree from Baldwin-Wallace College, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1916; United States District Court, 1918. In partnership with Thomas J. Long under the firm name of Long & Logan since 1918. Member F. O. E. and L. O. O. M. Republican.

### **RICHARD DOUGHERTY LOGAN.**

Residence, 2711 Scottwood Avenue; office, 828 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Waverly, Ohio, December 2, 1884. Son of James W. and Kate (Dougherty) Logan. Married to Florence Dnrflinger, of London, Ohio, June 5, 1912; one child: Richard D., Jr. Attended the public and high schools of Waverly; received A. B. degree from Ohio State University in 1907; LL. B. degree from Ohio State University Law Department in 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909; later to the United States District Court, and United States Court of Appeals. Commenced the law practice in Toledo in 1909; associated with the firm of Swayne, Hayes & Fuller until 1912; in 1918 became associated with the firm of Doyle & Lewis, which continues to date. Member Phi Delta Phi, Phi Kappa Psi and Phi Beta Kappa



fraternities; Masonic Order, Lucas County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

### **JOHN ARCHER LOMBARD.**

Residence, 2057 Taylor Road, East Cleveland; office, 1307 Union National Bank Building, Cleveland. Born in Toledo, Ohio, February 19, 1892. Son of George R. and Mary A. (Laughlin) Lombard. Married to Caroline Atherton Gray, September 21, 1915. Attended grammar and high schools, Toledo; Toledo University, 1910-1911; Cleveland Law School, 1911-1913; Georgetown University, 1913-1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1917; United States District Court, 1918; United States Circuit Court of Appeals of Cincinnati, 1919. Deputy Clerk of Federal Court, 1910-1914; secretary to Justice Day, of United States Supreme Court, 1914-1917; since 1917 associated with firm of Baker, Hostetter & Sidlo. Republican.

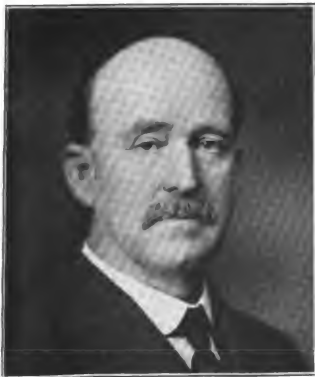
### **WILLIAM FRANK LONES.**

Residence, Wellsville, Ohio; office, East Liverpool, Ohio. Born in Madison Township, Columbiana County, Ohio, August 29, 1863. Son of William H. and Minerva (Hester) Lones. Married to Lillie C. Southwick, in Springfield, Missouri, June 26, 1896. Graduate of Lisbon, Ohio, high school; attended Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, 1881 to 1884. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, February 3, 1886. Engaged in the general practice of law in East Liverpool. In partnership with Walter B. Hill and George E. Davidson, under the firm name of Lones,



Hill & Davidson. Member B. P. O. E., I. O. O. F., Southern Columbiana County Bar Association. Republican.

**B. FRANK LONG.**



Residence and office, Shelby, Ohio. Born near Shiloh, Ohio, August 16, 1865. Son of Wm. R. and Mary J. (Hunter) Long. Married to Nellie F. Clowes, of Shiloh, Ohio, October 24, 1893; two children: Frank C. and Raymond, latter deceased. Graduate of Shiloh high school; attended Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio. Studied law in

office of T. W. Marriott, Mansfield. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 9, 1890; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Shelby. Practiced alone one year; in partnership with Judge Edwin Mansfield, under the firm name of Mansfield & Long, fifteen years; in 1915 formed partnership with G. W. Marriott, under the firm name of Long & Marriott, which continues to the present time. Member Masonic Order, Modern Woodmen, Sons of American Revolution, Richland County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Served as Mayor of Shelby eight years; Solicitor of Shelby ten years; Referee in Bankruptcy one year. Chairman Legal Advisory Board, Shelby; M. E. Church, Shelby. Democrat.

**THOMAS J. LONG.**

Residence, 10404 South Boulevard; office, 504-6 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 16, 1893.



Son of John P. and Caroline E. (Bowen) Long. Attended public and high schools, Cleveland; Western Reserve University; received LL. B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace Law School, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1916. In April, 1918, formed partnership with Raymond J. Logan, under the firm name of Long & Logan. Democratic Candidate for Ohio Legislature, 1918. Member F. O. E.; Pi Kappa Alpha and Pi Kappa Phi fraternities; St. Thomas Aquinas Church. Democrat.

**TIM LONG.**

Residence, 1452 W. 114th Street; office, 1110 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June 28, 1885. Son of



Timothy and Mary (Callaghan) Long. Married to Margaret Prendergast, of Cleveland, July 14, 1908. Attended St. Patrick's School, Cleveland; Law School of Cleveland. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1915. En-



gaged in the law practice in Cleveland. Member Knights of Columbus, Cleveland Yacht Club. Assistant County Prosecutor, 1918 to 1920. Democrat.

#### **IRA RICHIE LONGSWORTH.**

Residence, 1735 Lakewood Avenue; office, 330 Holland Block, Lima. Born in Van Wert, Ohio, October 2, 1859. Son of William N. and Olivia (Richie) Longworth. Married to Esther Metheany, December 13, 1881; three children: Walter L., Mary E., Helen O. Attended Van Wert public and high schools. Read law with Hon. John E. Richie, Walter B. Richie, Davis J. Cable. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 2, 1889; United States District Court; Attorney for The C. H. & D. R. R. Co. and The B. & O. R. R. Co. since 1893. Mayor of Lima one term; Secretary City Committee, 1890. Member Allen County Bar Association; First Baptist Church. Republican.

#### **H. RAY LOOMIS.**

Residence, Ravenna, Ohio; office, Second National Bank Building, Ravenna. Born in Randolph, Ohio, September 24, 1880. Son of Harris and Susan (France) Loomis. Married to Marguerite Bates in Chester, Connecticut, October 16, 1916; one child: Aurilla Canfield. Graduate of Randolph, Ohio, school, 1897; graduate of Ohio Northern University with degree of B. S., 1900; graduate of Law Department of that institution,

with degree of LL. B. 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1903; to the United States District Court, 1906. Engaged in the law practice in Ravenna, Ohio, from January 1, 1904, to the present time. President The County Savings & Loan Co., president The John F. Byers Machine Co., director The Buckeye Chair Co., Ravenna Furnace & Heating Co., The P. L. Frank Construction Co., The P. L. Frank Lumber Co. Member Masonic Order: 32nd Degree, Shrine, of Cleveland; B. P. O. E., Knights



of Pythias of Ravenna, Ohio State and Portage County Bar Associations. Served as Mayor of Ravenna, Ohio, from 1906 to 1910; Prosecuting Attorney of Portage County, 1912-16.

#### **L. ROOD LOOMIS.**

Residence, 6614 Lucerne Avenue; office, 411 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Grafton, Lorain County, Ohio, June 17, 1854. Son of Charles H. and Julia A. (Rood) Loomis. Married to Mary W. Early, of Cleveland, October 6, 1886. Educated in the common and high schools of Litchfield, Ohio; studied law in the office of Henry McKinney. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 7, 1881; later to United States District Court. In Law Department of L. S. & M. S. Ry. Co. from 1881-1893; began general law practice in Cleveland, 1893. In partnership with Benjamin B. Avery, under the firm name of Avery & Loomis, March, 1898. To September, 1900. General Agent of National Life Insurance Co. of Vermont in Cleveland, April 1, 1903, which continues to date. Member Cleveland Chamber of Com-



merce, Cleveland Life Underwriters' Association, The National Life Underwriters' Association.

**JOHN L. LOTT.**



Residence, Tiffin; office, 102½ S. Washington Street, Tiffin. Born near Tiffin, Ohio, January 1, 1861. Son of James and Margaret (Feasel) Lott. Married to Louise Abbott, of Tiffin, Ohio, November 8, 1898. Attended country school, Seneca county; graduated from Heidelberg College, Tiffin, 1881. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October,

1884; later United States Supreme Court. In the private practice at Tiffin until 1893; secretary to Attorney General of Ohio, 1893-95; Assistant Attorney General of Ohio, 1896-98; secretary to Solicitor General, United States, 1898-1901; special assistant to Attorney General, United States, 1901-05; member commission to revise laws of United States, 1905-06; assistant to joint committee of Congress on revision of laws, United States, 1906-11; special assistant to Attorney General of United States, 1911-15; in the private practice of law at Tiffin from 1917 to date; elected Prosecuting Attorney, Seneca County, Ohio, November, 1920. Member Knights of Pythias, Junior Order United American Mechanics. Republican.

**DAVID B. LOVE.**

Residence, 1019 Buckland Avenue; office, Bauman Block, Fremont. Born in Harrison County, Ohio, January 15, 1860. Son of George and Barbara (Barclay) Love. Married to Josephine S. Wood, September 10, 1888; four children: Ewing D., Ester Josephine, Anra Marie and Wendell C. Attended public schools of Harrison County; Franklin College, 1879-80, and Ohio Northern University, 1882-85. Read law in office of Finefrock & Dudrow, Fremont. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1889; later United States District Court. Member of the firm of Buckland & Love, 1890-94; Love & Culbert, 1904-12; member Board of Education of Fremont eight years. Taught schools in Harrison County three years and later was Superintendent of Schools in Oak Harbor, Ohio. Member Masonic Order; K. of P.; Ohio State Bar Association; Secretary and Treasurer Sandusky County Bar Association. Republican.

**LUCIEN EARL LUDWIG.**

Residence, 121 North Cole Street; office, 709 Citizens Building, Lima. Born on a farm in Allen County, Ohio, October 30, 1883. Son of Charles C. and Melissa J. (Neff) Ludwig. Married to Lizzie L. Judkins, March 4, 1905; two children: Aletha, L. E., Jr. Attended country schools, Allen County; graduate of Ohio Northern University, with degree of A. B., 1905; Law Department, University of Michigan, 1912, with degree of LL. B. Taught country schools and high schools for a number of years. Superintendent of schools in Leesburg. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1912. United States District Court, 1912. Member B. P. O. E.; F. & A. M.; L. O. O. M.; Allen County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Democrat.

**CHARLES JAY LYNCH.**

Office, Court House, St. Clairsville. Born in Antioch, Ohio, September 15, 1873. Son of Elisha L. and Elizabeth (Read) Lynch. Married June 29, 1899, to Gail M. McKeever. Attended public school of Antioch; graduate of Woodfield High School, 1891; attended Coun-

ty Normal School, Woodsfield. Read law in office of his father. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1895; later to United States District Court. In partnership with his father, 1895-99, when he removed to Barnesville and formed partnership with G. A. Colpitts, which continued until his removal to Bellaire in 1900. Appointed in 1910 Common Pleas Judge of Belmont County; elected, 1912; re-elected in 1918. Member Masonic Order; B. P. O. E.; Ohio State and Belmont County Bar Associations. Democrat.

#### EDWIN JOSEPH LYNCH.

Residence, 1135 West Woodruff Avenue; office, 642 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, May 1, 1887. Son of John E. and Julia (Stack) Lynch. Attended St. Patrick's Academy until 1903; Toledo High School until 1907; L.L. B. degree from University of Notre Dame, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Indiana, September 15, 1910; Ohio, December 20, 1910; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, May 5, 1917; United States Circuit Court of Ap-



peals, Sixth Circuit, August 8, 1918. Member of the firm Ragan & Lynch, 1910-1916; Hackett & Lynch since 1917. During the war member of American Protective League. Professor of Law in St. John's University, Toledo. Member Toledo Council No. 386, Knights of Columbus; Toledo Lodge No. 53, B. P. O. E.; Frank H. Hurd Democratic Club, Toledo; Gem City Democratic Club, Dayton; Toledo and Lucas County Bar Associations. Member of Senate from 34th District of Ohio, 81st General Assembly, 1915; Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Lucas County, Ohio, 1915-16; Assistant United States Attorney, Northern District of Ohio,

1916-19; alternate delegate Democratic National Convention, 1920.

#### DONALD JUSTIN LYNN.

Residence, 929 Belmont Avenue; office, 1209 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, January 9, 1891. Son of Emery F. and Harriet F. (Crooks) Lynn. Married June 10, 1918, to Frances Viola Manson. Attended the public and high schools of Youngstown; received A. B. degree from Harvard College in 1913; L.L. B. degree from Harvard Law School in 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1917; later to the United States District Court Associated with the firm of Harrington, DeFord, Heim & Huxley, of Youngstown. Served as 2nd Lieutenant 83rd Division at Camp Sherman and 73rd Infantry, 12th Division at Camp Devens, Massachusetts, during the World War. Member Alpha Sigma Phi; Phi Kappa Epsilon; American Legion; Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

#### JOHN HENRY CHALMER LYON.

Residence, Poland Road; office, 610 Dollar Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Clarkston, Columbiana County, Ohio, December 10, 1878. Son of Marcena and Hannah J. (Lewis) Lyon. Married to Lucille S. Strong, of North Benton, Ohio, June 1, 1910; one child: Ashley Marcena. Attended the public schools of New Waterford, Ohio; Mt. Hope College, Rogers, Ohio; North



Eastern Ohio Normal College, Canfield, Ohio; Mt. Union College, Alliance, Ohio; graduate of Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, with L.L. B. degree, in 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1906; later to the United States District Court. Com-

menced the practice of law in East Palestine, Ohio, associated with his brother, Everett L. Lyon, which continued until December 10, 1906, when he moved to Youngstown. In 1907 formed partnership with Judge David G. Jenkins and Clyde W. Osborne, under the firm name of Osborne, Jenkins & Lyon, which continued until 1909; then with Andrew M. Henderson and Walter I. Lyon, under the firm name of Lyon, Henderson & Lyon, which continued until January 1, 1913; in 1914 became member of the firm of Hammond & Moore. Since 1918 associated with I. G. Mathews, C. W. Wall and R. W. Miller as trial attorney. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., I. O. O. F., P. H. C., K. of P., L. O. O. M., Sigma Nu fraternity, Beta Iota Chapter, Mt. Union College; Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. City Solicitor for Struthers 12 years; Lowellville 8 years; East Youngstown 2 years; Poland 6 years. Republican State Committeeman in 1912. Republican.

#### EVERETT L. LYON.

Residence, 272 E. Main Street; office, 142½ N. Market Street, East Palestine. Born in Fairfield Township, Columbiana County, Ohio, November 5, 1870. Son of M. and Hannah J. (Lewis) Lyon. Married July 5, 1894, to Loula Ditzel; two children: Jay M. and Virginia. Educated in the public schools of New Waterford, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in October, 1894; later to U. S. District Court. City Solicitor of East Palestine for two years; Mayor of East Palestine for 8 years. Member I. O. O. F., K. of P., B. P. O. E., K. O. T. M., I. O. R. M., F. O. E., L. O. O. M. and Ohio State Bar Association. Republican.

#### RALPH PORTER MACKENZIE.

Office, Holmes Building, Lima. Born in Lima, October 13, 1887. Son of William L. and Florence Edna (Holmes) Mackenzie. Attended the public and high schools of Lima; graduate Lawrenceville School, 1904; Yale College, with A. B. degree, in 1908; University of Michigan, with LL. B. degree, in 1911, and J. D. degree in 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1911; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm Mackenzie, Weadock, Mackenzie & Landis. Vice President Allen County Bar Association; member Ohio State and American Bar Associations; Lima Club; Shawnee Country Club; Masonic Order; Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree; Yale Club of New York City. Democrat.

#### ALEXANDER C. MACKENZIE.

Residence, 14837 Euclid Avenue; office, 525 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Granton-on-Spey, Scotland, Decem-

ber 21, 1863. Son of Peter Mackenzie. Married to Anne MacIntosh, June 18, 1888. Educated in the public and high schools of Sarnia, Canada; received degree of LL. B. from University of Michigan Law School, 1892; graduate of Illinois Wesleyan Univer-



sity with degrees of Ph. B., 1900; A. M., 1902; Ph. D., 1904. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, June, 1892; Ohio, October, 1892; United States District Court, 1893. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Member Chamber of Commerce, Automobile Club, Yacht Club, of Cleveland.

#### WILLIAM LEONARD MACKENZIE.

Residence, 621 West Market Street; office, Holmes Building, Lima. Born in Lima, July 10, 1859. Son of Judge James and Lucile (Leonard) Mackenzie. Married June 11, 1884, to Florence Edna Holmes; two children: William Holmes and Ralph Porter. Attended the public schools of Lima. Studied law in office of his father, Judge James Mackenzie. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1882; later to the United States District Court. In partnership with Isaac Motter until 1900; Motter, Mackenzie & Weadock, 1900-07; Mackenzie & Weadock, 1907-11; Mackenzie, Weadock & Mackenzie, 1911-1914; Mackenzie, Weadock, Mackenzie & Landis to date. City Solicitor of Lima for four years. Member Lima Club; Shawnee Country Club; B. P. O. E.; Allen County Bar Association; President Board of Trustees Market Street Presbyterian Church. Democrat.

#### JUSTIN W. MACKLIN.

Residence, 1062 Cliffdale Avenue; office, 1028 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Agincourt, Ontario, Canada,

September 22, 1889. Son of the late Rev. John H. and Melva (Hamilton) Macklin. Father was a native of Canada. He was a Methodist Episcopal minister and preacher for 25 years until his death in 1914. Married September 2, 1914, to Clara A. Caldwell, of Lakewood, Ohio; one child: Jean. Attended primary and high schools of New York State from 1894 to 1905. Mechanical Engineering Course from Pennsylvania International Correspondence School; Mathematics and Language Courses at Central Institute, Cleveland. Entered Cleveland Law School in 1913 and received LL. B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace College, Berea,



in 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1916; to the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, in 1916; admitted to practice before United States Patent Office and Court of Appeals, D. C., in 1916; to the United States District Court at Spokane, Washington, in 1920; United States Court of Appeals, 6th and 9th Circuits, 1918 and 1920. In partnership with Albert H. Bates, under the firm name of Bates & Macklin, at Cleveland, since 1916. Practices Patent Law, Trade Marks and Foreign Patents only. First Lieutenant United States Army Motor Transport Corps from 1918 to 1919 during the World War. Member Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, Gyro Club, Cleveland Business Men's Club, Y. M. C. A., Lake Shore Tennis Club, Cleveland Engineering Society, Delta Theta Phi law fraternity, American Legion; secretary Cleveland Patent Law Association. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM MAFFETT.**

Residence and office, Carrollton. Born in Carrollton, Ohio, February 27, 1874. Son of

of Alfred and Lucinda (Champer) Maffett. Married to Anna Morrow, February 25, 1915; two children: Martha E. and Elizabeth L. Educated in the common schools of Carrollton; graduate of Carrollton high school, 1893; Ohio Northern University, 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March, 1900. Director in the First National Bank of Carrollton. Member Masonic Order, I. O. O. F. and Modern Woodmen of America. Elected clerk of Deputy State Supervision of Elections in 1901; elected Mayor of Carrollton, 1902; re-elected, 1904; elected Prosecuting Attorney of Carroll County, 1906; re-elected 1908; elected Judge Probate Court of Carroll County in 1912; re-elected in 1916. Democrat.

#### **HOWARD B. MAGRUDER.**

Residence and office, Port Clinton. Born in Port Clinton, Ohio, November 4, 1855. Son of Jas. H. and Elizabeth (Hollinshead) Magruder. Married April 24, 1895, to Myra S. Nagle, of Bellevue, Ohio. Attended public schools and college of Ann Arbor, Mich-



igan and Port Clinton, Ohio. Took Law Course at Cincinnati Law School, received A. B. degree May 30, 1883. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 1, 1883; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, later. Engaged in the practice of law alone at Port Clinton, Ohio, to the present time. President of The Magruder Bank Co. since its incorporation. This bank is the pioneer bank of Ottawa County, Ohio.

#### **FRANKLIN LEONIDAS MAIER.**

Residence and office, Massillon. Born in Hicksville, Ohio, September 13, 1889. Son of George Eugene and Emma Luella



(Mann) Maier. Elementary training received in Hicksville public schools; graduate of Hicksville High School (valedictorian), 1908; studied law in the office of George W. Kratsch and Frank L. Baldwin, of Massillon, from October, 1908, to April, 1909; entered Franklin T. Backus Law School of Western Reserve University, Cleveland, 1909; graduated therefrom with LL. B. degree, June, 1912. Elected by the faculty as member of the Coif. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 25, 1912; later to the United States District Court; United States Supreme Court, March 4, 1918. Associated with Pomerene, Ambler & Pomerene, Canton, Ohio, from July 1, 1912, to April 1, 1914, when he became associated with George W. Kratsch, under the firm name of Kratsch & Maier, in Massillon. Since February, 1919, engaged in general law practice, Massillon. Served as law clerk, first grade, legal adviser to appointment officer, War Trade Board, Washington, D. C., from December 19, 1917, to July, 1918. Entered military service, July 26, 1918, as a recruit and received training as a private in the United States Field Artillery at the Replacement Depot, Camp Jackson, S. C. Retained in the non-commissioned regimental staff of



the 5th Regiment F. A. R. D., Camp Jackson, under Major J. S. Huske, until shortly prior to January 10, 1919, the date of his honorable discharge, rank of Regimental Color Sergeant. Member Lake Erie Consistory, 32nd Degree, Massillon Commandery No. 4; Knights Templar and subsidiary bodies; The Order of the Coif, First M. E. Church of Massillon; Stark County Bar Association. Republican.

## CORNELIUS MALONEY

Residence, Cleveland; office, 1027 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Elmira, New York, October 3, 1878. Son of Cornelius and Elizabeth (Glynn) Maloney. Married to Grace Evelyn True, April 22, 1901; five children. Attended public and high schools of Kent, Ohio; graduate of Buchtel College Preparatory School, 1895; attended Buchtel College (now Akron University) three years; Western Reserve University Law School, class of 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1901; later United States District Court. En-



gaged in the general practice in Cleveland; member of the firm of Maloney & Levine, 1907-08; in partnership with Judge Vickery, firm name Vickery & Maloney, one year and a half; now in the individual practice. During the war member Legal Advisory Board, Ward 20; Member National Rifle Association; from 1892 to 1897, member 8th Ohio Infantry, known as "McKinley's Own." Member Gilmour Council Knights of Columbus. Chairman Campaign Committee League of Republican Clubs of Cuyahoga County, 1912-15; member Cuyahoga County Republican Executive Committee, 1913-15. Republican.

## CURTIS ASA MANCHESTER.

Residence, 241 North Heights Avenue; office, Wick Building, Youngstown, Ohio. Born in Canfield, Ohio, November 6, 1876. Son of Hugh A. and Rose A. (Squier) Manchester. Married to Leona Eckis, of Youngstown, June 10, 1903; two children: Hugh Wallace and Curtis A. Attended Canfield, Ohio Public Schools; graduated

with degree of A. B. from North Eastern Ohio Normal College, 1896; taught public schools two years; one year in college work; graduate of Law Department of University of Michigan, 1902, with degree of LL. B., Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1902; United States District Court, 1903. Practiced law continuously in Youngstown since 1902, as a member of the firm



of Hine, Kennedy, Manchester, Conroy & Ford. Member Youngstown Board of Education, Youngstown Club, Youngstown Country Club, Mahoning County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **LEROY ALEXANDER MANCHESTER.**

Residence, 269 Fairgreen Avenue; office, 1201 Wick Building, Youngstown. Born in Canfield, Ohio, May 6, 1883. Son of Hugh Alexander and Rose Anna (Squier) Manchester. Married to Josephine Schaaf, of Canfield, Ohio, August 4, 1909; two children: Rosana and Josephine. Attended the public and high schools of Canfield, Ohio; graduate of North Eastern Normal College, Canfield, with A. B. degree in 1902; University of Michigan Law Department, with LL. B. degree in 1905. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, June, 1905; to the bar of Ohio the same year; later United States District Court, United States Circuit Court of Appeals, United States Supreme Court. Commenced the practice of law with his brother, William C. Manchester, a member of the firm of Manchester & Prentiss, of Detroit, Michigan. Moved to Youngstown in June, 1906, and entered the office of Arrel, Wilson & Harrington, remaining there until September 1, 1907, when he became a member of the firm of Hine, Kennedy &

Manchester, where he continues to date. Member First Presbyterian Church; all Masonic bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree, Shrine; Chamber of Com-



merce; Rotary Club, Youngstown Club, Youngstown Country Club, Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. General Counsel for the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co., and the Electric Alloy Steel Co. Republican.

#### **HARRY THADDEUS MANNER.**

Residence, 174 So. Main Street; office, 13½ North Park Street, Mansfield, Ohio. Born in Monroe Township, Richland County, Ohio, October 6, 1872. Son of Emanuel M. and Harriett Ann (Johnson) Manner. Married to Essie D. Miller, of Butler, Ohio, December 26, 1897; two children: Kenneth Dayle and Hazel Winona. Educated in the common schools of Perrysville, Ohio; attended Greentown Academy in Perrysville. Studied law in office of Henry & Reed, Mansfield, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 5, 1895; United States District and Circuit Courts, Northern District of Ohio, 1901; Oregon, December 28, 1910; California, April 24, 1911. Commenced the practice in Mansfield, a member of the law firm of Manner & Henry; Manner & Hendrickson, 1903-07; in the individual practice until 1909; went west on account of ill health and practiced in Portland, Oregon, until February, 1911; practiced in Los Angeles, California, from March, 1911, until the fall of that year, when he returned to Mansfield and resumed practice alone in 1912; formed partnership with C. L. McClellan in 1914, which continued until 1916; now in the individual

practice. Counsel for The Stoner Trucking Company. Associate Member Legal Advisory Board giving most of his time during registration under Selective Service; also assisted in the campaign for sale of Liberty Bonds during the late war. Member Madison Lodge No. 26, K. of P., Masonic Order; Venus Lodge No. 152 F. & A. M., Valley of Dayton A. A. S. R., Antioch Temple of the A. A. O. N. of M. S., Dayton Mystic Club composed of Masons; the Pythian Club composed of Knights of Pythias; Richland County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Candidate for Prosecuting Attorney in 1903 and 1905; candidate for City Solicitor, 1913 and 1915; served on Advisory Committee in 1919 and had charge of the judicial campaign the same year, also in 1920. Republican.

#### EDWIN MANSFIELD.

Residence and office, Mansfield; born in Ashland, Ohio; June 9, 1861. Son of Martin H. and Anna E. (Saeger) Mansfield. Married to Ada E. Davis Lowe, 1892; one daughter, Margaret. Early education in common schools of Ashland, Ohio; attended Ashland College two years. Studied law in office of Skiles & Skiles, Shelby, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1886; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Engaged in individual law practice in Shelby from 1886 to 1891; in partnership with B. F. Long, 1891-1906; member of the law firm of Mansfield & Black since 1919. Director of Ohio Seamless Tube Co., Shelby Telephone Co., and Citizens Bank of Shelby. During the World War Chairman Legal Advisory Board of Richland County. Member K. of P., Masonic Bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite 32nd Degree; Elks, Maccabees, Modern Woodmen, Ohio State and Richland County Bar Associations, First Presbyterian Church. Mayor of Shelby, 1886 to 1888; Solicitor of Shelby, 1890-1906; Delegate to National Democratic Convention in Kansas City, 1900; Judge Common Pleas Court, Richland County, 1907 to 1919. Democrat.

#### JAMES CLARK MANSFIELD.

Residence, 1832 East 90th Street; office, City Hall, Cleveland. Born in Bloomfield, Ohio, January 23, 1869. Son of J. R. and Elizabeth (Coe) Mansfield. Married to Ada A. Fuller, April 19, 1913. Attended public school of Bloomfield, Ohio; Scio College; graduate Mount Union College, 1893; Western Reserve Law School, 1897. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 2, 1897; United States District Court, 1900. Appointed Instructor in Law School of Western Reserve University, 1901; member of firm of Solders, Thayer & Mansfield, 1909-1910; Ong, Thayer & Mansfield, 1911-1912; Assistant Director of Law of Cleveland since 1918. Member Cleveland Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

#### JOHN ALEXANDER MANSFIELD.

Residence and office, Steubenville. Born on a farm in Wayne Township, Jefferson County, September 20, 1854. Son of Jacob Y. and Margaret (Deter) Mansfield. Married August 30, 1877, to Nettie Mansfield. Attended the public schools of Wayne Township, Jefferson County, Ohio; Hope-dale College; graduate of Michigan University Law School, March, 1879. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio, 1879; later to the United States District Court. In partnership with Hon. Walter C. Ong, April, 1889, until 1883, when he formed partnership with W. A. Walden. Elected Probate Judge, 1887. In partnership with Roy N. Merryman since June, 1900. Organized the Commercial National Bank at Steubenville, in 1906, and was its first President; now Director The Union Savings Bank and Trust Company, Steubenville. Member K. of P., B. P. O. E., Chamber of Commerce, Steubenville, Hameline M. E. Church, Jefferson County Bar Association. Chairman Republican County Committee, 1886 to 1887. Elected Probate Judge of Jefferson County, Ohio, 1887; re-elected, 1890. Elected Common Pleas Judge, 1891; re-elected, 1896. Elected Representative in Ohio General Assembly in 1914; re-elected in 1916. Presidential Elector, 1908. Republican.

#### JOHN P. MANTON.



Residence, 2476 Lawrence Avenue; office, 951-959 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, October 22, 1861. Son of Thomas and Jane (Reilly) Manton. Married May 10, 1885, to Matilda M. Goulden, of Toledo. Attended St. Patrick's Acad-



emy, Toledo, 1868 to 1875. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 11, 1878; United States District Court, 1900. Engaged in the general practice of law in Toledo, in partnership with Joseph P. Hanley, under the firm name of Hanley & Manton, June, 1898, to 1899; Assistant City Solicitor of Toledo, 1900 to 1901; in the general practice, 1902 to 1905; Assistant City Solicitor of Toledo, 1906 to 1908; elected Judge Common Pleas Court of Lucas County, two terms, from 1909 to 1920. In partnership with his son, Thomas R. Manton, under the firm name of Manton & Manton, to date. Member B. P. O. E., Knights of Columbus, Toledo Golf Club, Lucas County Bar Association.

#### GLENN W. MARRIOTT.

Residence and office, Shelby. Born in Mansfield, Ohio, June 29, 1889. Son of C. W. and Florence (Long) Marriott. Married to Rhea Humbert, December 29, 1917; one son, Howard A. Graduate of Shiloh High School, June, 1905; Ohio Northern University Law Department, with degree of LL. B., June, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 27, 1913; United States District Court, 1914. Member of the firm of Long & Marriott, since July 8, 1913. Member Headquarters Troop of the 83rd Division, from April 13, 1918, to February 15, 1919; with A. E. F. in France, from June 15, 1918, to February 1, 1919. Member Masonic Order, O. E. S., M. W. A., K. of P., American Legion, Richland County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### FRANK G. MARSH.



Residence, 142 Conger Avenue; office, City Building, Akron. Born in Franklin Town-

ship, Summit County, Ohio, March 18, 1869. Son of Hiram F. and Jennie E. (Cooney) Marsh. Married to Rose F. Thiess, of Akron, May 17, 1908; one child, Howard G. Attended country schools of Summit County, Ohio. Read law under Andress & Whittemore, of Akron. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1899. Elected Judge Municipal Court, Akron, November, 1919. Magistrate, Akron, 1908-20. Member Board of Education, Akron, 1905-10; I. O. O. F., Summit County Bar Association, Chamber of Commerce, Akron. Republican.

#### EDWIN JOHN MARSHALL.

Residence, 2347 Robinwood Avenue; office, 1032 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, June 28, 1873. Son of John W. and Margaret (Baker) Marshall. Married October, 1899, to Helen Boardman, of Lowell, Massachusetts; one child, Edwin J., Jr. Attended the public and high schools of Toledo; received LL. B. degree in 1894, and LL.M. degree in 1895, from Cornell University. Admitted to the bar of



Ohio in 1895; subsequently to the United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals; United States Supreme Court. Commenced the practice of law in Toledo in 1896, in partnership with Harold W. Fraser, under the firm name of Marshall & Fraser, which continues to the present time. Member American, Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations, Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity, Masonic Order, Toledo Club. Republican.

#### DONALD MCGILL MARSHMAN.

Residence, 1724 Bryn Mawr Road, East Cleveland; office, 617 Cuyahoga Building

Cleveland. Born in Montpelier, Ohio, August 9, 1891. Son of David McGill and Carrie (Scofield) Marshman. Married to Maul Louise McMurray, April 20, 1918. Graduate of Ohio State University, with LL. B. degree, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915; United States District Court, October 27, 1916. Associated with the firm of Gage, Day, Wilkin & Wachner, 1915-1917; Gage, Day, Wilkin & Marvin, 1919; Day, Day & Wilkin to date. Attended First Officers' Training Camp, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, May 15, 1917, to August 15, 1917; commissioned Second Lieutenant of Infantry and assigned to 45th Infantry, August 15, 1917; resigned as Captain of 45th Infantry, March 5, 1919. Member of Beta Theta Pi; Phi Delta Phi fraternities.

#### **ANDREW PENN MARTIN.**

Residence, 2708 Euclid Avenue; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Wilmington, Ohio, April 17, 1889. Son of John Clifford and Jennie (Penn) Martin. Educated in the Wilmington, Ohio, public schools, 1895-1906; graduate Ohio Wesleyan University, with degree of A. B., 1910; Columbia University Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 25, 1914; United States District Court, February 3, 1917; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Sixth Circuit, March 2, 1920. Associated with firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey since February 1, 1916. Commissioned 2nd Lieutenant Q. M. C. N. A., First Citizens' Training Camp, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, August 15, 1917. Served as Assistant to Camp Quartermaster, as Camp Finance Officer and as Executive Officer, Camp Supply Office, Camp Sherman, Ohio; discharged as Captain, Quartermaster Corps, December 28, 1918. Member University, City and Rowfant Clubs of Cleveland.

#### **EDGAR GUILBERT MARTIN.**

Residence and office, Norwalk. Born in Huron County, Ohio, November 27, 1874. Son of Edgar and Mary J. (Chapman) Martin. Married October, 1902, to Clara W. Wooster; two children: Guilbert and Frances. Attended public and high schools of Norwalk; graduate of Kenyon College, with B. S. degree, in 1896; studied law in office of Judge Rowley, of Norwalk; attended Baldwin-Wallace Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1900; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Wickham & Martin. City Solicitor of Norwalk, 1902-06; Mayor of Norwalk, 1910-14. Member Company G, 5th Regiment, O. N. G., 1891 to 1907. Member Beta Theta Pi; Masonic bodies: Knights Templar, Shrine; B. P. O. E.; Spanish-American War Veterans; Ohio State and Huron County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **JAMES S. MARTIN.**

Residence, 3247 Collingwood Avenue; office, Valentine Building, Toledo. Born in

Fredericksburg, Wayne County, Ohio, September 18, 1865. Son of James and Elizabeth (Craig) Martin. Married to Bertha Fleming, of Adrian, Michigan, July 3, 1894. Attended the public schools of Fredericksburg; National Normal University, Lebanon, Ohio; graduate of Wooster University, Wooster, Ohio, with Ph. B. degree, in 1887; received Ph. M. degree therefrom in 1894. Worked as reporter on Cincinnati Post and Detroit News, from 1887 to 1890; graduate of University of Michigan Law Department with LL. B. degree in 1891. Admitted to



the bar of Ohio, 1891; later to the United States District Court. Chief Clerk in Engineering Department for the City of Toledo for a short time, when he commenced the practice of law. For two years member of the firm of Ulery, Martin & Webster. Assistant County Prosecutor of Lucas County, 1903-04-05; resigned in 1905; Assistant County Prosecutor of Lucas County, 1909 to 1910; resigned to go into the Municipal Bond business, where he continued until January, 1918, when he was appointed Director of Finance of Toledo and served in that capacity until December 1, 1919, when he was appointed Director of Law of Toledo, where he continues to date. Member Lucas County Bar Association; Commerce Club; Phi Gamma Delta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities. Republican.

#### **HENRY A. MARTING.**

Residence, 2105 Stillman Road; office, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Portsmouth, Ohio, October 28, 1892. Son of Frank L. and Emma (Sherman) Marting. Married to Nell Turley, December 29, 1917. Attended public and high schools, Portsmouth; Gradu-

ate Yale College in 1914, with B. A. degree; Columbia Law School in 1916, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, February, 1917. Associated with the firm of Tolles, Hogsett, Ginn & Morley. Captain Field Artillery, August 19, 1919. With 322nd F. A. in United States, August, 1917, to June, 1918; with 322nd F. A. in France and Germany, June, 1918, to May, 1919; discharged with rank of Major Field Artillery, May 26, 1919. Member Alpha Delta Phi fraternity.

#### ISAAC G. MATHEWS.

Residence, 173 Alameda Avenue; office, 608 Dollar Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Trumbull County, Ohio, June 29, 1874. Son of Isaac and Julia (Boyd) Mathews. Married to Grace D. Williams, of Trumbull County, June 13, 1894; one child, Earl W. Attended the public and high schools of Girard, Ohio; Normal



School of Athens, Ohio; taught school in Ohio for 12 years; studied law in the office of Anderson, Anderson & Barnum, of Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1904; later to the United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Commenced the law practice in Youngstown, in 1904, in partnership with Emil J. Anderson, under the firm name of Anderson & Mathews, which continued until 1919, a short time before the death of Mr. Anderson, since which time engaged in the practice alone. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., Maccabees, Grangers Association, Mahoning County Bar Association, Poland Country Club. Republican.

#### FRANCIS ROCKWELL MARVIN.

Residence, 2453 Overlook Road; office, 303 Park Building, Cleveland. Born in Akron, Ohio, January 2, 1877. Son of Ulysses L. and Dorena (Rockwell) Marvin. Married to Bessie M. Dague, of Akron, Ohio, April 12, 1905 one son, Francis Rockwell, Jr. Graduate of Akron, Ohio, high school, 1894; attended Williams College; Oberlin Prepara-



tory School, 1896; received degree of LL. B. from University of Michigan Law School, 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1901; United States District Court, 1905; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 1906; United States Supreme Court, 1915. Practiced law in Akron, Ohio, 1901-04; in Cleveland a member of the firm Smart, Marvin & Ford, 1909-15; Gage, Day, Wilkin & Marvin, 1918-19; Gage, Marvin & Dawley, to date. Member Hermit Club, Cleveland Athletic Club, Chamber of Commerce, Portage Country Club of Akron. Republican.

#### ULYSSES L. MARVIN.

Residence, 2654 Exeter Road, Cleveland Heights; offices: 1026 Guardian Building, Cleveland, and Lincoln Memorial University, Cumberland Gap, Tennessee. Born in Stow, Summit County, Ohio, March 14, 1839. Son of Ulysses and Elizabeth (Bradleyman) Marvin. Married November 24, 1862, to Dorena Rockwell (deceased November 1, 1898); married to Carrie Ensign, September 28, 1901. Early education received in country district school; Twinsburgh Academy, 1852; Franklin Institute, 1853-56; received Honorary Degree of LL. D. from Kenyon College, Gambier, O., in 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 2

1860; United States Circuit and District Courts, 1870; United States Supreme Court, 1900. For a short time member of the firm of Sanders & Marvin; Marvin & Rockwell, Kent, Ohio, 1866-67; Hall & Marvin, Akron, 1868-69; Foster, Marvin & Grant, 1876-1883; Marvin & Atterholt, 1884-1895; later Marvin, Atterholt, Slaugh & Marvin; later Marvin, Sadler, Atterholt & Marvin. Dean of the Law Department and oldest member of the Faculty of Lincoln Memorial University in Cumberland Gap, Tennessee, he was presented with a Chair of Law which bears his name. Enlisted as Private at outbreak of Civil War in Ohio Volunteers, August, 1862; promoted to First Lieutenant; promoted to Captain; finally breveted Major for "gallant and meritorious service," 1865; twice severely wounded in battle; received staff appointments of Adjutant General Brigade, Inspector General Brigade, and Judge Advocate of Division; mustered out of service, October, 1865. Member G. A. R. and Loyal Legion. Served on the bench nearly a quarter of a century, during which period he received seven commissions as Judge of different Courts; elected Chief Justice of the Circuit Courts of Ohio in 1908; retired from the Appellate Court in 1913. Republican.

#### FELIX T. MATIA.



Residence, 8121 Sowinski Avenue N. E.; office, 303 Park Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, November 21, 1890. Son of Thomas and Frances (Otto) Matia. Attended Cleveland public schools; East High School; received LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1914. Member Sigma Kappa Phi Fraternity. Probation Officer in Municipal Court of Cleveland from Janu-

ary, 1913, to December 31, 1916; appointed Assistant Prosecutor of Cleveland, January 1, 1917, which office he held until January, 1921. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Member Cleveland Bar Association.

#### MAURICE MASCHKE.

Residence, 2489 Guilford Road; office, Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, October 16, 1868. Son of Joseph and Rosa Maschke. Married to Minnie Rice; two children: Helen and Maurice, Jr. Attended public and high schools, Cleveland; Phillips Exeter Academy; Harvard University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1891. Member of the law firm of Reed, Meals, Orgill & Maschke. Member Masonic Order; B. P. O. E.; K. of P.; L. O. O. M.; Excelsior Club. Republican.

#### EDWARD S. MATTHIAS.

Residence, Van Wert; office, Supreme Court of Ohio. Born in Putnam County, Ohio, April 6, 1873. Son of Albert C. and Eleanor (Harris) Matthias. Married to Mary Crouch, of Van Wert, Ohio, April 23, 1898; five children: Edward D., John M., Mary E., Florence H., Alice H. Attended public schools of Gilboa, Ohio; Crawfis College; received A. B. degree from Ohio Northern University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1895, and later to the United States Courts. A member of the firm of Blachly & Matthias until 1904. Captain Company D, 2nd Ohio Volunteer Infantry, during the War with Spain. Member K. of P.; B. P. O. E.; Masonic Orders; Ohio State Bar Association. City Solicitor of Van Wert, 1899-1900; Judge Common Pleas Court, 3rd Sub-Division, 3rd Judicial District, 1904-1910; Judge of the Supreme Court of Ohio since 1914. Republican.

#### WILLIAM F. MAURER.

Residence and office, Fostoria. Born in Norvell, Michigan, July 13, 1887. Son of John and Dorothea (Sickel) Maurer. Married to Grace B. Simpson, June 2, 1915; two children: William S. and Mark. Attended Fostoria high school; Cornell University (summer school), 1908; graduate University of Michigan Law Department, with LL. B. in 1913. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio in 1913. Member of the law firm of Reed & Maurer, 1914-17. Member Masonic Bodies: Knights Templar; The Hermitage Order of the University of Michigan. Democrat.

#### WILL F. MAURER.

Residence, 1480 Clarence Avenue, Lakewood; office, Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, May 21, 1873. Son of Leonard and Elizabeth (Lehr) Maurer. Married to Martha Grothe, of Cleveland, Ohio, June 28, 1898. Attended Cleveland Public Schools, graduating from the West

High School, February, 1891; took one and one-half years post graduate course in languages; received degree of LL. B. from Harvard Law School, 1895. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1895; United States District Court, 1906. Member of the law firm of Zangerle, Higley & Maurer, 1899 to



1904; Higley & Maurer, 1904-1916; Maurer, Bolton & Wilson, 1916-1918; Maurer, Bolton, Wilson & McGiffin, since 1918. Member Chamber of Industry, Lakewood Chamber of Commerce, Automobile, Yacht and City Clubs of Cleveland. Democrat.

**J. SHARP MAXWELL.**



Residence, 14429 Superior Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 525 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Millersburg, Ohio, September 24, 1869. Son of John T. and Martha (Sharp) Maxwell. Married to Edith L. Bivington, of Cleveland, July 10, 1906. Attended public and high schools of Millersburg, Ohio; Monmouth College, Monmouth, Illinois, 1887-1891; received A. B. degree therefrom; graduate of Cincinnati Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1894. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 31, 1894; United States Circuit Court, 1898. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland. Member Chamber of Commerce, Presbyterian Church. Democrat.

**CLARENCE WILLARD MAY.**

Residence, 1395 East Market Street; office, 413 Second National Building, Akron, Ohio. Born in Akron, Ohio, January 9, 1887. Son of John J. and Lucinda (Bauer) May. Attended Suffield grade and high schools; Buchtel Academy; Ohio Northern University; received LL. B. degree from Notre Dame University, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909. Commenced the practice of



law individually; formed partnership with C. G. Roetzel, under the firm name of May & Roetzel, 1912-16; Mr. Roetzel was elected Prosecuting Attorney and resigned from the firm; since 1919 the firm is known as May, Zesiger & May. In the World War served as private in A. E. F. 301 Engineers; Students' Detachment; sent to London, where he attended Inns of Courts. Member B. P. O. E., K. of C., Summit County Bar Association. Democratic candidate for City Solicitor, 1916. Democrat.



**DEAN F. MAY.**

Residence, Canton Road; office, 413 Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born in Suffield, Portage County, Ohio, March 25, 1889. Son of John J. and Lucinda (Bauer) May. Married to Amelia L. Stutz, of Akron, September 4, 1915. Attended primary schools of Suffield, Ohio, to 1907;



graduate of Suffield high school; attended Akron University, 1917-18; private study of law in the office of Clarence W. May and Ernest E. Zesiger, of Akron, 3 years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 2, 1919. Member of the firm of May, Zesiger & May since September 1, 1919. Member B. P. O. E. of Akron; Chamber of Commerce, Akron Bar Association. Democrat.

**GEORGE S. MAY.**

Residence and office, Napoleon. Born in Hedgesville, West Virginia, January 14, 1874. Son of Rev. George S. and Esther A. (Sturgis) May. Married October 17, 1906, to Bess Moore Kirtley, daughter of Hon. William Kirtley, of Defiance; four children: William Kirtley, George S., Jr., Robert Hastings and Marjorie Virginia. Attended the public and high schools of Defiance; Kenyon Military Academy, Kenyon College. Studied law privately. Court Reporter 2nd Subdivision of the 3rd Judicial District of Ohio for 8 years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1913; United States District Court in 1917. Commenced the practice of law in 1913 in Napoleon, and continues alone to date. Prosecuting Attorney Henry County from January, 1916, to January, 1921. Federal Jury Commissioner for United States Court. Member Alpha Delta Phi and Theta

Nu Epsilon fraternities; Past Master Omega Lodge No. 564, F. & A. M.; Past High Priest, En-sa-woc-sa Chapter No. 89, R. A. M.; Past Eminent Commander Defiance



Commandery No. 30; member B. P. O. E. No. 929, of Napoleon; secretary Henry County Bar Association. Democrat.

**HARRY L. MAY.**

Residence, 804 North 4th Street; office, Olympic Building, Steubenville. Born in Steubenville, July 27, 1884. Son of Joseph and Lena (Berg) May. Married to Florence Frank, October 27, 1913; two children: Marion F. and Herbert F. Attended public schools of Steubenville; graduate of Kiskiminetas Springs School, Saltsburg, Pa., 1902; of University of Michigan Law School, with degree of LL. B., 1905. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, June 10, 1905; United States District Court, June 12, 1905; Ohio, June 27, 1905. Member Masonic Order; 32nd Degree, Shrine; Elks, Jefferson County Bar Association.

**WILLIAM P. MAYER.**

Residence, 2894 Drummond Road, Shaker Heights; office, 1108 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Newburgh Heights, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, April 13, 1881. Son of Ulrich John and Anna (Pletscher) Mayer. Married June 3, 1913, to Elizabeth R. Rush; one child: Willard Rush Mayer. Attended Forestdale country school and public school, Cleveland; business course; attended Baldwin University; graduate Cleveland Law School of Baldwin University, with LL. B. degree, in 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1911; later United States District

Court. In partnership with D. H. Hopkins, under the firm name of Hopkins & Mayer, for two years; since which time in partnership with J. R. Zmunt, under the firm name of Zmunt, Zmunt & Mayer. President and director school board of Newburgh Heights



for several years. Member Legal Advisory Board No. 9 during the World War. Member Masonic Order: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd degree. Republican.

**JOHN S. MAZANEC.**



Residence, 4222 Denison Avenue, S. W.; office, 725 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, November 7, 1886. Son of John A. and Theresa (Potucek) Mazanec, of Cleveland. Married June 23, 1915, to Helen Anne, youngest daughter of Joseph J. Ptak, vice president Cuyahoga Abstract Co. Educated in St. Procop's Bohemian Grammar School, 1892-1900; graduate of Lincoln High School, 1904; received degree of A. B. from Baldwin-Wallace University, 1914; LL. B. degree in 1914 from Cleveland Law School. During the past seventeen years assistant manager of plant work of the Guaranty Title & Trust Co. of Cleveland. Later connected with Land Title Abstract & Trust Co., Cleveland and Lorain County Abstract Co., of Elyria. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 25, 1914; United States District Court, January 8, 1919. Commenced the practice of law in Cleveland, 1914, and continues to the present time, specializing in Probate and Real Estate Law. Secretary and director The Bohemian Catholic Club of Cleveland. Assistant secretary The Czechoslovak Club of America, secretary St. John's Society; member Knights of Columbus, St. Procop's Catholic Church.

**WILLIAM ARCHIBALD McAFEE.**



Residence, University Club; office, 410 East Ohio Gas Building, Cleveland. Born in Claverack, New York, March 13, 1890. Son of William and Flora (Ackley) McAfee. Received degree of A. B. from Yale University, 1911; graduate of Harvard University with degree of LL. B., 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1917; United States District Court, 1919. Associated with the firm of Kline, Clevenger, Buss & Holliday. Mem-

ber of the firm of Kline, Niman, Buss & Holliday, May 1, 1919; at the present time member of the firm of Niman, Grossman, Buss & Holliday. Served as private in the United States Army during the World War with Troop A, 1st Ohio Cavalry, from December, 1915, to August, 1917; commissioned Captain Inf. U. S. R., August 15, 1917; commissioned Major F. A., U. S. A., July 31, 1918. Member University Club and Singers' Club, of Cleveland.

#### **CURTIS E. McBRIDE.**

Residence, 500 Park Avenue, W.; office, 9½ N. Main Street, Mansfield. Born in Richland County, Ohio, August 11, 1858. Son of Union and Nancy J. (Smart) McBride. Married August 25, 1879, to Minnie Rhodes, of Ashland County, who died December 20, 1900; two children: Winona J., wife of Emil Witting, of Ft. Thomas, Arizona, and Ethel F., wife of Guy H. Ruggles, of Inspiration, Arizona. Married January 2, 1911, to Frances English, of Chicago, Illinois. Attended common schools of Richland County, Ohio; University of Wooster, Wooster, Ohio; studied law in office of McBride & Burns, of Mansfield. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 7, 1882; later to United States District Court, United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. Commenced the practice of law in Mansfield in 1882, as member of the

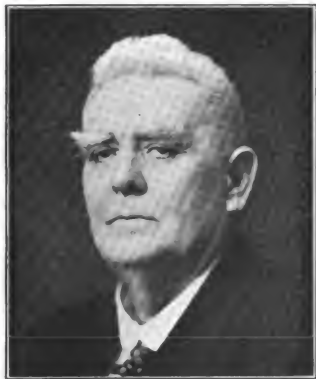
McBride & Wolfe, until the death of Mr. Cummings, July, 1913, when the firm became McBride & Wolfe, which continues to date. Member City Council of Mansfield, 1884-86; School Board of Mansfield, 1884-1900; Ohio Legislature, 1894-98; leader of the minority in the Legislature, 1896 to 1898; appointed in 1896 member Ohio Centennial Commission; appointed in 1900 by the Ohio Supreme Court member of the State Board of Examiners to examine applicants to the bar, 1900 to 1904. President Richland County Bar Association, 1912 to 1914; member Richland County, American and Ohio State Bar Associations; delegate from Richland County Bar Association to American Bar Association in 1916. Delegate from Ohio State Bar Association to the American Bar Association, 1917. Trustee Richland County Children's Home for 12 years, 11 years of which he was president of the board. Member Masonic Bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd degree, Shrine; K. of P., B. P. O. E., I. O. O. F.; member of the session of the First Presbyterian Church of Mansfield; organized the Men's Bible Class in that church in 1906, and has been its teacher ever since. Democrat.

#### **JOHN MATTHEWS McCABE.**

Residence, 2039 Commonwealth Avenue; office, 934 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Tippecanoe, Indiana, February 4, 1884. Son of Jacob and Charlotte (McCabe) Matthews. Reared in Delphos, Ohio, by his maternal grand-parents. Married September 4, 1912, to Leona McCabe; two children: John Matthews, Jr., and Virginia Pauline. Attended the public and high schools of Delphos; received LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University in 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1910; United States District Court in 1915. Member of the firm of Kirkbride & McCabe; later Kirkbride, McCabe & Flory; Denman, Kirkbride, Wilson & McCabe to date. Instructor in Toledo Law School since 1912. Member Masonic Order; Lawyers' Club; Toledo Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **JAMES J. McCALL.**

Residence, 2009 Tuscarawas Street, E.; office, 225 Schaefer Block, Canton. Born in Waynesburg, Stark County, Ohio, April 2, 1878. Son of John Stark and Katherine (Welker) McCall. Married to Alice E. Zerbe, June 30, 1909; two children: John Stark and Elizabeth Alice. Attended common schools of Sandy Township, Stark County, Ohio; received A. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, 1903; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1907. In partnership with William J. Piero, under the firm name of Piero &



firm of Thomas, C. E. & C. V. McBride, which continued until 1884; with S. E. Cummings, firm name of Cummings & McBride, 1884 to 1902, when Judge N. W. Wolfe entered the firm, which became Cummings,





McCall, 1912 to 1915; with Oscar M. Abt, under the firm name of McCall & Abt from 1916 to date. Republican.

#### JOHN W. McCARRON.



Residence and office, Bucyrus. Born in Shiloh, Ohio, February 12, 1874. Son of Frederick and Priscilla (Hunter) McCarron. Married October 17, 1898, to Julia Menges, of Crestline, Ohio; two children: Ruth and Robert. Attended common schools; Ohio Northern University; Louisville, (Ky.) Business College; taught school in Knox County, Ohio, for several years;

studied law in office of Hon. Lewis B. Houck, of Mt. Vernon, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1895; later to United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in 1895 in Mt. Vernon, Ohio. Alone until 1901, when he moved to Galion; subsequently moved to Bucyrus. On January 1, 1920, formed partnership with Charles Gallinger, under the firm name of Gallinger & McCarron, which continues to date. Member K. of P., Crawford County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### ROBERT W. McCAUGHEY.

Residence and office, Massillon. Born near Canal Fulton, February 13, 1852. Son of Robert and Hannah (Clark) McCaughey. Married to Sarah C. Holm, May 5, 1880; two children: Ruth and Catharine. Primary education received in country schools; attended high school, Canal Fulton, Ohio, one year; graduate of Wooster College, with degree of B. S., June, 1874, and later degree of M. S. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1877; United States District Court, February, 1913. Engaged in the individual law practice in Massillon almost continuously except for short periods with L. C. Cole and George B. Eggert. Member Stark County Bar Association; president The Massillon Lawyers' Club. Democrat.

#### JOHN McCAULEY.

Residence and office, Tiffin. Born in Columbiana County, Ohio, December 9, 1834. Son of Henry and Susan (Kelley) McCauley, both of whom were born and reared in Paisley, Scotland. Married in 1864 to Josephine Lockwood, daughter of Dr. Alonzo and Merinda (Newcomb) Lockwood, of Fostoria, Ohio; five children: Annie, Mary, Fannie (deceased), Josephine (deceased), Grace. Early education received in pioneer schools of Wood and Hancock counties, and early experiences were those of the farm. Attended common schools during the winter terms, until the age of 16, and then entered an academy in Republic, Seneca County, where he continued his studies for 3 years and prepared himself for college. Graduate of Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware, Ohio, with A. B. degree, in 1859. In the meanwhile taught several terms of school. September 1, 1859, began reading law under the late Judge James Pillars. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1860, and in the same year opened an office in Tiffin. In 1875 formed partnership with Robert G. Pennington, which continued for 4 years. Later associated with Henry J. Weller, under the firm name of McCauley & Weller, June, 1888, to December 31, 1919, since which time in general practice alone. In 1865 elected Prosecuting Attorney of Seneca County; re-elected in 1867. In 1874 elected delegate to the convention to revise the State Constitution. In 1879 elected

Judge Common Pleas Court for the 10th Judicial District of Ohio, comprising Wood, Hancock, Hardin and Seneca counties; served in this office 3 years and then resigned when he was appointed by Governor Charles Foster, in April, 1883, as member Supreme Court Commission, which duties he filled until 1885, when he resumed the practice of law. Democrat.

**WILLIAM SINTON McCauslen.**

Residence, 638 N. 4th Street; office, 301 National Exchange Bank Building, Steubenville. Born in West Union, Adams County, Ohio, January 26, 1858. Son of Thomas



and Mary J. (Sparks) McCauslen. Married December 1, 1893, to Winona Lowe, of Steubenville. Attended the public schools of Steubenville. Read law in office of his father, Attorney Thomas McCauslen, of Steubenville. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 17, 1879; later to United States District Court, Southern District of Ohio. Engaged in the general practice of law alone in Steubenville. Member Masonic Order: 32nd Degree, Shrine, Lake Erie Consistory; K. of P., B. P. O. E., Ohio State and Jefferson County Bar Associations. Democrat.

**ELMER McClain.**

Residence, Lima; office, Opera House Building, Lima. Born in Shawnee Township, Allen County, Ohio, October 26, 1883. Son of Lonzo and Ida Belle (Zurmebly) McClain. Married at Lima, Ohio, June 3, 1908, to Rebecca Lonsford, who died at Passaic, New Jersey, December 30, 1918,

while her husband was on duty in France; one son: Robert. Married June 2, 1920, to Mildred Jacobs, of Elida, Ohio. Attended common country schools to 1895; Lima High School, 1900-01; Ohio Northern University, 1901-05; degree of B.Sc. in 1905; teacher in common schools, 1902 to 1904; at-



tended Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, 1906; Oberlin College 1907; University of Chicago 1907-09; received Ph. B. degree in 1909; principal of first class high school at West Newton Indiana 1907-09; law student and librarian Western Reserve University Law School 1909-12; received LL. B. degree in 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1912; United States District Court in 1913. Member of the firm of McClain & Ludwig of Lima, Ohio, 1912-13; practiced alone 1913 to 1919; member of the firm of McClain & Gerstenlauer since 1919. Entered training camp at Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, May, 1917; 2nd lieutenant, 1917-18; first lieutenant, 1918-19; in Army Transport Service, Transport Quartermaster on U. S. N. T. "Wabash," and U. S. S. "Coronado" between United States and France. Member Order of the Coif and Phi Alpha Delta law fraternities; B. P. O. E., Allen County and Ohio State Bar Associations, Grace M. E. Church, American Legion, Chamber of Commerce, Lions Club; organized Progressive Republican Club of Western Reserve University School, which was the model for state. Manager Constitutional Amendment campaign, 1912; Progressive campaign speaker, 1912-1914. Member State Progressive Executive Committee; Democratic campaign speaker in 1916; Director of Public Service of Lima, Ohio, since 1919.

**JOHN C. McCLARAN.**

Residence and office, Wooster. Born in Wayne County, Ohio, August 10, 1852. Son of DeWitt Clinton and Janet (Jordan) McClaran. Married in 1885 to Elizabeth C. Deer, of Wooster, who died June 20, 1889; two children: Wade D. and John Walter. Married July 21, 1891, to Jessie Kate Jones, of Wooster. Graduate of University of Wooster, with A. B. degree, in 1877; Boston



University, with LL. B. degree, in 1880. Read law in office of Judge George Rex. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1880. Commenced the practice of law in Wooster with General Aquila Wiley, until 1885. Since 1900 member of the firm of McClaran & Jones. City Solicitor of Wooster, 1890 to 1892. Probate Judge Wayne County, 1894 to 1900. Trustee of University of Wooster for 20 years. Chairman Legal Advisory Board during the World War. Member Masonic bodies, Knights Templar. Democrat.

**ROY LEWIS McCLAVE.**

Residence, 737 N. 4th Street; office, 206 Sinclair Building, Steubenville. Born in Steubenville, June 27, 1876. Son of John and Elizabeth (Lewis) McClave. Married to Gertrude Henderson, April 3, 1909; one child: John H. Attended public schools of Steubenville to 1896; received LL. B. degree from Yale University Law School, 1899. Admitted to the bar of Connecticut, 1899; Ohio, 1900; United States District Court, 1915. In partnership with John McClave, under the firm name of McClave & McClave, until June, 1917. Director People's National Bank; director The Jefferson Building &

Savings Co. Member Masonic Order: 32nd Degree, Knights Templar, Shrine; B. P. O. E., K. of P., American and Ohio State Bar Associations. Democrat.

**CHARLES L. McCLELLAN.**

Residence and office, Mansfield. Born in Butler, Ohio, November 29, 1864. Son of John A. and Sarah A. (Miles) McClellan. Married September 19, 1894, to Ociea J. Mitchell; four children: Ruth, Lucile, William Harold and Mary. Attended country schools; Greentown Academy; University of Wooster; received LL. B. degree in 1894 from Cincinnati Law College. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1894. Member of the firm of Weaver & McClellan, 1894 to 1900; Cook & McClellan, 1909 to 1914; McClellan & Manner, 1914 to 1917. Deputy Clerk of the Courts of Richland County, 1900 to 1903; Clerk of the Courts of Richland County, 1903 to 1909. Secretary and treasurer Richland County National Farm Loan Association; member K. of P., M. W., Macca-bees, First Lutheran Church, Richland County Bar Association. Democrat.

**ELMER G. McCLELLAND.**

Residence and office, Bowling Green. Born in Crawford County, Ohio, October 22, 1863. Son of Hugh H. and Ruth A.



(Winters) McClelland. Married June 3, 1894, to Charity Teller, of Wood County, Ohio, who died April 12, 1919. Educated in the common schools of Seneca, Ohio; Normal School, Valparaiso, Indiana; Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio; Law Department National Normal School, Lebanon, Ohio. Studied law in office of Ira Tabor,

of Bowling Green, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1892; later to United States District Court. In partnership with A. B. Murphy, under the firm name of Murphy & McClelland until 1898; later with George Lewis, under the firm name of McClelland & Lewis; subsequently with S. W. Bowman, under the firm name of McClelland & Bowman, until he was elected Common Pleas Judge. Appointed in 1896 Prosecuting Attorney of Wood County; again appointed to that office in 1897; elected in 1898; re-elected in 1901. Elected November, 1914, Judge Common Pleas Court of Wood County; re-elected to that office in November, 1920. Republican candidate for Congress in 1906. Member A. A. O. N. M., Shrine; I. O. O. F., Past Exalted Ruler B. P. O. E., No. 818, of Bowling Green; member K. of P., Wood County Lodge No. 112, F. & A. M.; Crystal Chapter, R. A. M.; Bowling Green Council, Toledo Commandery, Toledo Consistory, S. P. R. S.; 32nd Degree; Ohio State and Wood County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **CHARLES BLAINE McCLINTOCK.**

Residence, 1023 14th Street, N. W.; office, 504 Geo. D. Harter Bank, Canton, Ohio. Born on a farm in Wayne County, Ohio, May 25, 1884. Son of J. W. and Emma (Huguelet) McClintock. Married to Ruth

#### **NATHAN HOBBS McCLURE.**

Residence, 426 S. Court Street; office, Court House, Medina. Born in Medina, Ohio, April 25, 1864. Son of Nathan H. and Emma I. (Seaton) McClure. Married to Harriett J. Shepard, of Medina, Ohio, October 2, 1901; two sons: Reed C. and Carroll B. Educated in the public schools of Medina. Studied law in office of George Hayden (deceased), Medina. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 4, 1886; United States District and Circuit Courts for the Northern District of Ohio, October 30, 1911. Engaged in the law practice in Medina County.



Ohio, until November, 1914, when he was elected Judge Common Pleas Court. Director The Medina County National Bank of Medina, Ohio. During the World War chairman Legal Advisory Board of Medina County. Member First Congregational Church, Medina; Medina Lodge No. 58, F. & A. M.; Medina Chapter No. 30, R. A. M.; Comet Lodge No. 60, K. of P., Medina; Lake Erie Consistory, A. A. S. R., and Al Koran Temple, N. M. S., Cleveland; Akron Commandery No. 25, K. T., and Yussuf-Khan Grotto, Akron; Wooster Council No. 13, R. & S. M.; Kiwanis Club, Medina; Akron City Club; Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Mayor of village of Medina three years. Prosecuting Attorney of Medina County six years. Republican.

#### **CLARK T. McCONNELL.**

Residence, 12704 Irvington Avenue; office, Hippodrome Building, Cleveland. Born November 23, 1892, in Cleveland. Son of Capt. Geo. T. and Addie (Foljambe) McConnell. Married, February 10, 1917, to Miss Margerite Sherwood. Educated in the public and high



M. Grant, of Wilmot, Ohio, November 16, 1911. Attended Wooster University, Wooster, Ohio, 3 years; received degree of LL. B. from Western Reserve Law School, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1909. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Stark County, January, 1919, to date. Engaged in the general law practice in Canton, Ohio. Republican.

schools of Cleveland; Adelbert College of Western Reserve University; graduate of Cleveland Law School in 1916, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1916; United States District Courts, November, 1919. Member of the firm of Sanborn & McConnell, 1917-19; Sanborn, Rich & McConnell to date. Member Cleveland Athletic Club; City Club; F. & A. M.; Al Sirat Grotto; Delta Theta Phi and Alpha Tau Omega fraternities. Republican.

#### **FRED W. MCCOY.**

Residence and office, Carrollton. Born in Carrollton, Ohio, July 29, 1869. Son of William and Margaret (Druckermiller) McCoy. Married to Mary McGregor Lawler, November 27, 1905; one daughter: Mary Margaret. Graduate of Carrollton High School; received LL. B. degree from Law Department Cincinnati College. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 28, 1896. Member I. O. O. F. Postmaster of Carrollton, Ohio, four years; Prosecuting Attorney two years; Judge Probate Court seven years. Republican.

#### **HARRY PRESTON MCCOY.**

Residence, 257 Spring Street; office, 124 W. Federal Street, Youngstown. Born in Scioto County, Ohio, May 20, 1879. Son of James N. and Ruth V. (Cartwright) McCoy. Attended elementary schools in Pike County, Ohio; Wooster University, Wooster, Ohio; graduate of Youngstown School of Law in 1912, with degree of LL. B. Admitted



to the bar of Ohio, 1912. Engaged in public school work in Youngstown, Sept., 1908, to April, 1920. Now secretary of the Federal Savings & Loan Co. Enlisted for service in the United States Army at the outbreak of

the World War; 1st Lieutenant of Infantry in Meuse-Argonne offensive; served until August 7, 1919. Member Friends' or Quaker Church; Masonic bodies; Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree, Shrine; American Legion. Representative of the Mahoning-Trumbull district in Ohio State Senate at the present time. Republican.

#### **T. Y. McCRAY.**

Residence, Ausdale; office, 27½ N. Main Street, Mansfield. Born in Mansfield, Ohio, June 26, 1878. Son of T. Y. and Mary E. (Barnhill) McCray. Attended the public and high schools of Mansfield; graduate of Ohio State University Law School in 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1900. Commenced the practice of law in Mansfield in 1900 in partnership with his father, T. Y.



McCray, which continued until his father's death in 1909. Continues alone to date. City Solicitor of Mansfield, 1910 to 1914. Captain 380th Regiment, U. S. Infantry, 95th Division, during the World War. In the service from May 15, 1917, to December 19, 1918. Member Masonic Bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree; B. P. O. E., K. of P., Richland County Bar Association, First Congregational Church, Sigma Chi and Phi Delta Phi fraternities. Democrat.

#### **ROBERT G. MCCREARY.**

Residence, 1889 East 75th Street; office, 915 Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born in Detroit, Michigan, November 20, 1882. Son of Lewis A. and Helen E. (Sprague) McCreary. Married to Mary Helen Galvin, of Brookline, Mass., September 17, 1913. Attended public schools, Detroit, Mich.; Uni-



versity School, Cleveland, Ohio; graduate of Michigan Military Academy, 1902; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law School, 1906. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, 1906; Ohio, 1907; United States District Court, 1908; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Sixth Cir-

prize for Ohio. The essay was published in the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, March, 1892. Prepared a lecture in 1915 on "The Challenge to Democracy," which treated on the growth of Political and Industrial Liberty beginning 500 B. C. to the present time; showing trend of events, cause



cuit, 1915. Member of the firm of Goulder, White & Garry. Specialized in Admiralty Law. Member Troop A, 1st Ohio Cavalry, five years. Member Sigma Phi fraternity, University Club. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM CLELAND McCULLOUGH.**

Residence, 1457 Robinwood Avenue, Lakewood; office, 610 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Bucyrus, Crawford County, Ohio, April 14, 1868. Son of Thomas and Mary (Cleland) McCullough. Married to Myrtle I. Crum, of Bucyrus, June 1, 1897. Attended the public schools of Bucyrus; Ohio State University, 1892; studied law in offices of F. S. Monnett and Scroggs & Scroggs, of Bucyrus. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 11, 1898; later to the United States District Court. Commenced the law practice in Bucyrus, continuing for twelve years; removed to Cleveland in 1909. For several years member of the firm McCullough, Alden & Hopple; Mr. Alden retired from the firm, which became McCullough & Hopple until the fall of 1919, when the partnership dissolved; now engaged in the individual practice. In 1892 The Pope Manufacturing Co., of Hartford, Conn., offered a prize to each state in the United States for the best essay on the subject of "Good Roads." The essay was limited to 2,000 words and must be published in some city or state paper. He won the



of same and remedy for the disturbed political and industrial atmosphere. Served in civilian capacity during the World War as speaker for Lake Division, A. R. C., in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky. Part of summer of 1918 speaker on Chautauqua Circuit for A. R. C. in Ohio and Indiana; also speaker in all Liberty Loan campaigns. Leader of the Men's Class of the "Old Stone Church" (Presbyterian) past five years. Member Lakewood Chamber of Commerce. Republican.

#### **EMERY A. McCUSKEY.**

Residence, 1322 22nd Street, N. W.; office, 302 George D. Harter Bank Building, Canton. Born in West Lafayette, Coshocton County, Ohio, November 8, 1877. Son of Hiram and Margaret Isabel (Coubs) McCuskey. Married to Margaret George, at Mentor, Ohio, June 15, 1905; four children: Dorothy, Jean, Richard and James. Attended public schools of Hudson, Ohio; graduating from high school, 1893; received B. S. degree from West Lafayette College, 1904. Studied law under private instruction. Superintendent of Schools of Empire, Ohio, 1904-06. Professor in West Lafayette College, 1906-10. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1911; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, April 6, 1912. Engaged in the practice of law at Canton as member of the firm of Fisher & McCus-

key, 1911 to the present time. President Civil Service Commission since 1915. Member Masonic Order; 32nd Degree; Board of Directors Canton Y. M. C. A., Stark County



Bar Association, Commercial Law League of America. Democrat.

#### **ROBERT E. McDONALD.**

Office, Court House, Carrollton. Born in Carroll County, Ohio, January 4, 1862. Son of Duncan S. and Elizabeth (Gill) McDonald. Married to Leona Nivin, April, 1890; one child: Fred M. Attended Country Schools, Carroll County; Minerva High School; received LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, 1887; read law in office of McCoy & Taylor. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1887; later United States District Court. Member of the firm of Tripp & McDonald, 1887-89; Blythe & McDonald, 1890-96; Fimple & McDonald, 1896-1900; McDonald & Ogelvie, 1906-18. Prosecuting Attorney Carroll County, 1888 to 1892; Probate Judge Carroll County, 1900-06; Probate Judge since 1921. Member Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; President Carroll County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **J. CLAIR McFELLIN.**

Residence, 2401 Maplewood Avenue; office, 1141 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Boyne City, Michigan, July 11, 1885. Son of John C. and Ettie P. (Myers) McFellin. Married to Florence A. Thatcher, November 15, 1911 (deceased October 25, 1916); one son, John Thatcher. Attended public and high schools of Globeville, Michigan; Toledo High School; University of Michigan (Law Department), 1905-06; graduate Toledo University (Law Department), with LL. B. degree, June,

1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1910; United States District Court, May, 1919. Member of the firm of Hall, Cotter & McFellin. Served in the United States Navy, March, 1917, to December, 1919. Member Lucas County Bar Association; 32nd Degree Mason; Assistant City Solicitor of Toledo, 1914-1916. Republican.

#### **AMBROSE L. MCGANNON.**

Residence, 1517 East 82nd Street; office, 725 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Conneaut, Ashtabula County, Ohio, November 14, 1874. Son of James and Mary (Coyle) McGannon. Educated in the public and normal schools of Geneva, Ohio;



received LL. B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace University Law School, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 23, 1909; later to United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland since 1909. Democrat.

#### **NORTON MCGIFFIN.**

Residence, 1728 Strathmore Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 1032 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Ida Grove, Iowa, August 22, 1887. Son of James Quail and Carrie (Ruggles) McGiffin. Married to Celestine B. Brazeau, August 29, 1911. Attended East Washington, Pa., public schools, 1894-1900; Washington & Jefferson Academy, 1900-1903; Washington & Jefferson College, 1903-04; United States Naval Academy 1904-05; graduate of Washington & Jefferson College in 1908, with A. B. degree; Law Department of University of Michigan, with degree of J. D., in 1912. Admitted to the

bar of Michigan, October 5, 1912; Ohio, December 19, 1912. Associated with firm of Treadway & Marlatt from January 1, 1913, to April 1, 1918; now a member of the firm



of Maurer, Bolton, Wilson & McGiffin. Member City Club and Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### NEIL W. MCGILL.

Residence, 1215 Gladys Avenue, Lakewood; office, 548 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Meadville, Pa., April 13, 1883. Son of Hon. William Ryan and Caroline (Harkins) McGill. Married to Helen Frances Whiting, August 7, 1915. Attended country school near Meadville, Pennsylvania; graduate of New Castle (Pa.) High School, 1902; Oberlin College, with degree of A. B. in 1907; Columbia University Law School with LL.B. degree, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania, May 22, 1911. Associated with firm of Weil & Thorpe, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, 1911; appointed Assistant United States Attorney for Western Pennsylvania, June, 1914; resigned from that position, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, April, 1917. Member of firm of Bartholomew, Leeper & McGill. Member F. & A. M., O. E. S., Democrat.

#### FRANKLIN STUART MCGOWAN.

Residence, 1881 East 84th Street; office 1319 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Oleopolis, Pennsylvania, January 20, 1869. Son of Thomson and Sarah Elizabeth (Rowland) McGowan. Married to Helen A. Dempsey in Cleveland, Ohio, June 23, 1896. Educated in Cleveland Public Schools; graduate of Central High School, June, 1886; graduate of

Adelbert College of Western Reserve University with degree of A. B., June, 1890; attended Western Reserve University Law School one year and a half. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March, 1894; United States Circuit Court northern district of Ohio, 1895; United States Court of Appeals, sixth circuit, 1898. Began the practice of law in Cleveland as a member of the firm of Brewer, Palmer & McGowan, 1894-95; afterwards member of following firms: Dickey, Brewer & McGowan, 1896-1901; Brewer, Cook & McGowan, 1901-05; Cook & McGowan, 1906; Cook, McGowan & Foote, 1907-17; Cook, McGowan, Foote, Bushnell & Lamb,



since 1918. Member Union, University, Country, Rowfant Clubs, and Chamber of Commerce, of Cleveland, and of Phi Beta Kappa and Delta Upsilon fraternities. Republican.

#### LORENZO F. MCGRATH.

Residence, 17609 Detroit Street, Lakewood, Ohio; office, 1110 Hippodrome Building, Cleveland. Born in Marion, Ohio, November 28, 1872. Son of James and Mary P. (Columbus) McGrath. Married to Marie C. Kallagher at Cleveland, Ohio., December 5, 1903. Attended the country schools of Marion County, Ohio. Taught school in Marion County, 1888 to 1890. Attended Ohio Wesleyan University, 1891-92. Studied law in office of George D. Copeland, of Marion, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1894; later to United States District Court, northern district of Ohio; United States Circuit Court of Appeals; United States Supreme Court. Engaged in the practice in Cleveland. Member Westwood Country Club; Clifton Club; Cleveland Athletic Club; The Cleveland





Yacht Club; The Cleveland Chamber of Commerce; City Club; Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations.

#### HARRISON B. MCGRAW.

Residence, 2559 Wellington Road, Cleveland Heights; office, Citizens Building, Cleveland. Born at Detroit, Michigan, May 13, 1870. Son of Alexander H. and Helen M. (Becher) McGraw. Married to Ethel V. Buffum, September 5, 1906. Attended Brownell School, Cleveland, 1879-1884; Central High School, 1884-1887; University of Michigan, 1887-1891. Admitted to Ohio bar, March, 1892; later United States District Court and United States Court of Appeals. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Member Union, Mayfield and Country Clubs of Cleveland. Independent.

#### WILLIAM BISHOP MCINTOSH.

Residence, 1046 West Exchange Street; office, 411 Terminal Building, Akron. Born in Clinton, Illinois, March 21, 1892. Son of William Wescott and Grace (Bishop) McIntosh. Married to Elizabeth Currie, July 26, 1918. Attended the grade and high schools of Akron; Wharton School of Finance and Commerce, University of Pennsylvania; graduate of Law Department of that university, June, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1917. Associated with law firm of Mather & Nesbitt, Akron, since February 10, 1919. Chief Petty Officer United States Naval Reserve Force, November 28, 1917, to December 21, 1918. Member Masonic Order; Knights Templar, Shrine; University Club; Sigma Chi fraternity; Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

#### GEORGE ROBERT MCKAY.

Office, 708 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, December 12, 1862. Son of Robert George and Jane (Greenlese) McKay. Married to May Kimberley, November 8, 1892. Attended the Cleveland public schools; Western Reserve Preparatory School; Western Reserve University; Oberlin College. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 5, 1889; United States District Court, 1895. Member of the law firm of McKay & Thompson for two years; since 1913 member of the firm of McKay & Poulson. Justice of Peace of Cleveland, 1889 to 1895; Assistant United States Attorney, 1895-1900; associated with Law Department, Cleveland, 1912 to 1913. Member Yacht Club; Athletic Club; Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland; Willoughby Country Club; Shaker Heights Country Club.

#### JAMES M. MCKAY.

Residence, Cooks Corners Farm, Poland, Ohio; office, The Home Savings & Loan Company, Youngstown. Born in Brookfield Township, Trumbull County, Ohio, September 24, 1859. Son of Wyatt and Eliza (Montgomery) McKay. Married to Alice Rayl, of Wooster, Ohio, January 29, 1885; two sons, James Russell and Dr. Raymond C. Educated in the common schools of Brookfield Township; attended Normal Institute, Orwell, three terms;



graduate of National Normal University, Lebanon, Ohio, with B. S. degree, 1880. Studied law in office of Jones & Murray, Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 6, 1884. Began the practice of law in Youngstown, March, 1885. Subsequently formed partnership with Thomas F. Hansard, which continued five years; elected Attorney

for The Home Savings & Loan Company at its organization, 1889, later became Secretary; continued as attorney for the company and devoted his time exclusively to its interest for the past fifteen years; retired in 1918 and succeeded by son, James Russell McKay. Director The Commercial National Bank, Youngstown; President Abstract & Real Estate Company, Youngstown; Director The Mahoning Supply Company, Canfield, Ohio; President Mahoning County Farm Bureau since its organization in 1913; President United States League of Local Building & Loan Associations, 1910; member Executive Committee Ohio League since its organization, 1890; President Ohio League, 1914-18; United States Delegate to the International Congress of Building & Loan Associations in London, 1914. Author of the following papers: "The American Building & Loan Association, Its Origin, History and Development"; "Economic Democracy"; "Rural Civilization"; "The Building and Loan Movement in the United States." Member of Scottish Claus; Grange. Democrat.

#### ROBERT H. MCKAY.

Residence, Berea, Ohio; office, 304 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, October 29, 1884. Son of Robert and Agnes (Hunter) McKay. Married to Jessie K. Jones, of Cleveland, April 26, 1910. Attended the common and high schools of Cleveland;



University, Yale University and Western Reserve University Alumni Clubs; Alpha Tau Omega and Phi Alpha Delta fraternities; Yale Book and Gavel Society; Cleveland Yacht Club; Cleveland Bar Association. Solicitor for Village of Berea, Ohio, 1915-16; Justice of Peace of Berea, 1920. Republican.

#### ALBERT MCKEE.

Office, Bank of Commerce Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, September 6, 1878. Son of Richard M. and Sarah E. (Faulkner) McKee. Attended public and high schools of Toledo; graduate of Ohio State University Law Department in 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1903; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Toledo. Republican.

#### HOMER H. MCKEEHAN.

Residence 2423 Derbyshire Road; office, 9th floor Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Hillsboro, Ohio, June 27, 1870. Son of



Milton and Sarah (Foraker) McKeehan. Married December 16, 1896, at Hillsboro, to Miss Nancy Spargur. Member law firm of Hoyt, Dustin, Kelley, McKeehan & Andrews. Member Union, Country, Mayfield, Euclid and Athletic Clubs.

#### EDWARD MCKINLEY.

Residence, Toronto; office, 505 Sinclair Building, Steubenville. Born in Steubenville, Ohio, July 19, 1879. Son of Edward and Rosa (Hannan) McKinley. Graduate of Toronto (Ohio) High School, 1899; attended Steubenville College, 1904-5; Ohio State University, 1914-15. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1,

Adelbert College, Western Reserve University; graduate of Yale University with degree of LL.B., 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1909; to the United States District Court, 1912. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland. Member B. P. O. E., Knights of Pythias, L. O. O. M., Masonic Order; Knights Templar Scottish Rite, 32nd degree; Shrine; Ohio State

1915. Member Masonic Order; Jefferson County Bar Association; Steubenville Chamber of Commerce; Chairman of the Jefferson County Republican Central Committee. Republican.

### **J. R. McKNIGHT.**

Residence and office, Norwalk. Born in Richland County, Ohio, December 25, 1853. Son of John B. and Susannah (Lorimer) McKnight. Married April 14, 1914; three children: Edna, wife of H. E. Graham; John B. and Ethelerta, wife of Arnold B. Rundell. Attended country schools of Richland County; Iberia College; studied law in office of Skiles & Skiles, of Shelby. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1886. Member of the firm of McKnight & Thomas for a number of years. Prosecuting Attorney of Huron County for two terms. Member of Huron County Legal Advisory Board during the World War. Member Masonic bodies: Knights Templar; I. O. O. F.; Ohio State and Huron County Bar Associations; Presbyterian Church; Kiwanis Club. Republican.

### **JAMES AUDLEY McLAUGHLIN.**

Residence, 1415 Center Street; office, Opera House Block, Massillon. Born in Hopedale, Harrison County, Ohio, September 22, 1863. Son of William B. and Elizabeth (Thompson) McLaughlin. Married to Margaret L. Shearer, June 26, 1900. Attended common schools of Adena, Ohio; Hopedale Normal College, 1881-82; taught common schools of Ohio six years; graduate Monmouth College, Monmouth, Illinois, with A. B. degree, 1891; Superintendent of Schools, Clarence, Iowa, 1892; graduate Ohio State University with B. L. degree, 1895. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1895; United States District Court, February 19, 1920. Engaged in the practice of law in Massillon. Member Stark County Bar Association. Republican.

### **ROBERT LEWIS McLAUGHLIN.**

Residence, 1125 Wellesley Avenue; office, 413 National Exchange Bank, Steubenville. Born in Adena, Ohio, March 23, 1874. Son of William B. and Elizabeth (Thompson) McLaughlin. Married October 14, 1914, to Elizabeth Alexander; two children: Mary Eloise and Robert Alexander. Attended Adena public schools; Muskingum College, September 1, 1899, to June 15, 1901. Taught school for four years. Read law in office of J. A. McLaughlin, Massillon, two years. Attended Ohio State University Law School, 1903 to 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1905; United States District Court, 1915. Practiced law in Adena for five years. Member Jefferson County Bar Association. Republican.

### **WARREN J. McLAUGHLIN.**

Residence, 1031 W. Elm Street; office, Savings Building, Lima. Born in Oil City Pennsylvania, November 5, 1879. Son of Thomas

A. and Ella G. McLaughlin. Married to Edith King, November 12, 1907; two children: Nancy and Betty. Graduate of Hamilton College, with A. B. and A. M. degrees, 1901; Columbia University Law Department, with LL. B. degree, 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1904; United States District Court, 1906. In partnership with John W. Roby, 1908-17. Served in United States Army with 80th Division in France in charge of Athletics for Y. M. C. A. from October, 1918, to June, 1919. Member Theta Delta Chi fraternity; Masonic Order; Elks; University Club; Shawnee Country Club; Allen County Bar Association. City Solicitor of Lima, 1909-11; in Attorney General's Department, 1917-18; Chairman Democratic Executive Committee.

### **HARRY WILLIAM McLEOD.**

Residence, 8906 Euclid avenue; office, 702 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Washington, Pa., August 30, 1889. Son of Edward S. and Hortense McLeod. Attended common schools and Washington and Jefferson Academy, Washington, Pa.; received A. B. degree from Washington & Jefferson College in 1911; LL. B. degree from Harvard Law School, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1916. Member of the firm of Weed, Rothenberg, McMorris & Smith, Corporal Co. G, 54th U. S. Infantry, 6th Division. Overseas July 5, 1918, to July 2, 1919. Member Cleveland Bar Association; Harvard Club; Cleveland Athletic Club; Masonic order. Republican.

### **JOHN B. McMAHON.**

Residence, 2916 Collingwood Avenue; office, 940 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Ellipttsville, New York, September 6, 1888. Son of James W. and Matilda (Torrance) McMahon. Received A. B. degree from Notre Dame University in 1909; LL. B. degree from Harvard University Law School in 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1912; later to the United States District Court. Member of the firm of Tyler, Northup & McMahon. Member B. P. O. E.; K. of C.; Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations; Toledo Club. Democrat.

### **SYLVESTER V. McMAHON.**

Residence, 1730 Elsmore Street, East Cleveland; office, 914 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June 16, 1875. Son of Peter and Johanna (Raifer) McMahon. Married to Mona Kelly, of Cleveland, June, 1907. Attended parochial schools of Cleveland; graduate of high school, 1892; entered St. Ignatius College, 1892; took special course in logic and mental philosophy, 1894-95; attended Western Reserve Law School, 1896-97; received degree of LL. B. from Cleveland Law School, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1899; United States Circuit Court, 1908; United States Court of Appeals, 1912. Member of

the firm of McMahon & Buffington, 1899 until 1903; since 1909 member of the firm of McMahon & Zimmerman. Police Prosecutor of Cleveland, 1902-04; Assistant City Solicitor,



1904-06; County Prosecutor of Cuyahoga County, 1906-09.

**WALTER McMAHON.**



Residence, 1542 Addison Road; office, Court House, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 1, 1875. Son of Chris and Gennett (Blish) McMahon. Married to Frances Carmen, of Berea, Ohio, November 14, 1900. Edu-

cated in Cleveland public and high schools; attended Western Reserve Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 15, 1897; United States District Court, June, 1912. Active in general law practice for twenty years. Elected Judge of Municipal Court, November, 1917. Member Lake Shore Lodge No. 6, K. of P.; Aerie of Eagles, No. 135; L. O. O. M.; National Union, traffic council; Commercial Travelers; Cleveland Bar Association; Past Exalted Ruler of Cleveland Lodge No. 18, B. P. O. E. Republican.

**EARL B. McMASTER.**

Residence, Steubenville; office, 905 Sinclair Building, Steubenville. Born in Toronto, Ohio, January 18, 1892. Son of William C. and Laura Coe McMaster. Graduate of Steubenville High School; attended Ohio Northern University Law School, 1916 to 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1917. Associated with Roy R. Carpenter in the general practice. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Jefferson County in 1920. Enlisted in United States Army, May, 1917, to May, 1919. Member K. of P.; Maccabees; B. P. O. E.; Delta Theta Phi. Republican.

**WILLIAM HAMILTON McMILLEN.**

Residence and office, North Baltimore. Born in New York City, November 15, 1856. Son of James and Jane (Hutchinson) McMillen. Married to Minnie Casley Bay, April 19, 1899; two children: Leonard Sloan and Donald Bay. Attended the public schools of Baltimore, Maryland, and Marietta, Ohio; Marietta College; received LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School, 1878. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 9, 1878; Kansas, November 28, 1885. Clerk in Prosecuting Attorney's Office, Hamilton County, Ohio, 1879 to 1880. Associated with the firm of Tilden, Buchwalter & Campbell, 1881-83; member of the firm of Tilden, Hardacre & McMillen, Cincinnati, 1884-85; Laferty & McMillen, Ellsworth, Kansas, 1886-87; Harrison & McMillen, North Baltimore, in 1892. Member Delta Upsilon fraternity; N. W. Ohio Delta Upsilon Club, Toledo; Wood County Bar Association. City Solicitor and Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Ellsworth, Kansas, four years; City Solicitor of North Baltimore two terms; member Board of Education of Wood County since 1917. Republican.

**WILLIAM H. McMORRIS.**

Residence, 10914 Pasadena Avenue; office, 702 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born at Schocks' Mills, Pennsylvania, January 30, 1874. Son of William J. and Catherine McMorris. Married to Maude Thomas, December 20, 1900. Education received at Newport (Pa.) Academy, Dickinson Seminary, Williamsport, Pennsylvania; graduate of Wesleyan University, Middletown, Connecticut, with A. B. degree in 1897; Yale Law School, 1899, with B. L. de-

gree. Admitted to bar of Connecticut, 1899; Ohio, 1903; later to United States District Court. Member of the law firm of Weed, Rothenberg, McMorris & Smith. Member Masonic Order; Cleveland Athletic Club; City Club; Knights of Pythias. Republican.

#### LOUIS B. McNEAL.

Residence, Marion, Ohio; office, Court House, Marion. Born in Marion, Ohio, April 28, 1868. Son of John F. and Anna M. (Francis) McNeal. Married to Alice H. Fairfield, of Marion, June 14, 1894; three children: Dorothy, Mary and John Allen. Attended public schools of Marion, including Marion High School; Wooster University, Wooster, Ohio; received L. B. degree from Cornell University in 1892; read law in office of McNeal & Wolford, Marion. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 7, 1894; later United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Member of the firm of J. F. McNeal & Sons, 1894 to 1901; J. F. & L. B. McNeal, 1901-07; alone, 1907 to 1921. Member General Assembly, 1902-03. Probate Judge Marion County since February 9, 1921. Member O. N. G., 1899 to 1917; Border Service, 1916-17; served in the World War, 1918-19. Member Masonic Order; Marion Lodge No. 70, Marion Commandery No. 32, Aladdin Temple, Columbus, Ohio; Marion Lodge No. 402, K. of P.; Marion Lodge No. 32, B. P. O. E. Republican.

#### BETHUEL T. McPEAK.



Residence, 1580 East 93rd Street; office, 538 East Ohio Gas Building, Cleveland. Born in Carroll County, Virginia, June 6, 1881. Son of Booker P. and Nancy (Thompson) McPeak. Married to Lillian Burdette, of Fayetteville, West Virginia. Attended the public

schools of Carroll County, Virginia, 1887-1899; Woodlawn Normal School, National Business College, Roanoke, Virginia, 1900-1901. Began work as stenographer in law offices of Dillon & Nuckolls, Fayetteville, West Virginia, 1901; appointed Reporter for the Criminal Court of Fayette County, 1903; resigned that position to go with the firm of Brown, Jackson & Knight, of Charleston, West Virginia; moved to Covington, Allegheny County, Virginia, where he was connected with the firm of Robert L. Parrish & Son; upon the death of the senior member, associated with the son until his death in 1915; began the study of law while connected with the firm. Admitted to the bar of Virginia, June, 1912; Ohio, March, 1918. Associated with firm of Payer, Winch, Minshall & Karch at the present time. Republican.

#### JOHN R. McQUIGG.

Residence, 1901 Idlewood Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 409-10 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Dalton, Wayne County, Ohio, December 5, 1865. Son of Samuel and Jane (McKinney) McQuigg. Married to Gertrude W. Ingard at Wooster, Ohio, February



16, 1892. Attended the public schools of Wayne County, Ohio, and Wooster High School. Entered Wooster University in 1884, graduating therefrom with A. B. degree in 1888. Attended Cornell University Law Department, 1888-89. Admitted to National Law School, Washington, D. C., in 1889, graduating in 1890 with degree of LL. B. and standing third in class of sixty-five. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 5, 1890; United States Circuit Court Northern District of Ohio, February 3, 1893; later to United States Circuit Court of Appeals. October 4, 1890, formed partnership for the general practice of law

with George B. Riley, under the firm name of Riley & McQuigg, which continues to this date. Member Cleveland Grays from 1892 to 1898. Served as Private, Corporal, Sergeant and First Sergeant. Captain 10th Ohio Volunteer Infantry in War with Spain from July 7, 1898, to March 23, 1899. After Spanish War reorganized the Battalion of Engineers, Ohio National Guard, and was its Commander with rank of Major for thirteen years. Promoted to Lieutenant Colonel in 1912. Served on Mexican Border during 1916 as Lieutenant Colonel of Provisional Regiment of Engineers. Upon declaration of war with Germany recruited the Engineer Battalion Ohio National Guard to Regiment of Engineers and was commissioned Colonel. Regiment mobilized at Camp Sheridan, Alabama, as the 112th United States Engineers, 37th Division. Sailed from Newport News, June 23, 1918; arrived at Brest, France, July 5, 1918; Bourmont, July 10th; Baccarat Sector, July 24th; The Argonne, September 21st. Sent to hospital from the Argonne and rejoined regiment in Belgium after discharge from hospital; honorably discharged from service January 17, 1919. Re-commissioned Colonel of Engineers, Ohio National Guard, April 28, 1920; appointed Brigadier General, Ohio National Guard, May 10, 1921, and assigned to command of the First Inf. Brigade, O. N. G. Commander Ohio Commandery Military Order of Foreign Wars of the United States, 1919-1920; Department Commander American Legion of Ohio, 1920-21. Member Military Order Foreign Wars; Spanish War Veterans; American Legion; Cleveland Chamber of Commerce; East Cleveland Chamber of Commerce; F. & A. M. and Sciota Consistory of Scottish Rite; First United Presbyterian Church. Mayor of East Cleveland for three consecutive terms, from January 1, 1908, to December 31, 1913. Republican.

### JAMES MULLINS MCSWEENEY.

Residence, 3813 Euclid Avenue; office, 915 Kirby Building, Cleveland. Born in Wooster, Ohio, July 21, 1887. Son of John and Ada (Mullins) McSweeney. Graduate of Wooster High School, 1904; Wooster University, with degree of B. S., 1908; Harvard Law School, degree of LL. B., 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December 16, 1910. Associated with the firm of Goulder, White & Garry. Member Troop A, 1st Ohio Cavalry, 1912-1917; served on the Mexican Border; promoted to Captain of 136th Field Artillery, A. E. F., 1917; in the service until July, 1919. Democrat.

### WALTER F. MacQUEEN.

Residence and office, Niles. Born in Highlandtown, near Wellsville, Ohio, January 6, 1887. Son of John F. and Anna (Patterson) MacQueen. Married to Martha Mae Stephenson, June 18, 1914; one son, James Robert. Graduate of Wellsville, Ohio, High School, 1905; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve

University, 1910. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1910. Engaged in the practice of law in Niles. Member The Niles Club; Masonic Order; Delta Theta Phi fraternity; Trumbull County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Now serving third term as City Solicitor of Niles. Republican with Progressive tendencies.

### WILLIAM J. MEAD.

Residence and office, Fremont. Born in Utica, Venango County, Pennsylvania, March 30, 1870. Son of Wilson and Nancy (Broughner) Mead. Married to Maud Beatty, of Gibsonburg, Ohio, April 29, 1903; two children, Margaret Edith and Willa Josephine. Educated in the district school; attended Academy,



Utica, Pennsylvania; received B. S. degree from Grove City College, Grove City, Pennsylvania, 1893; LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, Ada Ohio, 1897. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1897; United States District Court, 1900. Practiced in Gibsonburg, Ohio, from 1898 to 1913; in Fremont, Ohio, from 1913 to the present time. Member Knights of Pythias; Sandusky Bar Association; Mayor of Gibsonburg, Ohio, two terms; Prosecuting Attorney, Sandusky County, Ohio, 1913-17; member Democratic Executive Committee of Sandusky County, Ohio, many years; Chairman of Committee two years. Democrat.

### WALTER D. MEALS.

Residence, 8205 Euclid Avenue; office, 1011 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Mill Creek, Pennsylvania, January 4, 1872. Son of Dr. I. J. and Sarah Jane (McGarvey) Meals. Married to Gertrude Whittier, of Cleveland, Ohio, 1905. Graduate of Keystone, Pennsylvania, State Normal School, 1888; from



Law Department of University of Michigan, received degree of LL. B., 1892. Admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania, 1892; Ohio, 1894; United States District Court, 1896. Member of the firm of Reed, Meals & Eichelberger until January, 1921, when he became a member of the firm of Reed, Meals, Orgill & Maschke.



Member Union; Athletic, and Shaker Heights Country Clubs; Cleveland; Masonic Order 32nd degree; B. P. O. E. Assistant County Prosecutor, 1908-12; Judge of Court of Appeal, 1912-1917; United States Commissioner, three years. Republican.

#### **CHESTER A. MECK.**

Residence and office, Bucyrus. Born in Upper Sandusky, Ohio, July 27, 1889. Son of Benjamin and Mary (McLaughlin) Meek. Married April 13, 1913, to Lillis Beasley; three children: Kermit, Chester, Jr., and Janet. Attended grade and high schools of Upper Sandusky; Bucyrus High School; graduate of Ohio Northern University Law School in 1913, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915; later United States District Court. Member K. of P.; L. O. O. M.; Crawford County Bar Association; Prosecuting Attorney Crawford County since 1919. Democrat.

#### **DEAN B. MECK.**

Residence, 9518 Carnegie Avenue; office, 1039 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Delaware, Ohio, May 2, 1893. Son of David C. and Gertrude K. (Kirkpatrick) Meek. Married to Stella (Aring) Meek, June 15, 1917. Graduate of the public school and East Technical High School, of Cleveland; John Marshall School of Law of Ohio Northern

University, Ada, Ohio, with LL. B. degree, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1916. In partnership with H. Hughes Johnson, under the firm name of Johnson & Meek, January, 1917, to November, 1919. Engaged in the active practice of law to date. Secretary, Treasurer and Instructor of The John Mar-



shall School of Law of Ohio Northern University since September, 1917. Served in the Personnel Adj. Department of the United States Army from June, 1918, to March, 1919.

#### **BASIL MECK.**

Residence, Fremont. Born in New Castle, Henry County, Indiana, April 20, 1829. Son of John and Salina (Stevenson) Meek. Married December 23, 1849, to Cynthia A. Brown (deceased August, 1861); September 30, 1862, to Martha E. Anderson, of Bellevue (deceased at the age of 85, September 24, 1917); two children: Clara C., wife of Dr. H. G. Edgerton, Fremont, and Robert Basil Meek, M. D. (deceased December 24, 1911). Attended the common schools; graduate of Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle. In 1853, at the age of 24, elected Clerk of Circuit Court, Owen County, Indiana; re-elected in 1857. During these years studied law and was admitted to the bar of Indiana in 1862. Formed partnership with Hon. Samuel H. Buskirk, of Bloomington, Indiana. In 1864 moved to Sandusky County, Ohio, locating in Clyde, and was elected Clerk Common Pleas Court, serving from 1879 to 1885. On returning from this office resumed the practice of law in Fremont until appointed by President Cleveland as Postmaster of Fremont. Assumed that office September 1, 1886, and served until March 1, 1891. After that served for nine years as member Fremont Board of Education and for

six years was president of the organization. Trustee and Secretary Sandusky County Pioneer and Historical Associations and editor of its publications. Life member Ohio State Archeological and Historical Society and contributor to the columns of the quarterly published by same. One of the incorporators of The Historical Society of Northwestern Ohio, Toledo. In 1909 edited a history of Sandusky County, "The Twentieth Century History of Sandusky County, Ohio." Author of the Chapter entitled "Sandusky County" in "The History of Northwest Ohio." Since 1854 member Masonic Order and Worshipful Master of Spencer Lodge No. 95, Spencer, Indiana; member Brainard Lodge 336, Fremont. For many years a Bible student and teacher. In May, 1916, was lay commissioner in the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church at Atlantic City, New Jersey. Charter member Sandusky County Bar Association and was its secretary for 30 years prior to 1909, when he was chosen president, which position he held until 1919, when he resigned and was elected its president emeritus. Served several years as Chairman Democratic County Executive Committee. Democrat.

#### GEORGE A. MEEKISON.

Residence and office, Napoleon, Ohio. Born in Napoleon, Ohio, October 16, 1883. Son of David and Clara E. (Bowers) Meekison. Married to Vadae G. Harvey, of Colorado Springs, Colorado, July 4, 1907; two children, Virginia



and David. Educated in public schools of Napoleon, Ohio; received degrees of B. S. and LL. B. from Valparaiso University, Valparaiso, Indiana, 1908. Admitted to the bar of Indiana, 1908; Ohio, June 20, 1909; United States District Court of Indiana. Engaged in the law

practice in Napoleon, Ohio, since June 20, 1908. Member of Ohio State Bar Association. Democrat.

#### CLARENCE EDWARD MELLEN.

Residence, Colchester Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 1011 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born May 13, 1890, at Cleveland, Ohio. Son of James E. and Augusta F. (Kelley) Mellen. (Father killed in railroad accident when son was six months old.) Married May 14, 1917, to Edith S. Day, daughter of Orrin C. and Sarah A. Day, of Painesville, Ohio; one child, Robert E. Educated in Cleveland schools and colleges. Attended Notre Dame Academy, September, 1896, to



June, 1901; St. Joseph's Seminary, Notting-ham, Ohio, September, 1901, to June, 1903; Cleveland public schools, September, 1903, to June, 1904. Graduate of East High School, June, 1908; Cleveland Law School in 1912, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the Ohio bar, 1912; United States District Court for Eastern Division of Northern District of Ohio, 1915; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, February 8, 1921. Started as office boy with White, Johnson, McCaslin & Cannon in October, 1908, attending Law School in the evenings, continuing until August, 1917, prior to which time firm changed to White, Johnson, Cannon & Neff. September, 1917, became counsel for Truscon Steel Company, Youngstown, Ohio, resigning to enter military service in October, 1918. In December, 1918, became associated with Mathews, Orgill & Maschke, which changed in April, 1919, to Orgill, Maschke & Mellen. Since January, 1921, associated with the firm of Reed, Meals, Orgill & Maschke. Was a member of the Cleveland Grays and with that organization became member of



Company F, 3rd Ohio Infantry, in June, 1916. Served in Texas as 1st Sergeant until December, 1916. Entered F. A. C. O. T. S., Camp Zachary Taylor, October 7, 1918; discharged December 9, 1918. Member Delta Theta Phi fraternity; City Club; Cleveland Yacht Club; Cleveland Auto Club; Cleveland Medical Library Association; Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations. Member of Speakers' Committee of local Republican organization. Republican.

### JOSEPH HARRY MELLEN

Residence, 672 East 115th Street; office, 911 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Baltimore, Maryland, July 18, 1888. Son of Benjamin and Rebecca (Hutz) Mellen. Married to Rebecca Rice, of Baltimore, Maryland, March 4, 1920. Attended public schools of Baltimore from 1894 to 1901; employed as messenger boy by W. C. T. and in various other lines of work, thereby accumulating sufficient funds to enter into partnership in a commercial enterprise with an older brother in Hagerstown, Maryland, in 1907; then came the crisis in 1908 and their business was wiped out; returned to Baltimore and under private tutorage took pre-



paratory training for college; admitted to the Baltimore Law School (now consolidated with the University of Maryland); graduated therefrom with LL. B. degree in 1912; librarian of the school, 1911-1912. Admitted to the bar of Maryland, October 26, 1913; United States District Court for the District of Maryland, February 25, 1914; Ohio, March, 1919, and later the United States District Court of the Northern District of Ohio. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. Served for one of the governmental agencies (Welfare); on the draft board during the war. Elected on

the Democratic ticket from the 1st Legislative District of Baltimore to the Maryland Legislature, September 11, 1917; Justice of the Peace and Substitute Police Judge of Baltimore City. Democrat.

### ALBERT MENDELSON.

Residence, 10101 South Boulevard; office, Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, September 13, 1876. Son of Samuel H. and Jennie (Levy) Mendelson. Married to Grace Drukker, October 7, 1903. Educated in Cleveland public and high schools; graduate Western Reserve Law School, with degree of LL. B., 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1899; later to United States District Court. Member F. & A. M.; City Club. State Senator, 1909-11. Republican.

### ARTHUR ERNEST MERKEL

Residence, 1888 Wymore Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 702 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 21, 1872. Son of Louis J. and Augusta (Guehard) Merkel. Married to Anna Hill Lee, June, 1906; four children, Lee, Arthur Jordan,



Philip Sheridan and William Russell. Graduate of High School, Watertown, Wisconsin, 1888; Stevens Preparatory School, Hoboken, New Jersey, 1889; Stevens Institute of Technology, with degree of M. E., 1893. Studied Patent and General Law in offices of Hall & Fay; later in office of Weed, Miller & Rothenberg, of Cleveland. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1918; United States District Court, 1919. In 1916 formed partnership with G. W. Saywell under the firm name of Merkel & Saywell, which continued until 1918; since 1918, member of the firm of Frease, Merkel & Say-

well, practising Patent Law and Patent Soliciting. Served in Spanish-American War with First Ohio Cavalry, Troop A, 1898; member Troop A, O. N. G., from 1899 to 1906. Member University Club; Cleveland Athletic Club; Hermit Club; Rotary Club (charter member); Windermere Lodge, Windermere Chapter, F. A. M.; Spanish War Veterans; Beta Theta Pi fraternity; Cleveland Engineering Society; Cleveland Chamber of Commerce; President The Canadian Camp Fire Club of Cleveland; Russell E. Burdick Camp, U. S. W. V., Cleveland Bar Association. Elected Democratic Representative from Cuyahoga County in 81st Ohio Assembly. Independent in politics.

#### MARION D. MERRICK

Residence, Eagle Point, Ross Township, Wood County, Ohio; office, 1037-38 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born on a farm in West Township, Columbiana County, Ohio, April 27, 1865. Son of John and Jane (Rish) Merrick. Married to Frankie H. Johnston, June 4, 1896, who died October 27, 1899; one son, William J. Second Marriage to Clara L. Dryer, October 9, 1909. Attended country district schools;



High School, Hanoverton, Ohio, 1882; graduate of Ohio Northern University, 1886. Post-graduate course in same institution. Taught school for several years. Superintendent of Hanoverton Union Schools in 1889; read law at Ohio Northern University one year. Later in the office of the late Judge William H. West at Bellefontaine, Ohio; graduate of Cincinnati Law School with LL. B. degree, May, 1891. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 28, 1891; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, June 6, 1893; United States Circuit Court for the Eastern District of Michigan, 1908. Began the practice of law in

Toledo, January 11, 1892; always alone except in association with O. W. Nelson, 1894-95. Member Toledo Commerce Club; Toledo Lodge, F. & A. M.; Ft. Meigs Chapter, R. A. M.; The Maccabees; Modern Woodman of America; Toledo Bar Association. Independent in local and state politics. Democrat.

#### WALTER CHAPMAN MERRICK.

Residence, 13016 Forest Hill Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 920 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Willoughby, Ohio, Febru-



ary 13, 1872. Son of Edward and Sarah (Chapman) Merrick. Married to Elizabeth R. Steele, June 3, 1902. Attended Wilmington, Ohio, public schools; graduate of Ohio Wesleyan University, with A. B. degree, 1894. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1895. Member of the firm of Dustin, McKeehan, Merrick, Arter & Stewart. Member University, Mayfield Country and Athletic Clubs.

#### ROY N. MERRYMAN.

Residence, 732 N. Fifth Street; office, 341 Market Street, Steubenville. Born in Steubenville, Ohio, October 12, 1882. Son of D. Martin and Hannah May (Armstrong) Merryman. Married December 14, 1911, to Mary Vorhees, of Steubenville; one child, Robert. Attended the public and high schools of Bloomfield, Jefferson County, Ohio. Read law in the office of J. A. Mansfield, finishing his study of the law in the Cincinnati (Ohio) Law School in 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1906; United States District Court, Southern District of Ohio, February 1, 1910; United States Circuit Court of Appeals in February, 1915; United States District Court, northern district of Ohio, in 1914; United

one daughter, Garda. Married January 17, 1920, to Ada Quirk, of Youngstown. Educated in the common schools, Chardon. Read law in office of O. S. Farr, Chardon, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio April 4, 1878. Practiced law in Chardon from 1878 to 1891. In partnership with W. G. King from 1890 to 1900. Elected Prosecuting Attorney, Geauga



County, 1890; re-elected in 1893; elected Judge Common Pleas Court, 1901; re-elected 1904; elected Judge Circuit Court 1908; re-elected, 1914; elected Judge Court of Appeals and served until February, 1921, when he resumed the general practice of law. Member Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; Ohio Bar Association. Republican.

#### **PIERCE D. METZGER.**

Residence, 1090 East 98th Street; office, 908 Illuminating Building, Cleveland. Born in Onarga, Iroquois County, Illinois, November 10, 1875. Son of George T. and Lydia (Pierce) Metzger. Married to Jessie E. Jones, June 16, 1901. Attended public schools of Kansas; Salina Wesleyan College, Salina, Kansas, one year; State University, Lawrence, Kansas, three years; studied law in office of Edgar A. Cooley, Bay City, Michigan, 1898-1899; graduate of Western Reserve Law School, 1901. Admitted to the bars of Illinois, Kentucky, New York, Pennsylvania and Michigan. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1901; United States District Court, 1913. Formed partnership with Mark A. Copeland, of Cleveland, under the firm name of Metzger & Copeland, in 1902, which partnership continued until 1907; member of the firm of Metzger & Johnson, 1911-1917; now represents his own company, U. S. Fidelity & Guaranty Company, of Baltimore, Maryland. Appointed by War Department as

head of War Insurance for the United States Government outside of city, Cuyahoga County, during late war. Member Cleveland Athletic Club; Shaker Heights Golf Club; City Club; Knights of Pythias. Elected to Legislature,



served to 1908; elected County Commissioner, 1912; re-elected, 1914-15-16. Democrat.

#### HENRY A. MIDDLETON.

Residence, 2574 Monroe Street; office, Ohio State Building, Toledo. Born in Urbana, Ohio, July 1, 1871. Son of Arthur N. and Allie (Taylors) Middleton. Married to Myrtie E. Johnson, March 31, 1907. Attended Boston University, Ohio State University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 29, 1911. Associated with firm of Wilson & Rector, Columbus, 1911-15; associated with the firm of Schmettau & Williams. Entered Officers' Training Camp in Fort Harrison, Indiana, August 27, 1917; assigned 1st Lieutenant Artillery, November 7; entire service with 323rd F. A. as Captain Field Artillery overseas; commanded Battalion and Commander Battalion, discharged April 8, 1919. Member Master, I. O. O. F.; Sons of American Legion; St. Paul's M. E. Church, M. C. A.; Lucas County Bar Association. Republican.

#### AMUEL MILDER.

Residence, 10111 Ostend Avenue; office, 333 Spitzer Building, Cleveland. Born in Ohio, May 5, 1888. Son of Anna (Bloch) Milder. Attended high schools of Columbus, Ohio. Cleveland Law School, 1912; graduated from Baldwin-Wallace



College, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1915. Engaged in the practice of Law in Cleveland. Member City Club.

#### GEORGE W. MILLARD



Residence, 431 Kenilworth Avenue; office, 644-45 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, December 24, 1872. Son of Irwin I. and Mary Catherine (Keller) Millard. Married March 12, 1896, to Grace Beatty; three children, Irwin W., George G. and Mary Catherine. Attended the public schools of Toledo, including Toledo High School; studied

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hurst, Saeger & Jamison, 1917-18; Wilkin, Cross & Daoust, 1918-19; Mills, Knight & Godfrey, 1919 to May 15, 1920. Member Phi Alpha Delta fraternity; K. of P.; Methodist Church. Republican.

### EDWIN EVAN MILLER

Residence, 9809 Kempton Avenue; office, 805 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Shartlesville, Pennsylvania, April 12, 1880. Son of Franklin S. and Selesa B. (Unger) Miller. Married to Addie May Beck, of Reading, Pennsylvania, July 6, 1907; four children, Norman B., Franklin P., Melvin E., Charles E. Attended the common schools of Spring Township, Berks County, Pennsylvania, November, 1886, to March, 1895. Graduate of Keystone State Normal School in Kutztown, Pennsylvania, in June, 1897, with degree of B. E. (Bachelor in the Elements) and in 1899 received degree of M. E. Graduate of Oberlin College,

Cleveland; Associate Member of the Legal Advisory Board for District 16. Member Woodward Lodge No. 508, F. & A. M.; First English Lutheran Church, Choir of Trinity Cathedral; teacher of the "Law of Evidence" and "Wills" in The John Marshall Law School; member Phi Beta Kappa fraternity. Registrar and Judge of Elections. Republican.

### JESSE S. MILLER

Residence, 1110 South Arch Avenue; office, 405-10 Alliance Bank Building, Alliance. Born in North Benton, Mahoning County, Ohio, January 23, 1865. Son of Jacob F. and Isabella T. (Sproat) Miller. Married to Olive G. Ruff, of Shreve, Ohio, August 8, 1895; four children, Jessie M., Harold M., Ruth A. and Eugene C. Early education in country common school; attended Mt. Union College, Alliance, Ohio, 1885-90; Wooster University, Wooster, Ohio, 1893-95; received A. B. and Ph. M. degrees there-



berlin Ohio, with A. B. degree in 1906; Franklin T. Backus Law School of Western Reserve University in June, 1909, with LL. B. degree. During public school and college training he worked in various lines of business enterprises: newsboy in Reading, Pennsylvania, several years; taught a country school in Merru Township, Berks County, Pennsylvania, for winters; employed in numerous other occupations nine years; finally represented Oberlin College on the Debating Team two years. Took first place in the bar examination in June, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, September 22, 1909. Deputy Clerk of Probate Court of Cuyahoga County, Ohio, from July 9, to May 1, 1918; Instructor of Personal Property, Wills, Domestic Relations and Partnerships three years; since May 1, 1918, associated with law firm of Treadway & Marlatt,



from. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 17, 1899; United States Circuit Court for the Northern District of Ohio, February 28, 1901. Engaged in the individual practice in Alliance from May 31, 1900, to the present time. Served as Private, Co. H, 8th Regiment, O. N. G., during the war. Member Masonic Order; Knights Templar, Commandery of Alliance; Jr. O. U. A. M.; Alpha Tau Omega and Alpha Nu Chapter fraternities; Founder of Wooster Chapter, A. T. O. Fraternity, in 1900; member Ohio State Bar Association. City Solicitor of Alliance, 1902-06; State Representative 82nd and 83rd General Assembly. Author of "The Miller Utility Law," passed in 1919, forbidding discontinuance of service by public utilities without consent and approval of Utilities Commission; also author of the bill creating municipal courts in Alliance and Massillon, which is

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School in Chicago, Illinois, with LL. B. degree in 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1915; United States District Court in 1920. Practiced law in Toledo continuously to date. Secretary Toledo General Manufacturing Company, Assistant Secretary of The Valve Bag Company of America. Member Lutheran Church of Toledo; Secretary Robinwood Hospital; member Commerce Club of Toledo; Lucas County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### THOMAS M. MILLER.

Residence and office, Canton. Born in Canton, March 6, 1890. Son of Martin and Sarah E. (Ravenstein) Miller. Married to Margaret Nufer, May 14, 1920. Attended Canton public and high schools; graduate of Cornell University, with A. B. degree, 1913, and LL. B. degree, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1916. Associated with law firm of Pomerene, Ambler & Pomerene, Canton. During the World War served with 361st Infantry in France and Belgium. Member Stark County Bar Association. Republican.

#### WILLIAM HOWARD MILLER.

Residence, 1222 Woodland Avenue, Northwest; office, 300-01 McKinley Block, Canton. Born in Wooster, Wayne County, Ohio, August 7, 1880. Son of Frank W. and Alice



(Howard) Miller. Married July 1, 1908, in Pleasant Ridge, Ohio, to Edith B. Browne, of Cincinnati, Ohio; two daughters, Elizabeth Browne and Alice Browne. Attended public schools of Wooster; graduate of Wooster High School, 1898; University of Wooster, with degree of Ph. B., 1903; Harvard Law School, with LL. B. degree, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 21, 1906; Registered

Patent Attorney in United States Patent Office, August 5, 1907; United States Circuit Court, Northern Ohio, September 11, 1911. Formed partnership with Fred W. Bond under the firm name of Bond & Miller for the practice of Patents, Trade Marks, Copyrights, Unfair Trade, Corporation Law, in Canton, from January 1, 1908, to the Spring of 1914; since that date, practicing only for special interests. Secretary and Director The Ney Manufacturing Company, of Canton; The Collier Printing Company, of Wooster. Member Phi Gamma Delta (College fraternity), Beta Delta Beta (Inter-Fraternity), Harvard Masonic Club, Harvard; Masonic Order, Council and Chapter of Wooster; Stark County and Ohio State Bar Associations. In politics Independent Democrat.

#### EVERETT L. MILLS.

Residence, 2819 Tuscarawas, W.; office, Central Savings Bank, Canton. Born in Compher Belmont County, Ohio, April 1, 1878. Son of Theodore C. and Carrie (Gilmer) Mills. Mar-



ried December 31, 1904, to Nannie L. Kail, of Port Washington, Ohio; three children: Hilda M., Virgil F. and Bernice M. Attended High School at Gnadenhutten, Tuscarawas County, Ohio; Wooster University in 1900; received LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, in 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1904; later to United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Associated with W. J. Piero, of Canton, 1905 to 1908; associated with Lynch & Day, 1908 to 1910; member of the firm of Bow, Amerman & Mills from 1910 until the death of Judge C. C. Bow, when the firm changed to Amerman & Mills and continues to date. Member Stark County Bar Association. Republican.



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two children, James, Jr., and Lucille. Attended the public and high schools of Trumbull and Mahoning Counties, Ohio; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan in 1911. Admitted to the bar of Michigan in 1911; to the bar of Ohio, June 1911; United States District Court, 1918. Engaged in the practice of law in Youngstown continuously and alone since date of admission. Member B. P. O. E.;

Theta Pi fraternity; Sons of American Revolution; American Legion; Cleveland Bar Association; Ohio Athletic Association; Leonard



Knights of Columbus; Mahoning County Bar Association; all local Italian societies. Democrat.

#### DE MOTT MODISETTE.

Residence, 11480 Hessler Road; office, 317 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Minneapolis, Minnesota, October 13, 1892. Son of James B. and Edna (Ford) Modisette. Married to Grace Eloise Edwards, of Cleveland, June 16, 1917. Educated in the common schools of St. Louis, Missouri, and Cleveland; attended High School and Western Military Academy, Ton, Illinois; graduate of Washington University, of St. Louis, with degree of LL. B., 1915. Admitted to the bar of Missouri, December, 1914; later to the United States Circuit Court, Ohio, June, 1915; United States District Court, 1916. Commenced the practice of law in St. Louis, continuing for one year, after which he removed to Cleveland and became a member of the firm of Redmond & Modisette, which continued until 1916; thereafter associated with the firm of Howell, Roberts & Duncan two years. Entered Second O. T. C., at Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, 1st Lieutenant 341st F. A., 89th Division, United States and overseas service from August 27, 1917, to June 18, 1919. Member Cleveland Athletic Club; City Club; Civic League; Beta



Wood Committee for Cleveland and United States. Republican.

#### ROY RYBURN MOFFETT.



Residence, 9900 Newton Avenue; office, 909 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, April 4, 1879. Son of Rev. Robert and Lucy A. (Green) Moffett. Married to Grace Dye, of New Philadelphia, Ohio, June 29, 1911; two children: Robert and Mar-

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Son of Ferdinand and Maria G. (Flora) Montani. Married to Ruth Guerrieri, of New York City, February, 1908; two children, Marie G. and Ruth E. Attended the public and high schools of Indianapolis; graduate of Indiana Law School, University of Indianapolis, with LL. B. degree, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Indiana, 1907; New York, 1909; Ohio, 1915; United States



### CYRIL THOMAS MOORE.

Residence, 290 Orchard Road, Cuyahoga Falls; office, City Hall, Akron. Born in Columbus, Ohio, June 13, 1894. Son of William Ellis and Margaret (Bay) Moore. Married to Mary Rinehart, June 11, 1918. Graduate Ohio State University, 1916, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1916. Member of the firm of Burch & Adams, 1919-20. Assistant Director of Law, Akron, since September, 1920. Served in United States Infantry from September, 1917, to December, 1918; First Lieutenant 159th Depot Brigade. Member Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

### EDMOND H. MOORE.

Residence, 17 Lincoln Apartments; office, 806 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Milton, Mahoning County, Ohio, October 16, 1862. Son of Alexander F. and Lizzie (Van Dalsen) Moore. Married in 1890 to Emma McKinney, who died in 1904; in 1905 married to Martha Reznor, who died in 1918;



District Court of New York, 1910; subsequently to the United States District Court of Northern District of Ohio. Practiced law in New York until he moved to Youngstown in 1916, where he continues to date. Member Legal Advisory Board during the World War. Member B. P. O. E.; K. of C.; Mahoning County Bar Association.

### BARCLAY W. MOORE.

Residence and office, Cadiz. Born in Cadiz, July 18, 1884. Son of I. C. and Anna F. (Welch) Moore. Married February 4, 1917, to Persia Hawthorne. Attended the public and high schools of Cadiz; preparatory school, Kiskiminetas College, Saltsburg, Pennsylvania; received A. B. degree from Washington and Jefferson College in 1905; LL. B. degree from Ohio State University in 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1909; United States Supreme Court, February, 1919. Member of the firm of Hollingsworth & Moore, 1914 to 1919. Director 4th National Bank of Cadiz. Secretary to Congressman D. A. Hollingsworth for six years. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Harrison County, 1918; re-elected, 1920. Member Masonic Order; Delta Phi Delta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Ohio State and Harrison County Bar Associations. Republican.

2 children: Harold T. and Mark E. Educated in the public and high schools of Youngstown; teacher at the age of 17 and taught school for 11 years; studied law in the office of his father, Alexander F. Moore, in Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1884; subsequently to the United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. In 1891 commenced the practice of law in Youngstown. At various times member of the following firms: Woolf & Moore; Moore & Kistler; Moore & Williams; Moore & Cork; Kennedy, Moore, Williams &

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1908, to Phala Hamilton Kincaid; four children: Wm. B., Jr., Edmund K., Parton K. and Robert H. Attended the public and high schools of Lisbon; University of Virginia in 1903; University of Cincinnati in 1904. Read law in office of J. W. Clark, of Lisbon. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1904; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Billingsley & Moore, Lisbon. Village solicitor of Lisbon from 1910, to date. Member Ohio State and Columbiana County Bar associations. Republican.

#### DANIEL EDGAR MORGAN

Residence, 1908 East 97th Street; office, National City Building, Cleveland. Born Oak Hill, Ohio, August, 1877. Son of S. and Elizabeth Jane (Jones) Morgan. Married to Ella Matthews, of Chicago, Ill., 122, 1915. Educated in the Common schools of Oak Hill, Ohio; attended Marietta academy, 1893; Oberlin College, 1895-97, received A. B. degree therefrom; LL.B. degree Harvard Law School, 1901. Admitted to bar of Ohio, 1901; to United States



to, 1902. Member of the law firm of Morgan & Fackler, 1908-1915 member of the firm of Mail, Siddall & Morgan. Member Club, Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland, Ohio State and American Associations. Member City Council and Charter Commission, 1913.

#### BERT E. MORGAN.

315 Mayfield Road; office, 802 Irving, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, 1887. Son of Charles F.

and Mary (Roach) Morgan. Married to Ruth Schulte, August 30, 1915. Early education received in East Cleveland Public Schools; graduate of Shaw High School, 1905; attended Adelbert College, Western Reserve University and Law School of that Institution. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1910; United States



District Court, 1915. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Special interest in studies of modern languages and International Private Law as it affects Foreign Trade Sales Organizations. Member Chamber of Commerce, City Club. Republican.

#### JOHN B. MORGAN.

Residence, 166 Willis Avenue; office, 802-03 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born near Leetonia, Ohio, April 6, 1869. Son of William and Frances A. (Stoffer) Morgan. Married to Alice A. Aiken, June 6, 1900; two children: Dorothy and Katherine. Graduate of Leetonia High School, 1885; attended Mt. Union College, 1888-90. Studied law in office of Charles N. Snyder, Leetonia. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1892; United States District Court, 1898. Practiced in Leetonia, Ohio, until 1912, when he moved to Youngstown, where he continues to the present time. Chairman Legal Advisory Board No. 3 of Youngstown during the war. Member F. & A. M., K. T., B. P. O. E., Chamber of Commerce of Youngstown, Ohio State Bar Association, Secretary Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

#### ROBERT M. MORGAN.

Residence, 2981 Edgchill Road, Cleveland Heights; office, National City Building, Cleveland. Born on a farm near Somerville, N. J., December 26, 1872. Son of William and Anna

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practice of law with George H. Burrows, where he continues to the present time. Specializing in corporation work. Member of Legal Advisory Board No. 7 during the war. Member of



Cleveland Chamber of Commerce; Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

**LINDLEY WARREN MORRIS.**



Residence, 625 Virginia Street; office, 1517-Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born near Alliance, Ohio, October 16, 1853. Son of Thomas and Minerva J. (Preston) Morris. Mar-

ried to Fannie May Darling, December 27, 1894; two children: Lindley Warren and Harriet Darling. Attended the common schools of Columbiana County and High School of New Lisbon, Ohio; graduate of Oberlin College, with A. B. degree, 1878. Studied law in the office of Nichols & Firestone, New Lisbon, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May, 1880, and later to the United States District Court. Member Lucas County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Elected Judge Common Pleas Court, October, 1893; re-elected, October, 1898; re-elected, 1903. Member Toledo Council from April, 1891, to October, 1894; President of that body, 1903 to 1904. Republican.

**NATHAN MORSE.**

Residence, 261 Spicer Street; office, 608 People's Savings & Trust Building, Akron. Born in Union, Connecticut, November 2, 1848. Son of Amasa and Sarah A. (Thomas) Morse. Married June, 1876, to Ellen W. White. Attended Little Red School House in Connecticut; Monson Academy, Monson, Massachusetts. Received A. B. degree from Amherst College. Studied law in the office of George F. Hoar and at Boston University, 1875 to 1876. Admitted to the bar of Massachusetts in 1876; Ohio in 1885. Member Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

**HAROLD G. MOSIER.**



Residence, 1877 East 97th Street; office, Union Bank Building Cleveland. Born in Cincinnati, Ohio, July 24, 1889. Son of Moody G. and Anna (Hogsett) Mosier. Married to Grace Hoyt Jones, of Columbus, Ohio, April 20, 1918. Attended East High School, Cleveland, 1904-08; Dartmouth College, 1908-12; Harvard Law School, 1912-15. Admitted to



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the war. Past Exalted Ruler B. 346. City Solicitor of Wooster. Secretary Wayne County Bar Democrat.

### M LEIGHTON MOULD.

290 Donald Avenue, Lakewood; National City Building, Cleveland. Eld, Ontario, Canada, October 6, Leighton and Christina (Mac-Marr) to Edna Mae MacInnes, Illinois, May 1, 1919. Attended

School in 1891. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1891; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Commenced the practice of law in Marion in partnership with Judge Boston G. Young, under the firm name of Young & Mouser, for three years; later with H. N. Quigley, under the firm name of Mouser & Quigley, for five years; during this time was elected to Congress and served two terms, until 1908; in partnership with W. P. Maloney, under the firm name of Mouser & Maloney, until he was appointed, in April, 1916, Judge Common Pleas



els of New Kensington, Pennsylvania, received degree of A. B. from Allegheny College, 1909; received degree of LL. B. from Cleveland Law School, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913. Trust Officer of Abstract and Trust Company, of Marion, from 1913 to 1919; Assistant Secretary of Union Mortgage Company, of Marion, from 1919 to the present time. Ensign, United States Army, World War. Served in Camp Hanau, Georgia, and Camp Grant, Illinois, from May, 1918, to April, 1919. Member Delta Tau Delta and Delta fraternities; Masonic Order.

### GRANT EARL MOUSER.

Residence and office, Marion. Born in La Rue, Ohio, September 11, 1869. Son of Dr. William and Sarah (De Long) Mouser. Married November 30, 1894, to Dell Ridgeway. Three children: Grant, Isabelle, wife of John Fairbanks, and James Young, of Cleveland. Attended public and high schools of La Rue, Ohio; Northern University, Ada, Ohio; LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law

Court, and was elected to that office November, 1916, where he continues to date. Prosecuting Attorney Marion County, 1893 to 1896. Member Presbyterian Church; B. P. O. E.; K. of P.; I. O. O. F.; Ohio State and Marion County Bar Associations. Republican.

### GRANT EARL MOUSER, JR.

Residence, 539 E. Church Street; office, E. Center Street, Marion. Born in Marion, Ohio, February 20, 1895. Son of Judge Grant E. and Dell (Ridgeway) Mouser. Married to Hilda Gorham Mouser in Marion, Ohio, November 7, 1918; one child, Gwendolen Shethar. Attended common schools of Marion eight years; graduate Marion High School, 1913; attended Ohio Wesleyan University, 1913-14; graduate Ohio State University Law School, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1917. Formed partnership with Charles L. Justice and Hector S. Young under the firm name of Justice, Young and Mouser, in Marion, January 1, 1920. Enlisted for service in United States Army in World War at Western Reserve College Ambulance Unit, 1917; graduate Army Medical School in Bacteriology and Chemistry, Washington, D. C., July, 1918; com-

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**NK MUHLHAUSER.**

1560 Mistletoe Drive; office, En-  
ing, Cleveland. Born in Cleve-  
November 16, 1887. Son of Fred  
te (Kahnheimer) Muhlhauser.  
Isie B. Levi, of Cleveland, April  
aded Walton Primary School and  
School, Cleveland; graduate of



place Law School, with degree of  
O. Member of the law firm of  
Muhlhauser, 1910-12. Engaged in the  
law in Cleveland. Representative  
of Industrial Relations for United  
ing Board for Great Lakes Dis-  
October, 1917, to November, 1918.  
Cleveland Automobile Club; City  
Senior Club, and Oakwood Club.  
Commerce; American, Ohio State  
and Bar Associations.

**ANK L. MULHOLLAND.**

2546 Fulton Street; office, 937  
Building, Toledo. Born in Disco,  
April 20, 1875. Son of Robert N.  
O. (Ostrander) Mulholland. Mar-  
aud M. Rutter, of Mt. Clemens,  
September 19, 1900; three children:  
Larion and Margaret. Educated in  
in and high schools. Graduate of  
lege, with degree of A. B., in 1896;  
of Michigan, with degree of LL. B.,  
mitted to the bars of Michigan and  
United States District Court, 1902;  
ates Supreme Court, 1910. Member  
firm of Mulholland & Hartmann  
st sixteen years. Secretary Toledo  
ics Company; Director The Ameri-  
ional Company; Director Union  
Company; President The Toledo  
Company; Director The Fountain Inn



Company, Eustis, Florida. Captain of United  
States Army, assigned to service with Ameri-  
can Red Cross in France, March 10, 1918.  
Member of all Masonic bodies; Toledo Club;  
Yacht Club; Commerce Club; Epworth Club;  
B. P. O. E.; Rotary Clubs of London, Edin-  
burgh, Liverpool and Toledo; Toledo Bar As-  
sociation; President of The International As-  
sociation of Rotary Clubs, 1914-1915; Past  
President The Toledo Commerce Club; Hono-  
rary Member of National Credit Men's Associa-  
tion. Republican nominee for Congress, 9th  
Ohio District, 1916; Trustee Toledo University,  
1910-12.

**ALBERT DURANT MULLIGAN.**



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Hall, 1904-12; Munsell & Hall since 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy for Ashtabula, Lake and Geauga Counties since 1915. Member Legal Advisory Board (for Ashtabula County) during the war. Member Board of Education of Ashtabula two years. Director Ashtabula Public Library for 30 years, now President of Board; Member and Secretary Ashtabula Township Park Commission since its organization in 1905; Senior Warden Trinity formed Episcopal Church a number of years; Member Ashtabula County Bar Association. City Solicitor of Ashtabula, 1890. Democrat.

**FRANK HAYES MURPHY.**

Residence, 2188 East 85th Street; office, 6408 East Avenue, Cleveland. Born in Burlington, Ohio, June 19, 1879. Son of W. S. and (Lindsay) Murphy. Married to Harriett Bell of Cleveland, Ohio, July 4, 1912. Graduated Public and High Schools of New-



Ohio. Graduate of Ohio State Law School, Columbus, Ohio, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1902; United States District Court, 1903. Wrote several columns of political articles for newspaper for several years of age. Engaged in law in Newcomerstown in 1907. E. E. Lindsay from 1902-07. General practice in Cleveland since. Member K. of P. Justice of the Peace in Newcomerstown for a part of a

**S V. MURPHY.**

Residence, Newcomerstown; office, Mahoning County Court House, Youngstown. Born in Columbus, Ohio, October 25, 1875. Son of John (Malley) Murphy. Married to Elizabeth, of Cleveland, June 4,



1906; two children; Emma Louise and Leah Clair. Attended the Public and High Schools of Columbiana County, Ohio. Read law in office of Judge L. T. Farr, of Rogers, Ohio, received LL.B. degree from Western Reserve Law School, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1902; later to the United States District Court. Associated in the practice of law with the firm of Norris, Jackson & Rose for eight years. Member B. P. O. E., K. of C., Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Solicitor of Struthers and East Youngstown for ten years. Republican.

**DWIGHT L. MURRAY.**



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ville, Ohio, Preparatory Department, Wooster University; Wittenberg College, 1895 to 1897; studied law in the office of Dick, Doyle & Bryan, of Akron, from 1898 to 1899. Attended Ohio Northern University Law School, Ada, Ohio, in 1903. Appointed United States Guard, Paris Exposition in 1900. Served 9 months. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1905. Formed partnership with C. L. Dinsmore under the firm name of Myers & Dinsmore in 1911. Member B. P. O. E., Akron City Club; Irlawn Country Club; Wooster Country Club; President Portage Fish & Game Association; member Beta Theta Pi and Theta Epsilon fraternities; Chamber of Commerce; Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

### LEE J. MYERS.

Residence, 825 Crosby Street; office, 1000-01 Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born Spencer, Medina County, Ohio, December 16. Son of Walter B. and Jennie (Hartman) Myers. Married to Esther I. Hartz, Akron, Ohio, June 20, 1915. Early education received in Country School in Spencer. Moved to Sullivan, Ashland County,

war served as Four-Minute-Man in Civilian activities. Member Masonic Order, B. P. O. E., City Club, Akron Bar Association. Member Civil Service Commission. Republican.

### H. A. MYKRANTZ.

Residence, 803 Center Street; office, First National Bank Building, Ashland. Born in Bryan, Ohio, March 28, 1864. Son of C. W. and Emma L. Basnett. Married October 10, 1894 to Clara I. Moon (died April, 1898) and on June 29, 1904 to Jennie C. McCormick. Educated at Bryan public and high schools. Read law with Campbell & Grosscup at Ashland. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 1, 1886; U. S. District Court March 16, 1899. In partnership with Judge F. N. Patterson under the firm name of Mykrantz & Patterson until January 1, 1919. Member Masonic order; I. O. O. F. and City Clubs. City Solicitor for City of Ashland two terms, 1886-1890. Prosecuting Attorney of Ashland county two terms, 1892-1898. City Councilman; Deputy State Supervisor of Elections; member American, Ohio State and Ashland County Bar Associations. Democrat.

### CHARLES E. NADLER.

Residence, 1712 Elm Street; office, 704 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in New York City, January 15, 1891. Son of Abraham and Henrietta Nadler. Married to Rose Greenwald, March 31, 1917; one child, G. Eldon. Graduate of Public Schools, New York City and of Townsend Harris High School; Graduate of Columbia University with degree of B. S.; later attended Youngstown, Ohio Y. M. C. A. Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1916. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., Owls, I. O. O. F., Sigma Alpha Mu Fraternity, Mahoning County Bar Association.

### O. W. NAEF.

Residence, 1258 Sunset View; office, 810 Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born in Conneaut, Ohio, April 2, 1878. Son of Louis R. and Emma C. (Hatch) Naef. Married to Chloë E. Yeager, September 29, 1910; two children; Joseph L. and John R. Attended the Public and High Schools of Conneaut, Ohio; Grove City (Pennsylvania) College, 1898-99; Ohio State University, 1901-02. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1902; Washington, May, 1907; later to the United States Circuit Court Eastern District of Washington and United States District Court Eastern District of Washington. Engaged in the law practice alone except from May, 1907, to July 1, 1919, in partnership with J. Oscar Adams at Ritzville, Washington. Member Masonic Order, Masonic Club, Chamber of Commerce, Summit County Bar Association, Portage Country Club. Prosecuting Attorney of Adams County, Washington, from January, 1917 to June 1, 1919. Republican.



educated from High School there; attended Northern University three years; granted LL. B. degree, 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1909; U. S. District Court, November, 1915. Practiced law in Mansfield, Ohio, 1909-13; then in Swinchart Tire & Rubber Company, 1918 in the general practice. Akron Holding Co.; Secretary Supply Co.; Secretary The Sales Co.; 2nd Vice President Airway Service Co.; Counsel for Trade Association; Director of Service Co. During the late



of Ohio in 1898; later to United States District Court. Associated with A. C. Lewis in the practice of law for about six years, since which time in the general practice alone. Director Union Savings Bank & Trust Co.; Steubenville Mortgage Co.; Eastern Ohio & Collateral Loan Co. Member B. P. O. E. and Jefferson County Bar Association. Republican.

#### **HERBERT W. NAUTS.**

Office, 934 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, November 2, 1890. Son of Charles H. and Mary Ellen (Ryan) Nauts. Attended public and high schools, Toledo; College of Arts and Sciences of Ohio State University, 1909-12; received LL. B. degree from Law School of that institution in 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1915; United States District Court, 1920. Associated with firm of Denman, Kirkbride, Wilson & McCabe. First Lieutenant 21st Field Artillery; after armistice was signed served as Special Counsel to Chief Claims Officer of A. E. F. Member Phi Delta Phi Fraternity. Republican.

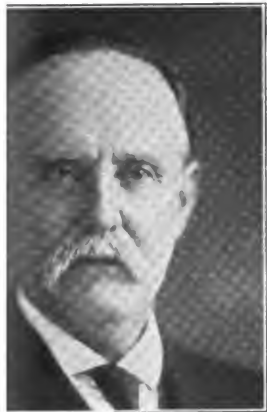
#### **ORION L. NEFF.**

Residence, 2901 Archwood Avenue; office, 403 Ulmer Building Cleveland. Born in Winchester, Preble County, Ohio, May 15, 1848. Son of Cornelius and Eliza Jane (Rhinehart) Neff. Married to Frances R. Dodge, July 3, 1877; three children: Attended Winchester common schools; Otterbine University, Wellsville, Ohio; Ohio Wesleyan University. Graduate of Cincinnati Law School on April 19, 1876. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1875; later to United States District Court. In partnership with his brother, Judge W. B. Neff, 1876, until his brother was elected County Prosecutor. Enlisted at the age of thirteen as drummer boy in the 35th Regiment Ohio Volunteers Infantry of the Civil War, which regiment was the first Union Force to cross Ohio River into Kentucky after opening of hostilities. His grandfather and father were also members of the Union Army at the same time (1862). Charter member of Brooklyn Post Grand Army of the Republic, of which he has twice been commander. Appointed Assistant County Solicitor, 1901. Republican.

#### **WILLIAM B. NEFF.**

Residence, Gates Mill; office, Court House, Cleveland. Born in Winchester, Preble County, Ohio, April 30, 1851. Son of Cornelius and Eliza Jane (Rhinehart) Neff. Married to Elizabeth Hyer, of Greenfield, Ohio, June 22, 1876; two children: Horace and Amy, wife of George F. Burrows, of Cleveland. Attended public schools, Van Wert, Ohio; Collegiate Course, Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, Ohio. Taught in the schools of Van Wert County for some time. Studied law in office of Alexander & Satzgaber, Van Wert; later graduate of Cincinnati Law School with LL. B. degree, 1876. Admitted to the bar of Ohio,

United States District Court. Com-  
practice of law in Cleveland in  
th brother, O. L. Neff, under the  
Neff & Neff, until 1890, when  
uting Attorney, Cuyahoga Coun-  
he held until 1895, when elected  
non Pleas Court, Cuyahoga  
h office he held until 1905;



ship with Judge Martin A. Foran  
time and in 1908 re-elected  
mon Pleas Court, Cuyahoga Coun-  
since been twice re-elected and con-  
date. Has been elected five times  
122 years up to the present time.  
an active interest in politics and  
many speeches in various parts of  
Member Masonic Order; Ohio  
Cleveland Bar Associations. Re-

#### ARTHUR A. NEIGER.

ce, 932 Parkwood Drive; office, 324  
City Building, Cleveland. Born in  
Ohio, April 16, 1889. Son of  
and Rose (Kleinberger) Neiger.  
to Edith A. Alper, of Cleveland Ohio,  
1, 1919. One daughter, Ruth Louise.  
Cleveland Public Schools and  
High School; graduate of Baldwin-  
Law School, 1910. Admitted to the  
Ohio, 1910; United States District  
12. Engaged in the individual general  
in Cleveland. Served as Private in  
Sherman, Ohio, with 9th Battalion;  
ly discharged as Sergeant, 1918.  
also in civilian capacity as Member  
advisory Board, District No. 10; Govern-  
mental Agent for same District. Past



Chancellor Knights of Pythias, Member Civic  
League, Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Asso-  
ciations. Democrat.

#### ORION W. NELSON.

Residence, 2211 Fulton Street; office, 520  
Nasby Building, Toledo. Born in New Bal-  
timore, Ohio, November 26, 1863. Son of  
Wallace and Mary Jane (Swift) Nelson. At-  
tended the public schools of Stark County;  
studied law privately. Admitted to the bar of  
Ohio in 1890; later to United States District  
Court. Moved to Toledo in June, 1891. As-  
sistant City Solicitor of Toledo in 1906-09.  
Member Toledo Bar Association. Republican.

#### ROBERT NEWBEGIN.

Residence, 210 19th Street; office, 828  
Nicholas Building, Toledo, Ohio. Born in  
Defiance, Ohio, August 5, 1874. Son of Henry  
and Ellen T. (Sturdivant) Newbegin. At-  
tended Defiance, Ohio, Schools. Graduate of  
Bowdoin College in 1896 with degree of A. B.;  
Boston University in 1898 with LL. B. degree.  
Admitted to the bar of Ohio and to the  
United States Circuit Court, October, 1898;  
United States Supreme Court, 1901. Began  
the general practice of law in Defiance, Ohio,  
associated with his father, Henry Newbegin,  
under the firm name of Henry & Robert New-  
begin, from 1898 to 1907; in the individual  
practice in Toledo from 1907 to 1920, when  
he became a member of the firm of Doyle  
& Lewis, meanwhile retaining connections  
with the Defiance firm of Henry & Robert New-  
begin until the death of the senior partner in  
1917 and with its successor Newbegin &  
Farrell until the removal of Mr. Farrell to  
Washington, in 1920, and the consequent dis-  
solution of the firm. First Lieutenant Sanitary  
Corps United States Army, detailed as Legal

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**LEE NEWCOMER.**

North Main Street; office, 130  
Bryan. Born in Bryan.  
Son of Nathaniel H.  
Newcomer. Married  
October 10, 1905; three  
children: Lee N. and Arthur S.  
in Country Schools; at-  
tended Bryan, Ohio, one year;  
College, Hillsdale, Mich-  
igan, A. B., 1898; read law in  
Cleveland, M. M. Boothman, Bryan,  
Ohio, December, 1901;  
Circuit Court, March, 1907.  
Member M. M. Boothman in  
1898, 1904; with Augustus  
Boothman; appointed Judge Com-  
missioner Williams County, March,  
1907. World War organized  
American Red Cross, April,  
Williams County War Sav-  
ings Committee, 1918. Member  
of Board of Trustees of  
President Will Carleton  
Memorial; Secretary Bryan Busi-  
ness from date of its or-  
ganization; member Masonic  
P. O., Delta Tau Delta Fra-  
ternity Bar Association.  
Member Williams County,  
Circuit Court of  
Ohio, 1914; Chairman Wil-  
sonian Committee, 1902-  
1903; State Executive

of Lyne S. and Elizabeth (Harker) Newell.  
Married to Evelyn E. Walker at New York  
City, May 26, 1914. Three children: John,  
Elizabeth and Hal Harker. Educated in the  
Public Schools of Denver, Colorado and Cen-  
tral City, Colorado; attended for two years,  
High School, East Liverpool, Ohio; graduate  
of East Denver High School, Denver, Colorado,  
1902; graduate of Harvard College in 1906  
with degree of A. B.; graduate of Harvard  
Law School in 1909 with degree of LL. B.  
Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1909; later United  
States District Court, United States Circuit  
Court of Appeals and United States Supreme  
Court. Member of the firm of Squire, Sanders  
& Dempsey, Cleveland, since June 1, 1918.  
Member Union Club, City Club, Chamber of  
Commerce, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar As-  
sociations.

**ARTHUR IDRIS NICHOLAS.**

Residence, 7009 Franklin Avenue; office, 302  
Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Wales.  
August 4, 1860. Son of Rev. David James  
and Mary (Jones) Nicholas. Married to  
Elosia B. Chamberlain, daughter of Rev.



**HENRY M. CHAMBERLAIN.**



East Street; office, 1201  
Cleveland. Born at  
May 21, 1884. Son

Dr. Henry M. Chamberlain, of Meadville, Pa.,  
January 1, 1890. Boyhood days spent on Gov.  
Tod's farm near Youngstown, Ohio. Educa-  
ted in the public schools of Youngstown;  
graduate of Hull Business and Scientific In-  
stitute and Walworth Institute, New York  
City. Read law with Gen. T. W. Sanderson,  
A. W. Jones and John J. Sullivan. Admitted  
to the bar of Ohio, 1892; United States Dis-  
trict Court, 1897. Associated with Henry M.  
Robinson and L. H. E. Lowrey in Youngstown,  
1892-97; in the individual practice until 1903,  
when he moved to Cleveland. Official Court  
Reporter Trumbull and Portage Counties 17

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Circuit Court of Eighth Ohio, January 1, 1912 to Democrat.

# **T. NOLAN.**

cc, Painesville. Born in 1880. Son of Owen E. Nolan. Married June 1, Proctor. Three children: Vita. Attended Parochial of Painesville; Western Law School. Admitted to June 16, 1902. Mayor of to 1909; County Prosecutor, 1913-14; City Solicitor January 1, 1920, until he 1920. Chairman Lake Cross during World War. Cleveland, Painesville & ; Cleveland, Painesville Co. Member K. of C., and Lake County Bar y's Catholic Church of

# **J. NORD.**

at 124th Street; office, ding, Cleveland. Born arch 31, 1877. Son of ickson) Nord. Mar- Cristy at Providence, r 26, 1908. Graduated ) High School, 1896; from Western Reserve l, 1904. Admitted to 1904. Engaged in the Cleveland, 1904-1913; Reed, Eichelberger &

Nord, 1913-1916; since 1916 member of the firm Newcomb, Newcomb & Nord. Member Cleveland Athletic Club, Cleveland Chamber of



Commerce, Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

# **CHARLES S. NORTHUP.**



Residence, 3248 Collingwood Avenue; office Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Lexington, Sanilac County, Michigan, November 12, 1868. Son of Myron and Annie Adelaide (Herson) Northup. Married November 27, 1902, to Alice Delia Bachelder, of Galion, Ohio; four

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Nar, member United States  
ted States Ordnance Guard  
ber American Legion Army  
; K. of C. Assistant Police  
eveland since May 1, 1919.

**RK H. NYE.**

7, Erie Street; office, Wilcox  
Born in Concord, Ohio.  
Son of Henry C. and Al-  
nye. Married June 6, 1894,  
; one child, Raymond M.  
School, Concord; received  
Oberlin College, 1884. Read  
dge Barry, Elgin, Ill. Ad-  
f Illinois, January 26, 1887;  
Judge Probate Court of  
to February 9, 1921, when  
ral practice of law. Mem-  
Bar Association; I. O. O.  
mmerce. Republican.

**ED J. NYE.**

ce, Elyria. Born in Elli-  
cember 8, 1843. Son of  
Jerusha (Walkup) Nye.  
isher, of Cleveland. Sep-  
o children: David Fisher  
ice H. Attended the Dis-  
v York; Randolph Acad-

poria, Kansas, until March, 1873, when he  
moved to Elyria. In 1909 formed partnership  
with his son, David Fisher Nye, which con-  
tinued until the death of his son in 1912; his  
son, Horace H. Nye, has been associated with  
him since June, 1915. School Examiner,  
Lorain County, Ohio, 1873 to 1876; member  
Elyria Council for a number of years; mem-  
ber Elyria School Board for some time. Prose-  
cuting Attorney, Lorain County, 1881 to 1884;  
Common Pleas Judge, Lorain, Medina and  
Summit Counties, 1892 to 1902; member 4th  
Constitutional Convention of Ohio in 1912.  
Vice President and Director, Savings Deposit  
Bank & Trust Company for a number of years,  
President Century Building Company since  
1901; President Masonic Temple Company,  
Member all Masonic bodies: Knights Templar,  
Scottish Rite, 33rd Degree; Al Koran Shrine;  
Lorain County Bar Association; Vice Presi-  
dent Ohio State Bar Association in 1901;  
President Elyria Bar Association for two  
years; member of Advisory Committee of  
Oberlin College, on Political Science. Repub-  
lican in politics.

**HORACE H. NYE.**

Residence, 700 Middle Avenue; office, 32 Cen-  
tury Building, Elyria. Born in Elyria, Ohio,  
August 4, 1884. Son of Hon. David J. and  
Luna (Fisher) Nye. Married to Ruby V. Mc-  
Clure, of Elyria, September 9, 1916; two chil-



rk; graduate of Ober-  
degree, in 1871, and  
uperintendent of pub-  
io, from 1870 to 1872.  
rlin and Milan. Ad-  
Ohio, August, 1872;  
ntly to the United  
'racted law in Em-

dren: Mary Elizabeth and Virginia. Educated  
in the Elyria public schools; graduate of High  
School, 1902; Oberlin College, 1908, with A. B.  
degree; Western Reserve University Law  
School in 1915, with LL. B. degree. Admitted  
to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915; United States  
District Court, January 26, 1917. Engaged  
continuously in the practice, associated with



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attended Georgetown University, D. C., in 1920. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1919. Associated with Kron. Member K. of C.; Association. Democrat.

# **I O'DONNELL.**

house, Toledo. Born in Michigan. Son of Patrick O'Donnell. Education of Michigan and Detroit. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, 1896; later United States Court and United States Court law in Port Huron, Michigan in partnership with C. S. firm name of Northup & moved to Toledo, where continued for some time. Judge of Probate Court and the Court of Lucas County, 1916 and 1920. Democrat.

# **L. OESCH.**

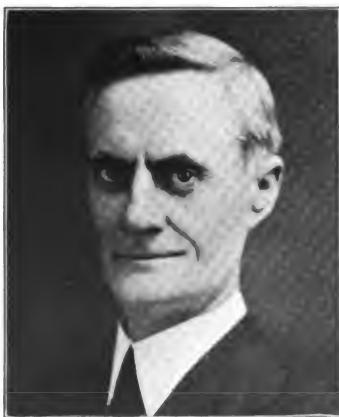
ledge Avenue; office, 706 Spring, Youngstown. Born in Ohio, February 16, 1870. Elizabeth (Denny) Oesch, John, October 5, 1911. Educated in country schools; from Mount Union College in the office of E. H. Ohio. Admitted to the bar, 1897; United States Member of the firm of number Masonic Order; I. O. O. M. No. 1014; F. O. E. No. 772. Southern Columbiana County Bar Association, Republican.

Wellsville; Baldwin-Wallace College, 1916 to 1919. Received LL. B. degree from latter institution. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1919. Engaged in the general practice of law in Wellsville. Member B. P. O. E. No. 1040;



L. O. O. M. No. 1014; F. O. E. No. 772. Southern Columbiana County Bar Association, Republican.

# **WILLIAM A. O'GRADY.**



# **OGLEVEE.**

Carrollton. Born in Ohio, November 23, 1869. Line (Knox) Oglevee. Daniel, June 16, 1898; two and Doris. Attended in County; McConnellsville; Denison University. Judge W. B. Crew, Member to the bar of Ohio, District Court, Memorial & Oglevee, 1906-1907. Carroll County in Postmaster of Carroll-

# **IN O'GRADY.**

son Avenue; office, Born in Wellsville, son of Francis William O'Grady. Married Ella Moncrief, of wife Elizabeth. Attended public schools of

Residence, 1103 Riverside Avenue; office, 459 Main Street, Wellsville. Born in Wellsville, Ohio, May 28, 1870. Son of James and Mar-

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tended, Georgetown University, C., in 1920. Admitted in 1919. Associated with on. Member K. of C.; association. Democrat.

**O'DONNELL.**

use, Toledo. Born in Michigan. Son of Patrick (O'Donnell) O'Donnell. Educated at Michigan and Detroit. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, 1896; later United States and United States Court law in Port Huron, Michigan in partnership with C. S. firm name of Northup & moved to Toledo, where continued for some time. Judge of Probate Court and Circuit Court of Lucas County, 1916 and 1920. Democrat.

**K. L. OESCH.**

McClede Avenue; office, 706 Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, Ohio, February 16, 1870. Married Elizabeth (Denny) Oesch, daughter of John, October 5, 1911. Received in country schools; degree from Mount Union College. Practiced law in the office of E. H. Young, Ohio. Admitted to the bar, October 14, 1897; United States Court, 1906. Member of the firm of Oesch & Oesch. Member Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; Alpha Tau Omega; Youngstown County Bar Association. City of Youngstown, 1906-10. Candidate for Mahoning County, 1920. Republican.

**ES. G. OGLEVEE.**

House, Carrollton. Born in Carrollton, Ohio, November 23, 1869. Married Adeline (Knox) Oglevee, daughter of Daniel, June 16, 1898; two children, D. and Doris. Attended at Morgan County; McConnellsburg High School; Denison University. Office of Judge W. B. Crew, McConnellsburg. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, United States District Court. Member of McDonald & Oglevee, 1906-1919. Attorney Carroll County in 1920. Postmaster of Carrollton. Republican.

**EBERLEIN O'GRADY.**

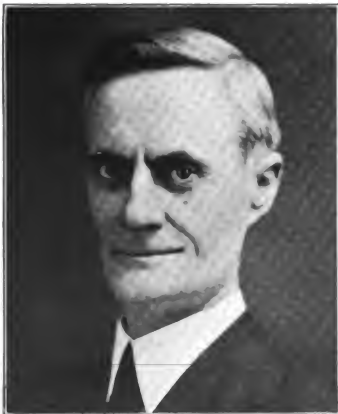
1108 Anderson Avenue; office, 459 Main Street, Wellsville. Born in Wellsville, Ohio, May 28, 1870. Son of James and Mary (Eberlein) O'Grady. Married in 1913, to Jennie Ella Moncrief, of Wellsville. Louise Elizabeth. Attended at parochial and public schools of

Wellsville; Baldwin-Wallace College, 1916 to 1919. Received LL. B. degree from latter institution. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1919. Engaged in the general practice of law in Wellsville. Member B. P. O. E. No. 1040; L. O. O. M. No. 1014; F. O. E. No. 772. Southern Columbiana County Bar Association. Republican.



L. O. O. M. No. 1014; F. O. E. No. 772. Southern Columbiana County Bar Association. Republican.

**WILLIAM A. O'GRADY.**



Residence, 1103 Riverside Avenue; office, 459 Main Street, Wellsville. Born in Wellsville, Ohio, May 28, 1870. Son of James and Mary (Eberlein) O'Grady.

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# **I FRANCIS O'NEIL.**

Marvin Avenue; office, Mun-  
 1000. Born in Akron, Ohio.  
 Son of Michael and Patience  
 1. Married to Marie A.  
 on, Ohio, November 17, 1915;  
 ry and Robert. Attended St.  
 and High School of Akron;  
 egree from Holy Cross Col-  
 attended Columbia University  
 Georgetown University  
 d to the bar of Ohio in 1914;  
 States District Court. Elected



al Court of Akron, November,  
 ate for nomination for United  
 or on Democratic ticket, 1920.  
 ted States Naval Aviation Serv-  
 Member American Legion;  
 Columbus; Army & Navy Club;  
 l Summit County Bar Associa-

# **J. H. ORGILL.**

West Dover, Ohio; office, 1011  
 Building, Cleveland. Born in  
 England, March 3, 1879. Son of  
 Sarah A. (Turner) Orgill. Mar-  
 n M. Rodway, of Cleveland, Ohio,  
 1902. Educated in the public and  
 ls of Cleveland; attended Western  
 versity, 1899-1900; LL. B. degree  
 in-Wallace University, 1902. Ad-  
 bar of Ohio, 1902; United States  
 rt, Northern District of Ohio, 1904.  
 ractice in Cleveland as a member  
 of Mathews & Orgill; later the firm  
 hews, Orgill & Maschke; Orgill,  
 Mellen, from January, 1919, to

January, 1921, when the firm became Reed,  
 Meals, Orgill & Maschke. Member Cleveland  
 Athletic Club; Clifton Club; Westwood Coun-  
 try Club; Delta Theta Phi Law fraternity;



Masonic Order; K. of P. Member City  
 Council, 1903-06; Board of Elections from  
 1908 to the present time. Republican.

# **JOHN MCFARLAND ORMOND.**

Office, 432-37 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born  
 in Sharon, Pennsylvania, January 18, 1864.  
 Son of B. K. and Mary (McFarland) Ormond.  
 Married to Lucy Jameson, October 1, 1890.  
 Educated in the public and high schools of  
 Sharon, Pennsylvania; graduate of University  
 of Wooster, 1897; University of Michigan  
 Law Department, 1889. Admitted to the bar  
 of Ohio, 1890; later to United States District  
 and Circuit Courts. Member Toledo Com-  
 merce Club; Y. M. C. A.; Phi Gamma Delta;  
 Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Masonic bodies,  
 32nd Degree; Toledo, Ohio State and Ameri-  
 can Bar Associations; Sons of the American  
 Revolution. Republican.

# **STANLEY L. ORR.**

Residence, 2101 East 93rd Street; office,  
 1239 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in  
 Chillicothe, Ohio, August 5, 1890. Son of  
 Weden K. and Elizabeth (Lutz) Orr. Married  
 to Katherine E. Murray. Attended public and  
 high schools of Kingston, Ohio; graduate of  
 Western Reserve University, with A. B. de-  
 gree, in 1912; LL. B. degree, 1914. Admitted  
 to the bar of Ohio, June 25, 1914; to United  
 States District Court, March 9, 1916. Associ-  
 ated with firm of Thompson, Hine & Flory  
 since 1914. Served in a military capacity as a  
 member of Troop A, 1st Ohio Cavalry, 1915;

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associated with the firm of Harrington & DeFord for four years; name then changed to Harold, Heim & Osborne; since January of the firm of Anderson, Inc. Member I. O. O. F.; K. of C.; Foresters; L. O. O. M.; Ohio Painesville County Bar Associations.

# W. H. M. OSTRANDER.

Residence, Painesville. Born on a farm, Township, Lake County, Ohio. Son of George L. and Gertrude Ostrander. Married December 30, 1906, Florence Cray, of Kirtland Township, Ohio; three children: Jean, George William and Edward Ralph. Graduated from public and high schools of Painesville; received degree from University of Michigan in 1911. Admitted to the



admitted to the bar of Michigan and Ohio in 1911; United States District Court in 1912. Commenced practice of law in Painesville, which continued until 1912, when he moved to Cleveland. He was associated with the firm of W. C. Thomsen & Gaston until 1914; returned to Painesville in 1915, where he continues in the practice to date. In 1920 elected Consulting Attorney of Lake County. Chief Justice, P. L. of Lake County. Member I. O. O. F.; Maccabees; Grange; Lake County Bar Association. Republican.

# JOHN BURRELL OVIATT.

Residence, 3162 Redwood Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 807 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born November 22, 1881, at Medina, Ohio. Son of Clarence E. and Julia F. (Viall)

Oviatt. Married September 16, 1906, to Jessie Brintnall at Medina, Ohio; four children. Received education at Medina public school; graduate of Medina High School in 1900. En-



tered Western Reserve Law School, 1908, receiving degree LL.B. from same in 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1911; United States District Court, 1913. Engaged in the individual practice of law in Cleveland. Member of the firm of Oviatt & Brown, 1912-1914. Member Masonic Order; Knights of Pythias; Cleveland Bar Association; City Club; Episcopal Church. Republican.

# WILBER OWEN.

Residence, 2364 Robinwood Avenue; office, 920 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Detroit, Michigan, June 30, 1873. Son of Charles W. and Belle J. (Allen) Owen. Married to (Mrs.) Ida E. Weden, February 23, 1902. Attended the grade and high schools of Lansing and Coldwater, Michigan; graduate of George Washington University, with LL. B. degree, 1906; LL. M. degree, 1907. Admitted to the bars of the District of Columbia and Michigan, 1907; Ohio, 1908; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Owen, Owen & Crampton. Specializes in practice of Patents, Copyrights, Trade-marks and Unfair Competition. Author of "Owen's Law Quizzer," 1900 (West Publishing Co.). Member Masonic Order; Toledo Bar Association; Chicago and Washington Patent Bar Associations; President Toledo Rotary Club. Republican.

# LOUIS HENRY PAINE.

Residence, 112 Orchard Road; Ottawa Hills; office, Second National Bank Building, Toledo. Born in Lima, Ohio, October 1, 1875. Son of Louis and Mary E. (Lind) Paine. Married



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since 1915 in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Special Agent United States Department of Justice during the World War. K. of P., of Bartlesville, Oklahoma; Elbrook Lodge, F.



John Chapter, R. A. M.; Cleveland Forest City Commandery; Lake Erie Shrine; Al Koran Shrine. Republican.

**JAMES B. PALMQUIST.**



Residence, 1240 Pond View Avenue; office, 610 Savings and Trust Building, Akron. Born in Hastings, Pennsylvania, November 10,

1898. Son of Gus and Bertha (Holm) Palmquist. Attended public and high schools, Hastings, Pennsylvania; Valparaiso, Indiana, 1916-18; received LL.B. degree from Cleveland Law School, 1920. Studied law in office of Burch & Adams, of Akron, for two years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1920. Engaged in the general practice of law alone in Akron. Member Students' Army Training Corps at Dickenson College, Pennsylvania, 1918. Member Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

**NICHOLAS PAPP.**

Residence, 9106 Denison Avenue; office, 1983 West 25th Street, Cleveland. Born in Rozsnyo, Hungary, June 21, 1881. Son of Steven and Pauline (Klein) Papp. Married to Mary F. Gedeon in Cleveland, Ohio, February 7, 1905.



Attended Cleveland public schools; International Correspondence School of Scranton, Pennsylvania; Columbia Business University and Cleveland Law School of Baldwin-Wallace College. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915; later to the United States District Court of Northern District of Ohio. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Member W. O. W., and Knights of Pythias. Candidate for Council of Fourth Ward, 1913. Republican.

**LIONEL S. PARDEE.**

Residence, 83 Casterton Avenue; office, Municipal Court, Akron. Born in Wadsworth, Medina County, Ohio, August 28, 1865. Son of George K. and Caroline C. (Hard) Pardee. Married June 6, 1916, to Mabel Fulmer. Attended the public and high schools of Akron; received LL.B. degree from Cincinnati Law School in 1892. Admitted to the bar of Ohio

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and Laura Emily (Hutchinson).  
ied to Loretta Becker, Febru-  
Educated in the public schools  
d Toledo. Attended Law De-  
lo University; Ohio State Uni-  
Stenographer several years. Ad-  
var of Ohio, June, 1916; United  
Court, October 16, 1918 Mem-  
Order; K. of P.; Y. M. C. A.;  
erce Club; Toledo Bar Associa-  
Museum of Art. Secretary of  
Control of Toledo and Secretary  
ce Director of Toledo for two  
slican.

#### **ROLD E. PARSONS.**

2178 E. 100th Street; office, 621  
uilding, and Prosecuting Attor-  
ment, Cleveland. Born in Plymouth,  
mber 14, 1873. Son of Richard



uschia M. (Larason) Parsons. Attend-  
grade and high schools of Delaware,  
received degree of B. S. from Academic  
ment, Ohio Wesleyan University, 1897;  
graduate Course in that institution, 1898.  
law in office of Attorney General F. S.  
ette, Columbus, Ohio. Admitted to the  
f Ohio, December, 1900; later to the  
d States District Court. Assistant Prose-  
g Attorney Cuyahoga County since Janu-  
1921. Captain Machine Gun Company,  
Infantry, 18th Division, United States  
y, during the World War. Member  
eland Bar Association; American Legion.  
sbllican.

#### **RUFUS H. PATCHIN.**

esidence and office, Chardon. Born in  
rdon, September 12, 1870. Son of Edward  
Anna (Canfield) Patchin. Married to  
theryn Burke, of Benton Harbor, Michigan,

January 2, 1905; one son, Edward. Attended  
grade and high schools of Chardon; Allegheny  
College, Meadville, Pennsylvania; graduate  
Ohio State University Law School, Columbus,  
Ohio, 1898, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to  
the bar of Ohio, 1898; United States District  
Court, 1900. Chairman Geauga County Red  
Cross, 1917-19. Member Phi Gamma Delta  
fraternity; Knights Templar; K. of P.; Sons  
of Veterans. Deputy State Fire Marshall, 1904-  
05. Elected November 4, 1920, Prosecuting  
Attorney Geauga County, Republican.

#### **JEROME F. PATTERSON.**

Residence, 1439 Orchard Grove, Lakewood,  
Ohio; office, 916 Citizens Building, Cleveland.  
Born on a farm near Barnesville, Belmont  
County, Ohio, March 18, 1869. Son of Joel  
and Mary A. (Wilcox) Patterson, the family  
being among the first settlers of Belmont  
County, Ohio. Married to Grace E. Sandals,  
of Cleveland, 1904; two daughters: Alice  
Catherine and Mary Louise. Early education  
received in the country schools which he at-  
tended during the winter months, working on



a farm in the summers. At completion of  
country school training he entered National  
Normal University Lebanon. Later taught  
school for several years and meanwhile took  
up the study of law, continuing at Law School  
of Cornell University. Admitted to the bar of  
Ohio, 1897; United States District Court, 1899;  
United States Court of Appeals, 1900. Moved  
to Cleveland in 1898, since which time he has  
been engaged in the general practice of law.  
Member Masonic Order. Republican.

#### **PAUL PATTERSON.**

Residence, 3813 Euclid Avenue; office, 1307  
Union National Bank Building, Cleveland.  
Born in West Newton, Pennsylvania, August

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ciation; American, Ohio State  
1 Bar Associations and Credit  
tion. Republican.

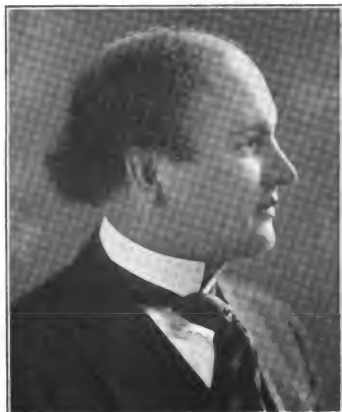
## OSIAH C. PAXSON.

aseon. Born in Fulton County, 7, 1866. Son of John and Rebecca xson. Married to Mary A. Hallet, 0; two children: Florence P. and Early education received in coun- of Gorham Township; graduate ormal University, with degree of 2; Ohio Northern University, with B. L., 1897. Admitted to the bar of e 24, 1897; United States District ril 1918. Member of the firm of

1910, member of the firm of Paxson, Delta, from 1897 to 1902, of the firm of Files & Paxson, 1902-1910, and of the firm of Files, Paxson & Canfield at the present time. K. of P.; Masonic Order; School Director of the Village of Wauseon for ten years. Mayor of Wauseon, since 1918. Chairman of the Executive Committee. Republican.

HARRY FRANKLIN PAYER.

ience, 2420 Derbyshire Road, Cleveland s; office, 538 East Ohio Gas Building, nd. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 3, . Son of Frank and Mary (Cross) Payer, veland. Married to Florence L. Graves, veland, June 24, 1902; one son, Franklin Graduate of Central High School, Cleve- 1893; Adelbert College, Western Reserve rsity, with A. B. degree (Magna Cum l), 1897; Cleveland Law School with s. 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, . Senior member of law firm of Payer, h, Minshall & Karch, of Cleveland. Mem- h Beta Kappa fraternity; Cleveland Athle- c Club; Chamber of Commerce; American,



Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations; President Czecho-Slovak Chamber of Commerce, and President Czecho-Slovak Club of America. From 1901 to 1907 Assistant City Solicitor under Newton D. Baker in the administration of the late Tom L. Johnson, Mayor

of Cleveland. In 1901 and thereafter Secretary of Democratic State Central Committee of Ohio.

## F. STANTON PEARCE.

Residence, 507 N. Third Street; office, National Exchange Bank Building, Steubenville. Born in Steubenville, Ohio, July 5, 1876. Son of Enoch and Cecelia Jane (Savary) Pearce. Attended the public and high schools of Steubenville; University of Michigan in 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 14, 1899; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the general practice of law in Steubenville. Court Reporter in Jefferson and Harrison County for 12 years. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Jefferson County, November 2, 1920. Member Masonic Order; Shrine; Knights Templar; Scottish Rite; K. of P.; B. P. O. E.; Sons of Veterans; Modern Woodmen of America; L. O. O. M.; F. O. E.; Jefferson County Bar Association. Republican.

ALVIN JUDKINS PEARSON.

Residence, 2916 Litchfield Road, Shaker Heights, Ohio; office, New Court House, Cleveland. Born in Woodsfield, Ohio, January 12, 1876. Son of Albert Jackson and Elizabeth A. (Alford) Pearson. Married to Eva M. Smith, September 12, 1905. Graduate of High School, Woodsfield, Ohio; Columbia University, Washington, D. C., June, 1895. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, April, 1897. Commenced the

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h schools of Franklin, Pennsylv-  
Union College, 1905-1908; grad-  
Reserve Law School, with  
1913. Admitted to the bar of  
1913; United States Court, 1913.  
e firm of Willet & Pennell.

**MAN W. PENNOCK.**

100 East Earl Avenue; office, 124  
street, Youngstown. Born in Min-  
County, Ohio, December 11, 1885.  
r L. and Anna M. (Elliott) Pen-  
d to Mae M. Bitzer, Jan. 8, 1914;  
izabeth Ann. Graduate of Minerva  
l, 1903; attended Hiram College,  
io Northern University, 1908-09.  
the bar of Ohio, June, 1909. Mem-  
irm of Elliott & Pennock, 1909 to  
al Attorney with The Home Sav-  
oan Co., of Youngstown, 1913-16;  
nsel The Federal Savings and Loan  
Youngstown, since 1916. Member  
rder; Mahoning County Bar Asso-  
cipleban.

**NORMAN W. PETERS.**

ce and office, Tiffin; Born in Lan-  
nsylvania, April 30, 1882. Son of  
nd Mary H. (Harnish) Peters. Mar-  
ber 23, 1913, to Lucy M. Crobaugh;  
dren: Rozanne Marie and Mary  
Received A. B. degree from Heidel-  
iversity in 1904; LL. B. degree from  
ty of Michigan Law Department in  
mitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1907.  
007 member of the firm of Niles &  
Member Mohawk Golf Club; B. P. O.  
ormed Church; Seneca County Bar As-  
n.

**WILLIAM T. PERRY.**

lence and office, Cadiz. Born near  
September 28, 1858. Son of William  
d Elizabeth (Kelly) Perry. Married to  
J. Blackburn, September 5, 1878; four  
en: William C., John L., Mary E. (Hoag-  
and Charles B. Attended common  
schools of Cadiz; Normal College, Hope-  
Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio,  
h 7, 1887. Member Masonic Order; K.  
hrine; Sons of Veterans; I. O. O. F.;  
i P.; Harrison County and Ohio State  
Associations. Republican.

**LOUIS M. PETRASH.**

esidence, 9910 Rosehill Avenue; offices, 1039  
rdian Building and 8917 Buckeye Road,  
eland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, January  
891. Son of Michael and Mary (Fesco)  
trash. Received primary education in the  
lic and St. Elizabeth's Parochial schools of  
nsman, Ohio, 1896-1904. Graduate of St.  
natus College in 1911, with degree of A. B.,  
d received degree of A. M., 1913. Attended  
estern Reserve University Law School, 1911-  
l. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915.

Associated with the firm of Locher, Green &  
Woods. Associate Member Legal Advisory  
Board of Ward 12 during the World War.  
Secretary Nationality Group Cosmopolitan  
Committee in Second Liberty Loan Campaign;  
Ward leader 16th Ward in 3rd, 4th and  
5th Liberty Loan Campaigns; Colonel War  
Stamp organization of selective service  
men; Ward Leader Red Cross Cam-



paign 16th Ward, 1917-18; Ward Leader 16th  
Ward in Victory and Community Chest Cam-  
paigns. Member City Club; Cleveland Auto-  
mobile Club; Gilmour Council, K. of C.; Sec-  
retary and Treasurer The Home Building and  
Construction Company. Leader in Democratic  
politics in Ward 16. Democrat.

**CHEEVER PETTAY.**

Residence and office, Cadiz. Born in Harri-  
son County, Ohio, November 3, 1877. Son of  
Elihu and Mary J. (Rowland) Pettay. Mar-  
ried June 17, 1913, to Lenora Cavin. Attended  
Country Schools of Harrison County; Scio  
College; Ohio State University in 1908. Read  
law in office of B. W. Rowland, of Cadiz.  
Taught in the schools of Harrison County for  
seven years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in  
1907; later to United States District Court.  
Member of the firm of Rowland & Pettay since  
1915. Prosecuting Attorney of Harrison  
County, 1911 to 1915. Member Masonic Order;  
I. O. O. F.; Harrison County Bar Association.  
Republican.

**WILLIAM EDWARD PFAU.**

Residence, 474 Alameda Avenue; office,  
Stambaugh Building, Youngstown. Born in  
Youngstown, Ohio, April 28, 1889. Son of  
Samuel A. and Lilla A. (Schiller) Pfauf. Mar-



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tended Cleveland public schools until 1910; Central High School, 1910-11; East High School, 1912; Baldwin-Wallace Preparatory School; received degree of LL. B. from Baldwin-Wallace College, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1917; to United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1918. Eu-

parochial schools of Toledo; graduate of St. John's College, Law Department, Toledo, with LL. B. degree, in 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1916; United States District Court, 1921. Engaged in the practice of law alone in Toledo to date. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Lucas County in 1920. Assistant United



gaged in the practice of law in Cleveland in partnership with George D. Costello, under the firm name of Picciano & Costello. Member Cleveland Bar Association. Democrat.

**FRANK PIGMAN.**

Residence and office, Galion. Born in Coshocton County, Ohio, March 24, 1874. Son of Bene S. and Hannah (Botts) Pigman. Married to Flora Coulter, December 5, 1912. Graduate of West Bedford, Ohio, High School, after which he taught in public schools for several years; graduate of Ohio Northern University; attended University of Michigan; graduate of Chicago Law College. Admitted to the bar of Illinois, 1906; Ohio, 1907; United States District Court, 1910. Member of the firm of Coulter & Pigman, Galion, 1907-10; Pigman & Homer since January, 1920. Member B. P. O. E.; Masonic bodies, 32nd Degree; Knights Templar, Shrine; K. of P.; Methodist Church; Ohio State Bar Association; County School Teachers' Examiner four years; City Solicitor of Galion four years; member Crawford County Board of Liquor License Commission three years. Democrat.

**GERARD J. PILLIOD.**

Residence, 1909, Collingwood Avenue; office, 928 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, January 15, 1889. Son of James E. and Anna (Becker) Pilliod. Attended the



States District Attorney since January 15, 1921. Member 64th C. A. C. U. S. Army, during the World War; member B. P. O. E.

**JOHN MICHAEL PINDRAS.**



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later United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. In the general practice as junior member in the firm of Noble & Platt, 1881-82; practiced alone from 1885-97; became senior member of the firm of Platt & Black, which firm continued practice until January 1, 1915, then becoming Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. City Solicitor of Tiffin, 1883-87; served in that capacity again from 1889 to 1903. Prosecuting Attorney of Seneca County, 1903-09. Elected Judge Common Pleas Court, Seneca County, in 1914; re-elected in 1920. Member Seneca County Board of



School Examiners for six years; Tiffin (Ohio) School Examiners for two years; member Board of Regents, Heidelberg University for 15 years; Chairman of the Board Executive Committee of that institution for 12 years. Member Masonic Order; K. of P.; Jr. O. U. A. M.; Ohio State Bar Association, Democrat.

### JOHN POLLOCK.

Office Court House, St. Clairsville. Born in Belmont County, Ohio, June 30, 1857. Son of Robert J. and Mary Jane (Rainey) Pollock. Married to Ella Finney, April 13, 1887; one child, Harry F. Attended public schools of Belmont County; Franklin College; graduate of Washington and Jefferson College, 1878; A. M. degree. Read law in office of Hon. Lorenzo Danford, St. Clairsville. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1882. In partnership with Senator Nichols, 1893-95. Appointed Common Pleas Judge, September, 1896; elected November, 1896; Judge Circuit Court of Appeals, 7th District, 1910; re-elected to that office. Member Ohio State and Belmont County Bar Associations. Republican.

### ALBERT H. PONTIUS.

Residence, State Road; office, 159 Main Street, Ashtabula. Born in Elderton, Armstrong County, Pennsylvania, November 30, 1872. Son of Albert C. and Emily (Hastings) Pontius. Married in 1904 to Florence L. Goddard; two children: Roland and Mary H. Attended common schools of Stark County, Ohio; Mt. Union College; Denison University; University of Michigan Law Department; studied law in office of A. T. Ullman, of Ashtabula. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1903. Taught in schools of Stark County and Ashtabula for a number of years. Deputy Clerk County Board of Elections, 1915, 1917 and 1919. Elected Clerk of Common Pleas Court, Ashtabula County, in 1920. Member Alpha Tau Omega fraternity; elected Grand Master, Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of Ohio in 1920; member Ashtabula Chamber of Commerce; Ashtabula County Bar Association; Ashtabula Lawyers' Club; First Presbyterian Church. Republican.

### ROBERT GRAHAM PORTER.

Residence, 322 South Bend Boulevard; office, 407 National Exchange Bank Building, Steubenville. Born in New Alexandria, Jefferson County, Ohio, August 20, 1879. Son of Thomas B. and Elizabeth (Graham) Porter. Married to Alta Grace Reighart in Toronto, December 23, 1903. Attended public and high schools of



Toronto; taught school ten years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 22, 1908; United States District Court, Southern District, September 8, 1915. Engaged in the practice of law in Steubenville; formed partnership with S. A. Bean, under firm name of Porter & Bean, 1908-15; Porter & Coleman, 1915 to

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1919. Member Toledo Chamber of Commerce and Lucas County Bar Association. Former member Tax Board of Toledo. Chairman Republican County Central Committee, 1912-1916. Republican.

### FRANKLIN B. POWERS.

Residence, Poland, Ohio; office, 1201 Wick Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, July 3, 1887. Son of Frank M. and Grace C. (Brown) Powers. Married to Fannie M. Smith, June 29, 1916; two children: Franklin Irving and John Weed. Attended primary schools, Youngstown; Rayen School, Youngstown; received A. B. degree from University of Michigan in 1911 and LL. B. degree in 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1913; United States District Court, 1918. Associated with the law firm of Hine, Kennedy, Manchester, Conroy & Ford. Republican.

### JOHN WEITZ POWERS.

Residence, Hubbard, Ohio; office, 803 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Hubbard, Ohio, September 9, 1889. Son of John and Rose (Weitz) Powers. Married to Marie E. Bluett, June 26, 1917; two sons: John Paul and William Frederick. Educated in the public schools of Hubbard; graduate of Rayen High School, Youngstown, 1907; Ohio State University Law School, with degree of LL. B., 1915; Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915. Member Phi Delta Phi fraternity; Knights of Columbus; B. P. O. E.; Mahoning County and Trumbull County Bar Associations. Democrat.

### PAUL H. PRASSE.



Residence, South Euclid, Ohio; office, Hickox Building, Cleveland. Born in South

Euclid, July 19, 1892. Son of Frederick and Elizabeth (Schaffer) Prasse. Received primary education in South Euclid Schools; graduate of Cleveland Heights High School, 1911; attended Adelbert College, Western Reserve University four years; studied at Case School of Applied Science part of the time and received degree of A. B. in 1915; received degree of LL. B. from Western Reserve University Law School, 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1918. Since July, 1919, Counsel for The H. A. Stahl Co., of Cleveland. Member Legal Advisory Board of Cleveland Heights during the World War. Member Cleveland Advertising Club; Phi Alpha Delta Fraternity (Hay Chapter). Elected Clerk of South Euclid, Ohio, the fall of 1917; re-elected 1919.

### JOHN SHERRING PRATT.

Residence, 410 Irving Street; office, 1112 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, June 5, 1875. Son of Charles and Catherine (Sherring) Pratt. Married to Genevieve Doyle, June 9, 1906, who died January 6, 1912; second marriage to Helen



Mitchell, June 29, 1918. Educated in Public Schools of Toledo; graduate of Toledo High School, 1893; attended University of Michigan both Literary and Law Departments from 1893 to 1897. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 10, 1897; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1900; United States Circuit Court of Appeals Sixth Circuit, 1913. Practiced in Toledo, Ohio, in partnership with his father, the late Judge Charles Pratt and William K. Terry, under the firm name of Pratt, Terry & Pratt, 1899-1900; in the individual practice since 1908. Member Masonic Order, Toledo Bar Association, Chamber of Commerce. Elected Judge of City Court of

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point, Van Wert County, Ohio, October 24, 1873. Son of Seabury N. E. and Elizabeth (Price) Priddy. Married to Anne C. Connell, October 26, 1899; two children; Elizabeth R. and Newton D. Attended Public Schools of Middlepoint; Ohio Wesleyan University; graduate Amherst College with A. B. degree, 1896. Attended Columbia University Law School, 1899. Studied law in offices of Brown & Geddes, Toledo, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1899. Associated with Judge Wm. F. Duncan, 1900-02. Member Masonic Bodies; Knights Templar; Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, 32nd degree; B. P. O. E.; Country Club; Rotary Club; Chamber of Commerce; Chi Phi Fraternity; Ohio State Bar Association; Secretary Findlay Bar Association; Secretary and Librarian Hancock County Law Library Association. Republican.

### JOHN BEAMAN PUTNAM.

Residence, 2713 Lancaster Road; office, Western Reserve Building, Cleveland. Born in Fredonia, New York, February 8, 1893. Son of Herbert J. and Laura (Hale) Putnam. Married to Mildred Andrews, December 29, 1917. Attended Fredonia (N. Y.) State Normal School. Received degree LL. B. from Cornell University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1915. Associated with firm of Hoyt, Dustin, McKeehan and Andrews from July 1, 1914 to March 1, 1919; General Counsel for Pickands, Mather & Co., since March 1, 1919. First Lieutenant of 329th Infantry, 83rd Division, in World War. Member Union Club and Chamber of Commerce.

### GEORGE H. QUAIL.

Office, Cincinnati Building, Lima. Born in Wyandot County, Ohio, March 2, 1871. Son of John and Ida (Kisor) Quail. Married July 24, 1907, to Agnes C. Connell. Received his early education in the common schools; LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern University Law Department, 1895; Post-graduate Course in Law Department, University of Michigan. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1895; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Klinger & Quail eight years; Halfhill, Quail & Kirk since January, 1909; Judge Common Pleas Court of Allen County, 1906-08. Member 2nd Ohio Volunteer Infantry from April, 1898, to February, 1899. Member United Spanish War Veterans; B. P. O. E.; I. O. O. F.; Allen County Bar Association. Republican.

### FRANK A. QUAIL.

Residence, 2201 Harcourt Drive; office, 1015 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, June 18, 1865. Son of William and Phoebe D. (Lipscomb) Quail. Attended Public Schools of Canonsburg, Pennsylvania; took preparatory and academic courses in Washburn College, Topeka, Kansas, from 1881 to June, 1887, when he received degree of A. B.; received degree of LL. B.

from University of Michigan Law School in June, 1889. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1889; later to the United States Court of Appeals, Northern District of Ohio. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland, Ohio, with Henderson, Kline & Tolles, from 1889 to January, 1895; member of the law firm of Henderson & Quail, from January, 1895 to



January, 1904; then George B. Siddall joined the firm which became Henderson, Quail & Siddall, so continuing until January, 1915, when D. E. Morgan entered the firm which continues to the present time under the firm name of Henderson, Quail, Siddall & Morgan. Member Appeal Board (Selective Service) for Division No. 2, Northern District of Ohio, from October, 1917, to the close of the war. Member Union Club; Mayfield Club; University Club; Chamber of Commerce; Trustee of Washburn College; Member American, Ohio State & Cleveland Bar Associations. Democrat.

### EUGENE QUIGLEY.

Residence, 13475 Lake Avenue; office, 1119 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, February 14, 1878. Son of Owen and Sarah A. (McMahon) Quigley. Married to Beatrice Glidden, of Cleveland, October 8, 1913. Attended public schools of Cleveland; St. Columba's Academy; St. Ignatius College; Baldwin University Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 1903; later to the United States Circuit Court. In partnership with Edward J. Hobday, James E. Matthews, John H. Orgill, under the firm name of Hobday, Matthews, Orgill and Quigley, 1903-1906; this partnership was dissolved in 1906 and the firm name became Hobday and Quigley, until 1908; engaged in the individual



## *ar of Northern Ohio*

r     Residence, 3222 Tuscarawas Street W.;  
-     office, 519 Renkert Building, Canton. Born  
-     in Wayne County, Ohio, October 5, 1881. Son  
r     of Joseph and Mary (Myers) Quinn. Mar-  
l     ried to Emma R. Rommel, April 7th, 1910,  
y     Canton, Ohio. One child, William R. Quinn.  
Attended Canton Public Schools; graduate  
of Canton High School, 1900; and of Kenyon  
College with B. L. degree, 1905; attended  
Cincinnati Law School two years. Admitted  
to the bar of Ohio, June, 1907. September  
1907, commenced the practice of law in Can-  
ton, Ohio, in association with present Common  
Pleas Judge Harvey F. Ake and Luther Day,  
the firm being known as Ake & Day; later as-  
sociated with James L. Ammerman two years;  
for the past eight years in the individual prac-  
tice. Member Alpha Delta Phi (college fra-  
ternity); Lakeside Country Club; Congress  
Lake Club; Stark County and Ohio State Bar  
Associations. Nominated Judge Criminal  
Court of Canton, in 1909; elected for four-  
year term; re-elected for a second term of  
four years. Served in that capacity eight  
years. Republican.

### **JAMES P. RAGAN.**

Residence and office, Napoleon. Born in  
Gilead, Ohio, March 17, 1852. Son of Patrick  
and Nora (Haggerty) Ragan. Married to Ella  
V. Haley, of Indiana, December 31, 1878.  
Five children: Nellie, Katheryn, Mary, Rega,  
Lillian. Educated in Public Schools of Grand  
Rapids, Ohio. Studied law in office of J. H.  
Tyler, Napoleon. Admitted to the bar of  
Ohio, May, 1878; United States District Court.  
Member of the firm of Haag & Ragan until  
1890; now member of the firm, Ragan &  
Ragan. Organized Henry County Humane  
Society, 1906, and has been President ever  
since. Member I. O. O. F., B. P. O. E., Ohio  
State Bar Association; President Henry County  
Bar Association two terms. Prosecuting At-  
torney of Henry County, 1890 to 1896; Mayor  
of Napoleon, 1896 to 1901. Democrat.

### **FRANCIS COMERFORD RAINES.**

Residence, Akron; office, 535 Akron Savings  
& Loan Building, Akron. Born in Rome,  
Oneida County, New York, October 25, 1871.  
Son of Jackson and Catherine (Comerford)  
Raines. Attended Common Schools of Oneida  
County, New York; High School part of the  
years 1887-88; Special Law and Business  
Course at Rome Academy, Rome, New York,  
1889 to 1893; Law Student at Rome, New  
York, November, 1894 to April, 1898; after-  
wards at Weedsport and Auburn, New York.  
Admitted to the bar of New York, November  
22, 1898; United States District and Circuit  
Courts, October 11, 1902; Ohio, April 21, 1920.  
Commenced the general practice of law in  
Auburn, New York, about January 1, 1900,  
which continued until November, 1913, when  
he moved to Rochester, New York, and con-  
tinued the practice of law until war was de-  
clared in 1917 and entered the military service.  
Returned to Rochester, New York about De-

ember 1, 1919 and resumed the practice for a short time. March 8, 1920, moved to Akron and was with Legal Department of Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. until July 15, 1920, when he became member of the law firm of Underwood, Hutchison & Raines. Practicing independently since January 1, 1921. December 15, 1903, enlisted in Co. "M," Third Regiment, National Guard, of New York (later in the 108th Regiment, 27th Division), and served five years as



Private. Honorably discharged, December 17, 1908. Entered United States Army in 1917; Second R. O. T. C. at Fort Niagara, New York, August 27, 1917; commissioned 1st Lieutenant of Infantry, November 27, 1917; overseas, 1918-19; participated in the Argonne Campaign; returned to the United States, March, 1919; honorably discharged at Camp Dix, New Jersey, March 20, 1919; re-commissioned 1st Lieutenant of Infantry, O. R. C., August 16, 1919. Member Military Order of Foreign Wars, Pennsylvania Commandery; (Changed to Military Order of the World War), Rochester Chapter; Emanuel R. Wilson Post No. 152 American Legion; Officers' Reserve Corps of United States Army; St. Paul's Lodge No. 124 F. & A. M. of Auburn, New York, Rochester Bar Association, Masonic Club, Akron. One of the organizers of the Progressive Party in New York; County Chairman Cayuga County, New York and active in campaign work in the State at Large. In present political campaign made public address in favor of the League of Nations.

#### HOMER ALONZO RAMEY.

Residence, 380 Avondale Avenue; offices, 938 Spitzer Building, Toledo and Put-in-Bay, Ohio. Born in Sparta, Morrow County, Ohio, March 2, 1891. Son of Burt C. and Mae

(Bockoven) Ramey. Married to Ruby Dearth, November 28, 1915. Two children: Malcolm Burton and Curtis Bernard. Attended Country Schools of Morrow County; Sparta, Ohio, High School; Park College, Parkville, Mo. (Classical Course) 1909-11, received A. B. degree therefrom; graduate of Ohio Northern University Law School, 1916, with degree of LL. B.; Cincinnati Law School as special student, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, Jan-



uary 2, 1917; to United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, October 26, 1917. Engaged in the general practice of law in Toledo and Put-in-Bay. Member Association of Bonded Attorneys and The American Adjusters Association. Member Toledo Lodge No. 144 F. & A. M.; Toledo Aerie No. 197 F. O. E.; Lucas Lodge No. 876 I. O. O. F.; Centennial Camp No. 6336 M. W. A.; Eureka Council No. 364 J. O. U. A. M.; Toledo Bar Association. Republican Nominee for Legislature from Lucas County, 1918. Republican.

#### RUSSELL K. RAMSEY.

Residence, 1311 Columbus Avenue; office, 141 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky. Born in Columbus, Ohio, May 27, 1878. Son of Gustavus F. and Margaret (Young) Ramsey. Married to Florence L. Samuel (deceased), September 25, 1901. One son, Russell Archibald. Married to Helen Wilcox, June 26, 1915. Educated in the Public Schools of Columbus; graduate of Columbus High School, 1894; Ohio State University, Class of 1898; Law Department of that Institution, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1900; United States District Court, 1904; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 1906. Associated in law practice with King & Guerin, Sandusky, 1900-02; member of the firm, King, Guerin & Ramsey, 1902-04;

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**WILLIAM MATHEWS RAYNOLDS.**

Residence, 1894 East 93rd Street; office, 828 Huron Road, Cleveland. Born in Painesville, Ohio, May 3, 1851. Son of George K. and Catherine M. (Mathews) Raynolds. Married to Annie Lowe, of Cleveland, Ohio, December 3, 1879. Attended the Public and High Schools of Painesville; College Hill; later Riverview Military Academy, Poughkeepsie,



New York; graduated from Kenyon College in 1873; graduated from Union Law College, 1874. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1874; United States District Courts in September, 1874. Began the practice of law in partnership with the late Judge James Lawrence, under the firm name of Raynolds & Lawrence, which continued for three years; now in the individual practice. President of The American Savings Bank Co. since 1896. Member University Club and Mayfield Country Club. Chairman of the City Republican Campaign in 1888.

**HARRY GILBERT REAM.**

Residence, 49 Uhler Avenue; office, 601 Permanent Title Building, Akron. Born in Greensburg, Summit County, Ohio, July 2, 1886. Son of John C. and Frances (Roush) Ream. Married to Helen A. McCarthy, January 20, 1915; two children: Kathleen A. and John F. Educated in the Grammar and High Schools of Greensburg; graduate of Ohio Northern University with LL. B. degree, June, 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1911. Member of the firm name of Hachtel & Ream for one year and a half. Member of the firm, Burch, Adams & Ream, 1918 to 1919. Member Masonic Order, Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

**HARRY MCORE REDINGTON.**

Residence, 234 Wooster Street; office, 28 Redington Building, Elyria, Ohio. Born in Amherst, Ohio, February 22, 1886. Son of Judge Horace G. and Lucy Cornelia (Moore) Redington. Married to Mary L. Peck, July 6, 1910; two children: Rosemary and James Peck. Attended the Grammar Schools of Amherst; Oberlin Academy, 1901-05; University School, 1906-07; graduate of Law School of Western Reserve University in 1910 with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1910, and later the United States District Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Elyria. First President of The Lawyers Club of Elyria. Member Lorain County Bar Association.

**HORACE GREELEY REDINGTON.**

Residence, 354 West 3rd Street; offices, Redington Building and Court House, Elyria. Born in Lorain County, Ohio, July 10, 1858. Son of Ransom N. and Melissa E. (Tyler) Redington. Married December 4, 1884, to Lucy Cornelia Moore, of Amherst, Ohio. Three children: Harry M., Blanche M. (Danner) and Horace Ray. Attended Dis-



trict Schools of Lorain County; Oberlin Academy; Oberlin College, 1878-79; read law in office of Judge Jacob F. Burket, of Findlay, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1884; later United States District Court Northern District of Ohio. In the general practice of law alone until September, 1914, when appointed by Gov. James M. Cox as Judge Common Pleas Court of Lorain County, to fill unexpired term of Judge Stroup. Elected in 1914, Judge Common Pleas Court of Lorain County for a short term;

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Educated in the Public Schools of Minersville and Middleport, Ohio; graduate of High School, Middleport, June, 1911; entered Ohio State University Law School, Columbus, 1913; graduated therefrom June, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1916. Engaged in the practice of law in Akron. Treasurer Marathon Amusement Co., Akron; Treasurer Akron Scenic Railway Co., Akron; Treasurer The Akron Spark Plug Co., Cleveland. During the late war served as Captain War Savings Stamp Team; Four-Minute-Man; member B. P. O. E. 363; Meadow Brook Country Club; Delta Theta Phi Law Fraternity, Summit County Bar Association. Active in many political campaigns. Republican.

### FRANK A. REID.

Office, Eagle Block, Bowling Green. Born in Ottokee, Fulton county, Ohio, December 4, 1852. Son of John H. and Augusta A. (Howard) Reid. Married to Alice J. Lundy, June 12, 1878; two children, Earl A. and Helen A. (Gutelins). Educated in the common schools of Perrysburg, Ohio, graduate of University of Michigan Law School in 1877 with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1877. Member of the firm of John H. and Frank A. Reid, 1877-81. Justice of the Peace since 1909. Member Wood County Bar Association. Republican.

### DOMINIC FRANCIS RENDINELL.



Residence, 330 Fairgreen Avenue; office, 1007 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Youngstown, Ohio, April 28, 1889. Son of Nicholas and Isabel (Castrimovo) Rendingell. Married to Carmela Marco in Cleveland, Ohio, November 20, 1911. Two children: Rose Marie and Jean. Educated in

the Public Schools of Youngstown until 1902; attended Rayen High School, Youngstown, 1903-07; University of Michigan Law School, 1907-10, received LL. B. degree therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1910; Michigan, June 28, 1910, and later to the United States District Court and the United States Supreme Court. Engaged in the general practice of law in Youngstown. Member B. P. O. E., Mahoning County Bar Association.

### EUGENE RHEINFRANK.

Residence, Eagle Point; office, 534 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Perrysburg, Wood County, Ohio, July 15, 1877. Son of Dr. John H. and Sophia W. (Bruckner) Rheinfrank. Married to Laura Lamson, of Toledo, June 28, 1905. Three children: Lamson, Anne and Laura. Graduate of Perrysburg High School; graduate of University of Michigan Literary Department with B. S. degree, 1899; Special Law Course at Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 1899; graduate of University of Michigan Law Department with LL. B. de-



gree, 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1901, and later to the United States District Court. Practiced continuously in Toledo from date of admission, to present time. Attorney for Toledo, St. Louis & Western R. R., 1903-04; member of the law firm of Brown, Geddes, Schmettau & Williams, 1905; member of the firm Rheinfrank & Ohlinger, 1909; associated with L. L. Metzger and C. J. Lindecker at the present time. General Counsel of Defiance Gas & Electrical Co. for several years; Director The Lamson Brothers Company, The Auto Repair & Machine Co., The Toledo Sales & Engine Co., The Toledo Standard Commutator Company. Lecturer at St. John's University for several years on Corporation, Bills and Notes; Lecturer two years for American

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to Mary Roose, who died in June, 1914. Two children: Lynn R. and Helen V. Attended Country Schools of Mahoning County, Ohio; Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, 1894-95; received degrees of B. S. and LL. B. there-

County during the World War. Organizer of the 1st Boys' Scout Troop, of Henry County and acted as Scout Master for three years. One of the organizers of the S. M. Hiller Memorial Hospital. Member B. P. O. E.,



**JOSEPH M. RIEGER.**

Residence and office, Napoleon. Born in Henry County, Ohio, March 13, 1875. Son of Erhart and Margaret (Galvin) Rieger. Married December 28, 1920, to Marie A. Leahy, of Henry County. Attended the Public and High Schools of Napoleon; Ohio Northern University. Studied law in office of H. R. Dittmer, of Napoleon. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1904. Mayor of Napoleon for 7 years. Assistant Adjutant General of Ohio, 1909 to 1913; member of Governor Harmon's Military Staff at that time. Elected Probate Judge Henry County, 1913 to 1917. In 1917 elected Common Pleas Judge. Member Co. F., 6th Ohio Volunteer Infantry, during the Spanish-American War. On November 6, 1899, elected Captain in that Regiment and served until 1909. Chairman Red Cross Organization of Henry County and 3rd, 4th and 5th Liberty Loan Organizations of Henry



Spanish War Veterans, Henry County Bar Association. Democrat.

**FRED A. RIEHM.**

Residence, Edgewater Drive; office, 928 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Wood County, Ohio, November 14, 1878. Son of George P. and Mary B. Riehm. Married November 8, 1912, to Myrtle L. Robinson. Attended schools of Wood County; Ohio Northern University; Baldwin-Wallace University. Received LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law Department in 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1913; later to United States District Court. Has practiced continuously in Toledo since admission to date. Member Masonic Order. Republican.

**PERRY L. RIGBY.**

Office, Little Building, East Liverpool. Born in East Liverpool, March 20, 1890. Son of James H. and Julia B. (Gardner) Rigby. Attended public and high schools of East Liverpool; Ohio State University; Ohio Northern University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1914. Attended Central Officers' Training School, Camp Gordon. Member S. A. E., F. & A. M., B. P. O. E., L. O. O. M., Southern Columbiana County Bar Association. City Solicitor of East Liverpool since January, 1920. Republican.



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### WILLIAM M. ROACH.

Residence, 102 Geiger Avenue; office, 605-6 Alliance Bank Building, Alliance. Born in Augusta, Carroll County, Ohio, December 1, 1850. Son of Jason B. and Delhi (Ashbrook) Roach. Married July 25, 1871, to Malora Norris. Three children: Harold J., Myrtle I. (Conabee) and Paul D. Attended Public Schools of Carroll County, Ohio; Mt. Union College, 1867; studied law in office of John H. Tripp and of Judge Harvey J. Eckley, later, Tripp & Eckley, of Carrollton, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1889; later to United States District Court Northern District of Ohio. Practiced alone until October, 1918, when he formed the firm of Roach & Bair. City Solicitor of Alliance, 1910-11; Acting Judge during the vacation of Municipal Judge M. C. Moore. Member Alliance Bar Association; Stark County Bar Association; Ohio State Bar Association. Republican.

### H. MELVIN ROBERTS.

Residence, 3070 Monmouth Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 1026 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Waverly, Kentucky, October 2, 1879. Son of A. G. and Laura Belle (Noe) Roberts. Married to Laetitia Allen, of Virginia, December, 1902. One child: Melvin McDearmon. Attended Public and High



Schools, Henderson, Kentucky; received A. B. degree from Hampden-Sidney College, (Virginia) in 1901; Taught in the Schools of Virginia until 1903; received LL. B. degree from University of Virginia, 1905. Admitted to the bar of Kentucky, 1905; Ohio, 1906; later United States District Court, United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. Moved to Cleveland in September, 1905, when he became associated with

Ford & Snyder; later Ford, Snyder & Tilden, until 1913, when he became a member of the firm of Howell, Roberts & Duncan, which continues to date. Instructor in Cleveland Law School, 1905 to 1912. For a number of years Chairman Legislative Committee Municipal League, Cleveland (now The Civic League). Member Sigma Alpha Epsilon College Fraternity; Shaker Heights Country Club; Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations; Past President The Southern Society, Cleveland; one of the founders of The City Club, Cleveland. Democrat.

### JAMES HARVEY ROBERTSON.

Residence, Louisville Road; office, 1012 Renkert Building, Canton. Born in Sandy Township, Stark County, Ohio, January 23, 1862. Son of James and Margaret (Sickafoose) Robertson. Married to Gertrude S. Shaffer, in Canton, October 7, 1899. Early education in the Common Schools; Academic training in Normal Schools; taught school eight years; graduate of Cincinnati Law School with LL. B. degree, 1892. Admitted to the



bar of Ohio, June, 1892; United States District Court Northern District of Ohio, March 2, 1903. Engaged in the individual practice in Canton, continuously, from August, 1892 to the present time. Chairman Legal Advisory Board, Local Board No. 1, Selective Military Service and Chairman Legal Aid Bureau, Council of National Defense of Stark County, Ohio. Member Knights of Pythias, B. P. O. E., Junior Order United American Mechanics, Stark County Bar Association. Served two terms as Mayor of Canton, Ohio, from April, 1899 to May, 1903. Republican.

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Public Schools of Equality, Illinois; Valparaiso University and Tri-State College, Indiana; Dixon College and Southern Illinois University, Illinois; received LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern University in 1919. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1919. In May, 1920, became



a member of the firm of Rockey, Rodgers & Steiner, of Lima. 2nd Lieutenant United States Field Artillery during the World War. Member Delta Theta Phi and Sigma Pi Fraternities; B. P. O. E., Lions Club, Allen County Bar Association. Republican.

**C. G. ROETZEL.**



Residence, 233 Beck Avenue; office, Court House, Akron. Born in Suffield, Ohio, July 24, 1889. Son of John T. and Mary J. (Shuck) Roetzel. Primary education received in Suffield, Ohio, Schools; graduate of Randolph High School; attended Buchtel Academy, Akron, 1908; Buchtel College two years; studied law with Wilcox, Parsons, Burch & Adonis, of Akron. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1912. Member of the firm, May & Roetzel from January 1, 1913, to January 1, 1917. Enlisted in Field Artillery, August 15, 1918; stationed as Private at Camp Taylor, Kentucky; assigned to Officers Training School at Camp Taylor; commissioned 2nd Lieutenant F. A. O. R. C. Member B. P. O. E., K. of C., L. O. O. M., Z. A. E. Fraternity, Summit County Bar Association, American Legion. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Summit County, November, 1916. Re-elected November, 1918; term expired January 1, 1921.

**LYMAN WRIGHT ROGERS.**

Residence, 219 Newton Avenue, N. W.; office, 309 Clark Building, Canton, Ohio. Born in Chicago, Illinois. Son of L. D. and Ida (Wright) Rogers. Married to Ruth van



Hoogenhuyze, of Columbus, Ohio, March 4, 1920. Attended Franklin School in Chicago, Illinois, 1900; St. John's Military School, 1904; Denison University, 1908; Chicago Kent College of Law, 1909-11; Illinois College of Law from which he received degree of LL. B., 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, January, 1916. Formed partnership with James E. Kinnison, under firm name of Rogers & Kinnison, in Canton, the fall of 1916; both members of the firm enlisted in the United States Army and upon their discharge renewed the partnership, January, 1919, which continued until 1921. Enlisted in the

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a member of Legal Advisory Board; also in Legal Department of Red Cross. Member City Club, Cleveland Bar Association. Independent in politics.

### **SAM ROSENBERG.**

Residence, 10400 Hampden Avenue; office, Police Prosecutor's Office, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 12, 1894. Son of Harry and Fanny (Beyer) Rosenberg. Married to Maybelle G. Kicher, in Cleveland, April 18, 1920. Attended Cleveland Grammar



and High Schools; Baldwin Wallace Preparatory, 1914; received LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1916. Associated with law firm of Payer, Winch & Rogers in 1918. Sergeant R. R. & C. Service in France during World War. Appointed Assistant Police Prosecutor of Cleveland, December 1, 1919. Republican.

### **CHARLES ROSENBLATT.**

Residence, 2430 Overlook Road; office, 510 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June 1, 1884. Son of Alexander and Sarah (Simon) Rosenblatt. Married to Reva Falk, May 5, 1912. Attended Cleveland Public Schools; graduate of Central High School, 1902; received A. B. degree from Ohio State University, 1905; and LL. B. degree from Law School of that institution, 1906. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1906; to the United States District Court Northern District of Ohio, January, 1915. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland. Member Masonic Order, Grotto, Knights of Pythias, B. P. O. E., B'nai



B'rith, City Club, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations. Member Cuyahoga County Republican Executive Committee. Republican.

### **EDWARD J. ROSINO.**

Residence, 907 Central Avenue; office, Lawrence Building, Sandusky. Born in Sandusky, July 25, 1892. Son of John F. and Clara (Fritz) Rosino. Attended Public and High Schools of Sandusky; received degree of A. B. in 1914 and degree of J. D., 1916, from Ohio State University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1916. Member of the firm of Krueger & Rosino since April 1, 1919. Enlisted in the United States Army, September 5, 1917. Served with 329 Infantry, June 10, 1918, to February 1, 1920. Discharged from the service, February 15, 1920. Member Masonic Order, Delta Tau Delta, Phi Delta Phi and Phi Beta Kappa Fraternities, Kiwanis Club, Sandusky Chamber of Commerce, American Legion and Erie County Bar Association. Republican.

### **W. HOWARD ROSS.**

Residence and office, Wooster. Born in Holmes County, Ohio, September 18, 1879. Son of William F. and Catherine (Swart) Ross. Married August 7, 1902, to Mabel G. Garrett. Two children: Myrtle Evelyn and Ford Garrett. Attended the Public Schools of Holmes County, Ohio; Ohio Northern University; Northern Indiana Normal School; received LL. B. degree from Northern Indiana College of Law in 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1903; later to United States District Court. Practiced law in Shreve, Ohio, until January 1, 1909, when he moved to Wooster, where he became a member of the firm of Weiser & Ross. In 1914 formed partnership with Judge Frank Taggart. On January 1,

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didate for Council for 18th Ward in 1915. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Cuyahoga County, September, 1917, to September, 1920, when he resigned. Member City Club, Chamber of Commerce, K. of P., B. P. O. E., Inde-



pendent Aid Society, I. O. B. B., National Association of Roumanian Jews, Civic League, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations. Democrat.

### MAHLON ROUCH.

Residence, Bealle Avenue; office, S. E. Side Public Square, Wooster. Born near Wooster, Ohio, June 2, 1841. Son of Jacob and Hannah (Shaffer) Rouch. Married to Margaret McQuigg, June 16, 1870. Attended district school until 1859; Wittenburg College, Springfield, Ohio, the fall of 1860; graduate University of Michigan Law Department in 1868. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1868; later to the United States District Court. Practiced law in Wooster until 1869; Orrville, until 1874, when he returned to Wooster, where he continues to date. Enlisted as Private in the Union Army, Civil War, with Company A, 120th O. V. I., August 16, 1862; appointed 5th Sergeant, February 17, 1863; promoted to 3rd Sergeant, April 17, 1863; promoted to Sergeant Major 120th Regiment, O. V. I., January 1, 1864; commissioned 2nd Lieutenant, March 1, 1864; appointed 1st Lieutenant of same regiment, August 1, 1864; May 3, 1864, in engagement with enemy at Snaggy Point, Red River, Louisiana, on board the transport "City Belle," captured and taken into confederate prison (stockade) in Camp Ford, near Tyler, Texas, where he was kept in confinement until after the close of war; taken to and released at mouth of Red River at the Mississippi, May 27, 1865; on account of capture and imprisonment not

mustered on commissions until by special order of Adjutant General United States Army, Washington, D. C., as 1st Lieutenant, October 9, 1886; was then mustered out of the service by the War Department in Washington; engaged in the following battles; Chickasaw Bayou, Mississippi, December 28-29, 1862; Arkansas Post, Arkansas, January 11, 1863; Thompson's Hill (Port Gibson), May 1, 1863; Vicksburg, Mississippi, May 18 to July 4, 1863; transport "City Belle," Snaggy Point, Red River, May 3, 1864, where captured. Member of Given Post, G. A. R., No. 133, Wooster.

### WILLIAM CURTIS ROWE.

Residence, 3127 Parkwood Avenue; office, 520 Nashy Building, Toledo. Born in Fayette County, Ohio, January 23, 1878. Son of Isaac N. and Josephine (Craig) Rowe. Married February 1, 1909, to Helen Josephine Carter, of Kokome, Indiana. One child: Jeanette. Attended the Public and High Schools of Washington Court House, Fayette County, Ohio; Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio;



received LL. B. degree from Ohio State University Law Department in 1904. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1903; later to United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Commenced the practice of law in Toledo in 1904, associated with the firm of Southard & Southard. The firm was composed of Elisha B. Southard, who died in 1908, and Cains K. Southard, who retired in 1912 and died in 1915. On October 15, 1912, became associated with Congressman James H. Southard under the firm name of Southard, Southard & Rowe until the death of Mr. Southard, February 20, 1919, and the firm continues to date as Southard, Southard & Rowe. Member Masenic Order, B. P. O. E.,



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L.L. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, United States District Court, July, 1888-89; the private practice of law in the Mutual Savings Bank of The Wayne Ohio Company; Company and The Northern Ohio Company, of Akron. Member United County Bar Association.

#### TER S. RUFF.

Shorb Ave., N. W.; office, Building, Canton. Born in Ohio, January 4, 1874. Married Malinda (Summer) Ruff. One daughter: Edna, born June 23, 1899. One daughter: Edna. Educated in the Common



and Ohio Normal University, Canton. Taught country, village and City Schools. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 23, 1904; United States District Court, 1912. Member Masonic Order, No. 1005, K. of P., Stark County. Member Bar Associations. City Solicitor from 1914 to 1918; elected to the bar of Stark County, 1918; Republican.

#### S BROUGH RUHL.

311 Clifton Boulevard; office, Savings Building, Cleveland. Born near Lisbon, Ohio, May 21, 1874. Married Conser and Eliza (Barrick) to Mary Williams in Bradford, Ohio, April 2, 1894. Attended the Lisbon High School; graduated from Northern University with degree in B. S., 1891; L.L. B., 1891;

and received degree of L.L. M., 1905. Superintendent Public Schools, McComb, Ohio, 1888-89; Instructor of Mathematics, Ohio Northern University, 1889-91; reading law in the University at same time. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 4, 1891; United States District Court, 1893; United States Supreme Court, 1901. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland continuously since admission. Member



Board of Examiners for Admission to Bar of Ohio, 1902-07. Tax Commissioner, Cuyahoga County, 1915. Served as Private, First Lieutenant, Captain and Regimental Adjutant in Fifth Regiment, O. N. G. Member Alpha Tau Omega Fraternity, Knights of Pythias, Masonic Bodies, Past Master Cleveland City Lodge No. 15, Past Master Meridian Lodge No. 610, Past High Priest Cleveland Chapter No. 148, Past Eminent Commander Holyrood Commandery No. 32, Past Sovereign Prince 16th degree Scottish Rite, First Lieutenant Com. Lake Erie Consistory 32nd degree, District Lecturer Grand Lodge, 1917-20, Crowned 33rd degree in Boston, Massachusetts, September 17, 1918. Member State Republican Executive Committee, 1914-16. County Executive Committee, 1914-20.

#### WARREN EDWARD RUSSELL.

Residence, 203 S. Prospect Street; office, 4 Warwick Building, Massillon. Born in Massillon, October 31, 1862. Son of Thomas Henry and Eleanor (Dunn) Russell. Married to Hermine Julie Anne Dieterich, February 28, 1903. Attended Massillon Public and High Schools; attended Harcourt Place Academy, Gambier, Ohio; Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio, 1881 to 1885; graduate Amherst College, B. S. degree, 1885; Attended Harvard Law School two years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1889; Utah, 1890. Practiced law in Salt

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from Columbia University, to the bar of New York, October, 1919. Associated Davis, Symms & Schreiber, 1914-1917; Herberich, Bur-Akron, since July 1, 1919. Officers' Training Camp, York, May 13 to August 15, 1917, Second Lieutenant, O. R. 7, and assigned to New York arg, South Carolina; assigned E. F., in France, December, 1918, Company E, 166th Regiment, March, 1918; honorably discharged, 1919. Member Akron Bar Association.

#### **ARD SAGER.**

office, Ravenna. Born in December 28, 1879. Son of Dr. Albert (Cleveland) Sager. Graduate of 1900; attended Ohio State University, 1900-01. Admitted to the bar, 1902. Practiced law in Cleveland. Member F. & A. M.; K. of Christian Church; Secretary Bar Association. City Solicitor from 1918 to the present time.

#### **D COOK SAEGER.**

Devonshire Drive, Cleveland 30 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland, January 24, 1881. and Emily (Cook) Saeger.



1912, to Edith Mary House- in the Cleveland public and University School; graduate 1904, with A. B. degree; tool, 1907, with degree LL. B.

Admitted to Ohio Bar in 1907. Associated with firm of Cook, McGowan & Foote, 1907-09; member of the firm of McGraw, Hauxhurst & Saeger, 1909-11; Hauxhurst & Saeger, 1911-12; Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Inglis & Saeger, 1912-16; Bulkley, Hauxhurst, Saeger & Jamison at the present time. On Legal Section of War Industries Board, Washington, D. C., from May, 1917, to December, 1918. In office of the Assistant Secretary of War from December, 1918, to April 1, 1919. Member of Chamber of Commerce.

#### **RALPH W. SANBORN.**

Residence, 1871 Page Avenue, East Cleveland; office, 1001-04 Hippodrome Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 14, 1888. Son of Horace R. and Rose M. (Horne) Sanborn. Married to Marian G. Herrick, of East Cleveland, December 9, 1916.



Educated in the public Schools of Cleveland and East Cleveland; graduate of East High School, 1908; attended University of Michigan, 1908-1910; received LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School of Baldwin-Wallace College in 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1914; United States Patent Office, July 13, 1914; United States District Court, February 11, 1919. Member of the firm of Sanborn & Smith from December, 1914, to January, 1916; Sanborn & McConnell from September, 1916, to November, 1918; Sanborn, Rich & McConnell since 1918. Past Chancellor and Grand Lodge Representative, Criterion Lodge No. 68, K. of P.; member Masonic Order; Windermere Lodge No. 627, F. & A. M.; Windermere Chapter No. 203, R. A. M.; Al Sirat Grotto No. 17; Cleveland City and Tippecanoe Clubs; Cleveland Bar Association. Judge Municipal Court of East Cleveland, Ohio, since January, 1918.

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ersoll & Sanders, which existed of years. Appointed by Governor Judge of the Common Pleas of Cuyahoga County, Ohio, to fill a vacancy, January, 1888, and was afterwards in that position, from which he resigned, January, 1890, and the firm of Squire, Dempsey was organized, Judge was a member of that firm which continued to the present time. Member of University, Tavern, Roadside,



Mayfield and Chagrin Valley Hunt Club; Cleveland; the Midwick Country Club; Los Angeles; Lakota Club of Windsor, Ontario; and University Club and Downside Association of New York City; trustee of the Society for Savings; director of the National Savings and Trust Company; director of the National Commercial Bank; director of the Cleveland Stone Company; director of The Kelley Island Lime & Transport Company; trustee of the John Huntington Art and Science Trust, and President of the Cleveland Museum of Art. Republican.

#### **SIGMOND SANGER.**

Residence, 2612 Collingwood Avenue; office Nicholas Building, Toledo, Ohio. Born in Austria-Hungary, August 5, 1873. Son of David and Pauline (Klein) Sanger. Graduate of public schools, 1889; graduate of University of Michigan Law School, with degree of Bachelor of Laws, 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1900, and later to the United States District Court. Member of the law firm of Brown, Sanger & Sanger since 1910. During the war acted as Ward Chairman, Toledo 3rd, 4th and 5th wards; War Savings and War Chest Committees; Chairman Rent Profiteering Com-



mittee and Committee to Aid War Risk Insurance. Member Toledo Bar Association. President Toledo Public Library since 1919.

#### **SIDNEY W. SANGSTER.**

Residence, 1462 Addison Road; office, 402 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born July 16, 1871 at Akron. Son of James Sangster and Ellen (Myers) Sangster. Married October 18, 1906, to Fanchon Cook. Educated in Cleveland public schools. Attended Baldwin-Wallace School, from which received A. B. degree in 1913. Admitted to Ohio bar in 1913. Member of Masonic Lodge. Republican.

#### **CHAS. R. SARGENT.**

Office, Court House, Jefferson. Born in Jamestown, Pennsylvania, July 28, 1884. Son of Charles H. and Sara L. (Rankin) Sargent. Married to Olive Case, August 27, 1913; two children: Sara Jane and Charles Frederick. Attended Jefferson High School; received A. B. degree from Oberlin College, 1906. Read law in office of father, C. H. Sargent. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1908; later United States District Court. In partnership with father and mother until the death of the latter in December, 1912, since which time in partnership with his father under the firm name of Sargent & Sargent. Director First National Bank of Jefferson. Clerk of Board of Deputy State Supervisors of Elections, 1916-18. Chairman Ashtabula County Republican Central and Executive Committees, 1916-18. Elected Prosecuting Attorney Ashtabula County, 1918; re-elected, 1920. Member Masonic Order; Knights Templar; B. P. O. E. Republican.

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**KIRK C. SCHAIBLE.**

Residence, 4312 West 47th Street; office, 5 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Maumee, Ohio, August 14, 1890. Son of William Christian and Minnie (Chamberlain) Schaible. Married to Renee Lechallier at Paris, France, September 3, 1918. Attended common and grammar schools of Marion, Ohio; High School, Delaware, Ohio, two years; East High



School, Cleveland, one year; graduate of College Preparatory School, Cleveland, 1908; Edwin-Wallace University Law School, with B. S. degree, 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1911. Member of the firm of Schaible & Egert, 1911-13; Schaible & Friedman, 1914-17; resumed practice on return from army. In Training Camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, from May 12 to August 14, 1917; graduated as Second Lieutenant; Pursuing Agent in Camp Sherman, Ohio, from August to December, 1917; Instructor in Officers' School, Jacksonville, Florida, from December, 1917, to March, 1918; with A. E. F. in France as Commanding Officer of Base and Parts Depot, Unit No. 2; later with Section 14, 327 Repair Unit, M. T. C.; Property Officer in M. T. C.; First Lieutenant, and finally promoted to Captain in A. E. F. Member Sigma Kappa Phi fraternity; American Legion. Republican.

**HENRY J. SCHILLER.**

Office, American Bank Building, Sandusky. Born in Erie County, Ohio, October 15, 1873. Son of George S. and Mary (Biegler) Schiller. Married to Lillian Virginia Lowe, September 18, 1897, in Anderson, Indiana. Attended common schools and High School; studied law at home and was admitted to the bar of

Ohio, November, 1906. In September, 1919, formed partnership with John Tanney. Member Masonic Order; B. P. O. E., Sandusky Bar Association. Republican.

**JOHN SCHLATTER.**

Residence, 539 Islington Street; office, Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Lucas County, Ohio, October 1, 1877. Son of Henry and Barbara (Weiller) Schlatter. Married February 14, 1914, to Mrs. Gertrude Elizabeth Pond. Attended the Public Schools of Lucas County; Toledo Normal School; Cornell University Summer School; University of Michigan Law Department. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 17, 1899; later to the United States District Court. Principal of School of West Toledo from 1897-1905. President Lucas County Teachers' Association, 1898-1900. Member Board of School Examiners of Lucas County, 1900-09. Assistant City Solicitor of Toledo, 1914-16. Member Lucas County Bar Association; K. of P. Republican.

**CHARLES A. SCHMETTAU.**

Residence, 627 Woodruff Avenue; office, 1101 Ohio Bank Building, Toledo. Born in London, England, January 26, 1869. Son of Karl J. and Dora (Muller) Schmettau. Married July 30, 1895, to Ethel Everhard. Attended Dulwich College, England; Schools of Switzerland. Studied law in London, England. Was entered as Solicitor in London, June 1, 1893. Moved to the United States, 1894. Admitted to the bars of Ohio, Indiana and United States Courts. Attorney for Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railway at Frankfort, Indiana, for six months, when he removed to Toledo and became Assistant General Solicitor of that railway. Member of the firm of Brown, Geddes, Schmettau & Williams, General Solicitor and Director Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railway Co. Director Owens Bottle Co., Owens Sheet Glass Co. Member Ohio State and Toledo Bar Associations; Toledo Club; Toledo Country Club; Chamber of Commerce; Trinity Episcopal Church. Republican.

**HENRY SCHOEPFLE.**

Residence, 216 Lawrence Street; office, 1-3 Tierney Building, Sandusky. Born in Sandusky, Ohio, February 12, 1867. Son of Christopher and Rosa (Waldenmeier) Schoepfle. Married to Mamie Rudolph in Detroit, Michigan, 1891; two children: Orwell F. R. and Adeline E. Gundlach. Attended common schools of Sandusky, Ohio, and Perkins Township; District School of Erie County; Ohio Northwestern University, Ada, Ohio, 1886-88; taught school in Perkins Township, 1888-90; read law in office of Goodwin, Goodwin & Hull, of Sandusky, two years; graduate of University of Cincinnati Law School with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 28, 1892. Elected Solicitor of City of San-



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**GEORGE E. SCHROTH.**

Residence, Tiffin. Born in Cincinnati, April 1863. Son of Frederick and Katharine (ehler) Schroth. Married to Rosa Wolfe, Tiffin, August 8, 1889; two children: Katharine and George E., Jr. Educated in the common and high schools of Cincinnati. Studied in the office of Judge J. K. Rohn, Tiffin,



Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May, 1886; later United States District Court and United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Prosecuting Attorney of Seneca County, 1891-97; Referee in bankruptcy, 1898-1903; Judge Common Pleas Court, 1903-09; State Bar Examiner, 1920. President Sterling Grinding Wheel Company; President City National Bank of Tiffin. Member Masonic Bodies; DeMolay Command No. 9, K. T.; Pickwick Lodge No. 80, K. T.; Jr. O. U. A. M.; Ohio State and Seneca County Bar Associations. Republican.

**HARRY R. SCHULER.**

Residence, Schaffner Building, Galion. Born in Indianapolis, Indiana, February 24, 1877. Son of Philip and Mary Schuler. Educated in the Central School of Galion; graduate Georgetown University Law School, with degree of B. L., June 9, 1902, and M. L. degree, June 7, 1903. Admitted to the bar of the District of Columbia, December 22, 1903; Ohio, May 10, 1904. Engaged in the practice of law in Galion. Member K. of C.; B. P. O. E.; F. O. E.; K. of O.; Crawford County Bar Association. City Solicitor of Galion, 1910-11; Director of Public Safety of Galion, 1915-16. Democrat.

**JOHN H. SCHULTZ.**

Residence, 4008 Prospect Avenue; office, 816 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Edinburg, Ohio, July 22, 1892. Son of Herman P.

and Mary E. (Wilson) Schultz, of Ravenna, Ohio. Attending Ravenna, Ohio, public schools; graduated from High School, 1909; Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, Ohio, with A. B. degree, 1913; Western Reserve University Law School, L. L. B. degree, 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1918. Associated with the firm of Wilkin, Cross & Daoust,



of Cleveland. Ensign in United States Naval Reserve Force, 1918-1919. Member Sigma Alpha Epsilon (college fraternity); Phi Delta Phi (law fraternity); Order of Coif; University Club of Cleveland.

**MALVERN E. SCHULTZ.**

Residence, 3813 Euclid avenue; office, 830 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born November 9, 1886 at Elyria, Ohio. Son of E. F. and Edith B. (Crisp) Schultz. Attended public and high schools of Elyria. Graduate of Adelbert College, 1908, with A. B. degree; Law Department of Western Reserve University, 1910, with L. L. B. degree. Admitted to bar of Ohio, June, 1910; U. S. District Court, 1911. First Lieutenant in U. S. Army during the war. Member of Masonic bodies; University Club; American, Ohio State and Cleveland Bar Associations.

**ERNST C. SCHWAN.**

Residence, 5608 Dibble Avenue; office, 416-19 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 11, 1854. Son of Rev. Henry C. and Emma (Bluhm) Schwan. Married to Catharine Faust, of Cleveland, September, 1876; six children. Attended German Lutheran Parochial School and Public Schools of Cleveland; Concordia College, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Studied law in the office of Leonard Case, of Cleveland, 1874-75; Judge James D. Cleveland,

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1914-15. Engaged in the practice of law  
kron since 1916. Member of Masonic Or-



Masonic Club; Grotto; University Club;  
F. O. E. Republican.

**W. H. SCHWARTZ.**



Residence, Hotel Cleveland; office, 508-12 So-  
for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in  
gary, June 12, 1861. Son of Samuel and  
i (Mandel) Schwartz. Married to Rosi  
s, of Cleveland, January 17, 1888. At-  
ended the public schools in Cleveland and  
tingham, Grand River Institute, the winter

of 1877; finished four-year course in Shaw  
Academy, East Cleveland, Ohio, 1883; attended  
Cleveland Law School. Admitted to the bar  
of Ohio, June, 1887; later to the United States  
District Court. Engaged in the practice of law  
in Cleveland. Member Hungarian Benevolent  
and Social Union; Knights of Pythias. Re-  
publican.

**W. J. SCHWENCK.**

Residence and office, Bucyrus. Born in  
Holmes Township, Crawford County, Ohio,  
October 18, 1874. Son of Hironomous and  
Mary Ann (Zimmer) Schwenck. Married June  
9, 1909, to Ruth France, of Bucyrus. Attended  
Ohio Normal School, Ada, Ohio. Attended  
Ohio State University Law Department from  
1898 to 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio,



June, 1900; later to United States District  
Court. Commenced the practice of law in  
Bucyrus and for a short time was associated  
with Judge Charles F. Schaber, under the firm  
name of Schaber & Schwenck; since 1904 in the  
practice of law alone at Bucyrus. City Soli-  
citor of Bucyrus, 1902 to 1906; Prosecuting At-  
torney of Crawford County, 1911 to 1915;  
Chairman Crawford County Democratic Exe-  
cutive Committee, 1906 to 1908; Chairman  
Crawford County Democratic Central Com-  
mittee at the present time. Legal Adviser to  
the Draft Board of Crawford County during  
the World War. Worthy President F. O. E.  
for three terms; member Crawford County  
Bar Association. Democrat.

**GEORGE B. McC. SCOFIELD.**

Residence and office, Marion. Born in Mar-  
ion, Ohio, July 13, 1862. Son of William E.  
and Caroline (Norris) Scofield. Married  
October 26, 1887, to Ida W. Wright. Attended

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lem. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1895; member to United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. In the general practice of law at Salem. City Solicitor of Salem from 1910 to date. Member K. of P.; L. O. O. M.; P. O. E.; Columbiana County Bar Association. Democrat.

### JOHN T. SCOTT.

Residence, 3030 Edgehill Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 1009 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, January 4, 1890. Son of Thomas and Annie (Thomson) Scott. Attended Cleveland public school and South High School; received A.B. degree from



Delbert College, 1911; LL.B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913; member U. S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Associated with the law firm of J. B. & H. H. Johnson, Cleveland. Member Phi Gamma Delta; Phi Delta Phi and Phi Beta Kappa Fraternities; University Club; Cleveland Bar Association.

### CHARLES JACOB SCROGGS.

Residence and office, Bucyrus. Born in Bucyrus, July 14, 1863. Son of Hon. Jacob and Julia A. (Walwork) Scroggs. Married in 12 to Mary E. Zouck. Graduate of University of Michigan with A. M. degree in 1884; Cincinnati Law School with LL. B. degree in 1886. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1886; member to United States District Court. In partnership with his father, under the firm name of Scroggs & Scroggs until his death in 1897, when he became a member of the firm Scroggs & Monnett which continues to date. Banking Fund Commissioner of Bucyrus for

ten years. Member of all Masonic Bodies; Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd degree, Shrine; K. of P.; B. P. O. E.; Phi Delta Phi and Phi Beta Kappa fraternities; Crawford County Bar Association. Republican.

### FRANK E. SEAGER.

Residence, 1303 Birchard Avenue; office, over 106 North Front Street, Fremont. Born in Sandusky County, Ohio, October 17, 1861. Son of Charles D. and Caroline (Hoover) Seager. Married May 16, 1895, to Mary Gates. One daughter: Kathryn. Educated in Public Schools of Ballville Township and Fremont, Ohio. Graduate of Ohio Northern University, 1886, with degree of A. B. and M. A. degree later; graduate of North Western College, Naperville, Illinois, 1887, with degree of B. S. Studied law in office of Finefrock & Brinkerhoff, Fremont. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 8, 1893. Engaged in the law practice in Fremont. Member Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; B. P. O. E.; Woodmen of the World; Ohio State, Sandusky County and American Bar Associations. Prosecuting Attorney of Sandusky County, 1894-97. Referee in Bankruptcy, Sandusky County, August, 1898 to August, 1916. Republican.

### WALTER HOWARD SEAGRAVE.



Residence, 11307 Euclid Avenue; office, 914 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Toledo, Ohio, September 12, 1881. Son of F. E. and Charlotte (Lee) Seagrave. Married to Alice Duty, in Cleveland, June 6, 1911. Graduate of Toledo High School, 1901; received Ph. B. degree from Yale University S. S. S., 1904; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1907; later to the United States District Court. Member of the firm of Ford, Snyder

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Tiffin lawyer); two children: Marian D. e of Dr. W. Frank Maxwell; and Seth ders. Educated in the public schools of Pennsylvania and Ohio. Read law with the firm of es & Lutes, of Tiffin. Admitted to the bar Ohio, March, 1882, and later United States trict Court; United States Circuit Court of eals; United States Supreme Court. Com- menced the practice of law in 1883 in Paulding, io, where he became Attorney for the New rk, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad for iding County. In partnership with his wife ler the firm name of Seiders & Seiders from 5 until December, 1896, when the firm be- ne Seiders, Seiders & Waters and so con- nued until 1898. In 1897 moved to Toledo ere he engaged in the practice of law and tinues to the present time. Attorney for eeling & Lake Erie Railroad since Decem- , 1902. Established and edited The Green- ing Times, at Greenspring, Ohio, in 1879, lage Solicitor of Paulding, one term. Mem- Board of Education of Toledo from May 1906, to June 15, 1908, when he resigned. resident of the Board for some time. Presi- it Board of Trustees First Unitarian Church many years. Member Toledo Club; To- o Chamber of Commerce; Toledo Auto- bile Club; Toledo Museum of Art; Ameri- n Historical Association; Maumee Valley neer and Historical Association; North- ern Ohio Historical Association; Ohio ate and Lucas County Bar Associations. Re- ublican.

#### WARREN F. SELBY.



Residence, 700 South Maple Street; office, 3 Second National Building, Akron. Born Columbus, Ohio, February 26, 1889. Son of D. and Libbie (Glover) Selby. Married to yllis Sabin, of Cleveland, June 7, 1916. At-

tended the Public Schools of Wooster, Ohio; graduate of Wooster High School in 1905; re- ceived A. B. degree from Ohio State Univer- sity in 1909; LL. B. degree, from Western Reserve University in 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 25, 1912; United States District Court Northern District of Ohio, June 27, 1913. Engaged in the practice of law in Akron. Member Masonic bodies of Wooster, Ohio; Knights Templar; Akron Masonic Club; Delta Theta Phi Legal Fraternity. Republican.

#### CHARLES WILBUR SELLERS.

Residence, University Club; office, 1239 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Co- lumbus, Ohio, February 12, 1888. Son of Charles L. and Flora (Price) Sellers. Grad- uate of Ashland College, 1906; Ohio Wesleyan



University with A. B. degree, 1910; Western Reserve University Law School with LL. B. degree, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913. Associated with the law firm of Thompson, Hine & Flory, of Cleveland. Served with Troop A on Mexican Border; Major in United States Army in overseas service with Argonne and Meuse Offensives; also Troops of Occupation during the World War. Member Beta Theta Pi and Phi Delta Phi fraternities; Masonic Order, 32nd degree; University Club.

#### CHARLES LEE SELZER.

Residence, 3505 Archwood Avenue, S. W.; office, Court Room No. 2, City Hall, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, October 6, 1859. Son of Jacob D. and Elizabeth (Wirth) Selzer. Married November 18, 1886, to Ida M. While, daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth While, of Cleveland. Attended Public Schools and West



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ge and Congressman; also of Joshua R. Seney, of Toledo, Lawyer and Judge; Grandson of Joshua Seney, of Tiffin, Lawyer; Great-grandson of Joshua Seney, of Queen Anne's County, Maryland, Lord Chief Justice, Congressman and lawyer; also of John Seney, lawyer and soldier. Married to Florence in Cope, of Columbus, Ohio, June 24, 1899. No children: Henry W., II, and Mary Cope. Attended Public Schools of Kenton, Ohio; one year in Kenton High School; Oberlin Col-



lege and Ohio Wesleyan Preparatory Schools from 1889 to 1892; Cornell University, Ithaca, New York; graduate of University of Michigan with degree of Ph. B., June, 1896; Ohio State University Law School with LL. B. degree, June, 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1899; United States District Court Northern District of Ohio, 1904; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Sixth Judicial Circuit, 1919. Practiced law in North Baltimore, Maryland County, Ohio, 1899-1904; in partnership with Henry W. Seney and Curtis T. Johnson, Toledo, under the firm name of Seney, Johnson & Seney, 1904-07; with Henry W. Seney, under the firm name, Henry W. and Allen J. Seney, 1907-09. First Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Lucas County, Ohio, 1915-19; Prosecuting Attorney of Lucas County, Ohio, 1919-1920. Former Member law firm of Seney, Alexander & Donovan. Member Phi Delta Phi fraternity; Ohio Society Sons of the American Revolution; Toledo Club; Commerce Club; P. O. E. Lodge No. 53 of Toledo. Democrat.

#### GEORGE EBBERT SENEY.

Residence, 2268 Robinwood Avenue; office, Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, September 22, 1879. Son of Judge

Joshua R. and Julia (Rice) Seney. Married to Adah Kuhltheau, of Dayton, Ohio, May 21, 1906. Two children: Julia Rice, Jr., and George E., Jr. Graduate of Toledo High School; attended Toledo Manual Training School; literary education at University of Michigan; Ohio State University; Toledo University, from which he received degrees of A. B. and A. M.; graduate of Ohio State University Law Department with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1901; later to United States Supreme Court. Lecturer at College of Law on Constitutional Law two years; member Board of Trustees of Toledo University three years. Author of Special Articles for Magazines and Newspapers. Engaged in the general law practice continuously since 1901. Member Board of Directors Crumbaugh-Kuehn Co., and Gould Realty Co.; President Feno Realty Co. During the World War President Anthony Wayne Chapter Sons of American Revolution; Liberty Bond and War Stamp Salesman; member Red Cross; member Naval Reserves two years; Masonic Order, Knights Templar, 32 degree; Secretary two years, Lucas County Bar Association; Vice President Toledo Lawyers Club; Lucas County Adviser of American Bar Association; member Ohio State Bar Association.

#### JAMES P. SEWARD.

Residence, 336 West 4th Street; office, Bird Building, Mansfield. Born in Mt. Vernon, Knox County, Ohio, October 5, 1850. Son of Dennis and Mary (White) Seward. Married November, 1883, to Anna A. Wentz. One child: Margaret, wife of H. G. Peck. Attended Country Schools of Richland County; Academy, Hayesville, Ohio; Oberlin College; read law in office of Judge M. May, Mansfield. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, August, 1886. Prosecuting Attorney of Richland County, 1881 to 1885; Chairman State Democratic Committee, 1893 and 1899; member Senate Legislature, 1912-13. Member K. of P.; Richland County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### JOHN J. SEXTON.

Residence, 1456 East 53rd Street; office, Prosecuting Attorneys Office, Cleveland, Ohio. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, June 24, 1879. Son of Patrick and Mary Sexton. Married to Catherine Wacho, in Cleveland, Ohio, June 5, 1917. Attended Immaculate Conception School and St. Ignatius College, Cleveland; LL. B. degree from Cleveland Law School, July 1, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1915; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, February 8, 1916. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland, a member of the firm McMorris, Ackerman & Sexton, from September 1, 1915, to March 1, 1918. Assistant Police Prosecutor, Cleveland, from March, 1918, to January, 1921, since which time is Assistant Prosecuting Attorney, Cuyahoga County. Member Knights of Columbus;

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taught school six terms. Superintended public schools two terms; attended Northern University, 1911 to 1913; Cincinnati School 1913-14; University of Ohio, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio. Practiced law in Attica from 1914; associated with the firm of Sciber, Sciber & Amer, of Akron. Served: O. N. U. Cadets, Co. B, 1915; G. Infantry 2nd M. G. Co., Infantry of Ohio, M. G. Co., 1915-16; Texas; Ordnance Dept., U. S. Army, at Chicago, Ill., 1917. C. Battalion 21st Co., U. S. A., at Hancock, Augusta, Georgia. American Legion; Knights of Columbus; Summit County Bar Association.

# **LOYD E. SHANNON.**

Residence, 691 Carlyle Street; office, 609-10 National Building, Akron. Born in Ohio, May 6, 1883. Son of Charles A. E. (Deitrich) Shannon. Married June 3, 1908, at Akron, to Ida M. Hoffman. Children: Floyd E., Jr., and Robert. Attended the Public and High Schools of Brimfield; received LL. B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace University in 1906.



Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1906; later to United States District Court Northern District of Ohio; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, District of Columbia. Engaged in the practice of Patent and Trade Mark Law in Akron. Member Silver Lake Country Club; Chamber of Commerce; Summit County Bar Association. Democrat.

# **REUBEN SHAPIRO.**

Residence, 11809 Castlewood; office, 302 City for Savings Bldg., Cleveland. Born

in Cleveland, Ohio, August 1, 1885. Son of Isaac and Mary (Mendelsolm) Shapiro. Married to Sylvia Bergman, of Buffalo, New York, September 10, 1919. Educated in Cleveland Public Schools; Central High School; graduate of Columbia University, New York City, with A. B. degree, 1907; attended Columbia Law School one year; graduate of Western Reserve University Law School with



LL. B. degree, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July, 1909; United States District Court, 1914. Member of the law firm of Mulligan & Shapiro, of Cleveland, 1910-12; Shapiro & Shapiro, 1912-1920. Member Draft Board; Legal Advisory Board, Ward 12; Liberty Loan Campaign Committee; Four-Minute Speaker during the war. Member Knights of Pythias; B'nai B'rith; Columbia Club; Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

# **JOHN EDWARD SHATZEL.**

Residence, 127 N. Maple Street; office, 108 N. Main Street, Bowling Green. Born in Upper Sandusky, February 1, 1869. Son of John and Elizabeth (Katzenmeyer) Shatzel. Married to Martha A. Halfhill, April 18, 1898. One daughter, Eleanor. Attended public schools of North Baltimore, Ohio. Read law with Judge Frank A. Baldwin, Bowling Green; received LL. B. degree from Ohio Northern University, June 20, 1895. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 27, 1895; United States District and Circuit Courts, 1902. Member Board of Directors Wood County Fair Co.; B. P. O. E.; K. of P.; Bowling Green Commercial Club; First Presbyterian Church; Wood County Bar Association. Republican Mayor of Bowling Green, 1900-02; Referee in Bankruptcy, 1908-12; Trustee Bowling Green State Normal College since February 11, 1915.



Shawburn & Shaver. Member Masonic Order; Scottish Rite; Ohio State Bar Association. Republican.

#### **TELLIS TRIMBULL SHAW.**

Residence, 203 Jefferson Avenue; office, Clinton Street, Defiance. Born in West Rushville, Ohio, January 18, 1868. Son of John W. and Elizabeth (Resse) Shaw. Married November 14, 1896, to Minnie G. Sutphen; two children: Dorothy G. and Elizabeth Alice. Attended county schools, Fairfield County; Ohio Wesleyan University; Ohio State University, 1888-1892. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1892; member to the United States Courts. Member of the firm of Harris, Cameron & Shaw; Harris Shaw since 1906. Elected Probate Judge of Defiance County, 1903; re-elected, 1906. City Solicitor of Defiance, 1905-12. Director Defiance Motor Truck Co., Smith & Patten Motor Sales Co., Defiance Home and Savings Loan Association. Trustee The First Presbyterian Church, Defiance. Member Masonic Order; T.; Shrine; B. P. O. E.; Phi Delta Thetaaternity; Defiance County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### **CLYDE LUCIEN SHAYLOR.**

Residence, 14 Fargo Avenue; office, National Bank Building, Ashtabula. Born on a farm in Ashtabula Township, Ashtabula County, Ohio, August 22, 1889. Son of William H. and Anna (Phillips) Shaylor. Married to Mary P. Goodwerth, of Ashtabula, August 14, 1912. Two children: Laura and Ida. Attended Rural District School of Ashtabula Township, Ohio, from 1895 to 1903; graduate of Ashtabula High School, 1907; attended University of Michigan Law School, 1908-09; studied Law in office of Calvin & Dunlavy, of Ashtabula.

ro years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1911; United States District Court Northern District of Ohio, February 2, 1916. In partnership with O. V. Anderson under the name of Anderson & Shaylor, 1912-14; since 1915 in the individual law practice. During the war active in Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., Gas Chest and Liberty Bond Campaigns;



ur-Minute Speaker. Member Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; Knights of Pythias; Ashtabula County Bar Association; Vice President Ashtabula Lawyers Club; Trustee First Presbyterian Church, Ashtabula; City Solicitor Ashtabula, 1914-15; Presidential Elector, 1st Congressional District of Ohio, 1920. Republican.

#### GEORGE W. SHEETZ.

Residence, New Washington, Ohio; office, Court House, Bucyrus. Born in New Washington, October 2, 1871. Son of Jacob and Anna E. (Guiss) Sheetz. Married to Clara M. Sheetz, June 2, 1895; four children: Mary, Margaret, Jacob and Martin. Attended public and high schools, New Washington; Ohio State University, 1902. Read law in office of Judge Beer, Bucyrus. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1902; later United States District Court. Practiced law in New Washington until 1921. Elected Probate Judge Crawford County in 1920. Member Crawford County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### EDWARD SHERMAN SHECK.

Residence, 894 Elmore Avenue; office, 312 Ohio Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, January 17, 1892. Son of Eugene and Lydia (Evans) Sheck. Attended Leggett School, Akron, to 1905; graduate of Akron Central High School, 1909; attended Western Reserve University, 1911-12; graduate of Ohio State Law School, 1915. Admitted to the bar of

Ohio, December, 1914. In the United States Army service eleven months at Camp Hancock, Ga. Active in Civilian War Work as Four-Minute Speaker; Liberty Loan Worker; Legal Advisory Board and Red Cross Relief. Member B. P. O. E.; F. & A. M. (32 degree);



Shrine; K. of P.; University Club; Ohio State Alumni Association; Delta Theta Phi Law fraternity; American Legion; Army & Navy Union; Summit County Bar Association. Member Summit County Republican Executive Committee. Republican.

#### CAREY S. SHELDON, JR.



Married to M. Winifred Morgan, June 27, 1914. Early education received in grammar and high schools of Cleveland. Attended University of Wisconsin; graduate of Western Reserve University from which he received the degrees of A. B., 1909; A. M., 1910; and LL. B., 1912. Admitted to Ohio Bar, June, 1912; later to United States District Court. Assistant Street Railroad Commissioner for City of Cleveland, 1912-1913; Commissioner of Franchises and Commissioner of Information and Publicity, 1914; Director of Public Service, 1914-1915; Secretary of City Planning Commission, 1915. As Director of Public Service, built new City Hall Building at lowest cost ever attained in monumental building construction in America, 1915; developed sewage disposal system, street illumination, especially down-town "white way;" extended parks, boulevards and playgrounds, abolished private concessionaire system in parks; built number of bridges. In all, supervised expenditure of fifteen or twenty million dollars of public improvements during connection with city government. Has contributed to economical, political science, and statistical periodicals; special articles to new International Encyclopedia. Expert in public utility law and finance. Has served in numerous public utility cases, matters and arbitrations in various parts of the country. These interests have been in conjunction with his law practice, having formed partnership on January 1, 1916, with Hon. Newton D. Baker and Joseph C. Hostetler, under the firm name, Baker, Hostetler & Sidlo, which continues to date. Member of University Club; City Club; Cleveland and American Bar Associations; Alpha Delta Phi, Phi Delta Phi; Delta Sigma Rho.

### GEORGE W. SIEBER.

Residence, 484 E. Market Street; office, 427-29 Akron Savings & Loan Building, Akron. Born in Snyder County, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1858. Son of Joseph and Sarah (Moyer) Sieber. Married to Elsie C. Motz, of Middleburg, Pennsylvania, September 11, 1883. Attended the Public Schools of Akron, including High School; Buchtel College, Akron; received LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School in 1882. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1882; later to the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio and United States Supreme Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Akron. Has been a member of the following firms: Green, Grant & Sieber; Grant & Sieber; Grant, Sieber & Mather; Sieber & Sieber; Sieber, Martineau, Snyder & Sieber; Sieber, Snyder, Sieber & Amer. Chairman Selective Service Draft Board No. 4; Chairman of Liberty and Victory Loan Campaigns during the World War, in Akron. Member Lutheran Church; Teacher Pilgrim Class Lutheran Church Sunday School. Member Masonic Bodies: 32nd degree; Past Potentate Al Koran Temple; member City Club; Portage Country Club; Congress Lake Country Club; University Club; American, Ohio State and Summit County Bar Associ-



McIlvaine, December 24, 1884. One daughter: Margaret (McLaughlin). Attended Public Schools of Cadiz until summer of 1872; graduate of Franklin College, New Athens, Ohio, with A. B. degree, 1877; granted A. M. degree from same institution, 1880; graduate of Yale College with A. B. degree, June, 1878; Read law with father. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, September, 1880; United States District Court, 1898. Practiced law in Harrison and adjacent counties from 1880 to 1899. Author of "Life of Charles Sumner," 1910. Member Ohio State Bar Association, 1904-09. Prosecuting Attorney of Harrison County from January 1, 1888 to January 1, 1893, when he resigned. Elected Judge Common Pleas Court of 3rd Sub-division, 8th Ohio District, November, 1899; re-elected 1902; re-elected 1907; retired from the Bench, April 18, 1913; Candidate for Judge Supreme Court of Ohio, 1904; candidate for Congress, 1914. Republican.

### GEORGE BENNETT SIDDALL.

Residence, 1961 Ford Drive; office, 1015 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Berlin, Ohio, December 13, 1866. Son of Dr. James F. and Orinda (Candee) Siddall. Married to Nettie M. Danielson, Calumet, Michigan, August 17, 1892. Attended Oberlin Public Schools; graduate of Oberlin College with degree of A. B., 1891; attended Western Reserve University two years.



Admitted to the bar of Ohio; United States District Court, March 12, 1896. Associated with Henderson & Quail until January 1, 1904, when he became a member of the firm of Henderson, Quail & Siddall, continuing until January 1, 1915, when D. E. Morgan joined the firm, which is now Henderson, Quail, Siddall & Morgan. Member of Union, May-

field Country and University Clubs of Cleveland; Athletic Club, Columbus; and University Club of Chicago. Democrat.

### I. THORNTON SIDDALL.

Residence, 703 East Main Street; office, Phoenix Block, Ravenna. Born in Atwater, Ohio, January 16, 1851. Son of Mahlon and Elizabeth (Gould) Siddall. Married June 13, 1889, to Gertrude A. Doud, of Warren, Ohio. Attended the Public Schools of Atwater, Ohio. Received A. B. degree from Mt. Union College in 1874. Studied law in the office of W. B. Thomas, of Ravenna. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1876; later to United States District



Court Northern District of Ohio; United States Circuit Court of Appeals and United States Supreme Court. Member of the law firm of Cushing & Siddall, of Cleveland, Ohio, from 1906 to 1915; Cushing, Siddall & Lamb, 1915 to 1917. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Portage County from 1884 to 1886. Appointed Common Pleas Judge of Portage County from 1916 to 1918. Member Masonic Order; 32nd degree, Knights Templar; Kappa Phi Lambda fraternity; Cuyahoga County, Portage County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Democrat.

### KINGDON THORNTON SIDDALL.

Residence, 3813 Euclid Avenue; office, Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in Ravenna, Ohio, September 2, 1890. Son of Judge I. T. and Gertrude A. (Doud) Siddall. Received degree of A. B. from Kenyon College, 1911; L.L. B. degree from Harvard Law School, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913; later to the U. S. District Court. Engaged in the law practice in Cleveland; associated with the firm of Wilkin, Cross & Daoust. Served in



Married to M. Winifred Morgan, June 27, 1914. Early education received in grammar and high schools of Cleveland. Attended University of Wisconsin; graduate of Western Reserve University from which he received the degrees of A. B., 1909; A. M., 1910; and LL. B., 1912. Admitted to Ohio Bar, June, 1912; later to United States District Court. Assistant Street Railroad Commissioner for City of Cleveland, 1912-1913; Commissioner of Franchises and Commissioner of Information and Publicity, 1914; Director of Public Service, 1914-1915; Secretary of City Planning Commission, 1915. As Director of Public Service, built new City Hall Building at lowest cost ever attained in monumental building construction in America, 1915; developed sewage disposal system, street illumination, especially down-town "white way;" extended parks, boulevards and playgrounds, abolished private concessionaire system in parks; built number of bridges. In all, supervised expenditure of fifteen or twenty million dollars of public improvements during connection with city government. Has contributed to economical, political science, and statistical periodicals; special articles to new International Encyclopedia. Expert in public utility law and finance. Has served in numerous public utility cases, matters and arbitrations in various parts of the country. These interests have been in conjunction with his law practice, having formed partnership on January 1, 1916, with Hon. Newton D. Baker and Joseph C. Hostetler, under the firm name, Baker, Hostetler & Sidel, which continues to date. Member of University Club; City Club; Cleveland and American Bar Associations; Alpha Delta Phi, Phi Delta Phi; Delta Sigma Rho.

### **GEORGE W. SIEBER.**

Residence, 484 E. Market Street; office, 427-29 Akron Savings & Loan Building, Akron. Born in Snyder County, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1858. Son of Joseph and Sarah (Moyer) Sieber. Married to Elsie C. Motz, of Middleburg, Pennsylvania, September 11, 1883. Attended the Public Schools of Akron, including High School; Buchtel College, Akron; received LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School in 1882. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1882; later to the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio and United States Supreme Court. Engaged in the practice of law in Akron. Has been a member of the following firms: Green, Grant & Sieber; Grant & Sieber; Grant, Sieber & Mather; Sieber & Sieber; Sieber, Martineau, Snyder & Sieber; Sieber, Snyder, Sieber & Amer. Chairman Selective Service Draft Board No. 4; Chairman of Liberty and Victory Loan Campaigns during the World War, in Akron. Member Lutheran Church; Teacher Pilgrim Class Lutheran Church Sunday School. Member Masonic Bodies; 32nd degree; Past Potentate Al Koran Temple; member City Club; Portage Country Club; Congress Lake Country Club; University Club; American, Ohio State and Summit County Bar Associ-

ions; Delta Tau Delta Fraternity; President of the Elks Home Co.; Prosecuting Attorney of



Summit County from 1886 to 1902; State Senator for 24-26 District, 1899 to 1900. Republican.

**JOSEPH BYRON SIEBER.**



Residence, 25 Oakdale Avenue; office, 425-29 Akron Savings and Loan Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, December 26, 1886. Son of George W. and Elsie C (Motz) Sieber. Married to Leila Marian Tuttle in Easton, Maine, November 28, 1911. Graduate of Akron

Grade School, 1900; Akron High School, June, 1904; attended Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, 1904-05; graduate of Yale with degree of A. B., 1908; graduate of Harvard Law School, with degree of LL. B., 1911. Admitted to the bar of Massachusetts, August 25, 1911; Ohio, December 21, 1911; United States District Court, 1920. Formed partnership with George W. Sieber in Akron, under the firm name of Sieber & Sieber, 1911-1917; Harry L. Snyder and Pierre A. Martineau joined the firm, which became Sieber, Martineau, Snyder & Sieber, 1917-18; Sieber, Snyder & Sieber, 1918-20; Bernard J. Amer was admitted to the firm in 1920 which now continues as Sieber, Snyder, Sieber & Amer. Vice Chairman Selective Service Draft Board, Division No. 4, and member Speakers' Committee of all Liberty Loan and Victory Loan drives during the late war. Member Delta Upsilon fraternity; City Club; Portage Country Club; Fairlawn Heights Golf Club; University Club; Knights Templar; Shrine (32nd degree); Past Monarch Yusef Khan Grotto No. 41; Past President Akron Exchange Club; 3rd Vice President National Exchange Club; member National Geographic Society; Summit County, Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Treasurer City Committee, Akron, 1913. Republican.

**EDWARD I. SIEGEL.**



Residence, 802 East 99th Street; office, 518 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in New York, N. Y., December 9, 1894. Son of Zisman and Anna (Silber) Siegel. Graduate of New York public school, 1909; Baldwin-Wallace College; Cleveland Law School, with degree of LL. B., 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 30, 1917, and later to the United States District Court. Engaged in general law prac-

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rs. General counsel Cleveland Automobile Club since March 1, 1920. Enlisted in United States Army December 6, 1917; Sergeant-major Headquarters Detachment, 322nd Ma-

Cleveland Athletic Club; Beta Club, New York City; Masonic Order, Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd degree; Shrine, K. of P., Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Mayor



Gun Battalion, 83rd Division; overseas ten months, from June 12, 1918, to January 1919; discharged February 14, 1919. Member Masonic Order, Knights of Pythias, Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. American Legion. Republican.

of Shelby, Ohio, from 1903 to 1908. Republican.

#### ROSCOE CARLETON SKILES.

#### WATSON ELLSWORTH SLABAUGH.

Residence, 63 Boulevard; office, Union Park, Shelby. Born in Shelby, Ohio, October 1878. Son of George M. and Elizabeth (Clark) Skiles. Married to Isabelle Fulling of Columbus, Ohio, October 3, 1901. Educated in the public and high schools of Shelby, Ohio, graduate of Ohio State University Law Department with LL. B. degree, 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1901; United States District Court, 1902; United States Supreme Court, 1910. Engaged in the practice of law in Shelby; associated with the firm of Skiles & Skiles (G. M. & W. W.) 1901-08. In partnership with G. M. Skiles and T. J. Green under the firm name of Skiles, Green & Skiles, 1914; with G. M. and G. G. Skiles under the firm name of Skiles, Skiles & Skiles, 1914; with his brother, G. G. Skiles, under the firm name of Skiles & Skiles, since 1916. Vice president Ohio Seamless Tube Company, vice president Citizens Bank, vice president Mutual Glass Company, vice president Shelby Supply & Manufacturing Company, vice president Shelby Telephone Company, president Shelby Hospital Association. Engaged in civil activities in connection with Red Cross and War Chest during the late war. Member Beta Beta Pi and Phi Delta Phi fraternities;

Residence, 142 S. Union Street; office, 330 Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born in Rootstown, Portage County, Ohio, September 25, 1859. Son of Amos L. and Julia (France) Slabaugh. Married to Jessie M. Gongwer, November 21, 1895. Attended the country schools at Portage County; Ohio State University, 1883; Mt. Union College, 1884; studied law in the office of Henry W. Harter, of Canton; received LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School in 1885. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1885; later to the United States District Court; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, 1900. Member of the firm of Otis & Slabaugh, 1885-7; Marvin, Atterholt & Slabaugh, 1887-1892; Slabaugh & Seiberling, 1896 to 1904; Slabaugh, Seiberling & Huber in 1904; Slabaugh, Seiberling, Huber & Guinther, 1919; Slabaugh, Young, Seiberling, Huber & Guinther since 1920. Member Chamber of Commerce; Summit County Bar Association; Elder High Street Church of Christ. Republican.

#### LEWIS D. SLUSSER.

Residence, 77 Rhodes Avenue; office, Court House, Akron. Born in Mishawaka, Indiana, April 7, 1876. Son of Rev. O. W. and Josephine (Matthias) Slusser. Married to Grace M. Stambaugh, of Akron, October 29, 1908. Two children: Martha and Helen. Attended Mt. Union High School; received

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25, 1877, to May Searles, of Kendall County, Ill. Received B. S. degree from University of Michigan in 1872 and LL. B. degree from Law Department of same university 1875. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1875, and ever since has been and still continues in active practice. Admitted to the bar of United States District Court, 1876; United States Supreme Court, 1878. Member of the law firm of Smith & Geddes, of Toledo, 1875-1881; Baker, Smith & Baker, 1881-94; Smith & Baker, 1894-1914; Smith, Baker, Effler & Allen, 1914 to January, 1920, when L. E. Eastman entered the firm, which became Smith, Baker,



Effler, Allen & Eastman. Member Executive Committee of the Liberty Loan Organization of Toledo during the World War. Director and counsel, Toledo Blade Company for over forty years. Upon death of Robinson Locke, April 30, 1920, succeeded him as president of that corporation. Charter member Toledo Museum of Art, member Ohio State Bar and Toledo Bar Associations, Peninsular Society, Alpha Delta Phi fraternity, formerly member Toledo School Board, Mason, Past Master Grand Lodge F. & A. M. of Ohio, Past Grand Commander, Grand Commandery K. T. of Ohio; Past Thrice Potent Master of Miami Lodge of Perfection, Toledo; first Commander-in-Chief of Toledo Consistory, S. P. R. S.; was delegate to Conference of Supreme Councils of the World at Brussels, 1907; Washington, 1912 (V. Pres.); has been since September 22, 1910, most Puissant Sovereign Grand Commander of Supreme Council 33rd degree of A. A. S. R. for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction U. S. A. Active in politics until 1896, when he was one of the Gold Democrats from Ohio at Democratic National Convention that nominated William Bryan for President. Democrat.

# CARL HAMILTON SMITH.

Office, Court House, Steubenville, Jefferson County, Ohio. Born in East Liverpool, Ohio, July 25, 1876. Son of John and Margaret M. (Berry) Smith. Married to Bessie Crowther in Elyria, Ohio, January 9, 1907; one daughter, Bessie C. Received early education in country school, Jefferson County, Ohio; graduate of Empire High School, 1896; Westminster College, classical course, with degree of A. B., 1900; read law in office of E. E. Erskine, Steubenville, 1901-02; entered Western Reserve University later in 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1903; United States District Court, June 2, 1908. Became associated with E. E. Erskine, in Steubenville, the fall of 1903; formed partnership with him in 1906, which continued until 1912. Director The Steubenville Bank & Trust Company, The Steubenville Ice Company, The Herald Printing Company, The Ross Park Realty Company, The Unity Coal Company. Treasurer Jefferson County War Board during the World War. Member Masonic Order, 32nd degree; Steubenville Commandery No. 11, K. T.; Aladdin Temple, A. A. O. M. S. K. of P., B. P. O. E., President Y. M. C. A., Member Steubenville Country Club, Ohio State Bar and Jefferson County Associations. Elected Judge Common Pleas Court of Jefferson County, Ohio, November 5, 1912; re-elected November 4, 1918.

# CHARLES F. SMITH.



Residence, 382 Crandall Avenue; office, 1201 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in White County, Indiana, January 3, 1879. Son of Joseph and Katherine (O'Reilly) Smith. Married to Franc B. Bradbury, of Lisbon, Ohio, May 9, 1906; one child, Vir-

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Ohio, June 16, 1887. Son of R. C. and Helen T. (Weber) Smith. Married to Margaret M. Nelson, of Coshocton, Ohio, August 5, 1914. Attended public and parochial schools of Cleveland; received degrees of A. B. and M. A.



from St. Ignatius College; student in law department of Georgetown University; received L. B. degree from Western Reserve University, 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1911; United States District Court of Northern District, Eastern Division of Ohio, 1917. Chief Clerk in Attorney General's office in Columbus, Ohio, 1912; Assistant Attorney General of Ohio, 1913-1914. Associated with the law firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey. Member Elks, Moose, K. of C., K. of St. A. O. H., City Club, Cleveland Bar Association, Delta Theta Phi (law fraternity). Member of council in Nottingham, Ohio, 1910; President of council and acting mayor, 1911.

### JOSEPH SMITH.

Office, Court House, Warren. Born in England, December 25, 1870. Son of George and Alice (Wimberly) Smith. Married September 5, 1906, to Blanche H. Hopkins (deceased, 1919); November 19, 1919, to Elizabeth M. Woods. Graduate of Niles (Ohio) High School, 1890; attended Ohio State University, 1901-02. Read law in office of C. H. Strock, Niles. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1905; later United States District Court. Member of the firm of Smiley & Smith for some time; later Smith & Giffen. Justice of Peace Niles nine years; City Solicitor, Niles, seven years; elected in 1920 Probate Judge of Trumbull County. Member Masonic Order; of P.; Trumbull County Bar Association. Republican.

### J. FRED SMITH.

Residence, 280 Merriman Road; office, 412 Central Savings & Trust Building, Akron. Born in Waldo, Ohio, August 17, 1894. Son of Arthur M. and Mary (Homan) Smith. Educated in the common schools of Waldo, Ohio, until May, 1908; graduate of Waldo, Ohio, High School May 31, 1910; graduate of Delaware, Ohio, High School June, 1912; entered Cincinnati Law School September, 1914, graduated with LL. B. degree June, 1917. Admitted to the bar of Ohio May 31, 1917. Associated with the firm of Commins, Brouse, Englebeck



& McDowell. Secretary and treasurer The C. B. Sand & Block Company. In the United States Army Aviation Service, in training for pilot. Member Phi Alpha Delta (legal fraternity), Masonic Order, Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

### LOUIS P. SMITH.

Residence, 1943 North 14th Street; office, 523 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Hamilton, Ohio, September 14, 1867. Son of Peter and Anna (Stecker) Smith. Married to Adelia B. Drake, of Lebanon, Ohio, September 15, 1888. Attended Grade Schools of Hamilton, Ohio, and Lebanon, Ohio, High School in Middletown, Ohio; and National Normal University in Lebanon. Studied law with Donley & Rhonemus, Middletown, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio March 7, 1893. Member Toledo Bar Association. Secretary Republican County Central Committee two years. Republican.

### OSCAR JOSEPH SMITH.

Residence, 313 Floyd Street; office, 940 Spitzer Building, Toledo, Ohio. Born in Toledo, Ohio, August 13, 1889. Son of A. J. and Ray



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# ALONZO MITCHELL SNYDER.

Residence, 15357 Euclid Avenue; office, ninth floor, Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born near Galion, Ohio, July 23, 1863. Son of George and Harriet (Mitchell) Snyder. Married to Lulu B. Patterson in 1887; Clara B. Palmer in 1906. Educated in the public schools of Galion, Ohio, received degree of A.B.



from Kenyon College, 1885; received degree of B.L. from Cincinnati Law School, 1887. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1887; later to the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division. Member of the firm of Vail & Snyder, 1889-1891; Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, 1891-1900; Ford, Snyder, Henry & McGraw, 1900-02; Ford, Snyder & Henry, 1902-03; Ford & Snyder, 1903-06; Ford, Snyder & Tilden, 1906-1918; from 1918 to the present time, Snyder, Henry, Thomsen, Ford & Seagrave. Member of Union, University, Shaker and Clifton Clubs; Civic League, Tax League, East Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, Beta Theta Pi and Theta Nu Epsilon fraternities; Trustee Kenyon College. Republican.

# HARRY L. SNYDER.

Residence, 320 Merriam Road; office, 427 Akron Savings & Loan Building, Akron. Born Peru, Ohio, March 16, 1869. Son of Edmund and Annette (Tillson) Snyder. Married to Estitia E. McCaughey, May 18, 1898; one daughter, Catherine. Educated in country schools of Huron county; graduate of Norwalk, Ohio, High School, 1888; received degree of B.S. from Buchtel College, 1894; L.B. degree from University of Northwest, Sioux City, Iowa, 1896. Admitted to the bar of Iowa, 1897; Ohio, 1897; United States District Court, 1906. Member of the firm of Sieber, Snyder, Sieber & Amer. Referee in

bankruptcy for Summit and Portage Counties. Member Akron City Club, University Club, Masonic Order, Masonic Club, Knights of Pythias, Akron and American Bar Associations. Republican.

# HARVEY R. SNYDER.

Residence, 1361 Gill Avenue, Lakewood; office, 609 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Mapleton, Stark County, Ohio, October 7, 1880. Son of John J. and Maria (Shearer) Snyder. Married to Mary Catherine Bracher of Alliance, Ohio, March 22, 1910. Early education in country schools; preparatory in Mt. Union College, Alliance, Ohio; en-



tered Sophomore Class in Harvard College, graduating from Classical Course 1905, and from Harvard Law School with degree of LL. B., 1908. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1908. Junior member of the firm composed of J. R. and H. R. Snyder since 1910. Member Masonic Order, K. of P., Harvard and Yacht Clubs of Cleveland, Alpha Tau Omega fraternity, Old Colony Club, Elder and Trustee Lakewood Presbyterian Church. Republican.

# J. ROYAL SNYDER.

Residence, 9109 Detroit Avenue; office, 609-10 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Canton, Stark County, Ohio, February 11, 1876. Son of John J. and Maria (Shearer) Snyder. Attended Stark County public schools; received degree of A.B. from Mount Union College, 1899; graduate of Harvard Law School with degree of LL.B., 1909; awarded the Junior Scholarship prize from Mount Union College. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1909; Massachusetts, 1910; later to

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general practice alone. Member I. O. O. F., Summit County Bar Association. Appointed on Board of Education of Akron for two years, 1917 and 1918; Examiner of Titles under Torrens Act for the registration of land titles from 1914 to date. Democrat.

**LAWRENCE S. SOBEL.**

Residence, 1947 East 71st Street; office, 1625 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 8, 1895. Son of Chas. S. and Fanny (Glueck) Sobel. Educated in the Cleveland schools and colleges. Graduate of Outhwaite School, 1908; Central High School, 1912; attended Adelbert College, 1912



1915; graduate of Baldwin-Wallace College, 1917, with degree of A. B.; graduate of Law Department of that institution with the LL. B. degree in 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1918. Engaged in the general practice of law. Taught in the Cleveland Junior and Senior High Schools. Draft Legal Advisor for the Main Draft Board during the war. Member of the H. B. S. U. Society, Forest City Lodge, F. & M., Al Sirat Grotto. Member of the Western Reserve Republican Club 22nd Ward Business Men's Republican Club. Independent politically, with Republican leanings.

**HARRY E. SOBUL.**

Residence, 11807 Saywell Avenue; office, 416 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Russia, Poland, December 15, 1889. Son of Max and Etta (Brown) Sobul. Moved to the United States at the age of three. Married November 1913, to Mae Mendelson, of Elyria; one child, Robert M. Attended public and Central High School, Cleveland; graduate of Western Reserve University Law School, with LL. B.

degree, 1913. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1913. Practiced law in Elyria until 1916, when he moved to Cleveland. In 1918 formed partnership with H. H. Elder, under the firm name



of Sobul & Elder, which continues to date. Member of K. of P.; Cleveland Bar Association, Republican.

**EARL KENT SOLETHER.**



Residence and office, Bowling Green, Ohio. Born in Jerry City, Ohio, October 14, 1883. Son of Cyrus W. and Elizabeth (Weaver) Solether. Married to Mildred A. Mecker, of

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Cross during the late war. Member Cleveland Museum of Art; Y. M. C. A.; Masonic Order; Knights of Pythias; B'nai B'rith, Euclid Avenue Temple; Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

### CHARLES S. SPEAKER.

Residence and office, Lisbon. Born in Lisbon, Ohio. Son of Simon and Louisa M. (Northcraft) Speaker. Attended public and high schools of Lisbon; read law in office of Nichols & Firestone, Lisbon. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1880; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the general practice alone in Lisbon. Mayor of Lisbon from 1879 to 1886; Prosecuting Attorney of Columbiana County, 1891 to 1897. Member Columbiana County Bar Association. Republican.

### MONROE W. SPEAR.

Residence, 7417 Carnegie Avenue; office, Banker Building, Cleveland. Born in North Woodbury, Morrow County, Ohio, February 6, 1863. Son of John and Emily (Singrey) Spear. Married to Hortense Chapin (deceased, 1912); two children: John C. and Marian H. later married to Mrs. Ella T. Webster. Attended country schools; Chesterville High School; received degrees of Ph. B. and A. M. from Illinois Wesleyan University; attended University of Chicago. Principal of Bucyrus High School two years; Superintendent of schools in Mt. Gilead, Ohio, twelve years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1896; later, United States District Court. Practiced law in Mt. Gilead a short time; moved to Cleveland, August, 1909, and became a member of the firm of Spear, Mills, Knight & Godfrey, which partnership continued until January 1, 1919. In 1920 he became associated with his son, John C. Spear, and W. R. Godfrey, under the firm name of Spear, Godfrey & Spear. Member City Club; Chamber of Commerce; I. O. O. F.; K. of P.; Masonic Order; Cleveland Bar Association; Vice President Ohio State Bar Association. Judge Probate Court of Morrow County, Ohio, 1903 to 1909. Independent politically.

### EDWARD P. SPEIDEL.

Residence, 999 S. Freedom Street; office, E. Main Street, Alliance. Born in Hanoverton, Ohio, March 17, 1870. Son of John B. and Catherine (Smeltz) Speidel. Married January 1, 1898, to Nora B. Ritz; three children: Ruth, Ruby and Edward, Jr. Attended public and high schools of Hanoverton, Ohio; Ohio State University, 1892-93. Taught school in Columbiana County for nine years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1893; United States District Court, 1914. Mayor of Alliance, 1910-11. Member Stark County Bar Association. Democrat.

### FRANK SPELLMAN.

Residence and office, Medina. Born in Medina County, Ohio, February 7, 1860. Son

of Ezriah and Elizabeth (Howe) Spellman. Married in 1884 to Edith H. Hobart (deceased, September, 1902); November 2, 1904, to Mabelle H. Hart. Attended the public and high schools of Medina. Studied law in office of Judge C. G. Coddling, Medina. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, March 4, 1888; later to United States District Court. Member I. O. O. F.; K. of P. Republican.

### WILLIAM H. SPENCE.

Residence and office, Lisbon. Born in Columbiana County, Ohio. Son of John and Loretta M. (Wiles) Spence. Married in 1892 to Margaret E. Coburn. Attended district and common schools of Columbiana county; High School at Lisbon; Mt. Union College, 1875-78; Cincinnati Law School, 1881; graduate of University of Michigan in 1884, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1883; later to United States District Court; United States Supreme Court. Engaged in the general practice in Lisbon. Judge Court of Appeals by appointment of Governor Cox in 1913; elected for a short term, 1914 to 1917. Member I. O. O. F.; Ohio State and Columbiana County Bar Associations. Democrat.

### ORION P. SPERRA.



Residence, 124 N. Prospect Street; office, No. 9, Riddle Block, Ravenna. Born in Ravenna, Ohio, July 24, 1853. Son of John R. and Mary A. (Gilmore) Sperra. Married February 14, 1883, at Akron, Ohio, to Carrie M. Wagoner. Attended public and high schools at Ravenna; Preparatory School at Ann Arbor, Michigan; Buchtel College, Akron, Ohio, 1874-75; studied law in the office of W. B. Thomas and J. D. Horton, of Ravenna. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1878; subsequently to United

ciation; Cleveland Chamber of Commerce; Ohio State Board of Commerce; Sons of American Revolution; 33rd Degree Mason; Director of the Union Trust Company; Union Carbon & Carbide Corporation; McKinney Steel Company; Cleveland Stone Company; Case Library; President of Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad; Trustee Garfield Memorial Association; Hiram College and Western Reserve University. Delegate to Republican Convention in St. Louis, Missouri, which nominated President McKinley, 1896. Republican.

#### **ADCNIRAM JUDSON STACKHOUSE.**

Residence and office, Fostoria. Born in Columbia County, Pennsylvania, September 23, 1850. Son of Silas Jackson and Sarah (Lockhart) Stackhouse. Married to Iona Jones, October 25, 1894; three children: Howard Leigh, Judson and Martha B. Educated in the country schools; attended Heidelberg Academy; Normal School, Fostoria; graduate of University of Wooster, 1881; read law with N. L. Brewer, Tiffin. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, November 6, 1883, and later to the United States District Court. Republican.

#### **HOMER I. N. STAFFORD.**

Residence and office, New Philadelphia. Born in West Newton, Pennsylvania, March 30, 1883. Son of D. N. and Mary Z. (Knowles) Stafford. Married to Maude M. Evans, March 9, 1905. Graduate of High School, Peoria, Illinois; Pennington Seminary (New Jersey), 1901; attended Princeton University, 1902-04; University of Pennsylvania Law School, 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 18, 1907; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, June 3, 1914. Member of the law firm of Graham & Stafford, in New Philadelphia, 1907 to 1915. Member Masonic Order, Elks; The Union Country Club; Bronx Club; Tuscarawas County Bar Association. Served on Board of Review in New Philadelphia seven years; appointed by Governor of Ohio as County District Assessor, 1914; Chairman of both Republican Executive and Central Committees in 1912. Republican.

#### **CHARLES HENRY STAHL.**

Residence, 154 S. Union Street; office 422 Central Savings and Trust Building, Akron. Born in Paint Township, Holmes County, Ohio, May 18, 1873. Son of Charles and Louise (Dodez) Stahl. Married to Cora Belle Snyder, of Akron, September 26, 1906; two children: Charles, Jr. (deceased), and Margaret. Attended the public schools of Winesburg, Ohio; graduate of Ohio Northern University in 1898; received A. B. and A. M. degrees therefrom; graduate of Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, with LL. B. degree, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 12, 1902; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, October 20, 1912. Member of the firm of Stahl & Andree since 1916. Trustee Summit County

# **HARVEY SPILKA.**

Residence, 12314 Auburndale Road; office, 451 Lennox Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 12, 1894. Son of Louis and Minnie (Bergman) Spilka. Married to Zella Fenberg, of Cleveland, June 15, 1919. One child, Jack. Attended Kenton, Ohio, grammar school; graduate of High School in 1912; received degree of LL. B. from Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, May 31, 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1916; United States District



Court, Northern District of Ohio, January 10, 1917. Practiced law in Kenton, Hardin County, Ohio, from July 1, 1916, to February 1, 1917; since 1917 engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. During the war served as Four-minute-Man. Member Independent Aid Society, Cleveland Council, National Assurance Union; 25th and 12th Ward Democratic Clubs. Nominated Democratic Candidate for Prosecuting Attorney of Hardin County, August, 1916. Democrat.

# **NILES A. SPONSELLER.**

Residence and office, Canton. Born in Canton, Ohio, October 13, 1879. Son of John H. and Emma J. (Smith) Sponseller. Married to Kathryn A. McKeon, June 24, 1903; two children: John E. and Mary Jane. Educated in the Canton public schools; graduate of High School, 1898; Western Reserve University Law School, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1902. Member K. of P.; B. P. O. E.; Lawyers Club; Stark County Bar Association. Republican.

# **CALVIN D. SPITLER.**

Residence, 69 Main Street; office, 13½ Court Street, Tiffin. Born in Bloom Township,

Seneca County, Ohio, December 7, 1875. Son of John K. and Martha A. (Patterson) Spitler. Married to Jennie E. Downs on December 18, 1901. Educated in the district schools of Eden and Bloom Townships, Seneca County, Ohio; later attended Ohio Northern University; Heidelberg University; graduate of Law Department of Ohio Northern University 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 13, 1901; later to the United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio. Since May 18, 1906, in partnership with the Hon. John C. Royer. Member of K. of P.; Prosecuting Attorney, Seneca County, 1917 to 1921. Democrat.

# **EDWARD F. SPURNEY.**

Residence, 2293 East 89th Street; office, 312 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 18, 1872. Son of Anton and Mary (Haylicek) Spurney. Married to Anna E. Suchy, August 15, 1896. Attended the public schools of Cleveland; Central High



School; University of Michigan Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1893; United States District Court, 1894. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland. Member Army Registration Board, Ward 19, Precinct K, during the World War.

# **ANDREW SQUIRE.**

Residence, 3443 Euclid Avenue; office, 1201 Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in Mantua, Portage County, Ohio, October 21, 1850. Son of Andrew Jackson and Martha (Wilmot) Squire. Married to Ella Mott, in Auburn, Geauga County, Ohio (whose father was a shoe merchant of Hiram, Ohio). His first wife died in the early 90's, and in 1896 he married Eleanor Seymour (whose father was



ciation; Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, Ohio State Board of Commerce; Sons of American Revolution; 33rd Degree Mason; Director of the Union Trust Company; Union Carbon & Carbide Corporation; McKinney Steel Company; Cleveland Stone Company; Case Library; President of Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad; Trustee Garfield Memorial Association; Hiram College and Western Reserve University. Delegate to Republican Convention in St. Louis, Missouri, which nominated President McKinley, 1896. Republican.

#### **ADCNIRAM JUDSON STACKHOUSE.**

Residence and office, Fostoria. Born in Columbia County, Pennsylvania, September 23, 1850. Son of Silas Jackson and Sarah (Lockhart) Stackhouse. Married to Iona Jones, October 25, 1894; three children: Howard Leigh, Judson and Martha B. Educated in the country schools; attended Heidelberg Academy; Normal School, Fostoria; graduate of University of Wooster, 1881; read law with N. L. Brewer, Tiffin. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, November 6, 1883, and later to the United States District Court. Republican.

#### **HOMER I. N. STAFFORD.**

Residence and office, New Philadelphia. Born in West Newton, Pennsylvania, March 30, 1883. Son of D. N. and Mary Z. (Knowles) Stafford. Married to Maude M. Evans, March 9, 1905. Graduate of High School, Peoria, Illinois; Pennington Seminary (New Jersey), 1901; attended Princeton University, 1902-04; University of Pennsylvania Law School, 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 18, 1907; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, June 3, 1914. Member of the law firm of Graham & Stafford, in New Philadelphia, 1907 to 1915. Member Masonic Order, Elks; The Union Country Club; Bronx Club; Tuscarawas County Bar Association. Served on Board of Review in New Philadelphia seven years; appointed by Governor of Ohio as County District Assessor, 1914; Chairman of both Republican Executive and Central Committees in 1912. Republican.

#### **CHARLES HENRY STAHL.**

Residence, 154 S. Union Street; office 422 Central Savings and Trust Building, Akron. Born in Paint Township, Holmes County, Ohio, May 18, 1873. Son of Charles and Louise (Dodez) Stahl. Married to Cora Belle Snyder, of Akron, September 26, 1906; two children: Charles, Jr. (deceased), and Margaret. Attended the public schools of Winesburg, Ohio; graduate of Ohio Northern University in 1898; received A. B. and A. M. degrees therefrom; graduate of Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, with LL. B. degree, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 12, 1902; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, October 20, 1912. Member of the firm of Stahl & Andree since 1916. Trustee Summit County



children's Home. Member Masonic Order; T.; Lake Erie Consistory; Al Koran Shrine; usef Khan Grotto; University Club; Akron ty Club; Silver Lake Country Club; Delta hi fraternity; Chamber of Commerce; Amer- man and Ohio State Bar Associations; Secre- ry Summit County Bar Association. Demo- atic nominee for Judge Court of Appeals, ghth District of Ohio, in 1918. Democrat.

**JOHN B. STAHL.**



Residence, 212 Clover Street; office, 205½ ont Street, Fremont. Born in Ballville

Townsh.p, Sandusky County, Ohio, May 7, 1869. Son of Phillip and Mary B. (Worst) Stahl. Married to Florence B. Fisher, Sep- tember 30, 1900; two children: Henry G. and Thomas B. Attended country school; Ohio Normal School, Ada, Ohio; read law with Meek & Dudrow, Fremont. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 5, 1893; later, United States District Court. Engaged in the indi- vidual practice of law in Fremont. During the World War active in all drives. Exalted Ruler of Fremont Lodge No. 169, B. P. O. E., 18 years ago; now serving second time in that capacity; District Deputy Ohio Northwest B. P. O. E. under Joseph T. Fanning, Grand Exalted Ruler, and member Committee on Ap- peals and Grievances under Wm. J. O'Brien, Grand Exalted Ruler. President Sandusky County Bar Association, 1918 to 1922. Mem- ber Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; Ohio State Bar Association; Chairman Board of Trustees of Sandusky County Law Library. Chairman Republican Committee for 16 years.

### SCOTT STAHL.

Residence, 4221 Overland Parkway; office, 929 Ohio Bank Building, Toledo. Born in Marion County, Ohio, December 3, 1866. Son of Benjamin F. and Elizabeth (Finefrock) Stahl. Married to Grace T. Dana, September 8, 1892; two children: Mrs. F. A. Carstensen, Tom. Attended the Marion public and high schools; studied law in the office of his uncle, T. P. Finefrock. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 3, 1891; subsequently to the United States District Court and United States Cir- cuit Court of Appeals. Practiced law in Port Clinton, Ohio, until September, 1911, when he was appointed Judge Common Pleas Court of Huron, Erie, Sandusky and Ottawa Coun- ties. Elected in 1912 and served until February 15, 1914, when he formed partnership with A. L. Duff. In January, 1915, formed partnership with Charles H. Graves in Toledo under the firm name of Graves & Stahl, which continues to date. January, 1915, organized the firm of Graves, Stahl & Duff to look after the busi- ness in Port Clinton. Moved to take residence in Toledo in 1917. Solicitor of Port Clinton many years; member Board of Trustees of Public Affairs, Port Clinton, for many years; Prosecuting Attorney of Ottawa County four years; Alternate Democratic Delegate to Na- tional Convention, Baltimore, 1912. Member K. of P.; B. P. O. E.; I. O. O. F.; Lucas County Bar Association. Democrat.

### ARMSTRONG A. STAMBAUGH.

Residence, 2831 Hampshire Road; office, 419 East Ohio Gas Building, Cleveland. Born in Blain, Perry County, Pennsylvania, June 1, 1885. Son of John and Margaret (Johnstone) Stambaugh. Married to Beatrice Snyder, April 13, 1918. Primary education received in rural schools; graduate of Ohio Northern Univer- sity, 1910; Harvard Law School, 1913. Admit- ted to the bar of Ohio, 1913; United States

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ive as team worker and Captain on War est, Red Cross, Bond and other drives. member Zeta Psi fraternity; F. & A. M.; B. P. E.; Foresters; Ashtabula Country Club;



ke Shore Club; The Ashtabula Coun- Association; Lawyers' Club, Ashta- first Church of Christ Scientist, Ash- Republican.

#### CHARLES J. STARKEY.



564 Lake Street; office, 164½ Ashtabula, Ohio. Born in Ash- August 5, 1862. Son of William

W. and Helen (Davidson) Starkey. Married to Eloise P. Platt, of Elmira, New York, September 21, 1883 (deceased, 1897); two children: Charles James, Jr., and Laura Edna, wife of Clarence V. E. Martin, of Ashtabula. Educated in the public and city schools of Ashtabula Harbor, Ohio; attended Grand River Institute in Austinburg, Ohio. Studied law privately in Ashtabula. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 27, 1913. Engaged in the general practice in Ashtabula, Ohio. Member Masonic Order; Knights Templar; Ashtabula County Bar Association. Ashtabula Lawyers' Club; Chamber of Commerce. Police Judge of Ashtabula, Ohio, for eight years. Justice of Peace for Ashtabula Township several terms. Republican.

#### H. E. STARKEY.

Residence and office, Jefferson. Born in Huntsburg, Ohio, June 20, 1863. Son of Charles A. and Lavina (Clemence) Starkey. Married to Margaret B. Cowles, of Jefferson, Ohio, May, 1888. Graduate of Grand River Institute, Austinburg, Ohio, with degree of



B. S., 1887; graduate of University of Michigan Law School, with degree of LL. B., 1890. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1890; later to the United States District Court. Entire practice in Jefferson, Ohio. In partnership with Paul Howland, until 1896; Prosecuting Attorney the next six years; since then in the individual practice. Member of I. O. O. F. Republican.

#### GEORGE A. STARN.

Residence and office, Wooster. Born in Wayne County, Ohio, February 20, 1874. Son of William W. and Angeline (Plynesser) Starn. Married November 15, 1899, to Alice Steiner; five children: Donald, Ellert, Pauline,

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; Cleveland Chess Club;  
of New York; Captain  
11-12.

### STEINER.

Marshall; office, 314-17  
ing, Youngstown. Born  
February 9, 1877. Son of  
(Gross) Steiner. Attended  
schools of Youngstown;  
ool, New York City, two  
the bar of Ohio, December  
ie United States District  
the practice of law in



ember B. P. O. E.; K. of P.;  
. E.; Progress Club; Mahon-  
ssociation. Republican nomi-  
of Municipal Court, Youngs-  
ublican.

### EDWARD S. STEINER

7 West Market Street; office,  
s, Lima. Born in Allen Coun-  
11, 1878. Son of C. P. and  
Steiner. Married March 17,  
Shantz; two children: Virgil  
Attended common schools of  
Ohio; Lima College; received  
rom Ohio Northern University  
tted to the bar of Montana,  
9; later to United States Dis-  
racted law in Big Timber,  
1918, when he moved to Lima;  
s & Steiner since 1920. Prose-  
s, Sweet Grass County, Montana.  
ember K. of P.; Allen County  
on; Congregational Church.

### EDWARD RAY STERLING.

Residence, N. Cleveland Avenue Extension;  
office, 1015 Renkert Building, Canton. Born  
in Canal Fulton, Ohio, November 25, 1885.  
Son of James and Catherine A. (Taggart)  
Sterling. Married to Ethel E. Crist, Novem-  
ber 20, 1917; one son, Vincent Edward Ray.  
Attended Canton High School, 1905-06; LL. B.  
degree from Georgetown University Law  
School 1913; LL. M. degree from National  
University Law School, 1914. Admitted to  
the bar of Ohio, July 30, 1914; District of  
Columbia, September 29, 1914. Associated  
with Milton J. Braucher in the general prac-  
tice in Canton since September 1, 1914. Past  
Grand Master of Stark Lodge No. 513, I. O.  
O. F.; member Y. M. C. A.; Presbyterian  
Church of Canton; Stark County Bar Associa-  
tion. Secretary and Stenographer for United  
States Senator Atlee Pomerene in Washington,  
D. C., several years. Secretary to Secretary of  
United States Senate; Assistant Librarian  
United States Senate; Clerk to Franklin K.  
Lane when Commissioner of the Interstate  
Commerce Commission; Secretary Canton  
Democratic Campaign Committee when Mayor  
Poorman was elected in 1917. Democrat.

### JOSEPH L. STERN.

Residence, 10831 Drexel Avenue; office, 1131  
Leader-News Building, Cleveland. Born in



Toledo, Ohio, September 24, 1882. Son of  
Adolph and Rose (Friedlander) Stern. Mar-  
ried to Fannie Brown, of Cleveland, February  
28, 1907; three children: Robert Wm., Ruth  
Dorothy and Arthur Joseph. Primary educa-  
tion received in Cleveland schools. Graduate  
of West High School, Cleveland, in 1900.  
Studied law in the office of L. F. McGrath from

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bus Railway Co. Dur-  
City Chairman Liberty  
Elyria. Member Beta  
lyria Country Club; Al  
gree Mason; Maccabee;  
ld; B. P. O. E.; Ohio  
ounty Bar Associations.



nty Executive Committee,  
Board of Elections, 1900-  
Elyria four years; Prose-  
ain County seven years,  
to January, 1913; Presi-  
ation of Elyria from 1916

Dickinson School of Law, Carlisle, Pennsyl-  
vania, 1899. Admitted to the bar of Pennsyl-  
vania, 1899; to the bar of Ohio, 1907; later to  
the United States District and Circuit Courts.  
Engaged in the individual law practice in  
Cleveland. Private Company G, 8th Pennsyl-  
vania Volunteers in Spanish-American War.



Member Masonic Order. Active in local poli-  
tics in Berk County, Pennsylvania, for five  
years; member Democratic National Board of  
Speakers.

# **PERRY H. STEVENS.**

## **E. STEVENS.**

East 96th Street; office,  
ank Building, Cleveland.  
'ennsylvania, September 12,  
, and Harriet E. (Brooks)  
to Fanny Swingler, June  
Ohio public schools; grad-  
college, with A. B. degree.  
Ohio Bar, June, 1896. As-  
itor, Cleveland, 1906-13.  
as Court, January, 1913-20.

## **IT STEVENS.**

ast 84th Street; office, 709  
Cleveland. Born in Read-  
December 19, 1877. Son of  
ate M. (Zeller) Stevens.  
4, 1901, at Mechanicsburg,  
arah S. Stayman, of Car-  
. Attended the public  
z, Pennsylvania, including  
lips Andover School, An-  
tis, 1896; Yale University  
eived LL. B. degree from





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ary service from 1861 to 1865; McClellan at Antietam; Pope at Run; Grant at Vicksburg and Sherman at Atlanta, and the Sea, and marched in the Grand Washington, 1865. His maternal father, David Peter, located in in 1797 and was the pioneer merchant Ohio; his account books still w he traded chiefly with the surrounding country; he came as e of the Moravian Society which Christianize the Delaware Indians was Valley. Married to Emma ghter of Joseph Parks, a pioneer (hoga County), October 6, 1900; (four sons and one daughter). e common and high schools of attended Oberlin College, 1890- A. B. degree therefrom; Law stern Reserve University, 1896- ich he received LL. B. degree. he bar of Ohio, June, 1898; District and Circuit courts, 1900. e law firm composed of the late arpenster and C. C. Young in firm name of Carpenter, Young ch continued until Mr. Carpen- nt as Judge of the Court of J. A. Fenner then joined the ame Young, Stocker & Fenner. probate law and practice, con- corporation law. Volunteered d in all civilian activities in the draft in the recent World nspector of Draft Board No. 8 ct. Member First Unitarian nd Chamber of Commerce; As- Cleveland Real Estate Board; nd Automobile Club; Lincoln ociation; National Security ember The Cleveland Museum r Alumni Association of Ober- licitor of Collinwood, Ohio, nber Board of Education of ars; President of same, 1916-

### SON STOCKWELL, JR.

800 South Woodland Road, office, 912 Society for Savings nd. Born in Cleveland, Ohio. Son of John N. and Sarah vell. Married to Cornelia A. daughter of Hon. Rufus P. veland, January 2, 1902. At- schools of Cleveland; gradu- College; received degree of School of Cornell University, . 1897. Admitted to the bar n partnership with Otho C. firm name of Snider & Stock- ngaged in private practice unit City Solicitor, 1912-1913; under former Mayor Newton 115; since 1916 a member of errick, Hopkins, Stockwell & r Delta Kappa Epsilon (col-

lege fraternity); Country Club; Mayfield Country Club; Hermit Club. Member Cleve- land Board of Education, 1902-1905; Ohio



House of Representatives, 1906-1908; Sinking Fund Commission, 1909-1910; Ohio Senate, 1911-1912. Democrat.

### DAVID B. STONE.



Residence, 10409 South Boulevard; office, 429 Society for Savings Building Cleveland. Born in Jekelfalu, Hungary, November 23, 1873. Son of Morris and Sarah (Freiman) Bergstein. March 1, 1907, name changed to David B.

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range, Ohio, October 10, 1869. Son of  
nd Mary Jane (Rawson) Stroup. Mar-  
ay 10, 1893, to Winifred Martha Finch,  
lina, Ohio; one child, Thad. F. Attended  
and high schools of Lagrange, Ohio;  
t-Wallace University, Berea, Ohio.  
w in office of Judge A. R. Webber, of  
Admitted to the bar of Ohio, Decem-  
2; later, United States District Court,  
n District of Ohio. Member of the  
Webber and Stroup, 1892-93; Stroup,  
& Rice, 1914, until July 1, 1919; now  
of the firm of Stroup & Rice. Elected  
ictor of Elyria, 1893 to 1899. Prosecu-  
torney, 1900 to 1907. Elected in 1910  
mmon Pleas Court of 2nd Subdivision,  
icial District, comprising Lorain,  
and Summit Counties, and resigned  
to resume the general practice of  
ector and Counsel for Savings De-  
l Trust Co. of Elyria. Member  
Order: Al Koran, Shrine, Clevel-  
io State and Lorain County Bar  
ms.

## RD WHITTLESEY STUART.



24 S. Fir Street; office, 402  
s and Trust Building, Akron.  
Preston, Connecticut, May 9,  
ilvanus and Caroline M. (Whit-  
Married to Harriet E.  
11, 1864; one son, Frederick  
ted in district schools, Milan,  
Huron Institute, Milan, 1852-  
School, Hudson, Ohio, 1857-  
stern Reserve College, 1858;  
rom (Salutatorian), with A.  
received A. M. degree from  
1865. Admitted to the bar  
mber, 1866; United States  
rict Courts, 1872. In part-

FRED H. STUART.



Residence, 57 Adolph Avenue; office, 402 Central Savings and Trust Co., Akron. Born in Collamer, Ohio, April 30, 1865. Son of Judge Edward W. and Harriet E. (Whedon) Stuart. Married to Cora D. Grant, of Akron, Ohio, August 26, 1895. Graduate of Akron High School in 1882; Buchtel College, with A. B. degree, in 1887. Admitted to the bar Oct.

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lected, 1893; State Senator from the 23rd District, elected 1886 and re-elected 1888; elected in the Ohio Senate, United States Senators J. B. Foraker and M. A. Hanna; appointed United States District Attorney for the District of Ohio by President McKinley in 1900 and reappointed by President Taft in 1904; served till 1909; during insolvency prosecuted to conviction in March, 1909; Cassie Chadwick; Past President Ohio Republican League; delegate National Repub-



vention, Chicago, 1912; Delegate-at-Large from Ohio to Progressive National Convention, 1912; Delegate-at-Large from Ohio to National Republican Convention, 1916; Tippecanoe Club, 1919-20; President Bar Association, 1920-21, Delegate Bar Association to American Bar Association, St. Louis, 1920; continuous practitioner in Warren, Ohio, and Cleveland, Ohio, located since October 6, 1885.

#### EDWARD H. SUTPHEN.

122 Jefferson Avenue; office, Defiance, Ohio. Born in Defiance, Ohio, August 26, 1875. Son of Silas T. and Mary S. Sutphen. Married to Marjorie Sweeney, December 22, 1908. Graduate of De-Sciott School, 1892; Ann Arbor, Michigan, 1893; received A. B. degree from University of Michigan, 1897; LL. B. from that institution, 1900. Admitted to the Bar of Ohio, 1900; United States District Courts, 1905. Member of the Sweeney & Sutphen, 1900 to 1909. Member of Instruction for Defiance Prison on War Aims to unit of Defiance during the World War. Chairman of the Defiance College; member of Delta Chi Fraternity; Masonic

Order; Vice President Defiance County Bar Association. Prosecuting Attorney Defiance County, two terms; member Board Sinking Fund Trustees for Defiance. Democrat.

#### ARTHUR A. SWARTZ.

Residence, 3150 Detroit Avenue; office, Suite 1533 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born on farm in Wood County, Ohio, July 20, 1881. Son of Andrew and Lena (Graves) Swartz. Married August 7, 1908, to Emily E. Dent, who died March 28, 1919. Two children: Arthur Barton and Helen Gwendolyn. Attended the Country Schools of Ohio; Ohio Northern University; received LL. B. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1908. Admitted to the bars of Michigan and Ohio in 1908; later to United States District Court. Associated in the practice of law with C. A. Seiders and O. B. Snider. For several years Secretary and Instructor in Law Department of Toledo University. Deputy Commissioner, Boy Scouts, District No. 1, of Toledo. Member Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; Chamber of Commerce; Toledo Automobile Club; Epworth Methodist Episcopal Church; Lucas County Bar Association; Historical Society of Northwestern Ohio. Republican.

#### MARTIN L. SWEENEY.

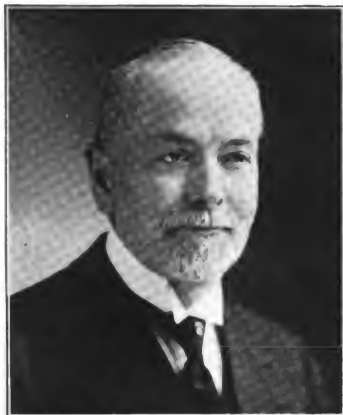


Residence, 8999 Ann Court; office, 506 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, April 15, 1885. Son of Dominic and Anna (Cleary) Sweeney. Attended Parochial and Private Schools, Cleveland; received LL. B. degree from Baldwin-Wallace College, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 16, 1914; later United States District Court Northern District of Ohio. Associated with John G. Murphy for

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William W. and Marc-  
 educated in the Public  
 received A. B. degree  
 rality 1874; A. M. de-  
 gitation, 1877; attended  
 an Law School, 1876,  
 of Ohio, July 4, 1876;  
 , Northern District of  
 ed in Wayne County  
 ties. In partnership  
 Ross, under the firm  
 Ross, from 1914 to Jan-  
 . Weygandt joined the  
 Taggart, Weygandt &  
 ued until February 17,  
 d Vice-President The  
 onal Bank of Wooster,  
 and American Bar As-  
 er City Council of  
 Board of Education of  
 urt of Common Pleas,  
 me time. Judge Circuit  
 , 1905-11; Chief Justice  
 io, 1911; Member Con-  
 on, 1912; Superintendent  
 of Ohio, from February,

June, 1880; Ohio, December, 1880; United  
 States Circuit Court, at Cleveland, September  
 5, 1883; United States Circuit Court of Ap-  
 peals, at Chicago, June, 1919. Commenced the  
 practice of law in Jefferson, 1881, in partner-  
 ship with older brother, the late John C.  
 Talcott, under the firm name of Talcott  
 Brothers, which partnership continued until  
 1890. Moved to Cleveland, October, 1890,  
 where he entered the service of the New York,



#### L TAGGART.

Clifton Boulevard, Lake-  
 Williamson Building, Clevel-  
 1886, at Monroe County,  
 ber 12, 1909, to Winifred  
 led the public schools of  
 Northern University; in  
 degree. Admitted to the  
 23, 1908; later to United  
 t. Member of the firm of  
 1908-14; Dean of College  
 rthern University, 1914-17,  
 ron one year. Associated  
 White, Johnson, Cannon &  
 4. Member Presbyterian  
 order; Sigma Phi Epsilon;  
 Republican.

#### EWIS TALCOTT.

East 116th Street; office,  
 Cleveland. Born in Jeffer-  
 son, Ohio, February 8,  
 1. Henry and Cordelia J.  
 tt. Married August 4,  
 Ohio, to Elizabeth J. Bailey,  
 m and Mary A. Bailey, of  
 children: Cora Mabel (Tal-  
 m Albert, and Winifred  
 rinary, Grammar and High  
 1 Jefferson, Ohio; graduate  
 al Business College, Pough-  
 k, with degree of Master  
 in 1877 received degree of  
 nt Union College, Alliance,  
 keeping and Writing in  
 Business College, 1877-78;  
 e University Law School  
 ted Law Course, ranking  
 1 received degree of LL. B.  
 1 to the bar of Connecticut,

Lake Erie and Western Railroad Company  
 (now the Erie Railroad Company), as as-  
 sistant land, tax and claim agent, which duties  
 he filled for about 18½ years, resigning in  
 1909 to resume the private practice of law,  
 and is engaged therein at the present time.  
 Member Independent Order of Good Templars  
 for 45 years; Delta Tau Delta Fraternity;  
 since 1891 member First Baptist Church of  
 Cleveland; President Cleveland Baptist City  
 Mission Society for two years, and Secretary  
 seven years; Secretary Baptist Home of  
 Northern Ohio for Old People since it was  
 organized in 1907. Candidate for Judge of  
 the Supreme Court of Ohio four different  
 times. For many years a recognized leader  
 in the Prohibition Party of the State and Na-  
 tion; Delegate to the Prohibition National  
 Convention in 1892, 1908 and 1916.

#### CHARLES FARRAND TAPLIN.

Residence, 2283 Chatfield Drive, Cleveland  
 Heights; office, 1429 Williamson Building,  
 Cleveland. Born December 13, 1879, in Clevel-  
 and. Son of Charles G. and Frances (Smith)  
 Taplin. Married September 8, 1908, to Elsie  
 Holliday. Educated in Cleveland Schools;  
 graduate of Central High School in 1897;  
 Adelbert College of W. R. U. in 1901; Har-  
 vard Law School in 1904. Admitted to Ohio  
 Bar in December, 1904.



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Chairman Red Cross Ohio. Member Shelby on; member Executive County War Chest; Committee of Shelby County Bonds; Four-Minute Permanent Legal Ad-Draft Board. Member Church; Shelby County, Ohio State and Lucas ions; Lawyers Club;



e; Columbus Athletic Bar Examining Board ate Board of Pardons its abolishment. Re-

#### **PLETON.**

oning Avenue; office, m. Born in Trumbull 24, 1879. Son of W. er) Templeton. Mar-October 4, 1909. Edu-l of Champion Town-school; Yale University. School in 1910. Ad-io, 1905; United States 1913. Member of the mpleton, 1906 to 1909, r; 32 degree, Knights State and Trumbull . Democrat.

#### **TERRELL.**

etroit Avenue; office, l. Born in Cleveland, Son of Franklin and -ell. Married to Edna 30, 1906. Attended leveland; graduate of

St. Mary's College, Dayton, from which he received degree of B. S., 1900; Cleveland Law School with degree of LL. B. in 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1903. Elected Justice of Peace for Cleveland, 1907; elected State Representative, 1912; re-elected in 1914; elected State Senator, 1916; appointed Judge of Municipal Court, February, 1919; elected Judge of Municipal Court, 1919. Member City Club, Civic Club, Sons of American Revolution, K. of C., C. K. of O., C. O. O. F., A. O. H.

#### **JOHN JACOB TETLOW.**

Residence, 1345 Brockley Avenue, Lakewood; office, 1028-30 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Washingtonville, Ohio, June 3, 1884. Son of Jubal and Elizabeth (Morley) Tetlow. Married November 24, 1914, to Rosamond C. Hartney. Attended District School, Washingtonville, Ohio; High School, Ada, Ohio; received B. S. degree from Mt. Union College, Alliance, Ohio; graduate of Ohio Northern



University, Ada, Ohio, with LL. B. degree in 1910; graduate of University of Michigan with LL. B. degree, February, 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1910; later to United States District Court Northern District of Ohio. Engaged in the practice of law alone in Cleveland. Member Masonic bodies; K. T. Scottish Rite; 32nd degree; Cleveland and Mahoning County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### **CHARLES ALFRED THATCHER.**

Residence, Hillside, River Road; office, 1233 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in North Fairfield, Ohio, October 29, 1872. Son of William P. and Harriet N. (Goodale) Thatcher. Married to Augusta R. Green, November 25,

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July 24, 1888. Son of (Mrs) Thomas. Married October 17, 1914. Attended 1894-1902; Akron High School; 1903-05; Cleveland College, 1906-08, received degree to the bar of Ohio, graduated in the general law in 1910. Member City Masonic Club; Fairmount; Chamber of Commerce Temple, Cleveland; Association.

### THOMAS.

100 Balch Street; office, 100 Balch Street, Akron. Born October 14, 1888. Son of (Mrs) Thomas. Graduated from High School in 1905; from Western Reserve in 1910. B. degree from West-

from which he received degree LL. B., 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1911; United States District Court, United States Patent Office, September, 1913. Member of the following law firms: Thomas & Wolfgram, 1911-1912; Thomas, Wolfgram & Hyde, 1912-1913; Thomas & Hyde, 1913; Thomas & Krejci, 1913-1918; now practices privately. Chancellor of Delta Theta Phi Law Fraternity;



Member Chamber of Commerce; The Tribe, Masonic Order; B. P. O. E.; K. of P.; Gyro Club of Cleveland. President of The John Hay Club and Young Lawyers Republican Club, 1916-1917. Republican.

### HAYES THOMPSON.

Residence and office, Marion. Born in Salt Rock Township, Marion County, Ohio, May 31, 1876. Son of Thomas A. and Isabel (Sharp) Thompson. Married October 8, 1912, to Edna W. Schaffner. Two children: Mary Isabel and Jean. Attended the Public and High Schools of Marion; graduate of Ohio Northern University Law Department in 1901. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1901; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Copeland & Thompson since January 1, 1915. Member Masonic Bodies: Knights Templar; Marion County Bar Association; First Presbyterian Church. Republican.

### J. PAUL THOMPSON.

Residence, 14520 Terrace Road, East Cleveland; office, 1208-10 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born at Cadiz, Ohio, January 13, 1880. Son of Harvey L. and Maria (Shambaugh) Thompson. Married Georgella Ikert, of E. Liverpool, Ohio, June 17, 1914. Graduated from High School, 1896; entered Ohio Wesleyan University, 1900, graduating with degree



Law School in 1912. Ohio, June 25, 1912. practice of law. During as 2nd Lieutenant, A. E. F. Member B. Delta and Delta Theta Republican.

### THOMAS.

land Avenue, Lake-er Savings Building, vland, Ohio, March H. and Angeline V. died to Ella V. Ashby, 21, 1913. Attended ol, Cleveland, 1902; 1906; University of vland Law School,

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rain County, 1916; and being first Lorain citizen Bench. Republican.

# ENCE THOMSEN.

untington Road, Shaker Williamson Building, Denmark, October 16, was Nielsen and Maren en. Married to Mary leveland, June 29, 1910. Schools of Cleveland; from Oberlin College, gree from Western Re-School, 1902. Admitted ane, 1902; United States



Member of the firm of aston until 1914; then of Henry, Fauver, Mc- l May 1, 1918, when he the firm of Snyder, d & Seagrave, which : time. Member Cham- iversity and City Clubs : Board of Education, the Board, 1918-19.

# THRAVES.

kland Avenue; office, Front Street, Fremont. io, February 15, 1863. ry (Crowell) Thraves. in Fremont, September n: George Eaton and ed English, Latin and Fremont High School. Finefrock & Dudrow, l to the bar of Ohio, in the law practice in

Fremont continuously since date of admission. Director and Counsel for the Sanitary Burial Vault Co., Stull-Boylson Co. During the World War participated in Selective Service work and was Four-Minute Speaker. Member I. O. O. F.; B. P. O. E.; K. of P.; B. F. U. A. I. U.; I. O. F.; K. O. T. M.; American



Association of Title Men, 1st Vice President in 1908; Ohio Abstractors Association, The First President of that Association; and is now consulting attorney of both associations; Member of American, Ohio State and Sandusky County Bar Associations; Fremont M. E. Church. Author of "Origin of Land Titles." Served on Democratic State Executive and Central Committees; also District and County Executive and Central Committees; spoke under National, State and County Committees in nine national campaigns. Minority Member of The State Library of the State of Ohio for some time. One of the organizers and directors of the Sandusky County Library Association. Democrat.

# ARCHIBALD H. THROCKMORTON.

Residence, 2600 Wellington Road; office, Western Reserve University Law School, Cleveland. Born in Loudoun County, Virginia, March 28, 1876. Son of Mason and Annie (Humphrey) Throckmorton. Married to Julia Elizabeth Painter, June 29, 1899. Attended primary and secondary schools of Loudoun County, Virginia; received degree of A. B. from Roanoke College, Salem, Virginia, 1896; Princeton University degree of A. M., 1897; received LL. B. degree from Washington & Lee University, 1900. Admitted to the bar of Virginia, 1900; Kentucky, 1905; Indiana, 1912; Ohio, 1917. Practiced law in Leesburg, Virginia, 1900-1902. Dean of Central University of Kentucky Law School,

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unswick, Ohio, public  
aduate of Oberlin Busi-  
ad law in the office of  
in. Admitted to the bar  
8, 1892; United States  
Courts, March 13, 1906.  
irm of Metcalf & Til-  
n Oberlin and Elyria,  
1, 1893, to January 1,  
individual practice in  
orney for The Amer-  
y of New York; Wil-  
cy; Bradstreets; R. G.  
e Oberlin Bank Co.  
l duty under Depart-  
t The American Ship  
Lorain, Ohio, during  
niner Bureau of War  
rtment. Member F.  
of P.; Lorain County  
ducational Committee;  
sociation. Republican.

#### DER TITUS

65th Stret; office, 637  
Building, Cleveland.  
and, January 30, 1884.  
nd L. (Pawlicki) Titus.  
location in the Public



many; graduate of the  
Friedrich Werder Col-  
April, 1894; attended  
Berlin, 1900-02. Moved  
September, 1910. At-  
school from September,  
uate of John Marshall  
Northern University.  
LL. B. degree, June,  
bar of Ohio, June, 1918.

Was Editor-in-chief of "The Mediator," a  
magazine on Industrial Efficiency, from June,  
1912, to July, 1918, in Cleveland. Engaged in  
the general practice of law in Cleveland.  
Member Cleveland Bar Association, City Club.  
Republican.

#### SHELDON HITCHCOCK TOLLES.

Residence, 1942 East 75th Street; office,  
Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in  
Burton, Geauga County, Ohio, October 6, 1858.  
Son of Henry S. and Cynthia Hitchcock  
(Burton) Tolles. Married to Jessie King,  
Painesville, Ohio, 1887. Graduate of Western  
Reserve College with A. B. degree in 1878.



Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1880; later to  
United States Supreme and District Courts.  
A member of the firm of Ingersoll & Tolles;  
later of Henderson, Kline & Tolles; later of  
Kline, Carr, Tolles & Goff; later of Kline,  
Tolles & Goff; later of Kline & Tolles; Kline,  
Tolles & Morley; now a member of the firm  
Tolles, Hogsett, Ginn and Morley. Member of  
Cleveland Bar Association; Union Club; May-  
field Country Club. Republican.

#### W. K. TOMPKINS.

Residence, 8304 Brookline Avenue; office,  
1525 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in  
Clyde, Ohio, August 28, 1878. Son of Philetus  
F. and Mary (Dinning) Tompkins. Married  
to Effa G. Wilsen, 1908. Four children: Louise  
Marybel, Francis W., and Harriet. Attended  
the public and high schools in Castalia, Ohio;  
Preparatory and Pukiomen schools in Penns-  
burg, Pennsylvania; graduate of Princeton  
College with degree of A. B., 1903; attended  
Western Reserve Law School one year; Cleve-  
land Law School two years, graduating with



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**THOMAS H. TRACY.**

lence, Toledo, Ohio; office, Ohio Build-  
 ings. Born in Bowling Green, Ohio,  
 1859. Son of Joseph R. and Hannah  
 (Dick) Tracy. Married January 1, 1885,  
 a E. Pratt; six children: Pratt E.,  
 A., Thomas H., Jr., Ethel, Laura, wife  
 of B. Briggs, of Toledo, and Ruth A.  
 of the public and High Schools of Wood  
 Ohio; graduate of Normal College,  
 1, Ohio, in 1881; read law in the office  
 & Gorrill, of Toledo. Admitted to the  
 bar, June, 1883; later to all the United  
 States. Commenced the practice of  
 law in Toledo in 1883. Taken into the firm  
 & Gorrill, where he continued until  
 the firm of King & Tracy was  
 which continued until 1913 and was  
 by the firm of Tracy, Chapman &  
 which firm he is the senior mem-



1 Counsel Ohio Savings Bank  
 Toledo Railways & Light  
 Indiana Railway Co.;  
 of Toledo Bridge & Crane  
 World War active in civilian  
 member Toledo Club; The  
 Access Club of New York  
 Ohio State and Lucas County  
 St. Paul's Methodist Epis-  
 copal School Board of  
 over of years. Republican.

**MAGLEY TRAVIS.**

indale Avenue; office, 116  
 East Liverpool. Born in  
 February 12, 1869. Son of  
 (Tiet) E. (Yeagley) Travis.  
 93, to Bertha D. Akin.  
 Attended East Liverpool  
 and LL. B. degree from  
 Ohio in 1890. Admitted to

the bar of Ohio, May, 1890. Engaged in the  
 practice of law in East Liverpool; President  
 The Union Savings & Loan Co. of East Liver-  
 pool. Member B. P. O. E.; I. O. O. F.; Colum-  
 biana County and Southern Columbiana County  
 Bar Associations.

**PHILIP BURDELL TREASH.**

Residence, 76 Hawthorne Avenue; office,  
 Court House, Akron. Born in Uniontown,  
 Stark County, Ohio, August 10, 1875. Son of  
 Frank G. and Amanda (Thompson) Treash.  
 Married to Ida M. Roberts, September 5,  
 1904; three children: Harriet E., Robert P. and  
 Marian L. Attended public schools of Akron;  
 graduate of Akron High School, 1895; received  
 Ph. B. degree from Oberlin College, 1903;  
 LL. B. degree from Ohio State University



Law School, 1903. Admitted to the bar of  
 Ohio, 1903. Associated with Hon. W. E.  
 Young and Judge R. M. Wanamaker under the  
 firm name of Young and Wanamaker, Akron,  
 1903-06; alone until 1909; associated with A. H.  
 Commins and Judge C. C. Benner, 1909-18. In  
 November, 1918, elected Judge Common Pleas  
 Court Summit County, Ohio, for a full term of  
 six years. Trustee Travelers Aid Society,  
 Florence Crittenden League, West Congrega-  
 tional Church. Member Akron City Club;  
 Akron University Club; Ohio State and Amer-  
 ican Bar Associations. Republican.

**GEORGE A. TRUE.**

Residence and office, Port Clinton. Born in  
 Port Clinton, Ohio, December 31, 1865. Son  
 of Oliver and Eunice S. (Sanderson) True.  
 Married to Agnes M. Crawford in Port Clin-  
 ton, December 24, 1896; two children: George  
 Oliver and Alice Margaret. Attended Port  
 Clinton public schools; graduate of high  
 school, 1886; Principal of Port Clinton High

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**THOMAS F. TURNER.**

Residence, 1328 Logan Avenue, N. W.;  
 office, Renkert Building, Canton. Born in  
 England, December 3, 1868. Son of Henry C.  
 and Isabel (Fleming) Turner. Married De-  
 cember, 1893, to Ione McMurray. Gradu-  
 ate of Lodi Academy; studied law in office of  
 Judge George W. Lewis, of Medina, Ohio.  
 Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May, 1888;



Member of United States District Court, Northern  
 District of Ohio; United States Circuit Court  
 Appeals and United States Supreme Court.  
 Member of the firm of Webber & Turner,  
 1893-95; later Thayer, Webber & Turner;  
 Webber & Turner; since 1916, Webber, Turner  
 and Ferbruck. Frank E. Melchoir is also asso-  
 ciated with the firm. Member B. P. O. E.;  
 of P., and Stark County Bar Association.  
 Republican.

**WILLIAM D. TURNER.**

Residence, 2835 Drummond Road, Shaker  
 Heights; office, 1009 Ulmer Building, Clevel-  
 and. Born in Moundsville, West Virginia,  
 September 12, 1874. Son of John M. and Mary  
 (Douglas) Turner. Married July 11, 1900,  
 Ada J. Morris; one child, Virginia. Gradu-  
 ate of Bethany College, West Virginia, with A. B.  
 degree, 1895, and A. M. degree, 1904; LL. B.  
 degree from Harvard Law School, 1907. Ad-  
 mitted to the bar of Ohio, 1907; later United  
 States District Court and United States Su-  
 preme Court. Member of the firm of M. B. &  
 H. Johnson. Member Union Club; Uni-  
 versity Club; Shaker Country Club; Canter-  
 bury Country Club; Chamber of Commerce;  
 and Theta Pi Fraternity; American, Ohio



State and Cleveland Bar Associations. Re-  
 publican.

**HUBERT J. TURNEY.**

Residence, 10601 Drexel Avenue; office, 401-4  
 07 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in  
 Madison, Ohio, October 4, 1879. Son of Carlos  
 A. and Caroline (Winchester) Turney. Mar-  
 ried to Stella Livingstone, of Cleveland, in  
 1910. Attended high school, Madison, Ohio;  
 Geneva Normal School; Adelbert College,  
 Western Reserve University; received degree

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lman. Married in 1902 to Cora Betts; one child, Marian. Attended public schools of Monroe County, Ohio; graduate of Mt. Union College, with B. S. degree, in 1891, and B. A. degree in 1893; studied law in office of C. H. Argent, of Jefferson; Superintendent of Dover (Ohio) schools, 1891 to 1893; Assistant Superintendent of Ashtabula (Ohio) schools, 1893 to 1899. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1895; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of McGiffert & lman, 1899 to 1914. Member Board of Directors of Ashtabula County Building & Savings Co.; National Bank of Ashtabula; Vice President Commercial Savings & Trust Co.; President Chamber of Commerce of Ashtabula in 1920-21. Member Masonic Order, O. O. F., K. of P., B. P. O. E., Ashtabula County Bar Association, Ashtabula Lawyers Club. Republican.

### ALDRICH B. UNDERWOOD.

Residence, 275 Gordon Drive; office, 524 Iron Savings & Loan Building, Akron. Born in Granger, Medina County, Ohio, April 1, 1889. Son of Elmer Brewster and Lola (Ganyard) Underwood. Married to Etie Caroline Lawrence, July 29, 1914. Early education in Centralized Schools of Granger, Ohio; graduate of Granger High School, 1907; Berlin College, with A. B. degree, 1911; Western Reserve University Law School, with B. degree, 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 25, 1914; formed partnership with Walter S. Hutchinson; member of the firm of Underwood & Hutchinson. Member Phi Kappa fraternity; F. & A. M.; Medina Board of Trade; Akron Chamber of Commerce; member Medina County and Summit County Associations. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Medina County, November, 1914; re-elected, 1916; resigned in 1918; Delegate Democratic State Convention and Alternate Democratic National Convention in St. Louis, 1916; City Solicitor Medina, Ohio, 1916-19; City Solicitor Lodi, Ohio, 1917-19. Democrat.

### CHARLES C. UPHAM.

Residence, 1407 N. Cleveland Avenue; office, 10 W. Tuscarawas Street, Canton. Born in Canton, Ohio, August 1, 1854. Son of William and Maria E. (Weeks) Upham. Married Elizabeth Schubach, of Tuscarawas County, Ohio, December 19, 1899; one child, Margaret. Attended public schools of Montpelier, Vermont. Read law in office of George E. Baldwin of Canton. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October 1, 1875; later United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, and United States Court of Appeals; October 8, 1906, United States Supreme Court. Member of the

firm of Upham & Janson since 1920. President American Exchange Bank and Vice President Diebold Safe & Lock Co. Member B. P. O. E.; Jr. O. A. M.; Canton Club; Lakeside Country Club; Congress Lake Country Club;



Brookside Country Club; McKinley Club; Stark County Bar Association. Prosecuting Attorney of Stark County, 1906 to 1909. Republican.

### DONALD C. VAN BUREN.

Residence, 1895 Belmore Road, East Cleveland; office, Fidelity Mortgage Building, Cleveland. Born in Wauseon, Ohio, April 5, 1890. Son of Frank and Nellie (Hollister) Van Buren. Married to Anne Deyo, October 28, 1915; one son, Hiram H. Van Buren. Graduate Wauseon High School; Adelbert College of Western Reserve University, with degree of A. B., 1911; Harvard Law School, 1914, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1913. Member of the firm of Caldwell, Brunner & Van Buren. Commissioned First Lieutenant of United States Army, October, 1918. Discharged October 31, 1919. Member of Masonic Bodies; American Legion; Cleveland Bar Association; Delta Sigma Rho; Delta Tau Delta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities.

### J. F. VANDENBROEK.

Residence and office, Napoleon. Born in Napoleon, Ohio, December 6, 1891. Son of Anthony J. and Mary (Augustine) Vandenberg. Married September 6, 1915, to Ella L. Ritz, of New Hamburg, Ontario, Canada; one child, James J. Attended St. Mary's College,

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not  
available*



ni (legal fraternity); Cleveland Bar Association. Republican.

#### H. E. VARGA.

Residence, 1834 East 79th Street; office, 541 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Austria-Hungary, June 16, 1885. Son of Joseph William and Sophia (Marek) Varga. Attended Grade School and Gymnasium High School in Austria-Hungary, from which he received first honors; University of Budapest, Hungary, 1903 to 1906, and received second honors; University of Illinois in 1907; Northwestern University Law School, 1908 and 1909; received LL. B. degree therefrom in 1909. Admitted to the bar of Illinois in 1910; to the bar of Ohio in 1911; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, in 1911. Associated with C. L. Hotze in 1911 and with the firms of Reed, Russell & Schelberger in 1912, and Price, Alburn & Houst, 1913-1914. In the active practice in Ohio since 1911, specializing in International Law and Conflict of Law; Legal Adviser of the Austro-Hungarian Consulate, 1912 and 1913. Honorary Consul of Peru; Attorney and Agent for Ohio for the Consulate General of Spain (New York City). Speaker for Progressive Party in Ohio, 1912; speaker for Republican Party in Ohio, 1916 and 1920. Member Executive Committee All American League. Vice President of the Hungarian American Federation. Member Executive Committee Cleveland Recreation Council. Member Cleveland Athletic Club; City Club; Tippecanoe Club; Moose Club; Civic League; University of Illinois Alumni Association; Northwestern University Law Alumni Association; American In-

stitute of Criminal Law and Criminology, American Society of International Law; American Academy of Political and Social Sciences,



American, Cleveland and Ohio State Bar Associations. Republican.

#### JAMES PARKER VICKERY.

Residence, 306 W. Main Street; office, Wright Bank Building, Bellevue. Born in Erie County, Ohio, March 24, 1864. Son of John and Jane (Parker) Vickery. Married to May King, April 2, 1890; one child, James Allen. Attended Academy, Green Springs, Ohio; Ohio Northern University; read law in office of Richards & Heffner, Clyde, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1899. Member of the firm of Parkhurst & Vickery, Bellevue, since 1899. City Solicitor of Bellevue for four years. Member Masonic Order; B. P. O. E.; F. O. E.; Foresters, Huron and Sandusky County Bar Associations. Republican.

#### MELVILLE WILLIS VICKERY.

Residence, 1273 Edward Street, Lakewood; office, 709 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Bellevue, Ohio, February 4, 1890. Son of Willis and Anna (Snyder) Vickery. Married to Lois M. Knowles, in Chillicothe, Ohio, May 20, 1918. Attended the public schools of Cleveland; graduate of East High School, 1907; Case School of Applied Science in 1911 with B. S. degree; Cleveland Law School in 1914, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1914; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1915.



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1908-13; Brucker, Voegelé 1913 to 1917, when the firm was in the individual practice. N. G., from 1892 to 1907. Member of Mansfield Lodge No. 56 Chapter No. 28 R. A. M.; and S. O. M.; Commandery Land County O. A. & A. S. A. Scottish Rite; Dayton S., 32 degree; Al Koran M. S., Cleveland; memory Lodge No. 161 I. O. O. association of Ohio State Book Country Club; Kiwanis of Commerce, Mansfield; Sigma Nu; Alumni Chaplombus, Ohio; Richland ciation; Richland County iation; United States Law on; First Presbyterian member G. A. R., Mc- 1, Mansfield; Mayor of 06-08; Member Board of adison Township Soldiers rial Building Association ay, 1922; Deputy Legal ft Board, Richland County, emocrat.

## **D VOLLRATH.**

S. Spring Street; office, Bucyrus. Born in Bucyrus, 58. Son of Charles and



Vollrath. Married June 7, of Bucyrus (deceased). Five children: Jeanne, r, Edward, Jr. Educated

in the common schools of Bucyrus; graduate of Bucyrus High School, 1878; attended Wittenberg College, Springfield, Ohio, 1879-81; received A. M. degree from Princeton University; graduated in 1883. Studied law in office of E. B. Finley, Bucyrus, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1885; later to United States District Court. Engaged in the general law practice in Bucyrus. Member 8th Ohio Infantry, April 30, 1884; Captain, June 30, 1886 to July 5, 1892; Major to August 14, 1899; Lieutenant Colonel to December 23, 1899; Colonel to August 5, 1917; Brigadier-General, United States Army, August 5, 1917 to March 1, 1919. In Field, War with Spain, Santiago Campaign, Major 8th Ohio Infantry; Mexican Border Service, Colonel 8th Ohio Infantry; World War, Brigadier-General United States Army, commanding 82nd Infantry Brigade, 41st Division, A. E. F., in France; awarded French Medal Commandeur de l'Ordre de l'Etoile Noire. Member of American, Ohio State and Crawford County Bar Associations. Judge Circuit Court of the 3rd Circuit of Ohio, 1904-1905. Member K. of P., American Legion, Military Order of Foreign Wars. Republican.

## **CHARLES S. WACHNER.**

Residence, 11511 Mayfield Road; office, 531 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, May 21, 1884. Son of Sigmund and Mary (Wolf) Wachner. Attended Cleveland and Akron Public Schools; received degree of A. B. from Adelbert College, 1905; Western Reserve University Law School, LL. B. degree, 1907. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1907. Engaged in the practice of law in Cleveland. During the war a Private in Field Artillery of United States Army.

## **ORA R. WADE.**

Residence and office, Fostoria. Born in Fostoria, September 29, 1878. Son of James and Mary (Gwinner) Wade. Married to Minnie Miller, June 15, 1911; two children: Pauline and Edward S. Attended the common schools; received degree of LL. B. from Ohio Northern University. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 11, 1903. Member K. of P.; I. O. O. F.; Seneca County Bar Association; Mayor, Fostoria, 1916 to 1920. Democrat.

## **WILLIAM HENRY WAGERS.**

Residence, 2857 Robinwood Avenue; office, 523 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Holmes County, Ohio, October 20, 1865. Son of Elijah W. and Margaret (Stills) Wagers. Married to Wilda Lewis, June 17, 1897. Two children: Alfred L. and Mildred M. Early education received in country school; attended Millersburg, Ohio, high school; graduate of Ohio Northern University with B. S. degree, 1892; graduate of Ohio Teacher's Reading

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Ohio; Berea high school, two years; College, Cleveland, two years; St. Mary's Seminary, De-  
cember 1905; Cleveland Law School  
degree of LL. B. Admitted to  
June 22, 1908; United States  
Northwestern District of Ohio.  
Commenced the practice in

in 1906; United States District Court Northern  
District of Ohio, 1908. Official Court Sten-  
ographer of Summit County, 1906 to January,  
1919. Member of the firm of Benner, Harter  
& Walker, April, 1919, to January, 1921,  
since which time, Benner, Harter, Walker &  
Watters. Member Masonic Order; Shrine,  
Knights Templar; B. P. O. E.; Theta Delta  
Chi Fraternity; Akron City Club; Fairlawn



th Mulholland & Hartmann, 1908-  
Zell & Schaal, 1909-14; with Hon.  
Schreiber from 1914 to present time.  
The Opieha Savings Bank Co.;  
The General Plumbing & Electric  
President The National Oil Purifier  
during the late war President Polish  
Society; Director American Red Cross;  
United States Fuel Commission  
Board; Director War Chest Drives;  
Chairman Fair Price Committee;  
Chairman Home Campaign, etc. Mem-  
ber Commerce Club of Toledo; Sylvania  
Club, Polish Chamber of Commerce,  
National Alliance, Polish Falcons; W.  
Art Museum, Toledo Auto Club, North  
Ohio Historical Society, Toledo Bar  
Association. Director Americanization Board,  
Akron.

**ALBERT MORSE WALKER.**

Residence, 50 Oakdale Avenue; office, 829-32  
National Bank Building, Akron. Born  
in Meriden, Connecticut, October 21, 1877. Son  
of P. J. and Jennie S. (Morse) Walker.  
Married March, 1900, to Esther M. Cowles,  
died April, 1915. Married August, 1916,  
Anna Keinecke, of Akron, Ohio. Attended  
elementary and high schools of Stafford Springs,  
Connecticut; Munson Academy, Munson,  
Massachusetts, in 1895; graduate of Amherst  
College, 1899. Studied law in office of Nathan  
S. Akron. Admitted to the bar of Ohio



Heights Golf Club; Chamber of Commerce;  
Summit County Bar Association. Vice Presi-  
dent The Bedford China Co., Bedford, Ohio.  
Republican.

**CLINTON J. WALL.**



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204. Member Masonic Order; Past Master Marion Lodge; Illustrious Master Marion; Chancellor Knights of Pythias; B. P. O. E., Marion Lodge; Marion County Bar Associ-



of Chamber of Commerce; Marion County Club; Epworth Society; Solicitor of Marion from 1910 to 1912; Prosecuting Attorney from 1912 to 1920. Republican.

#### JOSEPH WARNER.



Residence, 3141 Scottwood Avenue; office, 828 Nicholas Building, Toledo. Born in Lima City, Ohio, November 11, 1891. Son of Levi S. and Mary Ellen (Brownsberger) Warner. Married June 1, 1917, to Dorothy Casad Bennett, of El Paso, Texas; 1 child: Milo Joseph, Jr. Attended the public and high schools of Toledo; received A. B. degree from Ohio State University in 1913; LL. B. degree from law department of same university in 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1916. Commenced the practice of law in Toledo in 1919. Associated with the firm of Doyle & Lewis to date. Member Troop B, Ohio National Guard, Cavalry 1910 to 1917. Commissioned 2nd Lieutenant United States Cavalry, June 3, 1917; commissioned temporary captain commanding Battery B, 76th Field Artillery, 3rd Division, August 23, 1917. Wounded July 28, 1918, at Le Charmel, France. Retired with rank of 1st Lieutenant August, 1919. Member Phi Delta Phi and Pi Kappa Alpha fraternities, Chamber of Commerce, American Legion. Republican.

#### WILLIAM E. WARREN.

Residence and office, Leetonia, Ohio. Born in Middleton Township, Columbiana County, Ohio, March 7, 1865. Son of John B. and Lucy (Underwood) Warren. Married to Elizabeth Fife in Lisbon, Ohio, January 12, 1890; one daughter; Pauline M. Educated in common schools of Columbiana County; Mt. Hope Academy, Rogers, Ohio; Cincinnati, Ohio, Law School. Read law in office of C. S. Speaker, Lisbon, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 5, 1890; United States District and Circuit Courts, October 12, 1898. Engaged in the practice of law in Leetonia. City Solicitor of Leetonia from 1893 to 1914; Postmaster of Leetonia from July 1, 1914 to March 10, 1920. Appointed referee in bankruptcy, Columbiana County, November 1, 1920. Democrat.

#### NATHAN EGBERT WARWICK.

Residence, 1967 East 75th Street, office, 666 Rose Bldg., Cleveland. Born on a farm near Hamilton, Ohio, February 11, 1849. Son of Jeremiah W. (Justice of the Peace and a pioneer farmer in Miami Valley) and Lydia (Smith) Warwick. His grandfather (also named Jeremiah) came to Ohio from Maryland in 1806, and whose father came from England to Maryland in colonial days. Married to Ida McLinn, of Hamilton, Ohio, September 18, 1879; two children: Mrs. Hope Forstbauer and Robert Warwick; in 1894 married Mrs. Emma Evans Collins, of Piermont, N. H.; her son Ralph E. was adopted and his name changed to Warwick. Attended the common schools and later the Seven Mile Academy, conducted by Professor Benjamin Starr, where he prepared himself for admission to the Collegiate Course of the Miami University at Oxford, which he entered in the fall of 1859; took classical course as well as the elective course in higher mathematics and astronomy;

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& Washburn until December, 1918, and Justice, alone, until July, 1919. f Dawley, Washburn & Wilson which continued until January, 1920, member of the firm of Haver. Member B. P. O. E., Republican.

**A. B. WATERWORTH.**

University Club; office, 1519 Wilg, Cleveland. Born in Brook-  
c, April 20, 1885. Son of Dr.  
Mary (Boone) Waterworth.  
technic Preparatory School,  
York; Phillips Academy; grad-  
college, 1908, with A. B. degree;  
ve University Law School, 1911,  
egree. Admitted to the bar of  
1; United States District Court,  
; United States Court of Ap-  
member of the firm of Scott,  
erworth. Served with Troop A  
Border, 1916-17; commissioned  
nt of Infantry in First Officers'  
s, Fort Benjamin Harrison, In-  
15, 1917; promoted to Captain  
illery, September 23, 1918; hon-  
ged, Fort Sill, Oklahoma, De-  
3. Member Cleveland Bar Asso-  
Delta Phi Law Fraternity, Uni-  
Assistant United States At-  
5.

**IAM WATERWORTH.**

808 Meridian Avenue; office, 1519  
Building, Cleveland. Born in  
w York, June 7, 1883. Son of  
and Mary (Boone) Waterworth,  
izabeth Carey, December 25, 1917.  
lytechnic Preparatory School,  
ew York; Phillips Academy;  
ege; L.L. B. degree from Western  
iversity Law School, 1913. Ad-  
bar of Ohio, June, 1913. En-  
l States Naval Air Service; hon-  
raged, February, 1919. Member  
Bar Association; Phi Delta Phi  
y.

**MES D. WATSON.**

and office, Tiffin. Born in Mel-  
December 18, 1872. Son of David  
el Ann (Dunlap) Watson. Mar-  
ne Fry, January 1, 1907; two  
ugusta F. and James D., Jr.  
ion received in county schools;  
idelberg Academy; graduate of  
lace University, 1897; read law  
g country school; attended Ohio  
iversity Law School, two terms,  
the bar of Ohio, December, 1900.  
y for American Red Cross during  
war and up to the present time.  
i Delta Theta Fraternity; Jr. O.  
Elks; Ohio State and American  
ions. Chairman Republican County  
or ten years. Republican.

**JOHN H. WATSON, JR.**

Residence, Fortieth Apartments; office,  
1009 Ulmer Building, Cleveland. Born in  
Bradford, Vermont, September 1, 1883. Son  
of John H. and Clara L. (Hammond) Wat-  
son. Graduated St. Johnsburg Academy,



1900; received A. B. degree from Dart-  
mouth College, 1904; L.L. B. degree from  
Harvard Law School, 1907. Admitted to  
the bar of Ohio, 1909; later United States  
District Court, Northern District of Ohio  
and United States Circuit Court of Appeals.  
Member of the firm of M. B. and H. H.  
Johnson. Member Union, University, and  
Cleveland Athletic Clubs; Ohio State and  
Cleveland Bar Associations. Republican.

**CHARLES F. WATTS.**

Residence, 2304 Scottwood Avenue; office,  
1041 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Ottawa,  
Ohio, October 23, 1861. Son of Henry V. and  
Elvia (Taylor) Watts. Married Desdemona  
Fouch, September 29, 1885; three children:  
Ethel, wife of J. T. Pierce; Mae, wife of C.  
W. Wacker, and Desdemona. Attended the  
public schools of Ottawa, Ohio; graduate of  
Wooster University, with degree of A. B.  
in 1884; Yale College, Law Department, with  
degree of L.L. B. in 1885. Admitted to the bar  
of Ohio, 1884; later to the United States Dis-  
trict and Circuit Courts. City Solicitor of  
Toledo eight years. President Board of Edu-  
cation two years. Member of Ohio State and  
Toledo Bar Associations. Republican.

**RAY BRADSHAW WATTERS.**

Residence, 47 N. Forge Street; office, 829-  
32 Second National Bank Building, Akron.  
Born in San Francisco, California, January  
21, 1893. Son of Rama R. and Adelaide



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# **RICHARD WEBBER.**

1 Washington Avenue; office, Elyria. Born in Hinckley, 21, 1852. Son of George E. (Woodruff) Webber. Married May E. Finch (deceased); one child: Educated in the common schools Ohio; graduate of Baldwin A. B. degree. Read law in Lake, Woodward & Lewis and Lewis, of Medina, Ohio. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1876; subsequently admitted District Court and to the Supreme Court. In 1876 commenced practice of law in Elyria in partnership with H. Brintnell, under the firm

County, Ohio, November 24, 1859. Son of George E. and Jane A. (Woodruff) Webber. Married to Minnie B. High, of Medina, March 24, 1887; two children: George H. and Lucile Jane Williams. Attended public schools of Medina County. Studied law in the office of



ll & Webber; later with C. B. Johnston, under the firm name of Johnston & Webber, for two years; then in partnership with H. Brintnell, under the firm name of Metcalf & Brintnell, for two years. In partnership with H. Brintnell, under the firm name of Metcalf & Brintnell, since January, 1916. Attorney of Lorain County Common Pleas Judge of Elyria for some time. Member of the Ohio Bar Association. Introduced the first automobile in Elyria. It started the fight for the D. C. Member Board of Directors of Business College, Oberlin, since 1914; Member Board of Directors of Baldwin-Wallace College since 1914. One of the organizers of the Elyria League. Lecturer on numerous occasions at Lorain County Bar Association.

# **ON B. WEBBER.**

1 Canton Road No. 2; office, Elyria. Born in Medina



Major G. W. Lewis, of Medina. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1884; later United States District Court Northern District of Ohio and United States Court of Appeals. Member of the firm of Webber & Turner, 1893-95; later of the firm Thayer, Webber & Turner; since 1916, Webber, Turner & Herbruck. Frank S. Melchoir is also associated with the firm. City Solicitor of Canton, 1892-94. Member Canton Board of Education for six years. Member K. of P., Ohio State and American Bar Associations. President Stark County Bar Association. Republican.

# **LAWRENCE HARRISON WEBBER.**

Residence, 301 Blaine Street; office, 404 Elyria Block, Elyria. Born in Elyria, Ohio, March 25, 1891. Son of Judge Amos Richard and Ida E. (Finch) Webber. Married to Jean E. Bath, of Elyria, Ohio, June 18, 1913; one daughter: Shirley. Educated in Elyria Public Schools; graduate of Elyria High School, 1910; attended Ohio Wesleyan University; graduate of Cleveland Law School, June, 1914, with degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 18, 1913. In partnership with father, A. R. Webber, under the firm name of Webber & Webber, Elyria, since January 1, 1914. During the late war served as Four-Minute-Man. Member Phi Delta Theta Fraternity; Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; B. P. O. E.; Maccabees; Vice President Y. M. C. A.; President Young Men's Business Club; Vice President Lorain County Fish & Game

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t in the District Schools of Seneca for five winter terms. Read law in office of Noble & Adams, Tiffin, 1878 to 1881. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 2, 1881. U. S. Supreme Court April 12, 1897. 1, 1881, opened an office in Tiffin and acted an individual practice until June 1885, when he formed partnership with McCauley under the firm name of McV & Weller which continued until December 31, 1919. Now retired from the practice. Member Masonic order since 1878; Mohawk Golf Club, Tiffin; Mohawk Country Democrat.

### GEORGE DENISON WELLES.

Residence, 2237 Collingwood Avenue; office, 1002 Ohio Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, November 21, 1881. Son of George E. and Julia E. (Smith) Welles. Married September 11, 1907, to Mae E. Hunt. Two children: George Denison, Jr., and Marion. Attended the Public and High Schools of Toledo; Summer School at Law Department University of Michigan. Studied in office of King & Tracy. Admitted to the bar of Ohio December, 1903; subse-



quently to the U. S. District Court; U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals and U. S. Supreme Court. Commenced the practice of law in Toledo in 1903 associated with the firm of King & Tracy; in April, 1908, became a member of the firm of King, Tracy, Chapman & Welles which continued until 1914, when the firm became Tracy, Chapman & Welles, and continues to date. Member Toledo Club; Toledo Country Club; Toledo Yacht Club; Member of Commerce; Ohio State and Adams County Bar Associations; American Society of International Law. Republican.

### JOHN CULLEN WELTY.

Residence, 916 Market Avenue N. W.; office, Schaefer Block, Canton. Born in Tuscarawas County, Ohio, September, 1852. Son of Jacob T. and Phiana (Klinker) Welty. Married to Anna Graham of Philadelphia, October 11, 1877. Attended schools of Bethany, W. Va.; Mt. Union College, 1875. Studied law in office of Judge Seraphim Meyer of Canton. Admitted to the bar of



Ohio, 1877; later U. S. District Court Northern District of Ohio, U. S. Court of Appeals, U. S. Supreme Court. President Diebold Safe & Lock Co., Canton. Member of the firm of Welty & Albaugh of Canton until 1918, since which time member of the firm of Welty & Burt. City Solicitor of Canton, 1877 to 1893. Prosecuting Attorney of Stark County, 1900. Member American, Ohio State and Stark County Bar Associations; Canton Club; Lakeside Country Club. Democrat.

### JOS. H. WENNEMAN.

Residence, 1377 West 61st Street; office, 604-07 Marshall Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, May 23, 1871. Son of Henry C. and Catherine (Hoff) Wenneman. Married to Augusta C. Sellers of Cleveland, April 12, 1899. Attended St. Mary's Parochial School, Cleveland; St. Ignatius College from which he received degrees of A. B. in 1888 and A. M., 1894; from Western Reserve Law School received degree of LL. B., 1896. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1895; U. S. District Court, 1897; U. S. Court of Appeals, 1912. In partnership with Herman Preusser, Cleveland, under the firm name of Preusser & Wenneman, 1895-1900; formed

Kessler) Wernet. Married November 3, 1904, to A. Maud Aldridge of Canton. Two children: Miriam L. L. and Robert J. Attended St. John's Parochial School and Public School of Canton; graduate of Canton High School, 1898. Studied law in office of Day, Lynch & Day of Canton. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1902; later U. S. District Court Northern District of Ohio. Practiced law alone in Canton until 1904, when he became a member of the firm Lynch & Day which continued until February, 1913, when he became Chief Deputy Clerk in Probate Court of Stark County. Appointed Probate Judge of Stark County by Governor Cox to fill the unexpired term of Judge Krichbaum; now counsel for and in charge of Legal Department of The First Trust & Savings Bank of Canton. Member Heights of Columbus, Canton Fourth District Assembly. Democrat.

**EDWIN SLUSSER WERTZ.**

Residence, Wooster, Ohio; office, 312 Federal Building, Cleveland. Born at Dalton, Ohio, August, 7, 1875. Son of W. H. H. and Carrie V. (Slusser) Wertz. Married to Eliza-



Johnson, daughter of Judge Isaac Johnson of Wooster, in 1906. Educated at public and high schools of Dalton. Attended Wooster University, 1895-96; graduate of Ohio State University with Ph. B. degree, 1901, and LL. B. degree, 1900. Admitted to Ohio Bar 1900, U. S. Circuit Court 1915, and U. S. District Court 1905. Commenced the practice of law in Wooster, 1904, which continued until 1915. He was appointed U. S. District Attorney March 1, 1915-1919. Reappointed for four years July, 1919. Member of House of Representatives 75th and

General Assemblies. Democratic Mi-  
Leader 76th General Assembly.  
first Bill in Ohio General Assembly  
te State Highway Department, also  
of the following bills: (1) Abolishing  
t Convict Labor in Ohio Prison;  
ting a R. R. Commission Regulating  
te.; (3) Road Codification Law of  
ws; (4) Drafted the resolution which  
he policy of the State towards her  
es and providing that it was the  
the State to build one great State  
y of Columbus, commensurate with  
ty of the State. Private of Light  
l, 1st Ohio Volunteer Artillery dursh  
American War. Member I. O.  
2 degree Mason; Northern Ohio  
n Spanish-American War Veter-  
President of Citizens National  
oster, Ohio. Democrat.

#### EDWARD P. WESTENHAVER.

e, 22100 East 105th Street; office,  
rtment of N. Y. C. & St. L. R.  
veland. Born November 8, 1885.  
taine, Ohio. Son of Wm. A. and  
llington) West. Elementary ed-  
cived in Bellefontaine Public and  
ols; graduate Wooster College  
degree, 1907. Western Reserve  
l, with LL. B. degree in 1916.  
Ohio Bar, December, 1916. At-  
N. Y. C. & St. L. R. R. Co.  
sonic Order; K. T.; B. P. O. E.

#### D. C. WESTENHAVER.

1944 East 93rd Street; office,  
ling, Cleveland. Born in Berke-  
West Virginia, January 13, 1865.  
l and Harriett (Turner) West-  
married to Mary C. Paull, July  
son; Edward P. Graduate of  
University with degree of LL.  
nitted to the bar of West Vir-  
Practiced law in Martinsburg,  
1903; later a member of the  
& Westenhaver of Martins-  
ntly moved to Cleveland, and  
nber of the firm of Garfield,  
enhaver, which continued un-  
the firm became Westenhaver,  
rooks, which continued until  
1917, when he was appointed  
S. District Court, Northern  
o, where he continues to date.  
s a member of the American  
ociation, and American Acad-  
and Social Science; contrib-  
and economical publications;  
land Council of Sociology,  
ber of Nisi Prius Club; Uni-  
Cleveland Bar Association;  
rney, Berkeley County, West  
7; member, City Council,  
est Virginia, 1902-03; mem-  
lucation, Cleveland, 1912-15;  
Board, 1914-15. Democrat.

#### EDWARD P. WESTENHAVER.

Residence, 1944 East 93rd Street; office,  
Marshall Building, Cleveland. Born in Mar-  
tinsburg, West Virginia, October 30, 1889.  
Son of Judge D. C. and Mary C. (Paull)  
Westenhaver. Attended Berkeley Military  
Academy; University School, Cleveland;  
Graduated Princeton University, 1910, with  
A. B. degree; Western Reserve Law School  
with LL. B. degree, 1913. Admitted to the  
bar of Ohio June, 1913. Associated with  
the firm of Boyd, Cannon, Brooks & Wick-  
ham. Member, First Officers Training  
Camp; commissioned Captain, August 15,  
1917; assigned to 322 M. G. Bn. 83rd Divi-  
sion, later to 111 M. G. Bn. 29th Division;  
with A. E. F. from June 11, 1918, to June  
28, 1919. Member, The Coif; University  
Club. Democrat.

#### CARL VICTOR WEYGANDT.

Residence, 8915 Empire Avenue; office,  
1239 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born  
in Baughman Township, Wayne County,  
Ohio, June 14, 1888. Son of Judge W. E.  
and Cora (Mock) Weygandt. Married  
to Jessie May Silver of Wooster, Ohio,  
June 14, 1915. Graduate of Wooster High



School, 1906; taught in Elementary School,  
1906-1908; graduate of Wooster University  
with Ph. B. degree, 1912; taught Wooster  
High School and University, 1912-1915;  
Graduate of Western Reserve Law School  
with LL. B. degree, 1918. Admitted to the  
bar of Ohio, June 24, 1918; U. S. District  
Court of Northern Ohio, June 25, 1919. As-  
sociated with law firm of Thompson, Hine  
& Flory, of Cleveland, since November, 1917.  
Member, Delta Tau Delta (college frater-

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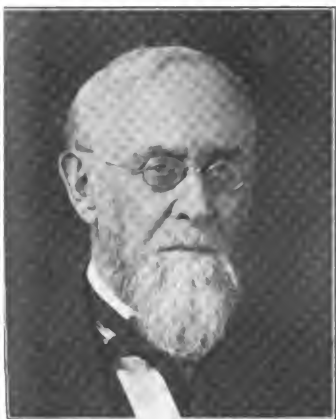
ton (Fuller) Whitcomb. Married to E. Ault of North Ridgeville, September 7, 1911. Graduate of High School, Cleveland, Ohio, 1898; of Columbian University Law School (now George Washington University) with LL. B. degree, 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1903. Member of State and Cleveland Bar Associations. Associated with the law firm of Squire, San- & Dempsey in Cleveland.

**CLYDE M. WHITE.**

Residence, 10400 Colonial Avenue; office, Union Commerce National Bank Building, Cleveland. Born in Richmond, Jefferson County, Ohio, February 17, 1876. Son of Joseph and Josephine (Marsh) White. Received his early education in the Country schools; A. B. degree from Richmond College, Richmond, Ohio; received private instructions in law. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1898; and later to the U. S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio. In partnership with Nelson J. Brewer and Ansel Curtiss, under firm name of White, Brewer & Curtiss, since 1917, in Cleveland. Member Cleveland Athletic Club. Republican.

**JOHN GRISWOLD WHITE.**

Residence, 1871 East 89th Street; office, 104 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, August 10, 1845. Son of Ashnell and Elizabeth Brainerd (Clarke)



White. Received early education in the Little Red School House Northford, Connecticut, at Home and Canandaigua Academy; Cleveland High School, 1860 (First Class in Classical Course); from Western Reserve

College received degree A. B. in 1865, later was conferred degree of A. M., received degree of LL. D. from Western Reserve University in 1919. Admitted to Ohio Bar in April, 1868; U. S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio, the same year, and subsequently to U. S. Court of Appeals and U. S. Supreme Court. Practiced law in partnership with Robert E. Mix and Judge Conway W. Noble in 1870 under the firm name, Mix, Noble & White; later when Judge Noble resigned to go on the Bench, the firm became Mix & White; later under the firm name of White, Johnson & McCaslin; White, Johnson & Cannon; White, Johnson, Cannon & Neff; White, Johnson, Cannon & Spieth which firm continues to the present time. Member of Cleveland Grays for a short period, and later Ohio National Guard for two years; charter member of Union Club; member University Club; Rowfant Club; Castalia Trout Club; Rockwell Springs Trout Club; President Board of Trustees of Cleveland Public Library, 1883-1885; now active President of Board of Trustees of Public Library of the City School District of Cleveland; Cleveland Law Library since its foundation; and together with R. E. Mix founded the Cleveland Yacht Club. Republican.

**PIERRE A. WHITE.**

Residence, 2054 East 115th Street; office, 1609 Williamson Building, Cleveland. Born in Sandusky, Ohio, April 21, 1889. Son of Chas.



and May (Zube) White. Married to Lola Alene Lowe of Meadville, Pennsylvania, August 1, 1914. Graduate of East High School, Cleveland; attended Cleveland Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio June 21, 1910; later to



arietta College in 1913, with A. B. degree; corgetown University Law School in 1916 ith LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of hio, July 1, 1916. Member of the firm of ayly, Simmons & DeWitt. Sergeant First lass, Kelly Field, Texas, nine months; In- ntry Officers Training School in Waco, Tex., ree months. Member Knights of Columbus, ity Club, University Club, Delta Upsilon Fra- rnity.

**WILLIAM C. WIERMAN.**

Residence, Port Clinton, Ottawa County, hio. Born in Uniontown, Pennsylvania, Sep- mber 12, 1849. Son of Isaac and Melinda Keller) Wierman. Came to Ohio with his pa- nts in 1852 and located in Wayne County, ar Wooster. In 1858 moved to Ottawa Coun- , Ohio, and has been a resident of Ottawa and ndusky Counties ever since. Married to Mi- rva V. Kimball March 31, 1875; two chil- en: Mada P. and Myrta E. Attended com- on schools in Sandusky County, Ohio; North



Western Normal School, Milan, Ohio; graduate f Ohio State University Law School, 1897. aught school in Ottawa and Sandusky Coun- es for twenty years, and engaged in farming nd manufacturing until 1889. Admitted to the ur of Ohio, 1897. Clerk of Courts of Ottawa ounty, 1889 to 1896. Elected in 1914, Judge, ommon Pleas Court of Ottawa County, to fill xpired term of Judge Scott Stahl, resigned; -elected in 1918 for a six-year term. Member asonic Order; I. O. O. F.; B. P. O. E.; Phi elta Phi fraternity; Ohio State Bar Associa- on.

**LEWIS CASS WIGGINS.**

Residence, 11 S. Locust Street; office, 318 cClymonds Building, Massillon. Born in ew Guilford, Coshocton County, Ohio, August

ersity Club, Summit County Bar Association. Member House of Representatives Legislature 79th General Assembly, 1911-member City Council of Akron, 1913-



; House of Representatives 81st General Assembly, 1915-1916; Ohio Senate, 1919-1920. Republican.

### BENJAMIN B. WICKHAM.

Residence, 1923 Rosemont Road; office, Mar-Building, Cleveland. Born in Norwalk, Ohio, October 28, 1875. Son of Frederick C. Susan (Adams) Wickham. Married to Marguerite Louise Asay, October 16, 1906; children: Woodward A., Gurdon F., Benjamin B. Jr., Marguerite. Attended Norwalk Public and High Schools. Received degree of Bachelor of Laws from Adelbert College, Western Reserve University, 1896; LL. B. degree, 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1902. U. S. District Court, 1913; U. S. Circuit Court Appeals, 1917. Engaged in the general practice of law in Norwalk, 1903-1913. Associated with Ford, Snyder & Tilden, 1913-1916; First Assistant Director of Law of Cleveland, 1917-1920; member of the firm Boyd, Cannon, Hicks & Wickham; Referee in Bankruptcy of Huron County, 1907-1913. Member Masonic Order, Hermit Club, University Club, Elks Club, Nisi Prins Club, Sons of the American Revolution, Western Reserve Society, Windermere Presbyterian Church. Republican.

### CHARLES PRESTON WICKHAM.

Office, Norwalk. Born in Norwalk, Ohio, September 15, 1836. Son of Frederick and Lucy Bancroft (Preston) Wickham. Married August 7, 1860, to Emma Jane Wildman;

nine children, six living; Charles Preston, Jr., Mrs. C. C. Curran, Louis W., Winthrop Hoyt, Romeyn Dudley, and Mary Gertrude. Attended Public Schools of Norwalk; Norwalk Institute; studied law in office of Worcester & Pennewell, Norwalk; received LL. B. degree from Cincinnati Law School in 1858; admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1858; later to U. S. District Court. Commenced the practice of law in 1858 in Norwalk, in partnership with F. A. Wildman, continued for a short time; with Hon. S. A. Wildman, 1872 to 1881; Judge Common Pleas Court from 1881 to 1886, when he resigned to become a candidate for Congress; member of the House of Representatives of 50th and 51st Congresses, after which he resumed the practice of law in partnership with his son, Louis W.; subsequently in partnership with his son, R. D.; Prosecuting Attorney of Huron County, 1867-71; member Norwalk School Board, 1878; President Firelands Historical Society, Young Men's Library and Reading Room Association, Huron County Law Library Association, Huron County Bar Association; member Whitelsey Academy of Arts and Science of Norwalk; Elder, First Presbyterian Church of Norwalk since 1867. Lieut.-Col. 35th Regt. Ohio Infantry during the Civil War, and was breveted Lt.-Col. of U. S. Vol. by the President for gallant and meritorious services in Georgia and the Carolinas. Served from September 13, 1861, to July 11, 1865. Chairman Legal Advisory Board Huron County during the World War. Post Commander G. A. R. Local Post. Republican.

### HENRY HUGH WICKHAM.

Residence, 34 Willis Avenue; office, Dollar Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Hardin County, Iowa, September 7, 1880. Son of John W. and Molly (Speer) Wickham. Married October 10, 1906, to Anna McGough; one child; Pat. Attended the Public and High Schools, Des Moines, Iowa; graduate of Highland Park College, Des Moines, 1902; received LL. B. degree from Yale University, 1903. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1904; later to the U. S. District Court. Member of the firm of Henderson, Wickham & Barrett. Member Masonic Bodies, B. P. O. E., Mahoning County Bar Association. Republican.

### LOUIS W. WICKHAM.

Office, Norwalk. Born in Norwalk, Ohio, November 30, 1866. Son of Judge Charles P. and Emma J. (Wildman) Wickham. Married August 9, 1892, to Lillian Benedict; three children: Mrs. E. R. Frazier, Frederick B. and Anna Belle S. Attended Western Reserve Academy; Princeton University; studied law in office of his father. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, October, 1889; later to U. S. District Court. Member firm of Wickham & Martin; Referee in Bankruptcy of Huron County, 1900-1903; Prosecuting Attorney of Huron County, 1903-1908. Served with the U. S. Ship-

Marietta College in 1913, with A. B. degree; Georgetown University Law School in 1916 with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 1, 1916. Member of the firm of Layly, Simmons & DeWitt. Sergeant First Class, Kelly Field, Texas, nine months; Infantry Officers Training School in Waco, Tex., three months. Member Knights of Columbus, City Club, University Club, Delta Upsilon Fraternity.

**WILLIAM C. WIERMAN.**

Residence, Port Clinton, Ottawa County, Ohio. Born in Uniontown, Pennsylvania, September 12, 1849. Son of Isaac and Melinda Keller) Wierman. Came to Ohio with his parents in 1852 and located in Wayne County, near Wooster. In 1858 moved to Ottawa County, Ohio, and has been a resident of Ottawa and Sandusky Counties ever since. Married to Mirra V. Kimball March 31, 1875; two children: Mada P. and Myrta E. Attended common schools in Sandusky County, Ohio; North



estern Normal School, Milan, Ohio; graduate Ohio State University Law School, 1897. Taught school in Ottawa and Sandusky Counties for twenty years, and engaged in farming and manufacturing until 1889. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1897. Clerk of Courts of Ottawa County, 1889 to 1896. Elected in 1914. Judge, Common Pleas Court of Ottawa County, to fill expired term of Judge Scott Stahl, resigned; re-elected in 1918 for a six-year term. Member Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; B. P. O. E.; Phi Delta Phi fraternity; Ohio State Bar Association.

**LEWIS CASS WIGGINS.**

Residence, 11 S. Locust Street; office, 318 Clymonds Building, Massillon. Born in New Guilford, Coshocton County, Ohio, August

1891. Son of Lewis Cass and Mary Melissa (Stewart) Wiggins. Attended Public and High Schools of New Guilford, Ohio; Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, 1912-13; received LL. B. degree from Northwestern University Law School, Chicago, Illinois, in 1918. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1918. Engaged in the general practice of law alone Massillon. Member Masonic Order, K. of



Knights of Malta, Stark County Bar Association, Lawyers Club of Massillon, Kiwanis Club, Delta Theta Phi and Delta Sigma Rho fraternities. Democrat.

### ORLANDO WILCOX.

Residence, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio; office, Cuyahoga Falls and Akron, Ohio. Born in Hinckley, Medina County, Ohio, December 16, 1884. Son of Dr. Orlando and Lucy (Fletcher) Wilcox. Married to Zelin M. Severance in Findlay, Ohio, October 7, 1874; two children: one, McCuskey (deceased) and Mabel. Attended Hinckley High School; Baldwin University; read law in Cleveland, Ohio, with A. J. Marvin, of the firm of Marvin, Laird & Barton. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1883, United States District Court and United States Court of Appeals, 1898; United States Supreme Court, 1905. Engaged in the practice of law in Cuyahoga Falls and Akron, Ohio, continuously since 1884, except two years. Member of the firm of Wilcox & Grant, of Akron, 1904; Wilcox, Parsons, Burch & Adams, of Akron, 1904-15; Wilcox & McCuskey, 1915-17; Wilcox & Coble, 1917 to date; also member of the firm of Wilcox, Berk, Coble & Berk, of Akron. Director The Falls Banking & Trust of Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio. Chairman Summit County Draft Attorneys. Member K. of

P.; B. P. O. E.; Silver Lake Country Club; Ohio State and Summit County Bar Associations. Special Assistant United States Attorney in Northern District of Indian Terri-



tory for two years, during which time several outlaw gangs were cleaned up, including the celebrated Jennings gang. Republican.

### HARRY H. WILCOXEN.

Residence, 1801 East 86th Street; office, 716 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Wellsville, Ohio, January 28, 1888. Son of Robert H. and Martha E. (Geer) Wilcoxen. Married to Jessie E. Whipple March 18, 1913 (deceased March 4, 1919). Educated in the Wellsville Public and High Schools; received degree of LL. B. from Law Department of University of Michigan, 1910. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and Michigan, 1910. Engaged in the general practice of law in Cleveland. Democrat.

### SAMUEL AUGUSTUS WILDMAN.

Residence and office, Norwalk. Born in Huron County, Ohio, March 28, 1846. Son of Frederick A. and Mariette Wildman. Married to Ellen E. Howe, July 13, 1870; two children: Clifford H. and Mrs. J. A. Fenner. Educated in the Public Schools of Norwalk; graduate of Western Reserve University. Admitted to the bars of Kansas and Ohio, 1870. Practiced law in Salina, Kansas, 1870-1871. In partnership with Hon. C. P. Wickham, Norwalk, Ohio, 1871-81. Sergeant, Co. B, 25th Ohio Vol. Infantry two years and four months. Member G. A. R. (Wooster Boalt Post), Norwalk; Delta Kappa Epsilon, D. X. Chapter, Ohio State Bar Association. Republican.

*image  
not  
available*

Residence, 1846 Roxbury Road; office, 816 uyahoga Building, Cleveland. Born in New Philadelphia, Ohio, January 11, 1879. Son of on. J. Foster and Virginia (Smith) Wilkin. married to Clara F. Mitchener, of New Philadelphia, May 24, 1905. Attended the public hools of New Philadelphia, Ohio; received gree of LL. B. from University of Michi-in Law Department. Admitted to the bar of irginia, June, 1900; Ohio, December, 1900. ssociated in the practice of law with his ther (the late Judge J. Foster Wilkin, of hio Supreme Court) in New Philadelphia, 00-1906; came to Cleveland and associated ith Kline, Tolles & Morley and Tolles, Hog-t, Ginn & Morley, 1910-1915; since February, 115, member of the firm of Wilkin, Cross & aoust. Member Union, Hermit, Yacht and Nisi rius Clubs; Masonic bodies: Scottish Rite, nd Degree, Al Koran Temple, Mystic hrine. Elected Prosecuting Attorney of Tus-rawas County, 1905; re-elected in 1908; re-egned December 1909.

#### **FREDERICK B. WILLARD.**

Residence, Edgewater Drive; office, 911-12-13 ho Bank Building, Toledo. Born in Mon-e County, Michigan, March 24, 1870. Son f George and Fidelia (Doty) Willard. Mar-ed, October 11, 1911, to Mary E. Leflet, of rkansas; two children: Bruce K. and Helene.



attended the public and high schools of To-ledo; read law in the office of Doyle, Scott &ewis in Toledo, by which firm he was em-ployed for a period of eight years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1906; later to United ates District Court. In partnership with dge Ralph Emery in the practice of law nder the firm name of Willard & Emery; er also in partnership with Judge J. C.

Schaufelberger in the practice of law under the firm name of Schaufelberger & Willard. Continues alone in the practice of law to date. Member Masonic Order: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree, Shrine; Ohio State and Lucas County Bar Associations; First Baptist Church; Toledo Yacht Club for a number of years. Republican candidate for nomination for Congress in 1920; defeated by 103 votes. Republican.

#### **GEORGE ORNAN WILLET.**

Residence, North Olmsted, Ohio; office, 1030 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born April 6, 1863, at Shiloh, Ohio. Son of William and Christina (Sheckler) Willet. Married, September 14, 1899, at Maytown, Pennsylvania, to Bertha Hunter. Educated at Old Center School, Cass Township, Richland County, Ohio; Shiloh High School, May 24,



1881; Valparaiso, Indiana, Normal School, May 28, 1881, for one year; National Normal University, Lebanon, Ohio, January 4, 1885, to August 8, 1888, Scientific and Classic Courses, receiving degrees of B. S. and A. B. Read law in office with Judge John S. Power at Flemingsburg, Kentucky, 1890-1891, and from 1891-1892 attended Cincinnati, Ohio, Law School, graduating with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 28, 1892; United States Circuit Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, October 15, 1895; United States Circuit Court of Appeals, February 3, 1903, Sixth Circuit. Employed by firm of M. B. & H. H. Johnson, 1892. Shortly after admission to the bar, formed partnership with C. H. Olds under the firm name Olds & Willet, continuing to December 1, 1908. On May 1, 1916, became member of the firm of Willett & Pennell. Member City Club.

2- Harriet Palmer (Hawes) Wilson. Married to  
& Frances E. Patton of Youngstown, Ohio, Feb-  
ruary, 1887; three children: Richard B., James  
Taylor and Harold L. Educated in the public  
and high schools of Cleveland; read law with  
Hon. Rufus P. Ranney one year; attended  
Columbia College, later full course in Colum-  
bia Law School, New York. Received Hon-  
orary degree of A. M. from Brown University,  
Providence, Rhode Island, in 1916. Admitted  
to the bar of New York and the bar of Ohio,  
1878; United States District Court and United  
States Supreme Court, 1906. Commenced the  
practice of law in Youngstown associated  
with Hon. David M. Wilson; later with Hon.  
W. J. Lawthers; member of the firm of Wil-  
son, McNab & Hamilton; Arrel, Wilson,  
Harrington & DeFord; subsequently with his  
son, R. B. Wilson, and F. R. Hahn, under the  
firm name of Wilson, Hahn & Wilson. Divi-  
sion Counsel for New York Central R. R. Co.;  
Ohio Counsel, Pittsburgh & Lake Erie; Gen-  
eral Counsel, Lake Erie & Eastern. Trustee  
Youngstown Chamber of Commerce; National  
Counselor United States Chamber of Com-  
merce; Trustee and Vice President Youngs-  
town Public Library and Youngstown Law  
Library Association. Member B. P. O.  
E.; Mahoning County, Ohio State and Ameri-  
can Bar Associations. Ohio Delegate to  
American Bar Association, 1919. Democrat.

### JOHN FRENCH WILSON

of Residence, 1872 Rudwick Road; office,  
cr 1032 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in  
Flushing, O., April 15, 1886. Son of Ben-  
jamin and Mary (French) Wilson. Married  
to Anna Hoopes Brinton, September 16, 1911.  
Attended Westtown Boarding School, 1904-  
06; Haverford College, 1906-08; Harvard  
Law School, 1908-11. Admitted to the bar  
of Ohio, 1912; later U. S. District Court.  
Associated with the firm of Calfee & Fogg,  
1912-14. Assistant City Director of Law of  
City of Cleveland, 1915; since 1916 member  
of the firm of Maurer, Bolton, Wilson &  
McGiffin. Member City Club; Cleveland  
Bar Association.

### JUSTICE WILSON.

Residence, Park Drive and River Road, Cop-  
land Heights; office, Spitzer Building, Toledo.  
Born in Toledo, Ohio, May 12, 1881. Son of  
Charles G. and Cornelia (Amsden) Wilson.  
Married to Marian L. Sneath, January 30, 1909;  
two children: Laura Lee and Justine. At-  
tended Toledo Public Schools; Lawrenceville  
School; graduate Yale University in 1904, with  
A. B. degree; University of Michigan in 1907,  
with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of  
Ohio, June 18, 1907; United States District  
Court, September 20, 1907. Member of the law  
firm of Tyler, Tyler, Kumler & Wilson, To-  
ledo, 1907-09; Vice President, General Man-  
ager and General Counsel for Tiffin, Fostoria  
& Eastern Electric Ry. Co., 1911-12; member of  
the law firm of Deuman & Wilson, 1912-19.



1880. Son of Samuel and Stella E. (Sumner) Williamson. Attended Cleveland schools and colleges. Graduated from Sibley School, 1873, and from Central High School, 1897; Albert College of Western Reserve University, 1897-1898; graduated from Law Department of Baldwin University, 1902, with

September, 1864, graduated therefrom with degree of A. B., June 25, 1868; Granted degree of A. M. from that institution, 1871; entered Harvard University Law School, from which he graduated with degree of LL. B., 1871. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, September 4, 1871; later to United States District Court. In



degree of LL. B. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1900. Engaged in the general practice of law; member of Cleveland Bar Association; Cleveland Athletic Club; Masonic Order (Woodward Lodge No. 508, F. A. & M., and Heights Chapter, R. A. M.)

#### CHARLES AUSTIN WILMOT.

Residence and office, Chardon. Born in Chardon, September 22, 1875. Son of Frank and Anna (Brewster) Wilmot. Married September 12, 1906, to Mabel Shaw; one child, George. Graduate of Chardon High School in 1893. Graduate of Ohio State University, Law Department in 1900. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in December, 1900. Member of the firm of King & Wilmot, 1912 to 1914. Practicing Attorney Geauga County, 1914 to present. Member Masonic Order; K. of P. and Christian Church, Republican.

#### HARLES GRANVILLE WILSON.

Residence, 104 Prescott Street; office, 515-16 Inner Building, Toledo. Born in Fremont, Ohio, June 27, 1846. Son of James William and Nancy (Justice) Wilson. Married to Amelia L. Amsten, September 6, 1876; two children: Cornelia L. and Justice. Attended public schools in Fremont, Ohio; Rev. Dr. Patton's Church School for Boys, Painesville, Ohio, 1862-3; Milnor Hall, Gambier, Ohio, 1864; entered Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio,



the office of Pratt & Starr from October, 1871, to July, 1872; formed partnership with Judge Chas. Pratt, firm name of Pratt & Wilson; the firm became Pratt, Wilson & Potter, 1879; Pratt, Wilson & Pratt, from 1884 to 1890; the firm again became Pratt & Wilson and so continued until Mr. Pratt went on the bench as Judge Common Pleas Court, February, 1895; since that date in the individual practice. President First National Bank, Fremont, Ohio, since 1905; Director Fremont, Ohio, Savings Bank. Member Toledo Club; Country Club; Alpha Delta Phi fraternity; All Masonic bodies: Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd Degree; Lucas County and Ohio State Bar Associations. Chairman Republican City Committee; member County Central and Executive Committees. Republican.

#### JAMES F. WILSON.

Residence, 1275 Marlowe Avenue, Lakewood; office, 719 National City Building, Cleveland. Born in Warren, Ohio, April 30, 1843. Son of James and Nancy (Welty) Wilson. Married to Hattie R. Larnid, December 18, 1872. Educated in the district and high schools of Warren; graduated from Allegheny College with third honors, 1870; Superintendent of Chagrin Falls and Ashtabula, Ohio, public schools seven years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1878. Practiced law in Warren until 1898. City Solicitor of Warren four years.



Harriet Palmer (Hawes) Wilson. Married to Frances E. Patton of Youngstown, Ohio, February, 1887; three children: Richard B., James Taylor and Harold L. Educated in the public and high schools of Cleveland; read law with Hon. Rufus P. Ranney one year; attended Columbia College, later full course in Columbia Law School, New York. Received Honorary degree of A. M. from Brown University, Providence, Rhode Island, in 1916. Admitted to the bar of New York and the bar of Ohio, 1878; United States District Court and United States Supreme Court, 1906. Commenced the practice of law in Youngstown associated with Hon. David M. Wilson; later with Hon. W. J. Lawthers; member of the firm of Wilson, McNab & Hamilton; Arrel, Wilson, Harrington & DeFord; subsequently with his son, R. B. Wilson, and F. R. Hahn, under the firm name of Wilson, Hahn & Wilson. Division Counsel for New York Central R. R. Co.; Ohio Counsel, Pittsburgh & Lake Erie; General Counsel, Lake Erie & Eastern. Trustee Youngstown Chamber of Commerce; National Counselor United States Chamber of Commerce; Trustee and Vice President Youngstown Public Library and Youngstown Law Library Association. Member B. P. O. E.; Mahoning County, Ohio State and American Bar Associations. Ohio Delegate to American Bar Association, 1919. Democrat.

### JOHN FRENCH WILSON

Residence, 1872 Rudwick Road; office, 1032 Guardian Building, Cleveland. Born in Flushing, O., April 15, 1886. Son of Benjamin and Mary (French) Wilson. Married to Anna Hoopes Brinton, September 16, 1911. Attended Westtown Boarding School, 1904-06; Haverford College, 1906-08; Harvard Law School, 1908-11. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1912; later U. S. District Court. Associated with the firm of Calfee & Fogg, 1912-14, Assistant City Director of Law of City of Cleveland, 1915; since 1916 member of the firm of Maurer, Bolton, Wilson & McGiffin. Member City Club; Cleveland Bar Association.

### JUSTICE WILSON.

Residence, Park Drive and River Road, Copland Heights; office, Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Toledo, Ohio, May 12, 1881. Son of Charles G. and Cornelia (Amsden) Wilson. Married to Marian L. Sneath, January 30, 1909; two children: Laura Lee and Justine. Attended Toledo Public Schools; Lawrenceville School; graduate Yale University in 1904, with A. B. degree; University of Michigan in 1907, with LL. B. degree. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 18, 1907; United States District Court, September 20, 1907. Member of the law firm of Tyler, Tyler, Kumler & Wilson, Toledo, 1907-09; Vice President, General Manager and General Counsel for Tiffin, Fostoria & Eastern Electric Ry. Co., 1911-12; member of the law firm of Denman & Wilson, 1912-19,

man, Kirkbride, Wilson & McCabe to  
Member Alpha Delta Phi and Scroll  
Key, of Yale University; Phi Delta Phi;  
Clio Club; Toledo Country Club; Lucas  
County Bar Association; Assistant Attorney  
General of Ohio, 1909-11; Delegate to Ohio  
Republican Convention, 1910-12. Re-  
cancer.

#### RICHARD BARTLEY WILSON.

Residence, 174 Lauderdale Avenue; office,  
Trust Building, Youngstown. Born in  
Youngstown, September 30, 1888. Son of Hon.  
James Preston and Frances Eliza (Patton)  
Wilson. Married October 30, 1915, to Jose-  
phine Grose. Attended the public and high  
schools of Youngstown; graduate of Brown  
University, with Ph. D. degree, in 1912; re-  
ceived LL. B. degree from Columbia Univer-  
sity, 1915. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in  
1915. Member of the firm of Wilson, Hahn &  
Frost to date. Member Alpha Delta Phi fra-  
terhood; Ohio State and Mahoning County Bar  
Associations. Democrat.

#### WM. J. WILSON.

Residence, 3150 Coleridge Road, Cleveland  
15; office, 1119 Williamson Building,  
Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, April 8.  
Son of John and Eleanor H. (Harri-  
son) Wilson. Married to Sarah E. Calvert, of



March 23, 1899. His family were  
early settlers in Cleveland, coming  
in 1800, and at that time his father drove  
back and forth between Cleveland and Pitts-  
burgh attending the Cleveland grammar  
school until 1888; Spencerian Business Col-  
lege, receiving degree of LL. B. from  
Yale University, Cleveland Law

School, 1905. Admitted to the bar of Ohio,  
June, 1905; United States District Court, April  
27, 1915. Engaged in the general practice of  
law in Cleveland. Member Cleveland Grays  
for last ten years; during the World War,  
served first as an operative, later as Lieuten-  
ant of a Squad, with the Cleveland Division  
of the American Protective League; as Volun-  
teer Instructor drilled the first selective service  
men sent from this country to the war. Mem-  
ber City Club; Heights Lodge 633, F. & A. M.;  
Heights Chapter 206, R. A. M.; Woodward  
Council 118, R & S. M.; Cleveland Bar Asso-  
ciation. Republican.

#### LOUIS H. WINCH.

Residence, 2037 East 77th Street; office, 538  
East Ohio Gas Building, Cleveland. Born in  
Cleveland, June 17, 1862. Son of Thomas and  
Sarah H. (Allen) Winch. Educated in the  
public schools of Cleveland; graduate Adelbert  
College of Western Reserve University and  
received degree of M. A., 1886. Studied law  
in office of Judge Joel W. Tyler. General  
Counsel for the C. L. & W. R. R. Co. Ad-  
mitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1886;  
Judge of Circuit Court and Court of Appeals,  
1903-15. Member of the firm of Payer,  
Winch, Minshall & Karch. Member Masonic  
bodies; K. of P.; B. P. O. E.; Cleveland Ath-  
letic Club; Ohio State Bar Association; Phi  
Beta Kappa; Delta Kappa Epsilon. Repub-  
lican.

#### GEORGE CLARY WING.

Office, Citizens Building, Cleveland. Born in  
Bloomfield, Trumbull County, Ohio. Son of  
Joseph and Mary (Brown) Wing. Prepared  
for college in Bloomfield Academy under pri-  
vate tutorage, and at Phillips Academy, An-  
dover, Massachusetts; graduate of Harvard  
College in 1871; Law Department of George-  
town University, 1873. Admitted to the bar of  
the District of Columbia; later to the bar of  
the United States Supreme Court. For several  
years was one of the assistants to the Attorney  
General in Washington, in the defense of suits  
in the Court of Claims; thereafter was Chief  
of the Diplomatic Bureau in the United States  
Department of State, which position he re-  
signed in 1884 to join his brother, the late  
Judge Francis J. Wing, in a law partnership  
in Cleveland, the firm continuing for three  
years; now in the individual practice.

#### JOHN W. WINN.

Residence, 1005 Jefferson Avenue; office,  
S. L. Building, Defiance. Born in Muskingum  
County, Ohio, March 4, 1855. Son of Elisha  
and Huldah E. (Chapman) Winn. Married  
to Charlotte M. Yeagley, September 4, 1881;  
five children: Mabel (Mrs. Himes), Lalah  
(Mrs. Groweg), Claude R., John W., Jr., and  
Marjorie N. Attended public school, Defiance  
County; Academy, Williams Centre, Ohio;  
Cincinnati Law School; read law in office of

Residence, 117 Belmont Street; office, 405-6 Second National Bank Building, Warren Ohio. Born in Bazetta Township, Trumbull County, Ohio, February 4, 1882. Son of B. R. and Eunice M. (Hall) Winnagle. Mother's ancestors came to this country on Mayflower. Married to Grace Marvin, in Warren, June 20, 1911; one son, Homer Lee. Early education received in country school; attended Warren High School one year; preparatory and college work in Hiram College, from which he graduated with degree of B. S., in 1909; graduate of Kansas State University, with degree of LL. B., in 1906. Admitted to the bar of Kansas, 1906; to the bar of Ohio, 1911; to the United States District Court, 1918. Commenced the practice of law in Warren, Ohio, in 1912, which continues to the present time. Member I. O. O. F.; K. of P.; Trumbull County Bar Association; Country Club. Republican.

### **NEVIN O. WINTER.**

Residence, The Belvedere; office, 807 Spitzer Building, Toledo. Born in Benton, Ohio, June 14, 1869. Son of Adam and Martha (Dunlap) Winter. Attended Bucyrus High School; received A. B. degree from Ohio Wesleyan University in 1891; LL. B. degree from Ohio State University in 1897; Litt. D. degree from Ohio Wesleyan University in 1916. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1896; United States District Court in 1898. Author of the following books: "Mexico and Her People of Today," in 1907; "Guatemala and Her People of Today," 1909; "Brazil and Her People of Today," 1910; "Argentina and Her People of Today," in 1911; "Chili and Her People of Today," 1912; "Russian Empire of Today and Yesterday," 1913; "Poland of Today and Yesterday," 1913; "Texas the Marvellous," 1916; "History of Northwest Ohio," 1917; "Florida, the Land of Enchantment," 1918; "The New Poland," in 1920. Visited Central and Eastern Europe for Leslie's Weekly Magazine and a syndicate of newspapers in 1919. Trustee of Toledo Public Library; Secretary of Historical Society of Northwestern Ohio; Trustee St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church; member Phi Kappa Psi; Phi Delta Phi; Pan American Society of New York; Lucas County Bar Association. Republican.

### **BENJAMIN FRANKLIN WIRT.**

Residence, 31 West Rayen Avenue; office, 601-02 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in West Middlesex, Pennsylvania, March 26, 1852. Son of Wilham and Eliza Jane (Sankey) Wirt. Married to Mary M. McGeehan of New Bradford, Pennsylvania, June 23, 1881. Attended the public schools of Youngstown; studied law in the office of Major L. D. Woodworth, of Youngstown. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1873; subsequently to the United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Youngstown, May 30, 1873, in partnership with Major

oodworth, which continued for a number of years. Member of the firm of Norris, Taylor Wirt, 1895 to 1902. In 1909 formed partnership with M. M. Gunlefinger, under the firm name of Wirt & Gunlefinger, which continues

States Government Appeal Agent for Draft Board of District No. 13. Member Elks Lodge No. 18; Order Knights of Pythias, Deak No. 334; Order Knights of Joseph, Washington Lodge No. 3; Zeta Beta Tau fraternity. Was



date. During the World War was active in various civilian activities. His ancestors were revolutionary soldiers. Member Ohio State 1 Mahoning County Bar Associations; President Federal Savings & Loan Co. of Youngstown; President Nathan Hale Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution since 1914; Vice President National Historical Association. Member Bibliophile Society of Boston; First Christian Church, Youngstown, B. P. O. E.; late Senator from the 23rd Senatorial District, 1900 to 1904. Republican.

#### FRED E. WIRTSHAFTER.

Residence, 2647 East 53rd Street; office, 102-Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Cleveland, Ohio, March 6, 1889. Son of Ignatz

Hani (Stern) Wirtshafter. Educated in Cleveland schools and colleges. Graduate of Clair School, 1902; graduate of East High School, 1906; attended Adelbert College, West-

Reserve University from 1906 to 1919; graduate of Western Reserve University Law School, with degree of LL. B., 1911. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June 29, 1911; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, October 8, 1912. Engaged in the individual law practice in Cleveland. Became associated with Thos. E. Greene (formerly Assistant County Prosecutor), November, 1912; at present time associated with Thos. E. Greene, P. J. Mulligan (formerly Assistant County Prosecutor), John P. Kalina, Jos. N. Herman, Oscar S. Cramer and J. J. Sexton. During the World War served as United



politically active as Democrat in 12th Ward under Tom L. Johnson regime. No party affiliation at present.

#### LORIN C. WISE.

Office, 3-7 First National Bank Building, Canton. Born in Plain Township, near Canton, August 13, 1862. Son of Reuben Z. and Lydia (Gans) Wise. Married to Violet M. Wise, October 4, 1890; three children: Cyrus, Reuben Z. and Margaret. Educated in the common schools of Plain Township; Mt. Union College from 1879 to 1883. Studied law in office of Judge Joseph Frease, of Canton. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1886; later to United States District Court. In partnership with his son, Reuben Z., under the firm name of Wise & Wise. Member Stark County Bar Association.

#### MYER WISE.

Residence, 404 W. Thornton Street; office, Permanent Title Building, Akron. Born in Akron, Ohio, March 19, 1892. Educated in Akron public schools; attended Buchtel College, Akron; Ohio State University Law School. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1915. Associated with the law firm of Frank & Ream. Member Summit Bar Association.

#### W. OLIVER WISE.

Residence, 325 E. Market Street; office, 513 Metropolitan Building, Akron. Born in East Liberty, Ohio, September 8, 1875. Son of

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ived his early education in the schools of Shelby County. Read law in Ottawa. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1901; United States District Court, 1910; Stenographer in Court of Common Pleas for six years; Stenographer Attorney General's Office two years; Stenographer Supreme Court two years. Member of the firm of Handy & Wolf, 1904 to 1911; chairman Fulton County Chapter American Legion Cross; during the World War. Member Masonic Order: 32nd Degree; K. of P.; I. O. of F.; Ohio State Bar Association, Prosecuting Attorney of Fulton County, January 1, 1906, to January 1, 1911; Judge Court of Common Pleas from January 1, 1915, to the present time. Republican.

### ORRIN EARL WOLF.

Residences, 31 Bittman Street, Akron, and North Canton; office, 21 Doyle Building, Akron. Born in North Canton, Ohio, September 1, 1890. Son of George Washington and Mary L. (Grubb) Wolf. Educated in North Canton public schools, 1896-1905; North Canton High School, 1905-08; Canton Central High School; Ohio Northern University Law School, 1914-1917; received LL. B. degree therefrom.



Admitted to the bar of Ohio, July 7, 1917. Practiced law in Akron associated with Burch & Adams from July, 1917, to December 12, 1917; upon return from the Army, August 20, 1919, became associated with that firm and continued until August 15, 1920. Now engaged in the individual practice of law. In the United States Army service during the late war; served with 258th Aero Squadron; eight months in America and one year in France and Germany. Member Masonic Order; Knights of Pythias; Delta Theta Phi Law fraternity; Summit County Bar Association. Republican.

### EDWARD C. WOLFE.

Residence, 3151 E. Derbyshire Road, Cleveland Heights; office, 802 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Dayton, Ohio, April 6, 1883. Married to Marguerite Howell, of Dayton, Ohio, December 11, 1915. Attended public schools of Germantown, Ohio, Miami Military Institute, 1899-1900; Notre Dame University, South Bend, Indiana, 1900-02; Michigan University Law School, 1903-05; received



LL. B. degree therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Michigan, 1905; Ohio, 1910. Attorney for Blue Sky Department State of Ohio from 1914 to 1917; engaged in the individual practice of law in Cleveland from 1917 until January, 1920, when he formed partnership with John M. Elliott under the firm name of Wolfe & Elliott. Member B. P. O. E.; Odd Fellows; K. of P.; Kappa Sigma fraternity; 32nd Degree Mason; Cleveland Athletic Club; Cleveland Bar Association. Republican candidate for Representative in Montgomery County in 1914. Republican.

### NORMAN M. WOLFE.

Residence and office, Mansfield. Born in Richland County, Ohio, July 6, 1849. Son of Joseph and Sarah (Mecklem) Wolfe. Married, September 22, 1877, to Jane Leiter; four children: Grace M., wife of Dr. G. W. Kenison; Fred W., Fay F., wife of Allen Bond; Norman L. Attended the district school; Greentown Academy, Perrysville, Ohio; Wooster University, 1873 to 1875; Amherst College, 1875. Studied law with the firm of Dickey & Jenner, of Mansfield. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, May 7, 1878; United States Circuit Court; August 4, 1902; United States Supreme Court, April 21, 1908. Member of the firm

speaker in behalf of war measures. Publicly favored earlier entry into war. Elected member board of trustees Franklin College and of Muskingum College, and resigned both positions. Elder United Presbyterian Church. Member Ohio State Bar Association and served on its committee for the past ten years. Active in politics; participated in local management, served on committees and has been speaker and delegate to various political conventions. Republican.

#### **WINFIELD WORLINE.**

Residence, 3147 Prospect Avenue; office, 725 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Delaware, Ohio, August 18, 1882. Son of George W. and Mary (McCarthy) Worline. Married to Lois Taft, of Cleveland, June 24, 1920. Graduate of Delaware High School, 1902; Ohio Wesleyan University with B. L. degree, 1906; Ohio State University with LL. B. degree, 1909. Ad-



mitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1909. Commenced the law practice in Delaware, continuing two years; removed to Cleveland, where he is engaged in the general practice of law. Member City Club; Cleveland Automobile Club; Hiram Lodge No. 18 F. & A. M.; B. P. O. E.; Phi Gamma Delta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities.

#### **J. WALTER WRIGHT.**

Residence Bucyrus; office, Court House, Bucyrus. Born in West Liberty, Ohio, July 14, 1874. Son of James W. and Margaret S. (Secrist) Wright. Married to Edna E. Bessinger in Bucyrus, September 16, 1914. Educated in the public schools of West Liberty, Ohio; graduated from the

Residence, Youngstown; office, Dollar Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Middletown, Pa., September 21, 1890. Son of D. E. E. and Mary (Mayberry) Woodside. Attended public schools of Middletown, Pennsylvania, high schools of Youngstown, Ohio, Scranton, Pennsylvania, and Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; graduate of Ohio State University College of Law in 1914. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1914; later to United States District Court. In 1919 formed partnership with W. G. Dornan under the firm name of Dornan & Woodside, which continues to date. United States Commissioner for Northern District of Ohio since 1919. During the World War served as 1st Lieutenant of Infantry, U. S. A. Member Masonic Order, I. O. O. F. and Mahoning County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### CHARLES H WOODWORTH.

Office, 6th Floor, Western Reserve Building, Warren, Ohio. Born in North East, Pennsylvania, May 23, 1883. Son of Watson W. and Josephine (Holdridge) Woodworth. Married June 19, 1908, to Harriett Rhuman, of Carrollton, Ohio; one child: Janet Ruth. Attended the public and high schools of Jamestown, New York; Academy at Mercersburg, Pennsylvania; for ten years chemist for the General Electric Company. Received LL. B. degree from Youngstown Law School in 1916.



Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1917. For 18 months in partnership with J. F. Burke under the firm name of Burke & Woodworth. Since April 1, 1921, in partnership with Warren Thomas & Marion D. Lea under the firm name of Thomas, Woodworth & Lea. Member Masonic Order; Knights Templar, Al Koran Temple, Shrine; Beta Theta Pi Fraternity; First Presbyterian Church of

Warren; Trumbull County Bar Association; Warren Board of Trade. Republican.

#### WILLIAM HARRISON WOOLF.

Residence, 603 Lakewood Avenue; office, 218-19 Dollar Bank Building, Youngstown. Born in Milton Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, June 2, 1865. Son of Jacob and Christina (Reichard) Woolf. Married December 2, 1892, to Noma E. Forder, of Milton Township, Ohio; one child: Ruth E., wife of Clate F.



Smith, of Youngstown. Attended the public schools of Mahoning County; Normal School in Canfield, Ohio; studied law in the office of his brother, A. J. Woolf, and E. H. Moore, at Youngstown. Taught in the schools of Mahoning county for three years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1894. Practiced continuously in Youngstown. For a short time in partnership with his brother, A. J. Woolf; secretary and treasurer Mahoning County National Farm Loan Association of the Federal Land Bank. Active in civilian war activities during the World War. Member Masonic Order; life member B. P. O. E., member Knights of Pythias; Mahoning County Bar Association. Democrat.

#### CHARLES HANSON WORKMAN.

Residence, 521 Park Avenue West; office, 102-3 Citizens Building, Mansfield. Born in Holmes County, Ohio., April 23, 1859. Son of John and Matilda (Ferrell) Workman. Married to Mary Sheedy; two children: Helen and Florence. Attended Smithville Academy; received A. B. degree from Ohio Northern University in 1882, and LL. B. degree in 1884; attended Chicago Law Institute. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in 1894; later to United States



speaker in behalf of war measures. Publicly favored earlier entry into war. Elected member board of trustees Franklin College and of Muskingum College, and resigned both positions. Elder United Presbyterian Church. Member Ohio State Bar Association and served on its committee for the past ten years. Active in politics; participated in local management, served on committees and has been speaker and delegate to various political conventions. Republican.

#### WINFIELD WORLINE.

Residence, 3147 Prospect Avenue; office, 725 Society for Savings Building, Cleveland. Born in Delaware, Ohio, August 18, 1882. Son of George W. and Mary (McCarthy) Worline. Married to Lois Taft, of Cleveland, June 24, 1920. Graduate of Delaware High School, 1902; Ohio Wesleyan University with B. L. degree, 1906; Ohio State University with LL. B. degree, 1909. Ad-



mitted to the bar of Ohio, June 24, 1909. Commenced the law practice in Delaware, continuing two years; removed to Cleveland, where he is engaged in the general practice of law. Member City Club; Cleveland Automobile Club; Hiram Lodge No. 18 F. & A. M.; B. P. O. E.; Phi Gamma Delta and Phi Delta Phi fraternities.

#### J. WALTER WRIGHT.

Residence Bucyrus; office, Court House, Bucyrus. Born in West Liberty, Ohio, July 14, 1874. Son of James W. and Margaret S. (Secrist) Wright. Married to Edna E. Bessinger in Bucyrus, September 16, 1914. Educated in the public schools of West Liberty, Ohio; graduated from the

high school, May, 1892; attended Oberlin College 1893; began reading law in 1895, and in 1897 entered Ohio Northern University Law Department, Ada, Ohio graduating therefrom 1898 with degree of LL. B. Ad-

been engaged in the private practice of his profession at Cleveland. Member of Silver Cord Lodge, F. & A. M. No. 651; Glenville Chapter No. 197 R. A. M., Holyrood Commandery No. 32 K. T., Al Sirat Grotto;



mitted to the bar of Ohio, March, 1898. Commenced practice in Marion, Ohio, April 1898; removed to Bucyrus January, 1898 and practiced there continuously since that date, with the exception of a few months in Bellingham, Washington, in 1903. In connection with the entire bar of the county, devoted the duration of one term of court to free service for registrants in the World War. Member Masonic Order; Moose; Ohio State and Crawford County Bar Associations. For several years Secretary Crawford County Bar Association. Elected Republican City Solicitor of Bucyrus, 1913; re-elected 1915; appointed to the same office by a democratic administration for a part of a term, 1918; elected Judge Common Pleas Court for Crawford County the fall of 1918, took office for a term of six years, February 9, 1919; unique distinction of being only Republican official elected to a county office in Crawford County up to present time. Republican.

#### **ALBERT WYSS.**

Residence, 494 East 118th Street; office, 717-725 Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born October 11, 1878, in Cleveland. Son of Albert and Anna (Miller) Wyss. Attended Cleveland Public Schools for primary education, completing same 1893. Admitted to the bar of Ohio in June, 1914. United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, February 14, 1918, and since which time has



Member of Sigma Kappa Phi Fraternity. Elected Democratic County Central Committeeman for 26th Ward, August 14, 1918. Democrat.

#### **HARVEY OVERHOLT YODER.**



Residence, 15100 Lake Drive, Lakewood; office, 5510 Walworth Avenue, Cleveland.

**DON JOHN YOUNG.**

Residence and office, Norwalk. Born in Norwalk, Ohio, May 8, 1884. Son of Judge Stephen M. and Isabelle (Wagner) Young. Married July 29, 1908, to Elaine Dennis; four children: Celestina, Don J. Jr., Britton D., and Margaret. Attended public and high schools of Norwalk; Western Reserve University Law Department. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1907; later to United States District Court. Member of the firm of Young & Young. Prosecuting Attorney of Huron County, 1909-13. Member Masonic Order, Knights Templar, Shrine; B. P. O. E.; F. O. E.; L. O. O. M.; K. of P.; Ohio State and Huron County Bar Associations. Democrat.

**HECTOR STEWART YOUNG.**

Residence and office, Marion. Born in Marion, Ohio, November 30, 1888. Son of Judge Boston G. and Anna E. (Irey) Young. Married June 30, 1917, to Eliza Dickerson. of Marion; two children: Mary Ann and Margaret. Attended public and high schools of Marion; received A. B. degree



from University of Michigan in 1911; J. D. degree from University of Michigan Law Department in 1913. Admitted to the bars of Ohio and Michigan in 1913. Commenced the practice of law in Marion in 1913; in 1917 became a member of the firm of Justice Young, which continued until January, 1920, when the firm name changed to Justice, Young & Mouser, and so continues to date. Prosecuting Attorney of Marion County from January, 1917, to January, 1921. Member Masonic Bodies; Knights

mplar; B. P. O. E.; K. of P.; Phi Delta  
i and Alpha Tau Omega fraternities;  
ily Wag Club; Marion Club; Marion  
untry Club; First Presbyterian Church;  
Marion County Bar Association. Demo-

### HENRY YOUNG.

Residence and office, Norwalk. Born in  
Norwalk, November 13, 1880. Son of Hon.  
ephen M. and Isabella (Wagner) Young.  
Married to Mary Elizabeth Yeager, Febru-  
y, 1920. Graduate of Norwalk High  
chool; Western Reserve University Law  
chool with LL. B. degree, 1904. Ad-  
mitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1904; later  
ited States District and Circuit Courts.  
ember of the firm name of Young &  
ung. Commanding Officer 660th Aero  
adron, from January, 1918, until muster-  
out of service May, 1919. Member Ma-  
nic bodies: Knights Templar, 32nd De-  
ree, Shrine; B. P. O. E.; K. of P.; F. O.  
; I. O. O. F.; American Legion; Ohio  
ate Bar Association. Republican.

### SAMUEL N. YOUNG.

Residence, 2424 Putnam Street; office,  
ourt House, Toledo. Born in Van Wert  
ounty, Ohio, July 11, 1867. Son of Henry  
d Diana (Hershey) Young. Married  
ne 30, 1897, to Emma N. Everett; three  
ildren: Margery A., Meredith and Karl  
Attended the public schools of Van  
ert County; Normal School Middlepoint;  
aduate of Ohio State University Law De-  
artment in 1900; taught in the schools of  
an Wert County for 8 years. Admitted  
the bar of Ohio in 1900. Judge  
the City Court since 1917. Deputy Re-  
order of Van Wert County, 1890; Deputy  
eriff of Van Wert County, 1892. For  
ur years instructor "Elementary Law"  
d "Agency" at Toledo University Law  
epartment. Member Masonic bodies:  
ights Templar, Scottish Rite, 32nd De-  
ree; I. O. O. F.; Lucas County Bar Asso-  
iation.

### STEPHEN M. YOUNG.

Residence, 3054 Edgell Road; office, 303-  
Park Building, Cleveland. Born in  
uron County, Ohio, May 4, 1889. Son of  
ephen M. (Judge Court of Common Pleas,  
uron County, Ohio) and Isabella Mar-  
ret (Wagner) Young. Married January  
1911, to Ruby Louise Dawley, of  
leveland, daughter of the late Jay P.  
awley (famous criminal lawyer). Early  
ucation received in Norwalk Public  
hools; graduate of Norwalk High School;  
tended Kenyon College; received LL. B.  
gree from Western Reserve University  
w School. Admitted to the bar of  
hio, 1910. In 1911 practiced law in Nor-  
alk, under the firm name of Young &

Young; moved to Cleveland and became  
member of the firm of Dawley & Young  
until 1912; subsequently in the individual  
practice of law until 1917, when he was ap-  
pointed Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of  
Cuyahoga County, resigning in 1918 to  
enter the army. Shortly after discharge  
from military service appointed First As-  
sistant Prosecuting Attorney of Cuyahoga  
County; resigned this office May 1, 1920, and  
became associated with the firm of Day, Day  
& Wilkin, where he continued until August  
1, 1920. Engaged in the general practice



of law. Served with Cleveland Grays on  
Mexican border in 1916, throughout period  
of crisis with Mexico; served with Field  
Artillery U. S. A. in 1918; served at Camp  
Zachary Taylor, Kentucky; served with  
Field Artillery Officers Training School at  
time of armistice. Member American Le-  
gion; Delta Kappa Epsilon and Phi Delta  
Phi; B. P. O. E.; Knights of Pythias.  
Member General Assembly of Ohio from  
Cuyahoga County in 80th and 81st  
General Assemblies, 1913 to 1917, in-  
clusive. Democratic candidate for Con-  
gress in 22nd Ohio District in 1916. Unani-  
mously nominated at party primary while in  
military service on Mexican border. Young-  
est man elected to the legislature in the en-  
tire state. Democrat.

### WILLIAM ELMORE YOUNG.

Residence, 655 West Market Street; office,  
330 Second National Bank Building, Akron,  
Ohio. Born in Mount Hope, Ohio, Feb-  
ruary 3, 1863. Son of Matthias M. and  
Catherine (King) Young. Married to Mary  
Fouts, in McConnellsville, Ohio, June 12,  
1895; one daughter, Catharine E. Educated

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Residence, 1224 Fulton Road N. W., office, 8-9 Geo. D. Harter Bank Building, Canton. Born in Pike Township, Stark County, Ohio, November 25, 1873. Son of Jacob J. and Sarah (Stands) Yutzey. Married July 30, 1913, to Bernice A. Fletcher, of Lima; one child Miriam Louise. Attended rural schools of Pike Township, Stark County, Ohio.; received A.B. degree from Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, in 1900; S. and LL. B. degree from Law Department of that university in 1904. Teacher in public schools of Stark County, Ohio for six years. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December, 1904; to United States District Court Northern District of Ohio in 1916. Member of the law firm of Floyd & Yutzey, of Canton, since 1906. Attorney for The Time Savings Bank of Canton. Chief Probation Officer of Juvenile Court, Stark County, from 1907 to 1912. Member Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; B. P. O. E.; L. O. O. M.; Ad Craft Club; Stark County Bar Association. Republican.

#### ERNEST E. ZESIGER.

Residence, 732 Aberdeen Street; office, Suite 413 Second National Bank Building, Akron. Born in Clarington, Ohio, December 4, 1880. Son of Lewis F. and Sarah E. (Abersold) Zesiger. Married to Anna



W. Heuer, in Detroit, Michigan, June 16, 1913; two children: Mrs. Gladys A. Long, and Ruth E. Educated in public schools of Monroe County, Ohio; graduate of Ohio Northern University, with LL. B. degree, May 19, 1902. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 6, 1902; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, April 1,

1915; United States Supreme Court, November 23, 1917. Practiced in Bellaire, Ohio, 1902-08; Akron, since 1913; formed partnership with Clarence W. May and Dean F. May, under the firm name of May, Zesiger & May, September 1, 1919. During late war, member Legal Advisory Board of Summit County. Member Masonic Order No. 438 F. & A. M.; Yusef-Khan Grotto No. 41; K. of P. No. 598; Uniform Rank K. of P.; American Bar Association. Elected member Akron Charter Commissions twice; delegate to nearly all state conventions since 1905; declined appointment as assistant to Prosecutor, Summit County, Ohio; Member County Executive Committee; public speaker in all campaigns. Democrat.

#### EDWIN R. ZIEGER.

Residence, Canfield, Ohio; office, 307 Wick Building, Youngstown. Born in New Middletown, Ohio, October 13, 1883. Son of John and Clara (Martin) Zieger. Married to Ethel Schaaf, August 24, 1913; two chil-



dren: John Charles and Clara Jeanette. Attended public school of Springfield Township, Ohio; high school, Canfield, Ohio; graduate of University of Michigan with LL. B. degree, in 1912. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1912; later United States District Court. Commenced the practice of law in Youngstown in partnership with J. A. Dickson, under the firm name of Dickson & Zieger, which continued for one year. Member Masonic Order; I. O. O. F.; Mahoning County Bar Association; Secretary Mahoning County Fair Association.

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Cleveland Public Schools; received A. B. degree from Adelbert College, 1907; LL. B. degree from Western Reserve University Law School, 1909. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, June, 1909. Appointed United States Commissioner in 1915. Engaged in the general law practice in Cleveland. Chairman Legal Advisory Board, District 13, of Cleveland. Member City Club; Knights of Pythias; Phi Beta Kappa Fraternity. Democrat.

**JERRY R. ZMUNT.**



Residence, 2172 W. 14th Street; office, Engineers Building, Cleveland. Born in Mitchell, Iowa, January 21, 1871. Son of Vincent and Mary (Svoboda) Zmunt. Married to Mary Schovanek, of Cleveland, April, 1893. Attended public schools of Mitchell, Iowa, graduating from the high school, 1889; attended Western Reserve University, 1893-96; received degree of LL. B. therefrom. Admitted to the bar of Ohio, 1896; United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 1899. A member of the firm of Green, Feazel & Zmunt, 1898-1900; Green & Zmunt, 1900-1917. Zmunt, Zmunt & Mayer since 1917. Member Masonic Order: Thatcher Chapter 101, Grotto, Shrine, Commandery, Lake Erie Consistory. Elected councilman 7th Ward from 1916 to 1922; Republican candidate for Congress, 1918. Elected County Commissioner, 1920. Republican.

**JOSEPH VINCENT ZOTTARELLI.**

Residence, 3260 Altamont Avenue, Cleveland Heights; office, 308 Marshall Building, Cleveland. Born in Pietrapertosa, Italy, March 1, 1870. Son of Pasquale (Lieuten-



ant in Garibaldi's Army, 1870) and Emanuele (Gargusi) Zottarelli. Married October 18, 1898, to Margaret H. Huntington, stepdaughter of Dr. P. Pasini. Attended Mt. Hermon, Massachusetts Seminary, 1884-1890; later New York Grammar School; graduate of Oberlin Theological Seminary with degree of B. D., 1898; taught Italian during course in that institute; also ordained minister of the Gospel in the Congregational Church, 1898; graduate of Western Reserve University Law School with degree of LL. B., 1904; while at law school was editor of the Italian-English newspaper "Il Messaggero." Admitted to the bar of Ohio, December 23, 1904; later to the United States Circuit Court, Northern District of Ohio. Has distinction of being first Italian attorney to practice law in the City of Cleveland; also first Italian missionary speaker and teacher of English and Italian languages in the "Central Friendly Inn." Member Fraternal Society Royal Sons of Italy; I. O. O. F.; Ohio State Bar Association. Independent in politics.



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